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      UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
      SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
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     DR. SARI EDELMAN,
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                     Plaintiff,
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                                              21 Civ. 502 (LJL)
                 V.
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     NYU LANGONE HEALTH SYSTEM, et
      al.,
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                     Defendants.
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                                              Trial
9
                                              New York, N.Y.
                                              July 10, 2023
                                              9:00 a.m.
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     Before:
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                           HON. LEWIS J. LIMAN,
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                                              District Judge
                                              -and a Jury-
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15
                                APPEARANCES
     MILMAN LABUDA LAW GROUP PLLC
16
          Attorneys for Plaintiff
17
          JOSEPH M. LABUDA
     BY:
          EMANUEL S. KATAEV
18
           -and-
           GLORIA GODSELL
19
           CLAUDIA AZEVEDO
20
      TARTER KRINSKY & DROGIN LLP
           Attorneys for Defendants
21
     BY: RICHARD C. SCHOENSTEIN
          RICHARD L. STEER
22
           INGRID J. CARDONA
           -and-
23
          DAN DRIESEN
          ANNETTE JOHNSON
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(Case called)

MR. LABUDA: Good morning, your Honor. Joseph Labuda and Emanuel Kataev, Milman Labuda Law Group. To our left is Dr. Sari Edelman. To the left of Dr. Sari Edelman is Gloria Godsell, and to the left is Claudia Azevedo.

THE COURT: And I assume the last two people that you mentioned are with your firm?

MR. LABUDA: Yes, correct. I'm sorry, your Honor.
Yes.

THE COURT: Thank you. You may be seated.

And for defendant.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Good morning, your Honor. Richard Schoenstein from Tarter Krinsky & Drogin, with my partner Richard Steer, and our colleague, Ingrid Cardona. Down the table I have Dan Driesen and Annette Johnson from NYU's general counsel office. Behind me, I have the defendants, Mr. Antonik, Mr. Rubin, Mr. Swirnow, and Mr. Kaplan. Behind them, I have Samara Ward, who is a summer clerk with us this summer who is attending to observe.

THE COURT: I gather the parties have items they want to raise with the Court. Just looking around the courtroom at counsel table, it looks like there may be some more names to mention of folks who are associated with the respective law firms, but let me hear from plaintiff and then I'll hear from defendant.

MR. LABUDA: Yes, your Honor. There was one issue we wanted to raise with you with respect to if the Court could add in the names Gloria Godsell, G-o-d-s-e-l-l --

THE COURT: Give me one moment.

(Pause)

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So it would be: "Dr. Edelman's represented at trial by Joseph M. Labuda and Emanuel Kataev from the law firm of Milman Labuda Law Group PLLC, and also by Gloria Godsell."

MR. LABUDA: Gloria Godsell and Claudia Azevedo,

A-z-e-v-e-d-o. And there's one other gentleman who's going to

be popping in at some point in time, he's not going to be doing

any testimony or anything like that, but he will be appearing

at the table, which is Jeremy Koufakis, that's K-o-u-f-a-k-i-s.

There was one other issue, if I could before I forget --

THE COURT: Does that complete it with respect to the jury questionnaire?

MR. LABUDA: Yes.

THE COURT: Is there anything on the jury questionnaire for defendants, any updates? Are there more names that I need to mention?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Your Honor, it's up to you if you want to mention Ms. Ward. I don't think she was listed. I think all the defendants and the other counsel were --

THE COURT: Ms. Ward is with your firm?

1 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Yes, your Honor, Samara Ward. THE COURT: Is she going to be at counsel table? 2 3 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: She'll probably be sitting right 4 behind us most of the time, but she'll be with us. I don't 5 have a view one way or the other. I just mentioned it for the 6 Court. 7 THE COURT: Give me one moment. 8 (Pause) 9 So what I'm thinking about is that, after Friday, we 10 printed out the jury questionnaires. It's not a huge issue to 11 redo the questionnaires, but it's killing some trees and it 12 will take some time. 13 If any party wants me to redo the questionnaires, 14 again, it's easy enough to do it and I'll do it. If not, what 15 I'm going to do is mention in the portion of the voir dire where I talk about who's representing the parties, I'll mention 16 17 the additional names, including the additional name for 18 defendant, but I won't change the questionnaire. 19 Let me ask plaintiff if they care about that and then 20 I'll ask defendant. 21 MR. LABUDA: That's fine, your Honor. It's acceptable 22 to just mention them verbally. I don't think you need to 23 change the printed version. 24 THE COURT: How about from defendant's perspective.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Save the trees, your Honor. Mother

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Nature is taking out enough of them.

THE COURT: We'll put that into my prepared remarks, but not into what we give the jurors.

MR. LABUDA: I did have one other comment.

THE COURT: Go ahead.

MR. LABUDA: Dr. Edelman's husband is going to be sitting in the back. He should be here — he's not going to be testifying or anything like that, but he will be here I would think every day. I don't know what the Court's opinion is on that, but I just do mention that.

THE COURT: Does defendant have a view? The husband, it seems like there's not a problem with him being in the gallery.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: There's no problem with him being in the gallery. What I was thinking was whether you should mention his name, too, to the jurors, and I would appreciate if you would, your Honor, just to make sure none of the jurors know the husband.

MR. LABUDA: We don't have an objection to that.

THE COURT: What is the husband's name?

MR. LABUDA: Bryant Edelman.

THE COURT: What I'm going to do, again, is in my oral remarks, I'm going to add for myself whether anybody's had any dealings with the plaintiff, Sari Edelman, or her husband, Bryant Edelman.

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1 Any problem with that from plaintiff's perspective? MR. LABUDA: That's fine. 2 3 THE COURT: Defendant's perspective. 4 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Fine with us, your Honor. 5 THE COURT: Anything else from plaintiff before I step 6 off the bench and the next time you're going to see me is when 7 we have the jury venire here. 8 MR. LABUDA: The question we had, I wanted to confirm, 9 juror No. 1 is going into the --10 THE COURT: Juror No. 1 will be closest to the court 11 reporter. 12 MR. LABUDA: Got it. So that's 1 through 6. You're 13 going to start 7 on the back left? 14 THE COURT: Back left, again, closest to the court 15 reporter. 16 MR. LABUDA: Are we impaneling, I think it's 16? 17 THE COURT: I think it is 14. My intention is to give 18 you a very limited period of time to decide how you want to 19 exercise your peremptories because we are keeping the jurors 20 waiting. So give some thought to those questions, obviously, 21 as we go through jury selection. After we've qualified the 22 requisite 14 jurors, I'll give you, again, 10 minutes and tell 23 the jurors that we're going to be in my robing room and then 24 we'll be back out. 25

MR. LABUDA: That's fine.

One last question, just with respect to the process for the trial, I don't remember us talking about this, but with respect to objections, would you like us to stand, do you want us to just state "objection"?

objections. It's fine to say: "Objection. Hearsay." Give me a word for what is the basis of your objection. If it is a matter that requires more extended discussions, you can tell me that. In all likelihood, what I would do in that instance is not to have a sidebar, but to see if counsel who is doing the questioning could move on to another subject and then we'll address it during a break, but I may not do that, I may actually have you up to sidebar.

MR. LABUDA: Thank you.

THE COURT: Anything else from defendant?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Yes, your Honor. Two issues.

One, I thought we talked the other day about having the podium being --

THE COURT: We're going to move the podium so that it's facing the jury for your openings.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Thank you.

The only substantive issue, we received demonstrative exhibits from the plaintiff last night at 5 o'clock, and I think the Court received them, too. They are, in our estimation, misleading for a number of reasons and not the kind

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of thing that should be used in opening. They are argumentative, they assume facts that are obviously not in evidence because we haven't had any evidence, they're prejudicial, and they're prejudicial really in two respects I want to highlight for the Court --

THE COURT: Let me stop you for a second. I received an email at 4:53 p.m. with a link to an electronic portfolio containing all of the plaintiff's exhibits. Is the demonstrative you're talking about in that portfolio?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No, your Honor. It was emailed to us separately as a Power Point presentation.

MR. KATAEV: And that was sent at 4:45 p.m., your Honor, preceding the email you just discussed.

THE COURT: I see it. Give me one moment to look through.

(Pause)

Tell me what issues you've got with the demonstrative.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: First, your Honor, you'll see the header has the logo of NYU Langone Health on most of the pages, which runs the risk of confusing the jury that this is some kind of formal NYU document. As I said, the thing in its entirety is much more akin to a closing argument. It's making substantive arguments about the case based on evidence that we haven't seen yet and it has some incendiary images. There's a graphic on page 4 of a man pointing -- I mean, it almost looks

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like a gun at a woman who is cowering, which is not anything that happened in this case. We have substantive issues with some of the facts as they have presented, but I don't think we need to get into that. That would be a fair subject for debate. But I just don't think the demonstrative as a whole would be a proper use at opening statement, your Honor.

THE COURT: Let me hear from plaintiff.

MR. LABUDA: Sure. So this is our opening statement that expectation for the jury in the opening statement is to provide a roadmap of where this case is going and what we intend to present in evidence. Of course it's not evidence, the trial hasn't started, but this is the story of Dr. Edelman and what happened here. So it's not argumentative, it's simply the facts of what happened here. So I think any factual statement in here is perfectly fine.

With respect to the NYU logo, it's an NYU logo.

They're a part of this case. I don't think there's any prejudice to having them in there. I think it will actually aid the jury to understand what this case is about.

And with respect to any type of images that are associated here, this is an opening statement, it's not evidence. The Court is going to direct them it's not evidence. It's not going into the jury room. I think it will aid, again, the jury with an understanding of what this case is about and we don't believe they're incendiary, they're simply images

about the story that we plan on telling. We should have latitude to present our case as we deem fit. We think it would be prejudicial if we were not allowed to.

THE COURT: First of all, with respect to the logo, it does convey something of a misleading impression that these slides are NYU Langone's slides, so I'd be inclined to tell the jury that they should disregard the logo.

With respect to the images, can you get rid of the images?

MR. LABUDA: We can, your Honor. We can get rid of the image with respect to, let's say, for instance --

THE COURT: I'm thinking about on page 4, the image, on page 5, the "you're fired," on page 6, the "you're fired," on page 7, the "you're fired," page 8, "you're fired," and page 9, the "equal pay for equal work" image, all of which seem to me to be argumentative.

MR. LABUDA: I would like to use those in the closing which is more the argument, just to raise it with the Court now, but we can remove it. It will take a bit of time.

MR. KATAEV: We're doing it right now.

Is the target permitted?

THE COURT: Get rid of the target, also.

MR. KATAEV: Understood.

THE COURT: Let me hear from defendant. Do you have a problem with or would you like me to tell the jury that these,

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when I say what opening statements are, that the logo on the slides that are being used, they should disregard?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: That's fine, your Honor. If you can do that and just give a general instruction that demonstrative exhibits are not evidence and the changes that you just asked for are made, I think we would be okay to go forward.

MR. KATAEV: Does the Court wish for a new Power Point to be sent via email?

THE COURT: Sure.

Anything else from defendant?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: We should have the jury in about half an hour, maybe it's sooner than that, it might be a little bit later, so stay around the courtroom.

MR. LABUDA: Your Honor, just a sense, do you have any sense in terms of what generally the *voir dire* takes, from your perspective? Every case is different, but --

THE COURT: I mean, it all varies. I really don't know how many people will know NYU Langone and have experiences with NYU Langone. You can end up with a venire with a whole bunch of people who have relatives who are doctors who are associated with the hospital. It's a big employer in the city and that could make the proceedings a little bit more delayed. If that's not the case, maybe we're done in an hour and a half or so.

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1 MR. LABUDA: Thank you. THE COURT: One additional item, in looking at the 2 3 calendar and also keeping in mind that comment that was made by 4 the parties about trial time, I can run Wednesday until about 5 4:30 or so, 4:30 or 5:00 p.m., and give the jurors a lunch 6 break, that way we get a little more time. 7 Let me hear from plaintiff about that and from defendant. 8 9 MR. LABUDA: I know that Mr. Kataev has a childcare 10 issue, but I'll let him address that based on what the schedule 11 was. 12 MR. KATAEV: For this week, your Honor, it will work. 13 Next week, it may be an issue. I'm trying to work it out such 14 that it won't be. 15 THE COURT: What about from defendant's perspective. 16 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: We think it's a good idea, your 17 Honor. THE COURT: So we'll do Wednesday until 5:00, 18 otherwise every trial date will end at 2 o'clock and there 19 20 won't be a lunch break, and it will just be this week. 21 MR. LABUDA: That's perfect. Thank you, your Honor. 22 (Jury selection followed) 23 (A jury of eight was impaneled and sworn)

(Continued on next page)

(Jury not present)

THE COURT: Any reason I can't bring in the jury?

From plaintiff's perspective.

MR. LABUDA: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: From defendants' perspective.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Let's bring in the jury.

I'll give them preliminary instructions, and then we'll proceed to openings.

(Jury present)

THE COURT: Members of the jury, now that you have been sworn, I'm going to give you some preliminary instructions to guide you in your participation in the trial.

To begin with, you are here to administer justice in this case according to the law and the evidence. You are to perform this task with complete fairness and impartiality, and without bias, prejudice or sympathy, for or against the plaintiff or the defendants.

It will be your duty to find from the evidence what the facts are. You, and you alone, will be the judges of the facts. You will then have to apply those facts to the law as the Court will give it to you. You must follow that law whether you agree with it or not. Nothing the Court may say or do during the trial is intended to indicate, or should be taken by you as indicating, what your verdict should be.

The evidence from which you will find the facts will consist of the testimony of witnesses, documents and other things received into the record as exhibits as well as any facts that the parties agree to, or stipulate to, or that the Court may instruct you to find.

Certain things are not evidence and must not be considered by you. I will list them for you now.

First, statements, arguments and questions by lawyers are not evidence, nor are my own statements to you evidence.

Only the answers given by the witnesses and the documents admitted as exhibits are evidence.

Second, objections to questions are not evidence. The lawyers have an obligation to their clients to make an objection when they believe evidence being offered is improper under the rules of evidence. You should not be influenced by the Court's ruling on an objection. If the objection is sustained, ignore the question. If it is overruled, treat the answer like any others. If you are instructed that some item of evidence is received for a limited purpose only, you must follow that instruction.

Third, testimony that the Court has excluded or told you to disregard is not evidence and must not be considered.

Finally, anything you may have seen or heard outside the courtroom is not evidence and must be disregarded. You are to decide the case solely on the evidence presented here in the

courtroom.

When you are determining the facts, keep in mind that there are two kinds of evidence: direct and circumstantial. Direct evidence is direct proof of a fact, such as the testimony of an eyewitness. Circumstantial evidence is proof of facts from which you may infer or conclude that other facts exist. The word "infer" or the expression "to draw an inference" means to find that a fact exists from proof of another fact. An inference is to be drawn only if it is logical and reasonable to do so and not by speculation or quesswork.

In deciding whether to draw an inference, you must look at and consider all the facts in the light of reason, common sense and experience. Whether a given inference is or is not to be drawn is entirely a matter for you, the jury, to decide. Circumstantial evidence does not necessarily prove less than direct evidence, nor does it necessarily prove more.

Here is an example to help you think about the difference between direct and circumstantial evidence.

Assume that when you came into the courthouse this morning the sun was shining and it was a nice day outdoors. Also assume that the courtroom blinds were drawn and you could not look outside. Assume further that, as you were sitting here, someone walked in with an umbrella that was dripping wet and then, a few moments later, somebody else walked in with a

raincoat that was also dripping wet.

Now, because you could not look outside the courtroom and you could not see whether it was raining and because no witness has testified that it is raining, you would have no direct evidence of the fact that it was raining. But on the combination of facts that I've asked you to assume, it would be reasonable and logical for you to conclude that it was raining.

That is all there is to circumstantial evidence. You infer on the basis of reason, experience and common sense from one established fact the existence or nonexistence of some other fact. I will give you further instructions on these as well as other matters at the end of the case, but keep in mind that you may consider both kinds of evidence.

One of your most important tasks as jurors is to evaluate the credibility of the witnesses who will testify before you; that is, how believable and truthful they are. Listen carefully as each witness testifies during both direct and cross-examination and consider whether the witness is telling the truth. It will be up to you to decide which witnesses to believe, which witnesses not to believe and how much of any witness's testimony to accept or reject.

Now, how do you decide what to believe and what not to believe? You are to listen to the witnesses, observe their testimony and then decide as you would decide such questions in your own life. Did they know what they were talking about?

Were they candid, honest, open and truthful? Did they have a reason to falsify, exaggerate or distort their testimony?

Sometimes it is not what a witness says but how he or she says it that may give you a clue as to whether or not to accept that witness's version of an incident or an event as credible or believable.

In short, the way a witness testifies may play an important part in your reaching a judgment as to whether or not you can accept the witness's testimony as reliable.

Now, a few words about your conduct as jurors.

First, during the trial, you are not to discuss the case with anyone, nor are you to permit anyone to discuss it with you. This includes posting anything on the internet about the case, whether it be personal blogs, Facebook or Twitter. Until you retire to the jury room at the end of the case to deliberate, you simply are not to talk about this case with anyone, including your spouse or partner, family or close friends. Do not even discuss the case with each other until you begin your actual deliberations at the end of trial.

Second, please do not, while you are serving as jurors in this trial, have any conversations with the parties, the attorneys or any witnesses in this case, whether in the courtroom, in the hallways, in the elevators, outside or anywhere else. By this I mean not only to avoid talking about the case, do not talk at all, even to say good morning or to

acknowledge any of these people. Someone seeing a juror in conversation with a party, lawyer or witness might think that something improper was being discussed. To avoid even the appearance of impropriety then, avoid any such contact or conversations. So I can tell you that when the parties, lawyers or witnesses pass you in the halls without even acknowledging your presence, they do not mean to be rude. They are simply following my instruction.

Third, do not read or listen to anything outside the courtroom that relates to this case in any way. Similarly, you are not to allow anyone to speak to you about the case. If you are approached by anyone to speak about it, politely but firmly tell them that the judge has directed you not to do so. If any person seeks to contact you about the case, you are required to report the incident promptly to me by sending me a note through my courtroom deputy, Mr. Fishman.

Also, be sure that I am informed if any person that you know comes into this courtroom. This is a public trial, so that could happen, but it is important that you do not hear from them what may have happened in the court while the jury was not present. If you should see a friend or relative come into the court, please send me a note through Mr. Fishman at your first opportunity.

Fourth, do not try to do any research or make any investigation about the case or the issues presented by the

case. For example, do not go on to the internet tonight and research any matters relating to the case. Do not call up your lawyer friends or family to ask about the type of matters at issue in the case.

Fifth, I know that many of you use cell phones, smartphones, social media, the internet and other tools of technology. You must not use these tools to communicate electronically with anyone about the case. This includes your family and friends. You may not communicate with anyone about the case on your cell phone, which includes smartphones, through emails, text messaging, Twitter, any blog or website, any internet chatroom or by way of any other social networking websites, including Facebook, LinkedIn and YouTube.

Finally, do not form any opinion until all the evidence is in. A case can be presented only step by step, witness by witness, until all the evidence is before you. Keep an open mind until you start your deliberations at the end of the case.

You are permitted to take notes during the trial.

Mr. Fishman has given each of you a notepad and pen. Please write your name on the cover of the pad. If you do take notes, please do so only in these pads.

Remember that any notes you take are for your use only, and they are only to be used as an aid for your memory.

Your memory controls. If you do take notes, be careful not to

get so involved in taking notes that you are not listening to the evidence. Once you are in your deliberations, if there is a disagreement between one juror's notes and another juror's notes or between one juror's notes and another juror's recollection, you can ask to have the court reporter read back the testimony or to have that portion of the transcript sent to you, for it is the official court transcript that controls, not any particular juror's notes.

During the course of the trial, exhibits will be received into evidence. They will be marked by exhibit number. If there is an exhibit you are particularly interested in seeing during your deliberations, write down the exhibit number. At the end of the trial, as you begin your deliberations, we will provide each of you a list with all of the witnesses who testified during the trial as well as a list of the exhibits that have been received into evidence.

We will now begin the trial. As I told you earlier, the trial is expected to be done by the end of next week.

Let me tell you about the trial day.

We will begin each day at 9 a.m. Please be on time. To help ensure that we start on time, please be in the jury room by 8:45 at the latest so we can begin without delay. I will add that a light breakfast will be available in the jury room each morning at 8:30 a.m. You're not required to take us up on that hospitality, but in my experience, many jurors do.

The key thing is not to be late.

If any of you are late, we will have to wait, for we cannot start the trial unless all of you are here, and all of us -- myself, the lawyers, the parties, the witnesses, and your fellow jurors -- will have to wait. If we lose 10 or 20 minutes every day, we may not be able to get the trial completed on time.

As to the rest of the trial day, we will take a brief, midmorning break with refreshments provided for you. With the exception of this Wednesday, we will not take a lunch break, as we intend to end around 2 p.m. every day.

Now, let me tell you how the trial will proceed.

In a moment, we will have opening statements. An attorney for the plaintiff will make an opening statement. Then the attorney for defendants will do so. The opening statements are neither evidence nor argument. They are simply outlines of what the attorneys believe the evidence will show, and they are given to help you follow the evidence as it is presented.

Same thing, if anybody, any lawyer wants to use a demonstrative exhibit during their opening statements, the demonstrative exhibits are not evidence. They're simply aids in terms of the opening statements.

After the opening statements, the plaintiff will present her case. The plaintiff will call her witnesses, and

after each witness testifies on direct examination, counsel for the defendants will have an opportunity to cross-examine the witness. After the cross-examination, there may be a little bit of what we call redirect and recross-examination?

Following the plaintiff's case, the plaintiff will rest. The defendants will then present their case. The defense witnesses will testify, and the plaintiff will have the opportunity to cross-examine them.

I should tell you that some of the defense case will come in during the cross-examination during the plaintiff's case.

After the evidence is cleated and all the sides have rested, the attorneys will give their summations. This is the opportunity for the lawyers to summarize the evidence and to give their closing arguments.

Following the summations, I will give you instructions on the law. You will then, finally, retire to deliberate on your verdict.

Members of the jury, you have a tremendously important task as jurors. It is to determine the facts. You, and not the Court, are the sole judges of the facts. The Constitution itself recognizes your unique role in our system of justice, so please pay careful attention to the witnesses and the evidence received at trial as well as my instructions on the law.

We will now begin with opening statements.

Opening - Mr. Labuda

Plaintiff will go first.

MR. LABUDA: Thank you, your Honor.

Good afternoon, ladies and gentlemen of the jury. My name is Joe Labuda. Part of our team is Emanuel Kataev, Gloria Godsell and Claudia Azevedo. Together we represent Dr. Sari Edelman in this case.

Dr. Sari Edelman is the plaintiff in this case. She has brought this action against NYU Langone Health System and other defendants, and the defendants here within the NYU Langone system. Along with other individuals who also work for NYU Langone Health System, I'm going to, generally speaking, call them all NYU, just to keep things moving. Otherwise, we'll be here until August.

So, this is a story of Dr. Edelman, Dr. Sari Edelman.

As with a lot of stories, there are three chapters to this particular story.

The first chapter in this story is that Dr. Sari Edelman, who graduated from medical school, she passed her boards in internal medicine and rheumatology, she went into private practice in 2008 to 2014, in Lake Success, New York, out on Long Island -- New Hyde Park it's also known as -- and then was recruited and joined NYU Langone Health System in 2014, where she continued to work until 2021.

What's important to note is when she worked for NYU Langone, she was under contract there. She was under contract

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when she first started working there, in 2014. It was a three-year contract. That contract expired, and then in '18 through the end of 2020, she was under a different contract. And the reason I bring that up is because, under her contract, and you'll see evidence about this and you'll hear testimony about it, is that she was, she had a termination for cause only clause in her contract. And that's important to note. And we'll get into that later, but she could only be fired for cause when she was under contract.

In this situation, the story begins, in terms of this case, is that in September of 2019, there was an incident involving two NYU male employees who created a hostile work environment for Dr. Edelman. So that's chapter one in a nutshell. We'll get into it in further detail, but I wanted to give you a little background.

Chapter two is Dr. Sari Edelman, after this hostile work environment was created, she contacted human resources and filed a complaint about the hostile work environment and the discrimination. As a result of her filing this complaint, NYU, including the people who she was accusing of harassing her, terminated her as soon as her contract expired. And so that's the retaliation aspect of it.

And chapter three is that NYU willfully violated the Equal Pay Act by paying male doctors more than her for the same work. And you're going to hear and see evidence about that as

Opening - Mr. Labuda

well. So that's a summary of the three chapters that are involved in Dr. Edelman's story here.

So now, with every story, there's a cast of characters. I want to introduce you to the cast of characters involved here in this case.

As we talked about a second ago, you have Dr. Sari Edelman. She's a rheumatologist, and for purposes here she was working at NYU out in Long Island, in Lake Success, New Hyde Park.

Another person in this story is Dr. Kavini Mehta. She also is a rheumatologist, and she was actually business partners with Dr. Edelman in the private practice from '08 and to '14, and they, together, got recruited by NYU and joined the NYU practice there.

Mr. Joseph Atonik, he is a site director. He oversaw four -- and oversees four -- Lake Success/New Hyde Park offices, including the one where Dr. Edelman worked. And he was a direct report to Mr. David Kaplan.

So, Mr. David Kaplan, the regional director, he oversees approximately 80 to 100 NYU sites in Queens and Nassau County, including where Dr. Edelman worked as well. And Mr. David Kaplan, he was the direct report to another individual who you'll meet in this cast characters, Joshua Swirnow.

The individual who, Ms. Kathleen Pacina is a manager

Dr. Edelman.

Opening - Mr. Labuda

of employee relations and human resources at NYU. She's the individual who Dr. Edelman complained to about the hostile work environment. OK?

Next in this cast is Ms. Miriam Ruiz. She is the office manager where Dr. Edelman worked out in Lake Success for NYU.

The next person is Joshua Swirnow. He's the assistant vice president of business strategy, and he is the direct report to the next individual in the cast, which is Mr. Andrew Rubin, and he's the senior vice president of clinical affairs in ambulatory care. He's the individual who hired and ultimately fired Ms. Edelman. He runs the faculty group practice for NYU, the operations, the revenue and sees all the

And you also have Dr. Avram Goldberg. He is also a rheumatologist in the faculty group practice.

individuals in the doctor and faculty practice group, including

Dr. Andrew Porges, he also is a rheumatologist in the same group.

And Dr. Anang Modi, and he also is a rheumatologist in this group.

So you'll see in this case there's a lot of doctors between the parties and even on the jury. So if anybody has any health issues, I think we're in pretty good hands.

I will say, let me also introduce NYU Langone Health.

Opening - Mr. Labuda

As you may know, NYU Langone Health System is a company that provides health services, medical services to individuals.

It's a large institution and has over 8,000 employees.

Let's go into chapter one a little bit more, in a more detail.

So as I was saying before, in September of 2016 -September 16 of 2019, sorry, Mr. Joseph Atonik, who was the
site supervisor, comes into Dr. Edelman's office. He directs
her that she's going to be sharing her office with another
doctor there. Dr. Edelman is resistant of that because she has
contractual rights under her contract for office space. He
does not like that. He raises his voice, shouts at her, and
starting frantically raising his arms, and he leans in on Dr.
Edelman and physically intimidates her.

He also, as they're talking, he also calls her a bitch under his breath. He demeans, degrades and is chauvinistic to her, and he belittles her valid concerns about her contractual rights.

Next what happens is on September 25, 2019, David

Kaplan, who, again, is Mr. Atonik's direct report, he comes

into the office -- again, to Dr. Edelman's office -- and raises

the same issue. When she gives him the same answer about her

contractual rights, he's dismissive of her again. He doesn't

take her seriously, treats her like a child and tells her to

calm down.

Opening - Mr. Labuda

So that's what happens in chapter one. Dr. Edelman's upset about what happened there, so much so that you'll hear testimony that she couldn't sleep for months afterward and that, in fact, Dr. Edelman avoided any further contact with either Mr. Atonik or Kaplan for the rest of her time, and they never spoke again.

Now let's go on to chapter two.

So, chapter two, NYU targets and fires Dr. Edelman.

On September 17, 2019, which is the day after the initial incident with Mr. Atonik, Dr. Edelman engages in protected activity by taking the brave step of calling NYU HR to complain about the hostile work environment that was created on September 16, 2019. She speaks to Kathleen Pacina, who we talked about before, over the phone. Then on September 25, 2019, through November 12, 2019, Dr. Edelman sends multiple emails to human resources about the status of her inquiry, because she wants to know what's going on.

And then, on November 13 of 2019, less than two months after Dr. Edelman makes the complaint, Ms. Miriam Ruiz, who's the office manager, and who is a direct report to Joe Atonik, begins to keep a log called Edelman issues and continues the log until October 28, 2020. So instead of taking Dr. Edelman's claims seriously, management responds negatively. And you'll see no evidence about a log ever existing in the six years that Dr. Edelman was working before she filed her complaint. And

Opening - Mr. Labuda

there are also no other logs for any other doctors, other than Dr. Edelman.

So, November 6 of 2020, which is, again, a year later -- but you have to remember that there's this contract issue, where she can't be fired for cause until the end of 2020 -- Joseph Atonik targets Dr. Edelman by emailing Dr. Andrew Porges, Miriam Ruiz and others in an email entitled Edelman issues -- sounds familiar -- and soliciting them to provide him with clear and convincing examples from the group of alleged improper behavior between Dr. Edelman, staff, patients. And he gives examples there. There are no other emails from Mr. Atonik or anyone else asking for negative feedback for any other doctors, other than Dr. Edelman.

November 6, the same day -- in fact, 12 minutes

later -- at the behest of Joseph Atonik, Dr. Porges emails

David Kaplan, who, again, is the direct report of Mr. Atonik

and one of the alleged harassers, cutting and pasting

Mr. Atonik's email and criticizing, for the first time, in six

years that they had worked together Dr. Edelman's work. That

email is forwarded by David Kaplan to his direct report, Josh

Swirnow, who passes on that information to Andrew Rubin.

And then on December 1, 2020, Andrew Rubin decides, and you'll see a letter, not to renew Dr. Edelman's contract and letting her know that she's being terminated effective May 31, 2021, based on the Atonik and Porges emails. We.

Believe this shows a clear pattern of retaliatory action following her complaint about a hostile work environment, with NYU ultimately dismissing her. There are no checks, balances, no talking or no process at all, and you won't hear about, any testimony about any of these individuals talking to Dr. Edelman before the termination.

So, as an aside, as I was saying before, a couple things. Just like in her first contract, from 2014 to 2017, you'll see that her contract was only, she could only be terminated for cause. That same language followed in the subsequent contract, from 2017 until December 31 of 2020, which only permits NYU to terminate her for cause. And you're going to hear testimony that NYU acknowledges that it did not have cause to terminate Dr. Edelman while she was under contract.

You're also going to hear from NYU that they fired Dr. Edelman for alleged interpersonal issues or purported poor performance as a doctor but nonetheless kept her on for an additional six months after her contract expired. You're also going to hear evidence that before the termination, neither Andrew Rubin, who made the decision to terminate, Mr. Swirnow, Dr. Porges, Dr. Goldberg, Mr. Kaplan, Mr. Atonik nor Ms. Ruiz ever spoke or discussed any of the issues with Dr. Edelman before they terminated her. There were no complaints raised, either written or verbal, by anyone at NYU to Dr. Edelman about her interpersonal or performance issues.

Opening - Mr. Labuda

So, we're going to move on to chapter three.

Chapter three has to do with our claim that NYU violated the Equal Pay Act by paying male doctors more. So, you're going to hear testimony in this case that Dr. Edelman performed equal or substantially similar work as male doctors, her male counterparts, part of the people that we heard about in the cast.

You will also hear evidence that NYU willfully paid Dr. Edelman less than the male doctors for the same work.

You'll also hear testimony that there was no Equal Pay Act compliance training by Mr. Rubin, who set the salaries for the doctors; that there were no evaluations of the salaries between the male and female doctors; and that there was no consultation with HR, human resources, about the salaries of male and female doctors.

You will hear, effectively you will hear no testimony that NYU had a legitimate reason to pay Dr. Edelman less.

NYU, you will hear testimony that NYU says that they paid doctors and set their salaries based on a business plan that was created by NYU, that included the doctor's prior salaries from prior employment. In reality, no system existed setting salaries, and they were, in fact, set arbitrarily. In fact, NYU didn't even create these business plans for some of the doctors.

Now, going on with chapter three, we're going to get

Opening - Mr. Labuda

into the actual pay of the doctors, so you can see the difference in pay.

In 2014, when Dr. Edelman worked, you have Dr. Porges. You'll hear testimony about Dr. Porges, that he was on top with \$340,000; Dr. Avram Goldberg, that he was second with \$315,000, Dr. Mehta and Dr. Edelman were in third and fourth, respectively, and they were paid \$207,000. And the difference between Dr. Porges is \$133,000, between Dr. Edelman, and the difference between Dr. Goldberg and Dr. Edelman is \$108,000.

You're going to hear testimony that all of these doctors, they all see patients. They treat patients for rheumatology. They're all doing the exact same work, and they all have the same hours.

And you're also going to hear testimony about the fact that in addition to the clinical pay, there can be a component of their pay for administrative or research work, and that some doctors got paid for administrative or research work on top of their clinical pay. But the evidence is that NYU, when somebody took on an additional role, what they did is they actually reduced the clinical pay and then added some pay for the administrative pay, so your pay was the same. So there was no difference in the pay; it just went down. They added that difference, the admin pay, so from our perspective, they were paid the same regardless of the clinical pay that they got and the administrative pay that they received. And in fact, you'll

Opening - Mr. Labuda

hear testimony that Dr. Edelman was approached to take on one of these roles for research and specifically asked am I going to get paid anything extra for doing this research role, and they said no. So I think all that they were going to do was rejigger her pay.

So that's in 2014.

Now let's get to the end, when she got terminated, in 2020. So this is the pay that existed in 2020, with Dr. Goldberg on top at 535,000. Dr. Porges, he was at 400,000. Dr. Modi, who we haven't talked about that much, he was new to the practice, I think, starting in 2017, he was third, at 370,000; Dr. Edelman, 278; and Dr. Mehta at 270. And then the difference here with respect to Dr. Edelman, from Goldberg to Edelman is \$257,000, so the difference between Dr. Porges and Dr. Edelman is \$122,000 and the difference between Dr. Modi and Dr. Edelman is \$92,000. And that was the last — that was the year that she was terminated.

So, we'll go through it quickly just so you have some sense.

In 2014 we talked about, these are the pay rates there. In 2015, it's effectively the same, and 2016, Porges, Goldberg, Mehta and Edelman, those salaries. 2017, that was the last year her -- 2017, so this is Goldberg, Modi, Porges, Edelman and Mehta. 2018 was, again, the same and the pattern continues. 2019, 2020, and then, as I said before, after she

Opening - Mr. Labuda

was terminated on December 1, 2020, they told her that she was, they notified her that she was being terminated on November, December 1, 2020, effective May 31, 2021. So she continued to work in 2021 at those rates of pay and, again, at the bottom.

As I told you before, this story has three chapters with the hostile work environment and the discrimination that she suffered under while at NYU. She was retaliated against when she complained about the hostile work environment by ultimately being terminated. And she was paid less than her male counterparts, in violation of the Equal Pay Act.

So that's the story. Those are the three chapters of the story, but with a lot of stories, there's a postscript.

OK? And the postscript here is that because of the unlawful conduct that NYU subjected Dr. Edelman to, she was damaged.

She suffered from emotional distress. She had to move to Florida -- sorry. She was born and bred in New York, and they took that away from her. She had to move her family down to Florida, and she was paid less than what she was making in New York. And so those are some of the damages that she suffered. She lost the ability to be around her friends and family up in New York as well, and we trust that you're going to listen to the evidence here in this case and provide a just determination here.

We respectfully believe that you should hold NYU accountable for its actions and award Dr. Edelman the damages

that you deem to be appropriate.

I appreciate the time, and again, I thank you all for being here today and for being with us for the next couple weeks.

Thanks.

THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Labuda.

Members of the jury, I should instruct you that demonstrative exhibits are not evidence.

I should also instruct you that you may have seen NYU Langone legends on the slides. The slides obviously are not NYU Langone slides. They're prepared by counsel to assist in the opening statements.

The defense will open now.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Thank you, your Honor.

Ladies and gentleman of the jury, I didn't bring any slides. I brought witnesses. I brought documents. I bring facts and evidence, and that's what we're going to show you over the next week or so — witnesses, documents, evidence — to establish that defendants did not create a hostile work environment or discriminate against the plaintiff in any way. Defendants did not retaliate against the plaintiff, and defendants did not pay the plaintiff less because she is a woman.

I'm never going to ask you to take my word for that. We're going to present evidence. You're going to see as many

Opening - Mr. Schoenstein

as 14 witnesses take that witness stand, many of the people on the cast of characters you just saw. And they're going to testify about their perspectives.

You know, if you're going to tell a story, you need to tell all the chapters. You may pick three and cast them as you like, but you have to start a book at the beginning. You have to tell everything that happened in the middle, and you have to tell the end. And respectfully, the story plaintiff is trying to tell you doesn't do that. They start their story way late, and they leave out way too much.

As New Yorkers, I assume you guys are all familiar with NYU; there's a big university here by that name. But there's also NYU Langone Health, which is associated with the medical school. That's a huge organization in New York. They have more than 3,000 doctors. They have thousands and thousands of employees. And the defendants here, the individuals, Mr. Atonik, Mr. Rubin, Mr. Swirnow, Mr. Kaplan, they were all employed by NYU and doing their jobs when the events that are at issue in this case happened.

Plaintiff has sued them all individually, including two people she only met once. She has sued in this federal court. She has sued seven different corporations. Some of them don't even exist. Most of them had no connection with her ever, but she has sued everybody and brought them all into this court.

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Opening - Mr. Schoenstein

For now, I'm going to do what my colleague did. I'm just going to refer to NYU as NYU in the hope of simplifying this a little bit, but at some point we're going to have to break down the companies. And I can't stand here and tell you in an opening statement everything you're going to hear in the next week or so, because that would be way too much of me talking, but let me try to highlight what we think some of the evidence is going to show so you understand where we're coming from.

Dr. Edelman joined NYU in 2014. That's when the story starts. She joined to work out at a facility of NYU's on Marcus Avenue out in New Hyde Park, in Long Island. She is a rheumatologist. If you're not familiar, that's a doctor that treats stuff like arthritis, muscle issues and inflammatory disease.

Before joining NYU, she had her own private practice that she started with another doctor, Dr. Mehta, who you also saw listed on that cast of characters. And the evidence is going to show you that their private practice was not profitable. They weren't making the kind of money they wanted to, and they were in hundreds of thousands of dollars of debt, because they had taken out loans just to start their practice. They tried joining a larger medical institution, but you're going to hear that shop was going to go into bankruptcy, so they needed new jobs.

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Opening - Mr. Schoenstein

That's how they came to NYU, with a private practice that wasn't doing that well, looking for a new job.

Now, when we go to the doctors, we don't really think how did this doctor end up here. Right? We just go to a doctor; we don't think how she or he was hired or ended up there. But it's quite a process, and you're going to hear about this in the trial.

Dr. Edelman and Dr. Mehta were jointly introduced to NYU, and they met with Mr. Rubin and Mr. Swirnow, back there. Their jobs involved hiring these thousands of doctors who work at NYU all over the New York area. And you'll hear about how Dr. Edelman was hired. It's not a situation where there was, like, a want ad in the paper and said "rheumatologist, pays \$200,000 a year." That's not the process. All of the doctors at NYU are paid on a case-by-case basis. It's decided by negotiation between the doctor and NYU.

NYU, when they're looking at doctors, they consider all the things you'd expect — the doctor's experience, professional stature, accomplishments, specialties, all that stuff. And then to figure out the money part, they have a business team. And if a doctor's coming in from private practice, what they do is they get information from the doctor about their business.

And that's what they did. They got information from Dr. Edelman and Dr. Mehta about their private practice, how

Opening - Mr. Schoenstein

much money were they bringing in, how much were their expenses, and then they could compute that and figure out if we brought them into NYU, how much is left over to pay them? That's how they establish a salary, and you'll hear about that in the testimony.

So here, NYU put together a business plan based on information provided by Dr. Edelman and Dr. Mehta -- I can't stress that enough. And then all of them negotiated and agreed on an agreement. Dr. Edelman, by the way, was represented by a lawyer the whole time in the negotiations. And you'll get to see the details of the deal. We'll show you the contract.

Plaintiff ended up getting a very large pay raise.

NYU agreed to take over her 20-year office lease, agreed to take over her other expenses, for her staff, and agreed to pay off hundreds of thousands of dollars of debt that her practice had, which you don't see in any of the numbers that the plaintiff just showed you. They want to ignore the payoff of the debt.

In the end, the deal Dr. Edelman got was worth well more than \$250,000 a year. It was a substantial raise from what she was getting, and the evidence will show that the fact that she was a woman had nothing to do with any of those negotiations. It was business, business, business at NYU. That's what they looked at. That's what they based the negotiation on.

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Opening - Mr. Schoenstein

So, there's an excessively negotiated deal and plaintiff came to work at NYU. At first, everything went mostly fine. You see, plaintiff's story doesn't pick up until 2019, she started working there in 2014. Everything went fine, she did three years. The contract had a three-year term, so it would get renewed or not every three years, and the first time, they renewed it.

So what went wrong? Believe it or not, this whole case originates in a spat about office space. That is right — office space. In 2019, plaintiff was working just three days a week at the Marcus Avenue location I mentioned. She worked another week out on Huntington, Long Island, seeing patients.

You will hear in the testimony NYU doesn't have enough offices for all its doctors, that's just the way it is. So they had some doctors coming in and Mr. Antonik went to see plaintiff in her office to ask her if she would mind if another doctor used her office on days she wasn't there. When we say share an office, I'm not talking about putting two doctors in side-by-side, I'm talking about you use it Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and we let Dr. Smith use it Thursday. She said no. She said my contract guarantees me a private office. She said you'll have to talk to my lawyer. That's what she said in the conversation with Mr. Antonik. And Mr. Antonik you will hear, because he will take the stand, did not do the things that she accuses him of doing.

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Opening - Mr. Schoenstein

Now, you'll see the employment contract, it doesn't guarantee her a private office, it doesn't guarantee her an office, it doesn't guarantee anything that she was saying it guaranteed her in that conversation. But the next day she complained to NYU's employee and labor relations department. Plaintiff says HR or human resources, at NYU they call it employee and labor relations department.

She complained about Dr. Antonik's conduct, so the employee and labor relations department elevated the concern to Mr. Antonik's supervisor, Mr. Kaplan. Mr. Kaplan went to see plaintiff to try to explain the situation and to say to her is it okay please, could we have someone else use your office, and she threw him out of her office and was very rude to him and to Mr. Antonik.

Then she sends another email complaining about

Mr. Kaplan because she didn't like his mannerisms or his tone.

She objected to the person who she threw out of her office.

That caused the situation to get elevated even further and

Mr. Swirnow, who you will hear from, called plaintiff up on the

phone to try to talk her through this, to explain why they

needed the office space on some other days and he thought

everything was resolved. He thought they had a good

conversation, they resolved the issue. As it turned out,

you'll hear she decided to stop going to Huntington to do

full-time or four days a week in the Marcus Avenue location

Opening - Mr. Schoenstein

which sort of rendered the issue moot. But, in any event, he thought it was resolved.

She did send some additional emails. There are emails, you'll see, there are chains of emails back and forth between her and the employee and labor relations department. For the most part, and you'll hear from Kathleen Pacina, the first employee of the employee and labor relations department that plaintiff talked to, she thought it was just a dispute about office space. Eventually, as plaintiff complained a little bit more, she elevated it to somebody who worked directly with the department that plaintiff was employed by to an employee named Rashidat Ogbara. And she emailed plaintiff to try to follow up about the complaint. This is back in November of 2019, plaintiff never responded.

The last email plaintiff sent with any kind of complaint about hostile work environment, discrimination or anything was in November of 2019. She didn't email anybody after that, she didn't call anybody after that, she didn't go to see anybody after that, she didn't say anything else until this lawsuit was filed in 2021.

Now, you will remember 2020, it was quite a year with COVID, and you can imagine the effect it had on all of you, I'm sure, and on me, the effect it had on a healthcare company like NYU. It was really hard to work around and get around, and everybody involved is going to tell you that in 2020, they were

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Opening - Mr. Schoenstein

very focused on the COVID pandemic and how to deal with it.

Nobody was focused or concerned about this complaint that had
been made and dropped in November of 2019.

So, flashforward a year to November of 2020 where the COVID situation is stabilized somewhat, people are back to There is a doctor you will meet on the witness stand, work. Dr. Andrew Porges, who is the medical director for the department that Dr. Edelman worked at. And he had concerns. He had seen some of the patients she had seen, he had reviewed charts of other patients she had seen, and he had concerns about her treatment, her clinical care. He raised those by himself. Nobody told him to raise the issues, nobody asked him to look for them, he raised the issues because it was his job as medical director. He will tell you about that and he will show you specifically some of the patient records at issue and what he was concerned about, he'll show you. And he raised that issue. And as it happened, plaintiff's contract was up for renewal. So the administrator said write it down, write down your concerns, gather the documents we should look at, show it to us all, and that's what he did.

He'll tell you specifically, among other things, he had concerns that plaintiff was ordering way too many lab tests for her patients, just excessive amounts of testing. There were complaints from plaintiff's colleagues and patients, and even from x-ray technicians you'll hear about. There were

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Opening - Mr. Schoenstein

complaints about the treatment plans and that she was having patients come back way too often, more often than they needed. And Dr. Porges will tell you about that and tell you how concerned he was. And when asked to document and discuss his concerns, that's exactly what he did. And then he gave information to Mr. Rubin and Mr. Swirnow, and they spoke with him, and they also spoke to Dr. Goldberg. You'll hear about Dr. Goldberg. He was the clinical director and you'll hear his testimony, too.

The clinical director and the medical director and the administrators concluded that her clinical care did not reach the high standards of NYU and they decided not to renew her contract. They weren't firing her for cause, they were not renewing the contract. You'll read the contracts. They had a right every three years to renew or not renew and they decided to not renew. And you'll see, when you hear all the evidence, when you see all of the witnesses, you're going to know this wasn't retaliation for some fight about an office a year ago. You may agree with the decision, you may disagree with the decision, but you will see that it was not related to what had happened earlier. It was not retaliation.

So she was informed in December of 2020 that NYU was not renewing her contract, and in January of 2021, plaintiff filed this lawsuit and raised these issues about her treatment during the fight about the office space and about retaliation.

N7ACede3 Opening - Mr. Schoenstein

And she also raised the third issue that plaintiffs talked to you about, the Equal Pay Act. She said for the first time she wasn't paid fairly because male doctors were paid more. And with this issue and with all the legal issues in the case, your Honor will give you very extensive instructions at the end of the case about the law and how you figure out this kind of stuff, but I'm going to preview a little bit the evidence because the evidence is going to show that the differences in pay had nothing to do with the gender of the doctors. There were very significant differences between the doctors on those charts that they show you.

Now, you'll hear again from Mr. Rubin and Mr. Swirnow and they will tell you that gender never comes in as a factor in how to pay a doctor. None of that stuff comes in. They look at the business, they look at the doctors' credentials, they don't look at other factors.

You'll also hear, and I don't think this will surprise any of you, that NYU would like to have as many female doctors as possible. That is good business. That is what they want.

And you will hear, as I said a while ago, that plaintiff's salary was negotiated based on the economic data she provided, meaning that, in large part, she set her own salary by telling NYU how her practice was doing before she got there so they could figure out how much to pay her.

And it is true, some doctors are paid more than

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others. I'm sure you understand as a general matter going through life, sometimes people get paid differently. Someone more senior generally gets paid more than someone more junior. Someone with more experience or better credentials will get paid better than someone with less experience. A supervisor gets paid more than subordinates. I think these are common things we will agree on.

So plaintiff's going to point to these three specific doctors that are men and say she wasn't paid as much as them, but there are very good reasons for that. Two of the doctors on that list, Dr. Goldberg and Dr. Porges, are substantially senior to plaintiff. They were doctors while she was still in high school. They have years and years more experience than she did. Two of the doctors at issue came to NYU not from private practice at all, but from big medical institutions where they were already making big salaries that NYU had to compete with. And none of the other doctors, not Dr. Porges, not Dr. Goldberg, not Dr. Modi had debt that NYU was agreeing to assume. NYU took on way more risk and cost associated with hiring Dr. Edelman.

Dr. Goldberg, by the way, was a very well known medical professor on Long Island. He was recruited to be the first rheumatologist in NYU's Long Island office and to grow the practice. He's actually who recruited the plaintiff and was sort of her boss. And essentially, she is here now

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complaining she wasn't paid as much as her boss.

So we think the evidence will show that none of the three physicians were paid differently because they were men. There were very good reasons that they were paid slightly more. And that will cover all three aspects of the case that plaintiff laid out to you. Defendants did not create a hostile work environment or discriminate against plaintiff, it was a fight about office space. Defendants did not retaliate against plaintiff, her contract was not renewed because of substantial concerns about the way she practiced. And plaintiff was not paid less because she is a woman, there were other important distinctions between her and the doctors she's talking about.

Now, if you were to find liability on any of the theories in this case, as plaintiff alluded to, you would have to consider damages. Some of you may know this is a civil lawsuit, so if you find that the defendants are liable, then you have to figure out how much to pay the plaintiff and the Judge will explain to you detail by detail how to do that. But the evidence is going to show you the plaintiff didn't really sustain any economic damage. She got a new job right away down in Florida where, actually, she got a pay raise. And as far as we know, we'll ask her when she takes the stand, is still there practicing medicine on a partner track to be part of that firm making more money in Florida. She claims there was a difference between her salary and the other doctors, but as

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Opening - Mr. Schoenstein

I've said, there were good and valid reasons for that and that's not money she should recover. There are additional damages she will seek, the Judge will instruct you about those, and I'll talk to you more about that in closing argument. So just like the opening statements that just happened, plaintiff gets to go first, she gets to present her case.

So I just want to say two things about that.

One, for those of you who run, this is a marathon, not a sprint. There is no winner of a marathon until you get to the end. So I ask you to stay with us for the whole race, listen to plaintiff, of course, listen to us cross examine her, but listen to all of the other witnesses. Don't judge a book by its cover, don't read only three chapters of a book, read all the chapters. Take it all in and then you can make a I'm sure some of you who have experience with decision. litigation know just because somebody is accused of something does not mean they did it, and these defendants vehemently deny they did the things that this plaintiff says. So we're going to show you a lot of evidence, we'll try to get through it as expeditiously as possible. Eventually, I will come back up here for a closing argument, which might be a little longer, and I will reiterate these points.

I thank you very much for being here today and the days that come. I thank you on behalf of my team and my clients for paying attention and I look forward to talking to

Edelman - Direct

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you again in closing argument.
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               Thank you.
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               THE COURT: Thank you.
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               We've got a few minutes, why don't we start with the
     plaintiff's case.
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               Plaintiff, call your first witness.
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               MR. LABUDA: We're going to call Dr. Sari Edelman.
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               THE COURT: Doctor, please step up in the witness box,
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      remain standing, my courtroom deputy will administer the oath.
               Members of the jury, if you want to take a quick
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11
      stretch break, you're welcome to.
       SARI EDELMAN,
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13
           called as a witness by the Plaintiff,
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           having been duly sworn, testified as follows:
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               THE DEPUTY CLERK: Please state your full name for the
16
      record and spell out your first and last name.
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               THE WITNESS: It's Sari S-a-r-i, Edelman
18
      E-d-e-1-m-a-n.
               THE COURT: Ms. Edelman, you may be seated. Please
19
20
      try to keep your voice up, speak into the microphone.
21
               Counsel, you may inquire.
22
      DIRECT EXAMINATION
     BY MR. LABUDA:
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24
         Good afternoon, Dr. Edelman. What do you do for a living?
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          I am a rheumatologist, which is a type of doctor who
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- specializes in treating arthritis. I also treat autoimmune diseases. This, for people who aren't familiar with rheumatology, includes different types of diseases like lupus, rheumatoid arthritis, as well as some rarer conditions that a lot of people haven't heard about, like relapsing polychondritis, vasculitis. There are all different severities of the diseases I treat, some could be extremely severe and aggressive and need immediate treatment and care, and some are more chronic conditions like osteoarthritis and gout.
- 10 | Q. And did you go to college?

in actuarial science.

- A. Yes. I went to college in New York State up in Binghamton,
  New York. I followed my sister, who is also an alumni, and my
  younger sister followed me. I graduated in 1996 with honors,
  magna cum laude. I was a dual major in both English as well as
  mathematics. And I went on from Binghamton to pursue a career
  - Q. I would like to show you what's been marked as Exhibit 15 for identification.
- MR. KATAEV: Your Honor, I believe it's been admitted.

  Is it okay to publish to the jury?
  - THE COURT: Is any objection to Exhibit 15 being received? Why don't you post it for defense counsel and for the Court.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No objection, your Honor.
- 25 THE COURT: Exhibit 15 is received and may be

Edelman - Direct

1 | published to the jury.

Members of the jury, it should show up on your monitors. Sometimes it takes a minute or two.

(Plaintiff's Exhibit 15 received in evidence)

- Q. We were talking about SUNY Binghamton. With respect to after SUNY Binghamton, what did you do after you graduated there?
- A. So I was working in Manhattan as an actuary for a company called Watson Wyatt Worldwide. I was there for probably between one and two years, at which time I decided that I wanted to go back and pursue a career in medicine. I guess Q. Hold on one second. Let me ask you, what's an actuary? My sister is an actuary, but not everybody knows what an actuary is.
  - A. An actuary is a mathematician who works within corporations and does statistical analysis and programming.
  - Q. So then you were saying, before I rudely interrupted you, you said after doing that for two years, you decided --
  - A. I wanted to pursue a career in medicine, so I decided to apply for my post baccalaureate at NYU which is a specialized program to do all of your prerequisites to apply to medical school. So I spent a year at NYU taking all of my premed courses, which is orgo and biochem. I completed it in one year, it's typically a two-year program. Once that's completed, I worked at Saint Francis Hospital for a year, after

Edelman - Direct

- 1 | which I attended medical school.
- 2 | Q. And where did you attend medical school?
- 3 A. I went to the New York College of Osteopathic Medicine,
- 4 | which is in Old Westbury on Long Island, New York.
- 5 Q. Did you graduate there?
- 6 A. Yes, I did graduate from NYCOM. I graduated on the dean's
- 7 | list every semester.
- 8 | Q. And what year did you graduate?
- 9 A. I graduated from medical school in 2003.
- 10 | Q. And after you graduate from medical school, what was the
- 11 | next step in your professional career?
- 12 | A. So I obtained a residency position at Winthrop University
- 13 | Hospital NYU in Mineola where I attended for three years. And
- 14 | from there, I applied or I continued on to do my rheumatology
- 15 | fellowship at NYU Winthrop under the tutelage of Steve Carsons,
- 16 who is one of the world renowned experts in rheumatology.
- 17 | O. After you do your internal medicine residency, do you have
- 18 | to take any tests or anything like that?
- 19 A. Yes. So after you graduate or after I graduated from my
- 20 | internal medicine residency, I sat for the American Board of
- 21 Internal Medicine and I became board certified as an internist.
- 22 | And when I completed my fellowship in rheumatology, I passed my
- 23 | ABIM, or the American Board of Internal Medicine boards for
- 24 rheumatology.
- 25 | Q. When did you do that with respect to rheumatology boards?

Edelman - Direct

- A. That was completed in 2008. And then there's another round of recertification that is done approximately 10 years later, which I did while I was at NYU. So I'm board certified or recertified in both internal medicine and rheumatology.
  - Q. And is that something that you have to continue to recertify for during your career as a doctor?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. And that's, you said, approximately every 10 years or so?
- A. The guidelines have changed a little bit now. So based on when you were certified, it shifted a little bit. There's like different types of testing now.
- Q. Just briefly, what's the certification process?
- A. There are exams that you take. So you study and prepare and you go in, there's an online exam. It's several hours long over the course of a day and they ask you questions in every subspecialty in rheumatology.
- Q. And you have to pass the exam?
- 18 A. Yes, you have to pass to maintain your certification.
  - Q. Have you published any articles?
- 20 | A. During my fellowship, I was involved in a lot of research.
- 21 | My particular field that I was interested in through my
- 22 | fellowship was in cardiovascular health and autoimmune disease.
- 23 | I did research looking at different medications, including
- 24 cyclooxygenase inhibitors, which are a pain reliever medicine
- 25 and how it affects cholesterol transport, as well as

Edelman - Direct

Methotrexate. I'm published in Arthritis and Rheumatism, which is the largest and most recognized journal in rheumatology.

THE COURT: Dr. Edelman, can I ask you to try to go a teeny bit slower. It will be easier for the jury and I think the court reporter.

THE WITNESS: Sure.

THE COURT: Go ahead, counsel.

- Q. After you finished your rheumatology fellowship and were board certified, what did you do after that?
- A. So during my last year of fellowship, I decided that I wanted to go into private practice and I wanted to open my own office. I am one of four girls, and my mom was a business owner my whole life, and I have three sisters who are business owners and professionals, and that seemed like the next logical step for me, was to open my own office. I had a vision of making a space that was very comfortable and providing for patients. So I started to develop that business while I was in the end of my fellowship and then opened the office upon graduation.
- Q. Other than going to private practice, are there other fields that rheumatologists go into after they graduate from school, medical school?
- A. There are different tracks that you can take. Some people do an academic track where you work for a hospital and you spend some of your time teaching and educating the residents

Edelman - Direct

and fellows. And there is some clinic time, as well, where
you're taking care of and treating patients. Some people
choose to do more of a research track where they might work for
an industry like a big pharmaceutical company and there is more
limited patient care, maybe just to see your clinic, your trial
patients. And then there's clinical practice where the
majority of your time is dedicated to treating and taking care
of your patients. And for me, that's what drew me back into
medicine, was to take care of people and treat people. I loved
the problem solving of being a diagnostician in rheumatology
and I wanted 100 percent of my time focused into doing that.
Q. And so you were in private practice from 2008 until when?
A. Until 2014.
Q. And then just briefly, and we'll get into this in more
detail, but briefly, after being in private practice, where did
you work?

- A. So the private practice in 2014, my primary doctor,

  Dr. Mehta, we joined NYU Langone Faculty Group Practice, part

  of their ambulatory care center in Lake Success, New York.
- Q. And that was from 2014 until when?
- 21 A. Until May of 2021.
- 22 | Q. And then what did you do professionally after NYU?
- A. From that time to present, I'm working at Arthritis and
  Rheumatism, which is a private practice rheumatology group in
  Clearwater, Florida.

Edelman - Direct

- Q. Tell me a little bit about yourself, Dr. Edelman. Where were you born?
- 3 A. I was born in Queens, New York. I grew up on Long Island
- 4 | in East Meadow, New York. I met my husband in high school, at
- 5 | East Meadow High School and we went on to college together.
- 6 And when I went -- started medical school, we had just gotten
- 7 married and we started a family while I was in fellowship. And
- 8 | we have stayed and lived in New York our entire lives. So most
- 9 of my family is from New York. All of my sisters are living
- 10 presently in New York. And we raised our kids in Syosset, very
- 11 | close to my younger sister and all my nieces and nephews.
- 12 | Q. Do you have any other family, parents or anything like that
- 13 | in New York?
- 14 A. I have a very big family between my three sisters, lots of
- 15 | nieces and nephews, I think there's 19 of us all together.
- 16 | Both of my parents are in New York, as well, my mom and dad and
- 17 | my father-in-law and mother-in-law, as well as my
- 18 | sister-in-law, and my nieces and nephews with my sister-in-law.
- 19 Q. Do you have any kids?
- 20 A. I have two children.
- 21 | Q. What are their names?
- 22 | A. My daughter Lexi and my daughter Haley. Haley is 20 years
- 23 | old. She is presently going into her senior year of college.
- 24 And Lexi is 16 years old and she's a freshman in high school.
- 25 | Q. If you have any spare time, what do you do? This is not a

- 1 jury question.
- A. So I do enjoy gardening and I like to bake I'm not a very 2
- 3 good cook. And I really enjoy reading. I participate in a
- 4 book club whenever I can get a chance.
- 5 Q. So I want to turn back to the private practice. So you
- 6 said you had started that in 2008 with Dr. Kavini Mehta?
- 7 Α. Yes.
- 8 Q. How did you know Dr. Mehta?
- 9 A. Dr. Mehta and I both went to our fellowship program
- 10 together. She had completed one year prior to me and she went
- 11 into a practice on Long Island. When I was starting up going
- 12 into private practice, she had reached out to me and said that
- 13 she was unhappy at her present location and she would be
- 14 interested in going into partnership with me. So we went in
- 15 50/50 into the partnership for our business, which was called
- Rheumatology Associates of New York. 16
- 17 And that was in 2008? Ο.
- 18 That was in 2008 that we opened our doors for our very
- 19 first patient.
- 20 Where was that located, where was the offices?
- 21 The location was 1991 Marcus Avenue in Lake Success.
- 22 THE COURT: Mr. Labuda, it's just about 2 o'clock, so
- 23 when you get to a convenient breaking point, why don't we break
- 24 for the day.
- 25 MR. LABUDA: Sure.

- Q. Just briefly, describe the staff that you had there at your private practice.
- 3 A. So we had our admin staff, which was an office manager, as
- 4 | well as billing, and we had our reception team and we had
- 5 | medical assistants and we had infusion nurses. We had an
- 6 infusion suite, so we had nursing staff to support that.
- Q. When you started the practice in '08, how many patients did you have?
- 9 A. So we started with zero, we built it up. I remember going
- 10 door to door to physicians in the community to meet people and
- 11 | introduce ourselves. By the time we joined NYU in 2014, we had
- 12 | 6,000 patients approximately.
- 13 | Q. That's in about six years?
- 14 A. Six years, yes.
- 15 | Q. In the offices over at 1991, what was the setup in terms of
- 16 how you treated patients and did your business there?
- 17 | A. So we had designed the build-out. We met with architects.
- 18 The space that we had looked for for the office, it originally
- 19 | had no build-out at all, so we designed the space. It had a
- 20 | total of six exam rooms so each doctor can float three rooms to
- 21 see patients. We each had private consult rooms, as well, when
- 22 | we first met with our patients. We had our infusion suite, we
- 23 | had an area for phlebotomy, as well as our front desk waiting
- 24 room. It really was designed quite beautifully. We had very
- 25 | nice furniture and it felt more like a spa, which was the

Edelman - Direct

intent of what we had wanted. It felt very comfortable for our 1 2 patients. 3 THE COURT: It's now 2 o'clock. 4 MR. LABUDA: I will end now, your Honor, unless your 5 Honor -- I'll end now. THE COURT: I think 2 o'clock is the convenient 6 7 breaking time. Members of the jury, we're going to let you go for the 8 9 day. During the break, during the afternoon and evening, 10 please follow my instructions. Don't do any research about the 11 case, don't do any investigation, don't speak to anybody about 12 the case, no going on the internet about the case or issues 13 related to the case. We'll start again tomorrow morning at 14 9 o'clock and end by 2 o'clock. 15 As a reminder, please try to be here by 8:45 a.m. and we'll have breakfast for you at 8:30 for those who want to 16 17 partake in breakfast that we offer. 18 Have a good afternoon, everybody. 19 (Continued on next page) 20 21 22 23 24 25

1	(Jury not present)
2	THE COURT: Dr. Edelman, you may step down.
3	You may all be seated.
4	Anything from plaintiff before we break for the day?
5	MR. KATAEV: I have one thing. It's very hard to see
6	the witness with the computer in front of her. When we get
7	back tomorrow morning, is it okay for me to adjust it so that
8	she's more visible?
9	THE COURT: I think that's fine. Just work with my
10	courtroom deputy and with defense counsel. Get here early in
11	order to do that.
12	Anything else from defendants?
13	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Not for the Court, your Honor. We
14	need to discuss with opposing counsel some witness scheduling
15	issues and hope they can do that afterwards.
16	THE COURT: I have got parties here on my next case,
17	so maybe what you'll do is there's a witness room out back, why
18	don't you meet back there if you collect your stuff.
19	Who is the next witness going to be?
20	MR. KATAEV: It will be Dr. Kavini Mehta, your Honor.
21	THE COURT: See you all tomorrow by 8:45 a.m.
22	(Adjourned to July 11, 2023 at 8:45 a.m.)
23	* * *
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N7BCede1 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 1 SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK 2 DR. SARI EDELMAN, 3 Plaintiff, 4 21 Civ. 502 (LJL) 5 ٧. 6 NYU LANGONE HEALTH SYSTEM, et al., 7 Defendants. 8 Trial New York, N.Y. 9 July 11, 2023 9:00 a.m. 10 Before: 11 HON. LEWIS J. LIMAN, 12 District Judge 13 -and a Jury-14 **APPEARANCES** 15 MILMAN LABUDA LAW GROUP PLLC 16 Attorneys for Plaintiff 17 BY: JOSEPH M. LABUDA EMANUEL S. KATAEV 18 TARTER KRINSKY & DROGIN LLP 19 Attorneys for Defendants BY: RICHARD C. SCHOENSTEIN 20 RICHARD L. STEER INGRID J. CARDONA 21 22 23

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(In open court; jury not present) 1 THE COURT: We've got the jurors here. 2 Is there anything the plaintiff has before we bring 3 the jurors in? 4 5 MR. KATAEV: No, your Honor. THE COURT: What about from defendants? 6 7 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Nothing from us, your Honor. 8 THE COURT: Two things I want to put on the record 9 just briefly. It occurred to me as I was going through the 10 voir dire that I should mention that I have a daughter who goes 11 to NYU undergraduate, she's not receiving any kind of financial 12 aid to my knowledge, she has no interest in medicine. I've 13 considered the question of whether it presents any kind of 14 conflict or appearance issue. I don't believe that it does, 15 but parties are free to mention to me if they think that it does, I thought I would just mention it. 16 17 The other thing is that in terms of the charge 18 conference, we would do that at 2:30 today. So we'll finish 19 with the jury at 2 o'clock, I'll give you a half an hour break, 20 and we'll come back for the charge conference. Make sense from the plaintiff's perspective? 21 22 MR. LABUDA: Yes, your Honor. 23 THE COURT: And from defendants' perspective? 24 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: That's fine, your Honor. 25 Do you have something between 2:00 and 2:30? Do we

1	need to clear off?
2	THE COURT: No, you can use the courtroom.
3	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Appreciate it.
4	THE COURT: All right. Let's have the witness take
5	the stand.
6	MR. LABUDA: And I can take the podium?
7	THE COURT: You'll stand where you are and then you'll
8	move to the podium once the jury comes in.
9	MR. LABUDA: Okay.
10	THE COURT: Let's bring the jury in.
11	(Continued on next page)
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(Jury present) 1 THE COURT: Good morning, members of the jury. I hope 2 you all had a pleasant afternoon or pleasant evening. Welcome 3 back. We'll continue with the testimony of Dr. Edelman. 4 Dr. Edelman you're reminded you're still under oath. 5 Counsel, you may inquire. 6 7 MR. LABUDA: Thank you. 8 SARI EDELMAN, resumed. DIRECT EXAMINATION CONTINUED 9 BY MR. LABUDA: 10 11 Q. Good morning, Dr. Edelman. 12 Α. Good morning. 13 When we broke yesterday, we were talking about your private Q. 14 practice. And then I wanted to ask you, when you started the 15 private practice, you indicated you started with zero patients. 16 How is it that you were able to start the practice without any 17 type of revenue stream in the beginning? 18 We acquired a small business loan, my husband and I 19 collateralized the house for the loan and we used that money to 20 purchase the build-out of the space, to buy the office 21 equipment, the early inventory to treat patients, as well as to 22 cover the first year of salaries. 23 And when you talk about the build-out, what do you mean by Q. 24 that?

The office space was an empty blank space. There was

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not -- there was no -- there were no flooring, no lighting. So it included putting the entire -- putting in bathrooms, exam rooms, building out the waiting room, the front desk. We did everything from going over to the granite yard and picking granite to put on the front desk when we walked in, to putting up the signage for the office up front. We had a custom sign so that when you came into the building, it was on the first floor. It was a huge glass window that you could see "Rheumatology Associates of New York." We went to purchase our furniture in Manhattan. We got beautiful waiting room chairs that the patients could be super comfortable on. We got all high-end equipment for the exam rooms. Let me remind the witness, if you could slow down a little Q. bit just for the jury and for the court stenographer, as well. Thank you. Α. Sorry. Q. So with respect to the build-out of the space, did you have to hire any contractors to perform that work for you? Α. Yeah, there were contractors. There was an architect that

- A. Yeah, there were contractors. There was an architect that worked with us, and we also worked with a designer who helped
- with choosing all of the different textiles to use in the
- 22 office.

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- 23 Q. Did you pay for those services for the contractor?
- 24 | A. Yes.
  - Q. Was that from the business loan?

1 | A. Yes.

- Q. And with respect to the practice before you joined NYU, how was the practice doing?
- A. So the practice was doing very well. We had buildup from no patients up to 6,000 patients. We were busy, we had a wait list going out -- to get in as a new patient was out two, three months. We had a very strong referral basis from a lot of doctors in the community. We were one of the first tenants in the 1991 Marcus Avenue location. And from the time that we started in that space to when we joined NYU, it was now filled with other tenants and we had referrals from the gastroenterology office across the hall, from the oncology offices in the other buildings, as well as the cardiology suites. There was an OB/GYN downstairs, which is obstetrics and gynecology. We were doing very nicely.
- Q. And before you moved on to NYU, were you affiliated with any other group?
- A. Yeah, there was a short period of time where we had an affiliation with Nassau Radiology. They are a radiology group that was on Long Island that affiliated with different multi-specialists for a period of time. So we had joined with them and they had done some of the billing for our group so that we could put in for higher insurance rates as being part of a larger group for reimbursements.
- Q. And were you under contract with that group?

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A. Yes.

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- Q. And when that contract ended, that's when you joined NYU?
- A. Yes.
  - Q. And with that group, when you were with that group before you joined NYU, did you understand any type of financial distress they were under, had they filed for bankruptcy or anything like that?
  - A. No, they had not filed for bankruptcy. Our decision to move over to NYU occurred after Dr. Goldberg approached us and had said that NYU was looking to expand a rheumatology group for NYU within the 1991 Marcus Avenue locations.
  - Q. Just to be clear, who reached out to whom about joining NYU?
  - A. Dr. Goldberg reached out to Dr. Mehta and myself.
  - Q. Dr. Goldberg at that point in time was working for NYU?

I believe he had just joined or he was about to join. So

- he was working at the 1999 Marcus Avenue suite. There's two buildings at Marcus Avenue, they're sister buildings, they're almost identical. So he was in the first floor oncology suite when he first started. He was the first rheumatologist brought on board at that location by NYU. And we had a strong working
- relationship with the hematology oncology group in that office
- where he was working. So he was well aware of our practice in
- the building next door and I think that's what prompted him to
- 25 reach out to us.

Q.	And when	he reach	ed out t	o you a	about jo	oining	NYU,	what	was
your	reaction, I	guess yo	ur partn	er's rea	action,	Dr. Me	ehta?		

A. It was something that we were going to strongly consider. We were very familiar with NYU as an entity. Dr. Mehta and I both trained at Winthrop University Hospital, which also had an affiliation with Nassau University Medical Center, which was more like a county hospital. And during our time working at that hospital, we had worked closely with some of the doctors at NYU. They would come down from the rheumatology group at NYU, they would come down to see patients for their clinics. We were comfortable with them from our fellowship from doing research. So there was a draw to be part of that.

We were also interested in this concept that was presented to us by Dr. Goldberg of the musculoskeletal center which was going to mimic what was in Manhattan. So this would be more like a bone and joint center. So he discussed with us a concept where we would have a rheumatology group, a suite, and there would also be orthopedics on site. There would be on-site radiology, an ultrasound technician, and there would be a nice collaboration as a musculoskeletal center. So that piqued our interest, as well.

- Q. And other than NYU, were there any other avenues that you were considering when this other contract was expiring?
- A. We were at the time. There was a group of rheumatologists on Long Island who was looking to form a supergroup, so for

rheumatologists all across the state to join to try to have power in numbers for negotiating insurance contracts. So we had had a meeting with those doctors. I think we might have met with them twice. So we were in discussions about that.

We had also met with another hospital -- another healthcare

We had also met with another hospital -- another healthcare organization, ProHealth at the time. And we were, also, you know, contemplating also going back to our individual self-practice where we wouldn't be affiliated, you know, with someone else's tax ID.

- Q. After Dr. Goldberg approached you about joining NYU, did you take any further steps about working with NYU and affiliating with NYU?
- A. So we did. He put us in touch with a recruiter from NYU.

  Her name was Marianna and we had had some discussions with her, we had some meetings at that time. So she had explained some other benefits about joining the organization. There would be the ability to offer our employees benefits for medical insurance, there would be retirement benefits for ourselves, as well, as well as they would do a lot of administrative responsibilities. And for Dr. Mehta and I, we had younger children at the time, and that was an incentive maybe for work-life balance.
- Q. After you spoke with Marianna several times, did you take any further steps about affiliating with NYU?
- A. So we arranged for a meeting to meet with Mr. Rubin and

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- Mr. Swirnow at Park Avenue in Manhattan.
  - Q. This is Mr. Andrew Rubin and Joshua Swirnow?
- A. Yes.

- Q. And so you arranged for a meeting with them. What happened at this meeting, do you have any recollection of when that meeting took place?
- 7 A. I don't know the exact date that it took place.
  - Q. So why don't you tell us what happened during that meeting, what was said?
  - A. So when we went into the offices and we first walked into the offices, the first thing that Mr. Andrew Rubin had said when he had first seen us was, "oh, you're women," and I remember kind of being taken aback. We went, we sat down in the chair and we began to, you know, sit down and discuss, you know, potentially joining the organization.
  - Q. And were there any discussions at that time in terms of the economics or somewhat better details of the affiliation, employment?
  - A. Yes. So some of that discussion was about the economics. I believe that Dr. Mehta and I had wanted a salary around \$260,000. We were definitely interested in the benefits packaging for retirement. What we discussed was we wanted all of our staff to be brought over, as well, and for them to maintain their salaries, as well, and to have the ability for medical benefits. We discussed that they would assume our

lease if we went into this agreement. We had had a 20-year lease that we signed when the building first opened. It was an excellent rate. It was probably one of the lowest rates because we were one of the first tenants in. And that was something during those discussions, I think, that was attractive to them because they really weren't looking to expand their footprint on Long Island and we had a prime real estate for them in that building, which was where they were building out and expanding their other groups, as well.

- Q. And was there discussions about them taking over the lease that you had in your private practice?
- A. Yes.

- Q. And was there any discussions about the benefit of taking over that lease, other than I think you had said the beneficial rent rates that you had, was there anything else that was a benefit that you discussed with them about them taking over the lease?
- A. So the space was completely built out. We were already functioning and working out of it, we had all of our equipment there, so there was no additional cost at that point to NYU for us to continue to be in that space and move forward.
- Q. So you had some costs in and they were taking it over without in-costs?
- 24 | A. Yes.
  - Q. And was there also discussion about them seamlessly taking

over the medical equipment, the furniture, exam rooms and 1 everything like that? 2 Yes, everything would stay pretty much exactly the same. 3 The only, probably, major difference for our day-to-day 4 5 practice was that NYU was building -- and I'm not sure at that 6 point, it might not have been completed, but in the 1999 7 building right next door, they were building something called 8 an Article 28 space, it might have been up already, which is an 9 infusion center. So that is a place where patients go to get like IV infusions for medications, but it's billed out because 10 11 it's deemed a hospital space. So it's billed out at hospital 12 rates. So NYU was interested, you know, in our practice 13 particularly because rheumatology does a lot of infusion 14 services. So they were recruiting practices like our own for 15 infusion services for that suite. So that piece of it, because we had had our own infusion chairs in our office, our patients 16 17 would be referred next door to their suite so that way they 18 would get higher rates for our infusible services. 19 Q. And with respect to the loan, you still had a business loan outstanding at the time that you were in discussions with NYU; 20 21 is that correct? 22 Α. That's correct. And was there any discussions about what would happen with 23 Q. that loan? 24

So NYU said that they would assume the loan for the

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1	build-out of the space, knowing that they were getting our	
2	office fully built out and that would be theirs for future use.	
3	Q. And I know you had mentioned that you had asked initially	
4	for a salary of \$260,000. Do you have any recollection of what	
5	your salary was that you were giving yourselves in the private	
6	practice?	
7	A. I think it was around \$200,000.	
8	Q. Were there any discussions, emails, email discussions about	
9	the negotiations, the contract negotiations?	
10	A. So yes, there were. There were multiple emails. After	
11	that initial meeting at Park Avenue, there were the rest of	
12	the negotiation was done via email. So there were multiple	
13	emails that went back and forth between myself, Dr. Mehta,	
14	Mr. Swirnow, and Mr. Rubin. And I believe that Jon there	
15	was a Mr. Jonathan Crow, as well, who might have been involved	
16	in some of those emails.	
17	Q. I'm going to show you what's been marked into evidence	
18	as I'm going to show you what's been marked as exhibit 11	
19	and it's	
20	MR. KATAEV: Publish to the witness and the Court.	
21	THE COURT: You can show it to the witness and to	

THE COURT: You can show it to the witness and to counsel. You don't have to ask permission if you just want to show it to the witness.

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MR. LABUDA: Yes. There is another document that we agreed is in evidence.

1	THE COURT: Is that so? Maybe you can tell me which		
2	exhibits you've agreed on as in evidence, otherwise you'll		
3	offer them and the other side will tell me if they've got an		
4	objection.		
5	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No objection.		
6	THE COURT: Exhibit 11 is received.		
7	(Plaintiff's Exhibit 11 received in evidence)		
8	MR. KATAEV: May I publish it to the jury?		
9	THE COURT: You may publish it to the jury.		
10	Q. If you look on what's marked as D73, I think it's the third		
11	page of this exhibit, at the top there is an email that your		
12	partner Kavini Mehta wrote to Joshua Swirnow on August 4th,		
13	2014 at 5:25 p.m.; correct?		
14	A. Yes. I'll correct that we wrote the email together at the		
15	same time, it was just sent from her email and it's signed from		
16	both of us.		
17	THE COURT: Can the jurors make it out? It's small.		
18	Okay.		
19	MR. LABUDA: If you can scroll down to the next page,		
20	please.		
21	Q. Can you read the section about "We were a brand new startup		
22	practice."		
23	A. We wrote that we were a brand new startup practice. The		
24	loan was paid to use office overhead. This included rent for		
25	the office space, the office build-out, furniture, which was		

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1	for five exam rooms, one bone density machine, three consult		
2	rooms, a lab area, a break room, and the reception area, as		
3	well as a waiting room, buying and leasing equipment, bone		
4	density machine and leasing the musculoskeletal sonogram and		
5	printer/fax.		
6	Q. And for providing this space that had already been built		
7	out, what was your understanding what NYU was doing with		
8	respect to your loans?		
9	A. They were assuming the loan in exchange for this. And I		
10	believe it's in our contract, as well, that's how it's stated		
11	on our contracts.		
12	Q. Let's actually get to your contract.		
13	I'm going to show you what's been marked for identification		
14	as exhibit 8.		
15	THE COURT: Is there an agreement that 8 is in		
16	evidence?		
17	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No objection.		
18	THE COURT: I take it you're offering 8?		
19	MR. LABUDA: Yes, we're offering 8.		
20	THE COURT: 8 is received.		
21	(Plaintiff's Exhibit 8 received in evidence)		
22	MR. KATAEV: Publishing to the jury.		
23	THE COURT: You may publish to the jury.		
24	Q. This is a copy of your contract that you had with NYU back		

in 2014; is that correct?

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A. That's correct.

- Q. Now, with respect to just jumping back with the contract negotiations, who was involved in negotiating the economic terms with NYU?
- A. So Dr. Mehta and I did that ourselves. We talked amongst ourselves. After the contracts were drawn up and we got the final drafts, we consulted with an attorney who was a family member just to review some of the language in the contract. We didn't have any assistance in negotiating the terms for our salaries.
- Q. So your attorney wasn't involved in speaking to NYU about negotiating the --
- A. Not at all. It was a family member and it wouldn't have been appropriate for us to have those conversations with that person.
- Q. This document is dated September 5th, 2014. Do you see that?
- 18 | A. Yes.
  - Q. Do you remember when you actually started with NYU?
- A. So we started with NYU, I believe it was December of 2014
  or January of 2014. Both of our contracts I think were
  slightly different because Dr. Mehta was pregnant, so I think
  she started a month later after she delivered.
  - THE COURT: Excuse me. You said "December of 2014 or January of 2014."

THE WITNESS: Sorry. January of 2015.

Q. So if you scroll down, we'll go through each one of these.

In terms of the second page, it has a section about "Space."

can you read that, please.

- A. It says: "Space. Space provided to you for your NYU Langone Medical Center responsibilities is for performing services for NYU Langone Medical Center only. You may not use such space for purposes of any other organizations, unless approved in writing by the dean of the School of Medicine."
- Q. What did you understand that to mean in terms of the space for you?
- A. That I would be provided a space to do my consultation work when patients came in to see me to have a consult room, to meet with the patient first, as well as examination rooms, and that the space was for me, that I would have space. The email correspondence during our negotiations, we had a very clear understanding that we would -- Dr. Mehta and myself, being that we had had consult rooms presently, that if there would be a change in space later, that we would each have our own consult rooms as long as we were full-time employees.
- Q. And who was that email correspondence with?
- A. That was with Mr. Joshua Swirnow.
- Q. And just so I understand, when you started with NYU, where were you located?
- A. We stayed in our 1991 Marcus Avenue location. When we

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- started, I don't know the approximate time we had stayed there, but the new space that they were building in the 1999 space wasn't complete, so we were at the 1991 space probably for a year-plus.
- Q. So you didn't have to -- there was no moving whatsoever.
- 6 Did you even have to change keys?
  - A. No.

- Q. No change, it was seamless?
- A. Right.
- Q. Friday you were working for your private practice, Monday you worked for NYU?
  - A. Yes. They came in and they changed the sign. So they changed it from Rheumatology Associates of New York and they put up the NYU Rheumatology sign in the front. And our electronic medical record was Epic at the time, which was the same electronic medical record as NYU, but we did have to switch over to their system. So that was changed over. They did send in some people for training, I believe, for a short period, but my staff was pretty much already trained on it.
  - Q. And above that in Section 3, it references "Benefits."

    What benefits did you have when you worked at NYU, other than let's say your compensation?
- A. So we had an expense of \$3,000, which was for going to conferences or paying for societies. We had retirement benefits. So we had a match, they had a 10-percent match of

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1	your salary each year, which was not based on my contribution,	
2	they just they matched up to 10 percent. So if you were	
3	making \$200,000 a year, they put in \$20,000 for you. There was	
4	an additional pension fund that you could put money into. I	
5	think it was called a 403B. And then there was also the 401D	
6	that you could put in based on the maximal allowable, you know,	
7	what the government allowed each year, which changed, which	
8	could be \$18,000 or whatever it was.	
9	Q. And I just want to clarify, the first retirement vehicle	
10	you were talking about, you mentioned matching. Did you have	
11	to put money into that retirement account or was that something	
12	that NYU put in solely?	
13	A. I believe they matched it to what I put in. So if I put in	
14	the 20, they put in the other 20. So it was \$40,000 a year tax	
15	free.	
16	Q. Let's go down to page 46.	
17	MR. KATAEV: D46?	
18	MR. LABUDA: D46, yes.	
19	Q. You received an academic appointment at NYU; is that	
20	correct?	
21	A. Yes.	
22	Q. And what was your appointment?	
23	A. It's an assistant professor of medicine.	
24	Q. And you were a faculty member at the NYU School of	

Medicine; is that correct?

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1	A. Yes, and you're considered a staff physician.
2	MR. LABUDA: And if you want to scroll down to
3	page D49, please.
4	Q. At for being employed at NYU and providing services, you
5	received compensation; correct?
6	A. Yes.
7	Q. And I think you had said you had asked for a \$260,000.
8	Ultimately, the agreed upon amount was \$207,000; is that right?
9	A. Yes.
10	Q. And that was to provide clinical services?
11	A. Yes, it was 100 percent clinical services, which would be
12	outpatient, seeing patients. We did have some hospitals, as
13	well. So we had privileges at the hospital. So we did see
14	some patients at Winthrop as well as Northwell.
15	MR. LABUDA: And if you scroll down to Section 49,
16	expenses.
17	Q. I think this was what you were referring to before in terms
18	of \$3,000 for expenses?
19	A. That's correct, yes.
20	MR. LABUDA: If you move to D50, please.
21	Q. This is where it lists your faculty appointment as clinical
22	assistant professor in the department of medicine; is that
23	right?

And the academic track is clinical, and it's a nontenured

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Yes.

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- That's correct. Α. 2
  - MR. LABUDA: If you scroll down to the bottom of this page.
    - Your employment status, your employment title was staff physician?
  - A. That's correct.
    - Q. And your employment status was full-time; correct?
  - A. That's correct.
    - MR. LABUDA: And if you go to D51.
- Q. At the top of it, this was for a three-year term; correct? 11
- Α. 12 Yes.
- 13 So you were employed by NYU from December of 2014 until, Q. that would be December of 2017; is that right? 14
- A. Yes. 15
- 16 Q. And below it, it says unless in the renewal, unless this 17 agreement is explicitly renewed in writing, if you continue to 18 provide services following the expiration of this agreement,

you will become an employee at will. Do you see that?

20 Α. Yes.

19

- Q. Did you have any understanding what that meant?
- 22 Α. Yes. My understanding is if they don't -- if your contract 23 isn't renewed, then basically after that, anything in this 24 contract is not in existence. They can be let go just because.
- 25 And then below that is a termination for cause. Do you see Q.

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1 | that?

- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 Q. And they list reasons why, during the term of the contract,
- 4 you could be terminated; correct?
  - A. Yes, that's correct.
- 6 Q. And that includes intentional acts of fraud, breach of
- 7 NYU's code of conduct, intentional disclosure of patient
- 8 | information, breach of your obligations under this agreement,
- 9 | intentional violation of NYU conflict of interest policies, and
- willful and continued failure to substantially perform your
- 11 | duties for NYU; correct?
- 12 | A. That's correct.
- 13 Q. So those are the reasons why NYU, during your term, could
- 14 | terminate you; correct?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 Q. Below that, there's a reference in the second to last line,
- it says: "Failure to meet your performance standards or
- objectives by itself does not constitute cause." Do you see
- 19 | that?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 Q. Do you have any understanding of what that meant?
- 22 A. Yes. That was something that our attorney revised or
- addended our contract to include meaning that if you don't
- 24 necessarily meet a performance standard, like at a given time,
- 25 | that they couldn't terminate you for that, it had to be for the

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- MR. LABUDA: If you turn to page D52, please.
- 3 Q. There is a section called clinical responsibilities. Do
- 4 you see that?

2

- A. Yes.
- 6 Q. And you were part of the NYU Langone Nassau Rheumatology
- 7 | faculty group practice; is that right?
- 8 | A. That's correct. And NYU, throughout the contract, has many
- 9 titles and names of pieces of the organization that we're
- 10 | listed under. So this is one of the entities, the faculty
- 11 group practice.
- 12 | Q. And below that is FGP Expectations. Do you see that?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 Q. And for your services, you were to provide clinical patient
- care in the specialty of rheumatology on a full-time basis;
- 16 | correct?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 | Q. That's what they hired you to do; correct?
- 19 A. Yes, they hired me to do clinical outpatient rheumatology
- 20 on a full-time basis.
- 21 | Q. And again, it references your salary and there's a
- 22 reference to a work RVU. Do you see that?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 Q. What is a work RVU?
- 25 A. So a work RVU is a relative value unit. It's a measure

that assigns a point system for each of the services that you 1 2

provided medicine. The main values are through the Medicare

sites or through the government. They're published and changed

yearly.

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So, to give examples, if were you to do like a followup visit or a 99213, there would be a work RVU value assigned of like 1.2. And these are just made up numbers because there are a lot of numbers, so I couldn't give you exacts, but every time you provide a service, there is a work RVU assigned to that service. So whether it be seeing a patient in followup, seeing a new patient consult, doing a procedure like if you do a joint injection, if you do something like -- like sometimes certain procedures with, like, a musculoskeletal ultrasound might have a work RVU assigned to it.

- Were these -- I'm going to call them RVUs, just to save a Q. half a second.
- 17 A. Sure.

Α.

- Q. So with these RVUs, did NYU keep track of these?
- standards. So every month at the end of the month, you would get an email with your measures showing you exactly, broken

Yes. So this is how they measured your performance

22 down by each code, how many RVUs, and then you've got a summary

23 for the end of the month together so you could see where you

24 were at.

> Q. When you say you got them, were they emailed to you or sent

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1	to you or something like that?
2	A. They were sent through an email. So there was a specific
3	person in the organization who was responsible for that who
4	sent it every month.
5	Q. I'm going to ask you to look at exhibit 89 and specifically
6	page 311, but let's just look at I'm going to have you look
7	at 89 for identification.
8	MR. KATAEV: Your Honor, there is no dispute as to
9	admissibility.
10	THE COURT: I'm going to hear from one lawyer. I'm
11	only go to hear from one lawyer during the examinations.
12	Go ahead, Mr. Labuda.
13	MR. LABUDA: We're offering this exhibit.
14	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No objection.
15	THE COURT: 89 is received.
16	(Plaintiff's Exhibit 89 received in evidence)
17	MR. KATAEV: Publishing.
18	THE COURT: That rule also applies to objections. So
19	one lawyer makes objections, one lawyer does the examination.
20	Go ahead.
21	MR. LABUDA: Understood.
22	Q. If you look at page 311 of this document, can you just
23	briefly describe what this page is showing.
24	A. This is a summary of everything that I had done by month
25	from September looks like from June of 2019 — so that's in

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the first column — to November of 2019. It breaks it down by each visit or procedure. So the CPT code is just the code that's assigned for whatever the service is.

So the first one, like arthrocentesis of a small joint is a joint injection. Going down, each one is for an intermediate joint or like a larger joint or a major joint, which is an even bigger joint like a knee or a hip. There's, for other procedures like ganglion cysts and for things like vaccinations is on here. If you do an injection, like a steroid injection in the office or sometimes you can give other types of medication injections. There's for each of the visits, so there's different levels for new as well as established. So those are the codes that go down from 99203 down to 99245. And if you look out to the right, it tells you for each month how many you did, it tells you your average of each type of procedural code, and then it tells you on the end, the last column summarizes for each one what the value is.

- Q. And this was provided to you each month by NYU while you worked there; is that right?
- 20 | A. Yes.

- Q. And that continued on until you stopped working in May of 2021; is that right?
- A. Yes. So what you'll see on this is that for each month on the summaries at the bottom, that my target RVU for my contract is -- I believe it's 4996. So each month, what I'm looking at

1	when this is emailed to me, am I meeting my target so by the		
2	end of the year, I'm going to meet my productivity standards.		
3	I know this is medicine and I'm a doctor and you don't like to		
4	think like this, but this is how I'm contracted, so I do have		
5	to look at it and make sure that I am billing appropriately to		
6	continue to practice with NYU.		
7	Q. Let's just jump back to exhibit 8 then. If you go back to		
8	that page, D52, the reference there is the target 4966, that		
9	was your RVU target?		
10	A. Yes.		
11	Q. That was set by NYU; is that right?		
12	A. Yes.		
13	Q. There is a section below that about a 1 percent		
14	productivity incentive compensation. Do you see that?		
15	A. Yes.		
16	Q. And how did that work?		
17	A. These are this is an excerpt provision they put for		
18	bonus. So if you go above, you would get a bonus payment for		
19	every 1 percent above the 4996.		
20	Q. So if you had a productivity if you had an additional		
21	10 percent of your RVUs, you would get an additional 10 percent		
22	of your pay; is that right?		
23	A. Yes.		
24	MR. LABUDA: Could we scroll down further.		

You have hospital responsibilities on page 53. Do you see

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1	that	section?
2	A.	Yes.
3	Q.	And it says in here, all attending physicians at NYU
4	Hos	pital Center are required to perform their responsibilities
5	set f	forth in the hospital responsibilities at NYU Center as set
6	forth	n in various links. Do you see that?
7	A.	Yes.
8	Q.	You understood that you, as an attending physician, were
9	requ	uired to perform those responsibilities?
10	A.	Yes.
11	Q.	Was it your understanding from this section that that
12	applied to all the physicians?	
13	A.	Yes.
14		MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Leading.
15		THE COURT: Sustained.
16	Q.	What was your understanding as to the application of this
17	clau	se to the other rheumatologists in your group?
18		MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Foundation.
19		THE COURT: Sustained.
20	Q.	Let's look at page 55. Is there a section for sublease?
21		You had talked before about the sublease. Can you just
22	brie	fly can you read this section for me, please.
23	A.	"In connection with this agreement, upon commencement date,
24	NYU	J will accept an assignment and assumption (the "Assignment")
25	of th	ne current lease for your office. You represent to NYU

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that you have substantially complied with the terms set forth 1 2 in current lease for the office, and that you are not aware of any default by the landlord. As of the commencement date, NYU 3 shall assume or sublease all of the office leases, equipment 4 5 leases, utility contracts, maintenance contracts, service 6 contracts, and similar contracts relating to the day-to-day 7 operations of the practice, including outstanding loan payments 8 on your business loan for the build-out of the practice." 9 Q. And this is a section where they're assuming the loan 10 payments that you used for the build-out of the practice? 11 A. Yes. 12 Q. And do you have any recollection about the amount of the 13 outstanding loans when you started working for NYU and they 14 assumed that business loan? 15 Α. So the majority of it was paid off because we only had 16 about three years left on it. So --17 Q. It was -- how long was the loan? 18 A. It was a 10-year SBA. So we started the practice in 2008 19 and it was 2014. The loan was being paid all along. There was 20 no default on the loan. 21 Q. How long was the lease for, how many years were remaining 22 when you started working for NYU and they assumed the lease? 23 The lease went to 2028. It's actually still in effect and Α.

And I think you said -- so you continued working at the

NYU is using this space for another medical group.

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Q.

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same office suite that was in 1991 Marcus Avenue; is that right?

A. Yes.

- Q. And when you started working for NYU, what was the setup in terms of offices and medical rooms, was there any change or anything like that?
- A. Are you referring to in the 1991 space?
  - Q. Yeah, when you first started working at NYU.
  - A. So nothing really changed. Like Mehta had her own consult office, I had my own consult office. We had a third consult office which we subleased part-time to a pain physician. We had our infusion suite. We had six exam rooms so we could each float three exam rooms at a time. We had another specialized exam room which had a capability for disabilities. So the chair went all the way down if someone needed to transfer from a wheelchair. We had the front desk, the waiting room, and we had a phlebotomy area. So everything stayed exactly the same.
  - Q. And you said you had built up the practice to about 6,000 patients. Were there any patients that followed you to NYU when you started working for them?
  - A. I would say the vast majority followed us. We were in the same location, the same spot. I think for most of our patients until the sign changed, they didn't have any -- they weren't aware that we were now part of NYU.
  - Q. And in terms of the work that you performed, was there any

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change in the work that you performed in private practice 1 2 versus when you started working at NYU? So in terms of the clinical work inpatient care, no, it was 3 all exactly the same. Patients come in, we see our patients, 4 5 we do our procedures. Some of the administrative work shifted 6 because now we were sending things out differently for billing 7 and our staff was reporting for different administrative duties 8 through the organization, like certain classes and things they 9 have to take and comply with. 10 Q. And were there any hours, office hours or anything like 11 that that were set at NYU? 12 So NYU didn't set any specific hours, we continued our 13

- hours that were already in place. So we would see patients Monday, Tuesdays, and Thursdays 9:00 to 5:00, sometimes it would be 8:00 to 4:00 based on Dr. Mehta and myself, our schedules. On Wednesdays we would do what we call our late night. So we would start hours at 11:00 and we could see patients until 9:00 p.m. And in the morning on Wednesdays, we would attend the hospital, run rounds over at Winthrop NYU, which is an educational conference for doctors. On Fridays I think the hours ended a little bit sooner by 3 o'clock.
- Q. Was there any type of work that you did specifically on Fridays, generally?
- Α. So over time, when we first started, we had zero patients. So if someone wanted appointments on Fridays, of course we used

our Fridays for office hours, but as we built and got busier, 1 2 we needed an administration day, which is common for a lot of 3 doctors to take one day a week where you're doing other types of admin duties, which, for a physician, that means, you know, 4 5 reviewing labs, radiology, calling other doctors, it could be 6 writing notes, it could be doing research, it could be taking 7 classes that are required by the hospital, it could be taking 8 your own CME, which is your continuing medical education 9 credits. So over time, the work we shifted and the Friday 10 became an admin day. We also used the Fridays as a float day. 11 Dr. Mehta and I both having young children, sometimes if there 12 was an event or something that came up and we needed to cancel 13 patients on a Tuesday, we would open our Friday hours again so 14 we could continue to see patients timely. 15 Q.

Q. And when you started with NYU, how many doctors were there in the rheumatology group practice?

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- A. So when we first joined, there was Dr. Avram Goldberg and myself and Dr. Mehta, and Dr. Porges joined on or about the same time that we joined, I don't know his exact contract date, with Dr. Brancato, who is his part-time associate.
- Q. So in the very beginning when you moved over there, it was you and Dr. Mehta and Dr. Avram Goldberg; is that right?
- A. When we first, like, signed, when we were in 1991, yes.
- Q. And were there any part-time doctors when you started?
- A. Dr. Brancato was part-time when Dr. Porges came on board.

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	Q.	And then when	you stopped working i	in 2021, how ma	ny
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- full-time and part-time doctors were there at NYU?
- So at that time, there was -- there was Dr. Goldberg, Dr. Porges, myself, Dr. Mehta, who were all full-time. And then there was part-time. They brought on Dr. Bill Given, and then they brought on Dr. Li, and Dr. Brancato continued to be part-time. So I believe there were seven of us total.
  - So there were five full-time and two part-time when you left?
  - Yes. I'm sorry. There's also Dr. Modi who's is full-time. That's the fifth doctor who worked out of the Huntington rheumatology location. Then there's another part-time rheumatologist at the Huntington suite, Dr. Raminfard.
  - Q. But within the faculty group practice of rheumatology for Nassau County, there were five; is that right?
  - Α. I believe that was four. Am I missing someone?

We'll go through the numbers later.

- In the course of this litigation, did you get an opportunity to review the contracts of Dr. Modi, Dr. Porges, and Dr. Goldberg?
- Yes. Α.

Q.

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- Q. And what was your understanding of their positions, faculty positions at NYU?
- So similar to myself, they have the faculty position at NYU, they're staff physicians, they have the same appointments

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- Q. And I forgot, Dr. Mehta, too. Did you review her contract, as well?
- A. Yes. Dr. Mehta negotiated our contracts together in 2014 as well as in 2017.
- Q. And then in reviewing their contracts, did you have an understanding of whether or not the other doctors were staff physicians, as well as yourself?
- A. Yes, we were all staff physicians, all of the rheumatologists.
- Q. And did you have an understanding, after reviewing the contracts, of their academic tracks?
  - A. Yes, we were all academic appointments, but non-tenure.
- 14 Q. And was it a clinical track?
- 15 | A. Yes, clinical.
  - Q. With respect to the other doctors that I just mentioned and reviewing their contracts, did you understand whether or not they were full-time, part-time, as well?
  - A. Yes, there were -- everyone was full-time with the exception of Dr. Brancato at that time.
  - Q. In your observations, working with these other doctors, did you observe what they were doing as compared to you?
  - A. Yes. So everyone was seeing outpatient rheumatology patients Monday through Friday. A lot of the doctors, like myself, had an admin day, as well. Dr. Porges had a research

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1	division that he was largely involved in in his private group
2	before he came in. So when we first came on board at NYU, he
3	continued to run that research division as well as his
4	outpatient clinic patients.
5	Q. And you had mentioned earlier in your testimony about
6	certifications. What was your understanding in working with
7	these other doctors in terms of the certifications that they
8	had?
9	A. So everyone has the same certifications, we're all
10	certified through the American Board of Internal Medicine in
11	our specialty of rheumatology. Some of the doctors also
12	continued to maintain their internal medicine board
13	certification, as well, I don't believe everybody did, but
14	those were the two certifications to work in rheumatology.
15	Q. If I remember, you said you continued your certification in
16	internal medicine?
17	A. Yes, I did.
18	Q. As a rheumatologist, are there any restrictions that you
19	and other rheumatologists had in terms of practicing medicine?
20	A. No, you could practice everything as deemed by our
21	licensing. We don't do surgery. We're not surgeons.
22	(Continued on next page)
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# Edelman - Direct

BY MR. LABUDA:

Q. In reviewing all of the other doctors' contracts, did you have any understanding of -- one second.

I'm going to show you exhibit 47 for identification. And what is this document, Doctor?

A. Oh. It's not on my screen now.

MR. LABUDA: OK.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No objection.

THE COURT: Are you offering it?

MR. LABUDA: We're offering it.

THE COURT: It's received.

# (Plaintiff's Exhibit 47 received in evidence)

- A. This document is a page out of the human resources policies and procedures discussing workplace conduct. This is provided to all employees when you join NYU with your contracts, and it discusses the policies of NYU. And this particular section discusses workplace harassment and discrimination.
- Q. And in reviewing the other doctors' contracts, did you understand that they were also subject to this NYU handbook like you?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Foundation.

THE COURT: I'll permit it. Overruled.

- A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. During this, during your contract from the '14, '15, '16,
- 25 | '17, did NYU perform any verbal performance evaluation of you?

No.

Q. Did NYU perform any written performance evaluation?

Edelman - Direct

3 | A. No.

Α.

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- 4 | Q. Did anyone raise any issues to you verbally about your
- 5 | performance?
- 6 | A. No.
- 7 Q. Did anyone raise any issues with you in writing about your
- 8 performance?
- 9 | A. No.
- 10 | O. Did you ever, after your initial meetings with Mr. Rubin,
- 11 | did you ever have an opportunity during this first contract to
- 12 | speak with him?
- 13 A. Yes. Prior to the renewal of my 2017 contract, we had met
- 14 | at the Park Avenue offices, Mr. Rubin and Mr. Swirnow and
- 15 | Ms. Fran Drummond were present at that meeting.
- 16 | Q. OK. And do you have any recollection as to when that
- 17 | happened?
- 18 A. It was sometime in 2016.
- 19 | Q. And what was discussed during this meeting?
- 20 | A. So, the beginning of the meeting, we discussed, you know,
- 21 | my time at NYU. I'd been there about two years. We discussed
- 22 | how things were going in the office. This was a new suite for
- 23 | NYU expanding to Long Island, so they wanted some feedback from
- 24 | me as to what was happening in the suite. They asked me how
- 25 | things were going, just some general talk about that.

# N7bWede2 Edelman - Direct

Then they asked me a question about a specific date and 1 2 time about patients that had to be rescheduled on a particular 3 date. Q. OK. Was there something where, an incident where patients 4 5 had to be rescheduled because you couldn't work that day, or something? 6 7 There -- there was. There was, and sometimes -- my youngest daughter has a medical condition with epilepsy. 8 sometimes I did have to cancel patients, you know, abruptly. 9 10 Most of the time my husband would be the person to go or a 11 close family member would go to the school, but on this 12 particular date that they questioned, I was the one person -- I 13 was the only person who was available to go, and I did have to 14 halt patient hours to get to her location. 15 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection, your Honor. May we 16 approach? 17 THE COURT: How much more on this particular subject? 18 MR. LABUDA: Nothing. I was going to move on in terms 19 of the next, you know, in terms of a resolution for this issue, 20 if there was one. 21 THE COURT: OK. We can address any issues at 22 sidebar --

THE COURT: At sidebar during the break.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: OK.

Go ahead.

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BY MR. LABUDA:

Q. Was there a discussion of a resolution in terms of this?

A. Yeah, for sure. I had already been trying to work on a resolution myself. You know, I knew it was a tremendous burden for the staff to have to reschedule. I was seeing probably 20, 25 patients a day, so, you know, I understood the -- what this meant to them in terms of their time and having to stop their other work responsibilities. I had already tried to put in an IT ticket to try to give myself the ability to help reschedule patients. NYU's policy for physicians, and I don't know if this has since changed, but at the time, the policy was that the doctors can't touch the schedule; like, our log-ins didn't physically allow us to do it. So it had to be done by a manager or another assistant in the office.

So one of the discussions we had in the city was whether, you know, they could help, assist with getting that ticket, which I do think that that was -- a note was made on the minutes of that meeting -- that meeting was documented with minutes -- to put in for a ticket so that I could help with the rescheduling.

They also, you know, had discussed with me, you know, that -- perhaps, you know, if I smiled more in the office that my staff would be more responsive, that I should fake it until I make it so that I can get -- get the appropriate support.

Q. And who said that?

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Edelman - Direct

- A. Mr. Andrew Rubin said that to me.
- 2 | Q. And when he told you to smile more and fake it until you
- 3 | make it, did you have any reaction to that, like either
- 4 | externally or internally?
- 5 A. Probably both externally and internally. I was taken -- I
- 6 | was taken aback. I'm a doctor. I see -- I see patients with
- 7 | serious health conditions day in and day out, and when I walk
- 8 | in and out of an exam room, my focus is on taking care of that
- 9 person. I am friendly in the office, always have been. I say
- 10 | hello to people. I have kind relationships with people. But
- 11 | to ask a physician that I should be bubbly and overly friendly
- 12 | to people in order to get the things I need, it didn't feel
- 13  $\parallel$  good to me.
- 14 | Q. Did you say anything to Mr. Rubin when he said that to you,
- 15 | to smile more and fake it till you make it?
- 16 A. I did not. I smiled, and then I went back to the office.
- 17 | Q. OK. Did Mr. Rubin say anything to you when you were
- 18 | talking to him about that, being a physician is serious work?
- 19 A. Yeah, so we had talked -- we had talked about the
- 20 | seriousness of the work that I was doing in the office and
- 21 | there were going to be some changes happening in that space
- 22 | moving forward. So he asked me at that time what else he can
- 23 do to help to expand and grow my practice.
- So, there was an orthopedic group that was presently on the
- 25 | floor. So we talked about whether I wanted to move downstairs

N7bWede2 Edelman - Direct

with the orthopedics or stay upstairs with an oncology group coming in, and I expressed that I wanted to stay in, on that same floor with the oncologists when they came in; that I felt it was a good match for me as a rheumatologist. It was a quieter subspecialty to work side by side with.

We talked about hiring a nurse practitioner, and the discussion was that he would allow me the -- or he wanted me to help in the administrative piece of hiring that nurse practitioner, so he -- the position would be posted and résumés would come in and I would be involved in the interview process and selection process of that nurse practitioner, who would then work with all of the rheumatologists moving forward.

And then we discussed that the Huntington medical group location, which was a newer site for them, would in the beginning, or was in the beginning phases; he had asked me if I wanted to expand out my practice one day a week to work in Huntington. I had already had a very strong following from out East. I had patients that drove all the way from Stony Brook to see me, so I thought it would be great for my patients, for that group of patients to have a short commute time. And it would be good way also for me to reestablish some of my referral basis that I had had from working out East.

When we first opened our offices way back in 2008, we had worked part time out of an office out East to help to establish more patients. So I had already had internal medicine groups

N7bWede2 Edelman - Direct

that I had worked with and had relationships with. So it made it closer for those doctors to refer more patients to me.

- Q. And I just want to flip back to exhibit 89 for one minute, and the last page of that. So I note -- I forgot to ask you this earlier. I note that in some of these RVUs, in the far right column there's a zero in terms of the RVU value. Can you explain why there would be a zero value?
- A. So, some of the coding you don't get credit for doing. So, like, things like venipuncture, you don't get any.
- 10 Venipuncture, like a blood stick, when they stick you to get
  11 your blood.

The other procedures, like if -- like, all the other things are medication. So, like, I'm not getting any payment or, or, or pay for administering prednisone. I'm getting payment for the actual administration but not for the drug. So there's a couple of drugs listed, the B12 injection, which is, I believe, for the medicine itself, and that the Eufflexa is for -- and all those -- Eufflexa, Gel-Ones, Monovisc, those are all the actual medications, like when you do knee injections.

- Q. So those are procedures you may be prescribing for patients or things that are done for your patients, but you're not receiving credit from NYU for those particular things, correct?
- A. You're not receiving credit for the actual medication itself.
- 25 | Q. OK.

Edelman - Direct

∥ A. Yeah.

- Q. Are there other things that you prescribe for patients
- 3 | where you're not receiving credit for from NYU?
- 4 A. There were certain procedural codes that we weren't getting
- 5 | credit for, but I'm not sure if I see them on here.
- 6 | Q. But generally, what were those? What would be procedures
- 7 | that you would prescribe to patients that you didn't receive
- 8 | credit for?
- 9 A. So, if patients are getting, like, IV infusion-type
- 10 | medications we weren't getting credit, and I believe for Prolia
- 11 | injections as well we weren't getting credit.
- 12 | Q. What about radiation?
- 13 A. So, for all the support services, like -- so, for any
- 14 | radiology, testing, patient having an MRI, an x-ray, a CAT
- 15 | scan, there's no, no revenue unit that's assigned for those
- 16 | types of testing.
- 17 | Q. OK. And during this contract, the '14 to '17 contract,
- 18 were there any other services that you rendered anywhere that
- 19 | expanded your scope of practice?
- 20 | A. During, during my time at NYU, I did, I did spend time. I
- 21 | went on a medical mission down to Ecuador, and I spent time
- 22 | practicing rheumatology there. And it, it was definitely, you
- 23 | know, an education for me and learning different diseases that
- 24 | affected that area of the world. Very tiresome, you know,
- 25 | busloads of patients from 7 a.m. until midnight every day for

contract?

were moving forward.

Edelman - Direct

- two straight weeks, but very rewarding. And we managed to sneak in some trips to, just to see some of the sights.
- Q. And did you have any discussions about, with Dr. Porges about taking on any type of expanded role during your first
- A. So, Dr. Porges approached me and had asked me if I wanted to be more involved in the research piece of the work that he was doing at NYU, which I was interested in during my fellowship. I really enjoyed doing medical -- the research in
  - trials. So I'd spoken with his clinical investigators, and they provided me all of the protocols to read through. I had gave them my résumé, which they would need to allow to put me on the RVUs for these research roles. And it looked like we
- When I approached Dr. Porges about pay, he had told me, oh, you don't get paid for that.
- Q. OK. And as a result of him telling you you're not getting paid for this additional work, what did you do?
  - A. It was not something I could take on. I had a contractual obligation to meet my productivity standards, to see my patients, and to be involved in a clinical trial like this would be seeing patients during the day who were part of the trial, so it would take time away from my office hours. So there was no way to meet both without me taking a pay cut by not meeting my productivity standards.

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### Edelman - Direct

- 1 All right. So then your contract expires at the end of 2017. Were there any discussions about renewing your contract 2 at that time? 3 Yes. So, the -- we started negotiations again via email, 4 both Dr. Mehta and myself. You know, we negotiated together, 5 and we started that process for the 2017 renewal. 6 7 MR. LABUDA: I'd like to show you exhibit 12. MR. KATAEV: Publish to the witness. 8 THE COURT: I said only one lawyer can speak. 9 10 Are you offering it? 11 MR. LABUDA: Yes, we're offering it. 12 THE COURT: Any objection to exhibit 12? 13 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No, your Honor. THE COURT: Exhibit 12 is received and may be 14 15 published to the jury. (Plaintiff's Exhibit 12 received in evidence) 16 17 BY MR. LABUDA: 18 And this outline -- and what is this? 19 These are email correspondence between myself and 20 Mr. Swirnow regarding the 2017 contract. You could see there's 21 also correspondence with Dr. Mehta. 22 Q. And again, Dr. Mehta and you jointly drafted these emails,
- Q. And again, Dr. Mehta and you jointly drafted these emails, and she sent them, is that right?
  - A. Some of them look like I drafted it, but we're -- you can see we're kind of cc'ing each other on the emails.

## Edelman - Direct

- Q. OK. And did these contract negotiations end in a successful contract; did you enter into a contract?
- 3 | A. Yes.

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- MR. LABUDA: OK. I'd like you to look at exhibit 9 and offer exhibit 9 into evidence.
- THE COURT: Any objection?
- 7 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No objection, your Honor.
  - THE COURT: Exhibit 9 is received. It may be published to the jury.

# (Plaintiff's Exhibit 9 received in evidence)

- 11 | BY MR. LABUDA:
- 12 | Q. This is a letter, dated November 17, 2017, is that right?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. And this contract -- if you turn to page D59, this contract
- 15 | is effective January 1, 2018, correct?
- 16 | A. Yes.
- 17 | O. And the term of it is another three-year term, correct?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- 19 Q. OK. So this contract would go through 2018, 2019 and 2020
- 20 | and expire on December 31, 2020, is that correct?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. And in this contract, your mission is clinical and
- 23 | compensation of \$278,000, correct?
- 24 | A. That's correct.
- 25 | Q. And that was an increase from your last contract, correct?

- Edelman Direct
- 1 | A. That's correct.
- 2 | Q. And if you look on the next page, D60, your RVU target was
- 3 | 5,200, is that right?
- 4 | A. That's correct.
- 5 | Q. So it went up a little bit from the prior contract,
- 6 | correct?
- 7 A. Yes. I had been exceeding my prior contract's RVU goals,
- 8 | so my target was increased on this contract.
- 9 | Q. And it has that same bonus structure of the 1 percent
- 10 | increase for every 1 percent of productivity, is that right?
- 11 | A. That's correct.
- 12 | Q. OK. I know you had talked about going to the Huntington
- 13 | offices with Mr. Rubin. Did that actually happen? Did you
- 14 | start going to the Huntington offices?
- 15 | A. I did. It was not immediate after that meeting in the
- 16 | city. It took some time for, administratively to get that
- 17 | moving, but within that year, I believe I started seeing
- 18 patients in Huntington -- in 2018, about.
- 19 Q. OK. And in 2018, did you receive any performance
- 20 | evaluations, written or verbal?
- 21 | A. No.
- 22 | Q. Were any issues, performance issues raised with you in
- 23 | 2018?
- 24 | A. No.
- 25 | Q. And that's both in writing or verbal?

- Edelman Direct
- 1 Α. That's correct.
- 2 And did you receive any performance evaluations the next
- year? Let's go to the next year. Did you receive any 3
- performance evaluations, either written or verbal, in 2019? 4
- 5 Α. No.
- And were there any work issues raised with you in 2019, 6
- 7 either written or verbal?
- 8 Α. No.
- So let's get to -- actually, let me just show you 9 O. OK.
- 10 exhibit 117 for identification. And I'm going to ask you what
- 11 these documents are.
- These are photographs of my office in 1991 Marcus Avenue, 12
- 13 suite 306.
- 14 Did you take these photos?
- 15 I did. Α.
- Q. OK. And do they accurately represent what is contained in 16
- 17 these pictures?
- 18 A. Yes.
- MR. LABUDA: We would offer them into evidence. 19
- 20 THE COURT: Any objection?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: We need one second, your Honor. 21
- 22 Apologies.
- 23 No objection, your Honor.
- 24 THE COURT: 117 is received.
- 25 (Plaintiff's Exhibit 117 received in evidence)

Edelman - Direct

- 1 | BY MR. LABUDA:
- 2 | Q. All right. So we had talked a little bit earlier about
- 3 Joseph Atonik in this case. Who is Joe Atonik, Joseph Atonik?
- 4 | A. Joe -- Mr. Joe Atonik was the, one of the directors at the
- 5 | 1999 Marcus Avenue location. He was a manager.
- 6 | Q. All right. And prior to September of 2019, had you had any
- 7 | interaction with him?
- 8 A. Very limited interaction. He attended some of the
- 9 | rheumatology meetings, but he was newer to the organization in
- 10 | management.
- 11 | Q. OK. So he wasn't there when you started in '14?
- 12  $\parallel$  A. He was within the organization, but not within the scope of
- 13 | where I was practicing. I didn't know him for very long.
- 14 Q. OK. And there's also been mention of a Mr. David Kaplan.
- 15 | What was his role?
- 16 | A. I believe he's senior to Mr. Atonik. He is a senior site
- 17 | director for, for, for NYU faculty group practice.
- 18 | Q. And prior to September of 2019, did you have any
- 19 | interaction with Mr. Kaplan?
- 20 | A. Even more limited interaction than Mr. Atonik.
- 21 | Q. OK. I'm going to focus your attention on September 16,
- 22 | 2019. Do you remember that day?
- 23 | A. I do remember that day.
- 24 | Q. OK. And with respect to Mr. Atonik, did you have -- did
- 25 you see Mr. Atonik that day?

2 Edelman - Direct

∥ A. I did.

- Q. OK. Can you describe what happened and, like, when it
- 3 | happened?
- 4 A. That day was a Monday, and I was seeing patients, my
- 5 | typical workday, and I finished office hours, you know, late
- 6 | afternoon. I went from my exam rooms back into my office.
- 7 | Usually at the end of the day, my daughter would call me to
- 8 | touch base when she got home from school, and I was on the
- 9 phone with her when Mr. Atonik came into my office. And while
- 10 | I was on the phone, he said I need to speak with you.
- 11 So I got off the phone. He came into my office. He sat
- 12 | down, and he started to discuss that there would be a new
- 13 doctor coming on board at NYU, Bill Givens, a new
- 14 | rheumatologist, and he would be starting after the new year
- 15 | and, as part of this transition, that my office would be
- 16 | assigned two days a week to, to another rheumatologist so that
- 17 | they could accommodate Mr. Givens.
- 18 At that point in time, I discussed that this was something
- 19 | that I needed to review to see if, in my contract, this was
- 20 | contractually appropriate.
- 21 | Q. And just for a time perspective, was this a scheduled or
- 22 | unscheduled meeting?
- 23 | A. This was unscheduled.
- 24 | Q. So you didn't know that Mr. Atonik was coming in, and you
- 25 | didn't know anything about him discussing any office issue with

you?

- 2 I had -- I had no assumption. There was nothing that 3 was brought up at any of our rheumatology meetings about any of 4 these transitions that would be taking place at this point in
- 5 time.
- 6 OK. So continue on. I'm sorry.
- 7 So, I had discussed with him at that point -- I said I need
- to really, you know, take a look at what you're asking of me, 8
- 9 look at my contract with my attorneys and review it, because
- 10 I'm a full-time rheumatologist, and my understanding, per my
- contract negotiations, is that I'm afforded full-time use of my 11
- 12 office. I had concerns about having my space utilized on days
- 13 when I was using my office on Fridays for administrative work,
- 14 and I had concerns about my office being assigned to someone
- 15 else when I was at the Huntington group on Thursdays.
- I didn't get that far in the conversation. As soon as I 16
- 17 expressed that this was something that I would have to review
- with my attorneys, Mr. Atonik's demeanor changed. 18
- OK. And how did it change? 19 Q.
- 20 He moved himself closer, and you could see by the picture
- 21 of my desk, my desk wasn't that -- that big.
- 22 Let me ask you, when you were having this conversation with
- 23 Mr. Atonik, where are you and where was he?
- 24 I was sitting in my office chair, and he was sitting in one
- 25 of the -- one of the striped chairs.

Edelman - Direct

- Q. And your office chair is the chair closest to the window?
- A. Yes.

Q. And he was sitting on the striped chairs. OK.

And so you said his demeanor changed, and how is it that his demeanor changed?

A. He started to say to me you think that because you put this stuff in your office -- and he started to go like this and point to the picture on my desk and this on my desk and that on my desk. And I'm right there, and he's flailing his arms, and he's a big guy and I'm a small person. And he was very close to me, and he started saying: Because you put all your stuff here, this doesn't belong to you. This all belongs to NYU. All of it belongs to NYU, this whole office. None of it's yours. We -- we own you.

And at that point I backed myself up and I said you need to leave. During his rant he uttered, under his breath, bitch. I was so shaken up at that point because he was in my space. I felt like he completely lost his composure, and I needed to end the conversation. And I said you need to leave, and he left.

And after he walked out, I kind of called my husband at that point. He calmed me down enough that I could drive home, and when I got home that night, I was physically shaken. And I understand this was a verbal altercation, but I'd been working in medicine for 20 years at that point, and nobody has come at me like that. And I understand it was a short incident, but in

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## Edelman - Direct

- that few minutes, I thought he was coming at me. I thought he was going to hurt me. And I was shaking when I got home. I didn't sleep, and the next day, when I woke up, I said this is not something for me to just let go. And I went back into work and I went to my manager at the time, who was out for the day, and she -- I went to the other side where the oncology suite was, where the manager was covering, and I asked her for the
- 9 Q. OK. Just going back, how did the meeting end with that -10 well, first of all, how long was the, this incident with
- 11 | Mr. Atonik?
- 12 A. Might have been like a, like a ten-minute meeting, total.
- 13 | Q. OK.
- A. But he wasn't berating me or condescending me or shouting
  at me like that for ten minutes. I ended it very quickly once
  it started, because I had -- I had that fight-flight response
- 18 | Q. OK. And how did you end it?

where I knew, I knew it had to end.

number for human resources.

- 19 A. I asked him to leave.
- 20 | Q. Why did you ask him to leave?
- 21 A. I thought he was going to hurt me. I needed to end the 22 conversation.
- Q. And with respect to your office and this conversation, was the office door open, closed, something else?
  - A. I believe he closed the door when he came in and sat down.

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## Edelman - Direct

- He raised -- he raised his voice, and I think if someone -- if the door was open, somebody would have heard it.
- Q. And you had said that Mr. Atonik is a big guy. Can you
- 5 A. Well, he's here.

describe him?

- 6 Q. Can you describe him in terms of --
- 7 A. He's, he's six foot-plus.
- 8 | Q. And how tall are you?
- 9 A. I'm five foot.
- 10 | Q. And in terms of weight?
- 11 A. Well, I weigh around a hundred pounds, and I'm sure he
- 12 | weighs way upwards of that.
- 13 | Q. OK. Like more or less -- not that I'm on a scale, but I'm
- 14 | 215 pounds.
- 15 | A. I would say he's a bigger guy than you.
- 16 | Q. OK. And when he was saying this to you, what was your
- 17 | reaction to it?
- 18 A. I think I was -- I was shocked at the same time as scared.
- 19 | I didn't really understand what triggered this. I didn't know
- 20  $\parallel$  him at all. So I -- I really didn't understand the behavior.
- 21 | I, you know -- he kind of just lost it.
- 22 | Q. OK. And you said you went home, you were shaken up. Did
- 23 | you contact anyone at NYU about this incident?
- 24 A. The next day I got the number from Enid Papa.
- Q. Who is she?

## Edelman - Direct

- A. She's the oncology manager on the other side of my suite, and she gave me a number for human resources. It was
- 3 | incorrect. I believe that there was some text messaging to get
- 4 | the correct number afterwards, which was -- then I reached out
- 5 to employee labor relations, which is the other title NYU uses
- 6 | for human resources.
- Q. And just one last question. I'm sorry for bouncing around a bit.
  - When this incident happened and you described him flailing his arms, how close was he to you?
- 11 A. He was close enough that I felt if something knocked over,
- 12 | because he was trying to get at the things on my desk, it could
- 13 have flown at me or could have potentially actually reached out
- 14 | to me.

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- 15 Q. All right. So then you said you got the contact for
- 16 someone at human resources at NYU. Is that right?
- 17 A. Yes. They gave me the number for Kathleen Pacina.
- 18 Q. OK. And did you speak to -- did you call Ms. Pacina -- or
- 19 | Pacina?
- 20 | A. It might be Pacina.
- Yes. I reached out to her, and I -- I, I put in a human resources complaint that day with Ms. Pacina.
- 23 | Q. And was that verbal, in writing, something else?
- 24 | A. It was verbal. It was over -- over the phone.
- 25 | Q. And why did you make a complaint with Ms. Pacina the next

day?

- A. My complaint was about the, the hostile and abusive behavior that had occurred the day before with Mr. Atonik; that I didn't feel safe and I wanted it rectified; that I felt that it was a sexist, discriminatory, chauvinistic attack and it needed to be addressed with HR. We went through the events of what happened on the phone. I was probably on the phone with her for 20, 30 minutes. She took everything down. There was a case number assigned, and she said that she would get back to me.
- Q. Why did you think that it was a sexist, chauvinistic incident with Mr. Atonik?
- A. The way he was speaking to me, telling me that nothing in that office belongs to me. There were my diplomas on the wall. It was space that I had negotiated with NYU to see and treat my patients based on my experience as a rheumatologist. There was no seniority that he had over me to say that he, he had -- that it belonged to him more than me. The only difference was that he was a male, and he was saying he owned me.

I was with the organization at that space longer than him. I had more years of training than him, and he's telling me that this is his.

Yes, NYU employs me, but he doesn't own me. He doesn't own the things in my office. He doesn't own the right to tell me -- to say you're going to do what we tell you to do. This

## Edelman - Direct

- 1 | was chauvinistic. I mean this wasn't a conversation about hey,
- 2 | I want to, you know, we're thinking about using your space.
- 3 | This was: No. You're going to do what we tell you to do, and
- 4 | if you don't, this is how it's going to go down.
- 5 | Q. So -- and did you -- what did you explain briefly to
- 6 Ms. Pacina, or -- withdrawn.
- 7 Did you explain to Ms. Pacina what you just described to
- 8 | the jury over the last couple minutes?
- 9 | A. I did.
- 10 | O. In terms of the next incident, I want to move to September
- 11 | 25, 2019. Had you heard from Ms. Pacina at all between
- 12 | September 17 and September 25?
- 13 | A. I don't believe I did.
- 14 Q. OK. So what happens on September 25, 2019?
- 15 | A. So, it's a Wednesday, which is my late night. So during
- 16 | the course of that day, while I'm seeing patients, I'm
- 17 | informed -- I don't remember initially who, which manager it
- 18 was, but I'm informed that Mr. Kaplan wants to have a meeting
- 19 | with me. So I replied back, you know, I'm seeing patient hours
- 20 | today until around 9 o'clock, that let's schedule a meeting and
- 21 | we'll sit down and talk.
- 22  $\parallel$  Q. And were you informed that day that he wanted to have a
- 23 | meeting with you.
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. OK.

- Edelman Direct
- A. That he needed to see me that day. You know, it was an urgent meeting and he needed to see me.
  - Q. There wasn't anything scheduled?
  - A. There was nothing scheduled.
  - Q. OK. Continue on.
  - A. So at some point during the course of the day, an associate who works with Mr. Atonik came up to the floor; her name is Ms. Nicole Lucca. And she came outside my exam room, and she was standing in the hallway and they knocked to get me out to come and speak with her. And she said I was told that you're refusing to meet with Mr. Atonik. And I repeated I'm not refusing any meeting. I'm asking if it's urgent. If he needs to meet with me urgently, I will need to go and explain to my patients that we need to reschedule, but I'm seeing patients today until 9 o'clock. And if it needs to be today, I could meet with him at the end of hours. And she said, well, you
- 18 | Q. Did he come back after hours?
  - A. He did not come back after hours. He came back before my hours finished, which was around, like, 8 o'clock, 8:30, and I still had patients in the exam room. And he knocked on the door to my exam room, you know, told me that he needed to speak with me. I said I still have patients left to see; could we wait until I finish hours. And he said --

know, he'll be up later, you know, at the end of hours.

Q. Sorry. Just to clarify this. I think you may have said it

## Edelman - Direct

- 1 | was Mr. Atonik. Was this Mr. Atonik or Mr. Kaplan?
- 2 A. Sorry. Mr. Kaplan.
- 3 | Q. OK.
- 4 | A. Sorry.
- 5 Mr. Kaplan said, you know, come, come now, we need to talk now.
- 6 So I informed the patient that I needed to go and meet with
- 7 Mr. Kaplan and that it would be some minutes where he would be
- 8 | waiting for me in the exam room. And then we walked back down
- 9 | to my office together.
- 10 | Q. OK. And did you meet with Mr. Kaplan in your office?
- 11 A. Yes, in my office. We walked down together. I sat at my
- 12 | desk in my chair, and he sat similarly in the seat across from
- 13 | me.
- 14 | Q. OK. And what was said during this conversation?
- 15 | A. He started by saying, you know, I'm sorry or something in
- 16 | that regard, about what had happened with Mr. Atonik, and you
- 17 | know, I'm here now to discuss, you know, the -- the office
- 18 | space. And the issue is that you -- you're going to need to
- 19 | give your space up Thursdays and Fridays, and we looked at your
- 20 contract and this is what it says, and, like, this is going to
- 21 | be what it's going to be at this point.
- 22 | Q. What was your reaction when he said that? What did you
- 23 | say, if anything?
- 24 | A. It's nine -- it's close to 9 o'clock. I'd been seeing
- 25 | patients all day. I made it very clear that I needed to speak

with my attorneys to review my contract, and I spoke with Mr. Atonik the week before, as well as to discuss it with the two people, Mr. Swirnow and Mr. Rubin, who had signed my contract with me.

Now it's late in the day. I'm being forced into a meeting, and I'm similarly being told you're going to do what we tell you to do. So I was upset. I was upset at that point, and -- and I said I'm not discussing this with you further now at this point. And I said I've been through this already. I explained that it needs to be discussed further. I have concerns about moving the space.

- Q. And what were the concerns you had about moving the space?
- A. My, my hours in Huntington were going on for, maybe, about a year at that point, and I had already had experiences in Huntington where if a holiday fell out on a Thursday that if I needed to reschedule patients a different day of the week in Huntington they didn't have the space. There were times where I might have a school meeting for my daughter and it needed to be during the day on a Thursday, and I would say can I come in

So my concern was if a new doctor came on in Huntington full time, they might not have the space for me on Thursdays, and then if I went back to my office in Lake Success on Thursdays, it's now being used by another doctor and I have no

to see patients on Friday instead, and they just didn't have

that flexibility in that office.

Edelman - Direct

place to work.

So this conversation eventually happened with Mr. Swirnow, and we discussed this. But both my conversations with Mr. Atonik and Mr. Kaplan, I didn't have a chance to even explain any of this before they attacked me and told me you're going to listen to me, you're going to do what we tell you to do. And when I started to get upset when Mr. Kaplan was in the room with me, he started to say: Doctor. Doctor, calm down. Calm down, Doctor.

It was very -- it was very demeaning. It was patronizing to me, and I stood up and I said: You're going to leave my office now. I'm not having this conversation. You're leaving. You're not going to treat me like that, which is where I draw the line.

I am not a child. I'm a doctor. I'm entitled to an opinion, and I'm allowed to get upset. I'm a physician and I'm a woman, and a woman can get upset. I'm allowed to have a dispute in my office and be upset, and it is sexist to say to a woman calm down. I can be upset at work, the same way Dr. Forte in the office next to me might shout at his assistant sometimes because he's really frustrated about something. I don't have to calm down. That's sexist.

- Q. Had you ever seen male doctors get upset?
- 24 A. Of course. All the time.
  - Q. Had they ever been told to calm down?

# Edelman - Direct

A. No. There's: What can we do to help you? Let's make this better.

You know, that's not the response I'm getting here. I'm getting the response: You're overreacting. You shouldn't be upset. You're being histrionic, dramatic, hysterical.

This is the sexist attitude in a workplace.

- Q. So that incident ends and Mr. Kaplan -- after Mr. Kaplan and you separate, do you do anything with respect to contacting anyone at NYU?
- A. That night I -- before I left I sent another email up to Ms. Pacina, and I explained the events that happened. Now, you know, it's been a week and the initial complaint from the September 16 incident still hasn't been addressed through HR at all. And now a week later, I'm -- I'm experiencing a similar hostile work environment, and nothing's been done.

And this is the email that I sent up; that this needs to be addressed; that I don't feel, feel comfortable working in the office knowing that at any moment that this type of thing can continue to happen.

MR. LABUDA: OK. And I'm going to show you what's been marked as exhibit 59.

THE COURT: Exhibit 59?

MR. LABUDA: Yes.

THE COURT: Any objection to 59?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No, your Honor.

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# N7bWede2 Edelman - Direct

1 THE COURT: Are you offering 59?

2 MR. LABUDA: Yes, we're offering it.

3 THE COURT: 59 is received and may be published to the

jury.

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# (Plaintiff's Exhibit 59 received in evidence)

BY MR. LABUDA:

- Q. And this is the email that you sent to Kathleen Pacina?
- A. That's correct.
  - $\parallel$  Q. OK. And that was at 9:01 p.m.?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 | Q. OK. And you were in the office?
- 12 | A. Yes.
- 13 | Q. And can you read that, please?
- 14 A. It says: "Good evening. I am following up on our
- 15 | discussion from last week. Tonight our office manager David
- 16 | Kaplan requested to speak with me and he apologized for Joe
- 17 | Atonik's behavior stating it was not an appropriate request and
- 18 | wanted to clear the air on any miscommunication. This was a
- 19 | matter of inappropriate conduct in the workplace in mannerism
- 20 | with which I was treated. And I am not sure this discussion
- 21 || with Joe's senior manager was even appropriate as the issue was
- 22 | received with HR and has not been addressed as HR matter.
- 23 | "In addition, he again raised the request I was not in
- 24 agreement with, and when stated such he would bring it to
- 25 | senior management of Joshua Swirnow, which again was done in a

manner to threaten any opinion I may have on the matter. There was no discussion as to my concerns of the request. It was presented as a matter of fact with no regard for my professional opinion or contractual concerns. I consider this a form of bullying in the workplace. I offered alternate solution to terminate hours in Huntington since the shared space they are demanding is based on my part-time status.

"I stated that any requests and agreements to acknowledge part-time employment, when I was indeed full time, I consider agreement a breach of my entire contract. I am unwilling to risk my professional career and growth at NYU.

"On completing my discussion with" -- it should say David; it was a mistake -- "with David he took on similar mannerisms of condescending tone, raising his voice to child-like manner to placate my disagreement with his request. When I stated such, he proceeded to refer to me as doctor in an attempt to correct himself, which was further demeaning. I terminated the meeting at that time and returned to patient care hours, which I had been requested to halt for this unscheduled meeting.

Again, an attempt to corner me in conversation to pressure me without allowing for more appropriate time frame and a team to discuss a matter which demands higher level solutions.

"On returning to seeing my patients, I was distracted and remained upset about the conversation. I had difficulty concentrating on patient care. It took me some time to refocus

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in the examination room to ensure I was providing appropriate opinions and decision-making. This is my utmost concern. I need to be able to work in a nonhostile environment.

"As a female physician in the organization, I am disappointed that it is 2019, approaching 2020, in a major hospital organization in New York, and I still have to contend with male chauvinism. While both Joe and David have agreed to allow me to see patients on Fridays, David again stated that the space in which I would be able to do so would likely not be in my present office space. It remains unclear to me why I am being discriminated against to accommodate another physician, particularly a male physician, who will be joining the practice, which is the stated reason I will be pushed out to another space. I have been here for five years and was one of the first physicians to help build faculty group practice to the incredible place it is today. I have worked with amazing men and women over the years, all of whom have supported my growth and practice. This is the first time in all these years where I feel my growth as a physician is being deliberately infringed on by senior male managers.

"I appreciate a prompt response."

- Q. After you sent this email, was there any further email exchange between you and Ms. Pacina?
- A. There were follow-up emails asking for a reply or a response to Ms. Pacina.

## Edelman - Direct

- Q. OK. Did you have occasion to email Ms. Pacina the next day?
- 3 | A. I don't -- I don't recall.
- 4 | Q. OK.
- 5 A. Looks like I sent her a follow-up email on September 26.
- 6 0. ok.
- 7 A. So I wanted to make sure that, that she received it. And
- 8 | then there was a request for a phone call, so I had sent this
- 9 | email just because I wanted to have a conversation with an HR
- 10 | representative. I still wanted this addressed through HR.
- 11 | Q. Why -- this email is saying that Mr. Swirnow and Kaplan
- 12 | requested a phone conference at one the next day, correct?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 MR. LABUDA: I'm going to offer this into evidence.
- 15 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No objection.
- 16 | THE COURT: What's the exhibit number?
- 17 | MR. LABUDA: 58.
- 18 THE COURT: 58's received.
- 19 MR. LABUDA: Thank you.
  - (Plaintiff's Exhibit 58 received in evidence)
- 21 | BY MR. LABUDA:
- 22 | Q. So, this is an email that you sent to Ms. Pacina the next
- 23 | day after you sent the one at 9:01 p.m. on the 25th, correct?
- 24 | A. Yes.

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25 | Q. OK. And why is it that you sent this follow-up email the

- e2 Edelman Direct
- 1  $\parallel$  next day?
- 2 | A. There was a request for a phone conference from Mr. Swirnow
- 3 | and David -- Mr. David Kaplan.
- 4 | Q. OK.
- 5 A. So, I sent just a request -- that I didn't feel comfortable
- 6 | taking the call without HR being present on the call.
- 7 | Q. And did you receive a response from Ms. Pacina as to your
- 8 | request?
- 9 A. I don't believe I did.
- 10 | Q. On September 27, did you have occasion to speak with
- 11 | Mr. Swirnow?
- 12 | A. Yes.
- 13 | Q. And was that in person, over the phone, something else?
- 14 A. That was over the phone.
- 15 | Q. OK. Other than you and Mr. Swirnow, was there anyone else
- 16 | on the phone?
- 17 | A. As far as I know, I was not made aware or told that there
- 18 was anyone else on that call.
- 19 | Q. OK. So this was a conversation between you and
- 20 | Mr. Swirnow?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. And who calls who?
- 23 | A. I -- I don't recall who, who initiated the initial phone
- 24 | call.
- 25 | Q. OK. And was there any HR rep, as you had requested?

Edelman - Direct

- 1 | A. No.
- Q. And what was said during this conversation that you had with Mr. Swirnow on September 27?
- 4 A. We discussed my concerns for the office space. I expressed
- 5 | that I wanted to ensure that I would continue to have a space
- 6 to work on Thursdays if something should happen in Huntington
- 7 | as well as that I used my office on Fridays for urgent visits
- 8 | and to do administrative work and I wanted to be able to make
- 9 sure that that space was still ensured to me.
- 10 There was some discussion about my not using -- that he was
- 11 | reported that I was not using the space on Fridays. I had
- 12 | reviewed with him that that was a temporary situation due to a
- 13 | health situation with my daughter's condition and that I have
- 14 been working temporarily out of the Huntington library on
- 15 || Fridays for a period of time so that I could reprieve my
- 16 | husband of having to go to the school if my daughter needed to
- 17 | be picked up. And because my Fridays were mostly
- 18 | administrative work, it was the only day that I could really
- 19 | kind of take over that role.
- 20 | Q. Was there any conversation about the incidents that you
- 21 described with Mr. Atonik and Kaplan?
- 22 | A. I did not go into the details. Mr. Swirnow is not from HR,
- 23 | so I did not go into, into that. I did inform him during the
- 24 conversation.
- 25 | Q. Did he say anything about Mr. Kaplan or Atonik in that

Edelman - Direct

conversation, that you recall?

- A. He did say -- he did make motion of the fact that he -- he was apologetic for how they handled it. He felt they mishandled it; that the issue with space should have been presented to the group as a whole and that I shouldn't have been targeted in that way. And we worked to rectify what my needs were and what the organization's needs -- needs were, and we came to a solution of how, how to work this out.
- O. And what was the solution?
- A. That, that I would no longer go to Huntington; that I would stay in New Hyde Park on Thursdays, stay in Lake Success on Thursdays and not go to Huntington, and then Fridays I would continue to use as my admin day in the office in Lake Success.

I requested that if they put in writing that if something happened in Huntington that I would get my space back in Lake Success so that if, in the course of six months or a year, Huntington couldn't afford me my Thursday days that if it was in writing that I would have priority to go back to Lake Success. And Mr. Swirnow informed me that he couldn't do that; he could only verbally assure me. He couldn't put it in writing. And I wasn't comfortable with it, and I, you know, suggested, well -- I said what do I have to do to ensure that I'm a full-time rheumatologist here and maintain this space?

And he said you would have to be in one location five days

a week, and that's what we agreed on. I would give up

## Edelman - Direct

- 1 Huntington starting when Bill Givens came and that was in the 2 new year.
  - Q. You talked about this office space and came up with a solution?
    - A. Yeah.

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- Q. Was there any discussion that you had about the HR complaint that you had filed with Ms. Pacina on September 17?
  - A. At the end of the conversation, I did bring it up to
- 9 Mr. Swirnow, that I was going to maintain or keep the HR
- 10 complaint; that the issue of office space was an independent
- 11 | situation to the HR complaint; and that I expressed to him,
- 12 | similar to what I wrote in the email, that it was very
- 13 | concerning to me that this, this type of behavior was going on
- 14 | within the organization, and I felt that we were moving into a
- 15 | new decade in 2020, and that it was something that needed to be
- 16 | remedied within NYU.
- Q. And when you said this to Mr. Swirnow, what was his reaction?
- io | reaction:
- 19 | A. His reaction was OK. He was not happy with it. And after
- 20 | that he didn't say anything. And it was a moment in time where
- 21 | I realized I wasn't going to have the support of upper level
- 22 | administration in following this through. There were so many
- 23 | other options that he could have said to me on the phone at
- 24 | that moment: Let me look into it further; let me know how it's
- 25 going with HR; I don't really know the details of this HR

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jury.

## Edelman - Direct

complaint, you know, let -- let me find out more. 1 2 He didn't express any sort of support at that time. more like, ugh, now I have to deal with this now. 3 4 And based on his reaction, did you have any feeling about Q. 5 the support and your longevity at NYU at that time? 6 I think in that moment I -- I felt like I was, you know, 7 potentially a target, like they were -- they were not going to support me through this, and when you're expressing something 8 9 of this magnitude and they're not taking it to the level that 10 they should be, I felt like they most likely were going to fire 11 And at that point in time I kind of walked around, from 12 then forward kind of always, you know, wondering when it was 13 coming. 14 Did you have any further -- after this conversation with Mr. Swirnow, did you have any email correspondence with 15 Ms. Pacina again? 16 17 There were some follow-up emails about the HR complaint to check on the status, stating that I hadn't heard back. 18 19 MR. LABUDA: OK. And I'm going to show you exhibit 52 20 and offer that into evidence. 21 THE COURT: Any objection to 52? 22 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No, your Honor. 23 THE COURT: 52 is received and may be published to the

(Plaintiff's Exhibit 52 received in evidence)

Edelman - Direct

- 1 | BY MR. LABUDA:
- 2 | Q. At the bottom of it -- this is an email chain between you
- 3 | and Ms. Pacina, correct?
- 4 | A. Yes.
- 5 | Q. And at the bottom of it, that's the September 26 one that
- 6 | we went over before, correct?
- 7 | A. Correct.
- 8 | Q. And then on October 8, Ms. Pacina emails you back, correct?
- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 | Q. And what does she say? Can you read that?
- 11 | A. She -- she wrote: "I wanted to follow up with you
- 12 | regarding our last conversation. I understand that you met
- 13 | with Mr. Swirnow and he explained the rationale for office use
- 14 | one day a week when you are not at Marcus Avenue. Please let
- 15 | me know if you would like to discuss further."
- 16 | Q. OK. And then you responded back to her on October 23,
- 17 | 2019, is that correct?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- 19 Q. OK. And what did you say?
- 20 | A. I wanted to follow up. I said the case number on the
- 21 | complaint, "requesting investigation of workplace harassment.
- 22 | I have not heard any response from HR since October 8. If I am
- 23 | sending these inquiries to the incorrect person, please let me
- 24 | know. I believe you are the HR contact person for this case.
- 25 Thank you. Dr. Edelman."

- Q. And is that accurate, you had not heard from anyone in HR about the status of your complaint?
- A. Not since the October 8 -- on October 8 she replied about
  the office space, but there was no, no follow-up or recognition
- 5 of the HR complaint.
- 6 Q. OK. And then after October 23, did you follow up with
- 7 | Ms. Pacina on November 1?
- 8 | A. I did.
- 9 Q. OK. And had you received any correspondence, any emails
  10 from Ms. Pacina, to your recollection, between October 23, when
  11 you were raising the issue again about HR, and November 1?
- 12 | A. I did not.
- 13 | Q. OK. And so you sent her this email?
- 14 | A. Yes.
- 15 | Q. OK. Can you read that email, please?
- 16 THE COURT: Do we have to have the email read in in
  17 its entirety? I'm just concerned about the jury's time.
- 18 MR. LABUDA: OK.
- 19 THE COURT: It's in evidence.
- 20 MR. LABUDA: It's in evidence. OK.
- 21 | Q. And why, why is it that you wrote this email on November 1?
- 22 A. So, to date, the harassment complaint has not been
- 23 | addressed, so this email is to ask Ms. Pacina, you know, what's
- 24 going on with the harassment complaint. There were detailed
- 25 | letters that were sent about bullying and abusive behavior.

# N7bWede2 Edelman - Direct

I'm reiterating what the original complaint was about to ask why isn't this being addressed.

Q. OK.

A. I addressed in this email, you know, my concerns with being a female. I expressed that I didn't feel that this was a professional environment; I wanted to continue to work in a bias-free environment. And I'm stressing when is this going to be addressed?

(Continued on next page)

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N7BCede3 Edelman - Direct

1	BY MR. LABUDA:		
2	Q. Okay.		
3	A. The last part of the email, you know, I'm making it very		
4	clear because the email before, she only addressed the		
5	workplace that the office space. So the very last sentence		
6	I wrote, as for the issue of space, this is not an HR issue.		
7	My manager, who is Karen Oberlander, as well as Miriam Ruiz,		
8	were working with me to establish the plan moving forward.		
9	Q. I'm going to show you what's been marked as exhibit 68 and		
10	offer that into evidence.		
11	THE COURT: Any objection to 68?		
12	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No objection.		
13	THE COURT: 68 is received and may be published.		
14	(Plaintiff's Exhibit 68 received in evidence)		
15	Q. So on November 5th, Ms. Pacina emails you after you had		
16	emailed her on November the 1st; correct?		
17	A. Yes.		
18	Q. And she states in her email that her understanding is the		
19	matter was closed. Do you see that?		
20	A. Yes.		
21	Q. Had you ever asked her to close the matter?		
22	A. I did not and I had never received any correspondence from		
23	her showing any sort of address about the complaint or any type		
24	of closure about the complaint.		

The last sentence says, "I will share this with the ELR

N7BCede3 Edelman - Direct

- manager that now supports the FGP group and will get back to you regarding next steps." Do you see that?
  - A. Yes.

- Q. What was your understanding of who would contact who next after you received this email from Ms. Pacina?
  - A. Ms. Pacina, and I will get back to you.
  - Q. If you scroll up, on November 12, you responded back to Ms. Pacina; is that correct?
  - A. Yes.
    - Q. Now this is referencing the Huntington transition and you felt that it was retaliatory. What are you referencing here in had this email.
    - A. So the initial discussion with Mr. Swirnow is that the new doctor would be starting after the new year and we would transition out of my Huntington space at that time. After these events that transpired, I was notified by Mr. Antonik and Mr. Kaplan, I believe that I needed to -- they were going to move another doctor into my office effective immediately on Thursdays.
    - Q. Whereas with Mr. Swirnow, your understanding was what?
- A. That we would do a transition out of the Huntington office to give patients time to reschedule after the new year. So we had maybe two, maybe three months, because I believe Bill Given was starting in February, so I could see my patients in Huntington, tell them I wouldn't be seeing them there anymore,

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- let them know they could see me at the Lake Success location.
- 2 For any patients that that might be too difficult, that I could
- then transition their care to one of the other rheumatologists
- at Huntington and have time to discuss the patient cases with
- 5 | those doctors.
- 6 Q. And you were notified by Mr. Antonik and Kaplan that they
- were going to use your office for a couple months; is that
- 8 || right?

- A. They -- I'm sorry. I don't understand.
- Q. You say in this email that as of November 21st, you're
- going to be having to share your office?
- 12 A. Yes. As of November 21st, they're going to have another
- doctor use my space in New Hyde Park in Lake Success starting
- 14 on that date.
- Q. Why did you feel that was retaliatory? These were the two
- gentlemen that you complained about; correct?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 | **Q**. Okay.
- 19 A. So we had a clear understanding when I spoke to Mr. Swirnow
- about the timing of this and how it would transition. What
- instead is happening is Mr. Antonik saying, well, we're still
- going to use your space up until then, we're going to put this
- 23 other doctor in.
- So here's my situation. If I continue to go to Huntington,
- 25 | the new doctor comes into my space what happens in February

N7BCede3 Edelman - Direct

when I need to come back? Are we having the same conversation again? Excuse me, doctor so and so, I'm moving back into my office on Thursdays, now you don't have a place to work.

That's not a very nice collegiate relationship with another doctor. I wasn't going to put myself in that situation at that point. He was moving the patients back to try to remanipulate to use the space knowing it would be difficult in three months from now for me to navigate that to get the space back and I would be forced to give up the day without any contractual changes to maintain a working space on Thursdays.

- Q. Did you have any concerns about being able to come back to New Hyde Park, Lake Success full-time if somebody's occupying your office?
- A. Of course. You know, at that point, if they didn't have another place for the doctor, if things had changed or shifted, then they could have said, oh, you have to wait, you have to wait another month, you have to wait another two months. There was nothing said in writing at that point, so the decision was then made to move immediately. I had to transition all of my patients in two weeks.
- Q. And with any of the conversations that you had with Ms. Pacina, did she ever provide you with any type of written complaint to sign or fill out or anything like that?
- A. Never.
  - Q. Did she ever provide you with any notes that she took about

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this case? 1 Never. Α. 2 Q. After you brought this lawsuit against NYU, did you receive 3 a copy of the notes that Ms. Pacina took concerning the 4 5 incidents that we just talked about? 6 Yes, I was made aware of notes made by Ms. Ruiz during Α. 7 discovery of this case. 8 Q. Ms. Pacina, you mean? A. 9 I'm sorry. You have to go back. Q. So with respect to -- I'm going to show you exhibit 21 and 10 11 offer that into evidence. 12 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No objection. 13 THE COURT: No objection to 21? 14 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No objection. THE COURT: 21 is received. It may be published to 15 the jury. 16 17 (Plaintiff's Exhibit 21 received in evidence) 18 Q. These are notes from Ms. Pacina that you received in 19 discovery in this case; correct? 20 Α. Yes, in discovery. And I note that the date up top is March 13, 2020. Do you 21 Q. see that? 22 23 A. Yes. When is it that you actually spoke to Ms. Pacina about the 24 Q. 25 incident?

- A. 9/17 of 2019.
- 2 | Q. So this is about six months later; right?
- 3 | A. Yes.

- 4 Q. And in the contents of this email, there's a description,
- 5 | looks like with respect to the first line talks about Joe
- 6 Antonik. Do you see that?
- 7 | A. Yes.
- 8 Q. Does this email memorialize every facet of the conversation
- 9 | that you had with Ms. Pacina?
- 10 A. No, this is a very, very brief summary of a long
- 11 conversation I had with her.
- 12 Q. And later on down, if you scroll down about three quarters
- of the way, there's a reference to -- you see Paul with Joe
- about seven lines up? Do you see that?
- 15 | A. I'm looking for it. Yes.
- 16 Q. You see that?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 Q. You didn't say anything about -- you didn't have any call
- 19 with Joe; correct?
- 20 | A. No, I didn't have any call with Joe.
- 21 Q. Below that it says -- you see "resolution notes"?
- 22 | A. Yes.
- 23 Q. And then below, it says, system, closed case, October 8,
- 24 | **2019**. Do you see that?
- 25 | A. Yes.

1	Q. And again, you didn't ask Ms. Pacina to close your		
2	complaint out; correct?		
3	A. No, I had done the exact opposite. I sent multiple		
4	followup emails stating that the complaint was still open,		
5	trying to have it addressed.		
6	Q. I'm going to show you exhibit XX and offer that into		
7	evidence.		
8	THE COURT: Any objection?		
9	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No objection.		
10	THE COURT: XX is received.		
11	(Defendant's Exhibit XX received in evidence)		
12	THE COURT: It may be published to the jury.		
13	Q. This is an email from Rashidat Ogbara, dated November 18,		
14	2019 to you; correct?		
15	A. Yes.		
16	Q. When you were working at NYU, did you ever see this email?		
17	A. I did not.		
18	Q. After this case was started, did you receive this email in		
19	discovery?		
20	A. Yes.		
21	Q. And is that the first time that you saw this?		
22	A. Yes.		
23	Q. And do you have any understanding of who Ms. Ogbara is?		
24	A. I understand it from the context of the email that I did		
25	not I don't know who this person is from my time working at		

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1	NYU	J.		
2	Q.	From the contents of this email, you understand that		
3	Ms.	Ogbara worked with Ms. Pacina; is that right?		
4	A.	That's what the email is implying, yes.		
5	Q.	Did Ms. Pacina ever tell you that Ms. Ogbara would be		
6	reaching out to you?			
7	A.	No. Our last email said that she will get back to me.		
8	Q.	Is it fair to say because you did not see this email, you		
9	didn't respond to Ms. Ogbara?			
10		MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Leading.		
11		THE COURT: Sustained.		
12	Q.	Did you ever respond to this email?		
13	A.	I never saw it, so I couldn't respond to it.		
14	Q.	Other than this email, dated November 18, did Ms. Ogbara		
15	ever reach out to you again, as far as you know?			
16	A.	No.		
17		And ELR, Ms. Pacina had all of my contact information, my		
18	phone number, she knew my office contact. They were aware of			
19	how	to reach me.		
20	Q.	After November 12th, did you have any further contact with		
21	Ms.	Ms. Pacina?		
22	A.	I don't believe so.		
23	Q.	With the remainder of 2019 and your time at NYU, did you		

receive any verbal or written performance evaluation for the

year 2019? 25

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Edelman - Direct

A. No. 1 Q. Were any issues raised to you in 2019, either verbal or 2 written, about your performance? 3 A. No. 4 5 Q. And with respect to 2020, was there any performance evaluation done in 2020? 6 7 A. No. 8 Q. Any issues raised to you in 2020? A. 9 No. 2020 was the year of COVID; is that right? 10 Q. Α. Yes. 11 12 Q. And was there any discussions about how COVID was affecting 13 the practice when you were working at NYU? 14 Α. So there were a lot of meetings about COVID starting 15 probably like into the early part of January, maybe in late December where the organization started to focus on the 16 17 pandemic that was worldwide. There were -- I'm sorry. What 18 was the question? 19 Were there discussions about how COVID was affecting the Q. 20 practice in terms of treating patients within NYU? You said 21 there were meetings? 22 Α. Yes. So we started to have some meetings where they 23 started to lay out algorithms if a patient came in with a cough

or a fever of what we would do. So we were discussing that in

meetings, that there would be certain centers set up first in

24

- Manhattan if somebody needed COVID testing when it became 1 2 available, at the time it wasn't available yet, but the organization was already getting ahead of it to have a protocol 3 in place, so we started to focus on that. 4 5 Q. During COVID, was there any type of change in treatment? 6 You were saying you were going to the office five days a week, 7 one day with the admin. Did that change within the advent of 8 COVID? 9 Yes. So all of the outpatient shut down by March 20th of 10 2020. I had gotten COVID on March 19th, so I was already out 11 as of the 19th, but by the next day, there was a mass shutdown. 12 Let's move on. COVID starts. In 2020, your contract is Q. 13 expiring; correct? A. Yes. 14 15 Q. So did you have any discussions with any colleagues about your contract expiring in terms of renewing it and things of 16 17 that nature? 18 I did.
- A.

Α.

19

20

- Q. Who did you have conversations with?
- I spoke with Dr. Mehta. We had done our contract 21 negotiations, our two previous contracts and we had been 22 business partners prior and we had always done our business
- 23 plans together. So I met with her or spoke with her in the
- 24 office about the upcoming contracts.
  - Q. Just pause that for one quick second.

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Edelman - Direct

1	Other than Dr. Mehta, did you speak with any of your other
2	colleagues about contracts?
3	A. I did. I briefly spoke with Dr. Goldberg.
4	Q. And what did you and him discuss and how did that
5	conversation happen?
6	A. We had discussed, you know, he had brought up, you know,
7	that he had done some counseling or training for Dr. Anang Modi
8	for contract negotiation to increase salary, and he had brought
9	it up that if it was something I was interested in, he would
10	talk to me. And he gave me a couple just kind of pointers
11	during that conversation about things I might want to consider
12	for my next salary negotiation.
13	Q. Do you have any recollection of when that happened?
14	A. I don't know the dates.
15	Q. Jumping back to Dr. Mehta, you said you started discussing
16	with her the contract negotiations for the upcoming contract
17	just like you had jointly negotiated '14 and '17. What did you
18	discuss this time?
19	A. I discussed with her that I thought for the first time we
20	shouldn't do contract negotiations together, that I had
21	Q. Why is that?
22	A. I had a strong suspicion that they might retaliate against
23	me for the HR complaint that was never addressed and I didn't
24	want to put her in a position where she might be subject to the

1	Q. And so what happened in terms of the contract negotiations,
2	did you do it jointly, separately, something else?
3	A. She sent separate emails up herself and she negotiated her
4	contract and I sent a separate email up myself, you know, to do
5	the negotiations.
6	Q. And when you sent an email to talk about your negotiations,
7	what was the response from NYU?
8	A. The response was an email back from Mr. Andrew Rubin,
9	"We'll let you know our plans."
10	Q. Around that time, did you have any understanding where
11	Dr. Mehta was with her negotiations?
12	A. So I wasn't privy to the emails she was sending back and
13	forth, but she was checking in with me routinely to see if I
14	had heard anything back because she had been speaking with them
15	and moving forward with her contract.
16	Q. Let's forward to December 1st, 2020. Look at exhibit 7.
17	We're going to offer this into evidence.
18	THE COURT: Any objection?
19	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No.
20	THE COURT: Exhibit 7 is received and may be published
21	to the jury.
22	(Plaintiff's Exhibit 7 received in evidence)
23	Q. And around December 1st, December 2nd, did you receive this
24	letter?
25	V I did

1	Q. And how is it that you found out about this letter?
2	A. This letter was delivered to my home and my daughter my
3	older daughter opened it, not being aware of what it was. And
4	then she brought it up to give it to my husband who called me
5	at work to tell me I was fired.
6	Q. What happened after that once you found out, once your
7	husband told you that you were fired?
8	A. I left, I left the office. I don't remember the time of
9	day, but I'm assuming it was later in the day if my daughter
10	had opened the mail, she must have been home. And I drove home
11	and I was in a state of mixed shock and acknowledgement because
12	I knew it was coming, I just didn't think that an organization
13	of this size would decide that they could not follow the law,
14	that they were somehow above it and that they could get away
15	with this.
16	Q. Did they provide you any explanation as to why you were
17	terminated in this letter?
18	A. They did not.
19	Q. And you got home, you saw the letter, and what did you do
20	after that?
21	A. I called Mr. Andrew Rubin.
22	Q. Did you speak with Mr. Rubin?
23	A. I did.
24	Q. And what did Mr. Rubin say to you?
25	A. He told me that I asked him why, you know, I was

N7BCede3 Edelman - Direct

1	terminated and he told me that the organization was going in a	
2	different direction, that this had nothing to do with my care	
3	as a physician, that my patients loved me and I was a very,	
4	very good doctor. And he offered to help me I asked if	
5	there was any other position for me within NYU as an	
6	organization and he had offered to take my résumé and to pass	
7	it on.	
8	Q. I want to jump back to exhibit 8 at page D51. With respect	
9	to the cause in your termination clause, did Mr. Rubin say	
10	anything about being terminated for cause under any of these	
11	factors?	
12	A. No.	
13	Q. Did Mr. Rubin ever tell you that you were being fired for	
14	cause?	
15	A. No.	
16	Q. I'd like to turn to exhibit 84, please, and offer that into	
17	evidence.	
18	THE COURT: Any objection?	
19	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Nope.	
20	THE COURT: 84 is received and may be published to the	
21	jury.	
22	(Plaintiff's Exhibit 84 received in evidence)	
23	Q. When you worked at NYU, did you ever see this document	
24	before?	
25	A. I did not.	

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- Q. After the lawsuit began, you got a copy of this through the discovery in this case; right?
  - A. Yes.

- 4 | Q. And what do you understand this to be?
- A. I understand this to be a log kept by Ms. Miriam Ruiz, the office manager.
- Q. I note that the first entry in this log is November 13th,
- 8 | 2019; is that correct?
- 9 A. Yes, there is an entry prior with no date.
- Q. And that's approximately two months after you made your complaint to HR; is that right?
- 12 | A. That's correct.
- Q. Are there any other entries prior to that date, any dated entries prior to that date?
- 15 | A. No.
- Q. At that time, you had worked for NYU for about seven years?
- 17 | A. Yeah, like six and a half years.
- 18 Q. And no entries in here; correct?
- 19 | A. Yes.
- 20 Q. And then there are entries that continue on through this
- until October 26th, 2020. Actually, I take that back. October
- 22 **28th, 2020; correct?**
- 23 | A. Yes.
- Q. And during this time, did Ms. Ruiz ever speak to you about
- any of these entries that she put into this log?

N7BCede3	Edelman - Direct

A. No.

- Q. Did anyone speak to you about any of these entries that she put into the log?
- || A. No.
- Q. I want to talk about a few of the entries that are listed in here. If you look at June 15, 2020, do you see an entry?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. It's talking about a video, a patient had a video visit with you and made a complaint. Can you explain what happened on that -- do you remember the incident that they're referencing here?
  - A. I do remember this incident that they're referencing.
  - Q. What happened?
  - A. So in June of 2020, NYU had done an announcement that they were reopening all of the offices, like wide open, like everyone should be back to work. Some of us were still doing part telehealth to protect some of our patients who were higher risk or who didn't feel comfortable coming into the office. So this particular visit in June was a video visit. I had set up my office space in one of the few rooms of my house that had double doors to close and I was doing video visits knowing my children were still home from school at times when I could do it without being interrupted. I was on a video visit with a patient and the bell rang. I believe it was in the earlier morning hours. I went to go and get the door and I put the

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Edelman - Direct

video visit on mute and I didn't turn the camera off. I was seeing the patient myself directly, there was nobody else in the room at that time. Everyone else in my family was in different rooms at that point in time. When I went to get the door, unbeknownst to me, my younger daughter had woken up and I guess she came down to find me and she saw the camera on and she waved at the patient. Q.

- And that's what happened?
- Α. That's what happened. And I was aware of it because the patient had emailed me directly.
- Q. Did Ms. Ruiz ever talk to you about that particular incident? 12
- 13 A. No.

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- Q. Or a patient complaint or anything like that?
- Α. No. 15
- Q. There's an entry for September 9? 16
- 17 Α. Yes.
- 18 Q. Can you explain what happened on that particular day.
- 19 Α. This is a little tricky for me when I first saw it because
- 20 I wasn't quite sure because when I first read it, it said that
- 21 I texted at 11:25 that I was running an hour and a half behind.
- 22 And I thought back to myself, "I was late to work an hour and a
- 23 half? Like, what's happening? Like, I don't recall that
- 24 happening." But when I actually kind of looked at the date and
- sought it out for myself, I realized what I had done was I was 25

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Edelman - Direct

running behind on patients that morning so I was about an hour and a half back on patient care. So sometimes in the office, because it's easier than running to find your manager, I would just text and say, "Hey, this is what's going on. Can you help me out with this?" So it's a text message to say I'm running behind, can you help me out and let the patients know we're coming in later, we're running behind and move up their appointments. And I explained in that text message, which I don't believe is listed here, they didn't write it, but there's text messages between me and Ms. Ruiz where I explained why I was running behind, that there were a couple of patients who were mis-scheduled in the morning who were really new patients that were only given shorter time slots. For that particular day, for some reason, I had more procedures. Usually you get procedures mixed in, it might throw your time off a little bit, but that day there were multiple procedures, so I was much further back and I wanted to accommodate my patients and give them a heads up. Q. And then there's an entry for September 15? A. Yes. Q. And can you explain what happened on this day. Α.

21

So I was in a room with a patient, you know, and I -- I dropped my gloves on the floor and when -- during COVID, you know, we were short supplies, so -- and you were wearing gloves and you were wearing masks and you were wearing a face shield

25

seen one of the oncologists in the morning. I don't know the

N7BCede3 Edelman - Direct

break.

exact patient because everything's redacted, so I can't recall
the details of who the patient was, but I could speak to the
fact that it was very it was very often, because we shared
the space with oncology and many other specialists, that a
patient would come in and maybe they would see their
gastroenterologist and then come see me or see the oncologist
and then come see me. So on this particular day what had
happened was the patient had seen the oncologist and had labs
done and then saw me, and it looks like she had put in a
complaint that I had redrawn the blood after she had drawn the
blood in the morning. Very often, the hematologist would run a
quick CBC in the office and that would be all they were doing.
As rheumatologists, we do run different types of lab testing.
So it's unclear, without me being able to see the chart, if it
was even the same blood work. Most likely, it was not, or I
wouldn't have redone it.
Q. And one last question I forgot to ask you before. This
Miriam Ruiz, who did she direct report to?
A. To Mr. Joe Antonik.
THE COURT: Members of the jury, it's now just about
11:30. We'll take our break now. We'll take a break for about
15 minutes. I'll see you back here around 11:45. Have a good

(Continued on next page)

	N7BCede3	Edelman - Direct
1		(Jury not present)
2		THE COURT: Does defense counsel still wish to see me
3	at sidebar?	
4		MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Yes, your Honor.
5		THE COURT: Let's go to sidebar.
6		(Continued on next page)
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(At the sidebar)

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Your Honor, we had a motion in limine and an express ruling in this case that her daughter's medical condition was not going to be admitted, and she slipped in, in the middle of one her narrative answers, that her daughter suffers from epilepsy. I think they did that on purpose because they know one of the jurors has a connection with an epilepsy charity, I think it was an intentional breach of what your Honor decided on the motion *in limine*. Whether it was intentional or not intentional, it's improper.

At a minimum, we're going to need a corrective instruction at some point that the medical condition of the daughter is not relevant to the case. I really don't want to highlight it, but I also want to make absolutely sure this doesn't happen again in plaintiff's testimony.

MR. LABUDA: Your Honor, with respect to the motion in *limine*, the motion was with respect to her condition as autistic, had nothing to do with epilepsy. A lot of people suffer from epilepsy. My sister suffers from epilepsy. And she was simply explaining -- we are following your Honor's ruling on it. She was simply explaining why she had to leave that day and she had to give some explanation to it.

MR. STEER: Your Honor, if I may, the motion was actually to both her daughters' medical conditions, we didn't specify. And the juror in question not only apparently has an

1	epileptic daughter, but she's on the national foundation for
2	epilepsy. So it's even, we would suggest, more sensitive.
3	THE COURT: Do you have what I said on the motion <i>in</i>
4	limine?
5	MR. STEER: Right here, your Honor.
6	THE COURT: You can redress it later.
7	Are you expecting to come back to the daughter's
8	medical condition at any point during the remainder of your
9	direct examination?
10	MR. LABUDA: No. I don't foresee that, no.
11	THE COURT: So I'll address this when you request a
12	corrective instruction.
13	How much longer are you expecting on direct
14	examination?
15	MR. LABUDA: I'd probably say, I think I'm on page 14
16	of, I think, 23.
17	MR. KATAEV: 16, two-thirds to.
18	MR. LABUDA: Maybe another hour, hour and a half.
19	THE COURT: Hopefully we'll get through it and well
20	into cross examination.
21	In terms of the jury's time, when you've got long
22	documents that are in evidence, I expect that you'll highlight
23	whatever it is that you want to bring the jury's attention to
24	and not have the witness read the whole thing verbatim. I
	I was a second of the control of the

think it's not the most efficient use of the jury's time.

	N7BCede3 Edelman - Direct
1	MR. LABUDA: Yes, your Honor.
2	MR. STEER: Your Honor, if I may, you also had
3	reserved decision on the question of the Ecuador trip. We have
4	that here if your Honor would like to see it.
5	THE COURT: I know, and there was no objection when
6	there was testimony about it.
7	MR. STEER: That's fine then.
8	THE COURT: It came into evidence.
9	See you back here in a little bit.
10	(Recess)
11	(Continued on next page)
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	N7BCede3 Edelman - Direct	
1	(In open court; jury not present)	
2	THE COURT: Anything from plaintiff before we bring in	
3	the jury?	
4	MR. LABUDA: No, your Honor.	
5	THE COURT: What about from defendant?	
6	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No, your Honor.	
7	THE COURT: Let's bring in the jury.	
8	(Continued on next page)	
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N7BCede3 Edelman - Direct (Jury present) 1 Dr. Edelman, you're reminded you're still THE COURT: 2 under oath. 3 Counsel you may inquire. 4 BY MR. LABUDA: 5 I'd like you to look at exhibit 86, please. And I'd offer 6 Q. 7 that into evidence. THE COURT: Any objection? 8 9 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: 86 is received and may be published to the 10 THE COURT: 11 jury. (Plaintiff's Exhibit 86 received in evidence) 12 13 And this is an email chain between Mr. Joseph Antonik and Q. Andrew Porges, Dr. Andrew Porges, Miriam Ruiz, and Priscilla 14 Faslowich starting on November 6th of 2020; is that correct? 15 Α. Yes. 16 17 And if you look at the bottom of it, like with all emails, Q. 18 it starts at the bottom, there's an email from Mr. Antonik to 19 Andy, Trish, and Miriam. Do you see that? 20 Α. Yes, the 2:20 November 6th email. Yes. It says: "Hi Andy, Trish, Miriam. David requested 21 Q. 22 all information on Edelman to be sent to him today." Do you see that? 23

Q. Is it your understanding the "David" referenced here is

A.

24

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Yes.

Kaplan? 1

N7BCede3

- Α. Yes. 2
- Q. The next says: "We need clear convincing summary with 3
- examples sent." Do you see that? 4
- A. Yes. 5
- Q. And the next paragraph, it says: "Ideally, we want recent 6
- 7 examples of inappropriate behavior and communicates between
- 8 Edelman staff and patients." Do you see that?
- 9 Α. Yes.
- As a result of Mr. Antonik's request here, subsequently, 10 Q.
- 11 that day, do you see another email from Mr. Antonik a few hours
- later at 4:19 p.m.? 12
- 13 A. Yes.
- And in that email chain, there are additional examples that 14 Q.
- he puts in into this exhibit; is that correct? 15
- Α. Yes. 16
- 17 And the subject, the title of this email is Edelman emails Q.
- 18 or Edelman issues. That's the same title that was in the Ruiz
- 19 log; is that right?
- 20 Α. Yes, it's the same subject matter.
- 21 Q. And the notes, the summary here, are these also the same
- 22 incidents that are referenced in Ms. Ruiz's log?
- 23 A. Yes, they're all identical to what's in her log.
- So the ones that are in Ms. Ruiz's logs are placed into 24 Q.
- 25 this email for the group; correct?

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1	A. Yes.	
2	Q. And that's November 6th, 2020, that's about two months	
3	before your contract is up; is that right?	
4	A. It's a month before my contract is up, like less than a	
5	month. This is where there's a date discrepancy because the	
6	contract date from the previous contract went to January where,	
7	normally, it went to December. So you could say it's a little	
8	short of two months then, couple weeks.	
9	Q. And I want you to look at exhibit KKK next. And I'd offer	
10	that into evidence.	
11	THE COURT: I assume no objection to KKK	
12	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Correct.	
13	THE COURT: KKK is received and may be published.	
14	(Defendant's Exhibit KKK received in evidence)	
15	Q. Just with the last one, had you ever seen that email chain,	
16	was that ever forwarded to you while you were working there?	
17	A. No, I was not aware of any such email chains between any of	
18	these individuals.	
19	Q. And any of the things that are listed in the Antonik email	
20	listing all the issues, that was never discussed between you	
21	and Mr. Antonik?	
22	A. No one spoke to me at all about any type of issues,	
23	concerns, staff issues, patient issues, no one addressed me	

(212) 805-0300

And with KKK, this is an email from Dr. Porges; is that

with anything.

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Case 1:21-cv-00502-LJL Document 273-1 Filed 08/23/23 Page 164 of 1503 N7BCede3 Edelman - Direct right? 1 Yes. Α. 2 MR. LABUDA: Can you scroll up. 3 Q. And it's to David Kaplan; correct? 4 A. Yes. 5 Q. And the email, the one below, November 6th at 4:30 p.m., 6 7 that's a few minutes after the Joseph Antonik email that 8 contained all the incidents; is that correct? That was at 4:19 9 and the Porges one was at 4:31, so this is about 12 minutes later? 10 A. Yes. 11 12 MR. LABUDA: If you can close that out. Thank you. 13 Q. This email, again, was this email ever shared to you during the time that you were working at NYU? 14 A. No, never. 15 You received it afterwards in this case? Q. 16 17 Α. Yes. 18 Q. This litigation. Okay. 19 And did Dr. Porges ever discuss any of the issues that are raised in this email? 20 No, he never discussed anything with me. 21 A. 22 Q. And do you see in the email, in the email there are issues 23 that he raises about how you're practicing medicine; correct?

And can you just briefly address those issues that he's

24

25

A.

Q.

Yes.

N7BCede3	Edelman - Direct

- raising. It's talking about ordering lab tests?
  - A. Yes.

- Q. Okay.
- A. So in his anecdotal observations, he addresses ordering too many lab tests, as well as x-rays, as reported by an x-ray tech.
- Q. With respect to ordering tests, what's the significance of ordering tests as a rheumatologist?
- A. Rheumatologists notoriously are known for ordering a lot of tests to begin with. A lot of our autoimmune diseases have panels or labs. So that's pretty routine care for a rheumatologist, that there will be a significant amount of tests, perhaps on a first visit and then even on the routine followup visits because of the autoantibody testing, it might require several more tubes to follow disease progression, disease activity.

So, to give you an example, even on a lupus patient, at quarterly visits, we're assessing something called complements, inflammatory markers, which that, in and of itself, is two tests, plus there's two tests for inflammation. We assess the double-stranded DNA which is an antibody that trends the activity of lupus. So that's an additional test. We assess urine studies because lupus can attack the kidneys and have no symptoms.

So typically, quarterly, every three, four months, a

followup. We do labs, including urine, to make sure there's no protein and there's no blood so that we could be preemptive if lupus decides to impact somebody's kidney. If we intervene sooner, we save a life, we save an organ. If we don't do these types of tests, then patients can flare and they can become much more serious.

- Q. Did you have any specialty within rheumatology, is there anything that you had a particular focus on?
- A. My patient population I think varied from my colleagues, that I trained specifically with Steven Carsons, who is a rheumatologist at Winthrop NYU, and he -- I followed in his footsteps in the sense of being a rheumatology diagnostician.

  I was known in my community for solving complex, difficult cases. And I would often get referred patients who had been to many, many doctors, even other rheumatologists who didn't have clear-cut diagnoses and continued to suffer with symptoms. So some of my patients did require more extensive testing, a subset of those types of consults, but that was different in my practice, having these types of referrals.

And when I think about how I've grown as a rheumatologist in that sense, my background in math and being an actuary in problem solving, that kind of worked its way into how I practiced medicine. I liked the difficult cases, I liked the challenges, and over the years, you know, I've gotten so much feedback from patients and other clinicians about the changes

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167 N7BCede3 Edelman - Direct

I've made and how I've impacted people's lives and being able to really make a diagnosis and move to get people well.

THE COURT: Counsel and witness, in the future, let's try to keep the answers just to the questions that are asked and conserve the jury's time and ensure that we abide by the rules.

MR. LABUDA: Yes. Yes.

- Q. There's also a reference to x-rays being used, that he had concerns about your use of x-rays on patients?
- A. Yes.
- Q. How are x-rays used on patients and do they vary from patient to patient?
- They definitely vary. I mean, someone who's coming in for Α. osteoporosis, we're not ordering an x-ray. They might get a bone density per Medicare guidelines every two years. For certain diagnoses, like rheumatoid arthritis, it's standard of care to run x-rays of the bilateral hands, wrists, feet, and ankles. And those are done yearly or every two years based on how active the disease is to see what's going on radiographically, is the disease progressing, are my medications working. Even patients who are in remission sometimes may have progression radiographically and we have to change the medicines around.
- And then subsequent to that paragraph that's there, do you Q. see it says: "Please note the following issues and examples."

N7BCede3

Edelman - Direct

1	Do you see that?		
2	A.	Uh-huh.	
3	Q.	And that's the exact same language that was in the Antonik	
4	email; correct?		
5	A.	Yes.	
6	Q.	So that was copied and pasted from the Antonik email and	
7	put into this email from Dr. Porges; correct?		
8	A.	Yes.	
9		MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.	
10		THE COURT: Sustained. Testimony is stricken.	
11	Q.	The email from Dr. Porges goes to David Kaplan; is that	
12	right?		
13	A.	Yes.	
14	Q.	And David Kaplan then sends that email with the Porges	
15	email to Mr. Joshua Swirnow on November 18th; is that right?		
16	A.	Yes.	
17	Q.	And his email is "Here you go." Is that right?	
18	A.	Yes, "Here you go."	
19		(Continued on next page)	
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			

- 1 | BY MR. LABUDA:
- 2 | Q. OK.
- 3 | A. Here you go.
- 4 | Q. And then there's an email on the same day from Mr. Swirnow,
- 5 | acknowledging the email from Kaplan containing the Porges
- 6 | email, correct?
- 7 | A. Yes.
- 8 | Q. And then that same day, there's an email between Mr. Kaplan
- 9 and Swirnow, asking how did the call go with Dr. Porges, with
- 10 | the re being you, correct?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. And then Mr. Swirnow responds back: "Give me a call.
- 13 | We'll fill you in." Correct?
- 14 | A. Yes.
- 15  $\parallel$  Q. So the contents of that call are not in the email, correct?
- 16 | A. Yes.
- 17 | O. OK. And then it's, I think, 13 days later that the
- 18 | termination letter is sent, is that correct?
- 19 | A. Yes.
- 20 | Q. OK. When you left NYU, did you receive any type of
- 21 | correspondence, and I should say did NYU receive any
- 22 || correspondence from any of your patients when you were leaving,
- 23 | when there was an announcement about you leaving?
- 24 | A. So, while I was still at NYU, because the announcement
- 25 | about my departure went out while I was still at NYU, hundreds

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Edelman - Direct

- of emails poured in through the electronic medical records
  system and Epic as well as personally to me at my direct
  contacts.
  - Q. And the Epic System, that's a system that NYU used, correct?
  - A. Yes, that's correct.
  - MR. LABUDA: OK. I'd like to show you exhibit 93 for identification.
  - MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Your Honor, give us one second, please?
- 11 OK. No objection.
- 12 | THE COURT: Any objection to 93?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No, your Honor.
- 14 THE COURT: OK. 93 is received.
- 15 | (Plaintiff's Exhibit 93 received in evidence)
- 16 BY MR. LABUDA:
- Q. And I'm just going to have you look at one. This is an email that was sent to NYU that says, "I consider myself
- 19 | fortunate to be under Dr. Edelman's care." Correct?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 | Q. And that's dated April 22, 2021, correct?
- 22 | A. Yes.
- 23 | Q. OK. (inaudible) "Lovely to speak with."
- So I'm curious. After the emails that, Dr. Porges's email had been sent to Mr. Rubin, did he ever call you up to discuss

#### Edelman - Direct

- with you any of the concerns that Dr. Porges had raised in his email?
  - $\parallel$  A. No.

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- Q. And the termination letter that we looked at before, that was dated December 1, 2020, correct?
- 6 | A. Yes.
- Q. OK. But it said you were going to be terminated effective
- 8 | May 31, 2021, is that right?
- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 Q. I want to pivot to another claim that you have -- with 11 respect to pay.
- When you were at NYU, did you have any suspicions or concerns that you were being paid less than your male colleagues?
- 15 | A. I had suspicions I was being paid less.
- 16 | Q. And did you share those suspicions with anyone?
- 17 A. I spoke, I spoke to Dr. Mehta about my suspicions.
- 18 MR. LABUDA: OK. I'd like you to look at exhibit 108.
- That's been marked or identified, and I'd like to offer this into evidence.
- 21 | THE COURT: Just a moment.
- 22 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No objection, your Honor.
- THE COURT: 108 is received and may be published to the jury.
  - (Plaintiff's Exhibit 108 received in evidence)

#### Edelman - Direct

- 1 | BY MR. LABUDA:
- 2 | Q. So, in the first page of it, there's a text exchange in
- 3 | October. Just out of curiosity, who's -- who's the gray and
- 4 | who's the green?
- 5 A. The gray is Dr. Mehta, and -- do I have it right? And I
- 6 | think I'm the green.
- 7 | Q. OK.
- 8 A. Yes, I'm the green.
- 9 | Q. She texts you, on October 16: "Our contracts will be for
- 10 | renewal soon. We should find out how much the other rheums are
- 11 | making per RVU."
- 12 | A. Right.
- 13 | Q. Do you see that?
- 14 | A. Yes.
- 15 | Q. OK. Did you have any sense in terms of how you were being
- 16 | paid per RVU versus your colleagues?
- 17 | A. I had a sense that after a conversation I had had with Dr.
- 18 | Modi at the Huntington location -- he's a rheumatologist
- 19 | there -- where he kind of said, you know, in a normal kind of
- 20 conversation, we were talking about other things and he brought
- 21 || up how many RVUs were his targets and how many patients, you
- 22 | know, he had been seeing, and when I kind of did the math in my
- 23 | head, it occurred to me that he had to be making more money
- 24 | than me.
- 25 | Q. And you have had an opportunity to review all your male

- 1 | colleagues' contracts, correct?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 | Q. And were you being paid less per RVU?
- 4 | A. Yes.
- 5 | Q. OK.
- 6 A. That's the reference to the conversation. Anang is Dr.
- 7 | Modi.
- 8 | Q. OK. All right. And on the next page, there's a reference,
- 9 | it looks like from Dr. Mehta: "We should negotiate for same
- 10 | RVU but have to see if making equivalent per RVU moving
- 11 | forward.
- 12 | "Not expecting bonus."
- 13 Do you see that?
- 14 | A. Yes.
- 15 | Q. OK. So that's a reference to the difference in terms of
- 16 | the RVU pay?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 Q. OK. And then you respond back, "for some reason Anang" --
- 19 | that's Dr. Modi, is that right?
- 20 | A. Yeah.
- 21 | Q. And he's a male doctor there?
- 22 | A. Yes.
- 23 | Q. "Higher goal RVU is a factor equivalent is higher so
- 24 | basically if my goal is 5,000 typically see 4,000 visits a year
- 25 | my RVU base 1.25. For him if seeing same 4,000 patient visits,

#### Edelman - Direct

- which like 100 week for ten months, averaged with vacation and
- 2 | CME dates, holidays, etc., then his RVU base is 1.5." Correct?
- 3 A. Yeah, this is just my kind of trying to figure it out, but
- 4 | there are multiple ways someone could be paid more.
- 5 | Q. OK. And that was through a conversation you had with Dr.
- 6 | Modi?
- 7 | A. Yes.
- $8 \parallel Q$ . Is that right?
- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 Q. OK. And then subsequently, in this text chain, you texted,
- 11 | at 12:03 p.m., "If you want answer for equal pay need ask
- 12 | transparency." Was that the pay --
- 13 MR. LABUDA: I think you have to scroll down.
- 14 | A. Yeah.
- MR. LABUDA: Thank you.
- 16  $\parallel$  Q. Was there any -- did NYU tell you what the other doctors
- 17 | were being paid?
- 18 | A. No.
- 19 Q. OK. Did they tell you how much they were paying on a
- 20 | relative RVU basis, or anything like that?
- 21 | A. No.
- 22 | Q. OK. And were you raising issues about gender with Ms. --
- 23 | with Dr. Modi -- or, I'm sorry -- Dr. Mehta?
- 24 A. Yes. We both had concerns at that point that we weren't
- 25 | being paid equivalent to our male colleagues.

#### Edelman - Direct

- 1 | Q. OK. There's also a reference to the titles, male titles.
- 2 | What were you referencing there?
- 3 A. The male rheumatologists in Lake Success both had
- 4 | administrative titles, and we felt there was likely going to
- 5 | be -- there was likely compensation associated with those
- 6 | titles to, to allow for higher pay.
- 7 | Q. And then down below, the response from Dr. Mehta is: "Yup.
- 8 | NYU will not disclose or be transparent about salaries. Gender
- 9 and age discrimination in salary compensation exists, 100
- 10 percent, but so hard to prove since no one helping. I was
- 11 | hoping Anang would be more helpful."
- 12 | That was her response?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. And this was in October of 2020, is that right?
- 15 | A. I -- I believe so, but I can't -- I don't see the year, but
- 16 | I would believe so.
- 17 | Q. OK.
- 18 | A. Yes.
- 19 Q. And so with respect to -- when you stopped working in 2021,
- 20 | Dr. Goldberg was there, correct?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. OK. And you were both being hired by NYU to perform
- 23 | clinical services for patients, correct?
- 24 A. Yes, we were hired as outpatient rheumatology --
- 25 | rheumatologists who see patients in the office.

#### Edelman - Direct

- Q. OK. And when you started working for NYU, how many years of clinical experience did you have treating patients?
- A. Well, I would say from the start of my fellowship through to that year, so from 2006 onward.
  - Q. OK. So that would be eight years?
- 6 | A. Yes.

- Q. OK. And with respect to Dr. Goldberg -- you had said, I
  think, he joined NYU just before you -- what was his experience
  before he joined NYU in terms of clinical?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Foundation.
- 12 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 13 BY MR. LABUDA:
- 14 | Q. Have you reviewed his CV in the course of this case?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 Q. OK. And was there reference in terms of his work
- 17 | experience as a doctor?
- 18 A. Yes. He had worked --
- 19 | Q. Hold on. Hold on.
- 20 | A. OK.
- 21 | Q. And is that also true with the other doctors as well, you
- 22 | reviewed their résumés, their CVs, that referenced their
- 23 | clinical experience?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. With respect to Dr. Goldberg, what was his clinical

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1
      experience?
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               MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
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               THE COURT: Sustained on hearsay grounds.
 4
     BY MR. LABUDA:
 5
          Did you ever speak to Dr. Goldberg about his experiences --
 6
     Α.
          Yes.
7
          -- his experience as clinical?
8
      Α.
         Yes.
      Q. OK. And what did he tell you?
 9
               MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Hearsay.
10
11
               THE COURT: Sustained.
12
     BY MR. LABUDA:
13
      Q. With respect to Dr. Modi, do you know, what was his
14
      experience prior to working at -- working at NYU?
15
               MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Foundation.
               THE COURT: Sustained.
16
17
               MR. LABUDA: OK. Let's pull up -- all right. Let me
18
      do it this way.
19
               Bear with me. It's going to take a little longer,
20
     but -- OK. I'd like you to look at exhibit 41.
21
               MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No objection.
22
               THE COURT: 41's received and may be published to the
23
      jury.
               (Plaintiff's Exhibit 41 received in evidence)
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BY MR. LABUDA:

- 1 | Q. OK. This is Dr. Goldberg's C -- curriculum vitae, correct?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 | Q. And that outlines the experience that he has as a
- 4 | rheumatologist, correct?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 | Q. OK. And from this CV, what was the experience, what was
- 7 | the clinical experience that Dr. Goldberg had prior to working
- 8 | at NYU?
- 9 A. You have to scroll down further.
- 10 | Thank you.
- 11 | Q. You may want to just --
- 12 | A. You have to go back up. All right. 925.
- 13 Yeah, that's right. Yeah.
- So Dr. Goldberg worked at -- scroll back to the top. I'm
- 15  $\parallel$  sorry.
- 16 Yeah.
- MR. LABUDA: It's a multiple-page document. It may be
- 18 easier if the witness sees it.
- 19 | THE COURT: Do you want to have someone direct her
- 20 | attention to it?
- MR. LABUDA: Well, it's hard because it's not on that
- 22 | page.
- 23 | THE COURT: All right. You can approach the witness
- 24 | with a physical exhibit.
- MR. LABUDA: OK. Thank you.

THE COURT: The witness has the exhibit in front of her, exhibit No. 41.

MR. LABUDA: Right.

- Q. And if you could explain the clinical experience that Dr. Goldberg had that he had prior to NYU?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Same objection, your Honor, as to foundation.

THE COURT: That objection's overruled. She can give lay opinion testimony about what the résumé means.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: OK.

- A. His clinical, his clinical experience was from 2001 until present, and that was at North Shore University Hospital Long
- 13 | Island Jewish. He had worked in academic medicine, which is
- 14 | shared responsibilities, so a lot of his experience is in
- 15 | teaching and less time in clinical, at a hospital-based center.
- 16 Q. OK. And that's because at a hospital-based center, as an
- assistant professor of medicine, is there any academic type of
- 18 | component to that?
- 19 | A. Yes.

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- 20 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 21 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 22 | BY MR. LABUDA:
- 23 Q. What is the -- are you familiar with, with academic
- 24 | appointments at hospitals for rheumatologists?
- 25 | A. Yes.

- And what's your familiarity based on? 1
- 2 Based on my, my training in an academic institution or Α.
- hospital for rheumatology. 3
- 4 OK. And what do assistant professors of medicine do at Q.
- 5 schools of medicine vis-à-vis the clinical?
- Their time is spent teaching residents. Sometimes there's 6
- 7 time spent with medical students. There's some time spent
- doing research related to the academia of that department and 8
- some time spent in clinical practice. Usually clinical hours 9
- 10 for an attending at a hospital, attending at a hospital,
- 11 academic rheumatology practice is usually limited to two, two
- 12 and a half days a week to see their own patients.
- 13 Q. Whereas in a private practice it's seeing patients how many
- 14 times? Five?
- A. Five. Five days a week. 15
- 16 MR. LABUDA: OK.
- 17 All right. With Dr. Modi, if you could look at his
- exhibit or his CV. 18
- I'd like you to take a look at 46, and we'd offer that 19
- 20 into evidence.
- 21 THE COURT: Any objection to 46?
- 22 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No, your Honor.
- 23 THE COURT: 46 is received and may be published to the
- 24 jury.
- 25 (Plaintiff's Exhibit 46 received in evidence)

- 1 | BY MR. LABUDA:
- 2 | Q. All right. This is the CV of Dr. Modi, is that correct?
- 3 | A. Yes.
- 4 | Q. OK. And what was his clinical experience prior to working
- 5 | at NYU?
- 6 A. So, he -- you have to -- same thing. You have to scroll.
- 7 | Q. If you look in the hard book --
- 8 | A. Oh.
- 9 Q. -- you have all of the exhibits there.
- 10 | A. Oh.
- 11 Q. You can look through that, and I can adjust the binder so
- 12 | it's not as cumbersome.
- 13 | THE COURT: My copy of 46 just has a single page.
- MR. LABUDA: Yes, if you look at 46.
- 15 || THE COURT: It's just one page. I would think it
- 16 | could be published.
- THE WITNESS: Oh, OK. It is one page. I didn't know
- 18 | there was a second page.
- 19 MR. LABUDA: Make it bigger.
- 20 | Q. What was his clinical experience?
- 21 | A. Dr. Modi's clinical experience is from his fellowship time
- 22 | at Winthrop. He attended fellowship with me. He graduated in
- 23 | 2006, and then his additional clinical experience was at the
- 24 | Queens Long Island Medical Group, where he saw patients as part
- 25 of the HIP Center, or Queens Long Island Medical Group.

- 1 | Q. OK. So let's just go back.
- 2 He graduated from the New York College of Osteopathic
- 3 | Medicine, correct?
- 4 | A. Yes.
- 5 | Q. And that's the same medical school that you graduated from,
- 6 | correct?
- 7 | A. Yes.
- 8 | Q. You graduated in 2003, is that right?
- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 | Q. So he was two years before you, right?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. OK. And then the internal medicine residency, that was the
- 13 | same internal medicine residency you did at Winthrop, correct?
- 14 A. Yes, correct.
- 15  $\parallel$  Q. OK. And then the same with the rheumatology fellowship at
- 16 | Winthrop; the only difference is he's two years before you,
- 17 || correct?
- 18 A. Yes, correct.
- 19  $\parallel$  Q. OK. And then after that he went to -- you said he went to
- 20 | HIP?
- 21 A. Yes, the Queens Long Island Medical Group.
- 22 | Q. Did you have, as a rheumatologist, did you have any
- 23 | understanding of what HIP was or is?
- 24 | A. HIP is an -- it's a facility that is owned by the insurance
- 25 company, where they employ their own doctors and then you see

Edelman - Direct

- 1 patients all who have the same insurance under HIP.
- 2 Q. OK. And did you have any understanding when Dr. Modi came
- 3 to HIP how many HIP patients that he was treating followed him
- 4 | over to NYU?
- 5 A. His location -- his office location was in Queens, and my
- 6 | understanding, when he came over, from conversations that I had
- 7 | with him, was that he, he didn't -- he didn't have a strong
- 8 | following because you needed to see a HIP doctor. So once he
- 9 | left HIP, he was no longer a HIP doctor. So, and then the
- 10 | patients that did come are now driving from Queens to Long
- 11 | Island, all the way out East. It was a very far distance, so
- 12 he had expressed to me that he was having difficulty, like,
- 13 | retaining and establishing a patient base in Huntington. So I
- 14 | don't think many followed him.
- 15 | Q. In contrast, you said that you and Dr. Mehta had about
- 16 | 6,000 patients that followed you to NYU?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 | Q. And Dr. Andrew Porges, did you get an opportunity to review
- 19 | his CV in the course of this litigation?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 | THE COURT: Why don't you wait until the lawyer shows
- 22 | you a document before you look at documents yourself.
- 23 | THE WITNESS: Oh, I'm sorry.
- MR. LABUDA: I'd ask you to look at exhibit 48, and
- 25 we'd offer that into evidence as well.

- 1 | THE COURT: Any objection?
- 2 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No objection.
- THE COURT: OK. 48 is received and may be published.

## (Plaintiff's Exhibit 48 received in evidence)

- 5 BY MR. LABUDA:
  - Q. This is the CV for Dr. Porges, is that right?
- 7 | A. Yes.

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- 8 | Q. So he went to medical school as well in 1986, correct?
- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 | Q. At Cornell New York, correct?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. And then in terms of his training, what clinical training
- 13 | did he have in accordance with his résumé or CV before he
- 14 | joined NYU?
- 15 A. So, a lot of his early career he is an instructor in
- 16 | medicine at Cornell. He's an assistant scientist at the
- 17 | Hospital for Special Surgery. He's an assistant professor at
- 18 Cornell University, which is an academic position as well. He
- 19 goes into clinical medicine in 1993 in his -- in a partnership
- 20 | with Dr. Cohen. And then he continued practicing in clinical
- 21 | at his own practice in 2002. And part of that practice or a
- 22 | large part of it was engaged in research.
- 23 | O. OK.
- 24 | A. Yeah.
- 25 | Q. And that's not clinical?

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#### Edelman - Direct

- A. The clinical activity with research is just limited to your patients in clinical trials, so it's different than seeing a patient who comes in and you're establishing a diagnosis and developing a treatment plan.
- A clinical trial patient has to meet criteria, to already have the diagnosis and then they're treated with whatever the trial protocol is, whatever drug they're testing. So it's a different type of patient visiting. You're monitoring side effects, how the patient's doing. But it's different than being a clinician and evaluating, diagnosing and treating.
- Q. OK. Is it fair to say that in a research component, you're more focused on the interaction of the drug with the patient as opposed to the patient treatment?
  - MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 15 | THE COURT: Sustained.
- 16 | BY MR. LABUDA:
- Q. What's the primary focus in a research position --
- 18 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 19 | BY MR. LABUDA:
- 20 | Q. -- in rheumatology?
- 21 | THE COURT: Sustained on foundation grounds.
- 22 BY MR. LABUDA:
- 23 | Q. Do you have any understanding of what rheumatologists do
- 24 | when they are performing research with respect to rheumatology?
- 25 | A. Yes.

- Q. And what's the basis of your knowledge?
- 2 A. During my fellowship, I engaged in clinical trials with the
- 3 attending doctors that I worked with, and I saw patients with
- 4 | them who were involved in clinical trials.
- Q. And what is the main focus of a rheumatologist when they're
- 6 doing research work vis-à-vis a drug?
- 7 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 8 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 9 BY MR. LABUDA:

- Q. What is the main focus of a rheumatologist when they're performing their research work?
- 12 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 13 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 14 BY MR. LABUDA:
- Q. Based on your experience in dealing with research in rheumatology, what's the main focus of that, of the research that a rheumatologist performs?
- 18 | MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- THE COURT: Is there a single thing in academia that rheumatologists always do?
- 21 THE WITNESS: There's a -- there are, there are 22 several things that they always do.
- 23 THE COURT: But does every rheumatologist in academia 24 do the same thing?
- 25 THE WITNESS: They can do different things. They

Edelman - Direct

- 1 don't all have to do exactly the same thing.
- 2 | THE COURT: Objection sustained.
- 3 BY MR. LABUDA:
- 4 Q. With respect to Dr. Mehta, did you have an opportunity to
- 5 | review her CV?
- 6 | A. Yes.

- 7 MR. LABUDA: OK. And I'd like you to look at exhibit
- 8 | 42. And we'd offer that into evidence.
  - THE COURT: Any objection?
- 10 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No.
- 11 | THE COURT: 42 is received and may be published.
- 12 (Plaintiff's Exhibit 42 received in evidence)
- 13 BY MR. LABUDA:
- 14 | Q. OK. And this is the CV of Dr. Mehta, correct?
- 15 | And again, she was your business partner in private
- 16 | practice, correct?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 | Q. OK. And in terms of her clinical work, what is her
- 19 | clinical work?
- 20 | A. So, Dr. Mehta worked from her fellowship in clinical work,
- 21 | and then she worked for one year doing clinical work as an
- 22 | outpatient rheumatology with Dr. Chatpar, and then she worked
- 23 | with me in our private practice up until the time I left NYU.
- 24 | Q. In reviewing the contracts of your -- well, withdrawn.
- 25 In your contract, initial contract, you had an expense

- 1 | allocation of \$3,000, is that correct?
- 2 | A. That's correct.
- Q. OK. In reviewing your male colleagues', did they have any
- 4 | expense outpatient cap?
- 5 | A. It was --
- 6 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 7 | THE COURT: Basis.
- 8 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Relevancy.
- 9 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 10 A. There was -- there was no caps in their contracts. They
- 11 | had unlimited expenses.
- 12  $\parallel$  Q. And what was your allocation for expenses?
- 13 A. \$3,000 in my first contract. And there was no expenses
- 14 | allotted to me in my second.
- 15 | Q. OK. And with respect to your colleagues, just to be clear,
- 16 | Dr. Avram Goldberg, he's a male, correct?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 | Q. Dr. Anang Modi is male, correct?
- 19 | A. Yes.
- 20 | Q. And Dr. Andrew Porges is male, correct?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. And you and Dr. Mehta are female, correct?
- 23 | A. Correct.
- MR. LABUDA: I'd like you to look at exhibit 24.
- 25 THE COURT: Any objection to receipt of 24?

- 1 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No, your Honor.
- 2 | THE COURT: 24 is received and may be published to the
- 3 || jury.

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## (Plaintiff's Exhibit 24 received in evidence)

- 5 BY MR. LABUDA:
- 6 | Q. This is a copy of a contract for Dr. Goldberg, dated
- 7 November 22, 2013, is that correct?
- 8 | A. Yes.
- 9 | Q. And just for the sake of expediency, prior to this lawsuit,
- 10 | had you seen any of these contracts before?
- 11 | A. No.
- 12 | Q. You only received them after the lawsuit began in the
- 13 | course of discovery?
- 14 | A. Yes.
- 15 | Q. With respect to Dr. Goldberg's contract, if you turn to
- 16 | page D792, at the top, his commencement date with NYU was March
- 17 | 1, 2014, correct?
- 18 | MR. LABUDA: D792.
- 19 A. Yes, correct.
- 20 Q. OK. And he had a five-year contract, is that right?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. OK. And your contract was three years --
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. -- correct?
- 25 A. Mine was three.

### Edelman - Direct

- Q. In terms of the next page, D793, his faculty appointment
- 2 | was clinical assistant professor of medicine, correct?
- 3 | A. Yes.
- 4 | Q. OK. And that's the same as yours?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 | Q. And his academic track was clinical, just like yours,
- 7 | correct?
- 8 | A. Yes.
- 9 | Q. OK. The tenure was just like yours, nontenured, correct?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 | Q. And his appointment title was the same as yours, staff
- 12 | physician, correct?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. And he had an administrative title, clinical director, NYU
- 15 | Langone Nassau Radiology. Do you see that?
- 16 | A. Yes.
- 17 | Q. That was not an administrative title that you had, correct?
- 18 | A. No.
- 19 | Q. He's also listed as being a full-time staff physician,
- 20 || correct?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. OK. His compensation for the clinical is \$290,000,
- 23 || correct?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. And the administration compensation is 25,000, correct?

- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 | Q. OK. And his total compensation was \$315,000, correct?
- 3 | A. Yes.
- 4 | Q. If you turn to D795, there's, again, a reference to his
- 5 compensation for the clinical of \$290,000, correct?
- 6 | A. Yes.
- 7 | Q. And his target RVU is 3,481 RVUs, correct?
- 8 | A. Yes.
- 9 | Q. OK. And your target for your 207,000, in 2014, was 4,966
- 10 | RVUs, is that right?
- 11 | A. It was 4,996.
- 12 | Q. Nine --
- 13  $\parallel$  A. I thought it was 996.
- 14 | Q. OK.
- 15 He also has that same bonus incentive, right, with the 1
- 16 | percent --
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18  $\parallel$  Q. -- is that right?
- 19 OK. And on page 796, there's a reference to clinical
- 20 | research, that any clinical research that he had done before is
- 21 | assigned over to NYU, correct?
- 22 | A. Yes.
- 23 MR. LABUDA: All right. If you turn to -- I'm sorry.
- 24 If you could look at 25, and we'd offer that into
- 25 | evidence as well.

- 1 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No objection.
- THE COURT: 25 is received and may be published.
  - (Plaintiff's Exhibit 25 received in evidence)
- 4 BY MR. LABUDA:
- 5 | Q. So, 25 is Dr. Goldberg's contract, dated January 13, 2017,
- 6 | correct?

- 7 | A. Yes.
- 8 | Q. OK. And even though it was a five-year contract, after
- 9 | three years, there was a new contract for Dr. Goldberg,
- 10 | correct?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. Did NYU ever offer you to renew your contract and increase
- 13 | your pay while you were under contract?
- 14 | A. No, I was not.
- 15 | Q. OK. Dr. Goldberg, he was making \$290,000 in his first
- 16 | contract, right?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 | Q. And he -- NYU was contractually required to pay him and he
- 19 | was contractually required -- obligated to receive that 290 for
- 20 | the five years, correct?
- 21 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 22 | THE COURT: Sustained.
- 23 BY MR. LABUDA:
- 24 | Q. Contractually, for those five years, how much did NYU --
- 25 how much was NYU required to pay Dr. Goldberg from 2014 to

1 | 2019?

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2 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.

3 | THE COURT: Sustained. The witness is not a lawyer.

She can testify to what she read in a document.

MR. LABUDA: OK.

THE COURT: What it says.

BY MR. LABUDA:

- Q. What did his contract read in terms of how much he was
- 9 going to be paid in the next five years?
- 10 | A. \$290,000.
- 11 | Q. And three years later, NYU entered into a new agreement
- 12 | with him, correct?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. And they agreed to pay him \$500,000, correct?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 | Q. OK. And in addition to that, they also agreed to pay him
- 17 | \$25,000 for administrative compensation, correct?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- 19 | Q. If you look at D800, the next page, his compensation was
- 20 | tied to a new RVU target, right; 5,850? Is that correct?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 MR. LABUDA: OK. And then if you look at -- I'm going
- 23 | to have you look at exhibit 26, and I'd offer that into
- 24 | evidence.
- 25 | THE COURT: Any objection?

- 1 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No objection.
- THE COURT: 26 is received and may be published.
  - (Plaintiff's Exhibit 26 received in evidence)
- 4 | BY MR. LABUDA:
- 5 | Q. All right. This is another contract that Dr. Goldberg
- 6 entered into with NYU, dated January 16, 2019, correct?
- 7 | A. Yes.

- $8 \parallel Q$ . OK. And his FGP compensation was increased from 500 to
- 9 | 510,000, correct?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 | Q. And his administrative component stayed at \$25,000 --
- 12 | A. Yes --
- 13 | Q. -- correct?
- 14 A. -- it stayed the same.
- MR. LABUDA: I'd like you to look at exhibit 31, and
- 16 | I'd offer that into evidence as well.
- 17 | THE COURT: Any objection to 31?
- 18 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No.
- 19 THE COURT: 31's received and may be published.
- 20 | (Plaintiff's Exhibit 31 received in evidence)
- 21 | BY MR. LABUDA:
- 22 | Q. This is a contract between Dr. Porges and NYU, dated August
- 23 | 11, 2014, correct?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. And if you look on the second page of this, D855, his

- 1 academic appointment is a faculty member of the NYU School of
- 2 | Medicine, correct?
- 3 | A. Yes.
- 4 | Q. And that's the same as you, correct?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 Q. And if you look at page D858, in the effort and
- 7 | compensation, for his clinical work, his compensation was
- 8 | \$340,000, correct?
- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 || Q. OK.
- 11 | A. His --
- 12  $\parallel$  Q. And that that same year, in 2014, you were getting paid
- 13 | \$207,000 for your clinical work, correct?
- 14 | A. Yes.
- 15 | Q. And there's no administrative/leadership role for him in
- 16 | this contract, correct?
- 17 | A. That's correct.
- 18 | Q. It's just 340 for clinical, correct?
- 19 | A. Yes.
- 20 | Q. On the next page, D859, in the academic appointment,
- 21 | Dr. Porges had the faculty appointment of clinical assistant
- 22 | professor in the department of medicine, correct?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. And that was the same as you, correct?
- 25 | A. Yes.

- 1 | Q. And academic track was clinical, just like you, correct?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 | Q. And the tenure status is nontenure eligible, just like you,
- 4 | correct?
- $5 \parallel A. \text{ Yes.}$
- 6 Q. And on the next page, D860, the employment status is staff
- 7 | physician, full time, correct?
- 8 A. Yes, correct.
  - Q. Just like you?
- 10 | A. Yes.

- 11 | Q. On page D862, his salary for the clinical compensation,
- 12 | again, is listed, and it lists his RVU target of 6,524,
- 13 || correct?
- 14 | A. Yes.
- MR. LABUDA: If you look at the next one, 32, and we'd
- 16 | offer that into evidence.
- 17 | THE COURT: Any objection?
- 18 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No objection.
- 19 THE COURT: 32 is received and may be published.
- 20 | (Plaintiff's Exhibit 32 received in evidence)
- 21 | BY MR. LABUDA:
- 22 | Q. This is a contract with Dr. Porges, dated April 3, 2017,
- 23 || correct?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. And if you look on the third page, the percent, effort and

- compensation section, the clinical actually went down to 323 1
- 2 from 340, correct?
- Yes. 3 Α.
- 4 And the administration went to 17, correct? Q.
- 5 Α. Yes.
- The total pay remained the same, at 340,000, correct? 6 0.
- 7 Α. Yes.
- 8 MR. LABUDA: And if you look at exhibit 33 --
- 9 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No objection.
- THE COURT: Received and may be published. 10
  - (Plaintiff's Exhibit 33 received in evidence)
- 12 BY MR. LABUDA:
- 13 A year later there was an amendment to his employment
- 14 agreement, correct?
- 15 Α. Yes.

- 16 There was amendment to his agreement, correct? Q.
- 17 Α. Yes.
- 18 His contract was for three years, correct?
- 19 MR. LABUDA: If you look at exhibit 32.
- 20 Α. Yes.
- 21 But they amended it a year later, correct? Q.
- 22 Α. Yes.
- 23 And in this contract, on the second page, there's an
- 24 additional compensation of \$25,000 for him being the medical
- 25 director at NYU Langone Ambulatory Care, correct?

- 1 A. Yes. That's additional salary to the 340,000.
- 2 MR. LABUDA: Correct. OK.
- And then if you look at exhibit 34, we'd offer this
- 4 | into evidence.
- 5 | THE COURT: Any objection?
- 6 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: None.
- 7 THE COURT: 34 is received in evidence.
  - (Plaintiff's Exhibit 34 received in evidence)
- 9 BY MR. LABUDA:
- 10 | Q. For this, Dr. Porges's clinical compensation is \$358,000,
- 11 | correct?

- 12 | A. Yes.
- 13 | Q. His administration/leadership is \$42,000, correct?
- 14 | A. Yes.
- 15  $\parallel$  Q. And he's got a total pay of \$400,000, correct?
- 16 | A. Yes.
- 17 | Q. And in contrast, in 2020, how much were you earning?
- 18 | A. \$278,000.
- 19 | Q. And if you continue on to exhibit 34, page D879 --
- 20 | THE COURT: Any objection?
- 21 | I'm sorry. It's not a new document.
- 22 Go ahead.
- 23 BY MR. LABUDA:
- 24 | Q. D879, his status is still the same, full-time staff
- 25 | physician, correct?

- $1 \parallel A. \text{ Yes.}$
- Q. OK. And his RVU targets on this contract are 6,250,
- 3 | correct?
- 4 | A. Yes.
- MR. LABUDA: And with exhibit 35, this -- I'll have
- 6 you look at exhibit 35 and offer this into evidence.
- 7 | THE COURT: Any objection?
- 8 | MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No. No objection.
- 9 THE COURT: 35 is received and may be published to the
- 10 || jury.

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## (Plaintiff's Exhibit 35 received in evidence)

- 12 | BY MR. LABUDA:
- 13 | Q. And this is the contract between NYU and Dr. Modi, correct,
- 14 | Anang Modi?
- 15 A. You'd have to scroll down, because the first page is not
- 16 | clear.
- 17 Yes, correct.
- 18 | Q. OK. And this is dated February 10, 2017, correct?
- 19 | A. Yes.
- 20 | Q. And on page 884, Dr. Modi is being appointed as a faculty
- 21 | member of the NYU School of Medicine, same as you, correct?
- 22 | A. Yes.
- 23 | Q. And on page D888, his clinical effort compensation is
- 24 | 600 -- I'm sorry, \$360,000, correct?
- 25 | A. Yes.

#### Edelman - Direct

- 1 Q. And there's no admin or research or education leadership
- 2 pay, correct?
- 3 | A. Yes.
- 4 | Q. OK. And in contrast, in 2017, how much were you earning?
- 5 | A. \$278,000.
- 6 | O. In 2017?
- 7 | A. I was \$207,000.
- 8 2017 was the -- it depends on the date because the contract
- 9 was up in December. It started in January.
- 10 | Q. In May of 2017 --
- 11 | A. On --
- 12 | Q. -- what was your pay? Your first contract.
- 13  $\parallel$  A. My first contract was \$207,000 for four years, and that was
- 14 | up in -- it was '14, '15, '16. So in 2017, that should have
- 15 | been the second contract.
- 16 | Q. Just, do you want to take a look at your first contract?
- 17 | THE COURT: It's in the record. Why don't you move
- 18 | on.
- 19 THE WITNESS: Yeah.
- 20 BY MR. LABUDA:
- 21 | Q. If you look at D889 --
- 22 | A. OK.
- 23 | Q. -- your -- Dr. Modi's faculty appointment is the same as
- 24 | yours, clinical instructor in the department of medicine, and
- 25 | his tenure status is nontenure eligible, correct?

Edelman - Direct

- 1 Α. Yes.
- And in had D890, his employment title and status was staff 2 0.
- physician, full time, same as you, correct? 3
- Yes, correct. 4 Α.
- And D892, it references his pay again at 360,000, and his 5
- RVU target is 6,108, correct? 6
- 7 Yes, correct. Α.
- Q. Based on the contracts that you reviewed, in 2020, the year 8
- that you were told that you were being terminated, the pay for 9
- 10 the doctors was as follows, correct?
- 11 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection, your Honor.
- 12 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 13 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: This is leading.
- 14 THE COURT: What's being posted to the jury -- or to
- the witness? 15
- 16 There's something up on the screen. Take it down.
- 17 MR. LABUDA: It's a demonstrative of the testimony.
- THE COURT: If it's demonstrative, you don't need to 18
- 19 put it in. You can ask the witness the question without it.
- 20 And if she doesn't remember, you can ask to refresh her
- 21 recollection, but you can't just have her read from a
- 22 demonstrative exhibit into evidence.
- 23 MR. LABUDA: As she testifies, I was going to put up
- 24 the testimony. She's testified to all these numbers, your
- 25 Honor.

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- THE COURT: Then you don't need to have her sum it up. You can move on. Or you can ask her summary questions and see if she remembers, but you can't show a demonstrative exhibit to the witness and just have her read it into the record.
  - MR. LABUDA: OK. Fine.
  - THE COURT: That's not permitted by the rules.
- 7 MR. LABUDA: OK. Fine.
  - Q. In 2020, the year that you were told about being terminated, what was Dr. Goldberg's pay? And if you want to look at the contract, you can.
- 11 A. I would need the exhibit number.
- 12 THE COURT: If you're just going to have her read
  13 something that's in the record, you can move on.
- 14 | THE WITNESS: It was upwards, I believe, of 500,000,
- 15 || but --
- 16 BY MR. LABUDA:
- 17  $\parallel$  Q. And what was your pay in 2020?
- 18 | A. It was two -- 278,000.
- 19 | Q. And in 2020, what was Dr. Modi's pay?
- 20 | A. It was in the \$300,000 range.
- 21 | Q. And what was Dr. Porges's pay in 2020?
- 22 | A. I would have to look at it. I don't want to guess.
- 23 | Q. OK.
- 24 A. Upwards of Dr. Modi.
- 25 | Q. OK. It was over \$300,000?

- A. Yes.
- Q. OK. And there was reference in the contract to an

Edelman - Direct

- 3 | administrative role; you saw that?
- 4 | A. Yes.

- 5 Q. Did you have any understanding of how that worked in terms
- 6 | of pay at NYU?
- 7 A. So, from my understanding of looking at the administrative
- 8 | pay in the contracts is that when you were assigned an
- 9 | administrative title, your clinical responsibility work went
- 10 down. So your salary for that work went down, and then your
- 11 | administrative pay made the difference so your base salary
- 12 | stayed the same.
- 13 | Q. And we saw that in Dr. Porges's contract, correct?
- 14 | A. Yes:
- 15 | Q. In addition to compensation, was there any additional -- in
- 16 addition to salary, was there any other additional compensation
- 17 | components that were offered by NYU?
- 18 | A. The -- there are benefits packages. There's health care,
- 19 retirement. And there were the expense accounts offered.
- 20 | Q. OK. And NYU is a university, correct?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. Was there any, any compensation associated with being part
- 23 of a university?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. What was that?

- A. You had, you had -- if you wanted, if you were a full-time physician and you had a child who went to NYU undergraduate or graduate, either/or, not both, you got free tuition for that
- 4 child for the completion of their four years.
  - MR. LABUDA: OK.
- 6 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Relevance. Move to 7 strike.
- 8 THE COURT: Overruled. I'll permit it.
- 9 BY MR. LABUDA:
- 10 Q. And you mentioned that you have a daughter in college, is 11 that right?
- 12 | A. I do.

- 13 | Q. Where is she at school?
- 14 A. Yale University.
- 15 | Q. And what is she studying?
- 16 A. She is studying molecular and cellular developmental
- 17 | biology and neuroscience.
- 18 | Q. What's her GPA?
- 19  $\parallel$  A. GPA is 3.9 presently.
- 20 | Q. And is she considering medical school?
- 21  $\parallel$  A. She most definitely is.
- 22 | Q. And is she considering NYU?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. And I think you said she's going to be a senior this year?
- 25 A. Yes, she's going into her senior year.

Edelman - Direct

- Q. OK. There was reference to the RVUs in the contracts, right; and I know you had said that you, that you received those from NYU on a monthly basis? Correct?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. During the course of this litigation, did you ask for the RVUs from, for the male doctors?
  - A. Yes, we did.
- 8 | Q. And what happened?
- 9 A. They were not produced.
- Q. Do you know that -- there were targets listed in there. Do
  you know what the male doctors received or actually what they
  did in RVUs?
- 13 A. I do not know. I only know from conversations that two,
  14 two different rheumatologists expressed to me that they were
  15 having trouble hitting their target RVUs, and that was
- 16 Dr. Goldberg as well as Dr. Modi.
- Q. Now, with respect to -- now I want to move on to another topic here.
  - With respect to the incidents that happened that you described in September of 2019, did you have any -- were there any type of emotional issues that you had as a result of the incidents that happened in September?
- A. It, it definitely impacted my life in a very profound way.

  After the events, I was very upset and shaken up by it. When

  it had happened and after the termination, my entire life got

- 1 upended. I tried to seek a position in New York to stay close
- 2 | to my family and to not have to transition my children's
- 3 | education and be away from the people and friends that I loved.
- 4 And in my endeavors to secure a position in the New York area,
- 5 | I was not successful, which forced a relocation down to
- 6 | Florida.
- Q. So where did you look in New York for work after you were
- 8 | terminated?
- 9 A. I used headhunters to look for positions in all of the New
- 10 | York tristate area. I spoke to the Catholic Health systems, to
- 11 | Northwell hospital. I spoke to -- I had interviews with Yale
- 12 New Haven Health.
- 13 | Q. OK. And did any of those local interviews pan out?
- 14 | A. Nothing panned out, and the interview with Northwell
- 15 | extended for almost five months. I was still interviewing
- 16 | while I was packing up to move to Florida, hoping that I would
- 17 | be able to get an offer. But it just seemed like every time I
- 18 got to the last stages, to put a contract on the table and they
- 19 | would say we're going to reach out to your former employer,
- 20 | things went dark.
- 21 | Q. Other than in the New York area, did you -- in terms of the
- 22 | headhunters, where else were you looking for work to relocate?
- 23 | A. I applied for positions in Colorado, in Pennsylvania, in
- 24 | Connecticut. There was the -- Tennessee, and for -- and
- 25 different -- and different areas of Florida as well.

With respect to your emotional state, did you ever seek any type of professional help?

A. I did. When I got down to, to -- the period of time from the termination to securing a job was really focused on resilience and moving forward and figuring out how to make this work for my family and our financial needs. And when I got down to Florida, I think that's when the emotional wave hit me of everything I left behind.

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- Q. And you sought help?
- 3 | A. I did.

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- 4 | Q. And who did you seek help from?
  - A. I met with a therapist, a social worker in a nearby town.
    - Q. How often did you do that?
  - A. I went once a week for several months, I think about six months.
    - Q. Had you ever sought any type of emotional help from a professional before your termination with NYU?
    - A. No.
    - Q. And just with respect to while you were working at NYU, was there any -- with respect to your interactions with Mr. Antonik and Kaplan, what did you do with respect to those, if anything?
    - A. So after the events that happened at NYU, once I didn't hear anything back about any sort of support or followthrough on what had happened, I went to selfhelp, which was to avoid them both, you know, when they were on the floor, in my office, I closed the door and locked it. If I had to walk down a hallway where they might be, I made sure to avoid or go a different direction. That's how I handled it at that point.
    - Q. After you found out you were no longer working at NYU, did you have a preference as to where you'd want your next job to be?
    - A. I wanted to stay in New York. My support system is in New

Yes.

1	York and I really needed that from my family. It was very,				
2	very challenging to try to navigate those changes without my				
3	family nearby. My business that I built, my patient				
4	relationships, you know, some of my patients had been with me				
5	since I was a fellow. It was just very saddening to me to be				
6	getting an outpouring of emails from people of where are you				
7	going, I don't want you to leave, you're my doctor. It was				
8	twofold, things all happening at once where I was kind of				
9	grieving the loss of all these relationships I had built and a				
10	career I built here that was just stripped away from me for				
11	nothing that I did wrong, basically for trying to protect my				
12	rights. And then I was trying to protect my family and make				
13	sure that I could pay my daughter's tuition, that I could				
14	support my younger daughter's needs, so my husband could still				
15	work				
16	THE COURT: I'm going to strike the testimony.				
17	You could ask a new question.				
18	Q. Ultimately, you found a position down in Clearwater,				
19	Florida; is that right?				
20	A. Yes.				
21	Q. Who was that with?				
22	A. That was with Arthritis and Rheumatism in Clearwater.				
23	Q. And you entered into a contract with them in February of				
24	2021; correct?				

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- 1 | Q. When were you planning on starting work down there?
- 2 | A. Around July of 2021.
- 3 Q. Was that start date accelerated?
  - A. Yes.

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- 5 | Q. And what happened there?
  - A. The doctor that I was coming in to replace had left earlier
- on leave. So the physicians in the practice had called and
- 8 || urged if I could come sooner because they had a demand to have
- 9 | me there sooner.
- 10 Q. And when did you start there?
- 11 | A. I started May 1st of 2021.
- 12 Q. And with respect to the new position down in Florida, when
- 13 you started there, how much were you making?
- 14 | A. \$300,000.
- 15 Q. And with respect to the retirement plans that they offered,
- what did they offer in terms of retirement plans?
- 17 | A. You're asking Florida?
- 18 | Q. Yes, in Florida. Sorry.
- 19 A. They didn't offer any retirement plan for my first year.
- 20 Q. And then after that, what was the retirement plan?
- 21 | A. It was a typical 401K, there was no matching.
- 22 | Q. So you could contribute into it?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. For pretax dollars?
- 25 **A. Yes.**

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- Q. What about health insurance?
- 2 A. That health insurance plan was not a good plan, it was very
- expensive, and we ended up needing to use my husband's. So NYU
- 4 had great health insurance. And that was something that we
- 5 | always struggled with when we got to Florida because there were
- 6 | high out-of-pockets and deductibles and finances that hit us.
- 7 Q. Just to be clear, when you worked at NYU, you used their
- 8 plan, not your husband's?
  - A. Yes, we used my plan through NYU.
- 10 | Q. And was there any type of free tuition, were they
- affiliated with any college where you could get free tuition
- 12 | for medical school?
- 13 | A. No.

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- Q. And you moved down to Florida, was there any stressors that
- 15 | you had down when you moved to Florida?
- 16 A. So there was the stresses of starting my life there. We
- didn't have a home when we got there, we lived out of a hotel
- for three months with the stresses of adjusting my younger
- 19 | daughter to school. And she was -- I'm not sure what I'm
- 20 | allowed to say.
- 21 | Q. That's fine.
- 22 A. My husband was adjusting to a new job, as well. He was
- 23 working with the same bank, but it was with different
- 24 management.

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Q. One last line of questioning, one thing I forgot. I wanted

you to look at exhibit HH. We'd offer this into evidence. 1 THE COURT: Any objection? 2 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No objection. 3 THE COURT: HH is received and may be published. 4 (Defendant's Exhibit HH received in evidence) 5 Q. During your employment -- actually, prior to your 6 7 employment with NYU, had you ever seen this document before? Α. No. 8 9 Q. While you were employed at NYU, had you ever seen this document? 10 A. No. 11 Q. You only saw this document, after the lawsuit began, in 12 discovery; is that right? 13 A. Yes. 14 15 Q. And based on this case, do you have an understanding of what this is? 16 17 This is the proforma. It's a draft copy. It's NYU's Α. 18 projected business plan for me and Dr. Mehta projecting what 19 our revenue stream and what our net losses and gains will be 20 over the next five years from joining NYU prior to when we 21 joined. 22 Q. Is this something that you created? Α. No, this is created internally by NYU. 23 And along with this document, it has all sorts of figures, 24 Q.

revenue and all that stuff. Is there any documentation

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supporting any of these figures in here that you received? 1 2 Α. No, there is no documentation with it to support where these numbers come from. 3 Q. So in the first column, it says Edelman 2013; correct? 4 A. 5 Yes. 6 Q. It lists you're a physician, faculty-based salary. Is that 7 how much you were earning in private practice, it was \$182,500? 8 Α. I believe it was closer to 200, I thought it was \$200,000. 9 Q. Below it shows at the bottom an operating profit/loss in 10 parentheses. It has a figure of \$15,490 in loss. Do you see 11 that? Yes. 12 Α. 13 Q. Did you have any understanding of whether or not your 14 business, before you joined NYU when you were operating the 15 private business in 2013, was profitable or not? We were profitable in the sense we were making payroll and 16 17 paying ourselves. We were paying for everything. We didn't 18 owe debt in that sense. 19 Q. So you weren't losing money? 20 A. No. Q. And the same is true with Dr. Mehta, as well, there is a

- Q. And the same is true with Dr. Mehta, as well, there is a column next to that, as well, for her?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 Q. You were partners, 50/50; right?
- 25 **A. Yes**.

1	Q.	And then year 1 through year 5, do you see those columns?				
2	A.	Yes.				
3	Q.	And you see those are projections from NYU for the next				
4	five	years while you worked at NYU; correct?				
5	A.	Yes.				
6	Q.	And the operating profit/loss column, they are projecting a				
7	loss	loss on you from somewhere in the neighborhood of \$171,000 in				
8	yea	ar 1 to \$140,000 in loss in year 5; correct?				
9	A.	Yes, for both me and Dr. Mehta combined. So each year that				
10	num	mber is combined.				
11	Q.	Now, I wanted you to contrast that with Dr. Porges. You				
12	nev	ver saw this document while you were employed at NYU;				
13	corr	ect?				
14	A.	No.				
15	Q.	So let's look at exhibit EE.				
16		THE COURT: Any objection to EE?				
17		MR. LABUDA: We'd offer it.				
18		MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No objection.				
19		THE COURT: EE is received. It may be published to				
20	the	jury.				
21		(Defendant's Exhibit EE received in evidence)				
22	Q.	Did you ever see this document while you were working at				
23	NYU	J?				
24	A.	No.				
25	Q.	This is a proforma draft for Dr. Porges; correct?				

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- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 Q. For him, it lists physician faculty base salary of \$290,654
- 3 | in 2013; correct?
- 4 | A. Yes.
- 5 Q. You had said before that when Dr. Porges joined, there was
- 6 an assistant that came with him -- I'm sorry. Not an
- 7 assistant, but a part-time rheumatologist?
- 8 A. Yeah, a part-time rheumatologist.
  - Q. It doesn't have a specific line item for Dr. Porges;
- 10 | correct?

- 11 | A. For -- if I -- are you asking for -- not -- they didn't
- break it down between Dr. Porges and Dr. Brancato.
- 13 Q. Your understanding is that is a combined combination of pay
- 14 between the two of them; correct?
- 15 | A. That's an assumption, based on the revenue from the top,
- 16 | that it's combined.
- 17 | Q. It didn't break it down between Brancato and Porges like
- 18 | the other one did for you and Dr. Mehta; correct?
- 19 | A. Yes.
- 20 Q. With respect to -- and with this proforma, are there any
- 21 supporting documentations that these numbers are accurate at
- 22 | all?
- 23 | A. No, there's nothing submitted with this.
- 24 Q. And then let's just go back down to the loss, income loss
- 25 | line. In 2013, they listed \$106,928 in operating profit for

N7BCede5 Edelman - Cross

Dr. Porges; correct? 1 Α. Yes. 2 Q. And then the projections for year 1 to year 5, they have 3 projected losses for Dr. Porges of \$443,650 in year 1 to 4 \$452,147 in year 5; correct? 5 6 A. Yes. 7 Q. And just going back, Dr. Porges was paid more than you; 8 correct? Yes. 9 Α. In each year; correct? 10 Q. A. Yes. 11 MR. LABUDA: I don't have any other questions, your 12 13 Honor. THE COURT: Why don't you retrieve the binder, proceed 14 to cross examination. 15 Members of the jury, now would be a good time for a 16 17 stretch break. I'm going to take one, you might as well, also. 18 Proceed to cross examination. 19 **CROSS-EXAMINATION** 20 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Dr. Edelman, I'm going to go a little out of order so we 21 22 cover some topics in our last 45 minutes and then maybe restart 23 tomorrow morning at the beginning. 24 You mentioned NYU Medical School; right? 25 A. Yes.

1	Q.	You have a daughter who's at Yale and doing very well and
2	is in	terested in NYU Medical School?
3	A.	Yes.
4	Q.	Your testimony, I think, is that an NYU education was free
5	while	e you were employed by NYU?
6	A.	Yes.
7	Q.	What would an NYU Medical School education cost now?
8	A.	For right now, NYU is offering free tuition if you go into
9	inte	rnal medicine or primary care, not if you go into specialty
10	care	e, which she would, that's her intention.
11	Q.	But your daughter could go to NYU Medical School free if
12	she	got qualified and got accepted; right?
13	A.	Only if she chooses not to become a specialist.
14	Q.	Your daughter could go to NYU Medical School for free;
15	corr	ect?
16		MR. LABUDA: Objection.
17		THE COURT: Overruled.
18	A.	I think I answered the question.
19		THE COURT: Why don't you answer directly the question
20	that	you're being asked.
21	A.	She could go to NYU Medical School for free if she goes
22	into	primary care internal medicine.
23	Q.	What's the acceptance rate at NYU Medical School, do you
24	knov	w that?
25	A.	2 percent, 2.1 percent.

1	Q.	So if she's in the 2.1 percent and she gets accepted, she
2	can	go free, whether or not you're employed by NYU?
3		MR. LABUDA: Objection.
4		THE COURT: Overruled.
5	A.	Only if she chooses to go for internal medicine or for
6	prim	nary care.
7	Q.	You know that that's not true anymore, you know that the
8	spe	cialties are also free tuition at NYU?
9	A.	I don't know that.
10	Q.	When was the last time you checked, because you're here
11	tellir	ng the jury right now it would cost money, so when was the
12	last	time
13	A.	Like two weeks ago.
14		MR. LABUDA: Objection.
15		THE COURT: Overruled.
16	Q.	Are you currently employed?
17	A.	Yes.
18	Q.	By the Arthritis and Rheumatism Associates Group we
19	mer	ntioned?
20	A.	Yes.
21	Q.	What is your current salary?
22	A.	\$325,000.
23	Q.	Do you make bonuses on top of that?
24	A.	I can.
25	Q.	How much did you make in 2022, total?

- A. I believe \$330,000. 1
- Q. And that was the most you've ever been paid for a year of 2
- pay in your career; correct? 3
- A. I can't -- I don't know if that's true. 4
- Q. 5 Is there any other year you can remember where you earned
- more than \$330,000 at any job? 6
- 7 A. I might have when I was working earlier in my career.
- 8 Q. Earlier than NYU?
- 9 Α. Yes.
- 10 Q. In private practice?
- A. No. 11
- Q. So let's look at that. You went to medical school, you had 12
- 13 a fellowship, you weren't making more than \$330,000 then;
- correct? 14
- No. 15 Α.
- Q. 16 And then you opened a private practice; correct?
- 17 No. You're missing years after my college, you're Α.
- 18 backwards. I worked outside of medicine for two years before I
- 19 went back to medical school.
- 20 So I'll stay in medicine. Is \$330,000 the most you made
- 21 for a year of pay in medicine?
- 22 Α. Yes.
- You started at that shop in May of 2021? 23 Q.
- Α. Yes. 24
- 25 Q. So there was no gap between employment at NYU and your

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∥ A. Yes
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- Q. Now I want to talk a little bit about the move to Florida.
- 3 You indicated that you were forced to relocate; is that
- 4 correct? That's what you said in your testimony?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 Q. You had talked with your family about moving to Florida
- before your contract was not renewed; correct?
  - A. That is not correct.
    - Q. You mentioned to Dr. Mehta being interested in moving to
- 10 | Florida; correct?
- 11 | A. I did not.
- 12 Q. Your husband had posted on social media about being upset
- about the high costs of New York State taxes; isn't that
- 14 | correct?
- MR. LABUDA: Objection. Hearsay.
- 16 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 17 | A. I have no idea.
- 18 Q. Let's look at some documents.
- 19 You received notice of nonrenewal of the NYU contract on
- 20 December 1, 2021. Do you agree with that?
- 21 A. Yes. Well, I received it on December 2 of 2021.
- 22 Q. You received it on December 2?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 Q. Was it on that day that you called Andrew Rubin?
- 25 **A. Yes**.

1	Q. And in that conversation with Andrew Rubin, you discussed
2	whether he might be able to help you look for a job in Florida?
3	A. I asked him to help me find a job at any NYU location to
4	stay with NYU knowing that there was a location in Florida.
5	Q. You specifically mentioned the State of Florida in that
6	first conversation with Mr. Rubin; right?
7	A. I do not recall if I specifically said Florida.
8	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Can we pull up exhibit 90, please.
9	This is already in evidence.
10	THE COURT: Is 90 in evidence?
11	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No, I have the wrong document.
12	Sorry, your Honor. Take down exhibit 90, please. Take it
13	down.
14	THE COURT: Mr. Schoenstein, do you have a question?
15	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Sorry, your Honor. We were confused
16	about an exhibit number. It's exhibit 88 is what I'm looking
17	for, and Ms. Cardona is going to help me find it.
18	Can we scroll up to the top of that, please.
19	THE COURT: 88 is not in evidence.
20	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I know, your Honor.
21	THE COURT: Is there an objection to 88?
22	MR. KATAEV: We need to see it, your Honor.
23	THE COURT: Are you offering 88?
24	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I'm offering 88. 88 is in
25	plaintiff's binder.

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1		THE COURT: Any objection to 88?	
2		MR. LABUDA: No objection, your Honor.	
3		THE COURT: 88 is received. Can be published to the	
4	jury	· ·	
5		(Plaintiff's Exhibit 88 received in evidence)	
6	Q.	There is a lot of material in 88 and I'm going to ask you	
7	to lo	ook at specific things, Dr. Edelman.	
8		Do you recall producing a lot of materials regarding your	
9	job	search and the job you took in Florida?	
10	A.	Yes.	
11		MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Can we go to page P167.	
12	Q.	Now, do you see this email, this is Friday, December 4?	
13	A.	Uh-huh.	
14	Q.	Do you see that, Dr. Edelman?	
15	A.	l do.	
16	Q.	And that's two days after receiving notice of nonrenewal?	
17	A.	Yes.	
18	Q.	And you're writing to a recruiter saying "I am currently	
19	emp	oloyed at NYU and looking to make a move to Florida." Do you	
20	see	that?	
21	A.	Yes, I do.	
22	Q.	So that is what you were telling recruiters as of	
23	Dec	cember 4, 2020, that you were looking to make a move to	
24	Flor	rida?	
25	A.	I was saying that to every recruiter in every state with	

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1	the same message that I sent it to.
2	Q. I only asked you about Florida. You were telling
3	recruiters, as you did in this email, that you were looking to
4	make a move to Florida; correct?
5	A. Yes, I was letting them know if I get a job, I will be
6	moving from New York to Florida.
7	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Move to strike the last part of that
8	answer, your Honor.
9	THE COURT: Overruled.
10	Dr. Edelman, I'm going to instruct you to answer the
11	questions that are being asked. You will have an opportunity
12	during redirect examination to clarify any answers that you've
13	given if there are additional things that should be brought to
14	the jury's attention in the view of your lawyer.
15	THE WITNESS: Okay.
16	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Ms. Cardona, please turn to P178.
17	Q. This is another email exchange on December 4, and you say:

- Q. This is another email exchange on December 4, and you say:"We are looking to relocate to Florida, Delray Beach, West PalmBeach, Clearwater, Tampa area." Do you see that?
- A. Yes.

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Q. So by the 4th of November, you had not only identified Florida, you had identified specific locations in Florida that you were interested in; is that correct?

THE COURT: I think you said 4th of November. Did you mean the 4th of December?

1	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I did, your Honor. Thank you.
2	A. Yes.
3	Q. And you got some pretty fast responses to these inquiries
4	and your inquiries in general; is that correct?
5	A. The document I'm looking at I'm sorry. What's your
6	question?
7	Q. The question is a little more general. You got some pretty
8	quick responses to your inquiries about job positions in
9	Florida?
10	A. Yes, I got quick inquiries to all my job everything I
11	put out.
12	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Scroll down, please, to page 189.
13	A. I just want to go back to this document because everything
14	lists Albany, Syracuse, New York, like what you're showing me
15	on the screen.
16	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Your Honor, move to strike.
17	THE COURT: The testimony is stricken.
18	Members of the jury, let me instruct you. The way
19	that the examination proceeds is each lawyer asks the questions
20	that they think will elicit the information that will be
21	helpful for you in making a decision, so that's what happens on
22	direct examination, on cross examination. The lawyer asks the
23	questions that the lawyer believes will bring out the
24	information that will be helpful to you from their perspective
25	and then there'll be an opportunity on redirect examination, as

I mentioned, if the lawyer things there should be additional things that should be brought to your attention for the lawyer to ask those questions.

Go ahead, Mr. Schoenstein.

### BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:

- Q. At the bottom of page 189, do you see a header for an email on December 7th, 2020 from Mr. Stanford?
- A. What's the question?
- Q. Do you see that where the email starts on Monday, December 7th, 2020, at 1:19 a.m.?
- A. Yes. I'm sorry. You said 1:19 a.m.? I see 5:23 a.m.
  - Q. No, below that. See, 1:19 a.m., the bottom line?
- 13 | A. Yes.

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- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: If you'll scroll below that,

  Ms. Cardona.
  - Q. That's an email that says: "Dr. Edelman, thank you for applying to our rheumatology opportunities in Florida through our online portal and health careers." So by December 7th, you had already applied to positions in Florida online and were already getting responses?
  - ∥ A. Yes.
- Q. And then later that month or the next month, you actually went down to Florida to have some interviews?
- 24 A. You have to be more specific.
  - Q. Let's turn to page 200, please. Do you see this email

SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

THE COURT: You can answer the question that's asked

May I answer the question fully?

A.

24

1	with everything that is responsive to the questions. You're
2	not being asked why you're interested in St. Petersburg, just
3	whether you were interested in St. Petersburg by December 3rd.
4	A. I was open to all locations in Florida. That's how I sent
5	out my recruitment. You pick locations based on search
6	engines, that's how they go out. Whatever wrote back, I wrote
7	back. I was looking for a job. If they wrote me back from
8	Tallahassee, I would have said, "Great. Looking for a job in
9	Tallahassee."
10	Q. Are there any emails in this collection that you produced
11	about job opportunities in Tallahassee?
12	A. I would have to look through it. I don't remember.
13	Q. Because I've seen Florida, I've seen Yale, and I've seen
14	some opportunities in New York. So are there any other
15	documents that you produced that you remember relating to
16	specific opportunities in other states?
17	A. Yes, I believe that there were. I believe there was
18	Tennessee, there was some other sites.
19	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Turn, please, to P29. Can you go to
20	the bottom, Ms. Cardona.
21	Q. Right after the warning, this is a Friday, January 8th
22	email from you to Kendra Thompson?
23	A. It looks like, from the email, she is a recruiter or a

And you had received a contract. Was that a contract

headhunter.

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relating to the job you ultimately took in Florida? 1 Α. I would have to see the contract and -- is there something 2 attached to this? 3 Q. No, these are in the order that they were produced by your 4 5 lawyers. If you go to the next page, if that helps you, there's a discussion there. Does that help you identify what 6 7 contract you had received by January 8th? 8 Α. Yes, that was the proposed contract from Dr. Rosen. Q. 9 Which was where? A. That was in Clearwater, Florida. 10 Q. So you already had a job offer and a proposed contract by 11 12 January 8th? 13 I had a proposed contract by January 8th. This is from the Α. recruiter, this is not from the doctor himself. 14 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Go please to P1, the top of this 15 exhibit. 16 17 Q. This is the actual contract that you ultimately signed with 18 your employer, Arthritis and Rheumatism Associates; correct? 19 Α. Yes. 20 Q. And you signed it on or before February 16, 2021? A. Yes. 21 22 Q. So about two and a half months after you received notice of nonrenewal? 23

And let's take a look at page 4. Under "compensation,"

A.

Q.

24

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Yes.

N7BCede5 Edelman - Cross

- your compensation was \$300,000 when you started there; correct?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 | Q. And increasing to \$325,000 in the second year; correct?
- 4 | A. Yes.
- 5 Q. With eligibility for a bonus as set forth in paragraph 15;
- 6 | correct?
- 7 | A. Yes.
- 8 Q. So the result of leaving NYU is you got an immediate raise,
- 9 the financial result; correct?
- 10 | A. I think that's relative.
- 11 | Q. Sorry?
- 12 A. I think that's a relative question.
- Q. Well, it's relative, okay. You'd agree with me that 300 is
- 14 more than 278?
- 15 A. If we're talking about finances and compensation and what
- my household income looked like, then no, I didn't increase in
- pay, my expenses changed.
- 18 Q. No, I'm asking you a very specific question. 300 is more
- that happen 278; correct?
- 20 | A. Yes, 300 is more than 278.
- 21 Q. They also paid you \$25,000 towards your relocation to
- 22 | Florida; is that correct?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. And paragraph 21, if we look on P6, that is the ownership
- 25 proposal that we talked about a little bit before; correct?

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1	A. That's not a partnership track, that's a clause in my
2	contract to allow for discussion for partnership in future
3	contracts.
4	Q. I see. And what you now have and what you're now hoping
5	is to advance to the partnership track?
6	A. Yes.
7	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Let's mark exhibit OOO for
8	identification.
9	MR. LABUDA: No objection.
10	THE COURT: I don't think it's been offered yet. Are
11	you offering it?
12	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Yes, I am offering it.
13	THE COURT: OOO is received and may be published to
14	the jury.
15	(Defendant's Exhibit OOO received in evidence)
16	Q. This is your résumé that you put together to look for a new
17	job; is that correct?
18	A. You have to scroll through the whole document.
19	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Sure. Can you scroll through it for
20	her, please.
21	A. I believe this is the updated résumé.
22	Q. If you look back at the top, it speaks of your NYU
23	experience, which is listed as 2014 through present. Does that
24	verify for you that this is the latest version of the résumé
25	that you shared with us in this action?

N7BCede5 E	Edelman -	Cross
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1	A. I'm not sure, there's a lot of discovery, but I would
2	surmise likely.
3	Q. And you received notice of nonrenewal on December 2nd,
4	2020. Did you already have your résumé together or did you
5	have to put it together?
6	A. I did it that very day or the next day. I updated my
7	résumé to get on the recruiting sites.
8	Q. So you had to put your résumé together and start getting it
9	on recruiting sites, and then you were very focused on finding
10	a new job; correct?
11	A. Yes.
12	Q. Now, on January 8th, 2021, about a month after, you filed
13	this lawsuit; right?
14	A. I don't recall the direct date of filing of the lawsuit.
15	Q. Let's take a look, please, at exhibit QQQ.
16	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: We're going to offer exhibit QQQ if
17	there's no objection, your Honor.
18	THE COURT: Any objection?
19	MR. LABUDA: Objection. Hearsay.
20	THE COURT: It's the complaint in this case?
21	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: It's the EEOC complaint and the
22	attached complaint in this case.
23	THE COURT: The basis of the objection is hearsay; is
24	that right? Basis of the objection is hearsay?

MR. LABUDA: Yes.

THE COURT: This is a document that you filed with the

EEOC; is that correct?

THE WITNESS: Yes.

Q. And I see a correspondence date, it was filed on January 6,

24 | **2021**; is that correct?

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A. That's what it says.

1	Q.	And is that consistent with your recollection of how		
2	quic	quickly you brought an EEOC complaint and litigation?		
3	A.	Yes, I believe I filed the complaint very quickly.		
4	Q.	Now, in addition to Florida, you interviewed at Northwell		
5	Hea	Ith here in New York; correct?		
6	A.	Yes.		
7	Q.	You were not turned down by Northwell Health; correct?		
8	A.	I wasn't offered a contract.		
9	Q.	But you might have been able to go forward and stay in New		
10	York	at Northwell Health, that was a possibility?		
11		MR. LABUDA: Objection.		
12		THE COURT: Overruled.		
13	A.	I had no determination from them on my last conversation		
14	with	them in the last week of May that there would be an		
15	opp	ortunity to move forward with them.		
16	Q.	You didn't know one way or the other if there was an		
17	opp	ortunity to move forward, is that what you're saying?		
18	A.	They gave me no I asked them for some form of some		
19	form	of contract stating that there would be future employment		
20	at X	said date as of the last week in May and they could not		
21	offe	r that to me at that time.		
22	Q.	At what time?		
23	A.	The last week in May, like the last week in April leading		
24	to w	hen I was leaving.		
25	Q.	So you interviewed with Northwell Health and a decision		

1	hadn't been made about whether they were going to hire you or		
2	not as of the end of April, is that what you're saying?		
3	A. I believe that conversation, in my understanding, was that		
4	there was a decision made that they couldn't offer me any		
5	employment.		
6	Q. Do you remember being deposed in this matter?		
7	A. Yes.		
8	Q. You were sworn to tell the truth like you were today and		
9	you were questioned by my partner, Mr. Steer?		
10	A. Yes.		
11	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I'm going to open the deposition,		
12	please, for the Court and counsel to page 47, line 22. It's		
13	day 2 of the deposition, because there was a two-day		
14	deposition.		
15	THE COURT: Which line number?		
16	THE WITNESS: He's looking for where I said		
17	THE COURT: You're not being asked a question at the		
18	moment.		
19	THE WITNESS: Okay.		
20	Q. Page 47, line 22, do you recall being asked the following		
21	questions and giving the following answers:		
22	"Q. And did you apply at any point for a position with		
23	Northwell Health?		
24	"A. I did.		
25	"Q. Were you interviewed?		

- "A. Yes, I interviewed for several months. 1 "Q. 2 And were you turned down by Northwell Health? "A. I wasn't turned down. They just couldn't put a job offer 3 on the table in the timing that I needed it in time for my 4 5 termination with NYU. I left the negotiation table because of 6 the timing." 7 Q. Do you recall giving that answer? 8 Α. My deposition was dated what date? 9 Q. November 19th, 2021. A. 10 Okay. THE COURT: Were you asked those questions and did you 11 give those answers? 12 13 THE WITNESS: Yes. So you left the negotiation with Northwell; correct? 14 Q. A. 15 Per my --Objection. Asked and answered. 16 MR. LABUDA: 17 THE COURT: Overruled. 18 A. Yes. I've not -- so your question is what? 19 Q. You left the negotiation with Northwell, there was an 20 ongoing negotiation about you moving to Northwell Health and 21 you left it and moved to Florida? 22 Α. I think the answer I gave in my deposition is correct.
  - They didn't put a contract on the table and I left, and when I pressured them for a contract before I left, there was no contract presented.

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N7BCede5	Edelman - Cross	

- Q. You were, in fact, offered a job at Yale New Haven Health; is that correct?
  - A. I was verbally offered a job at Yale New Haven Health, yes.
  - Q. And that would have been in Connecticut?
  - A. That would have been in Connecticut, yes.
  - Q. And you turned that down; correct?

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- A. That's difficult for me to answer. I did not -- I did not continue with that job offer.
- Q. Well, you didn't go to work for Yale, so you didn't accept the position; is that fair to say?
- A. I never got a formal contract, but they verbally offered me the position, yes.
  - Q. And you walked away from the negotiation?
  - A. Yes, when we were negotiating, there were terms that I walked away from.
  - Q. So we saw that you received notice of your nonrenewal on December 2nd, 2020, you filed your EEOC complaint on January 6th, 2020, and you had a job offer that you ended up taking on February -- I'm sorry. Let me start that over because I messed up two of the dates. Withdrawn.
  - You received notice of nonrenewal from NYU on December 2nd, 2020, you filed your EEOC charge and complaint on January 6th, 2021, you received a job offer that you ended up taking on February 16th, 2021; correct?
  - A. The -- I don't want to say yes to that contract because I'm

- not sure of when that contract was dated, was the official 1 signing for the Florida location. 2 But that was the date, February 16th was the date we saw on 3 the contract? 4 5 Α. That was the date when they -- yeah, that they released the contract to me. 6 7 Now, in terms of seeing a social worker about therapy, that didn't happen until the middle of 2021; correct? 8 9 Α. It was in July or August of 2021. So that was more than six months after receiving notice for 10 Q. nonrenewal; correct? 11 Yes. Α. 12 And how many times did you speak to your lawyers before you 13 Q. spoke to a therapist in Florida? 14 15 MR. LABUDA: Objection. THE COURT: Overruled. 16 17 I don't know the answer to that question. Α. 18 Q. You spoke to them in conjunction with putting together the 19 complaint that was filed in this court and the EEOC; correct? 20 Α. Yes. Met with them in person? 21 Q. 22 Α. I don't think so. You didn't meet with them in person. Did you speak to them 23 Q.

I don't know. I'm not going to be able to answer a number

more than ten times?

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Α.

N7BCede5	Edelman - Cross
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1	on this.
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- Q. So you don't know if you spoke to them more than 10 times before a complaint was filed in this court against NYU and these four individual defendants?
- A. You're asking me to guess. I don't know how many times I spoke to them.
- Q. As of the deposition we took in this case, you had only seen a social worker less than five times; is that correct?
- A. Yes, in September -- September 19th of 2021.
- Q. And you had never seen a psychiatrist about any issue emanating from this dispute; right?
- 12 A. Can you rephrase the question.
  - Q. You've never been to a psychiatrist about the issues in dispute here today; right?
  - A. No.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Your Honor, I'm going to turn to an entirely new topic. It is 1:52. I will plod on if you like.

THE COURT: Is there something you can get done with five minutes?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: There's nothing I can get done in five minutes. There's really nothing I can get done in five minutes.

THE COURT: Members of the jury, we're going to have a long day tomorrow, so you're going to be released early today, not terribly early, I apologize about that. It is now 1:53, so

N7BCede5

Edelman - Cross

we're going to excuse you for the day.

As a reminder, tomorrow is a long day, we're going to start at 9 o'clock. Tomorrow is the one day we're going until 5:00 p.m. We're going to take a lunch break probably around 1 o'clock for an hour. We'll also try to take a short midmorning break and a short midafternoon break.

During this break, this afternoon, this evening, please don't do any research about the case, don't go onto social media, don't go onto Twitter, don't go onto Threads, don't go onto the internet, and don't talk to anybody else about the issues in this case. Enjoy your afternoon, enjoy your evening, and we'll see you all tomorrow morning.

(Continued on next page)

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1	(Jury not present)
2	THE COURT: Dr. Edelman, you may step down.
3	Counsel, you may be seated.
4	We're going to reconvene at 2:30. If there is
5	anything that requires extended discussion, we can raise it at
6	2:30.
7	While the jury is collecting their materials and
8	leaving the building, is there anything that plaintiff has to
9	raise I should address right now?
10	MR. LABUDA: No, your Honor.
11	THE COURT: What about from defendant's perspective?
12	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Your Honor, I would like the
13	plaintiff reminded that she is on the stand and under oath and
14	not to consult with her lawyers about the substance of her
15	testimony between now and the resumption of cross examination.
16	THE COURT: I will give that instruction.
17	While you're on cross examination, you're not to
18	consult with your lawyers about the substance of your
19	testimony, either the testimony that you've given or any
20	testimony that you are expected to give. You can talk to them
21	about logistics, but not about anything else.
22	MR. LABUDA: Your Honor, I'm assuming the same
23	directive will be given to the NYU witnesses, as well.
24	THE COURT: Correct. Every witness while they're on
25	cross examination is not to talk to the lawyers about the

N7BCede5	Edelman - Cross
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substance of the case. They can talk about logistics.

Just as a matter of housekeeping, if witnesses are to be shown documents, ask permission from me to have a document displayed to the witness, "I'd like to have the witness shown this or that, that document."

MR. KATAEV: Your Honor, with respect to the demonstrative that plaintiff wished to show, we did not publish that to the witness or the jury.

THE COURT: That's what I assumed and I appreciate you making that clear for the record.

I think that's all that I've got for you right now, so I'll see you all at 2:30. If you happen to run into any of the jurors as they're leaving the building, you are under instruction from me not to get in the elevator with them, to just turn around, go the other way. That applies to the parties and that applies to the lawyers, anybody associated with the case.

So see you back here at 2:30.

(Recess)

(Continued on next page)

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### AFTERNOON SESSION 1 2:30 p.m. 2 3 (Jury not present) 4 THE COURT: OK. We're here for the beginning of the 5 charge conference. 6 Before we get to that, is there anything that the 7 plaintiff wants to raise, either with respect to anything that happened today or with respect to tomorrow? And then I'll ask 8 9 defendants the same question. 10 MR. LABUDA: No, your Honor. THE COURT: 11 OK. 12 What about from defendants' perspective? 13 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No. I just note for the Court we 14 tried to -- we are dealing with some scheduling issues with our 15 We tried to work with plaintiffs on plugging some witnesses. witnesses who have availability problems into particular spots, 16 17 and we were told no and no. So we're going to try hard with the witnesses to find if there's some other time that they 18 might be available, but the process of scheduling witnesses for 19 20 their convenience is not going as we would like. 21 THE COURT: How much longer do you expect on the 22 cross-examination of Dr. Edelman? 23 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I'd say two hours.

And then I'm figuring there's going to be some

OK.

THE COURT:

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1 redirect examination. I'm now addressing myself to plaintiff. 2 Who else is on for tomorrow? 3 MR. KATAEV: Dr. Kavini Mehta, your Honor. 4 THE COURT: Is that a doctor you've got control over, or is that through NYU? 5 6 MR. KATAEV: We don't have control over her, but 7 defendants do. She is still employed there. THE COURT: Directing Mr. Schoenstein, Dr. Mehta will 8 9 be here, is that correct? 10 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Yes, Dr. Mehta will be here. 11

THE COURT: Who's after Dr. Mehta?

MR. KATAEV: Defendant Joseph Atonik, which we advised them of as well.

THE COURT: OK. I assume he's going to be here.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: OK. All right.

MR. KATAEV: We've also advised them defendant David Kaplan was going to be after that, and I believe that could take us through Thursday, Friday.

The availability provided for the two witnesses that were referenced, Ms. Ruiz was not available the 12th through the 14th. So that's, you know, this Wednesday through Friday. So we told them we'll have her appear next week. They didn't say that she's not available next week.

Same thing for Ms. Pacina. I believe two dates were

provided that she's not available. She will be called on a day that she is available.

THE COURT: OK. Hopefully we will have more witnesses than just the three that you've mentioned plus Dr. Edelman to finish out the week, but we'll see what happens.

All right. The parties have the draft jury instructions that I sent out by email. I received by email a markup of the jury instructions from the defendants. I've not looked at what the defendants sent me today. I assume that the plaintiff has a copy of it. I am going to make the defendants go through the edits that are in what was sent to me by email as we go through the charge right now, if there are edits that the defendants would like me to make. And what I'm going to do is go charge by charge, first ask the plaintiff if they have any exceptions to the charge and then the defendants. We'll just plow through it.

MR. LABUDA: And your Honor, just so you understand, we got these late last night after we left. We don't have a printed copy, but we do have an electronic version that we can work off of. We just have to scroll through.

THE COURT: Of what the defendants sent.

MR. LABUDA: Of what the defendants sent, correct.

THE COURT: All right. But you've got what I sent to you, and what I'm looking at right now is what I sent to you.

With respect to the introduction, any exceptions from

1	the plaintiff?
2	MR. LABUDA: No.
3	THE COURT: What about from the defendants as to the
4	introduction?
5	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No, your Honor.
6	THE COURT: All right. The general instructions.
7	1.1.
8	Anything from plaintiff?
9	MR. LABUDA: No.
10	THE COURT: Anything from defendants?
11	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No, your Honor.
12	THE COURT: 1.2, role of the jury.
13	Anything from plaintiff?
14	MR. LABUDA: No.
15	THE COURT: Defendants.
16	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No.
17	THE COURT: 1.3, role of counsel.
18	Anything from plaintiff?
19	MR. LABUDA: No.
20	THE COURT: Defendants.
21	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No.
22	THE COURT: 1.4, oath.
23	Anything from plaintiff?
24	MR. LABUDA: No.
25	THE COURT: Defendants.

1	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No.
2	THE COURT: 1.5, all persons equal under the law.
3	Anything from plaintiff?
4	MR. LABUDA: No.
5	THE COURT: From defendants.
6	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No.
7	THE COURT: 1.6, burden of proof.
8	Anything from plaintiff?
9	MR. LABUDA: No.
10	THE COURT: From defendants.
11	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No.
12	THE COURT: 1.7.
13	Anything from plaintiff?
14	MR. LABUDA: No.
15	THE COURT: From defendants?
16	MR. STEER: Your Honor, on page 11, we do have a
17	change that we've inserted that we've asked your Honor to
18	consider.
19	THE COURT: All right. Tell me where it is and tell
20	me what you'd like.
21	MR. STEER: Ours is a redline. Are you able to see
22	the redline?
23	THE COURT: I'm not working off of your redline.
24	MR. STEER: Oh, I'm sorry, your Honor. I apologize.
25	It's at the bottom of page 11, the very last

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1 paragraph. 2 THE COURT: OK. 3 And I can explain. MR. STEER: 4 THE COURT: Well, just tell me what you want me to do. What we'd ask you to do is add: "Earlier 5 MR. STEER: 6 in this case a judge decided that NYU did not intentionally set 7 plaintiff's pay lower than the pay of men based on her gender. Thus, you are not being asked to decide whether that happened, 8 9 and you may not speculate as to that." 10 THE COURT: All right. Why should I give that charge? Because I believe it's been determined now 11 MR. STEER: 12 as a matter of law. It's the law of the case in the summary 13 judgment motion. Originally when we raised this issue with 14 your Honor, we had raised it in terms of willfulness, and your 15 Honor had said no, it's different. But now we're looking at, in essence, the factual underpinning in the Court's decision on 16 17 the summary judgment motion, and the Court made this finding. So I believe that's the law of the case and that that is now 18 19 not a fact question for the jury anymore. 20 THE COURT: What's the plaintiff's position with 21 respect to this language? 22 MR. KATAEV: This issue was already raised and 23

decided. It was the whole issue about willfulness being applied to the Equal Pay Act.

> What is your position with respect to THE COURT:

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o'clock tomorrow.

whether I should give this language? 1 2 MR. KATAEV: We object. 3 THE COURT: Why? 4 MR. KATAEV: Because it doesn't matter what a federal 5 judge decided on a summary judgment motion standard. It's a 6 different standard, and the jury should decide that on their 7 They're the ones that are charged with the facts. THE COURT: Well, let me ask this question of 8 9 plaintiff. I don't think I have a charge anywhere that asks the jury to determine whether NYU acted intentionally with 10 11 respect to the pay of the plaintiff. Is that correct? MR. LABUDA: That's correct. And I wouldn't 12 13 anticipate that being on the verdict sheet either, your Honor. 14 THE COURT: And are you planning to argue in your 15 summation that NYU acted intentionally in terms of the pay? MR. LABUDA: No, no. We're going to follow the EPA 16 17 that your Honor has in terms of the instruction, that it 18 doesn't require intent. 19 THE COURT: OK. 20 All right. I'm going to take this under advisement, 21 but if there is law that defendants have that I've not 22 otherwise considered, that wasn't in your papers, that would 23 support me giving this charge, you'll submit it to me by 5

MR. STEER: Thank you, your Honor.

I believe we had raised the issue in our pretrial memorandum of law on the issue of law in the case.

THE COURT: I think you did also, and let me tell you why I'm disinclined to use the language. It's severalfold.

First of all, I think there's actually great force to the argument plaintiffs make that what was decided at summary judgment doesn't necessarily control in terms of trial when the evidence is not being offered with respect to a claim that has been dismissed. In other words, what was decided at summary judgment was that a claim based upon intentional discrimination would not go to the jury. The claim based on intentional discrimination is not going to the jury.

Second, I wouldn't ordinarily instruct a jury what not to consider unless somebody has improperly introduced evidence into the case, an argument into the case that would prejudice the jury's determination with respect to the issues that it is to consider. There's nothing in this charge that asks the jury to consider intentional discrimination, and I've heard from the plaintiff that they don't intend to argue that the defendants engaged in intentional discrimination.

I don't know whether I will give this charge if the plaintiff made arguments about intentional discrimination, but given that plaintiff isn't intending to argue that the disparity was the product of intentional discrimination, I think the issue may be moot.

1	That's my thinking. You might convince me otherwise,
2	but you haven't yet.
3	MR. STEER: OK.
4	THE COURT: 1.8.
5	Anything from plaintiff?
6	MR. LABUDA: No.
7	THE COURT: Anything from defendants?
8	MR. STEER: I'm sorry, your Honor. 1.8?
9	No, your Honor.
10	THE COURT: 1.9.
11	Anything from plaintiff?
12	MR. LABUDA: No.
13	THE COURT: Anything from defendants?
14	MR. STEER: No.
15	THE COURT: 1.10.
16	Anything from plaintiff?
17	MR. LABUDA: No.
18	THE COURT: Anything from defendants.
19	MR. STEER: No.
20	THE COURT: 1.11.
21	Anything from plaintiff?
22	MR. LABUDA: No.
23	THE COURT: Anything from defendants?
24	MR. STEER: No.
25	THE COURT: 1.12.

1	Anything from plaintiff?
2	MR. LABUDA: No.
3	THE COURT: Anything from defendants?
4	MR. STEER: No.
5	THE COURT: All right. Now we move to the substantive
6	instructions.
7	No. 2, on the substantive instructions, pages 19 to
8	20, of what I circulated.
9	Anything from plaintiff?
10	MR. LABUDA: Bear with me one second, your Honor?
11	No.
12	THE COURT: Anything from defendants?
13	MR. STEER: Yes, your Honor.
14	THE COURT: OK.
15	MR. STEER: At the bottom of the charge, 2,
16	substantive instructions, we're asking that your Honor add
17	to after it talks about "you may find defendant violated the
18	law but another defendant did not violate the law; I will
19	explain the law that you may apply with respect to each claim,"
20	I would just ask that your Honor add "you may also find that
21	there were no violations of any laws set forth in this case."
22	THE COURT: I may incorporate something like that.
23	Let me hear from plaintiff on that.
24	MR. LABUDA: We object. I think it's just redundant.
25	I think it's pretty clear in the instructions that the only way

that they can find a violation is if plaintiff meets her burden of proof. So I don't think there's any reason to compound the point.

THE COURT: What I think I might do is, in the sentence that says "you may also find that a particular defendant violated all of these laws or none of these laws" is to add -- well, what I might do is say, at the very end, "you may also find that all of the defendants violated all of the laws or none of the defendants violated any of the laws" and just make it balanced in that respect. I don't think that that harms anybody. Right now what the defendants have given me is not balanced, but I can make it balanced.

2.1, corporate defense.

Anything from plaintiff?

MR. LABUDA: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: Anything from defendants?

MR. STEER: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: 2.2, federal Equal Pay Act claim.

Anything from the plaintiff? It's a several page --

MR. LABUDA: Yes.

THE COURT: Let's go through it.

MR. LABUDA: It's more so with the affirmative defenses, your Honor. I think that's on page, on our version it's 25, but it's D.

THE COURT: Give me a second.

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All right. What would plaintiff have me do? MR. LABUDA: We would like the definition that's in the law as to what a business necessity is, so we'd like to add in, in the fourth line, after "consistent with business necessity," we'd like a sentence that reads --THE COURT: Hold on for a second. This is what page? MR. LABUDA: This is --THE COURT: Of what I circulated. MR. LABUDA: Oh, I'm sorry. I mixed up in my version versus this one. No. We're OK with that. Let's see if there's anything else. We're fine, your Honor, on the federal Equal Pay Act. THE COURT: OK. What about defendants? MR. STEER: Your Honor, under 2.2, we believe that after, under the affirmative defenses -- and I think we had spoken about this briefly at the last charging conference. We would ask that your Honor add, after the first sentence, where it says, when it talks about the affirmative defenses, that it says that "you must consider defendants' affirmative defenses,"

we would ask that the language -- your Honor had it further in

the New York State charge, that "these defenses are (i) a

seniority system; (ii) merit system; (iii) a system which

measures earnings by quantity and quality of production; or

(iv) a bona fide factor other than sex, such as education, training, experience," and we added reputation.

THE COURT: That's the language out of the statute, is that right?

MR. STEER: The factor, the statute does not say, doesn't go on with the "such as" language. We gave the examples, such as education and training. But otherwise, yes. That's from the statutory affirmative defense.

THE COURT: OK. And I'll get to the "such as education, experience, training" in a moment, but is there an affirmative defense in this case based upon a seniority system or merit system or a system which measures earnings by quantity or quality of production?

MR. STEER: Are you asking me, your Honor?

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. STEER: There is not a formal seniority system.

There is not a merit system per se. However, there is a system which measures earnings by quantity and quality of production, because in the case we have this system for incentive compensation, which is based on meeting your production standards. So we believe there is a quantity and quality of production element in the case, and certainly we've consistently maintained that there's a factor other-than-sex defense.

THE COURT: So if seniority system, merit system are

not one of the affirmative defenses being offered by the defendants, why should I mention those to the jury?

MR. STEER: I don't have any objection to those being taken out, your Honor. I think, your Honor, they may be also in the New York State labor law part as well, and I think we actually may have taken this from what your Honor had there.

THE COURT: OK. It may have been a mistake I made earlier.

All right. Let me hear from -- actually, I gather that there are a couple of edits that you've got on this charge. You also ask that, later on, I say the defendants have the burden of showing that a business-related practice was, in fact, followed and that adherence to that practice served their legitimate business purpose as opposed to policy.

Let me hear from plaintiff with respect to those edits.

MR. LABUDA: The first set that we were talking about, your Honor?

THE COURT: The first one would have me say the defenses are, No. 1, a system which merits earnings by quantity or quality of production; or (2) a bona fide factor other than sex, such as education, training, experience and reputation.

MR. LABUDA: Well, first off, let me note that defendants never raised any issue about measuring quantity and quality, and what I've just heard from the defendants -- and

again we've just seen this today, but what defendant was talking about was this incentive. That's the 1 percent that seemed to be, you know, consistent throughout. But that doesn't deal with the actual base, original salary that they earned. So there's a system in terms of that, but if the underlying pay is based on sex, the fact that there's some equal incentive of 1 percent but you're getting 1 percent of something less doesn't seem appropriate here. On top of it, I mean I think we can wait and see what the evidence shows, but I mean we can proffer that there's testimony from the defendants that they didn't use quantity or quality in terms of setting pay.

THE COURT: OK. And what about the charge with respect to saying these defenses are a bona fide factor other than sex, such as education, training, experience and reputation?

MR. LABUDA: I'd have to look at the actual statute itself on that point.

THE COURT: We're doing the charge conference now, and the statute does refer to a bona fide factor other than sex.

The education, training, experience and reputation is not in the statute itself.

MR. LABUDA: Right.

THE COURT: I gather from defendants that that is based upon their reading of the case law.

MR. STEER: Your Honor, if I could be heard on that?

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. STEER: I could explain perhaps more fully.

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. STEER: On that particular point, the law's very clear that Congress passed the factor other-than-sex defense because it was impossible for them to try to itemize all the different factors that could cause a difference in pay that was not based on sex, and so there are literally thousands of reasons. We have illustrated it by asking, naming some grilled into the case, but there is no -- you know, there's no statute you're going to find here that says education is or reputation is. Those are what the factor other-than-sex defense is meant to deal with.

MR. LABUDA: We'd just object to those then and just leave it with a bona fide factor other than sex.

THE COURT: OK. I'll consider that.

Let me hear from the defendants with respect to a system which measures earnings by quantity or quality. As I'm looking through the final joint pretrial order, there is a reference to factors other than sex. I don't see there being a reference to a system which measures earnings by quantity or quality of production.

MR. STEER: We had, I believe, raised it earlier in the case, your Honor. I don't know that we put it in the

pretrial order, but that also would be subsumed under the factor other than sex because any factor that is not based on gender that causes a distinction that's bona fide makes it lawful. And so, here, throughout the case -- I mean there's no surprise here; throughout the case it has been said that this incentive compensation system was based on RVUs. RVUs are a measure of production.

THE COURT: OK. I think I've got your argument. All right. I'll take those edits under advisement.

MR. STEER: Thank you.

THE COURT: 2.3, the New York Labor Law, Section 194 claim.

Anything from the plaintiff on that?

MR. LABUDA: Yes.

That, your Honor --

MR. STEER: Your Honor, excuse me. If I may, before we go there?

There was one other issue your Honor had raised that we didn't get to, which was the question of policy versus practice, that change wording.

THE COURT: What's the reason for that change?

MR. STEER: There's no claim that there's a written policy. It's the practice, and so that's why we'd make the change.

THE COURT: That seems to me to be appropriate.

Plaintiff, do you have a view? 1 2 MR. LABUDA: That seems fine, your Honor. 3 THE COURT: OK. 4 All right. 5 MR. LABUDA: I did have one other comment on that, the 6 EPA, your Honor. I apologize. 7 THE COURT: OK. MR. LABUDA: With respect to this, with respect to the 8 9 EPA, the Ryduchowski v. Port Authority case, 203 F.3d 135, and 10 it references the fact that not only do you have to have this 11 system in place but that it has to be -- I think this is a 12 quote from the court, that it has to be systematically 13 administered. So not only is it, you know, that you not only 14 have the system but you actually apply it systematically. So we'd like language of that sort, that it's not only having a 15 system, but it's implemented. 16 17 THE COURT: That would only be if I give a charge with 18 respect to a system which measures earnings. If I don't give 19 that charge, then you're not getting that language, right? 20 MR. LABUDA: Yes. It would be -- well, yes, that, I 21 think, is accurate. Correct. 22 THE COURT: Yes. OK. I've got your point. 23 MR. LABUDA: OK. 24 THE COURT: And I've got defendants' point. 25 New York Labor Law, Section 194 claim.

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MR. LABUDA: Although I will say, your Honor, just thinking it through, I mean there may be some other, you know, potential, although it's not called a system, but I mean I think that that would tend to apply to any type of factor as well, that that factor has to be applied systematically as well, I would think. THE COURT: Well, you cited to me the Ryduchowski I'll take a look at it. Is Ryduchowski about an instruction on a factor other than sex? MR. LABUDA: It's just about the fact -- the systems. THE COURT: OK. MR. LABUDA: But I would say it seems that that ruling, my reading of it is that it would apply to any type of factor that they're using. They can't just have a factor and then not apply it evenly. I think that's basically the general holding, if anything. So even if you have a factor, it would still have to be applied evenly. THE COURT: I would have thought that the right question with respect to factor other than sex is what I am instructing the jury, which is whether the factor is a pretext and whether the defendants used a factor reasonably in light of

MR. LABUDA: That might be sufficient language, your Honor. I don't have a photographic memory, so -THE COURT: All right.

the employer's stated purpose as well as its other practices.

Let's get on to 2.3, New York Labor Law claims.

Anything from plaintiff on this?

MR. LABUDA: Yes.

With respect to the New York, so with New York, there is, we have that same issue we were just talking about, in terms of that same language as the systematic application, if there was some type of -- well, let me -- I'll withhold that for a second.

THE COURT: It would be helpful if you tell me which portion of the charge, what page, and --

MR. LABUDA: Yes. There's a paragraph that says "if plaintiff has proved by -- proved these elements."

MR. KATAEV: Page 30, your Honor, I believe.

MR. LABUDA: Page 30. We have a redline version, so it might be off. "If plaintiff has proved these elements, a defendant can avoid liability if a defendant has" -- that paragraph?

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. LABUDA: In there, there's a reference to business necessity in the fourth line, and we'd like to have that defined as it is in the statute, and we'd like to add in, after it says "consistent with business necessity," period, we'd like the following language added: "A business necessity is a factor that bears a manifest relationship to the employment in question."

1 THE COURT: And you said that comes directly out of 2 the statute? 3 MR. LABUDA: Correct, from 194. 4 THE COURT: Anything else you've got on this charge? 5 MR. LABUDA: Yes. 6 One other thing is, also directly from the statute --7 well, let me say this. 8 After, I guess at the end of the paragraph, where it 9 says "successful performance of that job," we wanted the 10 following language that's from the statute as well: "However, 11 the business necessity defense does not apply if plaintiff demonstrates: (1) that a defendant's employment practices 12 13 caused a disparate impact on the basis of sex or gender; (2) an 14 alternative employment practice exists that would serve the 15 same business purpose and not produce such a differential; and (3) a defendant has refused to adopt such alternative 16 17 practice." 18 THE COURT: I'm going to move back to that in a 19 second. 20 Anything else? 21 MR. LABUDA: That's it, your Honor. 22 THE COURT: And is there evidence that the plaintiff 23 intends to offer with respect to an alternative business 24 practice? 25 MR. LABUDA: I believe that there will be testimony

about whether or not there were other alternatives that were available to NYU in setting the pay for the doctors, yes.

THE COURT: OK. Let me raise one other thing.

I'm going to hear from defendants with respect to those as well as anything else.

Before I turn to defendants, I am contemplating, on 28 to 29, the carryover paragraph, after I go through the various affirmative defenses, to say, "Here, as I will explain, the pertinent affirmative defense is a bona fide factor other than sex, such as education, training or experience," language to that effect.

I assume the plaintiff has no objection to me giving that instruction. That's on the assumption that I decide not to charge the jury with respect to a system which measures earnings by quantity or quality.

(Continued on next page)

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MR. LABUDA: Right. That's language from the statute, 1 2 194; right? THE COURT: Correct. 3 MR. LABUDA: Yes, that's fine. 4 5 THE COURT: Let me turn to defendants. 6 Does defendant have any objections? 7 MR. STEER: Yes. The first thing, your Honor, is we 8 believe that it's -- with respect to absolutely improper for 9 there to be a disparate impact charge in this case. The reason 10 is, is first of all, it's mentioned in the statute that that's 11 true, but it's not a substantive right. The disparate impact 12 analysis is an order and allocation of proof in a 13 discrimination case. It goes all the way back to the *Griggs* 14 case in '71, Griggs v. Duke Power. I could say, your Honor, 15 I've litigated this issue in this court a number of times. The first element of a disparate impact analysis is a 16 17 facially neutral standard, has an adverse impact on a protected 18 group. The second, and perhaps most important here, the next 19

The first element of a disparate impact analysis is a facially neutral standard, has an adverse impact on a protected group. The second, and perhaps most important here, the next element is that it has an adverse impact on a protected group. You don't do an adverse impact analysis with four people, it's too small a sample size. So I believe it's improper to give this charge when you only have three comparators and one plaintiff and you can do an adverse impact analysis. It's just wrong. That's before you get to the issue of whether or not there's some alternative that's been requested. And also, I

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don't know that a facially neutral standard has ever been identified *per se* in this case.

So the other reason we object is that this whole question of Section 194 of the labor law was only brought up after summary judgment, after discovery closed when plaintiff advised the Court there had been a mistake and they had left that out and the complaint was allowed to be amended. There has been no discovery on disparate impact. In fact, if the discovery would have been broadened out beyond what we produced in discovery in the case we had before us, it's conceivable we may have produced statistical evidence on disparate impact. So it's just wrong, your Honor. That's all I can say.

THE COURT: Anything else that you've got on 2.3?

MR. STEER: Excuse me one moment, your Honor. There was one line where it talks about a clinical compensation. It says: "All amounts earned for work performed at NYU related to clinical compensation, including salary loans, repayments, incentive comp, and we're just saying that the word "clinical," it should be taken out there." It's compensation. That's -- those other things are not necessarily clinical compensation per se.

THE COURT: Let me ask you this, I understand there may be some issue about clinical compensation. What if it said "related to such substantially similar work, including salary, loan repayments, and incentive compensation bonuses"?

disparate impact charge.

MR. STEER: Let me have a moment, your Honor. I need
to look where the language
THE COURT: Plaintiff might look at that, also.
MR. STEER: Your Honor, I think it kind of confuses
the issue to add "clinical" there
THE COURT: I'm not suggesting adding "clinical."
What I'm suggesting is "all amounts earned for work performed
at NYU related to such substantially" The language, "you
should examine all amounts earned for such substantially
similar work performed at NYU." What you would have me charge
is that it's all compensation. What the charge says now is
"clinical compensation." Do I need to get into that? Should I
just say "substantially similar work performed at NYU"?
MR. STEER: Your Honor, it seems to us that it's
already come out through this issue has already come out
through their demonstrative in the opening, that it included
all compensation, not just clinical compensation. I'm still
uncomfortable, frankly, with the change your Honor suggested,
respectfully.
THE COURT: Anything else that defendant has on this
charge?
MR. STEER: Thank you, your Honor. Nothing more.
THE COURT: Let me hear from the plaintiffs with
respect to striking the word "clinical" and why I should give a

MR. LABUDA: With respect to the "clinical" as in the charge, before we think it's fine to keep it in there, it shouldn't be struck out. So we don't think that it should be struck at all. You have "salary" in there as well. We think it's clear enough for the jury. We're fine with it as is and we don't think "clinical" should get struck out.

With respect to the disparate impact, the evidence has already shown that there was a disparate impact on them, they were paid less. We're talking about -- in an EPA case, you're only talking about a very narrow scope to begin with in terms of sample size because you have to compare individuals within a county is what they kind of are looking at as to not compare Nassau to doctors in New York City. It's directly from the statute and that language -- that statute and that cause of action is part of this case. They had objected to that statute coming in and the Court had ruled that it was permitted to come in. So that's where we are in the case. So we think that it's appropriate to keep in the disparate impact charge.

THE COURT: Do you want to put in a writing for me explaining that there's case law that supports your view that the sample size is appropriate and that, given the way in which the issue has arisen in the case, it's appropriate to give that charge? You're not required to. I can hear you now and make a decision on the basis of it, but this seems to me to be something of a consequential issue. If you want to put in

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1	something, I would welcome it.
2	MR. LABUDA: Yes, we would welcome the opportunity to
3	do that, as well, your Honor.
4	THE COURT: 5 o'clock tomorrow okay?
5	MR. LABUDA: That's fine, your Honor.
6	THE COURT: From defendants, 5 o'clock on Friday for a
7	response.
8	MR. STEER: Thank you.
9	THE COURT: I'll take the other edits under
10	advisement.
11	Title VII retaliation claim against NYU. Again, it's
12	something of a lengthy charge. This is 2.4.
13	What does plaintiff have on that, if anything?
14	MR. LABUDA: Your Honor, just one logistics, since
15	we're going late tomorrow, can we have until midnight tomorrow?
16	THE COURT: That's fine.
17	MR. LABUDA: Thank you.
18	MR. STEER: Your Honor
19	THE COURT: But you're only getting until 5 o'clock
20	because we're not going late on Friday.
21	MR. STEER: No, I'm talking about for the prior
22	letter, your Honor. If we even decide to submit it, you had

letter, your Honor. If we even decide to submit it, you given us a 5 o'clock deadline.

THE COURT: Midnight is okay.

MR. STEER: Okay.

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THE COURT: 2.4. 1 2 MR. LABUDA: No, your Honor. THE COURT: What does defendant have under 2.4? 3 MR. STEER: Your Honor, we had some proposed edits 4 5 under 2.4 because we respectfully disagree with the second 6 element of the knowledge of plaintiff's protected activity. 7 THE COURT: While I'm looking at that, you can also 8 put on the record what you want. 9 MR. STEER: So first of all, defendants dispute that plaintiff actually engaged in good faith and protected 10 11 activity. So instructing the jury "there is no dispute that NYU knew of plaintiff's protected activity," we believe would 12 13 be erroneous. But also, we think the charge should be also "if 14 you find plaintiff engaged in protected activity, you must 15 determine whether NYU knew of plaintiff's protected activity." We agree with that. However, there is also law under the cat's 16 17 paw theory that an employer may not be held liable simply 18 because it acts on information provided by a biased co-worker. 19 Thus, an employer -- and we would ask that this be part of the 20 charge. Thus, an employer who non-negligently and in good faith relies on a false and malign report of an employee who 21 22 acted out of an unlawful animus cannot be held accountable or 23 said to have been motivated by the employee's animus, and that 24 is from case law on the cat's paw theory, your Honor.

THE COURT: What does the plaintiff have to say?

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MR. LABUDA: Again, we just saw this, but it's not our -- I'll say this, with cat's paw, this is not what cat's paw is. Cat's paw is just the opposite. When an employee passes on false information that ultimately results in the cat's paw being burnt, which is the fable behind it, and in this case you've got a manager who's passing on information to another manager, who passes on information along with a doctor, who passes it on to another manager. So we believe that cat's paw theory is that they can be responsible for that, especially since there's a retaliatory motive here, you know, with this retaliatory motive from Mr. Santana and Kaplan.

THE COURT: From defendants' perspective, who is the employee who provides the false malign report?

MR. STEER: We don't believe there are any, your

Honor, but the alleged individuals are primarily from plaintiff

Joseph Antonik and then David Kaplan, neither of whom

participate in the decision in any way to terminate plaintiff,

the evidence will show, and who basically gathered information

on an instruction from their bosses. So we think that the

quote I read is really the appropriate statement of the law.

And assuming, arguendo, it can be found that they even acted

improperly.

THE COURT: Let me ask you one other question. Is there any dispute that the letter that the plaintiff sent would

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constitute protected activity? She specifically mentions discrimination on the basis of gender.

MR. STEER: The question I think is whether that is something that could be found to be a good faith complaint or I could explain what our position is, your Honor, give you a better understanding.

Basically, the evidence is going to show that she complained to Kathleen Pacina and doesn't mention gender, certainly doesn't mention the comment, and Ms. Pacina understands that she is dealing with an office dispute, that's what she thinks she's dealing with. So she has these facts to investigate. Plaintiff does not get the result she wanted, that the idea that someone waved his hands and all of the testimony you've heard about that was gender based. So she then starts throwing buzz words into the emails, "this is discrimination, this is male chauvinism." And again, there is nothing for Ms. Pacina to investigate.

And we raised the question of whether or not a reasonable person could have concluded that this conduct that was testified to today was really gender based. Just because a man and a woman were speaking when it happened, I mean, would it have been different if it was a woman that did this to her?

So we request whether there was a good faith attempt to raise protected activity and --

THE COURT: I think I understand that. And actually,

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my charge with respect to protected activity I think covers that, which is the reason why we don't have edits.

With respect to the knowledge of the protected activity, on the assumption that the jury concludes that Dr. Edelman's report was made in good faith, is there any dispute that NYU knew of that activity? It strikes me that what you're asking me to insert in terms of cat's paw doesn't -- it fits pretty imperfectly, if at all, with respect to knowledge of the protected activity.

MR. STEER: To impute it to the decision makers I think is the issue because that's where the cat's paw issue comes in.

THE COURT: The cat's paw issue comes in in terms of imputing motive to the decision maker.

MR. STEER: Correct.

THE COURT: Which really wouldn't go to whether they knew of the protected activity.

MR. STEER: One of the problems, though, your Honor, here is I think the evidence is going to show that the investigator did not believe that this was something that -- well, let me back up.

We don't believe there'll be any evidence to show that Andrew Rubin knew that there was a discrimination claim here.

We don't believe -- and he's the decision maker. So, to try and then impute NYU that they should be liable because of what

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was sent here in these emails and when they figured out that there was a complaint going on, they sent it to Ms. Ogbara who then plaintiff didn't respond to. So, because of the kind of strange circumstances of this case, we don't think that should happen.

THE COURT: I hear what you're saying, but I don't hear it in terms of cat's paw or in terms of the second element. You can correct me if I'm wrong, but I would have thought that your argument is really captured by the notion of causal connection, that if NYU took the action that it took without regard to whether the person in question was aware of the protected activity, and even if NYU was aware of it, there would be no causal connection.

I'm still not sure about your cat's paw theory generally because, as I understand the law, even if there was no merit whatsoever to the plaintiff's complaint of discrimination, if she believed in good faith that there was merit, she just got the wrong law and your client retaliated on the basis of it. There might not have been anything for HR to investigate. HR could have concluded that this was bullying that was not based upon gender, but it still wouldn't have the right to terminate her employment because she invoked gender discrimination.

MR. STEER: Unless it wasn't in good faith, your Honor.

THE COURT: Right, unless it wasn't in good faith. 1 2 Listen, midnight tomorrow, if you want to give a cat's paw instruction, then you'll give me the authority for that. 3 4 The plaintiff will respond by 5 o'clock on Friday. 5 I think that takes us to the New York State Human 6 Rights law retaliation claim. Let me ask plaintiff if they 7 have anything on that. 8 MR. STEER: I'm sorry, your Honor. 9 THE COURT: I'm asking plaintiff. MR. STEER: One more thing I left out on the last 10 charge. 11 THE COURT: What do you want to raise with me? 12 13 MR. STEER: We wanted to raise the fact that we thought at the end of this charge, there should be something 14 15 that at least tells the jury that if you -- this is after it says, you know, whether we subjected -- adverse employment 16 17 action, so include -- so agrees is talked about. Then I 18 thought it should say at the end there, if your Honor would 19 agree, "if you merely disagree, merely disagree with NYU's 20 decision not to renew plaintiff's employment contract, that 21 alone is not sufficient to find that NYU subjected plaintiff to 22 an adverse employment action for having engaged in protected 23 activity." And then I would ask that what be added there is 24 "courts and juries do not sit as a super personnel department

to evaluate an employer's business decisions."

THE COURT: Is there any disagreement with respect to the law on that language?

MR. LABUDA: Well, yes. If you merely disagree with NYU's decision, which we're asserting is retaliatory, then it's not alone sufficient to find that NYU subjected her to adverse employment. That's not accurate at all. So our theory is that they retaliated against her for making the complaint, their decision was not to renew her contract, that's an adverse employment action. The law is very clear that that is an adverse employment action. So yeah, the law does not accurately reflect what is put in here at all.

And we don't believe that the second line about "super personnel department" is appropriate either. I think your Honor had indicated before I think somewhere in the instructions, there's some language not like this and not nearly as inflammatory as this that talks about something along those lines that's in there already, but I don't think there's any need for encouragement like this.

THE COURT: I'm inclined to include something like this. Although, I'm not sure about the placement or exactly the words. "Super personnel department" does come straight out of the Second Circuit. It's been repeated a number of times, as you know. I'm going to try to weave in something to the effect that if the reasons for the actions were non-retaliatory and not discriminatory, it's not for the jury to determine

1	whether the jurors would have made the same decisions from
2	business reasons. The question for them is whether it's
3	retaliatory.
4	MR. LABUDA: The only issue, though, your Honor, is
5	you've got this mixed motive
6	THE COURT: I understand that and I'll try to weave
7	in
8	MR. LABUDA: That's a hard line to, I guess
9	something about threading.
10	THE COURT: I get that point. I get that point.
11	You'll see how I do.
12	MR. LABUDA: You've done pretty well, your Honor, so
13	far.
14	THE COURT: New York State Human Rights Law
15	retaliation claim.
16	MR. LABUDA: We don't have any there's no changes
17	for us, your Honor.
18	THE COURT: What about from the defendants?
19	MR. STEER: Your Honor, I think in this we had also
20	added the cat's paw language again. That I think your Honor is
21	taking under advisement.
22	THE COURT: Then I'll wait to see what you tell me.
23	And New York City Human Rights Law. Anything from
24	plaintiff?
25	MR. LABUDA: No.

1	THE COURT: And from defendants?
2	MR. STEER: Your Honor, we do have one other thing on
3	that.
4	THE COURT: On the New York City claim?
5	MR. STEER: New York State claim, your Honor. At the
6	end, it says "if you find that any of the individual
7	defendants — Mr. Rubin, Mr. Kaplan, Mr. Antonik, or
8	Mr. Swirnow — aided and abetted that decision in that they
9	actually participated in the decision to not renew," I think
10	it's a little unclear if I was a juror, so it would be unclear
11	to me what it means, "participated in the decision." So I
12	would ask that your Honor make it say "actually participated in
13	making the decision."
14	THE COURT: Remind me where this is.
15	MR. STEER: It's on the third element, adverse action,
16	at the bottom under C towards the last line there, under aiding
17	and abetting.
18	THE COURT: Did plaintiff see that, "participated in
19	making the decision"?
20	MR. LABUDA: Your Honor, we would object to it. We
21	don't think it's needed. I think the law is, in terms of them
22	aiding and abetting, that they participated in it, and it's
23	clear that they passed on information. So they may not have
24	been involved in that decision-making, but they were they
25	aided and abetted in that decision by providing information.

1	material. They gave the fuel for the fire.
2	THE COURT: I'm going to take a look at the law on
3	this. I don't need you to put in additional briefing, but I'm
4	going to give this language a little bit more thought. I'm not
5	sure which way I'm going to come out. I think for the
6	individuals, it's obviously an important issue.
7	New York City. I think I was at the point where I was
8	asking plaintiff about the New York City Human Rights Law
9	retaliation claim.
10	MR. LABUDA: We don't have any changes, your Honor.
11	THE COURT: What about from the plaintiff on the New
12	York City Human Rights Law discrimination claim?
13	MR. LABUDA: No, your Honor.
14	THE COURT: From the defendant on the New York City
15	rights law discrimination?
16	MR. STEER: We have nothing, your Honor.
17	THE COURT: Damages. No. 3. Anything from plaintiff
18	on the general damages instruction?
19	MR. LABUDA: No, your Honor.
20	THE COURT: From the defendant on the general damages
21	instruction?
22	MR. STEER: Nothing, your Honor.
23	THE COURT: 3.1, damages under the Equal Pay Act.
24	Anything from plaintiff?
25	MR. LABUDA: No.

THE COURT: 3.5, compensator
plaintiff?

MR. STEER: No, your Honor.

MR. STEER: No, your Honor.

MR. STEER: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: From defendant?

MR. STEER: No, your Honor.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTE

1	THE COURT: 3.6, punitive damages. I know I've got
2	something from defendant on that. Anything from plaintiff?
3	MR. LABUDA: No, your Honor.
4	THE COURT: Let me hear from defendants, what do you
5	want me to do?
6	MR. STEER: We just want it to be made clear to the
7	jury, if possible, your Honor, that we add "please note that
8	punitive damages are not available for claims under the Equal
9	Pay Act and New York Labor Law Section 194" because those have
10	liquidated damages, so you don't get punitive damages where you
11	can get liquidated is our position.
12	MR. LABUDA: Your Honor, you make it pretty clear in
13	the first sentence, "if she prevails on her claims of
14	retaliation, you may or are required to award punitive
15	damages." It seems kind of redundant. It's one of these
16	things where it's already laid out there. I don't think
17	there's any need to say it in the verdict sheet. Presumably
18	it's not going to have a component for punitive damages in the
19	Equal Pay Act section.
20	THE COURT: I take it you don't disagree with the
21	proposition of law?
22	MR. LABUDA: Correct, yes.
23	THE COURT: Let me think about that, read the
24	instructions as a whole, and I'll obviously let you know what I

intend to do.

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Let me ask about the final instructions generally as a 1 whole. 2 Anything under final instructions from plaintiff? 3 MR. LABUDA: No, your Honor. 4 THE COURT: 5 Anything from defendant on the final 6 instructions? 7 MR. STEER: No, your Honor. 8 THE COURT: My hope is to get you something on Monday 9 morning or on Sunday night or sometime during the day on Monday 10 that will have my revisions. I want to wait until I get the 11 pieces of paper from you with respect to the issues that I've 12 identified. I'll also try to get you around then a copy of the 13 verdict form. I raised this earlier, and parties should give some 14 15 thought to it, I will certainly give thought to it, how to 16 handle the fact that there are a lot of different NYU entities 17 in terms of the verdict form and a lot of other different 18 defendants in terms of trying to make the verdict form 19 something that a jury can handle. I realize that goes to a 20 substantive question of which entity is going to be asked to be 21 held liable, and some of that also might be resolved at the end 22 of plaintiff's case depending on what the proof shows, but give 23 it some thought. 24 MR. LABUDA: Yes, your Honor. 25 THE COURT: Anything else from plaintiff for the rest

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of the day?
 1
                  MR. LABUDA: No, your Honor.
 2
                  THE COURT: Anything from defendant?
 3
                  MR. STEER: No, your Honor. Thank you.
 4
 5
                  THE COURT: All right. I will see you tomorrow
       morning. It's going to be a long day. Try to get here by
 6
       quarter of 9:00.
 7
 8
                  Have a good afternoon, everybody.
                  (Adjourned to July 12, 2023, at 9:00 a.m.)
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     UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
      SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
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3
     DR. SARI EDELMAN,
 4
                     Plaintiff,
                                              21 Civ. 502 (LJL)
5
                 v.
6
     NYU LANGONE HEALTH SYSTEM, et
      al.,
 7
                    Defendants.
8
                                              Trial
9
                                              New York, N.Y.
                                              July 12, 2023
                                              9:00 a.m.
10
     Before:
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12
                           HON. LEWIS J. LIMAN,
13
                                              District Judge
                                              -and a Jury-
14
15
                                APPEARANCES
16
     MILMAN LABUDA LAW GROUP PLLC
          Attorneys for Plaintiff
17
     BY: JOSEPH M. LABUDA
          EMANUEL S. KATAEV
18
      TARTER KRINSKY & DROGIN LLP
          Attorneys for Defendants
19
     BY: RICHARD C. SCHOENSTEIN
20
          RICHARD L. STEER
          INGRID J. CARDONA
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N7CCede1 1 (In open court; jury not present) THE COURT: Anything from plaintiff before we bring in 2 3 the jury? 4 MR. LABUDA: Your Honor, there was one issue with 5 respect to the jury charge I was thinking of last night. I 6 don't know if you want to save that. 7 THE COURT: Do we need to address it before we bring 8 in the jury? 9 MR. LABUDA: No, that was the only thing, it was in my 10 head. 11 THE COURT: So keep it in your head or put it back 12 into your head at the lunch break and we'll address it when we 13 come to a convenient break. 14 What about from defendant? 15 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No, your Honor. Ready to go. THE COURT: Can we put Dr. Edelman on the stand. 16 17 Let's bring in the jury. 18 Dr. Edelman, let me remind you that you're still under 19 oath. 20 THE WITNESS: Thank you. 21 (Continued on next page) 22 23

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1 (Jury present) THE COURT: Welcome back, members of the jury. I hope 2 you all had a restful afternoon and evening. We'll continue 3 4 with the cross examination of Dr. Edelman. 5 Counsel, you may proceed. 6 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Thank you, your Honor. 7 SARI EDELMAN, resumed. CROSS-EXAMINATION CONTINUED 8 9 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN: 10 Good morning, Dr. Edelman. Ο. 11 Α. Good morning. 12 Q. Let's go back now to the beginning of the story here. 13 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I'd like to show the witness 14 Plaintiff's Exhibit 15, which is already in evidence, your 15 Honor, and show it to the jury. 16 THE COURT: You may do so. 17 This is your résumé as it existed prior to joining NYU; is 18 that correct, doctor? 19 A. Yes. Can you please scroll down. Thank you. 20 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Ms. Cardona. Hold right there, if 21 you could. 22 Q. And this reflects the dates that you went to college and 23 medical school and were board certified?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: And scroll down to the next page,

1 please.

- 2 Q. That reflects your publications that you had listed on your
- 3 résumé prior to joining NYU?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 | Q. And prior to joining NYU, you had not been involved in any
- 6 clinical trials or grants; correct?
- 7 A. Correct.
- 8 Q. You had no administrative experience at a hospital;
- 9 correct?
- 10 A. Correct.
- 11 | Q. And you had no research experience as a doctor?
- 12 A. Incorrect.
- 13 Q. What research experience did you have as a doctor?
- 14 A. I did research -- these publications are part of research
- 15 | at Winthrop University Hospital with Dr. Allison Reis.
- 16 | Q. And beyond these articles listed here, did you have any
- 17 | research role prior to joining NYU?
- 18 A. I will also work with Dr. Rosenblum on research during my
- 19 | fellowship that I didn't publish with him.
- 20 | Q. And when you were in private practice from the years 2008
- 21 | to 2014, were you doing any research?
- 22  $\parallel$  A. I was -- the only research we had done in the office was a
- 23 small study that someone asked us to be involved in collecting
- 24 | for -- I forgot what it was, but there was a trial going on and
- 25 we were involved with collecting blood samples to submit to the

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- 1 | trial.
- 2 | Q. Other than that, you don't recall any?
- 3 A. I don't recall any others.
- 4 | Q. You started your private practice in 2008; correct?
- 5 A. Correct.
- 6 | Q. And that's when you did the office build-out that you
- 7 | talked about yesterday?
- 8 | A. Yes, around that time, 2007, 2008.
- 9 Q. And the practice was owned 50/50 by you and Dr. Mehta?
- 10 A. Correct.
- 11 | Q. And we'll meet her next, she's the next witness in this
- 12 | case?
- 13 A. I believe so.
- 14 | Q. And you two were the main physicians in the practice, you
- 15 were the only full-time physicians in the practice?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 | Q. You had rented offices on a 20-year lease; correct?
- 18 A. I'm sorry. Can you rephrase the question.
- 19 | Q. The private practice that you ran was in an office that you
- 20 | rented; right?
- 21 A. Yes, we leased the space.
- 22  $\parallel$  Q. And you said it was a 20-year lease. Was it 20-year or
- 23 | 15-year?
- 24 A. I believed it was 20 years. I might have been mistaken.
- 25 | Q. You said yesterday that the lease was on favorable terms.

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- 1 Do you recall saying that?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 Q. Do you have experience in commercial real estate?
- 4 A. I have more exposure to experience in commercial real
- 5 estate. My husband works in real estate and banking.
  - Q. Your husband is a mortgage loan originator; right?
- 7 A. Yes.

- 8 | Q. He helps people get mortgages for their homes?
- 9 MR. LABUDA: Objection. Relevance.
- 10 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. Do you personally have experience in commercial real
- 13 | estate?
- 14 | A. I do not.
- 15 Q. And do you know how much was the monthly rental for this
- 16 office space?
- 17 A. I believe it was around \$8,000 a month.
- 18 | Q. How much was that per square foot?
- 19 A. About \$30 at the time, if I remember correctly.
- 20 | Q. How many tenants were in the building?
- 21 A. At the time we moved in from the time -- what I could
- 22 | remember back, because this is a long time back, I don't
- 23 | believe there was anybody on the first floor. In the
- 24 downstairs, the obstetrician group might have been in the
- 25 | building. I believe the dentist moved in after us.

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- 1 Did you ever see any of the leases for any of the other 2 tenants?
- No, most of them came in after us. 3
- Did you know what any of the other tenants were paying per 4 Q.
- 5 square foot?
- 6 Α. No.
- 7 Did you know what the average cost of commercial real
- 8 estate was on a per-square-foot basis in New Hyde Park?
- At the time I did, at the time we researched it. 9 Α.
- 10 Were you personally obligated on the lease? Ο.
- 11 Α. I don't recall.
- 12 Do you believe you were?
- 13 I don't recall. Α.
- 14 Do you know, if your practice had not succeeded, let's say
- 15 you'd gone out of business after three years, would you still
- 16 have been obligated to lease the space for 15 or 20 years?
- 17 A. I believe we had the ability to sublease built in if we no
- 18 longer wanted to use the space.
- 19 Q. But if you couldn't sublease and you couldn't use the
- 20 space, you were obligated on a 15- or 20-year lease; right?
- 21 That's the way a lease works?
- 22 I don't have the lease in front of me, so I can't answer to
- 23 how it was --
- 24 Q. Do you disagree with my premise that you would have
- 25 remained obligated on the lease?

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Edelman - Cross

- 1 MR. LABUDA: Objection.
- 2 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 3 A. I would assume I would have been obligated.
- 4 | Q. And to start your business, you took out business loans;
- 5 correct?

- 6 A. Correct.
  - Q. You said yesterday you took out a small loan?
- 8 A. I said I took out a \$500,000 small business loan.
- 9 Q. I thought you said a small loan. But it was a half a
- 10 | million dollars; right?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. And you took that as a mortgage on your house?
- 13 A. As a lien on my house. I didn't mortgage my house, it's a
- 14 lien.
- 15 | Q. But you were liable on that loan no matter what happened to
- 16 | your business?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 | Q. And that was a lien on your family's primary residence of a
- 19 | half a million dollars; correct?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 | Q. And at the time you were talking to NYU in 2014, that loan
- 22 | had not been paid off; right?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. You still had several hundred thousand dollars that you
- 25 | owed on that loan?

- 1 A. About \$300,000.
- 2 | Q. Now, I want to talk about the time you were in private
- 3 practice before you associated with Nassau Radiology. So from
- 4 | 2008 to 2012, that period of time. Okay?
- 5 A. I was not associated with -- I'm sorry. Repeat the
- 6 | question because I don't think I heard it correctly.
- 7 | Q. I'm focusing on the period -- let me ask it this way. In
- 8 | or about 2012, you began some sort of association with a group
- 9 | called Nassau Radiology; right?
- 10 A. Yes, correct.
- 11 Q. So let's talk about the four years before that from when
- 12 | you started your practice in '08 to 2012.
- 13 You and Dr. Mehta were paying for the lease; right?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 | Q. You were paying for all of your equipment?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 | Q. You were paying for your staff?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. You were paying for office supplies and any other overhead
- 20 you had in the business; right?
- 21 A. Correct.
- 22 | Q. And you were getting revenue from patients?
- 23 A. Correct.
- Q. How did you decide how much to pay you and Dr. Mehta?
- 25 A. We made those decisions together based on what was

- 1 happening with the practice at the time. Sometimes we took the
- 2 money as salary, sometimes we invested it back into the
- practice. 3
- 4 In those four years, the salary you took was about \$60,000 Q.
- 5 a year; correct?
- I don't remember that far back. I don't know the exact 6
- 7 numbers.
- 8 Does that sound in the right ballpark?
- I know at the beginning we were taking about \$60,000. 9
- 10 don't know if it was straight through the four years, but the
- 11 very beginning.
- 12 Q. And you determined that amount by looking at your revenues
- 13 and your expenses and figuring out what you could pay
- 14 yourselves. Is that fair to say?
- 15 And determining what we wanted to invest back into the
- business. 16
- 17 And then in 2012, you became affiliated with Nassau
- 18 Radiology; right?
- 19 Α. Yes.
- 20 Did they buy your practice? 0.
- 21 Α. No.
- 22 Did you become employed at Nassau Radiology?
- I have to look back at how the contract was structured. 23
- 24 wasn't really viewed as you were employed by them.
- 25 an agreement where they did billing and collections and we

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- billed under their tax ID.
- Did that increase your salary? 2 Q.
- A. From the third year to the fourth year, I think when we 3
- joined them, I think it did go up. 4
- 5 Q. By the way, when you were in private practice and you were
- paying yourselves somewhere in the vicinity of \$60,000, did you 6
- 7 factor in how many RVUs you were producing to determine your
- 8 salary?
- A. We didn't use an RVU base point, we were using accounts 9
- 10 receivable and collections, revenue streams.
- 11 So you didn't look at RVUs at all in your private practice?
- 12 Α. No.
- 13 Were there any male doctors in your private practice? 0.
- 14 Α. No.
- 15 And Nassau Radiology, you agree with me, ultimately did go Q.
- 16 into bankruptcy?
- 17 In 2015. Α.
- 18 And you guys knew it was heading into bankruptcy and that's
- 19 why you were looking at other opportunities; correct?
- 20 That is not correct. Α.
- 21 Is it correct that you thought you had to leave your Q.
- 22 affiliation with Nassau Radiology or do you deny that?
- 23 No, we wanted to leave Nassau Radiology. Α.
- 24 Why did you want to leave Nassau Radiology? 0.
- 25 Just the management wasn't good, like, we constantly Α.

- 1 struggled with them.
- 2 | Q. Your first discussions about joining NYU were with
- 3 Dr. Avram Goldberg; right?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 | Q. And he was working at NYU when you had those discussions?
- 6 | A. Yes.
- 7 Q. And you understood that he had been hired by NYU in part to
- 8 | build out the rheumatology practice on Long Island; correct?
- 9 A. From my -- from speaking with him, his role was going to
- 10 | be, like, director of rheumatology to lead up the division.
- 11 | Q. Which you understood included building up the team?
- 12 | A. I did not know if he was doing the recruitment or if the
- 13 | city -- their city recruiter was doing the recruitment
- 14 directly. I know he approached us because he knew us.
- 15 Q. You knew he was recruiting you?
- 16 A. Yes, that I knew.
- 17 | O. And he put you in touch with another recruiter who put you
- 18 | in touch with Mr. Rubin and Mr. Swirnow?
- 19 A. Correct.
- 20 | Q. In agreeing to join NYU, you negotiated the terms of your
- 21 | contract; right?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 | Q. And you and Dr. Mehta provided financial information about
- 24 | your practice to NYU?
- 25 A. I believe we did.

- 1 | Q. She did most of that; right?
- $2 \parallel A$ . No, we did most of that.
- 3 | Q. NYU wanted to know about your revenues and your costs and
- 4 how many patients you had, they wanted all that information;
- 5 | right?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 MR. LABUDA: Objection.
- 8 | Q. They asked you for all that information?
- 9 THE COURT: The objection to NYU wanting to know is
- 10 sustained. You can then ask the question about what they asked
- 11 | for is a proper question. Go ahead.
- 12 | Q. NYU asked you for all of that kind of financial
- 13 | information; right?
- 14 A. I believe so.
- 15 | Q. And you understood that NYU would be relying on the
- 16 | financial information you provided them to make decisions about
- 17 | your employment?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- 19 Q. And to set your salary?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 | Q. And NYU did make an offer for you to join; is that correct?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 | Q. It did not have to do that, you would agree with me?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 Q. And you made the decision to accept that offer?

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- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 | Q. And you did not have to do that, you would agree with me?
- 3 | A. Yes.
- 4 | Q. Now, you had a lawyer at the time of your negotiations with
- 5 NYU; right?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 | Q. What was the lawyer's name?
- 8 A. I don't know. It was someone related to Dr. Mehta. I
- 9 don't -- it was one of her relatives. I forgot his name.
- 10 | Q. Oh, so when you said it was a family relation yesterday,
- 11 | you meant it was a family relation of Dr. Mehta?
- 12 | A. Yes.
- 13 Q. And I think you told us on direct that the lawyer you had,
- 14 | whoever it was, actually reviewed the contract with NYU and
- 15 made comments about the language of that contract that ended up
- 16 getting incorporated; right?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 | Q. So you had a lawyer help you write the contract you had
- 19 | with NYU. Is that fair to say?
- 20 | A. We had a lawyer review the final contracts before we signed
- 21 | it and they made some additional changes in the language. They
- 22 | weren't present through the negotiating process.
- 23 | Q. But was present during the contracting process?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 Q. Did you get other advice on negotiations?

- Not in terms of negotiation for salary at the time.
- 2 And you ended up with a three-year contract with NYU; Q.
- 3 right?

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- A. Yes.
- 5 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Can we put up Plaintiff's Exhibit 8.
- 6 This is already in evidence, your Honor, so I'm going 7 to show it to the jury, if that's okay.
  - THE COURT: Go ahead.
- 9 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Ms. Cardona, let's please scroll 10 down to the first page of the contract part. I want to see the 11 date.
- 12 This is a September 5th, 2014 contract that you entered 13 with NYU Langone Medical Center; is that right?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. And your counsel showed you information in this contract
- about your salary and about your RVU target. Do you remember 16
- 17 that?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Could we show the RVU target,
- 20 please.
- 21 You had an RVU target of 4966 RVUs a year; right?
- 22 Α. Yes.
- 23 And you don't know what role RVUs played, if any, in
- 24 setting your initial compensation?
- 25 Α. I do not.

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- 1 | Q. Is that fair to say?
- $2 \parallel A$ . I do not.
- 3 Q. Your initial salary was \$207,000 plus a \$3,000 expense
- 4 | allowance; is that right?
- 5 A. That's correct.
- 6 Q. And you said yesterday that the work you did at NYU was
- 7 | essentially the same work you had been doing in your private
- 8 | practice; correct?
- 9 A. Correct.
- 10 | Q. So in joining NYU, you received a raise to do the same work
- 11 | you had been doing in your private practice; is that fair to
- 12 | say?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. NYU paid you more for the same work than you were able to
- 15 pay yourself?
- 16 A. Correct.
- 17 MR. LABUDA: Objection. Asked and answered.
- 18 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 19  $\parallel$  Q. NYU also assumed the \$300,000 business loan that was left;
- 20 | right?
- 21 A. Yes, for the build-out.
- 22 | Q. And because you were personally liable on that business
- 23 | loan, you considered that part of your compensation?
- 24 A. I did not.
- 25 | Q. The lease was signed over to NYU; right?

- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 Q. And so you were no longer personally liable on the lease,
- 3 | it was now NYU's responsibility?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. And NYU would have to make all the payments for rent and
- 6 for staff and for office supplies and for all that stuff was
- 7 | now on NYU?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. They also took over a lot of the administrative work. Is
- 10 | that fair to say?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. And you were paid all of the money required in this
- 13 contract we're looking at; right?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15  $\parallel$  Q. You understood that the three-year contract could be
- 16 | renewed or not at the end of the three-year term?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 Q. You understood that was completely at NYU's discretion?
- 19 MR. LABUDA: Objection.
- 20 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. And at the end of the first three-year term, you did indeed
- 23 | negotiate a renewal; is that right?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Let's turn to

- 1 | Plaintiff's Exhibit 12, please.
- 2 Also already in evidence, your Honor.
- THE COURT: Okay. You can publish it.
- 4 | Q. This is the email chain that we looked at yesterday that
- 5 you had with Mr. Swirnow. I think you said the negotiation for
- 6 your renewal was mostly done by email; is that right?
- 7 A. Yes.
- Q. There were no big issues requiring an in-person sitdown or
- 9 anything like that?
- 10 | A. I don't recall.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Let's go to the bottom of page D150.
- 12 | Q. You see the email from your partner, Dr. Mehta, and she
- 13 wrote: "We both believe that a fair base salary would be
- 14 | \$280,000;" correct?
- 15 A. Correct.
- 16 | Q. And you wrote that email with her?
- 17 A. You'd have to scroll down, but I believe, yes, because I'm
- 18 cc'd on it.
- 19 | Q. Yes, it's signed: "Kavini, I'm sorry."
- 20 A. Yes. That means we both wrote it.
- 21 | Q. As of November 10, 2017 you and Dr. Mehta believed a fair
- 22 | base salary was \$280,000?
- 23 A. Yes, that's what we agreed to.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Let's turn to Plaintiff's Exhibit 9,
- 25 also already in evidence.

- It's already in evidence, your Honor. We're going to publish it if that's okay.
- THE COURT: Plaintiff's Exhibit 9 is in evidence. You may publish it to the jury.
  - Q. This is your renewal contract in 2017?
- 6 A. Yes.

- 7 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Let's take a look at page D60.
- 8 | Q. The salary you ended up agreeing to was \$278,000?
- 9 A. Correct.
- 10 Q. And that was pretty close to the \$280,000 you and Dr. Mehta
- 11 | had requested; right?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 | Q. And your RVU target went up to 5200?
- 14 A. Correct.
- 15 Q. So your salary went up from 207 to 278, that's about a
- 16 | 25-percent increase; would you agree?
- 17 | A. I'll have to trust you on the math.
- 18 Q. I did use a calculator.
- 19 | A. Okay.
- 20 | Q. Your RVU target went from 4966 to 5200, and that was just a
- 21 4.5-percent increase; right?
- 22 | A. Okay.
- 23 | Q. So your salary increase did not directly correlate to your
- 24 RVU increase. Is that fair to say?
- 25 A. Yes.

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- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: You can take down that exhibit. 1
- During the years prior to 2019 and the events we'll discuss 2 Q.
- later, did you have any issues getting along with staff at NYU? 3
  - I'm sorry. Could you repeat the question. Α.
- 5 Q. In the years prior to the 2019 issues that we're going to
- talk about, did you have any problems getting along with staff 6
- 7 at NYU?

- I didn't have any problems getting along with staff at NYU 8
- throughout my tenure there. 9
- 10 Q. And you never applied for an administrative position at
- 11 NYU; is that fair to say?
- 12 I applied for a research investigator position.
- 13 I said administrative position. Did you ever apply for an 0.
- 14 administrative position?
- 15 Α. No.
- The renewal contract we just looked at, that was also a 16
- 17 three-year contract; right?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 And you were paid all the monies that you were promised on
- 20 that contract?
- 21 Α. Yes.
- 22 Q. And NYU had the option to not renew it at the end of three
- 23 years; right?
- 24 Α. Yes.
- 25 And you received notice in December of 2020 that your

contract was nonrenewed, we looked at that yesterday? 1

Yes. Α.

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- And upon receiving that, you called Andrew Rubin; right? 3 0.
- Yes. 4 Α.
- 5 Did you ask him why it would be nonrenewed?
- 6 Α. Yes.
- 7 Did you mention to him your complaint to the employee
- relations department? 8
- I did. 9 Α.
- 10 You did, in that phonecall?
- 11 In that phonecall. I said this is because of my HR
- 12 complaint.
- 13 And you asked if he might help you look for a new job?
- 14 I did. Α.
- Did you tell him that about a month later, you would be 15 Q.
- suing him in federal court when you asked for his help finding 16
- 17 a new job?
- 18 MR. LABUDA: Objection.
- 19 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 20 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I don't think we got an answer, your
- 21 Honor.
- 22 No. Repeat the question again. Did I tell him? Α. No.
- 23 When you were asking for his help finding a new job on or
- 24 about December 2nd, did you tell him that in a month, you were
- 25 going to sue him in federal court?

- 1 A. You're asking me if I predicted in a month I'd be suing him
- 2 | in federal court. I think in that point in time on December
- 3 2nd, there was no decision made to sue.
- 4 Q. My question was did you tell him, that was my question.
- 5 | A. No, there was nothing to tell him at that point.
- 6 Q. You claim in this case that you were not paid the same as
- 7 some other doctors who worked in rheumatology on Long Island;
- 8 | correct?
- 9 A. Correct.
- 10 | Q. The equal pay claim is not something you raised while you
- 11 | were employed at NYU; right?
- 12 | MR. LABUDA: Objection.
- 13 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 14 A. I didn't raise it with administration, no.
- 15 Q. And you didn't raise it with HR?
- 16 A. No.
- 17 | Q. You didn't raise it with any of the defendants?
- 18 A. No.
- 19 | Q. And you didn't raise it until a complaint was filed in
- 20 | January of 2021?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. Now, let me see if you and I -- I think we're going to have
- 23 | a lot we can agree on right here, so let's see.
- 24 You would agree with me that not everybody in the world
- 25 | should be paid the same?

- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 Q. And you accept that there are valid reasons to distinguish
- 3 | and pay certain people differently?
- 4 A. For the same work, I would say that they should be getting
- 5 | the same pay.
- 6 Q. I didn't get to that. I didn't get to that guestion yet.
- 7 | A. Okay.
- 8 Q. I'm just saying as a general matter --
- 9 A. Then yes.
- 10 Q. So some jobs pay more than other jobs; right?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. Being a doctor pays more than being a judge?
- 13 A. I don't know.
- 14 MR. LABUDA: Objection.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Sorry, but --
- 16 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 17 | Q. Some employers pay more than other employers; right?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 | Q. Some businesses are more profitable so they can pay their
- 20 employees more than a less profitable business; right?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. Now let's talk about employees for the same employer. Even
- 23 | at the same employer, people who do different jobs get paid
- 24 | differently; right?
- 25 A. Sometimes.

- Q. I mean, you got paid as a doctor more than anyone on your staff probably?
- 3 MR. LABUDA: Objection.
- 4 THE COURT: Overruled.
  - A. Repeat the question.
- 6 Q. As a doctor, you got paid more than your staff; right?
  - A. I believe there was a question before that.
- THE COURT: It's a new question. You can answer that question.
- 10 | THE WITNESS: Oh, okay.
- 11 | A. Yes.

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- 12 | Q. And there's no problem with that, that's fair?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 Q. And you you'd agree that highly skilled employees sometimes
- 15 get paid more than less skilled employees?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 | Q. Doctors get paid more than nurses as a general matter;
- 18 | right?
- 19 A. I wouldn't be privy to all of that financial information.
- 20 | I would assume, but there might be nursing physicians that get
- 21 paid substantially.
- 22 | Q. I hope so.
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. But as a general matter, doctors get paid more than nurses;
- 25 | right?

- A. Yes.
- Q. And some doctors get paid more than others, brain surgeons
- 3 get paid more than general practitioners; correct?
- 4 A. Again, I don't have people's salaries, but I would assume
- 5 based on being a neurosurgeon or that type of surgery, you
- 6 might get paid more.
- 7 | Q. Now, if there are employees at the same employer that do
- 8 | the same thing, would you agree that there might be
- 9 circumstances where it's okay to pay one more than the other?
- 10 MR. LABUDA: Objection.
- 11 THE COURT: Basis.
- 12 MR. LABUDA: Speculation, hypothetical.
- 13 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 14 | THE WITNESS: I'm sorry. What was the ruling, your
- 15 | Honor?
- 16 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I think it means you can answer.
- 17 | Judge will correct me if I'm wrong.
- 18 THE COURT: When I say overruled, you can answer.
- 19 | THE WITNESS: I didn't hear you. I'm sorry.
- 20 A. Could you repeat it.
- 21 | Q. Sure. Even at the same employer where there are employees
- 22 doing the same job, there may be circumstances where it's
- 23 appropriate to pay one employee more than the other?
- 24 A. I'm having difficulty answering. I'm not sure, based on a
- 25 | specific situation, how that would play out.

- Q. You can't agree or disagree with my general statement?
- 2 | A. Yes.

- Q. For employees who do the same job, if one of them is more
- 4 experienced, is it okay to pay that person more?
- 5 A. Yes, I would agree with that.
- 6  $\parallel$  Q. If one person has better credentials, is it okay to pay
- 7 | that person more?
- 8 | A. Again, I wouldn't say that I would agree with that.
- 9 Q. You're not sure if you'd agree with that one?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 | Q. What if they're better educated, would it be okay to pay
- 12 | them more if they're better educated?
- 13 A. If they're doing the same work and they're going to be
- 14 providing the same service at the same skill level, then I
- 15 | wouldn't agree with that.
- 16 Q. What if they're doing the same work, but they're bringing
- in more revenue, would it be okay then to pay them more if they
- 18 do the same thing, but they bring more money to the employer?
- 19 A. I would have to look at that specific situation.
- 20 | Q. Well, let me give you, if the Judge will allow, a
- 21 | hypothetical. Two employees do the exact same thing, the exact
- 22 | same thing, employee A generates \$1 million for the employer,
- 23 employee B generates \$10 million for the employer. Is it okay
- 24 | to pay employee B more than employee A?
- 25 A. If it was structured as a compensation model, then yes,

- 1 | based on sales, based on revenue.
- 2 | Q. Can the employer also consider if the cost of employee A is
- 3 | less than the cost of employee B in determining how much to pay
- 4 them?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 Q. Now, in this case, promised you we'd get back to this case,
- 7 | you're talking about the other rheumatologists who worked on
- 8 Long Island; right?
- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 Q. And of the rheumatologist group on Long Island, there were
- 11 some that were paid more than you and some that were paid less
- 12 | than you; right?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. And there were some men that were paid more than you and
- 15 | there were men that were paid less than you?
- 16 A. I don't believe that's true.
- 17 | Q. Dr. Given was paid less than you?
- 18 MR. LABUDA: Objection.
- 19 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 20 | A. Dr. Given was a part-time physician.
- 21 | Q. But he was paid less than you?
- 22 A. For working part-time, yes.
- 23 Q. Because the amount of work is a fair distinguisher between
- 24 how you pay persons?
- 25 A. Yes.

8

9

- Q. So it's okay to pay a person more if they work harder, you agree with me?
- 3 A. I mean, it's based on how your salary structure is set up.
- 4 It's a generalization.
- Q. Can you agree with that generalization or not, it's okay to pay someone more if they work harder?
  - MR. LABUDA: Objection.
  - A. It could be okay.
  - THE COURT: Basis?
- 10 MR. LABUDA: Ambiguous in terms of the word "harder."
- 11 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 12 A. It could be okay.
- Q. Is it your position that all of the rheumatologists on Long
- 14 Island should have been paid exactly the same?
- 15 A. It's in my opinion we should have been paid the same for
- 16 the same work that we were doing, yes.
- 17 | Q. Did you have an opportunity to observe the work that
- 18 Dr. Goldberg did on a daily basis?
- 19 A. I was in the office with him every day, I was seeing
- 20 patients side-by-side in exam rooms, so yes.
- 21 Q. Let's just talk about a typical day at the office. In a
- 22 | typical day at the office, how many days were you there?
- 23 A. I was there typically five days and Huntington on the one
- 24 day.
- 25 | Q. When you were in the office, what hours were you in the

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- 1 office?
- 2 A. It varied. It could be 9:00 to 5:00, it could be 8:00 to
- 3 | 4:00. It varied.
- 4 | Q. Let's take a 9:00 to 5:00 day. Is that more typical than
- 5 | others?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 | Q. So on a typical 9:00 to 5:00 day, how much of those eight
- 8 | hours did you spend seeing patients?
- 9 A. Other than like the last hour, the whole day.
- 10 Q. The whole day. And while you were seeing patients,
- 11 | Dr. Goldberg wasn't in the room with you, was he?
- 12 | A. No, he was in and out of his exam rooms all in the same
- 13 hallway.
- 14 | Q. Dr. Porges wasn't in the room with you and your patients?
- 15 | A. No.
- 16 Q. And Dr. Modi, he was mostly often in an entirely different
- 17 | office?
- 18 A. Yes, I saw him on Thursdays.
- 19 Q. So while you were with your patients during most of the
- 20 | 9:00 to 5:00 day, you were not observing what any of those
- 21 other doctors did?
- 22 A. Not inside the exam rooms, no.
- 23 | Q. And you had your own office; right?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. And they had their own offices?

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- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 Q. So you didn't get to observe what they did in their own
- 3 | offices?
- 4 A. I got to observe them walking by their offices, stopping
- 5 | in, talking to them.
- 6 Q. But my question was, did you get to observe what they did
- 7 | in their offices?
- 8 A. I would say yes.
- 9 Q. How much time, on a 9:00 to 5:00 day, did you spend inside
- 10 Dr. Goldberg's private office?
- 11 A. Very limited, just speaking to him at the door.
- 12 | Q. Right. So most of the day you didn't get to see what he
- 13 | did inside his private office; right?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. Same with Dr. Porges, same with Dr. Modi?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Let's put up, please, exhibit 41.
- 18 | This has already been entered in evidence, your Honor, if I
- 19 | could publish it.
- 20 | THE COURT: You may publish it.
- 21 | Q. This is the CV for Dr. Goldberg, right, you've seen this
- 22 document before, you talked about it yesterday?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. Dr. Goldberg graduated medical school in 1993; right?
- 25 A. Correct.

- 1 | Q. What were you doing in 1993?
- 2 A. I graduated high school.
- 3 | Q. So Dr. Goldberg graduated med school the year you graduated
- 4 | high school?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 Q. He had an internal medicine -- he did his internal medicine
- 7 at North Shore University Hospital; right?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. And if you scroll down a little, please, he received his
- 10 New York State license for medicine in 1995, you were a
- 11 | sophomore in college in 1995; right?
- 12 A. I have to think about it.
- 13 | Q. Well, you were in college in 1995?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 | Q. And you see Dr. Goldberg, from 2010 to whenever this CV was
- 16 written, had an assistant professor of medicine position at
- 17 | Hofstra?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- 19 | Q. Prior to NYU, had you had any faculty appointments
- 20 anywhere?
- 21 | A. No.
- 22 | Q. He also had had an assistant professor of medicine position
- 23 at Albert Einstein College of Medicine; right?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. That is another prominent New York area med school; right?

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- 1 A. That's an opinion.
- 2 | Q. Well known, at least?
- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Turn to the next page, please.
- 5 Q. Since 2001, Dr. Goldberg had been full-time faculty at
- 6 North Shore University Hospital; right?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 Q. Under major committee assignments, you see there that
- 9 Dr. Goldberg was a director of the scleroderma and Raynaud
- 10 | Treatment Center; right?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. What is scleroderma?
- 13 A. Scleroderma is an autoimmune disease that causes systemic
- 14 changes internally. It could either cause -- affect the eye
- 15 | system or the skin, it can affect the lung and cause breathing
- 16 | issues, circulatory issues. And Dr. Goldberg took a particular
- 17 | area of interest in that and he was known in the community for
- 18 | treating patients with scleroderma.
- 19 Q. Do you know when NYU hired Dr. Goldberg, if he had any
- 20 | loans that NYU had to overtake?
- 21 | A. I don't believe -- I don't believe I had access to that
- 22 | information --
- 23 | Q. So you don't know one way or the other?
- 24 A. I don't know.
- 25 | Q. And you don't know if NYU had to assume any costs of lease

- 1 or staff or equipment when they hired Dr. Goldberg?
- 2 A. He came strictly from an academic institution, so I would
- 3 believe no.
- 4 Q. You came from private practice, he came from an academic
- 5 institution, so there was no business expense associated with
- 6 | hiring him; correct?
- 7 A. Correct.
- 8 | Q. Do you know what he was being paid prior to joining NYU?
- 9 A. No.
- 10 Q. Do you know what salary he insisted on to join NYU?
- 11 A. I was not part of his negotiations, no.
- 12 | Q. And you said before that Dr. Goldberg became the clinical
- 13 director for the rheumatology group on Long Island?
- 14 A. I believe that was his title.
- 15 | Q. Did you view him as your boss when you joined NYU?
- 16 | A. No.
- 17 | Q. Was he senior to you, would that be fair to say?
- 18 A. I would not say that.
- 19 | Q. Do you know, in terms of clinical production, if he was
- 20 more or less productive than you while at NYU?
- 21 A. I know from his discussions with me that he had troubles
- 22 | meeting his targets early on. So I believe, based on what he
- 23 | told me, he was not productive.
- 24 | Q. What was his target?
- 25 A. It's what's in his contract.

1 Q. Okay.

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- And it was lower than mine. 2 Α.
- Let's take a look at that. 3 0.
  - Α. In his first contract.
- 5 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Let's look at exhibit 25. 6 his 2017 contract, and if you'll scroll to page 2, please.
- 7 I'm sorry. Your Honor, this is already in evidence.
- I'd like to publish it to the jury. 8
  - THE COURT: You may do so.
- 10 So this, you see, is Dr. Goldberg's 2017 contract with NYU? Ο.
- 11 This is his second contract, yes.
- 12 Right, it's his second contract. Now take a look at the
- 13 top of the second page.
- 14 By the way, there's all these responsibilities listed under
- 15 "clinical director" at the top of the page. You didn't have
- any of those responsibilities in your contract, did you? 16
- 17 I did not. I was not aware that he had those
- 18 responsibilities either. It was not apparent to me.
- 19 I see. You didn't know what all of those responsibilities
- 20 were when you filed a complaint in court saying that you should
- 21 have been paid as much as him?
- 22 I wouldn't agree with that statement.
- 23 Well, wait a minute. You just said you didn't know what
- 24 all his responsibilities were; right?
- 25 No, I said that I was not aware that he was doing all these

- 1 | things while he was in that position when I worked with him.
- 2 | There was no -- there was nothing that he had done that showed
- 3 | me he was actually doing these things while I was working with
- 4 him.
- 5 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Scroll down a little more,
- 6 Ms. Cardona.
- 7 | Q. So his RVU target in this contract is 5850; right?
- 8 A. That's correct.
- 9 Q. Which is higher than your RVU target was in any contract
- 10 you ever had with NYU; right?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. So at least as of the beginning of 2017, his productivity
- 13 | target was higher and he had administrative responsibilities
- 14 | that you did not have; right?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 | Q. Did you ever do any review of Dr. Goldberg's performance as
- 17 | a doctor?
- 18 A. I did no formal review of Dr. Goldberg's work.
- 19 | Q. You did not have any authority at NYU to review his work.
- 20 | Is that fair to say?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Let's talk about Dr. Porges and
- 23 | let's pull up, please, exhibit 48. This, I think, is already
- 24 | in evidence.
- 25 | THE COURT: It is in evidence. You want to publish

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1 | it?

2 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Yes, your Honor.

3 THE COURT: You may do so.

- 4 Q. You say you should have been paid as much as Dr. Porges for
- 5 | the same work you were doing; correct?
- 6 | A. Yes.
- 7 Q. Now, Dr. Porges, if you see, he graduated medical school in
- 8 | 1986?
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 | Q. What grade were you in in 1986?
- 11 A. I don't know.
- 12 | Q. Sorry?
- 13 A. I don't know.
- 14 Q. Well, was it elementary school, middle school, were you in
- 15 | school yet in 1986?
- 16 A. Yes, I was in school. I was a child.
- 17 | Q. He graduated medical school. Okay.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Turn to the next page, please.
- 19 Q. Let's look at his board certification. He became board
- 20 certified to practice medicine in 1989. You were in high
- 21 school; right?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 | Q. And you see all of his publications listed on the
- 24 | publications below, you agree that's a much longer list than
- 25 | the publications you had on your résumé?

- 1 A. Yes, he had a tremendous amount of research experience.
- 2 Q. He had a tremendous amount of research experience. And on
- 3 | the next page, it reflects exactly what you just said, a
- 4 tremendous amount of clinical research experience from 1999
- 5 | through 2012; right?
- 6 A. Yes, and those are all the pharmaceutical companies that he
- 7 | worked for and with in all those years.
- 8 | Q. Now, do you know how profitable his practice was prior to
- 9 | joining NYU?
- 10 A. The only information I know is the proforma that was
- 11 presented.
- 12 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Let's look at that. I think it's
- 13 exhibit EE, which is already in evidence, your Honor.
- 14 THE COURT: You may publish it to the jury.
- 15 | Q. This is the proforma, you looked at this yesterday when you
- 16 | testified; right, doctor?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 Q. And according to this, his total patient revenue in 2013,
- 19 prior to joining NYU, was in excess of \$2 million?
- 20 A. That's what it says.
- 21 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: And let's go to exhibit HH, which
- 22 | was already admitted. And I'd like to publish.
- THE COURT: You may do so.
- 24 | Q. And this was the proforma for your private practice with
- 25 Dr. Mehta; correct?

Edelman - Cross

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- Correct. Α.
- And it shows the combined -- it shows your patient revenue 2 Q. in 2013 as \$323,000? 3
- Α. Correct. 4
- 5 Q. So if it were correct that Dr. Porges had \$2 million of
- business and you had \$300,000 worth of business, you would 6
- 7 understand why someone would pay Dr. Porges more; right?
- I don't know those numbers are correct. I don't know what 8
- the \$2 million represents because he had other income to his 9
- 10 practice, he had another part-time --
- 11 I asked you if it was correct and I would like you to
- 12 answer my question.
- 13 MR. LABUDA: Objection, your Honor. The witness
- 14 wasn't finished answering the question.
- 15 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: She hadn't started answering.
- THE COURT: No, she had. Let the witness finish 16
- 17 answering her question.
- MR. LABUDA: Thank you, your Honor. 18
- I don't know if that revenue was Dr. Porges' revenue or if 19
- 20 that revenue belongs to the revenue of his office from other
- 21 factors. He had a huge research division, he had another
- 22 part-time position, and his wife way a dermatologist working at
- 23 the same space. So I don't know what that \$2 million actually
- 24 reflects.

25

(Continued on next page)

- 1 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 2 Q. This pro forma that we're looking at says Sari Edelman and
- 3 | Kavini Mehta, right?
- 4 | A. Yes.
- 5 | Q. Because it reflects both of you?
- 6 A. Yes.

8

- 7 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Go back, please, to exhibit EE.
  - Q. The only person listed on EE is Andrew Porges, correct?
  - A. That's what it says at the top.
- 10 Q. Correct.
- 11 A. Again, this is their draft. I don't actually have the
- 12 | numbers. I don't know. I can't speak to it.
- 13 | Q. So if -- if -- it was true that he had \$2 million of
- 14 | business and you had \$300,000 of business, you would understand
- 15 || why someone would pay him more than you, isn't that correct?
- MR. LABUDA: Objection. Hypothetical.
- 17 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 18 A. I mean it's an if and someone, so if you're asking me to
- 19 | generalize, I could say maybe. And there's clearly other
- 20 | factors that are present here.
- 21 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Let's take a look at Dr. Porges's
- 22 contract, which we entered into evidence yesterday as
- 23 | plaintiff's 31. And I'd like to publish, your Honor.
- 24 THE COURT: You may do so.
- 25 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:

same time as us.

Edelman - Cross

- Q. You see Dr. Porges was hired on August 11, 2014. Do you see that, Dr. Edelman?
- 3 A. Yes.

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15

- 4 | Q. So that was before you were hired?
- A. Yes -- actually, we were negotiating at the same time. He might have signed his contracts, but when we met with Mr. Rubin and Mr. Swirnow in the city, they were in talks exactly at the
- 9 Q. Well, the contract was earlier than yours; that was my 10 question.
- 11 A. Yeah, he might have just signed it earlier than us.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: OK. Now, let's turn, please, to page 862.
- Q. And you see there that Dr. Porges had a clinical
- 16 | A. Yes.
- 17 | Q. Which was higher than yours, right?

compensation of \$340,000, right?

- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. And you see that he had an RVU target of 6,524?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 | Q. And that was higher than your RVU target?
- 22 A. Yes.
- Q. So it was anticipated that he would be more productive than you?
- MR. LABUDA: Objection.

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- 1 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 2 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 3 Q. Do you know if NYU had to assume any loans when they hired
- 4 Dr. Porges?
- 5 A. I have to look back at his actual documents to tell you
- 6 that. I don't -- I don't know. I can't -- I don't know
- 7 offhand.
- 8 Q. I just mean sitting here today, testifying in the case you
- 9 | brought, do you know if NYU had to assume any loans for
- 10 Dr. Porges?
- 11 | A. I'm not aware.
- 12 | Q. And do you know if they assumed any costs -- of a lease, of
- 13 | a staff or of office supplies or of any of that stuff -- when
- 14 | they hired Dr. Porges?
- 15 | A. I believe they did.
- 16 Q. You think they -- why; what office do you think they
- 17 | required?
- 18 A. They -- for a period of time they worked out of the Roslyn
- 19 office, so there was a lease on that space, and then his
- 20 staffing, too, came over when he came over to NYU.
- 21 Q. OK.
- 22 | A. And then he had equipment as well that came over.
- 23 Q. So he had equipment and staff that came over. Did they
- 24 keep his space?
- 25 A. They kept his space in Roslyn for a period of time.

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N7cWede2

- In Roslyn, for how long?
- I don't know the exact dates, for how long. Α.
- 3 Do you have any idea what NYU expended in that regard? Q.
- No. 4 Α.

1

2

- 5 Dr. Porges became the medical director of rheumatology,
- correct? 6
- 7 At some point in time, yes.
  - And he had research work that he did throughout?
- A. He did research for the first couple of years, and then 9
- 10 that -- that -- that relationship stopped.
- 11 Q. OK. So at first, your knowledge is he was doing clinical
- 12 work at a target of 6,500 RVUs and he was doing research work?
- 13 A. Yes. He had two clinical investigators that worked with
- 14 him.
- Q. And then at some point the research work stopped and he 15
- 16 started doing administrative duties in addition to his clinical
- 17 work, right?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: All right. Let's talk about Dr.
- 20 Modi and turn to exhibit 46, please. That's already been
- 21 entered, your Honor, and I'd like to publish.
- 22 THE COURT: Permission granted.
- 23 I was privileged to have a number of students visit
- 24 with me this morning, so they're now exiting the courtroom.
- 25 I'd like to thank them for attending. One of the privileges of

- being a judge is you get to occasionally entertain young
  people.
- 3 Go ahead.
- 4 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: We're publishing plaintiff's 46,
- 5 your Honor. It's already been entered.
- 6 THE COURT: You may do so.
- 7 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 8 | Q. All right. Dr. Modi was two years' senior to you, correct?
- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 Q. And he had been medical director at the Hempstead medical
- 11 office, as listed on his résumé?
- 12 A. Yeah, as on his résumé.
- 13 | Q. And he had been chief of rheumatology for the former Queens
- 14 | Long Island Medical Group?
- 15 A. That's what his résumé says, yes.
- 16 Q. And he was vice president of the Asian American
- 17 | Rheumatologists of North America?
- 18 A. That's what he wrote, yes.
- 19 Q. OK. Do you have any knowledge of the profitability of his
- 20 private practice prior to joining NYU?
- 21 | A. He didn't have a private practice.
- 22 | Q. Right. He worked for a big medical outfit?
- 23 A. Yeah, he worked for a HIP Center.
- 24 | Q. And do you have any knowledge of the amount of business he
- 25 generated in that role?

- 1 A. I -- I don't know.
- 2 | Q. Since he came over from a HIP Center, you're not aware of
- 3 him -- of NYU having to assume any loans in connection with
- 4 | hiring Dr. Modi, right?
- 5 | A. No.
- 6 Q. And NYU didn't take on a lease or any office space or any
- 7 | staff or anything like that to hire Dr. Modi?
- 8 | A. No.
- 9 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Let's turn to exhibit 35, please.
- 10 | That's been published -- that's been entered, your Honor, and
- 11 I'd like to publish.
- 12 THE COURT: You may do so.
- 13 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: This is Dr. Modi's initial contract
- 14 | with NYU, and let's turn to D892 and go down to the
- 15 | expectations.
- 16 There you are.
- 17 | Q. You see Dr. Modi's contract, he was being paid \$360,000 and
- 18 his RVU target was 6,108, correct?
- 19 A. That's what it says.
- 20 Q. So more than a thousand RVUs more than your target?
- 21 A. My target listed, yes.
- 22 | Q. Now, do you know -- you weren't involved in the
- 23 | negotiations to bring Dr. Modi to NYU, right?
- 24 A. No.
- 25 I said no.

- 1 Q. OK. And he was hired in 2017, so you'd already been at NYU
- 2 | for a couple years?
- 3 | A. Yes.
- 4 | Q. But you didn't -- are you aware of what his salary demands
- 5 were coming to NYU?
- 6 A. No.
- 7 | Q. Are you aware of what he was being paid at HIP prior to
- 8 | joining NYU?
- 9 | A. No.
- 10 Q. OK. So with respect to Dr. Goldberg, Dr. Porges and Dr.
- 11 | Modi, would you agree with me that all three had been doctors
- 12 | longer than you had?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. You would agree that all three of them had higher
- 15 productivity targets than you?
- 16 A. Targets, yes.
- 17 | Q. And two of them had administrative jobs that you didn't
- 18 | have, right?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 | Q. There were some other doctors in the office on a part-time
- 21 basis, is that correct?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 | Q. For various reasons, some doctors want to work a part-time
- 24 schedule, right?
- 25 A. Yes.

1	Q. I mean at some point you stopped seeing patients on Friday,
2	but you still considered that a full-time schedule, right?
3	MR. LABUDA: Objection.
4	THE COURT: Overruled.
5	A. Yes.
6	Q. Did and NYU didn't have a time clock; you didn't punch
7	in in the morning and punch out at night, right?
8	A. No.
9	Q. They kept track of your productivity by keeping track of
10	RVUs?
11	A. Yes.
12	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: So, I'd like to offer into evidence
13	exhibit DD.
14	THE COURT: Any objection?
15	MR. LABUDA: See what DD is.
16	Yes, we'd object, if you want to have a sidebar. We'd
17	ask for a sidebar on this issue.
18	THE COURT: OK. Let's do a quick sidebar.
19	(Continued on next page)
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
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(At sidebar)

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: So, I intend to offer contracts for Dr. Given, Dr. Li and Dr. Raminfard. They're all other rheumatologists who were working in the office, just like Goldberg, Porges, Mehta. They were all on our exhibit list. They were all produced in discovery. They are other potential comparators.

THE COURT: They're all in the same office?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: They're all in the same office.

MS. CARDONA: Your Honor, also, we were required to make objections in our final pretrial order. These objections weren't made for this.

MR. LABUDA: All these other doctors, Given, etc., they're all part-time doctors. They're not anyone that we're alleging that there's a comparator to. So I think they're just irrelevant, and they're going to be confusing for the jury. It's repetitive and simply not relevant, and it's confusing.

MS. CARDONA: Respectfully, but you --

THE COURT: The objection is overruled. You can inquire into that on redirect examination.

MR. LABUDA: OK.

(Continued on next page)

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                                 Edelman - Cross
                (In open court)
1
               THE COURT: We're going to take a short, midmorning
 2
      break right now, a comfort break, and be back in about ten
3
 4
      minutes.
 5
                (Continued on next page)
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1 (Jury not present) 2 THE COURT: You may step down, Dr. Edelman. During 3 the break, you're not to have conversations with plaintiff's counsel about the substance of the case. 4 5 I had gotten word that the jurors wanted a comfort break, so I'll see you back here in about ten minutes. 6 7 MR. LABUDA: Thank you, your Honor. MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Thank you, your Honor. 8 9 (Recess) 10 THE COURT: Please be seated. I'll have Dr. Edelman take the stand. 11 12 My plan would be to try to keep going until about 13 12:45 and then take our lunch break for an hour at 12:45, as 14 long as the jury doesn't need a break earlier than that. 15 Let's bring in the jury. 16 (Continued on next page) 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

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1 (Jury present)

2 THE COURT: Be seated.

Counsel, you may inquire.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Thank you, your Honor.

We are offering exhibit DD into evidence, and we'd

like to publish to the jury.

THE COURT: You may do so.

(Defendants' Exhibit DD received in evidence)

- BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- Q. That is the contract for Dr. Given, correct?
- 11 A. Correct.
- 12 | Q. And he is a rheumatologist who began working on Long Island
- 13 || in 2019?

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- 14 | A. Yes.
- 15 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: And let's take a look at --
- 16 A. I'm sorry. Can you -- I said yes to the last question.
- 17 | Can you scroll down in the contract?
- 18 | Q. Well, we're going to scroll down to page 766.
- 19 A. I did want to addend my last answer.
- 20 Q. Addend away.
- 21 A. You asked me when he began working. I don't know if the
- 22 date that the contract was signed was his start date.
- 23 Q. Fair enough.
- 24 A. Thank you.
- 25 | Q. But he did start working while you were still employed

N7cWede2 Edelman - Cross

- 1 | there?
- 2 A. Yes.
- 3 | Q. You overlapped somewhat?
- 4 | A. Yes.
- 5 | Q. And you see he was hired at a clinical compensation rate of
- 6 | \$150,000?
- 7 | A. Yes.
- 8  $\parallel$  Q. And he had an RVU target of 4,050?
- 9 A. Yes, that's what it says.
- 10 | Q. And he was a man?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. So you should have been paid the same as Mr. Given?
- MR. LABUDA: Objection.
- 14 THE COURT: Basis.
- MR. LABUDA: Speculation.
- 16 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 17 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Let's mark exhibit BB.
- 18 Your Honor, I'd like to offer BB into evidence and
- 19 publish to the jury.
- 20 THE COURT: Received.
- 21 | (Defendants' Exhibit BB received in evidence)
- 22 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 23 | Q. Dr. Edelman, this is the contract for Dr. Margaret Li?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. And she was hired beginning of 2020, correct?

- 1 A. That's the -- yes, the date of the contract.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: And let's scroll down to 821.
- 3 Q. Dr. Li is female, correct?
- 4 A. Yes.
  - Q. And like Dr. Given, she was being paid \$150,000, correct?
- 6 A. Yes.

- 7 | Q. But her RVU target was 2,734?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. So she was getting the same pay as Dr. Given for a lower
- 10 | RVU target, right?
- MR. LABUDA: Objection.
- 12 THE COURT: Give me one moment.
- 13 Overruled.
- 14 A. Yes, for the target.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I'd like to mark exhibit X and offer
- 16 | it into evidence and publish to the jury, your Honor.
- 17 THE COURT: Received.
- 18 | (Defendants' Exhibit X received in evidence)
- 19 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 20 | Q. This is the contract for Louise Raminfard, and that was
- 21 another rheumatologist who joined your group in February, in or
- 22 about February of 2020?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: And let's take a look at page 852.
- Q. Dr. Raminfard was paid \$265,000 for an RVU target of 3,900.

- 1 Do you see that?
- 2 A. Yes.
- 3 Q. Now, did you participate in any of the negotiations for the
- 4 | salaries of Dr. Given, Dr. Li or Dr. Raminfard?
- 5 | A. No.
- 6 Q. Did you have any role while you were at NYU in negotiating
- 7 | doctor compensation?
- 8 A. No.
- 9 Q. Do you know anything about it other than what you've
- 10 | learned in this lawsuit?
- 11 A. From what I've just read personally on my own over the
- 12 years.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: OK. We can take down that exhibit,
- 14 please.
- 15 | Q. We saw before -- well, let me ask you this question. Who
- 16 was your employer?
- 17 A. Repeat the question?
- 18 | Q. Who was your employer?
- 19 A. When?
- 20 | Q. From 2014 until May of 2021.
- 21 A. There are multiple entities at NYU on my contract, so New
- 22 York School of Medicine, Nassau Health, New York University
- 23 Grossman School of Medicine.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: OK. Since you mentioned your
- 25 contract, let's pull it up again. That was previously marked

- 1 | as exhibit 8, and I'd like to publish to the jury, your Honor.
- 2 THE COURT: You may do so.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Actually, we should use exhibit 9,
- 4 because that is the renewal that was in effect in 2020. Can we
- 5 | pull up exhibit 9. Also, it has been marked, your Honor.
- 6 THE COURT: You may do so.
- 7 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 8 | Q. And the header on that is NYU School of Medicine, NYU
- 9 | Langone Medical Center. Do you see that?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 | Q. And in the first paragraph, it says NYU School of Medicine
- 12 | is an administrative division of NYU University and a component
- of NYU Langone Health. Do you see that?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 | Q. And it says NYU School of Medicine and NYU Langone
- 16 | Hospitals are collectively referred to as NYU Langone Health?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 | Q. And that is what you regarded as your employer?
- 19 | A. Yes. There's also the faculty group practice, and there's
- 20 the rheum -- Nassau Rheumatology.
- 21 | Q. What is NYU Langone Hospitals?
- 22 | A. That refer -- that refers to the hospital system owned by
- 23 | NYU.
- 24 | Q. You sued an entity called NYU Langone Nassau Rheumatology.
- 25 Does that appear in this contract?

- 1 A. That appears in one of the contracts.
- 2 | Q. Well, this is the contract that was operative at the time
- 3 of your departure from NYU, correct?
- 4 | A. Yes.
- 5 Q. You sued NYU Grossman School of Medicine. Are they in this
- 6 contract?
- 7 A. They are on the contracts.
- 8 Q. On other contracts?
- 9 A. I have to scroll through this contract.
- 10 | Q. I'm sorry?
- 11 A. I have to look through the entire contract on this one.
- 12 | Q. OK. So presumably -- there are seven corporate defendants
- 13 | in this case, right?
- 14 A. I would have to look at the original paperwork. I don't
- 15 know the exact number.
- 16 Q. OK. And all of the corporate entities you sued you sued
- 17 because they are on the contract, according to you?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- 19 Q. That is the basis of your lawsuit against them?
- 20 A. Yes, they're all part of my employment.
- 21 | Q. And if we look at the contract and find they're not in
- 22 | there, did you have some separate basis for suing any of those
- 23 | corporate entities?
- 24 A. I don't think so.
- 25 | Q. Who paid you? What did it say on your paycheck?

- 1 A. I, I, I don't remember.
- 2 Q. All right. Let's focus now on September of 2019, which we
- 3 | talked about, you talked about a little bit yesterday. You
- 4 were under this contract that we just looked at in September of
- 5 | 2019, correct?
- 6 A. What are you referring to?
- 7 Q. The exhibit we were just looking at, exhibit 9, that's the
- 8 contract that was in effect in September of 2019?
- 9 A. The November 17, 2017, contract, yes.
- 10 Q. OK. And you were working -- you had an office at Marcus
- 11 Avenue and you were seeing patients there regularly on Mondays,
- 12 | Tuesdays and Wednesdays, correct?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. And on Thursdays you were seeing offices in the Huntington
- 15 | location of NYU?
- 16 A. Correct.
- 17 | Q. Huntington was closer to your home?
- 18 | A. It was.
- 19 | Q. And it was, therefore, convenient to you one day a week to
- 20 go to Huntington?
- 21 A. Either way.
- 22 | Q. And Fridays were mostly devoted to administrative work; for
- 23 | the most part, you did not see patients on Fridays as of
- 24 | September 2019, correct?
- 25 A. Yes.

- Q. On or about September 15, 2019, Mr. Antonik, Joe Antonik, came to your office to talk to you, right?
- 3 A. Correct.
- 4 Q. And he came to your office; he didn't summon you to another
- 5 office or to a conference room? He came to you?
- 6 A. He walked into my office, yes.
- 7 Q. And he walked in after your office hours had concluded, I
- 8 | think, you said yesterday, right?
- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 Q. And you told him that your contract guarantees you an
- 11 office solely for your use?
- 12 A. I don't know if I used that exact language.
- 13 | Q. What was the language you recall using?
- 14 A. I said that I believe that in my negotiation I was assigned
- 15 | a con -- I was assigned a private office space as long as I was
- 16 | full time.
- 17 Q. You said your contract, right?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. And you told him that because you thought it was in your
- 20 contract it was something you would need to look over with your
- 21 | lawyer?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 | Q. And you also told him that you would need to speak with
- 24 Mr. Rubin and Mr. Swirnow about the issue, right?
- 25 A. Yes.

- 1 Q. Now, you said yesterday on the stand that you felt
- 2 | intimidated by Mr. Antonik; you mentioned his height, right?
- 3 | A. Yes.
- 4 | Q. He's much taller than you?
- 5 A. Yes.
- 6 Q. And you agree with me that's not because he's a man; the
- 7 height differential is not because of his gender?
- 8 | A. No.
- 9 Q. A six-foot-five woman could have come into your office and
- 10 been just as intimidating, correct?
- 11 | A. Correct.
- 12 | Q. You said he waved his arms a lot as he spoke to you?
- 13 A. I -- I believe I showed the court the gestures that he
- 14 performed.
- 15 | Q. Do you agree with my characterization of waving arms?
- 16 | A. Yes. He moved his entire body around and moved his arms,
- 17 | yes.
- 18 Q. Had you ever seen him interacting with anybody else?
- 19 | A. Is -- is there more context to this question?
- 20 | Q. Well, there will be another question after that question,
- 21 | but for now the only question is --
- 22 | A. Have I ever --
- 23 | Q. Have you ever seen --
- 24 A. Have I ever seen him interact with another human being,
- 25 yes.

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- 1  $\mathbb{Q}$ . OK. How often?
- 2 A. Not -- very limited. Very limited. I couldn't even recall
- 3 when.
- 4 Q. So you wouldn't have known prior to that meeting what his
- 5 ordinary mannerisms were like?
- 6 A. I would be quite sure that those mannerisms would not be
- 7 | his ordinary mannerisms.
- 8 Q. But you did not know prior to that meeting what his
- 9 ordinary mannerisms were like?
- 10 A. In my other interactions with him, I did not see him waving
- 11 his arms around frantically.
- 12 Q. But you did not know prior to that meeting what his
- 13 ordinary mannerisms were like?
- MR. LABUDA: Objection. Asked and answered.
- 15 | THE COURT: No, I don't think it's been answered.
- 16 Overruled.
- 17 | A. No.
- 18 Q. You never saw him argue with a man, did you?
- 19 A. No.
- 20 | Q. Now, you quickly ended the conversation with him and told
- 21 | him his behavior was inappropriate, correct?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 | Q. You said yesterday he lost his composure?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. Did you tell him to calm down?

- 1 | A. I did not.
- 2 Q. Would it have been appropriate for you to tell him to calm
- 3 down?
- 4 A. No.
- 5 | Q. Well, you told him his behavior was inappropriate; isn't
- 6 that, in sum and substance, the same thing as telling him to
- 7 | calm down?
- 8 A. No. I said his behavior was inappropriate and I needed to
- 9 end the conversation because I thought he was going to hurt me.
- 10 Q. And you asked him to leave?
- 11 A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. And he immediately left?
- 13 | A. He did.
- 14 | Q. Now, you said in your testimony yesterday that at some
- 15 point he muttered the word "bitch"?
- 16 A. Yes.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: And apologies, I'm going to say that
- 18 word a few times because I have to do a lot of questioning
- 19 | about this.
- 20 Q. We looked at several emails that you wrote to people in the
- 21 employee labor relations department yesterday, and you agree
- 22 | with me that none of those emails refer to anybody calling you
- 23  $\parallel$  a bitch?
- 24 A. Yes.

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Q. And we looked at a complaint you filed in the EEOC and

- federal court in January of 2021 yesterday, right?
  - A. Yes.

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Q. And you filed that after hiring lawyers, meeting with them and figuring out how to best present your case, right?

MR. LABUDA: Objection.

THE COURT: So, you can just answer that question yes or no, or you can't answer it, but don't reveal the substance of your conversations with counsel.

A. I can't -- I can't answer it.

THE COURT: You can answer the question. I'm just cautioning you not to reveal the substance of your conversations with counsel, the advice that you got.

MR. LABUDA: We'd just object, your Honor. The form of the question included the substance.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I'll break it down, your Honor.

I'll withdraw and break it down. OK?

Q. You filed --

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: In fact, let's put it up. Let's put what's already been admitted in evidence as QQQ.

O. We talked about this document --

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: We'd publish to the jury, your

Honor. Is that OK?

THE COURT: That's OK.

24 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:

Q. We talked about this document yesterday, Dr. Edelman. This

- 1 was -- there's a submission to the New York State Division of
- 2 | Human Rights and New York City Commission of Human Rights and
- 3 | the EEOC. Do you see that?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 | Q. That's a submission you made to the city of New York, the
- 6 state of New York and the federal government in January of
- 7 2021?

- A. Yes.
- 9 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: And if you scroll, Ms. Cardona, to 10 page P360.
- 11 Q. It attached the initial complaint you filed in this case,
- 12 | right?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 Q. And that was filed in this court also in January of 2021,
- 15 || right?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 | Q. And you see in the handwriting there it has Mr. Kataev.
- 18 | That's the lawyer sitting right there. You had worked with him
- 19 on this complaint?
- 20 | A. Correct.
- 21 Q. And nowhere in the complaint that you filed in January 2021
- 22 | with the city of New York, the state of New York, the federal
- 23 government and this court did you refer to anybody calling you
- 24 | a bitch?
- 25 A. I didn't draft this, so I don't know what gets included and

- 1 | what doesn't, so I can't answer to that.
- 2 | Q. Well, would you agree with me that it's not in this
- 3 document?
- 4 A. It's not in the document.
- 5 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Let's mark exhibit TTT.
- 6 Q. Actually, let me, before we go through the process of
- 7 putting in more exhibits, you recall that you filed two amended
- 8 complaints in this action, right?
- 9 A. I don't recall that.
- 10 | Q. Do you recall amending the complaint a year later, in
- 11 | January of 2022?
- 12 A. I don't recall the details of that.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Let's mark it then. I'm going to
- 14 offer exhibit TTT.
- 15 | THE COURT: Any objection?
- MR. LABUDA: No objection.
- 17 THE COURT: TTT is received and may be published to
- 18  $\parallel$  the jury.
- 19 (Defendants' Exhibit TTT received in evidence)
- 20 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 21 Q. You see that's the first amended complaint?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 | Q. And it was filed on January 22, 2022, right?
- 24 A. OK. Yes.
- 25 | Q. And this pleading, too, does not say anything about anybody

1 calling you a bitch?

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- 2 A. And I didn't draft it. I don't know what goes in the
- document and what doesn't, the way you might not know what goes 3
- in a medical note. 4
- 5 Q. I'm sorry. My question was if the document refers to
- anyone calling you a bitch. That was just my question. 6
- 7 Oh, I would have to read the whole thing. I don't recall.
  - MR. SCHOENSTEIN: OK. Let's mark exhibit VVV and offer it into evidence, your Honor.
    - THE COURT: Any objection to VVV?
- 11 MR. LABUDA: No, your Honor.
- 12 THE COURT: VVV is received and may be published.
- 13 (Defendants' Exhibit VVV received in evidence)
- 14 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 15 Q. VVV is a second amended complaint that was filed in
- December of 2022. Do you see that? 16
- 17 A. Yes.

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- 18 Q. And I will represent to you that this, too, does not say
- anything about anyone calling you a bitch. Is that consistent 19
- 20 with your recollection?
- 21 I would have to review the document to see if that's
- 22 correct.
- 23 Now, I think you said that Mr. Antonik muttered the word?
- 24 Α. Yes.
- 25 So what was he doing when he muttered it? Was he muttering

- 1 it -- was he walking out of the office? Was he still in the 2 office? Was he outside?
- A. I don't recall if it was at the beginning or the end of the conversation.
  - Q. OK. Did he say any other words besides the word "bitch"?
- 6 A. He said lots of other things.
- $7 \parallel Q$ . At that time.
- 8 A. At that time.
- 9 | Q. I'm sorry?
- 10 A. He said lots of other things during that interaction.
- 11 Q. Well, I'm talking about when he muttered the word. When
- 12 you say he muttered the word "bitch," did he mutter any other
- 13 || word --

- 14 | A. Oh. No.
- 15 Q. Have you ever called anyone a bitch in any context?
- 16 MR. LABUDA: Objection.
- 17 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 18 A. I don't recall.
- Q. And other than that word, did he say anything in the meeting with you that referred to your gender?
- 21 A. I thought that his actions and how he was coming at me
- 22 referred to my gender, and I felt he was treating me that way
- 23 because of my gender. And when he muttered that word, he
- 24 | injected sexism into that altercation.
- 25 | Q. So it wasn't until he muttered that word that he injected

sexism into the conversation? 1

- I felt all of it was sexist, but that word defined it. Α.
- And what other words did he say, if any, that referred to 3
- your gender? Just the words. 4
- 5 A. I don't recall if he called me a she or a her while he was velling at me. 6
- 7 So you don't know if there were any other words in that conversation that referred to your gender? 8
  - I don't recall specifically if he said she or her. Α.
- 10 Following the meeting with Mr. Antonik, you called employee Ο.
- 11 labor relations to complain about the conversation?
- 12 Α. I did.

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- 13 Now, before you did that, did you look at your contract to Ο. see if you were right about it providing you office space? 14
- 15 I don't remember the timing of when I actually pulled the 16 contract out.
- 17 I think yesterday you said when you met with Mr. Kaplan you still hadn't looked at the contract. Is that consistent with 18
- 19 your recollection?
- 20 A. I believe he brought a copy of the contract to that.
- 21 might have been a printout that he handed to me. I can't -- I
- 22 don't remember for sure, but I remember there being something
- 23 that might have been produced at that time.
- 24 Q. Well, let me ask this, because there's the September 15
- 25 meeting with Mr. Antonik, and then there's a meeting with

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- 1 Mr. Kaplan ten days later, on September 25?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 | Q. During that ten days, do you have a specific recollection
- 4 of you looking at the contract to see if you were right about
- 5 | office space?
- 6 A. I believe --
- 7 MR. LABUDA: Objection. Objection, your Honor. In
- 8 | fact, I think it's not ten days. The meeting was on -- the
- 9 | incident happened on the 16th, so it's nine days.
- 10 | THE COURT: Do you want to ask the question again?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Sure. I'll assume it was nine days.
- 12 | I probably wrote down the wrong number.
- 13 | Q. In the nine days, do you have a specific recollection of
- 14 | looking at the contract to see if you were right?
- 15 | A. I believe I did look at it, but I hadn't reviewed it yet
- 16 with my attorney.
- 17 | Q. OK. That was my next question. You hadn't yet talked to
- 18 your attorney about it, right?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 | Q. And you hadn't yet called Mr. Rubin or Mr. Swirnow, like
- 21 | you told Mr. Antonik you would need to do?
- 22 | A. Yes. I believe that this would -- needed to be resolved
- 23 before January per our discussions.
- 24 | Q. So you thought you had some time to look at it?
- 25 A. Yes.

- Q. When you spoke to Ms. Pacina, you told her that the contract guaranteed you space, right?
- 3 A. I don't recall if I used that specific language.
- 4 Q. In any event, following your conversation with Ms. Pacina,
- 5 Mr. Kaplan came to your office on or about September 25, 2019,
- 6 right?
- 7 | A. Yes.
- 8 | Q. And Nicole Lucca, an administrator, administrative
- 9 assistant with the group, told you that he wanted to see you?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 | Q. And again, he came to your office; he didn't make you come
- 12 | to his office; he didn't invite you to a conference room. He
- 13 came to you, right?
- 14 A. It would have been nice if he invited me for a meeting,
- 15 | yes.
- 16 Q. OK. But he came to you?
- 17 A. Yes. He interrupted my hours and he came to me.
- 18 | Q. And you know that he went through Miriam Ruiz to schedule
- 19 | this --
- 20 A. No.
- 21 | Q. You know that he tried to schedule a meeting with you --
- 22 | A. No, I do not.
- 23 | Q. -- before just showing up; you know that?
- 24 | A. I did not know that.
- 25 Q. Well, we'll hear some testimony.

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- First time I'm hearing of that.
- 2 In any event, you finally spoke with him in your office, 0.
- 3 right?

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- A. Yes. 4
- 5 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: OK. Now, since you don't think necessarily you'd looked at your contract yet, let's look at it 6 7 right now.
  - I'd like to pull back up, your Honor, exhibit 8.
  - THE COURT: 8 is the original contract?
- 10 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: It is.
- 11 THE COURT: You may publish it.
- 12 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 13 The original contract is the only one that says anything
- about office space, right? 14
- 15 Α. Yes.
- 16 And let's look at that together. It's on page D46, and
- 17 it's paragraph 4, and it says space, right?
- 18 And you see it says space provided to you -- well, I won't
- 19 read it into the record per the judge's comments yesterday, but
- 20 you see what it says about space there in paragraph 4, right?
- 21 Yes. Α.
- 22 And that doesn't say you get your own office, does it?
- 23 It says space provided to you, meaning me. Α.
- 24 And in fact, there was space being provided to you on
- 25 Marcus Avenue and there was space being provided to you also in

- 1 | Huntington, right?
- 2 A. I wouldn't say I could agree with that statement.
- Q. Well, when you went to Huntington, there was a place for
- 4 you to work?
- 5 A. At the time that we were having this conversation, yes, 6 there was.
- 7 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Now, I'd like to scroll down to the 8 next page, D47, and let's look at the bottom paragraph.
- Q. And you see it says there you agree that "this agreement together with schedule A, which is incorporated herein, is the complete and exclusive statement of the agreement among you and NYU Langone Medical Center, and shall supersede and merge all prior proposals, understandings and other agreements, oral and
- 15 | A. Yes.

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- Q. So you understood that there was no agreement about an office or space other than what was written in this contract?
- 19 THE COURT: Overruled.

written, relating to your employment"?

MR. LABUDA: Objection.

- A. At the time we had this conversation, my understanding was that we had a verbal agreement as well as to the understanding of space. After I spoke with Dr. Swirnow, it became more apparent to me that -- what the expectation of the organization was in terms of the space.
  - Q. I'm talking about the contract. The contract doesn't say

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Edelman - Cross

you get your own office and says there are no other agreements 1 2 about this topic, right? Other than schedule A. 3 4 OK. And this is the contract that you and Dr. Mehta and a Q. 5 lawyer looked at and worked on in 2014? 6 A. Yes. 7 At any point did you call Mr. Antonik to apologize to him 8 for misrepresenting what your contract said? 9 MR. LABUDA: Objection. 10 THE COURT: Sustained. 11 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN: 12 Now, you know at NYU there are not enough offices to go 13 around for all the doctors; is that a fair statement? 14 Yes, they had a space-utilization issue. Α. 15 Q. And some doctors actually have to double up in offices, 16 right; there are some doctors that are two in an office? 17 Part-time doctors, yes, do do that. Α. 18 Q. And you were never asked to do that? 19 One time they asked me to do that. Α. 20 (Continued on next page) 21 22 23 24

Cross - Edelman

- 1 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 2 | Q. But you didn't?
- 3 A. That day, I did. Just one day.
- 4 | Q. And other doctors, besides you, used offices on different
- 5 days of the week?
- 6 | A. Yes.
- Q. Let's get back to the conversation with Mr. Kaplan on
- 8 September 25th.
- 9 Now, Mr. Kaplan didn't raise his voice; correct?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 | Q. And he referred to you as "doctor;" right?
- 12 A. He did not refer to me as "doctor." He said "doctor," but
- 13 he wasn't saying "Dr. Edelman" in that sense.
- 14 | Q. He said the word "doctor"?
- 15 A. He said the word "doctor."
- 16 | Q. And you told him you were not amenable to sharing the
- 17 | office?
- 18 A. I told him that I still needed to look and determine what I
- 19 | needed to discuss about how this would impact my career and how
- 20 | it impacted my practice.
- 21 | Q. And you would agree with me that Mr. Kaplan didn't do
- 22 | anything that made you feel physically threatened or
- 23 | intimidated?
- 24 A. No.
- 25 | Q. But you also asked him to leave?

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- A. Yes.
- 2 | Q. And immediately upon asking Mr. Kaplan to leave, he got up
- 3 | and left?
- 4 A. Yes.
- Q. And you never had another conversation in your entire life
- 6 | with Mr. Antonik or Mr. Kaplan?
- 7 A. I tried to, but they did not show up for the meeting, so
- 8 no.
- 9 Q. Now, I was interested in something you said on the stand
- 10 | yesterday. It's on page 122 of yesterday's transcript.
- 11 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I want to read it to her, your
- 12 Honor, so I can ask her a question about it with leave of
- 13 | Court.
- 14 THE COURT: Okay.
- 15 | Q. You said in your testimony yesterday talking about this
- 16 | meeting with Dr. Kaplan: "I am not a child. I'm a doctor.
- 17 | I'm entitled to an opinion, and I'm allowed to get upset. I'm
- 18 | a physician and I'm a woman, and a woman can get upset. I'm
- 19 | allowed to have a dispute in my office and be upset, and it is
- 20 sexist to say to a woman calm down. I can be upset at work,
- 21 | the same way Dr. Forte in the office next to me might shout at
- 22 | his assistant sometimes because he's really frustrated about
- 23 something. I don't have to calm down. That's sexist."
- 24 Do you recall saying that?
- 25 A. Yes.

Cross - Edelman

- 1 | Q. And you feel very strongly about that; correct?
- 2 | A. I do.
- Q. You're entitled to your opinions and you're entitled to be
- 4 upset; right?
- 5 A. As a female, I'm allowed to get upset at work without
- 6 someone treating me like I'm acting childlike and being
- 7 patronizing to me.
- 8 Q. And you would agree men are entitled to their opinions and
- 9 to get upset at work?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 | Q. So you would agree with me that Mr. Antonik would have
- 12 | every right to have an opinion and get upset at work just like
- 13 | you had the right?
- 14 A. Right, but he doesn't have the right to physically
- 15 | intimidate me, shout at me, wave his arms in front of me and
- 16 call me a bitch.
- 17 | Q. But he had a right to get upset?
- 18 | A. Yes, 100 percent.
- 19 | Q. And he didn't lose that right because he's a man?
- 20 | A. No.
- 21 | Q. And he didn't lose that right because he's tall?
- 22 | A. No.
- 23 | Q. And when Mr. Antonik exercised his right to get upset, you
- 24 | threw him out of your office?
- 25 A. I threw him out of my office because I thought he was going

Cross - Edelman

- 1 | to hurt me. I felt physically threatened.
- Q. Well, you threw Mr. Kaplan out of his office without any of
- 4 A. And I'd like to addend the wording. I never said "threw."
- 5 | I asked them both to leave to deescalate the situation.
- 6 Q. And now you're here suing Mr. Antonik and asking this jury,
- 7 | telling this jury that he should pay you money; right?
- 8 A. I'm not -- I'm not agreeing with that statement.
- 9 Q. Why aren't you agreeing with that statement? What part
- 10 | don't you agree with?
- 11 | A. I'm suing. I'm not saying anything about anybody paying
- 12 | money. That's a legal issue with the law. I don't know.
- 13 | Q. Hold on. You're here, this lawsuit is in your name;
- 14 | correct?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 | Q. Are you telling the jury that Mr. Antonik should pay you
- 17 | money or not?
- 18 A. I'm asking the jury to make a decision as to whether he was
- 19 | culpable for the things that happened.
- 20 \ Q. Are you asking the jury to make him pay you money?
- 21 | A. That determination will be made at the end of the trial.
- 22 | Q. Right, but if you don't ask it, they don't have to decide
- 23 | it?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. So I'm asking you if you're asking this jury to make

- 1 Mr. Antonik pay money?
- 2 MR. LABUDA: Objection.
- 3 A. Most likely, yes.
- 4 MR. LABUDA: Objection.
- 5 THE COURT: Overruled.
- Q. And Mr. Kaplan, who didn't yell at all and didn't intimidate you at all, you're asking the jury to make him pay
- 8 | you money; right?
- 9 MR. LABUDA: Objection.
- 10 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 11 A. Yes. I'm not sure how to answer it.
- 12 | Q. And then later you had a phone conversation with
- 13 Mr. Swirnow where you ironed out the office issue for the most
- 14 | part; right?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 | Q. And Mr. Swirnow was perfectly pleasant, didn't raise his
- 17 | voice, didn't intimidate you in any way; correct?
- 18 A. Correct.
- 19 | Q. And you're suing him and you're asking the jury to make
- 20 Mr. Swirnow pay you money?
- 21 A. I'm asking for culpability for not actually doing their
- 22 | jobs when someone is harassed in workspace.
- 23 | Q. And you're asking the jury to make Mr. Swirnow pay you
- 24 money; correct?
- 25 A. Yes. I believe he's culpable for not stepping up and doing

- 1 | what was asked of him and his code of conduct.
- 2 Q. And Mr. Rubin who wasn't involved in this office fight at
- 3 | all. You want money from him, too; right?
- 4 A. He is the senior position to all of the other defendants.
  - Q. But he wasn't involved in the office space spat at any
- 6 moment; right?

- 7 A. I'm not aware of his involvement.
- 8 I'll refer back. It's about the HR discrimination 9 complaint, not the office space.
- 10 Q. Okay. I want to take a last look at a couple of emails on that topic.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Let's put up, please, plaintiff's
- 13 | 68. That was admitted, your Honor, and I would like to publish
  14 | to the jury.
- THE COURT: You may do so.
- 16 Q. This is part of the email exchange you had with Ms. Pacina?
- 17 A. Correct.
- 18 Q. And so there's a November 12th email from you to
- 19 Ms. Pacina. Do you see that?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- Q. And the first line says: "I did not receive the 10/8 email reply for some reason."
- 23 So you had missed an email from Ms. Pacina?
- A. Yeah, for some reason, I only saw it when I went in the old reply chain and it connected.

- Q. You hadn't seen it to November, you missed it back in October?
- 3 A. I saw it November -- actually, I sent this November 12th.
- 4 So I don't know when I had realized it, but I sent this email
- 5 November 12th.
- 6 Q. But you hadn't seen it October 8th, you hadn't seen it
- 7 | until sometime later?
- 8 A. I had corresponded in between because there's a November
- 9 | 5th email.
- 10 Q. But you had missed an email from Pacina? That's all I'm
- 11 asking.
- 12 A. Yes. Yeah.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Let's put up exhibit XX. This was
- 14 | also previously admitted and I would like to publish, your
- 15 Honor.
- 16 THE COURT: You may do so.
- 17 | Q. And this is an email directed to you from Ms. Ogbara on
- 18 November 18; correct?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 | Q. And your testimony is you missed this email, too?
- 21 A. Yes, but this --
- 22 | Q. This human rights issue that you were raising was very
- 23 | important to you?
- 24 | A. Yes.

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Q. But you missed at least two emails on the issue, just

- 1 | missed them?
- 2 A. I missed one.
- 3 Q. Looks like you missed one on October 8th and it looks like
- 4 you missed this one on November 18th --
- 5 A. The one on November 18th was not sent to me regarding from
- 6 Kathleen Pacina, who was my HR representative. So even after I
- 7 searched for it, because after I missed the first one, I kept
- 8 going back and searching to make sure that the same thing
- 9 | didn't happen, and I didn't see hers because it wasn't from
- 10 Kathleen.
- 11 Q. It has a subject headline "HR Matter;" correct?
- 12 A. Correct. But I searched by Kathleen Pacina because that's
- 13 who had been contacting me.
- 14 | THE COURT: Ma'am, just answer the question.
- 15 THE WITNESS: Sorry.
- 16 Q. And it has Ms. Pacina's name in it; correct?
- 17 A. Correct.
- 18 | Q. That was on November 18th, 2019?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Ms. Cardona told me we hadn't had
- 20 | that exhibit up the entire time we've been talking about it, so
- 21 | I'm going to give her a second because I got ahead of her.
- 22 | I'd go on to a new topic, your Honor, but I'm not
- 23 | going to have a new topic.
- 24 There it was, XX. There, published to the jury.
- 25 Everybody sees? All right.

- 1 Q. Just to reiterate, you see the subject was "HR Matter;"
- 2 | right?
- 3 A. It's no longer on my screen.
- 4 | Q. You see it, the subject, HR matter?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 Q. And you see Ms. Pacina is mentioned in the first four or
- 7 | five words of the email?
- 8 A. Yes, that's sent from her to me, yes.
- 9 Q. And that was on November 18th, 2019?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 Q. And you made the point yesterday that the employee and
- 12 | labor relations department had your phone number and your
- 13 | email; right?
- 14 A. I believe they did, yes.
- 15 | Q. And they could have called you at any time?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 | Q. And you had the phone number and the email for the employee
- 18 | labor relations department, didn't you?
- 19 A. Yes, I had the contact for Kathleen Pacina.
- 20 | Q. But you did not send another email on this topic subsequent
- 21 | to November 18th, 2019; right?
- 22 A. No, I did not.
- 23 | Q. And you did not call Ms. Pacina again?
- 24 A. No. After I had, like, five or six emails, no, I thought
- 25 | it was futile at that point.

- 1 Q. So you didn't call or email -- by the way, do you know
- 2 | where the employee labor and relations department was located,
- 3 was there a branch in your building?
- 4 A. I'm not aware of one. If they were, I would have been
- 5 | there.
- 6 Q. But you didn't call or email them the rest of November or
- 7 December or January, February, or any time in 2020; correct?
- 8 A. I felt it was futile at that point. Management was not
- 9 going to do anything about this.
- 10 | Q. Didn't ask you what you felt, I asked you what you did.
- 11 A. That's funny.
- 12 | Q. Did you call, email, or otherwise try to contact anyone, an
- 13 employee in labor relations between November 18th, 2019 and
- 14 | January of 2021?
- 15 | A. No.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Pass the witness.
- 17 THE COURT: Redirect examination.
- 18 | THE WITNESS: Your Honor, can I have a restroom break?
- 19 | THE COURT: Let's go into the redirect examination.
- 20 MR. LABUDA: Just bear with us a second, your Honor.
- 21 | We're just loading up with our technology.
- 22 | REDIRECT EXAMINATION
- 23 BY MR. LABUDA:
- 24 Q. Good morning, Dr. Edelman.
- 25 A. Good morning.

- Q. I want to follow up on some questions you were asked yesterday as well as today.
- You were asked some questions about taxes yesterday. Do
  you remember that?
- 5 A. I'm not sure.
- 6 Q. When you worked in New York, did you pay federal taxes?
- 7 A. Yes, I did.
- 8 Q. When you started working in Florida, did you pay federal
- 9 | taxes?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 | Q. Did you have an understanding that in every state that you
- 12 work, you have to pay federal taxes?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. Do you remember some questions yesterday about Northwell, a
- 15 | Northwell job opportunity?
- 16 | A. Yes.
- 17 | Q. Did they ever make you a formal job offer?
- 18 | A. Never.
- 19 | Q. Did you ever receive any written contract from them?
- 20 A. Never.
- 21 | Q. Is it fair to say that most of the interviews that you had
- 22 | after you were terminated from NYU were in New York?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. Why is it that you also looked in Florida and other states
- 25 | for a job when you were unemployed?

- 1 A. I was looking to get a job anywhere. I had a lot of
- 2 responsibility, I had bills and my daughter was in college, and
- 3 part of that, I had medical insurance. So I really needed to
- 4 get a job immediately. I didn't have the luxury of waiting. I
- 5 needed to secure a position.
- 6 Q. And do you remember some questions about Yale Health Group?
- 7 | A. Yes.
- 8 Q. Were you ever given a written contract from Yale Health
- 9 Group?
- 10 | A. I didn't receive a written contract.
- 11 Q. Do you remember being asked some questions about seeking
- 12 some therapy from a social worker?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. And I believe you said you started seeing the social worker
- in or around July of 2021; is that right?
- 16 A. Correct, yes.
- 17 | Q. Why is it that you started doing that in July as opposed to
- 18 say December or January?
- 19 A. When I was fired, I was sort of in crisis mode. There was
- 20 | a lot of things I had to attend to. I needed to get a job, I
- 21 | most likely needed to relocate my family if I couldn't get a
- 22 | job where I was. And my focus was really on trying to ensure
- 23 | that I could get appropriate schooling for my children, be able
- 24 | to pay for my older daughter's tuition, be able to make sure my
- 25 | husband could still make a living, as well, as well as for me

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Edelman - Redirect

to continue practice as a physician. I think it was after I got down to Florida and we were settled down a little bit more was when I really had more of a full breakdown. It was sort of like the calm after a storm and you look around and you're like, wow, I can't believe my whole life was turned upside down. That was really when I was in a tough place. There were moments where I really felt that I was having not okay thoughts and that's what drove me to seek counseling.

- Q. I want to pivot to some of the questions that you were asked today, and I'll try and go in ad seriatim and sequential order so it's easier for me. So we may jump around a little
- Do you remember some conversations about the contract negotiations with NYU and them taking over the lease, your lease?
- 16 | A. Yes.

bit.

- 17 Q. Was NYU required to take over your lease?
- 18 A. No.
- 19 Q. They could have chosen not to take over your lease;
  20 correct?
- 21 A. Correct.
- Q. Did you understand that when NYU took over your lease, they
- 23 | actually got value for that?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. And that value was -- included a below-market rent;

1 | correct?

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MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Leading.

THE COURT: Overruled.

- A. Correct.
- Q. And that also included the build-out, the hundreds of thousands of dollars you spent on furnishing the space what you considered to be spa space; correct?
- A. Correct.

THE COURT: Try to avoid the leading.

MR. LABUDA: Yes, your Honor.

- Q. With doctors Goldberg, Porges, and Modi, those are all full-time colleagues of yours; correct?
- 13 A. Correct.
- 14 | Q. Who was paid more between you and your male colleagues?
- 15 A. Dr. Goldberg and Dr. Porges.
- 16 | Q. And what about Dr. Modi?
- 17 A. Dr. Modi was paid more, yeah.
- 18 Q. And with respect to the part-time doctors, what's the
- 19 difference between a full-time doctor and a part-time doctor in
- 20 | terms of their either services or the hours they worked?
- 21 | A. Like, I can't speak to it at all. I never negotiated for a
- 22 | part-time position, I don't know how they worked. I really --
- 23 | I don't -- I don't know how any of -- how the benefits work
- 24 | into their contracts and all of the other things that are
- 25 considered compensation. So I can't speak to that.

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1 Do you recall that in the Dr. Given contract that was shown

- 2 to you earlier, it indicated he was part-time; correct?
- 3 Α. Yes.
- 4 And do you have a recollection of the hours that were Q.
- 5 listed?

- Of how many days he worked in the office? 6
- 7 MR. LABUDA: Your Honor, do you have --
- THE COURT: You can publish it if you want. 8
  - MR. LABUDA: Thank you. Exhibit 22.
- 10 MR. KATAEV: Publishing 22.
- 11 With Dr. Given, if you would look at page D764, his
- 12 employment status was part-time, 32 hours per week for
- 13 compensation. Do you see that?
- 14 Yes. Α.
- 15 Q. And with your employment status in each contract, it said
- full-time; correct? 16
- 17 Correct. Α.
- 18 It did not list any hours on it; correct?
- 19 Α. Correct.
- 20 Approximately how many hours a week did you work between
- 21 your servicing of your patients and other related things did
- 22 you work for NYU on a full-time basis?
- 23 Typically, I'd get in at 8:00 and I would leave between
- 24 6:30 and 7:00. When we did late nights, I would be there from
- 25 10:00 in the morning until like 9:00, 9:30 at night.

- on Fridays for clinical, if I was doing administrative work, I would usually leave by 3 o'clock and come in between 8:00 and 9:00. So it was a lot more than 32 hours.
  - Q. Was there also any continuing education that you did that took time as a full-time rheumatologist?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. And what was that?
- A. You always have to do continuing medical education. So it could be online courses and classes where you're doing reading or watching presentations.
  - Q. And with respect to the loan, is there any reference in your contract that NYU was reducing your pay because of the loan?
- 14 A. There's no indication of that in my contract.
- Q. You would agree that's something that NYU could put into the contract; correct?
- 17 A. Correct.
- Q. And who drafted the contract, was that you or were you given the contract by NYU?
- 20 A. It was drafted by NYU.
- Q. You were shown some of the emails about contract negotiations that you were asking for \$280,000. Do you
- 23 remember that?
- 24 | A. Yes.

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Q. When you were having these negotiations with NYU about your

- salary and salary increases, did you know what the male doctors were making?
- 3 A. No.
- 4 Q. Would that have affected your negotiations if you knew that
- 5 | the male doctors were making more than you?
- 6 A. Of course.
  - Q. Did NYU ever tell you that?
- 8 | A. No.

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- 9 Q. You'd agree with me they could tell you that if they wanted to; correct?

Α.

- 12 Q. But they did not say anything about what the other doctors
- were making during the negotiations; correct?
- 14 A. No, they did not.

Yes.

- Q. With respect to administrative positions, were you ever offered any type of administrative position at NYU?
- A. I was not. I was also not made aware of any positions that were available to apply for.
- 19 Q. If you look at exhibit 8 --
- THE COURT: You may publish it.
- 21 MR. LABUDA: Yes.
- 22 | THE COURT: If you want to publish it, you can.
- 23 MR. LABUDA: If we can publish it, your Honor.
- Q. There was a conversation that you did have with Dr. Porges about performing research at NYU; correct?

- 1 A. Correct.
- 2 | Q. And you declined that because he told you you weren't going
- 3 | to receive any extra pay; correct?
- 4 | A. Yes.
- 5 Q. And if you look at page D49, there's a chart about the
- 6 compensation. Do you see that?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 | Q. And it's broken down into four different components;
- 9 correct?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 | Q. One is clinical; correct?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 | Q. And you and all the male doctors and the female doctors, as
- 14 | well, Dr. Mehta, received compensation for clinical work;
- 15 | correct?
- 16 A. Correct.
- 17 | Q. Then there's a component of pay for education leadership;
- 18 | correct?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 Q. Research and administration leadership; correct?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. So there is a component in your contract for pay for
- 23 | research, but you were told you weren't going to get any extra
- 24 pay if you got involved in research; correct?
- 25 A. Yes.

- Edelman Redirect
- 1 And in reviewing the contracts, you see that for the
- administrative component that's listed below "research," you 2
- saw that other male doctors were paid for that component of 3
- their effort; correct? 4
- 5 Α. Yes.
- You said, when you spoke to Mr. Rubin after you were 6
- 7 terminated, that you mentioned your human resource complaint;
- 8 correct?
- Yes. 9 Α.
- 10 And what did he say when you indicated that you referenced
- 11 your human resource complaint to him?
- 12 He said "I don't know anything about that."
- 13 Now, the last email that you sent to Kathleen Pacina was on Ο.
- November 12th, 2019; correct? 14
- 15 Α. Yes.
- The last email that you received from Kathleen Pacina was 16
- dated November 5th, 2019; correct? 17
- 18 Α. Yes.
- 19 Did you ever receive any response from Ms. Pacina to your
- 20 November 12th email?
- 21 Α. No.
- 22 Q. And jumping back to your conversation with Mr. Rubin after
- 23 you were terminated, did you believe him when he said he didn't
- 24 know anything about the complaint?
- 25 No, I didn't believe him. Α.

- 1 | Q. And why not?
- 2 A. Because he works directly with Josh Swirnow and directly
- 3 | with Mr. David Kaplan, and it just seemed very unbelievable to
- 4 | me that it wouldn't have been brought to his attention at some
- 5 | time.
- 6 Q. You were asked about RVUs. Do you remember some of those
- 7 | questions?
- 8 | A. Yes.
- 9 Q. And there's a target that's pegged with each doctor's
- 10 compensation in their agreements; correct?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. It does not -- the contract does not say you're going to
- 13 | get paid X amount of dollars per RVU; correct?
- 14 A. Correct.
- 15 | Q. There's no, like, bonus program or commission program for a
- 16 certain number of RVUs; correct?
- 17 A. The bonus is built in above -- it's exceeding your target
- 18 RVU, but not for the targeted RVU.
- 19 | Q. NYU could have chosen to pay doctors in that method;
- 20 correct?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. They chose not to; correct?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. That was not anything in any of the contracts; correct?
- 25 A. Yes, correct.

- 1 | Q. When you interviewed at NYU and spoke to Mr. Rubin and
- 2 Mr. Swirnow, did you present your résumé to them?
- 3 A. I don't remember.
- 4 Q. Do you know if they asked you where you went to medical
- 5 | school?
- 6 A. I believe they did, yes. I think we submitted it through
- 7 | the liaison, the recruiter, the résumé.
- 8 | Q. And did you go through your years of experience in clinical
- 9 practice?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 | Q. You were being hired as a clinical physician; correct?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 | Q. Is it fair to say that there was a focus on your experience
- 14 | as a clinical physician in your discussions with Mr. Rubin and
- 15 | Swirnow?
- 16 | A. Yes, I believe their interest was that we were a busy
- 17 | rheumatology practice.
- 18 | Q. And do you know whether or not these CVs that you saw
- 19 | before, if any of those were provided to Mr. Rubin or Swirnow
- 20 | when Dr. Modi, Porges, or Goldberg were interviewing with NYU?
- 21 | A. I don't know.
- 22 | Q. You saw these other doctors on a day-to-day basis; correct?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. Would you ever speak to them?
- 25 A. Yes.

- 1 | Q. And what would you speak about when you were in the office?
- 2 A. Sometimes we speak about common day-to-day stuff, sometimes
- 3 we would talk about specific patients, what was going on, an
- 4 | interesting case, upcoming seminars, what's going on with
- 5 | family, that type of stuff.
- 6 Q. And I want to focus your attention on, you were talking
- 7 | about cases. Are you talking about patient treatment?
- 8 | A. Yeah, sometimes if there's an interesting case, we might
- 9 | sidebar each other and have a conversation.
- 10 | Q. From these conversations that you had with the other
- 11 doctors, did you get a sense as to what they were doing
- 12 compared to you?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. And what was your conclusion?
- 15 | A. They're doing similar work, seeing patients, diagnosing and
- 16 | treating pneumatic diseases.
- 17 | Q. Just jumping back to the lease, sorry for jumping around a
- 18 | little bit, but when NYU assumed the lease, they actually took
- 19 | the space; correct?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 | Q. They didn't have to take the space if they didn't want to,
- 22 | they could have subleased that; correct?
- 23 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Speculation.
- 24 | THE COURT: Overruled. Goes to her understanding.
- 25 | It's received for her understanding.

- 1 A. Yes, they -- I'm sorry. Could you repeat back the question.
- Q. I think you said you were allowed to sublease the space yourself in your original lease; correct?
- A. Yeah, so we could have continued to sublease the space on our own if NYU chose not to take the space.
  - Q. And did you have an understanding that NYU could do the same thing, as well? They could have subleased out the space if they wanted to; correct?
- 10 A. Yes, of course.
- Q. But they chose to actually take the space and you actually stayed where you were working at 1991 Marcus Avenue; correct?
- 13 | A. Yes.

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- Q. That's that seamless transition we talked about yesterday;
  correct?
- 16 | A. Yes.
- Q. Did you believe that your lease was an asset when you were in private practice?
- 19 | A. Yeah --
- 20 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 21 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 22 Q. Let me ask you some questions again about the RVUs.
- 23 You were asked some questions and shown the contract for
- 24 Dr. Goldberg on cross examination. Do you remember that?
- 25 A. Yes.

- Q. That was exhibit 25 that defense counsel showed you; is that right?
- 3 A. I don't remember the number of the exhibit.

4 MR. LABUDA: Your Honor, if the witness could -- if we could publish exhibit 25 to the witness.

THE COURT: You can publish 25 to the witness.

MR. LABUDA: Thank you.

- Q. Dr. Edelman, this is Dr. Goldberg's 2017 contract; correct?
- 9 | A. Yes.

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- Q. This is the one defense counsel showed you; correct?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 Q. And this is the one where he's making \$500,000 a year for
- 13 | the clinical; correct?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15  $\parallel$  Q. And in 2017, you were still making \$207,000; correct?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 | Q. So now, let me show you one of the other contracts from
- Dr. Goldberg that was not shown to you, and I want you to pay
- 19 | attention to the RVUs, particular attention to the RVUs.
- 20 | In exhibit 24 --
- 21 THE COURT: You may publish it to the jury and to the 22 witness.
- MR. LABUDA: Thank you.
- Q. In exhibit 24, this is Dr. Goldberg's 2014 contract;
- 25 | correct?

- 1 A. Correct.
- Q. And on page D795, at the top, he is getting paid for his
- 3 | clinical \$290,000; correct?
- 4 A. Correct.
- 5 | Q. And you were at \$207,000 at that time in '14; correct?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 | Q. And your RVUs were 4966 and his are 3481; correct?
- 8 A. Correct.
- 9 Q. And the RVUs are for services rendered, so the harder you
- 10 work, you remember those questions, you agreed you would get
- 11 paid more; correct?
- 12 A. Correct.
- 13 | Q. In this instance, you would agree that Dr. Goldberg, he
- 14 | didn't have to work as hard as you and he got paid more;
- 15 || correct?
- 16 A. Correct.
- 17 | Q. There was some discussion about the publications that you
- 18 | had; correct?
- Do you remember speaking to Mr. Rubin or Swirnow about the
- 20 publications that you had prior to working at NYU?
- 21 A. Not at all.
- 22 | Q. Were any of them physicians?
- 23 | A. No.
- 24 | Q. Was there any discussion about RVUs when you were meeting
- 25 | with them? This is in your negotiations, the verbal

- 1 | negotiations.
- 2 A. I believe we start -- yes, we did discuss that, yes. I
- 3 | think it was more in the general sense of how they -- so that
- 4 we would be aware of it.
- 5 Q. We talked about Dr. Given before. He was part-time;
- 6 correct?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 | Q. Dr. Li, she was also part-time; correct?
- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 | Q. And Dr. Raminfard was also part-time, as well; correct?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. You had also mentioned that you believe that the employers
- 13 | listed in exhibit -- I'm sorry. The entities listed in
- 14 | exhibit 8, you also considered to be your employer; correct?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- MR. LABUDA: I'd like exhibit 8 published to the
- 17 | witness, your Honor.
- 18 THE COURT: You may do so.
- 19 | Q. Let's go through that quickly, because I don't think we
- 20 | went through that before.
- 21 With exhibit 8, it lists at the top, NYU School of
- 22 | Medicine; correct?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. It also lists NYU Langone Medical Center; correct?
- 25 A. Yes.

- 1 And then it also lists on the first page NYU School of 2 Medicine; correct?
- You have to scroll -- yes, NYU School of Medicine, correct. 3
  - And it also lists NYU Hospital Center; correct? Q.
- 5 Α. Yes.

- And did you believe that since they're listed on your 6 7 contract, that they were all connected with your employment
- with NYU? 8
- 9 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Leading.
- 10 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 11 What did you understand these entities were in connection 12 with your employment?
- 13 That they were all connected with my employment, they were Α. all part of my employer. The contract was in agreement with 14
- all of these employers. 15
- 16 Have you ever heard of the Grossman School of Medicine? 0.
- 17 Α. Yes.
- 18 Ο. And what is that?
- That's NYU's School of Medicine. I think someone 19 Α.
- 20 interchangeably changed the name.
- 21 So when it says NYU School of Medicine, you also understand 22 that to mean the Grossman School of Medicine?
- 23 That's my understanding. I mean, they might have separate 24 entities, but that's beyond my expertise.
- 25 I note on D48 that your contract, back in '14, was signed

- 1 | by Steven B. -- I'm sorry. Robert I. Grossman?
- 2 A. Yes.
- 3 Q. Do you know if he's connected at all with that Grossman
- 4 | School of Medicine?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 Q. What's your understanding of its connection?
- 7 A. He's the dean of NYU School of Medicine, yes, Grossman.
- 8 | Q. So it's named after him?
- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 Q. There was reference on page D52 to the faculty practice
- 11 group in this document. Did you have any understanding of the
- 12 | role of the faculty practice group with respect to your
- 13 | employment with NYU?
- 14 A. Yes. My understanding was a subdivision of the department
- 15 | of medicine that was primarily focused on outpatient ambulatory
- 16 | care.
- 17 | Q. You were asked questions about the September 16, 2019
- 18 | incident; correct?
- 19 A. Yeah.
- 20 | Q. And you were asked about the height of Mr. Antonik;
- 21 | correct?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 | Q. And I think counsel had indicated that he's six-five?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. How many women do you know that are six-five?

- 1 A. My daughter's crew team.
- 2 | Q. Really?
- 3 A. Maybe close, but not quite.
- 4 | Q. Is it fair to say that most of the people you know that are
- 5 | six-five are men?
- 6 | A. Yes.
- 7 | Q. You were asked some questions about the complaint that was
- 8 | filed in this case; correct?
- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 | Q. Do you have a law degree?
- 11 | A. No.
- 12  $\parallel$  Q. Do you know what goes into filing of a federal lawsuit?
- 13 | A. I have -- no.
- 14 | Q. Do you have any sense as to whether or not there's any
- 15 | restrictions that are placed by the court in terms of what
- 16 | content can go in and what can't go in?
- 17 A. I'm not aware of those types of things.
- 18 | Q. Did you draft the complaint?
- 19 A. No.
- 20 | Q. There were some other questions about you bringing
- 21 Mr. Antonik into this lawsuit. Do you remember those
- 22 | questions?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. And about seeking compensation from him?
- 25 A. Yes.

- Q. To your knowledge, does the complaint have any dollar amounts that you're seeking with respect to Mr. Antonik,
- 3 | Kaplan, Swirnow, or Rubin?
- 4 | A. No.
- Q. You also are bringing a claim against them for retaliation;
- 6 correct?
- 7 | A. Yes.

- Q. For their involvement in your termination; correct?
- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 Q. And you remember the email that Mr. Antonik wrote on
- 11 November 6th of 2020 asking for negative feedback for you;
- 12 | correct?
- 13 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Leading.
- 14 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 15 | Q. But you recall the emails that were published yesterday
- 16 | with respect to your employment from Mr. Antonik and Dr. Porges
- 17 | and Dr. Kaplan and Mr. Swirnow; correct?
- 18 A. I do. I recall their involvement and all of those email
- 19 chains asking and soliciting for information.
- 20 MR. LABUDA: If we could publish exhibit 86, your
- 21 | Honor.
- 22 | THE COURT: Is it in evidence?
- MR. LABUDA: Yes.
- 24 THE COURT: That's fine.
- 25 | Q. On the second page of this, this is the November 6th email

- 1 | from Mr. Antonik to Dr. Porges and others; correct?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 Q. And then there was a second email from him later that day
- 4 | with additional exemplars; correct?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 Q. And then shortly after this email, you were notified by
- 7 Mr. Rubin that you were terminated; correct?
- 8 | A. Yes.
- 9 MR. LABUDA: I don't have any other questions, your 10 Honor.
- 11 THE COURT: Any recross examination?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Yes, your Honor. Less than five
- 13 minutes.
- 14 THE COURT: Go ahead.
- 15 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I shouldn't promise that, but --
- 16 Can we put back up, please, exhibit 31.
- 17 | RECROSS EXAMINATION
- 18 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 19 Q. You just testified on redirect that men got paid for
- 20 research and women didn't; right?
- 21 A. I testified that Mr. Porges -- Dr. Porges got paid for
- 22 | research and I was not offered to get paid.
- 23 | O. Let's look at that. Let's look at Exhibit 31.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Hey, can you guys switch off so we
- 25 can put up our exhibits. Thanks.

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THE COURT: You can publish 31.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: My five-minute estimate did not include tech time.

We have the exhibit, page 858, please.

- Q. This was Dr. Porges' contract that we looked at before.
- 6 There you go.
  - He had a separate addendum to this contract because --
  - I'm asking the questions, okay. The contract here, his research is blank; right? He doesn't have compensation in this 2014 contract for research; correct?
- 11 I don't believe I'm looking at the entire contract.
- 12 The page I'm showing you is exactly the chart your lawyer
- 13 showed you on your contract ten minutes ago and made a big
- 14 point that your research number was zero percent and
- 15 Dr. Porges' research number is zero percent, too; correct?
- 16 I don't agree with that statement.
- 17 Is that what the document says? 0.
- 18 I can't speak to part of a contract. You have to show me
- 19 the entire contract, as well as his second contract, because I
- 20 don't know at the time we discussed it if it was in this
- 21 contract period or additional contracts.
- 22 Q. Have you ever seen a contract that paid Dr. Porges for his
- 23 research?
- 24 Α. Yes.
- 25 You've seen one?

- A. Yes, there's one produced where there's a \$250,000 compensation.
- 3 | O. For research?
  - A. For research.

- 5 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Scroll down, please, to page 863.
- 6 | It says "Research Revenue Target."
- 7 Q. Now, do you see that he had a target of revenue of
- 8 | \$228,000? That's what you're thinking of; right? He had a
- 9 revenue target of \$228,000, meaning he had to generate research
- 10 revenue for the school, that's what you're thinking of; right?
- 11 A. No, that's not what I'm thinking of.
- 12 | Q. But you agree that this contract has a research revenue
- 13 | target and your contracts never did?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 | Q. And you agreed --
- 16 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: If you scroll up a little bit,
- 17 Ms. Cardona.
- 18 Q. -- that he had an RVU target of 6198 RVUs?
- 19 A. We're on a different page, so I can't agree -- I can't
- 20 agree or disagree. Okay. It's there.
- 21 | Q. 6198 RVUs. So according to this contract, he had to
- 22 produce over six thousand RVUs and research revenue; correct?
- 23 A. Yes, and he had two PIs working with him to produce that
- 24 | revenue.
- 25 | Q. And he was at least 15 to 20 years senior to you; right?

- 1 A. He was 15 to 20 years older than me.
- 2 | Q. And you still maintain you should have been paid the same
- 3 | as him?
- 4 A. I should have been paid the same based on the equal work we
- 5 were doing.
- 6 Q. Did you do any research work, ever?
- 7 A. I wanted to. I wasn't offered compensation.
- 8 | Q. Did you do it?
- 9 A. I did not.
- 10 | Q. You were asked some questions at the end about the
- 11 complaint that was filed, your counsel asked if you wrote the
- 12 complaint and you said you didn't; right?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. I assume, before you filed a complaint with New York City
- 15 | Human Rights Division, the New York State Human Rights
- 16 Division, the federal government and this court that you read
- 17 | it?
- 18 A. I read it.
- 19 | Q. And you made sure it was accurate; correct?
- 20 A. Correct.
- 21 | Q. And the events written in that complaint were accurate to
- 22 | the best of your knowledge?
- 23 A. Correct.
- 24 | Q. As they were in the first amended complaint, you read that
- 25 before it was filed?

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Edelman - Recross

- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 Q. And the second amended complaint, you read that before it
- 3 | was filed?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. And you understood it was important to tell your story in
- 6 | its entirety in those filings?
- 7 A. Yes.
  - Q. And you were deposed in this action; right?
- 9 | A. Yes.

- 10 | Q. And the whole first day, there was an eight-hour deposition
- 11 of you on the first day where you were asked about your
- 12 | conversation with Mr. Antonik, and the whole first day you
- 13 never said anything about him calling you a bitch; isn't that
- 14 | correct?
- MR. LABUDA: Objection, your Honor. Beyond the scope.
- 16 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 17 | A. I wasn't asked.
- 18 | Q. Did you say during the eight hours of your first day of
- 19 deposition anything about him calling you a bitch?
- 20 | A. I wasn't asked. I told Mr. Steer at my second deposition
- 21 when he asked me.
- 22 | Q. Now, your lawyer said aren't you also suing these for
- 23 gentlemen for retaliation; right?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. And he showed you some emails?

	N/CCede3 Edelman - Recross
1	A. Yes.
2	Q. That you're relying on in your retaliation case; correct?
3	A. Yes, they're being used, yes.
4	Q. Now, you didn't have those emails in January of 2021?
5	A. Correct.
6	Q. You didn't have any of that evidence?
7	A. No.
8	Q. But that's when you sued Mr. Antonik, Mr. Kaplan,
9	Mr. Swirnow, and Mr. Rubin before you even saw any of those
10	emails; right?
11	A. Yes.
12	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Thank you.
13	THE COURT: Any redirect?
14	MR. LABUDA: One moment, your Honor.
15	No questions.
16	THE COURT: You're excused as a witness, Dr. Edelman.
17	It's now 11:57, we'll take a five-minute comfort break
18	while the plaintiff sets up for its next witness. For planning
19	purposes, you should assume we'll go until about 12:45 or 1:00,
20	depending on when counsel has a break.
21	(Continued on next page)
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Edelman - Recross

(Jury not present) THE COURT: Mr. Labuda, your client indicated to me that she might need a comfort break. I didn't think it was appropriate during the examination to break up the examination, but she or anybody else who needs a comfort break is welcome to, but please be back here by no later than five minutes from now. MR. LABUDA: Thank you, your Honor. (Recess) (Continued on next page) 

N7cWede4	Mehta -	Direct

1 (Jury not present) 2 THE COURT: Put the witness on the stand. 3 MR. LABUDA: Your Honor, all the witnesses that we're 4 going to call now have all been deemed to be adverse witnesses. 5 THE COURT: Right. I ruled that you could question her in that fashion. 6 7 Let's put her on the stand. There was also a question asked of me by somebody from 8 9 plaintiff's firm about the exhibit list. It would be helpful to get a cumulative exhibit list at the end of each day with a 10 11 column indicating the day on which the exhibit was received 12 into evidence. 13 Let's bring the jury in. 14 (Jury present) 15 THE COURT: Plaintiff, call your next witness. 16 MR. KATAEV: The plaintiff calls Dr. Kavini Mehta, 17 your Honor. 18 THE COURT: Please stand in the witness box as my 19 deputy administers the oath. 20 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: If I can just make sure the witness 21 has a water, your Honor? I'm sorry. 22 THE COURT: Yes. My deputy will retrieve the water 23 from you and bring it to the witness. 24 KAVINI MEHTA,

called as a witness by the Plaintiff,

- Mehta Direct N7cWede4 1 having been duly sworn, testified as follows: 2 THE COURT: Counsel, you may inquire. Dr. Mehta, let me instruct you to try to keep your 3 4 voice up and speak into the microphone, please. 5 DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. KATAEV: 6 7 Good afternoon, Dr. Mehta. Good afternoon. 8 Α. Q. You are a doctor licensed in the state of New York, 9 10 correct? 11 Α. Correct. 12 And you obtained your bachelor of arts at NYU in chemistry, 13 right? 14 Correct. Α. And you graduated from NYU in 1993, correct? 15 Q. 16 Α. Correct. 17 MR. KATAEV: I've placed up on the screen what has 18 been premarked Plaintiff's Exhibit 42. 19 Do you recognize this document? Q. 20 Α. Yes. 21 And this is your curriculum vitae, correct? 22 Α. Correct. 23 MR. KATAEV: Your Honor, I offer this into evidence as
- 24 | exhibit 42. I understand there's no objection from defendants.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Correct.

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Mehta - Direct

- 1 THE COURT: OK. Exhibit 42 is received.
- 2 (Plaintiff's Exhibit 42 received in evidence)
- 3 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 4 | Q. This is your curriculum vitae, right?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 | Q. And you went to medical school at Ross University, correct?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 Q. And you became a doctor for the first time in 1999,
- 9 correct?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 | Q. Among other jobs that you held, you were a research fellow
- 12 | and a clinical fellow at Winthrop for four to five years,
- 13 | correct?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 | Q. And that is where you met Dr. Sari Edelman, isn't that
- 16 || right?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 | Q. And you eventually partnered with Dr. Edelman to form a
- 19 private practice, correct?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 | Q. And you opened this practice with her in 2008, correct?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 | Q. And you both had an equal share in that practice, is that
- 24 right?
- 25 A. Yes.

- Q. Now, initially, when you first started, you were working
- 2 out of 1981 Marcus, correct?
- 3 A. 1991.
- 4 | Q. Isn't it true that you went to 1991 after starting at 1981,
- 5 | while renovations were ongoing?
- 6 | A. Yes.
- 7 Q. So my question was you started initially in 1981, correct?
- 8 A. Correct.
- 9 Q. And in order to build out that space in 1991 Marcus, Dr.
- 10 | Edelman took out a loan to provide the start-up capital for
- 11 | that practice, correct?
- 12 A. Correct.
- 13 | Q. And Dr. Edelman placed her home up as collateral to get
- 14 | that loan, right?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16  $\parallel$  Q. And you did not place any collateral to get that loan,
- 17 | correct?
- 18 A. No.
- 19 | Q. And it took a great amount of trust between the two of you
- 20 | to do that, correct?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. And you worked with Dr. Edelman on a daily basis in your
- 23 practice, correct?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. And eventually, when you went to NYU together, you worked

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- 1 | together on a daily basis there as well, correct?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 Q. You worked together day in and day out, right?
- 4 A. We worked in the same practice.
- 5 Q. Day in and day out, correct?
- 6 A. Daily, yes.
- 7 Q. And ultimately, before you went to NYU, the salaries at
- 8 | your private practice were \$200,000 a piece, correct?
- 9 A. Can you say that question again?
- 10 | Q. Your salary, before you left for NYU, in your private
- 11 practice was \$200,000, correct?
- 12 A. Not from the beginning, no.
- 13 | Q. My question was before you left for NYU, your salary was
- 14 | \$200,000, correct?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 | Q. OK. And you were able to pay yourselves those salaries and
- 17 | meet all the obligations that the practice had, correct?
- 18 A. We were not paying ourselves. We were with Nassau
- 19 | Radiology before we joined NYU.
- 20 | Q. When you had your practice together with Dr. Edelman, you
- 21 | were able to pay all of the obligations of the practice from
- 22 | the revenue you made, correct?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. You were not in default on any obligations, correct?
- 25 A. No.

- Q. You were not a sinking ship in that practice, correct?
- 2 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- THE COURT: Basis.
  - MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Sinking ship.
- 5 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 6 You can answer if you understand the question.
- 7 A. We were paying ourselves part of our salary when we -8 before we merged with NRad was being paid off, some of it, from
- 9 the business loans.
- 10 | Q. The ship remained afloat throughout your time at the
- 11 | practice, correct?
- 12 A. Yes.

- 13 Q. And it was smooth sailing in the practice, correct?
- 14 A. What do you mean by smooth sailing?
- MR. KATAEV: I'll withdraw the question.
- 16 | Q. The obligations that you paid included the SBA loan of
- 17 | \$500,000 in principal, correct?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- 19 Q. And that was a loan that you received from the government,
- 20 | isn't that right?
- 21 A. From the bank, yes.
- 22 | Q. The Small Business Administration is a federal agency,
- 23 correct?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. And you received that loan with their assistance, correct?

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- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 Q. Now, you had met Dr. Edelman in or about 2006, and thus,
- 3 you've known her for almost 20 years, correct?
- 4 A. Since 2006, yes.
- 5 | Q. And you were very close with Dr. Edelman and saw her as a
- 6 | friend, right?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 | Q. Now, because of market circumstances, you two decided
- 9 | together to seek employment with a larger group, right?
- 10 A. Say it again?
- 11 Q. Because of market circumstances, you and Dr. Edelman
- 12 decided to seek employment with a group, isn't that right?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. And that's because a group receives better compensation
- 15 | from insurance companies, correct?
- 16 | A. Yes.
- 17 | Q. And when you two decided to do this, you didn't jump
- 18 straight to NYU, right?
- 19 | A. When we first started to seek employment somewhere else?
- 20 | Q. When you started evaluating your options to move away from
- 21 | a private practice, you explored lots of available options,
- 22 | correct?
- 23 A. We first merged with Nassau Radiology.
- 24 | Q. And that was one of the options that you explored and acted
- 25 on, correct?

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- That was an option, yes.
  - And you explored other options that you did not act upon, 0. correct?

THE COURT: Is there a time period? The question is a bit ambiguous. I'm not sure whether you're referring to at the time they decided to merge with Nassau Radiology or you're referring to a later point in time, when they decided to sell the business to NYU. Maybe you can clarify the question.

MR. KATAEV: I'll clarify, your Honor.

MR. LABUDA: Your Honor --

THE COURT: You may ask the question. Go ahead.

- BY MR. KATAEV:
- 13 Q. You were involved with Dr. Edelman in a private practice from 2008 until about 2014, correct? 14
- Α. 15 2008 to 2012.
- 16 But you only went to NYU in 2014, correct?
- 17 Α. 2015.
- 18 OK. Now, at the time that you stopped working at the private practice in or about 2012, before that point, you were 19 20 looking into other available options to have a better lifestyle 21 than working in a private practice, correct?
- 22 A. We only started looking in 2012 or the end of 2011. I 23 can't remember now.
- 24 Q. And when you started looking, you looked at a whole host of 25 available options, correct?

- A. I think we -- at that time we looked at, maybe, two practices.
- 3 | Q. Now, you came across NYU because of Dr. Goldberg, correct?
- 4 A. In 2014, correct.
- Q. And you know Dr. Goldberg because he worked in the same
- 6 suite as a hematology practice that you referred patients to in
- 7 | your private practice, correct?
- 8 A. I know Dr. Goldberg because he's a rheumatologist, and I
- 9 knew him from just being a local rheumatologist in Nassau
- 10 County.
- 11 | Q. And you know him through that hematology practice because
- 12 | both you and Dr. Edelman made a point of networking with other
- 13 physicians in order to build a referral base, correct?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 | Q. And you did that in order to receive referrals to your
- 16 practice, correct?
- 17 | A. It was networking.
- 18 | Q. And you also referred patients to other practices, correct?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 | Q. And that is how you built a successful practice, isn't that
- 21 | right?
- 22 | A. Sure.
- 23 | Q. Now, Dr. Goldberg told you and Dr. Edelman about the
- 24 | opportunity to work at NYU, right?
- 25 A. Yes.

- Q. And eventually, you and Dr. Edelman met with Andrew Rubin and Joshua Swirnow, correct?
- 3 | A. Yes.
- 4 Q. And you were with Dr. Edelman when both of you first met
- 5 Andrew Rubin and Joshua Swirnow, correct?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 | Q. Swirnow was present at the meeting with you and Rubin?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 | Q. And Mr. Swirnow reports to Mr. Rubin, correct?
- 10 | A. From what I understand.
- 11 Q. And the first time that you met both of them, Mr. Rubin
- 12 expressed surprise that both of you were females, didn't he?
- 13 A. I don't know if it was both of us or one of us. I don't
- 14 remember.
- 15  $\parallel$  Q. He expressed some surprise that you were females, correct?
- 16 | A. I don't remember. Maybe. I think it was my name, that it
- 17 | was -- I don't know.
- 18 Q. Prior to today's trial, you were deposed in this case,
- 19 | correct?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 | THE COURT: Would you provide me a transcript.
- 22 MR. KATAEV: Yes, your Honor. I'll do that.
- 23 | THE COURT: Page and line, sir.
- MR. KATAEV: Page 60, your Honor. Page 60, line 21,
- 25 | through 61, line 6.

1 Permission to publish to the jury?

THE COURT: No. You can just ask the questions.

MR. KATAEV: OK.

- Q. Do you see the transcript on your screen?
- A. I don't. My screen is off right now.
- 6 Oh, now I do. OK.
  - Q. You testified in this deposition on November 22, 2021,
- 8 correct?

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- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 Q. And I asked you questions there and you answered them,
- 11 | correct?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 | Q. And you swore to tell the truth then, correct?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. And when I asked you whether Mr. Rubin ever made any
- 16 remarks about the fact that you or Dr. Edelman were women, you
- 17 | initially said you don't recall, correct?
- 18 | THE COURT: Why don't we do it the traditional way:
- 19 Were you asked the following questions and did you give the
- 20 | following answers.
- 21 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 22 | Q. And at that deposition, Were you asked the following
- 23 | questions and did you give the following answers:
- 24 | "Q. Did Mr. Rubin ever make any remarks about the fact that
- 25 you or Dr. Edelman are women?

- 1 "A. I don't recall.
- 2 "Q. Do you recall whether Mr. Rubin expressed surprise that
- 3 you or Dr. Edelman are or is a woman?
- 4 "A. I think he mentioned surprise just based on the name. I
- 5 | didn't think twice about it."
- 6 Do you see that?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 | Q. And that's what you testified to at your November
- 9 deposition, correct?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 Q. So Mr. Rubin did express some sort of comment about the
- 12 | fact that you were female?
- 13 A. I think. I think that's what happened.
- 14 | Q. Now, at that meeting, you two -- you and Dr. Edelman --
- 15 | discussed with Messrs. Rubin and Swirnow your prospective
- 16 | contract with NYU, correct?
- 17 A. What was the question? What did we discuss?
- 18 | Q. At that meeting, the same meeting where Mr. Rubin expressed
- 19 | surprise that you were female, you talked about your contract,
- 20 correct?
- 21 | A. I don't remember the specifics of the contract that was
- 22 discussed. That was 12 years ago.
- 23 | Q. And you told Mr. Rubin and Mr. Swirnow that you had an
- 24 | established practice, correct?
- 25 A. Yes.

- Q. You didn't tell him at that meeting that it was a sinking ship, right?
- 3 A. I don't use the words "sinking ship" about my practice.
  - Q. You didn't refer to the practice as a business that's
- 5 | failing, correct?
- 6 A. I don't believe I mentioned that.
- Q. And you also talked about the fact that you had an established referral base, correct?
  - A. I -- I may have. I don't remember.
- 10 Q. I'm going to refer to your transcript, on page 71.
- 11 THE COURT: What line?
- MR. KATAEV: 71, line 17, through 72, line 14, your
- 13 Honor.

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- 14 | THE COURT: Any objection?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: 71:17 through what?
- 16 MR. KATAEV: 71:14.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I object. I think it's improper
- 18 | impeachment to put that all in.
- 19 | THE COURT: Sustained. You haven't established an
- 20 | inconsistency.
- 21 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 22 | Q. The fact that you had an established patient base and
- 23 | referral base is what made your practice, your private practice
- 24 profitable, correct?
- 25 A. Yes.

- Q. And in your discussions with Messrs. Swirnow and Rubin, it was anticipated that a vast majority of your patients would
- 3 | follow you to NYU, correct?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. In addition, you had an infusion center in your private
- 6 practice?
- 7 | A. Yes.
- 8 Q. And you anticipated that a lot of the patients that would
- 9 come to NYU would also need those infusions, correct?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 Q. Even though you or Dr. Edelman would not receive any wRVU
- 12 | credit for those infusions, correct?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. So there was an added benefit to NYU, separate and apart
- 15 | from your production, with those infusions, correct?
- 16 | A. Yes.
- 17 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Foundation.
- 18 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 19 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 20 | Q. And we just referred --
- 21 THE COURT: Sustained as to form.
- 22 BY MR. KATAEV:
- Q. We referred to wRVUs. I'll refer to them as RVUs going
- 24 | forward.
- 25 They are a unit of measure for the productivity of a

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- 1 | physician, correct?
- 2 A. Yes.
- 3 | Q. And you typically earn those RVUs by seeing patients,
- 4 | right?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 Q. And you get different amounts of credit in RVUs for
- 7 different types of tasks, correct?
- 8 A. Different types of texts?
- 9 | 0. Tasks.
- 10 A. Tasks, yes.
- 11 | Q. And the value of the RVU earned depends on the complexity
- 12 and the time spent, correct?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. Whether you perform the task or another doctor performs the
- 15 | task, both of you earn the same amount of wRVUs for the
- 16 | relative task, correct?
- 17 A. What do you mean both of us?
- 18 | Q. If you performed an injection, for example, and you would
- 19 receive, hypothetically, 15 RVUs, if another doctor performed
- 20 | the same injection, that doctor would also receive the same
- 21 | amount of RVUs, correct?
- 22 | A. I assume. It's supposed to be standardized.
- 23 | O. OK. Another doctor would not receive more RVUs because
- 24 | they have more experience, correct?
- 25 A. I -- I only know about my RVUs. I don't know about anybody

- 2 Q. But you have no basis to believe that another doctor would
- 3 receive more in RVUs for the same task than you would just
- 4 based on experience, correct?
- 5 A. I don't have knowledge of that.
- Q. But you do know that the RVU system is a standardized
- 7 | system, correct?
- 8 A. It's supposed to be.
- 9 Q. The value of the RVU earned also depends on the CPT code
- 10 | that you enter for billing, is that right?
- 11 A. I assume.
- 12 | Q. Isn't that what you testified in your --
- 13 THE COURT: Just testify to what you know.
- Go ahead.
- 15 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 16 | Q. Isn't that what you testified to at your deposition?
- 17 A. Can you show me what I testified to?
- 18 | Q. Sure.
- 19 MR. KATAEV: Page 22. Permission to show it to the
- 20 | witness, your Honor?
- 21 THE COURT: Let me look at page 22.
- 22 What lines?
- 23 MR. KATAEV: It's starting at line 3 on page 22 -- I'm
- 24 sorry. On page 21, line 13, through page 22, line 16.
- 25 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Improper.

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THE COURT: What's the basis on which you want to show it to the witness?

MR. KATAEV: To refresh her recollection as to what she testified to about the CPT codes.

THE COURT: Well, no. That's conflating two different things. You can show it to her without displaying it to the jury to refresh her recollection, to see if her recollection is refreshed. I'll permit you to do that.

MR. KATAEV: To clarify, that's all I wanted to do, not for the jury, just for the witness.

THE COURT: But it's not for impeachment. It's to refresh recollection.

MR. KATAEV: Fair enough, your Honor.

MR. LABUDA: Can we show it to the jury, your Honor -- I'm sorry, to the witness?

THE COURT: To the witness.

And the question is going to be look at these pages and see if it brings back a memory to you as to whether the value of an RVU earned depends on the CPT code that you enter for billing. If it brings back a recollection, then tell the jury your refreshed recollection.

BY MR. KATAEV:

- Q. Please start reading from line 17, at the top, and let me know when I can scroll down.
- 25 A. OK.

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1 OK. Yes.

- Q. So do you recall testifying at your --
- THE COURT: No, no. Objection sustained. You're not
- 4 going to ask her about what she testified to previously.
- 5 | That's impeachment. Just ask her whether this brings back a
- 6 memory as to the relationship of CPTs to RVUs.
- 7 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 8 Q. Based on what you've read, do you recall now that a wRVU is
- 9 earned depending on the CPT code entered for billing?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 Q. And CPT stands for current procedural terminology, correct?
- 12 | A. Yes.
- 13 Q. You also received monthly reports regarding RVUs earned
- 14 | from NYU, correct?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 Q. After you started working there?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 | Q. And those reports showed you the tasks you performed and
- 19 the RVUs earned for each task, correct?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 | Q. And throughout your time at NYU, you were paid based on
- 22 | your RVUs earned, correct?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- MR. KATAEV: I'd like to show to the jury Plaintiff's
- 25 Exhibit 11, which I believe is admitted.

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- 1 | THE COURT: It may be published.
- 2 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 3 Q. These are the emails that you exchanged with Messrs. Rubin
- 4 and Swirnow, together with Dr. Edelman, about your contract,
- 5 | correct?
- 6 | A. Yes.

- Q. And as of this date, you remain employed by NYU, correct?
- 8 | A. I remain employed by NYU.
- 9 | Q. And you work at NYU five days a week and always have,
- 10 || correct?
- 11 A. Say that again?
- 12 | Q. And you work at NYU five days a week and always have,
- 13 | correct?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 THE COURT: You mean since she began her employment
- 16 with NYU.
- MR. KATAEV: Yes, your Honor.
- 18 THE COURT: OK.
- 19 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 20 | Q. You've worked there five days a week since you began
- 21 | working at NYU, correct?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 | Q. And in the same way Dr. Edelman worked at NYU five days a
- 24 week, correct?
- 25 A. Yes.

- 1 Q. And you usually saw patients for four of those days and
- 2 spent another day as an admin day, correct?
- 3 A. For a couple of years.
- 4 | Q. But sometimes when you had an admin day, you nonetheless
- 5 saw patients on that fifth day, correct?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 Q. Urgent patients and difficult-to-schedule patients and
- 8 stuff like that, right?
- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 | Q. And Dr. Edelman saw patients late on Wednesdays, correct?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. And other doctors saw patients late on other days, correct?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. And you have a private office at NYU, correct?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 | Q. Your office remains private and unshared, correct?
- 17 A. I think it's been used by some physicians when I'm not
- 18 | there, but --
- 19 | Q. Having a private, unshared office is something that you
- 20 | negotiated for together with Dr. Edelman, correct?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. And you understood that your office was to be unshared,
- 23 correct?
- 24 A. At the time that we started the practice, yes.
- 25 | Q. Now, when you negotiated your contract, you agreed to a

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- 1 | three-year term, right?
- 2 A. Yes.
- 3 | Q. And you initially sought more in compensation than what you
- 4 actually contractually agreed to, correct?
- 5 A. Can you repeat that?
- 6 Q. When you first started negotiations, you sought more in
- 7 | compensation than what you were ultimately given, correct?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. Would I be right to say you sought \$280,000 as a salary?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 Q. And that's the same compensation that Dr. Edelman sought,
- 12 | correct?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. And the reason why you were told you were being paid
- 15 | \$207,000 was because of the loan that was being assumed by NYU,
- 16 correct?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 Q. You weren't told anything about your level of experience,
- 19 | correct?
- 20 A. Correct.
- 21 | Q. You weren't told anything about your ability to produce,
- 22 correct?
- 23 | A. Correct.
- 24 | Q. Do you have an understanding as to the remaining principal
- 25 | balance of that loan?

- 1 A. Current remaining balance?
- 2 | Q. No. As of the time you were negotiating this contract.
- 3 A. I don't remember. Off the top of my head, no.
- 4 Q. NYU received things of value for assuming the lease,
- 5 correct?
- 6 A. Can you clarify?
- Q. When they assumed your lease, they had the right to use
- 8 | that space to make profit in another practice, correct?
- 9  $\parallel$  A. They assumed the lease of our practice.
- 10 | Q. And it's your understanding that they ultimately placed
- 11 another group of doctors there, right?
- 12 A. They used it for other -- I don't know who they placed
- 13 | there.
- 14 | Q. But you know that they used it?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16  $\parallel$  Q. OK. And if you were unable to have them assume that lease,
- 17 | you would have subleased that space to someone, correct?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. Because you viewed that lease as an asset, correct?
- 20 A. As an asset?
- 21 | Q. Correct.
- 22 | A. I don't know if I viewed it as an asset. It was a lease
- 23 | that we were responsible for, for the duration of the term.
- 24 | Q. When you negotiated that lease, you got a very favorable
- 25 rent rate, correct?

- A. It was the going rate. I don't know if it was a favorable rate.
- 3 Q. Now, going back to the loan, you used the proceeds of that
- 4 | loan to build out that practice, correct?
- 5 A. We used the loans to build out the practice.
- Q. In other words, to buy equipment and furniture and things of that nature, correct?
- 8 | A. Yes.
- 9 Q. And you did it so that the space was presentable for patients when they came in, is that right?
- 11 A. Yes.
- 12 Q. You also hired a designer to build out that space, correct?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- Q. And there were construction costs involved in building that
- 15 | practice out, isn't that right?
- 16 A. I'm not sure if we beared the cost of the constructions or
- 17 | if the landlord assumed some of the construction costs. I
- 18 don't remember now.
- 19 Q. Either way, you received the value of the construction,
- 20 | right?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. Even better if the landlord paid for it, correct?
- 23 | A. Sure.
- 24 MR. KATAEV: I'm going to show Plaintiff's Exhibit 37.
- 25 Permission to show it to the witness?

- 1 THE COURT: Yes. Is there an objection to 37?
- 2 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No, your Honor.
- THE COURT: Are you offering it, counsel? 3
- 4 MR. KATAEV: Yes, your Honor.
- 5 THE COURT: 37 is received and may be published to the
- 6 jury if you would like.
- 7 (Plaintiff's Exhibit 37 received in evidence)
- 8 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 9 0. This is your contract with NYU, right?
- 10 Α. Yes.
- 11 And whatever the terms are that you have in here, they're
- 12 the same terms, in sum and substance, as Dr. Edelman's,
- 13 correct?
- 14 Α. Yes.
- 15 Q. Whenever you negotiated any addition, removal or change in
- 16 these terms, you sought it equally, correct?
- 17 A. Yes.
- 18 I'm going to point to you the bottom of the page of D911 in
- this exhibit. It's entitled lease/sublease/business loan. 19
- 20 you see that?
- 21 Α. Yes.
- 22 Q. And it says in here that NYU accepted an assignment and
- 23 assumption of that lease for your office, correct?
- 24 Α. Yes.
- 25 And in addition, it assumed the sublease of all the office

- leases, the equipment leases, utility contracts, maintenance
- 2 contracts, service contracts and similar contracts relating to
- 3 | the day-to-day operations of the practice, correct?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 | Q. And it included the outstanding loan payments on your
- 6 practice -- on your business loan, for the buildout of the
- 7 | practice, correct?
- 8 | A. Yes.
- 9 Q. Going back to the amount that you ultimately agreed to
- 10 accept for your compensation, that was the number that NYU
- 11 | originally offered you, correct?
- 12 | A. Yes.
- 13 Q. So even though you attempted to negotiate a much higher
- 14 | amount, NYU refused, correct?
- 15 | A. This is what they had offered, and we accepted.
- 16 Q. But they refused to give you the amount that you sought
- 17 | that you testified about earlier, 280,000, correct?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 | Q. And you sought numbers in between 207 and 280, and they
- 20 still refused, correct?
- 21  $\parallel$  A. I think they -- yes.
- 22 | Q. OK. And this salary of 207,000 remained the same for you
- 23 all three years of this term, correct?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. Focusing on the reimbursement of business expenses

1 provision, you were capped at \$3,000, right?

Α. Yes.

- And you learned at your deposition in October of '21, when 3
- you reviewed the contracts of the male doctors, that they did 4
- not have such a cap, correct? 5
- 6 That's what was presented to me during the deposition. Α.
- 7 And you read that for yourself at the deposition, correct?
- 8 Α. Yes.
- 9 And prior to that time, you had no idea that there was no 0.
- 10 cap on the male doctors' business expenses, correct?
- 11 Α. I didn't.
- 12 Focusing on the bottom of D908 of this exhibit, in exchange
- 13 for the \$207,000 you were offered and accepted, you had to
- produce 4,912 RVUs, correct? 14
- 15 Α. Yes.
- 16 And when you divide your salary into those RVUs, you only
- 17 got \$42.14, assuming you met your target, correct?
- 18 If that's what it comes out to with the math.
- 19 You were told by NYU that they did a business analysis to
- come up with this target and your salary, correct? 20
- 21 Α. Yes.
- 22 But they never shared this business plan with you, did
- 23 thev?
- 24 Α. I don't believe so.
- 25 And to your knowledge, did that business plan have any

1 | reference to RVUs in it?

- 2 | A. We were not RVU-based before we met with NYU.
- 3 Q. When you met with NYU, they asked you for the data so that
- 4 | they could see how many RVUs you produced, didn't they?
- 5 A. They asked to see -- I guess the analysis was based on the
- 6 patient volume and our reimbursement rates or collections,
- 7 because we were not RVU-based before. That was their analysis.
- 8 Q. And you discussed this analysis with them during the
- 9 | negotiations, correct?
- 10 A. I don't remember.
- 11 | Q. After your first three years, you renewed your agreement
- 12 | with NYU, correct?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. And you again negotiated your contract together with Dr.
- 15 | Edelman, isn't that right?
- 16 | A. Yes.
- 17 MR. KATAEV: I'll place up on the screen what will be
- 18 | marked as Plaintiff's Exhibit 12.
- 19 THE COURT: I think 12 is in evidence.
- 20 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Yes, your Honor.
- 21 | THE COURT: You can put it on the screen and publish
- 22 | it to the jury if you'd like.
- MR. KATAEV: Thank you, your Honor.
- 24 | Q. In these emails, whatever Dr. Edelman sent was sent on
- 25 behalf of herself and for you, correct?

- I'm focusing your attention on this part.
- 2 THE COURT: Why don't you start the question again,
- because you had asked a question about all of the emails, and 3
- 4 now you're focusing her just on one.
- BY MR. KATAEV: 5
- 6 Q. With respect to the email that Dr. Edelman sent to
- 7 Mr. Swirnow on November 13 of 2017 --
- THE COURT: At 7:31 p.m. 8
- BY MR. KATAEV: 9
- 10 -- 7:31 p.m., you negotiated this contract together with
- 11 Dr. Edelman, correct?
- 12 We -- we started the negotiations together, yes.
- 13 Q. And you sought to negotiate certain aspects of your
- 14 agreement, right?
- A. Yes. 15
- 16 Q. You wanted your RVU target to remain the same, for example,
- 17 right?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. And you also wanted a higher salary than what they offered
- 20 you, correct?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 Q. And the only way they gave you a higher salary was by
- removing the business expense reimbursement and adding it into 23
- your salary, isn't that right? 24
- 25 I believe so. Α.

- 1 Q. Now, NYU told you that they could increase your salary to
- 2 | 270 only because your loans had already been paid off, correct?
- 3 | A. Yes.
- 4 Q. That was the sole reason that you got an increase, correct?
- 5 A. That was a part of the initial negotiations in 2014, is
- 6 that when the business loan was paid off, that amount would be
- 7 | added back into our salaries.
- 8 MR. KATAEV: I want to mark for identification
- 9 Plaintiff's Exhibit 38. I believe it's already been admitted.
- 10 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: It's not been admitted, your Honor.
- 11 | THE COURT: Any objection to 38?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No.
- 13 | THE COURT: 38 is received and may be published to the
- 14 | jury.
- 15 | (Plaintiff's Exhibit 38 received in evidence)
- 16 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 17 | Q. Now, this is your second contract with NYU, right?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 | Q. And it's for another three-year term, correct?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 | Q. And in here, your compensation is increased to 270,000,
- 22 || right?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. But your RVU target decreased by, I believe, 12 RVUs,
- 25 | correct?

- 1 A. That's what the number says.
- 2 Q. And that was because you did not earn as many RVUs,
- 3 correct?
- 4 A. I don't think the 12 RVUs is significant.
- 5 Q. It was reduced, though, wasn't it?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 Q. Are you aware as to how many RVUs Dr. Edelman produced
- 8 during the same three-year period?
- 9 | A. No.
- 10 | Q. Are you aware that she earned 5,200 RVUs, and her target
- 11 | increased?
- 12 A. No.
- MR. KATAEV: I'm going to go back to exhibit 12, which
- 14 | is already admitted.
- 15  $\parallel$  Q. In the November 13, 2017, email on the bottom, at 11:23
- 16 | a.m., Josh Swirnow -- well, read that and just tell me when
- 17 | you're done.
- 18 A. OK.
- 19 | Q. Based on this email, it's fair to say, isn't it, that Dr.
- 20 | Edelman earned 5,200 RVUs during the same period?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. So she was more productive than you, correct?
- 23 A. More productive? Her RVUs were higher than mine.
- 24 | Q. Which means she was more productive, correct?
- 25 A. It means her RVUs were higher than mine.

- 1 Q. Because she did more tasks that earned her more RVUs,
- 2 | correct?
- A. Maybe she had more office hours than I had and was able to see more patients.
- 5 Q. And that would make her more productive, correct?
- 6 A. That would make it a higher RVU.
- Q. You next negotiated your agreement with NYU after this contract expired, correct?
- 9 A. Say it again?
- 10 Q. You next negotiated a third agreement with NYU after the second contract expired, correct?
- 12 | A. Yes.
- 13 Q. And that occurred in or about February 2021, correct?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. And that was about a month after Dr. Edelman filed this
- 16 | lawsuit in January of '21, correct?
- 17 | A. I don't know when she filed the lawsuit.
- 18 Q. I'm going to show you what's already been received in
- 19 | evidence as plaintiff's complaint, exhibit RRR. I'll represent
- 20 | to you that this is the as-filed complaint in this case. Do
- 21 you see the date on top?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 | Q. And so it's true that Dr. Edelman filed her complaint in
- 24 | January of '21, correct?
- 25 A. That's what it says.

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But the agreement was signed in February of '21, correct? Q.

My contract, initial contract, had expired the end of

January of 2021, and the contract was to be renewed February of 2020, but the negotiations started the end of 2020.

- And that's because of Covid, correct?
- That's not because of Covid. Α.
- For this third contract, you did not negotiate together with Dr. Edelman, correct?
- 12 Α. Correct.

MR. KATAEV: I'd like to offer exhibit 39.

THE COURT: Dr. Mehta, you testified, or the reporter got it down, that the contract was to be renewed February of 2020.

Did you mean to say February of 2021?

THE WITNESS: February of 2021, correct.

THE COURT: Go ahead, counsel.

MR. KATAEV: I'd like to offer exhibit 39.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No objection.

THE COURT: 39 is received and may be published to the

23 jury.

(Plaintiff's Exhibit 39 received in evidence)

THE COURT: I'm not sure RRR is in evidence. I think

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it was offered into evidence, but is there any dispute that RRR 1 2 is in evidence?

MR. KATAEV: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: OK.

And I see defendants shaking their head that there's no dispute that RRR is in evidence.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: It can be in evidence. I don't think we actually did offer it, but we can put it in evidence.

THE COURT: OK. So RRR is received.

(Defendants' Exhibit RRR received in evidence)

BY MR. KATAEV:

- Showing you Plaintiff's Exhibit 39, this indicates that you received a \$10,000 raise, correct?
- 14 Yes. Α.

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- 15 Q. And it did, in fact, occur in February of 2021, correct?
  - That was the effective date. Α.
- 17 And to your knowledge, you have the same RVU target? Ο.
- 18 Α. Yes.
- MR. KATAEV: I'd like to offer Plaintiff's Exhibit 40 19 20 in evidence.
- 21 THE COURT: Any objection?
- 22 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No.
- 23 THE COURT: 40 is received and may be published to the
- 24 jury.
- 25 (Plaintiff's Exhibit 40 received in evidence)

- 1 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 2 | Q. Now, this is the third renewal, correct?
- 3 | A. Yes.
- 4 Q. And it says November 24, 2020, at the top, right?
- $5 \parallel A. \text{ Yes.}$
- 6 Q. But it reflects your increased compensation from February
- 7 | of '21, correct?
- 8 A. Correct.
- 9 Q. Do you have any knowledge as to why there's a discrepancy
- 10 | in these dates?
- 11 A. Can you clarify?
- 12 | Q. Well, the previous exhibit says February '21, but this
- 13 contract is dated November 2020, preceding it?
- 14 A. Sure. That's when the negotiations started, but the
- 15 | effective date was to begin after the end of my previous
- 16 contract.
- 17 | Q. OK. And like Dr. Edelman, you could not be terminated
- 18 except for cause, correct?
- 19 A. Correct.
- 20 | Q. But in this contract, NYU inserted a provision that allowed
- 21 | them to terminate you for cause if you disparaged them,
- 22 correct?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. It says in here that you could be terminated for cause if
- 25 you engaged in conduct, such as speech, that would have a

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1 detrimental effect upon the reputation of NYU, right?

A. Does it say speech? I'm not reading it correctly?

MR. KATAEV: I'm going to read it into the record.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Relevance.

THE COURT: Overruled.

BY MR. KATAEV:

Q. At the top it says, "your employment, faculty appointment and this agreement may be terminated by NYU for cause."

I'm going to skip the tenured part because I believe you're not tenured.

It says here, NYU has determined that the following are instances of cause and of "conduct of a character seriously prejudicial to a faculty member's teaching or research or to the welfare of the university." and then it lists several bullet points, correct?

- A. Yes.
- Q. To your knowledge, these initial bullet points were always in your contract, correct?
  - A. I believe so.
- Q. But this provision was added after Dr. Edelman filed her
- 22 | A. That I don't know.

lawsuit, correct?

- Q. You weren't aware that NYU slipped this provision in in your latest contract?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.

- 1 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 2 BY MR. KATAEV:
- You didn't read the contract fully before you signed it? 3
- I read it. I don't remember all the details of the 4
- 5 contract.
- It's fair to say that you're prohibited from saying 6
- 7 anything bad about NYU, correct?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. 8
- 9 THE COURT: It goes to her understanding. I'll permit 10 it.
- 11 What's your understanding?
- 12 THE WITNESS: I can say whatever I want. It's my
- 13 opinion.
- BY MR. KATAEV: 14
- 15 Q. Did you have this agreement reviewed by an attorney?
- Can you -- can you say it again and clarify? 16
- This agreement that's in front of you, did you have it 17
- 18 reviewed by an attorney?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 Q. Now, in October of 2020, you and Dr. Edelman discussed via
- 21 text message your renewal, correct?
- 22 A. We had several text messages, and we were discussing
- 23 renegotiations.
- 24 OK. And in October of 2020, both of you understood that
- you would be renewed, correct? 25

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MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. 1

2 THE COURT: Sustained.

BY MR. KATAEV:

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- 4 In October of 2020, it was your understanding that your Q.
- 5 contract would be renewed, correct?
- A. Yes. 6

- 7 Q. And you had no basis to believe that Dr. Edelman's contract
- would not be renewed, correct? 8
- I didn't have any understanding of whether she was going to 9
- 10 be renewed or not renewed.
- 11 In your text messages you discussed learning about what
- other doctors make per RVU, correct? 12
- A. I didn't know any of the other doctors' salaries or 13
- 14 compensation.
- Q. But you discussed learning about it in order to position 15
- yourself for negotiations, correct? 16
- 17 A. We were texting about inquiring about other doctors' RVUs
- 18 and compensations.
- 19 Q. And that was for the purpose of positioning yourself to
- 20 negotiate, correct?
- 21 Α. Yes.
- 22 Q. And learning that information would have helped you to get
- 23 a higher salary potentially, right?
- 24 Α. Potentially.
- 25 And it was your understanding that the higher the RVU

- 1 | target the higher the pay, correct?
- 2 A. The higher the RVU cost -- yes.
- 3 | Q. You also discussed which of the male doctors would be or
- 4 | would not be willing to share the information that you sought
- 5 | to learn, correct?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 Q. And you determined that Dr. Porges was unlikely to share
- 8 | the information, correct?
- 9 A. Correct.
- 10 | Q. But you thought that Dr. Goldberg might because he was the
- 11 doctor that referred you there, correct?
- 12 A. I believe so.
- 13 | Q. And you also talked about Dr. Modi being willing to share
- 14 | information because he went to fellowship with you and Dr.
- 15 | Edelman, correct?
- 16 | A. Yes.
- 17 | Q. That was at Winthrop, right?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- 19 Q. During your discussions via text message with Dr. Edelman,
- 20 you assumed that you were not being paid equally in comparison
- 21 | to the male doctors, correct?
- 22 A. That was the assumption.
- 23 | Q. And in fact, you discussed obtaining equal salaries for the
- 24 same productivity, correct?
- 25 A. Correct.

- Q. That's why you wanted to find out the dollar value per RVU target, correct?
- 3 | A. Yes.
- 4 | Q. Now, what work do you do as a rheumatologist?
- 5 A. What is your question?
- 6 Q. Is it fair to say that you see patients as part of your
- 7 duties as a rheumatologist?
- 8 A. I see patients.
- 9 | Q. And you evaluate and consult with them, correct?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 Q. And to your knowledge, all the other rheumatologists do the
- 12 | same type of work, correct?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. You did the same work that Dr. Edelman did when you were at
- 15 NYU, correct -- when she was at NYU?
- 16 A. We all saw patients, yes.
- 17 Q. And you all diagnosed them, correct?
- And you discussed the cases together, isn't that right?
- 19 A. We discussed some cases together.
- 20 | Q. And that forms the basis for your knowledge that the
- 21 | doctors that you worked with did the same work as you, correct?
- 22 | A. As rheumatologists, your practices are similar. You see a
- 23 | similar subset of patients.
- 24 | Q. Is it fair to say that the work --
- 25 THE COURT: Counsel, it's 12:58, so when you get to a

convenient breaking point, let's take our lunch break. 1 2 MR. KATAEV: Sure. One or two minutes. 3 Q. Is it fair to say that the work that you did as doctors --4 that's including you, Dr. Edelman, Dr. Porges, Dr. Modi and 5 Dr. Goldberg -- that your work was substantially similar to each other? 6 7 A. Yes. 8 MR. KATAEV: OK. We could stop now. 9 THE COURT: OK. Members of the jury, it is just about 10 1 o'clock, so we're going to take our lunch break. We're going 11 to reconvene promptly at 2 o'clock. 12 Have a good lunch. Please do not talk about the case 13 amongst yourselves during the break. Don't talk about the case 14 with anyone else. Don't do any research. We're still 15 receiving all the evidence, so until all the evidence is in and until after I give you your instructions, you're not to discuss 16 17 the case among yourselves. 18 Have a good lunch. See you back here by 2 o'clock. 19 (Continued on next page) 20 21 22 23 24 25

(Jury not present)

THE COURT: Dr. Mehta, you may step down.

During the break, you're not to have any conversations about the substance of the case with counsel for the defendants. And please try to be back here, maybe, at ten of two.

Same thing with all counsel. Please be back here at ten of two.

You may be seated.

Now, plaintiff's counsel had something that they wanted to mention to me about the jury charge.

MR. LABUDA: Yes, your Honor.

I wanted to just say with respect to the issue of the super HR department that was --

THE COURT: Super personnel department, I think, is the quote from the Second Circuit.

MR. LABUDA: Again, with the mixed motive, I think I would just ask the Court to consider adding in some type of language about a pretext involved there, that just because they come up with some reason doesn't mean that that's sufficient.

That was one thing.

And I would note, just from the conversation -- the testimony today, there's some concern about the defendants raising the seniority system, because there's a lot of testimony on cross-examination about the other doctors and

Case 1:21-cv-00502-LJL Document 273-1 Filed 08/23/23 Page 435 of 1503 N7cWede4 their seniority. So we'd just ask the Court to consider that in terms of the revised instructions. THE COURT: OK. Anything else from plaintiff before we break for lunch? MR. LABUDA: No, your Honor. THE COURT: What about from defendants? MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No, your Honor. THE COURT: OK. Again, please try to get here by ten of two, and we're going to go until 5 o'clock today. Thanks, everybody. (Luncheon recess) 

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N7CCede5
                                Mehta - Direct
1
                              AFTERNOON SESSION
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                                   2:01 p.m.
                (In open court; jury not present)
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               THE COURT: Let's have the witness resume her seat.
 4
 5
               And let's bring the jury in.
 6
               Dr. Mehta, I want to remind you you're still under
 7
      oath.
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               THE WITNESS: Yes.
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                (Continued on next page)
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N7CCede5 Mehta - Direct

1 (Jury present)

- THE COURT: Counsel, you may inquire.
- 3 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 4 Q. Welcome back, Dr. Mehta.
- 5 | A. Hi.
- 6 Q. The salary of \$280,000 that you receive now is the salary
- 7 you sought six years ago; correct?
- 8 | A. Yes.
- 9 Q. It took you six years to get the salary that you originally
- 10 | wanted; right?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. And it's fair to say, isn't it, that you report directly to
- 13 Joseph Antonik, who is the site director?
- 14 A. I don't report to Joseph Antonik.
- 15 | Q. But he's viewed as someone who had some managerial
- 16 | authority over you?
- 17 | A. No.
- 18 | Q. He can't have you fired; correct?
- 19 A. Not that I'm aware of.
- 20 Q. Same thing with David Kaplan, right, he doesn't have the
- 21 power to have you fired; correct?
- 22 | A. No.
- 23 | Q. And that would apply equally to Dr. Edelman; correct?
- 24 A. I would assume, yes.
- 25 | Q. It's Mr. Rubin and Swirnow that have the ability to hire

N7CCede5

- 1 | and fire physicians; correct?
- 2 A. I believe so.
- 3 | Q. They're the ones that on-boarded you and hired you;
- 4 | correct?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 Q. They were the only people that you met with in order to get
- 7 | a job at NYU; correct?
- 8 A. We met with some of the rheumatologists in the NYU faculty.
- 9 Q. But those rheumatologists did not have the ability to hire
- 10 or fire you; correct?
- 11 A. I don't believe so.
- 12 | Q. Just Rubin and Swirnow had the ability to do that; correct?
- 13 A. I believe.
- 14 Q. And those individuals are here today in the courtroom;
- 15 || correct?
- 16 | A. Who are you referencing?
- 17 | Q. Mr. Rubin and Mr. Swirnow.
- 18 A. They're not here right now.
- 19 | Q. They were here today; correct?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 | Q. Earlier, we talked about infusions. Do you recall that
- 22 | testimony?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. In your private practice when you performed infusions or
- 25 when Dr. Edelman performed infusions, you received that money

- 1 directly to your precise practice; correct?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 | Q. You enjoyed the benefit of that production; correct?
- 4 | A. Sure.
- 5 | Q. In NYU, you did not enjoy the benefit of any production of
- 6 | infusions; correct?
- 7 A. Correct.
- 8 Q. NYU enjoyed that; correct?
- 9 | A. Sure.
- 10 | Q. So that's a benefit that you lost in moving over to NYU;
- 11 | correct?
- 12 A. It was not a great benefit. There was not a lot of revenue
- 13 generated from infusions.
- 14 | Q. But NYU nonetheless got that benefit?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 | Q. Going back to the text message exchange we were discussing
- 17 | before, do you recall -- withdrawn.
- 18 You recall that Dr. Edelman informed you that Dr. Modi's
- 19 RVU target was over 6000 RVUs; correct?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 | Q. And both of you expressed surprise and disbelief he was
- 22 | actually meeting that target; correct?
- 23  $\parallel$  A. I think we questioned it, yes.
- 24 | Q. You wanted to -- either you or Dr. Edelman characterized
- 25 | that as impossible; correct?

That's what she said; correct?

24 A. Yes.

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Q. And you agreed with that statement at the time you two

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- 1 | discussed it; correct?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 | Q. You also discussed the fact that every male physician had a
- 4 | title at NYU; correct?
- 5 A. Not every male physician.
- 6 Q. Dr. Modi didn't; right?
- 7 A. Not that I know of. He's at a different practice. I don't
- 8 know his title there.
- 9 Q. And he started later; isn't that right?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 Q. Three years later than you, Dr. Edelman, Porges, and
- 12 | Goldberg?
- 13 A. I believe so.
- 14 | Q. But you were never offered any such title, were you?
- 15 | A. No.
- 16  $\parallel$  Q. And you were never even informed about the availability of
- 17 | such a title?
- 18 A. No.
- 19 Q. And this kind of administrative title would be perfect for
- 20 | you in a sense, wouldn't it?
- 21 | A. No.
- 22 | Q. Isn't it true that you ran a private practice and managed
- 23 | employees?
- 24 | A. Sure.
- 25 | Q. And so you were qualified to do that work, weren't you?

- 1 A. Just because I was qualified didn't mean I wanted it.
- Q. If you wanted it, you would have been qualified to do it;
- 3 correct?
- 4 A. I would be qualified to do it.
- 5 Q. But you were never given that opportunity, were you?
- 6 A. I was never given the opportunity nor did I seek the
- 7 opportunity.
- 8 | Q. At the near end of this text message exchange, you state
- 9 | that "NYU will not disclose or be transparent about salaries.
- 10 Gender and age discrimination in salary compensation exists,
- 11 | 100 percent, but so hard to prove." Do you see that?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. You still maintain that position today; correct?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 | Q. At the time that you negotiated your contract with NYU, all
- 16 | three times, you never knew what the male doctor salaries were
- 17 | up until -- withdrawn.
- 18 You never knew what the male doctor salaries were at any
- 19 | time; correct?
- 20 | A. I did not.
- 21 | Q. You knew what Dr. Edelman's salary was because you
- 22 | negotiated together; correct?
- 23 | A. I knew the salaries for the first two contracts. The last
- 24 contract, her salary -- her contract was sent to her
- 25 separately, it wasn't sent to me.

- Q. So it's fair to say that you were really in the dark about what the males earned; right?
- A. I was not aware of anyone's salaries, either male or female physicians.
  - Q. But you became aware of what those salaries were at your November 2021 deposition; correct?
  - A. Yes.

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THE COURT: You're not posting something to the witness or anybody?

MR. KATAEV: No.

THE COURT: You're free to post stuff, just if you ask permission and I grant it.

MR. KATAEV: Of course.

THE COURT: Same rule for everybody.

- Q. And you're aware of those salaries because I showed them to you during your deposition; right?
- 17 | A. Yes.
  - Q. And you learned during that deposition that Dr. Goldberg made \$315,000 a year and only had to earn 3481 RVUs, correct?

    A. Yes.
    - MR. KATAEV: I'd like to place up for the jury exhibit 24. I believe it's been received.
- THE COURT: You may do so.
- Q. Dr. Goldberg had to earn approximately 1500 less in RVUs; correct?

- 1 Α. Yes.
- 2 But he was paid \$80,000 more than you at that time;
- correct? 3
  - Yes. Α.

- 5 Effectively, he was paid more to do less; correct?
- 6 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 7 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 8 You would agree with me that Dr. Goldberg is not more
- qualified than you; correct? 9
- 10 We're both board certified rheumatologists. Α.
- 11 So you would say you're equal in qualifications; correct?
- 12 Α. Yes.
- 13 And you were fully capable of performing the same work that 0.
- 14 Dr. Goldberg was; correct?
- 15 Α. Yes.
- And that includes the administrative items that he 16
- 17 performed; correct?
- 18 Can you repeat that question.
- 19 The work that you could also do that Dr. Goldberg does
- 20 includes any administrative work that he did; correct?
- 21 I would be qualified to do that, yes.
- 22 But NYU did not offer you the opportunity to be more
- 23 productive and earn more; correct?
- 24 Α. It was not presented.
- 25 That was something that was presented to Dr. Goldberg,

1 | wasn't it?

- 2 A. That I don't know about because I was not a part of that
- 3 discussion.
- 4 | Q. Well, he is the clinical director at NYU, isn't he?
- 5 A. I don't know if that's his title. I think he's the
- 6 clinical director of the infusion center.
- 7 | Q. Had you been given the opportunity to earn more, you would
- 8 | have taken it; correct?
- 9 A. What do you mean by "opportunity to earn more"?
- 10 Q. In line with what we've been discussing before.
- 11 A. Would that mean more hours or --
- 12 | Q. Earning more for being more productive.
- 13 A. If that would have included more hours, I would not have
- 14 accepted it.
- 15 | Q. It was unfair for Dr. Goldberg to earn more than you did;
- 16 | correct?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 | Q. You also learned during the deposition that I took of you
- 19 | in November of '21 that Dr. Porges also earned more; correct?
- 20 A. His base compensation was higher as was his targeted RVU.
- 21 MR. KATAEV: I'd like to present to the jury
- 22 | exhibit 31. I believe it's been received.
- THE COURT: You may do so.
- 24 | Q. Before we look at the numbers, I want to focus your
- 25 attention on the 1-percent bonus that I've highlighted. Do you

N7CCede5 Mehta - Direct

- 1 see that?
- 2 Yes. Α.
- That's the same bonus that you're offered; correct? 3 0.
- It's the same productivity bonus. 4 Α.
- The same formula; right? 5 Q.
- Correct. 6 Α.
- 7 1-percent increase in RVUs equals a 1-percent increase in 8 compensation; correct?
- Correct. 9 Α.
- 10 I'd like to try and do a comparison of what you would earn
- 11 had you performed the same number of RVUs that Dr. Porges was
- 12 expected to do.
- 13 Now, you see here that the target for Dr. Porges is 6524; 14 correct?
- 15 A. Correct.
- Q. And in order to get his salary of \$340,000, he had to meet 16
- 17 that target of 6524; correct?
- 18 A. Yes.
- MR. KATAEV: Your Honor, with your permission, I would 19
- 20 like to use the calculator for the Court to take judicial
- 21 notice of some math.
- 22 THE COURT: You can ask the witness questions, use the
- 23 calculator and bring it. I'm not going to take judicial
- 24 notice, but if there is testimony that you can establish,
- 25 you'll do it that way.

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THE COURT: Basis.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I didn't follow the question.

THE COURT: Why don't you ask the question again.

- Q. If you take 6524 RVUs and divide that into 4912, which you were expected to earn, that comes out to 32.8 percent more in RVUs, correct, based on the math that I showed you on the calculator?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I still don't follow the question, your Honor.

15 | THE COURT: I'll sustain it.

- Q. If I take 4912 RVUs and add on 32.81 percent, I get 6524 RVUs, correct, as demonstrated on the calculator?
- A. That's what the math shows.
- Q. And so since it's 32.81 percent, you would receive a bump in your salary of 32.81 percent, correct, according to that bonus formula?
- A. I don't understand how you do the formula. So if that's what the number is --
- Q. I just want to be clear, it says here in Dr. Porges' contract, as it does in yours, that you will receive as

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incentive compensation 1 percent of your clinical compensation, 1 that's \$207,000, for every 1 percent of your actual 2 3 productivity exceeding the RVU target. So if you had earned 4 6524, that means that you had earned 32 percent more, correct, 5 based on the math? 6

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.

THE COURT: Sustained.

- Taking your salary of \$207,000 and multiplying it by 32 percent would make your bonus and your salary together \$274,000 and change; correct?
- I guess that's what the math says.
- And you agree with me, basic premise, without any math, for 12 13 every 1 percent that you exceed your RVU target, you get an 14 equal 1 percent as a bonus; right?
  - Α. That's what the formula said.
  - So if you did 32 more percent in RVUs, you would get 32 percent more in salary; correct?
  - I don't understand the formula. I don't understand your question. So if that's what the math comes out to, you can --
    - Q. Accepting my premise that you would have received as a bonus \$274,000 for 6524 RVUs, you recognize you would still be
- 22 paid less than Dr. Porges for the same amount of RVUs; correct?
- 23 Can you do me a favor, can you do something like generate
- 24 what per RVU I made for the -- for my salary compensation and
- 25 then can you compare it side by side.

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- 1 Sure. So \$207,000 in salary divided by 4912 in RVUs comes
- out to \$42.14; correct? 2
- 3 Α. Okay.
- So if you multiple that by the 6524 that Dr. Porges had to 4 Q.
- make, you would get \$274,000; correct? 5
- 6 Α. Yes.
- 7 So if you had done 6524 RVUs just like Dr. Porges, you
- would still make substantially less than he made; correct? 8
- Yes. 9 Α.
- 10 Can I just add something to that?
- 11 0. There's no question pending, Dr. Mehta.
- 12 THE COURT: If it's necessary to clarify your
- 13 testimony, yes. If not, you wait for cross examination.
- 14 THE WITNESS: Okay.
- 15 Q. Now, Dr. Porges has worked at NYU since about the same time
- that you started there, right, give or take a few months? 16
- 17 Yes. Α.
- He only became a director a few years later, didn't he? 18
- 19 Α. Yes.
- And you only learned about his role after he got it; right? 20 0.
- 21 Α. Yes.
- 22 Dr. Porges never spoke to you about any patient complaints
- 23 in his role as director, did he?
- 24 Α. No.
- 25 Prior to 2021 after your deposition, you had no sense that

- 1 | Dr. Porges had any ability to supervise you as a doctor; right?
- 2 A. Correct.
- 3 | Q. You saw him more as a peer and a colleague; right?
- 4 | A. Yes.
- 5 Q. So you found it strange when you looked at a review that
- 6 Dr. Porges had done of Dr. Edelman at your deposition, didn't
- 7 you?
- 8 A. I was surprised.
- 9 Q. You did not even know he had the ability to review the work
- 10 of other doctors; right?
- 11 | A. I didn't, no.
- 12 | Q. You had no knowledge that he ever reviewed your work, did
- 13 he?
- 14 A. No.
- 15 | Q. And again, you were never offered such a role that
- 16 | Dr. Porges had; correct?
- 17 | A. No.
- 18 | Q. Even though he was working there at the same time you were,
- 19 he got that role while you had no idea about it; correct?
- 20 | A. I didn't know if it was offered or if he seeked the role,
- 21 and I was not offered.
- 22 | Q. There was no job posting for that role; correct?
- 23 A. None that I read.
- 24 | Q. There was no flyer, nothing; right?
- 25 A. Usually there's no flyer.

- Mehta Direct
- 1 And NYU has an intranet; right?
- 2 Α. What?
- NYU has an intranet; right? 3 Q.
- Internet service? 4 Α.
- 5 Q. Yes.
- 6 Α. Yes.
- 7 Something that you log into and you get notifications about
- things; right? 8
- Yes. 9 Α.
- 10 You never got any notice on that intranet, did you? Q.
- 11 It was not emailed to me.
- Now, focusing on Dr. Modi, you went to fellowship together 12
- 13 with him; correct?
- 14 Α. Yes.
- You were there together with him and Dr. Edelman; right? 15 Q.
- 16 Α. Yes.
- 17 And this fellowship is something that's a prerequisite to Q.
- 18 going into practice; am I right about that?
- 19 It's additional training to become board certified in
- 20 rheumatology.
- 21 Q. And it's common for doctors to go into fellowships before
- 22 they go into private practice; right?
- 23 If you want to practice that particular subspecialty, yes.
- 24 In fact, it's required if you want to practice that
- 25 specialty; right?

- A. If you want to be a rheumatologist, you have to do
- 2 | rheumatology training.
- Q. So all three of you were the same out the gate in terms of experience and qualifications; right?
- 5 | A. Yes.

- Q. You learned at your deposition that Dr. Modi earned substantially more than you, didn't you?
- 8 A. I learned that he made more.
  - Q. And he made \$360,000; correct?
- 10 A. With a higher RVU.
- 11 Q. That's correct. You would agree with me that there's a
- 12 | discrepancy in pay between you and Dr. Edelman as females and
- 13 | the male doctors; correct?
- 14 A. I can't make that generalization because I don't know what
- 15 | all of the other male physicians make.
- 16 Q. I'd like to show you your deposition transcript at page
- 17 | 142.
- 18 | THE COURT: Lines?
- 19 MR. KATAEV: Is it okay to show it to the witness?
- 20 THE COURT: Just tell me what lines first.
- 21 MR. KATAEV: I believe it starts at line 19 on 142 and
- 22 goes to page 143 at line 22, 143.
- 23 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Improper.
- 24 | THE COURT: What's the basis for using this?
- MR. KATAEV: Impeachment. She said an answer that's

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THE COURT: I don't see the inconsistency. You can ask a couple more questions to see if you can establish the inconsistency.

MR. KATAEV: Can we go to 185, your Honor, starting at line 20, going through 186, line 4.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Same objection.

THE COURT: There's not any consistency based upon the question that you asked her. If you want to ask a different question to establish an inconsistency, you can, but the objection is sustained.

MR. KATAEV: Okay, your Honor. I'll move on.

I'd like to show the jury an exhibit that was previously admitted, it's exhibit HH, defendants'.

THE COURT: You may do so.

- Q. Dr. Mehta, you're familiar with this business plan from your deposition; correct?
- 18 | A. Yes.
  - Q. You only first saw this at your deposition and you had never been shown it before in your negotiations with NYU; correct?
- 22 A. Correct.
- Q. And in here, all the way at the bottom, there's a footnote that references an outstanding business loan of \$326,000;

25 | correct?

- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 | Q. And is it fair to say that of the \$500,000 you had borrowed
- 3 at the time you had started negotiating with NYU, you had paid
- 4 off such that only 326 was remaining?
- 5 A. Can you repeat that.
- 6 Q. Is it fair to say that of the \$500,000 that was borrowed,
- 7 only \$326,000 was left when you were switching over to NYU?
- 8 | A. Yes.
- 9 Q. And that number played a role in your salary negotiations;
- 10 | correct?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. Now, it's fair to say that that loan was divided equally
- 13 between the two of you; right?
- 14 A. Correct.
- 15  $\parallel$  Q. And so, taking the 326 and dividing it by two, that leaves
- 16 | \$163,000 between the two of you that NYU had assumed; right?
- 17 A. Correct.
- 18 Q. And they had paid off that loan within the first three
- 19 | years from the first contract; right?
- 20 A. I don't remember how long it took them, to be honest.
- 21 | Q. Well, for purposes of your increase in salary for the
- 22 | second year, they had assumed that it was paid off; correct?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. So it took them three years, conceivably, to pay it off; is
- 25 | that right?

- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 Q. And if you divide that number by three years, you come up
- 3 | with \$54,333 per year; correct?
- 4 A. Correct.
- 5 | Q. For your half; right? And it would be the same number for
- 6 Dr. Edelman's half; right?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 Q. So from your initial ask of 280, if they subtracted this
- 9 | \$54,000, you would have earned more than 207, wouldn't you?
- 10 A. Can you repeat that.
- 11 | Q. Sure. I'll use the calculator to aid your testimony.
- 12 | \$280,000 minus the \$54,000 per year would have come to
- 13 | \$225,000 and change, wouldn't it?
- 14 | A. Okay.
- 15 | Q. So it's not fair to say -- for NYU to say to you that your
- 16 | loan is the reason why your salary was 207; correct?
- 17 | A. Okay.
- 18 Q. Based on these principles of math; right?
- 19 A. What is your question? Can you clarify, please.
- 20 | Q. You testified that the only reason you received the bump
- 21 | from 207 to 270 was because of this loan?
- 22 | A. 207 to 270 -- yes.
- 23 | Q. But the value of the loan per year is much less than what
- 24 | they took from you in terms of the negotiations; isn't that
- 25 || right?

- 1 A. Can you do the math again for me.
- 2 | Q. Sure.
- 3 A. I just want to make sure --
- 4 | Q. You take the \$326,000 and you divide it by two because
- 5 | there's two of you and you get 163; correct?
- 6 | A. Uh-huh.
- 7 Q. And it was paid off in the first three years such that you
- 8 got the increase; correct?
- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 | Q. And they paid you 207 because of that loan for three years;
- 11 | correct?
- 12 | A. Yes.
- 13 | Q. So you divide that number by three for each year and it's
- 14 only \$54,300 and change; correct?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 | Q. And if you take that away from the 280 you asked for, you
- 17 | get 225, you don't get 207, do you?
- 18 A. No.
- 19 Q. I think we had talked earlier about the fact that
- 20 Dr. Edelman's RVU target was higher than yours for the first
- 21 | renewal because she was more productive; correct?
- 22 A. Her RVU target was higher.
- 23 | Q. And that's because she also saw more patients; right?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. And you have, over the course of the entire time that you

- worked with Dr. Edelman, you referred your patients to her for
  second opinions, didn't you?
  - A. I have referred for second opinions to Dr. Edelman.
- 4 | Q. You trusted her judgment as a doctor; right?
- 5 | A. Yes.

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- 6 Q. And you did so frequently throughout your employment at
- 7 | NYU; correct?
- 8 A. Frequently did what?
  - Q. Referred patients to her of yours.
- 10 A. What is your definition of "frequent"?
- 11 | Q. You tell me, how often did you refer patients to her?
- 12 A. I don't remember how often I referred, but it's not every
- 13 | day.
- 14 | Q. And you're also aware of Dr. Edelman's humanitarian mission
- 15 | to Ecuador; correct?
- 16 | A. Yes.
- 17 | Q. It's fair to say that everyone at NYU applauded Dr. Edelman
- 18 | for doing that because it spoke to NYU's mission; correct?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 20 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 21 | Q. You view Dr. Edelman as equal to you in terms of
- 22 | qualification, skill, and expertise; correct?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. But you learned that her contract was not renewed in
- 25 December of 2020; right?

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- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 | Q. Dr. Edelman told you about this fact; right?
- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 | Q. Because as friends, you two shared everything with each
- 5 other; right?
- 6 A. Everything?
- 7 | Q. Most things.
- 8 A. Most things?
- 9 Q. You tell me, did you at least share things that went on at
- 10 NYU together?
- 11 THE COURT: I guess the record should reflect that in
- 12 the last two answers, there was a question mark at the end of
- 13 | the witness's answer.
- I take it you agree with that, Mr. Kataev?
- 15 MR. KATAEV: Yes. I'll withdraw the questions and
- 16 I'll re-ask.
- 17 | O. Dr. Edelman shared things of this nature with you, yes?
- 18 A. She shared with me that her contract was not renewed.
- 19 | Q. And you were surprised to learn her contract was not
- 20 renewed; correct?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. And that's because Dr. Edelman was always productive, to
- 23 | your knowledge; right?
- 24 | A. What do you mean, "productive"?
- 25 | Q. At NYU, she did a good job for NYU; right?

- 1 A. She met her targeted RVUs.
- 2 | Q. Now, as far as you know, Dr. Edelman told you about this in
- 3 December of 2020; right?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 | Q. But she didn't leave until April of '21; right?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 Q. And you were not made aware of any concerns at the time
- 8 | that she was nonrenewed in December of 2020 concerning any
- 9 patient care issues; right?
- 10 A. That's not shared with me.
- 11 | Q. And you had no such concerns; right?
- 12 A. I had no concerns, I don't review her charts, and nor was
- anything brought to my attention.
- 14 Q. You had no concerns because you referred her patients;
- 15 || right?
- 16 A. I've referred some of my patients to her for second
- 17 | opinions.
- 18 | Q. And it's fair to say, based on the October 2020 text
- 19 messages that, at that time, Dr. Edelman had no awareness that
- 20 | she was going to be terminated; right?
- 21 | A. At some point, I think she questioned whether or not her
- 22 contract would be renewed.
- 23 | Q. And she questioned that because she made a complaint to
- 24 | human resources; right?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.

1 THE COURT: Sustained.

- 2 Q. Dr. Edelman told you about her complaint against Joseph
- 3 Antonik and David Kaplan, didn't she?
- 4 | A. Yes.
- 5 | Q. She told you around the time she made the complaint; right?
- 6 A. I think it was the time, yes.
- 7 Q. And she also told you that she didn't believe her contract
- 8 | would be renewed because of her complaint; right?
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 | Q. Dr. Edelman also told you that she was very uncomfortable
- 11 | being in the presence of Joseph Antonik and David Kaplan after
- 12 | their meetings with each other?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. She also complained to you that nothing was done about her
- 15 | human resources complaint; correct?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 | Q. If you had made any complaint to human resources, you would
- 18 expect it to be investigated; correct?
- 19 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 20 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 21 | Q. Is it fair to say that Dr. Kaplan had no managerial
- 22 | authority over you?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. And the same would be true about Dr. Edelman; correct?
- 25 A. I assume, yes.

- 1 | Q. His role was limited to logistical issues at NYU; right?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 | Q. He dealt with the practice's operations, making sure the
- 4 | lights were on and things of that nature; right?
- 5 A. You'd have to ask him his role, but that's what I believe.
- 6 Q. We'll get there.
- 7 In the course of your experience working with Dr. Edelman,
- 8 | she was pleasant to work with, wasn't she?
- 9 A. Not always.
- 10 | Q. And is it fair to say that, for the most part, she got
- 11 | along with Ms. Ruiz, the office manager?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 | Q. Do you have any recollection about Dr. Edelman telling you
- 14 about a meeting she had in 2017 with Rubin and Swirnow?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 | Q. She had to go to One Park; correct?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 Q. One Park is headquarters for NYU; right?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 | Q. And that's located at One Park Avenue in Manhattan?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. It must be a really important meeting if you're going
- 23 | there; right?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 25 THE COURT: Sustained.

- Do you recall that, following that meeting, Dr. Edelman 1 told you that Andrew Rubin told her to smile more; right? 2 I don't remember the conversation. That was so long ago. 3 You are aware in this case that NYU is claiming that 4 Ο. Dr. Edelman had patient care issues; right? 5 6 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. 7 THE COURT: Sustained. MR. KATAEV: I want to show Plaintiff's Exhibit 1 for 8 identification. I'm not sure whether it's been admitted yet. 9 10 I believe that it was. 11 THE COURT: I don't think 1 has been admitted. 12 looks like there's no objection. 13 Is there any objection to Plaintiff's Exhibit 1? 14 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Nope. THE COURT: All right. That's received and may be 15 16 published to the jury. 17 (Plaintiff's Exhibit 1 received in evidence) 18 Q. Dr. Mehta, you recall me showing you this chain of emails 19 in your deposition; right? If you showed it to me, I don't remember it today. 21 I'll represent to you that this is an email that Dr. Porges
- 20
- 22 sent to David Kaplan about his alleged concerns with
- 23 Dr. Edelman. I want to focus your attention on this particular
- 24 section here about 10 tubes of blood. Do you see that?
- 25 Α. Yes.

- 1 Just take a second to read the paragraph about that point 2 and let me know when you're done. I'd like to ask you some
- questions about it. 3
  - Yes. Α.

- It's not unreasonable, based on what you read, is it, to 5
- draw more than 10 tubes of blood for a new lupus diagnosis? 6
- 7 A. No.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. 8
- 9 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 10 In the course of your practice as a rheumatologist, it's Ο.
- 11 routine for you to take many tests for new patients; correct?
- 12 Α. Yes.
- Q. Prior to your second renewal in which you had the \$280,000 13
- salary bump, to your knowledge, your performance was not 14
- reviewed, was it? 15
- Not that I was made aware of. 16
- 17 And in terms of Ms. Ruiz, she no longer works at NYU;
- 18 correct?
- 19 A. Correct.
- 20 Q. And to your knowledge, she has relocated to Maryland;
- 21 correct?
- 22 A. Correct.
- Q. But she's flying in from Maryland to testify in this case; 23
- 24 correct?
- 25 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Foundation.

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THE COURT: Sustained as to foundation. 1 Do you know whether she's flying in from Maryland? 2 THE WITNESS: Now I do. I didn't know that before. 3 4 MR. KATAEV: Withdrawn. 5 THE COURT: Then that testimony is stricken. 6 Members of the jury, I think I previously gave you the 7 instruction that lawyers' questions are not evidence. 8 So, go ahead. 9 MR. KATAEV: Just one second, your Honor. 10 O. Dr. Mehta, in the course of your practice as a 11 rheumatologist, entire practice, have you ever drawn more than 12 10 tubes of blood for any one patient? 13 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. 14 THE COURT: Overruled. 15 Α. If the patient's symptoms and diagnoses requires it, then 16 it has been done. So the answer is yes, you have; right? 17 18 Α. Yes. 19 Now, as part of your duties for NYU and to maintain your 20 license, you're required to take boards; correct? 21 Α. Yes. 22 Q. And in the course of your preparation for boards and taking 23 them, you have unfortunately not succeeded several times in 24 passing those boards; correct?

Which boards are you talking about?

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- 1 | Q. The recertification, I believe.
- 2 | A. For which?
- 3 Q. For rheumatology.
- 4 A. No, I've passed it every time I've taken it.
- 5 | Q. There were boards that you took that you didn't pass;
- 6 correct?
- 7 | A. Yes.
- 8 | Q. And when that happened, you had to take it four times
- 9 before you passed; correct?
- 10 | A. Three.
- 11 Q. Three times.
- 12 Also, to your knowledge, did Dr. Edelman ever have any
- 13 | malpractice suit brought against her?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Relevance.
- 15 | THE COURT: Sustained.
- 16 | Q. In terms of your practice while at NYU, there has been at
- 17 | least one malpractice suit brought against you; correct?
- 18 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 19 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 20 Q. Despite the trouble that you had with passing the boards,
- 21 | you remain employed by NYU; correct?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 23 | THE COURT: Sustained as to form.
- Q. You remain employed by NYU to this day; correct?
- 25 A. Yes.

- Q. And you never filed any complaint of discrimination or harassment, did you?
- 3 | A. No.

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- MR. KATAEV: I have no further questions.
- 5 THE COURT: Defense examination.
  - Members of the jury, I'm going to do a stretch break while defense counsel sets up. You might do the same.
- 8 The witness is also welcome to have a stretch break.
- 9 Counsel, you may proceed.
- 10 | CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 11 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- Q. Thank you for being here today. With apologies to you and everyone involved, I'm going to start with some math.
- 14 Counsel was asking you some questions to compare
- Dr. Porges' compensation to your compensation. Do you recall
- 16 | that?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 Q. And at the beginning of your tenure at NYU, what was your
- 19 | salary?
- 20 A. \$207,000.
- 21 Q. And there was this \$3,000 expense number. How did that
- 22 come about?
- 23 | A. I believe we requested based on our assumption of what cost
- 24 | for conferences would be, maybe cellphone usage, et cetera.
- 25 | Q. So the \$3,000 expense number, am I hearing you, that's

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Mehta - Cross

- something you and Dr. Edelman requested? 1
- 2 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Leading.
- THE COURT: Overruled. 3
- 4 Yes. Α.
  - And did NYU agree to it?
- 6 Α. Yes.

- 7 So if I add 207 and \$3,000, what do I get?
- \$210,000. 8 Α.
- Now, was the repayment of the loan something you considered 9 Q.
- 10 to be part of your salary?
- 11 Α. Yes.
- 12 And counsel did a bunch of math and came up with \$54,000 a
- 13 year; right?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. And let's not do the loose change, let's just add 54 to
- 210, what do you get? 16
- 17 264. Α.
- 18 Q. So the value of your initial deal with NYU was at least
- \$264,000? 19
- 20 A. Correct.
- 21 MR. KATAEV: Objection.
- 22 THE COURT: I realize it's leading, but it's really
- 23 just summarizing what the witness has testified to.
- 24 overruled.
- 25 Now, Ms. Cardona is going to help me because I need both a

Mehta - Cross

- calculator and help. 264 divided by 4912, that was your RVU target at the beginning?
- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 | Q. And what do we get? You'll look on the screen and
- 5 Ms. Cardona is doing it. So that's \$53.74; is that right?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 | Q. And let's multiply \$53.74 times Dr. Porges' RVU target,
- 8 which was 6524. So that would have been \$350,000. Do you see
- 9 | that?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- MR. KATAEV: Objection. I don't think anyone sees
- 12 | anything because we don't see anything.
- 13 | THE COURT: Is it on a screen?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No. I guess I didn't publish the
- 15 | math to the jury. I can just ask it as a question.
- 16 THE COURT: Just ask the question.
- Q. If you got \$53.74 per RVU, at Dr. Porges' RVU target level
- 18 | of 6524, it would have been in excess of \$350,000?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 Q. And that was more than Dr. Porges was being paid at the
- 21 | time; right?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 \ Q. What was he being paid at the time, if you remember?
- 24 A. I don't remember. I can't remember. There are a lot of
- 25 numbers up here.

- 1 MR. KATAEV: Your Honor, I apologize. If anything's being presented, we don't see it. 2
- 3 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No, I was just asking questions, 4 your Honor.
- 5 MR. KATAEV: Okay.
  - 350 is more than the 340 Dr. Porges was being paid; right? 0.
- 7 Correct. Α.

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- So if you take into consideration the loan and the 8
- expenses, was your deal richer than Dr. Porges'? 9
- 10 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Asked and answered.
- 11 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 12 Α. Yes.
- 13 And did you have any requirement to do research like 0.
- 14 Dr. Porges did?
- 15 Α. No.
- 16 Do you have any reason to believe you worked harder than
- 17 Dr. Porges?
- 18 Α. No.
- 19 MR. KATAEV: Objection.
- 20 I'm going to turn now and ask some questions about the
- 21 private practice. Let's back up to 2008.
- 22 That's when you went into private practice with
- 23 Dr. Edelman; right?
- 24 Α. Yes.

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And there's already been testimony from everyone, there

- 1 were some loans taken out at the beginning; right?
- 2 Yes. Α.
- And was the business profitable at the beginning? 3
- Α. No. 4
- 5 And why wasn't it profitable?
- It was a startup practice. We didn't have an established 6
- 7 patient basis. We were both newly graduated fellows.
- Is it easy or difficult to open a private medical practice 8
- in the State of New York these days? 9
- 10 Α. It's very difficult.
- 11 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Foundation.
- 12 THE COURT: Sustained.
- Q. Did you find it easy or difficult to open a private medical 13
- 14 practice in New York?
- 15 MR. KATAEV: Same objection.
- THE COURT: Overruled. 16
- 17 It was difficult. Α.
- 18 And the loans, just to be clear, were you personally
- 19 obligated on those loans?
- 20 Α. Yes.
- 21 And the lease, were you personally obligated on the lease?
- 22 Α. Yes.
- 23 And did you and Dr. Edelman share all of those obligations
- 24 50/50?
- 25 Α. Yes.

- Q. And if the business hadn't been successful, did you know whether you would still be obligated on the loans?
  - A. We would still be obligated on the loans.
- 4 Q. And if the business hadn't been successful, would you still
- 5 | be obligated on the lease?
- 6 A. Yes.

- 7 | Q. And that lease was for at least 15 or 20 years?
- 8 | A. 15 years.
- 9 Q. During the time period you were in private practice before
  10 Nassau Radiology, so from 2008 to 2012, what was your take home
- 11 | pay?
- 12 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Beyond the scope of cross.
- THE COURT: Overruled. I take it that you're going to
- 14 be treating this testimony as part of your direct examination
- 15 of the witness.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Yes, your Honor. We're hoping to
- 17 | have Dr. Mehta here one day.
- 18 THE COURT: Pursuant to the agreement pretrial, the
- 19 | objection is overruled.
- 20  $\blacksquare$  A. We were taking home \$5,000 a month and that was coming out
- 21 of our business loan.
- 22 | Q. The business loan was funding your monthly salary?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. So the business loan wasn't all used for renovation of the
- 25 offices?

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- 1 A. No.
- 2 | Q. It was used for operations?
- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 | Q. And eventually, you were going to run out of business loan?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- Q. Is that part of why you started looking to join a bigger outfit?
- 8 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Leading.
- 9 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 10 | Q. Why did you start looking to join a bigger outfit?
- 11 A. Because we weren't really profitable.
- 12 Q. And when did you start looking?
- 13 A. We started looking in 2011 or -- I don't know if it's end
- 14 of 2011 or early 2012.
- 15 Q. And did there come a time where you entered into a business
- 16 arrangement with Nassau Radiology?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 Q. And tell the jury, because I'm not sure anybody's really
- 19 | said yet, what is Nassau Radiology?
- 20 A. It's a radiology group and they were looking to become a
- 21 | multi specialty group. So they were recruiting private
- 22 practices.
- 23 Q. And how big an outfit were they?
- 24 | A. I'm sorry?
- 25 | Q. Like how many employees, if you know, how many doctors?

- A. They were primarily radiologists. And I assume many. I don't know the exact number employed.
- 3 Q. Do you know if it was bigger or smaller than NYU?
- 4 A. Smaller.

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- Q. Was it bigger than your private practice?
- 6 A. 100 percent.
- 7 | Q. So what was the deal you reached --

THE COURT: When you say "100 percent," you mean you're 100 percent certain that it was bigger than your private practice?

11 THE WITNESS: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay. Go ahead.

- Q. What was the deal you reached with Nassau Radiology?
- 14 A. What do you mean, "the deal"?
- Q. Well, you came to an agreement with them to start working with them in 2012; right?
- 17 | A. Correct.
- 18 Q. So what was the arrangement between you and Nassau
- 19 Radiology? Did you become their employee? Did you sell the
- 20 practice to them? What was the deal?
- 21 A. We were an employee and they did an analysis and they
- 22 offered us a salary and they assumed they would pay our lease
- and they would help to pay our loan, too.
- 24 | Q. So Nassau Radiology offered you a salary. How much did
- 25 | they offer you?

- 1 | A. I believe it was \$200,000.
- 2 | Q. And they were going to pay your loan?
- 3 | A. Yes.
- 4 | Q. And did they make payments on the loan from 2012 to 2014?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- Q. So for two years prior to NYU, the payments on the loan
- 7 were made not by you and Dr. Edelman, but by Nassau Radiology?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. And same thing with the lease, they started making payments
- 10 on the lease?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. Now --
- 13 THE COURT: Can you avoid the leading.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I'll really try.
- 15 | Q. Did there come a time where you explored leaving Nassau
- 16 | Radiology?
- 17 A. We had to. NRad was going into bankruptcy.
- 18 | Q. Tell me a little more about that, when did that come to
- 19 | your attention?
- 20 | A. 2014.
- 21 | Q. And what was your understanding about -- by the way, when
- 22 | you say NRad, that's the same thing as Nassau Radiology?
- 23 A. NRad is short for Nassau Radiology. N is Nassau, Rad is
- 24 Radiology.
- 25 | Q. What was your understanding in 2014 about NRad and

- 1 | bankruptcy?
- 2 A. That they would no longer be able to keep us employed under
- 3 | their group.
- 4 | Q. Did you have an understanding as to whether you would be
- 5 required to find a different employment?
- 6 | A. Yes.
- 7 | Q. And what was that understanding?
- 8 A. We had to find different employment.
- 9 Q. Now, did you and Dr. Edelman consider just going back into
- 10 private practice like you had been?
- 11 | A. No.
- 12 Q. Is there any particular reason you didn't consider that?
- 13 A. Reimbursement rates under private practices for small
- 14 groups are not enough to keep business afloat to pay our loans,
- 15 | pay ourselves, pay employees, et cetera.
- 16 | Q. What, if any, alternatives did you look at in or about
- 17 | 2014?
- 18 A. We looked at ProHealth.
- 19 Q. What is ProHealth?
- 20 | A. ProHealth is another large group, multi-specialty group in
- 21 Nassau County.
- 22 | Q. And you looked at NYU, obviously. Did you look at any
- 23 others?
- 24 | A. We looked at -- we started to look at Northwell or North
- 25 Shore at the time.

- 1 | Q. What became of that inquiry?
- 2 A. It didn't lead to anything.
- 3 | Q. And the ProHealth, what became of that inquiry?
  - A. It didn't lead to anything.
- 5 | Q. Did you get an offer from ProHealth?
- 6 A. I believe there was an offer. I'm not sure how it just
- 7 | died down, whether it was on our end or whether it was on their
- 8 end.

- 9 Q. What about Northwell, did you get an offer?
- 10 | A. No.
- 11 | Q. Did you go about at all, in or about 2014, trying to figure
- 12 | out how much you should be paid?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. What did you do in that regard?
- 15 | A. I think my husband had done some type of analysis as best
- 16 as he could to try to figure out what the average
- 17 | rheumatologist should earn or, you know, should be paid per RVU
- 18 because that was the structure for NYU.
- 19 | Q. When you were in private practice, how did you figure out
- 20 how much to pay yourself?
- 21 A. I think we just came up with a number that seemed feasible
- 22 | to kind of help us with our own personal expenses.
- 23 Q. And when you were at Nassau Radiology, did they consider
- 24 | RVUs in connection with your salaries or compensation?
- 25 A. Their compensation was not based on RVU.

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- Q. Do you know how Nassau Radiology determined what to pay you?
  - A. They analyzed --

MR. KATAEV: Objection. Relevance.

THE COURT: Overruled.

- A. They analyzed our business based on our billing, meaning what how many patients we saw, either per year or per month, and what our reimbursement was, and they used that to calculate what our compensation should be.
- Q. Let's talk about your negotiations with NYU a little bit.
  Who did you meet with at NYU?
  - A. At NYU, we met with Andy Rubin and Josh Swirnow.
- Q. Did you provide NYU with any information in the process of negotiating with them?
  - A. I believe we gave them whatever analysis we had received from NRad in a way to determine what our compensation would be.
  - Q. What was in that analysis, if you could recall?
- A. It should be patients -- number of patients that we had
  seen, it should be procedures that we had done, it should be
  level of visits that we were billing for. That's usually what
  goes into the analysis.
- MR. KATAEV: Your Honor, move to strike. Speculation.
- THE COURT: Overruled.
- Q. Now, when you met with Mr. Rubin and Mr. Swirnow, counsel asked you a question about somebody making a comment about

- 1 | either you or Dr. Edelman being a woman. Do you recall that?
- 2 A. Yeah.
- 3 Q. Now, first of all, do you recall which of you the comment
- 4 was directed to?
- 5 A. I don't, but I think it was me because my name is unusual,
- 6 and that's an assumption at this point because I don't
- 7 | remember.
- 8 | Q. Your name, what name do you mean?
- 9 A. Kavini, my first name.
- 10 Q. Whatever he said, did it bother you at the time?
- 11 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Relevance.
- 12 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 13 A. It doesn't bother me because I don't remember it much at
- 14 | this point.
- 15 | Q. Now, counsel showed you a non-disparagement provision in
- 16 your last renewal of your contract. Do you remember seeing
- 17 | that?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: So let's show, please, exhibit 35.
- 20 | That's been previously entered, your Honor. I'd like to
- 21 publish.
- 22 | THE COURT: You may publish.
- 23 | Q. This is the February 10, 2017 contract with Dr. Modi.
- MR. KATAEV: Your Honor, we don't see anything on the
- 25 screen.

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- THE COURT: Excuse me?

  MR. KATAEV: We don't see anything on the screen.

  THE COURT: You have to wait.
  - MR. SCHOENSTEIN: You guys have it now?
- 5 MR. KATAEV: Yes, thank you.
- 6 | Q. This is the 2017 contract with Dr. Modi.
  - MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Would you, Ms. Cardona, go to page 891.
- 9 Q. Do you see that last bullet point, "You engage in..." Is
  10 that the same non-disparagement provision we looked at in your
  11 contract?
- 12 A. I believe so.
- Q. Do you have any reason to believe that this was a new clause that NYU slipped into your contract because of this litigation?
- MR. KATAEV: Objection. Argumentative.
- 17 THE COURT: Sustained as to form.
- Q. Do you have any reason to believe this was a brand new clause that was created for you?
- 20 | A. No.
- Q. And does the existence of that clause in your contract change one iota of the testimony you have given today?
- 23 | A. No.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: One second, your Honor.
- Thank you, Dr. Mehta, very much.

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THE COURT: Any reexamination by plaintiffs?

Mehta - Redirect

2 MR. KATAEV: Briefly.

THE COURT: Parties might get the next witness ready. 3

- REDIRECT EXAMINATION
- BY MR. KATAEV: 5
- Q. Dr. Mehta, the business expenses that you talked about that 6
- 7 were rolled into your salary to form 210, do you recall that
- testimony? 8
- Yes. 9 Α.
- 10 There was no rolling up of the business expenses for the
- 11 male doctors, were there?
- 12 I wouldn't have known that.
- 13 Q. At your deposition and during your trial testimony today, I
- 14 showed you their contracts and they had no limit on their
- 15 business expenses; correct?
- It didn't show that there was a business expense on there. 16
- 17 You had a limit with Dr. Edelman, but the male doctors did
- 18 not have any limit; correct?
- 19 That's what it was, yes. Α.
- 20 Now, you testified about the private practice and the fact
- 21 that it was a startup and it's difficult. Remember that?
- 22 Α. Yes.
- 23 And at the time that you were working with NRad and even
- 24 before that time, you were meeting all your obligations and
- 25 things were going well; correct?

- A. You mean paying loans or paying utilities or -- what do you mean by "obligations"?
- Q. Meaning all the obligations that the business had plus your salaries.
- A. We were paying for a lot of those with business loans that
  we've had and then with some of the RVUs or some of the revenue
  that we generated.
  - Q. In the beginning when you first started, you had zero patients; correct?
  - A. Correct.
- 11 Q. By the time you got to the point when you were going to
- 12 NYU, you had thousands of patients; correct?
- 13 A. Yes.

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- Q. So you made a lot more revenue than you did initially;
- 15 || correct?
- 16 | A. Yes.
- Q. Conceivably, you would have -- you could have stayed in business and everything would have been fine; correct?
- 19 A. Everything would have been fine? I don't know how to 20 answer that question.
- Q. To your knowledge, were you and Dr. Edelman an eminent risk of failing in your business at the time that you made the move?
- 23 A. I don't know how to answer that question because I don't
- 24 know how we would have -- I couldn't have foreseen how we would
- 25 have been in two or three or five years from then.

N7CCede5

Mehta - Redirect

1	Q. You talked about the fact that Nassau Radiology had assumed
2	some of the loan obligations that you had. Do you recall that
3	testimony?
4	A. Yes.
5	Q. Those loan obligations were paid based on your production;
6	correct?
7	A. No.
8	Q. You also talked about the fact that NRad filed for
9	bankruptcy in 2014?
10	A. Yes.
11	MR. KATAEV: I'd like to show to the witness a
12	publicly available document, your Honor.
13	THE COURT: What exhibit number?
14	MR. KATAEV: There's no exhibit, it's just a publicly
15	available document, your Honor.
16	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection if there's no exhibit
17	number, your Honor.
18	MR. KATAEV: Sidebar.
19	THE COURT: I'll see you at sidebar.
20	Do you have a copy of the document?
21	(Continued on next page)
22	
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(At sidebar)

MR. KATAEV: I'd like to show her, your Honor, the petition for bankruptcy filed in 2015.

MR. LABUDA: To refresh her recollection.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: It's not on the pretrial order.

It's never been designated a witness; that strikes it
automatically. It's misleading. She testified she was aware
they were going to bankruptcy in 2014. When they filed the
document doesn't change that awareness. It's completely
misleading to go on the internet and suggest she's somehow
lying about it.

THE COURT: You want to use this to refresh her recollection.

MR. LABUDA: Yes.

THE COURT: I'm going to permit you to ask her the question about wasn't the bankruptcy filed in 2015. If she doesn't know the answer to it, you can use the document to refresh her recollection.

I recognize that it's not on the pretrial order. On the other hand, as to this bit of testimony, it's cross-examination because this was raised for the first time in the examination of defense counsel, so I'm going to permit that line of examination.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Your Honor, she said in her deposition it was going into bankruptcy. This is not new

N7cWede6

Mehta - Redirect

testimony they're hearing for the first time today. They could have been prepared for this. THE COURT: They could have, but you brought it out, that it was 2014. They can ask the question whether the filing was, in fact, 2015 and you'll ask the question on further examination whether she was aware before that that they were going to file. I've ruled. (Continued on next page) 

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1 (In open court)

THE COURT: Mr. Kataev, let's go.

3 BY MR. KATAEV:

- Q. Dr. Mehta, you testified earlier that Nassau Radiology went into bankruptcy in 2014. Isn't it true that they actually went
- 6 | into bankruptcy in mid-2015?
- 7 A. I don't know the dates. They don't tell me the dates.
- 8 | This is what our -- that's what's told to us, that they were
- 9 probably heading towards bankruptcy. My interpretation was
- 10 | they were in bankruptcy.
- 11 Q. I'd like to show you, since you don't know the date, a
- 12 document to refresh your recollection.
- THE COURT: Just publish it to the witness and to
- 14 | counsel.
- 15 You're being shown the document to see whether it
- 16 | brings back a memory in your mind. You're not being asked to
- 17 | read the document but just to see whether it sparks a
- 18 recollection, since you testified that you don't remember the
- 19 date of the bankruptcy.
- 20 Go ahead, Mr. Kataev.
- 21 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 22 | Q. And just reading this document based on the file date on
- 23 | top and the name in the box, does that refresh your
- 24 recollection as to when NRad went into bankruptcy?
- 25 A. No, because we were employed by them until 2014. So when

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- they had their discussions with us, it was that they were not going to continue to employ us because of bankruptcy. So that was my understanding.
  - Q. But based on this document that I've shown you, the bankruptcy was actually filed in 2015, correct?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.

THE COURT: Sustained.

BY MR. KATAEV:

- Q. With respect to your negotiations with Northwell, do you recall whether it was you that stopped negotiating with them or whether they withdrew?
- 12 A. I don't remember. I -- it may have been on their end.
- 13 | Q. Same question with ProHealth?
- 14 A. I don't remember that part.
  - Q. Now, in your employment agreement with NYU, there's no reference to the fact that your salary is less because of your
- 17 | loan, correct?
- 18 A. In the contract?
- 19 Q. In the contract itself. It's not written there, right?
- 20 A. I don't believe so.
- 21 MR. KATAEV: Your Honor, I'd like to publish exhibit
- 22 | 37. It's previously been admitted.
- THE COURT: You may do so.
- 24 BY MR. KATAEV:
  - Q. Focusing your attention on the highlighted provision, you

Mehta - Recross

- would agree with me, wouldn't you, that everything that you agreed to with NYU is incorporated in this agreement and in this agreement alone?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. And NYU is the one that drafted this agreement, right?
- 6 A. Yes.
  - Q. And you had very little ability to change the terms of this agreement, correct?
  - MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 10 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 11 A. We could have made some modifications, but I don't know if 12 there was much here that we could have changed.
- Q. And NYU did not put any language in this agreement that said your salary was less because of your loan, correct?
- 15 A. I don't believe that wording was in there.
- MR. KATAEV: I have nothing further.
- 17 THE COURT: Anything further from the defense?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Could we just put up that last
- 19 exhibit, 37, that we were just looking at.
  - MR. KATAEV: Looks like we're having some IT issues, your Honor.
- 22 | THE COURT: I see that.
- 23 | RECROSS EXAMINATION
- 24 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 25 | Q. This is exhibit 37, and do you see we've put before you, at

the end of -- I don't know what page this is, for the record --1 2 page 911, was there a specific provision in your initial 3 contract talking about the fact that NYU was assuming the lease 4 and the business loan? 5 Say it again? Α. 6 Was there a provision in your initial contract with NYU 7 talking about the fact that as part of the deal, NYU was assuming the lease and the business loan? 8 9 A. Yes. 10 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Nothing further. 11 THE COURT: All right. Dr. Mehta, you're excused as a 12 witness. You may step down. 13 (Witness excused) 14 THE COURT: Members of the jury, it's now 3:17. We'll take our midafternoon break until 3:30. That will give the 15 parties time to set up for the next witness. So have a good 16 17 break. Please don't discuss the case amongst yourselves during the break. 18 19 (Continued on next page) 20 21 22 23 24 25

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(Jury not present) THE COURT: All right. See you back here at 3:30. 3:30, the next witness should be on the witness stand. And if there's a deposition transcript that might be used, please provide it to me. (Recess) THE COURT: All right. Let's bring in the jury. Counsel, I plan to tell the jury that we are on schedule. Any objections from plaintiff? MR. LABUDA: No, your Honor. (Continued on next page) 

N7cWede6 Antonik - Direct

1 (Jury present)

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THE COURT: Be seated.

Plaintiff, call your next witness.

MR. KATAEV: The plaintiff calls defendant Joseph

5 Antonik, your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Antonik, please stand up in the witness box. My deputy will administer the oath.

JOSEPH ANTONIK,

Defendant, called as a witness by the Plaintiff,

having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

THE COURT: Mr. Antonik, you may be seated.

Please keep your voice loud. Speak into the

microphone.

Counsel, you may inquire.

15 DIRECT EXAMINATION

16 BY MR. KATAEV:

- Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Antonik.
- 18 A. Good afternoon.
- 19 | Q. You received your associate's degree from Queensboro
- 20 | Community College, right?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. You also went to Borough of Manhattan Community College and
- 23 | received a degree there as well, correct?
- 24 A. A certificate of completion.
- 25 | Q. And after working at various other hospitals, you began

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- 1 | working at NYU in 2013, correct?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 | Q. And you started off at NYU as a site director, right?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. And you were then promoted to a regional-director position
- 6 | just a few years later, right?
- 7 | A. Yes.
- 8 | Q. But then you became a site director again, correct?
- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 | Q. And you've been a site director, not a regional director,
- 11 | since 2018, correct?
- 12 | A. Through June 2, 2023.
- 13 | Q. So you recently changed your position, but that's not
- 14 | relevant here. For our purposes, we're focusing on your
- 15 | position as a site director since 2018, correct?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 | Q. Now, when you became a site director again in 2018, your
- 18 | site became 1999 Marcus Avenue, correct?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 | Q. One of your four sites, correct?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. Prior to that time, when you were a site director, you were
- 23 | in Queens and other locations, correct?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. Not at 1999 Marcus, right?

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- 1 A. No.
- 2 Q. And when you went back to being a site director, you began
- 3 performing the same functions and duties that you performed as
- 4 | a site director before, correct?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 Q. And you report to Mr. David Kaplan, correct?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 | Q. And Mr. Kaplan is here with us today, correct?
- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 Q. He's the gentleman sitting all the way in the back, to the
- 11 | left, right?
- 12 | A. Yes.
- 13 | Q. And that, for all intents and purposes, is one of your
- 14 bosses, correct?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 | Q. And Mr. Kaplan has a boss as well at NYU, doesn't he?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 Q. And that individual is Mr. Swirnow, correct?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 | Q. And Mr. Swirnow was with us earlier today, wasn't he?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. Now, focusing on your responsibilities as site director, is
- 23 | it fair to say that you oversee the day-to-day operations and
- 24 management of the services at NYU sites?
- 25 A. Yes.

- Q. And 1999 Marcus Avenue is one of those sites, and you had three other sites as well, correct?
- 3 | A. Yes.
- 4 | Q. It's fair to say, isn't it, that you are responsible for
- 5 many operational aspects of those sites, correct?
- 6 | A. Yes.
- 7 Q. You're involved in the logistics of making the practice
- 8 work and run, correct?
- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 Q. For example, you keep the lights on and ensure efficiency,
- 11 | correct?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. Those operational aspects also include managing doctors'
- 14 office space and moving them sometimes; yes?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 | Q. But you don't decide who moves where, right?
- 17 | A. No.
- 18 | Q. That comes up from leadership, correct?
- 19 | A. Yes.
- 20 | Q. So if you're told to make something happen in terms of a
- 21 change, that's a change that was communicated to you by either
- 22 Mr. Rubin, Mr. Swirnow, or both of them, correct?
- 23 | A. It would --
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection, your Honor.
- 25 THE COURT: Overruled.

- 1 | A. It would normally come from my immediate boss.
- 2 | Q. And that's Mr. Swirnow, correct?
- 3 A. David Kaplan.
- 4 | Q. I apologize. Yes.
- And as you know, Dr. Edelman is a physician that worked at
- 6 NYU, isn't that correct?
- 7 | A. Yes.
- 8 | Q. And you knew that she had her own practice before coming to
- 9 NYU, isn't that right?
- 10 A. I became aware of that at some point.
- 11 | Q. Mr. Kaplan provided you information about her and all the
- 12 other doctors when you became a site director of 1991 Marcus,
- 13 | right?
- 14 | A. Yes.
- 15 | Q. And you recognize Dr. Edelman as someone qualified for her
- 16 position, correct?
- 17 | A. Because she was already working there at the time that I
- 18 | arrived, I assumed so.
- 19 Q. And you have no ability to determine whether a doctor is
- 20 | qualified, correct?
- 21 A. Correct.
- 22 | Q. Now, Dr. Edelman's role was to provide physician services
- 23 | as a rheumatologist to patients, correct?
- 24 A. Correct.
- 25 | Q. Those responsibilities and her position never changed until

- 1 | she was terminated, correct?
- 2 | A. Correct.
- 3 Q. And her position as a doctor was on par with all the other
- 4 | rheumatologists at the office, correct?
- 5 A. Some of the other rheumatologists had different titles.
- 6 Q. But they nonetheless performed services as rheumatologists,
- 7 | correct?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. And those duties were the same, correct?
- 10 A. They all saw patients in the office.
- 11 | Q. You also had the additional responsibility of overseeing
- 12 Dr. Edelman and the other doctors in terms of their operations,
- 13 | right?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 | Q. These include the operational aspects of the doctor's role,
- 16 such as the number of patients seen and the RVUs earned, right?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 | Q. And you did, in fact, review Dr. Edelman's RVUs earned to
- 19 | measure her performance while she worked there, correct?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 | Q. And there was never a problem in that regard, correct?
- 22 A. Not that I recall.
- 23 | Q. Now, Dr. Edelman is just one of 85 other doctors that you
- 24 | oversaw in that regard, correct?
- 25 A. Correct.

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- 1 | Q. That includes Dr. Porges; you oversaw him as well, correct?
- 2 A. Correct.
- 3 Q. And that includes Dr. Goldberg?
- 4 A. Correct.
- 5 | Q. And Dr. Modi, right?
- 6 | A. No.
- 7 Q. And that's because Dr. Modi was in Huntington, correct?
- 8 A. Correct.
- 9 Q. Now, you also oversaw Dr. Mehta, who just testified,
- 10 || correct?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. One of the other ways in which you monitor the performance
- 13 metrics of a doctor, other than RVUs, is through patient
- 14 | satisfaction surveys, correct?
- 15 A. Correct.
- 16  $\parallel$  Q. And you were responsible in this case as a defendant to
- 17 | search for documents relevant to this case, correct?
- 18 A. Correct.
- 19 Q. You located and submitted any relevant documents to your
- 20 | attorneys, right?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. And it's fair to say, isn't it, that whatever you had you
- 23 produced, right?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. And in order to obtain what you had, you engaged in the

N7cWede6

- search process by searching your emails and your paper files, correct?
- 3 A. Correct.
- 4 Q. You also asked your office manager, Ms. Ruiz, for any
- 5 documents she had related to this case, correct?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 Q. And you did that in the beginning of the case, before any
- 8 depositions, right?
- 9 A. Can you repeat the question?
- 10 Q. You did that search and spoke to Ms. Ruiz before any
- 11 deposition in this case, correct?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. Now, it's fair to say, isn't it, that you did not produce a
- 14 | single patient satisfaction survey?
- 15 | A. I don't recall.
- 16 | Q. You prepared with your attorneys for your testimony today,
- 17 | correct?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- 19 | Q. And when you had your deposition -- there were two of them,
- 20 | right?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. In preparation -- in advance of both of those depositions,
- 23 you prepared for those depositions with your attorneys as well,
- 24 | correct?
- MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.

- 1 | THE COURT: Overruled.
- 2 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 3 Q. Answer?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. In the course of your preparation for those depositions and
- 6 at this trial, did you review any patient satisfaction surveys
- 7 | of Dr. Edelman?
- 8 A. Not that I recall.
- 9 Q. As part of the day-to-day functions in the performance of
- 10 your duties, you sent emails to others at NYU concerning the
- 11 performance of doctors, right?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. Same question with respect to preparation for trial and
- 14 | those depositions; there were no emails, other than the
- 15 | November 2020 email, about Dr. Edelman's performance, correct?
- 16 A. I don't remember.
- 17 | Q. Now, Dr. Edelman was terminated at the end of 2020, right?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. And it's fair to say that you have no knowledge or
- 20 | recollection as to why she was terminated?
- 21 A. Correct.
- 22 | Q. And you don't remember providing any information about Dr.
- 23 | Edelman in relation to her termination, do you?
- 24 A. There was some information that I had worked with Miriam to
- 25 prepare and submit to, through a request to David Kaplan.

- 1 Q. In terms of the patient satisfaction surveys, you do not
- 2 have any such patient satisfaction surveys with you today,
- 3 correct?
- 4 A. Correct.
- 5 | Q. And the same question about emails; other than the November
- 6 | 2020 email, you don't have any emails about Dr. Edelman's
- 7 performance, correct?
- 8 A. Correct.
- 9 Q. Now, you said you don't recall anything about why Dr.
- 10 | Edelman was terminated or your involvement in it, but you were
- 11 present, weren't you, during this jury trial, when we showed
- 12 | the November 2020 email that you drafted?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- MR. KATAEV: I want to place up for the jury 86, which
- 15 was previously admitted.
- 16 THE COURT: You may do so.
- 17 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 18 Q. This is an email that you sent to Dr. Porges, Ms. Ruiz and
- 19 Patricia Feslowich, correct?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 | Q. And you sent this on November 6 of 2020, correct?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 | Q. And this was following a September 17, 2019, complaint
- 24 | against you, correct?
- 25 A. It occurred after that.

- Q. And in this email, you say to them, "we need a clear,
- 2 convincing summary with examples sent, correct?
- 3 A. Correct.
- 4 Q. And you did this for the purpose of facilitating the
- 5 gathering of information, correct?
- 6 A. Correct.
- 7 Q. And you were gathering this information because Mr. Kaplan
- 8 | told you to do that, correct?
- 9 A. Correct.
- 10 | Q. And Mr. Kaplan told you to do that because you came to him
- 11 | about, quote/unquote, issues with Dr. Edelman, correct?
- 12 | A. I don't quite remember that being part of it.
- MR. KATAEV: Well, let's see what you testified to to
- 14 refresh your recollection.
- 15 | 191, your Honor.
- 16 | THE COURT: 191? I don't think there is a 191.
- 17 MR. KATAEV: Sorry, your Honor.
- 18 Q. At your December 21, 2021, deposition, I asked you the
- 19 | following questions and you gave the following answers,
- 20 correct?
- 21 | "Q. How did you first become aware of any issues related to
- 22 Dr. Edelman's performance?
- 23 | "A. There were comments made to me by Miriam Ruiz.
- 24 | "Q. What did she say to you and what did you say to her?
- 25 | "A. I don't remember exactly.

- 1 "Q. What, if anything, did you do upon discussing Dr.
- 2 | Edelman's performance issues with Miriam Ruiz?
- 3 | "A. I don't remember.
- 4 "Q. Did you inform David Kaplan about your conversation with
- 5 | Miriam Ruiz?
- 6 | "A. Yes."
- 7 Do you recall that testimony?
- 8 | A. Yes.
- 9 Q. And so it's fair to say, isn't it, that the only reason
- 10 Dr. Kaplan asked for information about Dr. Edelman was because
- 11 | you came to him about Dr. Edelman issues?
- 12 A. I can't say if that's the only reason, but it -- it may be
- 13 part of it.
- 14 | Q. Now, going back to this email, which I would like to
- 15 | republish to the jury, you're looking for clear and convincing
- 16 | summary with examples sent; you were looking for negative
- 17 | feedback about Dr. Edelman, correct?
- 18 A. We were looking for a summary of the issues that had been
- 19 reported in the practice.
- 20 | Q. But you didn't ask over here for anything positive about
- 21 | Dr. Edelman, did you?
- 22 | A. It was a request for issues being reported in the practice.
- 23 | Q. And it's fair to say, isn't it, that this was not the
- 24 request for an objective review of Dr. Edelman?
- 25 A. It was a request for issues that occurred within the

N7cWede6 Antonik - Direct

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- Q. A request by Mr. Kaplan, correct?
- 3 A. Correct.
- 4 | Q. Which was prompted by you, correct?
- 5 A. I don't know if it was just me or if anybody else.
  - Q. Now, you had to be deposed a second time because you failed to produce this document the first time around, correct?

MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.

THE COURT: Sustained.

A. I was deposed a second time --

THE COURT: Sir, if there's an objection, pause for a second. If I say overruled, you answer the question. If I say sustained, then the lawyers move on to a new question.

I said sustained, so plaintiff's counsel will move to a new question.

16 BY MR. KATAEV:

- Q. It's fair to say, isn't it, that the request for this information from Mr. Kaplan was prompted, at least in part, by you?
- A. Yes.

(Continued on next page)

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1 BY MR. KATAEV:

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Q. So it's fair to say that you do have an understanding of the circumstances behind plaintiff's termination; correct?

MR. STEER: Objection.

THE COURT: He can answer that question.

Do you have an understanding of the circumstances that led to the plaintiff's termination? From your own knowledge, not from what you learned in the litigation.

- A. From my own knowledge, at the time, I did not know that any of this would be used for termination.
- Q. This email shows that you had direct involvement in Dr. Edelman's termination, doesn't it?

MR. STEER: Objection.

THE COURT: Sustained.

A. Can you repeat the question.

THE COURT: Again, remember, listen to if there's an objection, then listen to me. If I say "sustained," that means the lawyer moves on. If I say "overruled," you answer the question.

THE WITNESS: Okay.

- Q. Going to the later-sent email at 4:19 the same day, you had provided a lot more information than you provided in your original email; correct?
- 24 A. Yes.
  - Q. And you did that approximately two hours later; correct?

- 1 | A. Yes.
- Q. And in that two hours, you searched for this information;
- 3 | correct?
- 4 A. I don't remember exactly.
- 5 | Q. The first entry in this log is November of '19; correct?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 | Q. And that was just about a month and a half after
- 8 Dr. Edelman made a complaint against you; correct?
- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 Q. There's not one single entry here that predates her
- 11 | complaint against you; correct?
- 12 A. Not that I see here.
- 13 | Q. And when you sent this email, you did not have personal
- 14 | knowledge as to any of these things, did you?
- 15 A. I had been made aware of some issues from the office
- 16 manager, Miriam Ruiz, prior to this being sent.
- 17 | Q. And Mr. Kaplan is the regional director; correct?
- 18 A. Mr. Kaplan is a senior director.
- 19 | Q. And he's responsible for about 80 to 100 sites; correct?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21  $\parallel$  Q. So he would not be privy to any of these kind of details,
- 22 would he?
- 23 A. I don't know.
- 24 | Q. The contents of this email were taken by Dr. Porges and
- 25 provided him so that he could send an email to Mr. Kaplan about

- 1 Dr. Edelman; correct?
- 2 A. Correct.
- 3 | Q. That was done to disguise your involvement in this;
- 4 | correct?
- 5 MR. STEER: Objection.
- 6 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 7 | Q. In this email, you served as the judge and the jury for
- 8 | Dr. Edelman; correct?
- 9 MR. STEER: Objection.
- 10 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 11 | Q. In this email, you raised issues about patient care;
- 12 | correct?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. But you have no firsthand knowledge of these alleged issues
- 15 | with patient care; correct?
- 16 A. I wasn't directly involved in the issues.
- 17 | Q. Now, NYU being a medical institution obviously trains
- 18 | everyone about patient welfare and the duty to report issues
- 19 | with patient care; correct?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 | Q. There's a special compliance department to report these
- 22 | kind of issues internally; correct?
- 23 | A. There is a department to report compliance-related issues.
- 24 | Q. And you've been an employee with NYU now for 10 years;
- 25 | correct?

- 1 A. Correct.
- 2 Q. And part of your -- because you're employed by NYU, you
- 3 receive an ID card from NYU; correct?
- 4 A. Correct.
- 5 Q. Do you happen to have that ID card on your person today?
- 6 A. No.
- 7 Q. It's true, isn't it, that on the back of the NYU ID card,
- 8 | there's a special hotline for compliance issues; correct?
- 9 A. I don't recall.
- 10 | Q. These alleged patient issues that you wrote about here, you
- 11 | never reported them to compliance or to any hotline; correct?
- 12 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- 13 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 14 A. Not that I recall.
- 15 | Q. You created this email for the purpose of having
- 16 Dr. Edelman terminated, didn't you?
- 17 MR. STEER: Objection.
- 18 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 19 A. No.
- 20 | Q. But you acknowledge that with Dr. Edelman gone, the
- 21 | productivity of the faculty group practice decreased; correct?
- 22 | A. When she left, there were less patients being seen.
- 23 | Q. And therefore, NYU was less productive; correct?
- MR. STEER: Objection.
- 25 THE COURT: Overruled.

- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 Q. With respect to any of these issues listed here, you never
- 3 even spoke to Dr. Edelman; right?
- 4 A. Not that I recall.
- 5 Q. Now, you don't have the power to actually terminate any
- 6 | physicians; right?
- 7 A. Correct.
- 8 | Q. That's above your pay grade?
- 9 A. Correct.
- 10 | Q. That's something that only Mr. Rubin can decide; correct?
- 11 A. That is my understanding.
- 12 | Q. And that's why this information was provided to leadership,
- 13 so that she could be fired; correct?
- 14 A. I did not know that at the time.
- 15 | Q. You sent this email because you lacked the power to fire
- 16 Dr. Edelman; correct?
- 17 | A. No.
- 18 Q. Dr. Edelman was ultimately replaced; right?
- 19 A. Please repeat the question.
- 20 Q. Dr. Edelman was replaced with another doctor, wasn't she?
- 21 A. I do recall of another rheumatologist joining the practice
- 22 | over time.
- 23 | Q. That was Dr. Yaich; right?
- 24 A. He was hired at the location.
- 25 | Q. And he's a male doctor, isn't he?

- 1 Α. Yes.
- And part of your duties involved on-boarding him as a 2
- physician; correct? 3
- Correct. 4 Α.
- 5 Q. And he was hired before Dr. Edelman was terminated;
- correct? 6
- 7 I don't remember.
- Now in September of '19, you had met with Dr. Edelman to 8
- discuss the need to rearrange offices; correct? 9
- 10 A. Correct.
- 11 Q. You told her she needs to share her space going forward;
- 12 correct?
- 13 A. What I stated was that there was a leadership directive to,
- one, consolidate the practices, the practice of rheumatology 14
- 15 into the suite, and two, that we also needed office space for
- 16 another doctor coming in.
- 17 And you understood the directive to be an order; correct?
- It was a directive. 18 Α.
- 19 And that directive was to you; right? Q.
- 20 Uh-huh. Α.
- 21 Was that a yes? Q.
- 22 Α. Yes.
- 23 And your role was to carry out that directive; right? 0.
- 24 Α. Yes.
- 25 So when you had a conversation with Dr. Edelman, you

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- I was explaining to her the directive, and I met with her Α. as a courtesy to her.
  - Q. But you did not hear any of her concerns when she raised them to you, did you?

MR. STEER: Objection.

THE COURT: Overruled.

- Please repeat the question.
- MR. KATAEV: Is it possible to have it read back? 9
- 10 THE COURT: Why don't you ask the question again.
- 11 When you had this conversation with Dr. Edelman, you did not hear any of her concerns, did you? 12
- 13 THE COURT: Let me ask. Did she express concerns to 14 you when you had the conversation?
- 15 Α. No.
- 16 Didn't she tell you that she didn't believe that you could 17 contractually -- based on her contract, she could be moved out of her office?
- 19
- She stated that it was in her contract that the office was 20 hers.
- 21 Q. And that was a concern that she raised, isn't it?
- 22 MR. STEER: Objection.
- 23 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 24 It's fair to say, isn't it, that you were not even aware as 25 to whether there were other doctors who were not using their

- 1 office space that were willing to share?
- 2 A. I don't remember.
- 3 Q. You heard Dr. Mehta testify today that she would have been
- 4 | willing to share her office, didn't you?
- 5 A. Dr. Mehta was in her office five days per week at the time.
- 6 Q. But you weren't aware that Dr. Edelman does use her office
- 7 on Fridays, were you?
- 8 A. I was not.
- 9 Q. And you never observed who's in and who's not in on Fridays
- 10 | by actually going up to the suite, did you?
- 11 A. I would round in the practice occasionally, sometimes on
- 12 Fridays.
- 13 | Q. And you worked on the first floor of the building outside
- of the suite where the doctors practice; right?
- 15 | A. Correct.
- 16 Q. The suite is on the third floor in suite 306; right?
- 17 A. Right.
- 18 | Q. So you generally don't have any understanding of who's in
- 19 | and who's out on any particular day, do you?
- 20 | A. No, I would -- I was familiar with the schedule, which
- 21 | providers would work on which days and which rooms they would
- 22 | use, which exam rooms they would use and which consult rooms
- 23 | they would use.
- 24 | Q. Based on patient schedules; right?
- 25 A. Well, we had provider schedules and patient schedules.

- 1 Q. But those patient schedules don't say anything about
- 2 administrative days, do they?
- 3 A. Not the patient schedules.
- 4 | Q. And you didn't investigate that, did you?
- 5 A. Please rephrase that.
- 6 Q. You did not investigate that aspect, did you?
- 7 A. Which aspect?
- 8 Q. The days, the doctor being in for administrative days?
- 9 A. I don't remember.
- 10 | Q. It's fair to say, isn't it, that when you didn't succeed in
- 11 convincing Dr. Edelman she had to share a space, you had to
- 12 | report it up to Mr. Kaplan; right?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. Because when any issues arise, you report directly up to
- 15 | Mr. Kaplan; right?
- 16 A. Correct.
- 17 | Q. And you told Mr. Kaplan what happened, didn't you?
- 18 A. I had sent him an email.
- 19 | Q. And at the time that you approached Dr. Edelman, you did it
- 20 as an impromptu meeting; correct?
- 21 | A. Correct.
- 22 | Q. She had no idea you were coming to discuss this with her?
- 23 | A. I don't know. I asked Miriam to let me know when she was
- 24 | finished with her patient hours and I didn't know if Miriam
- 25 mentioned it to her, but I did it with the intention of meeting

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- 1 | with her after she was finished seeing patients.
  - Q. And when you failed to achieve this objective, you also
- 3 | informed Mr. Swirnow; correct?
  - MR. STEER: Objection.
- 5 | THE COURT: Basis?
  - MR. STEER: Foundation. I don't know that we have any testimony as to what that question meant, frankly, your Honor.
- 8 THE COURT: Overruled.
  - A. Please repeat the question.
- Q. When you failed to secure Dr. Edelman's cooperation in sharing office space, you reported to Kaplan. My question is
- 12 | did you also report it to Mr. Swirnow?
- 13 A. I did not.
- 14 Q. But based on your knowledge of the way things work at NYU,
- 15 you understood that because it's a directive from leadership,
- 16 | Swirnow and Rubin, that Mr. Kaplan would report it to
- 17 Mr. Swirnow; correct?
- 18 A. I did expect that.
- 19 Q. And it's fair to say that whatever Mr. Swirnow learns about
- 20 | things like this, he would tell Mr. Rubin; right?
- 21 MR. STEER: Objection.
- 22 | THE COURT: He can testify to what he would understand
- 23 | from the language NYU conducts business.
- 24 A. I don't know.
- 25 | Q. Now, Mr. Rubin and Mr. Swirnow work at One Park; right?

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- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 | Q. That's in Manhattan at One Park Avenue; is that correct?
- 3 | A. Yes.
- 4 | Q. They work on the same floor; right?
- 5 | A. Uh-huh.
- 6 Q. They work in the same suite, too; right?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 Q. In fact, their offices are right next door to each other,
- 9 | aren't they?
- 10 | A. I don't recall.
- 11 | Q. It's fair to say that Mr. Swirnow is Mr. Rubin's right
- 12 | hand; correct?
- 13 A. They work closely together.
- 14 | Q. And it's fair to say that Mr. Swirnow reports directly to
- 15 | Mr. Rubin; correct?
- 16 A. Correct.
- 17 | Q. And you have been to One Park; correct?
- 18 | A. I have.
- 19 | Q. Is it fair to say that you would go at least once a month?
- 20 | A. I haven't been there in a long time. At the time when I
- 21 was going there, it was approximately once a month.
- 22 | Q. If you need to speak to Mr. Rubin, you can't reach him.
- 23 | The way to do it is to reach out to Mr. Swirnow; right?
- 24 A. I would do it through David Kaplan.
- 25 Q. Now, Mr. Swirnow ultimately spoke to Dr. Edelman and

- 1 resolved this issue; correct?
- 2 A. Correct.
- 3 Q. Mr. Swirnow is capable of resolving the issue you couldn't
- 4 | resolve; right?
- 5 A. Correct.
- 6 Q. And you understood that Mr. Swirnow reached an alternative
- 7 | solution to what was originally desired by NYU; correct?
- 8 A. Correct.
- 9 Q. Dr. Edelman stopped going to Huntington on Thursdays and
- 10 remained at Lake Success all five days; correct?
- 11 A. Correct.
- 12 | Q. Now, you were involved in establishing the plan with moving
- around all the doctors to achieve the goal of NYU; correct?
- 14 A. Correct.
- 15 | Q. And the goal of NYU is to have all the rheumatologists in
- 16 | the same suite; correct?
- 17 A. Correct.
- 18 Q. Dr. Edelman was already in the suite; right?
- 19 | A. She was.
- 20 Q. And you had Dr. Goldberg, who was not in the suite, in a
- 21 different suite on the same floor; correct?
- 22 A. Correct.
- 23 | Q. And prior to that, Dr. Goldberg was in a suite on the
- 24 second floor; correct?
- 25 A. At the time he was in an adjacent suite, but on the same

- 1 | floor.
- 2 | Q. He was in a suite with the oncologists; correct?
- 3 A. Correct.
- 4 | Q. And he was in that suite because that's where he wanted to
- 5 be; correct?
- 6 A. I don't remember.
- 7 Q. It's fair to say, isn't it, that Dr. Edelman's decision to
- 8 stop going to Huntington and come back to the Lake Success
- 9 | location complicated your directive?
- 10 A. It presented a challenge.
- 11 | Q. And initially, she was supposed to stop going to Huntington
- 12 | in January; right?
- 13 A. I don't remember exactly when.
- 14 | Q. Well, if I could refresh your recollection, the reason why
- 15 | she needed to share the office space was because Dr. Given was
- 16 going to be on-boarded; correct?
- 17 | A. I recall that we were making -- we were planning the space
- 18 | for Dr. Li to come in, as well as Dr. Given.
- 19 | Q. And Dr. Goldberg; right?
- 20 A. And Dr. Goldberg.
- 21 | Q. There were three doctors coming in and you needed to make
- 22 | space for them; right?
- 23 | A. Uh-huh.
- 24 | Q. After the complaint in September of '19, in November of
- 25 | '19, you nonetheless decided to put Dr. Li in Dr. Edelman's

- 1 | office; correct?
- 2 A. I don't remember where we put her exactly at that time when
- 3 | she started.
- 4 | Q. Isn't it true that you intended to place Dr. Li in
- 5 Dr. Edelman's office in November after the complaint?
- 6 A. Well, the plan was for Dr. Li -- the thought was -- excuse
- 7 | me. The thought was to have Dr. Li use doctor -- use the
- 8 office that Dr. Edelman was using when she wasn't there.
- 9 Q. And Dr. Edelman prevented that from happening; that's fair
- 10 | to say; right?
- 11 A. Dr. Edelman's schedule changed.
- 12 | Q. But you made that decision without discussing with
- 13 Dr. Edelman; correct?
- 14 A. Sorry. Which decision?
- 15 | Q. The decision to place Dr. Li in Dr. Edelman's office in
- 16 November after the complaint?
- 17 A. I don't remember exactly where Dr. Li went at that point in
- 18 | time.
- 19 Q. The question is, you didn't discuss that with Dr. Edelman;
- 20 correct?
- 21 | A. No.
- 22 | Q. You just did it and then she stopped it?
- 23 A. I don't remember.
- 24 | Q. Do you remember that Dr. Edelman locked the door to her
- 25 office so no one could access it?

- A. No.
- 2 | Q. It's fair to say that after the incident you had with
- 3 Dr. Edelman, you no longer spoke to her after that?
- 4 A. I recall the contact to be limited, if any.
- Q. Are you aware that she closed her door every time you
- 6 | entered the suite?
- 7 | A. No.
- 8 Q. It's fair to say that you did not respect Dr. Edelman
- 9 enough to ask for a meeting to discuss this issue; correct?
- 10 MR. STEER: Objection.
- 11 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 12 A. Please repeat the question.
- 13 | Q. It's fair to say that you did not respect Dr. Edelman
- 14 enough to schedule a meeting with her to discuss issues like
- 15 | this?
- 16 A. That is not true.
- 17 | Q. It was easier for you to catch her off guard and corner
- 18 her; correct?
- 19 A. Not true.
- 20 MR. STEER: Objection.
- 21 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 22 | Q. It's fair to say that because this directive to move the
- offices came from leadership, Mr. Rubin and Mr. Swirnow, that
- 24 | they were involved in these decisions and you kept them abreast
- 25 of what was going on?

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- A. I communicated more so with David Kaplan regarding this objective.
  - Q. Isn't it true that when Dr. Edelman refused to share a space, you had to inform all of them?
  - A. I don't remember.
    - Q. But it's fair to say that, ultimately, Mr. Rubin knew that this was an issue?
- 8 MR. STEER: Objection.
- 9 THE COURT: Sustained.
- Q. You were eventually able to accomplish the goal of moving all the rheumatologists into suite 306; correct?
- 12 A. Correct.
- 13 Q. But Dr. Edelman made that move difficult for you; right?
- 14 A. We were able to accomplish the goal eventually.
- 15 | Q. Did she make it difficult for you?
- 16 A. It prevented it for a period of time.
- Q. Now, isn't it true that part-time doctors are the ones that are more prone to having their offices shared?
- 19 A. Yes.
- Q. Focusing on the employees that report to you, Ms. Ruiz was
- 21 | the office manager in suite 306; correct?
- 22 A. Correct.
- 23 | Q. That's where Dr. Edelman worked; right?
- 24 A. Correct.
- 25 | Q. And you spoke to Ms. Ruiz about Dr. Edelman's complaint;

- 1 | correct?
- 2 A. I believe so.
- 3 | Q. And you knew that Ms. Ruiz maintained documents about
- 4 Dr. Edelman because she's the office manager; right?
- 5 A. Correct.
- Q. But at the same time, you have no knowledge as to whether
- 7 Ms. Ruiz maintained similar documents for other doctors?
- 8 A. I don't recall.
- 9 Q. As far as you know, Ms. Ruiz moved out of New York to
- 10 Maryland for personal reasons; yes?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. And she needed a job when she moved to Maryland; correct?
- 13 A. Correct.
- 14 | Q. And you gave her a glowing review to land her that job;
- 15 || correct?
- 16 A. I gave her a -- I gave her a reference.
- 17 | Q. And she was successful in obtaining a job at Luminous
- 18 | Health; correct?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 Q. And to your knowledge, Ms. Ruiz is being represented by
- 21 | your attorneys in this case; correct?
- 22 A. Correct.
- 23 MR. KATAEV: I'd like to place up for the jury
- 24 | Plaintiff's Exhibit 84. It's been admitted.
- THE COURT: You may do so.

- 1 | Q. This is a spreadsheet that Ms. Ruiz prepared; correct?
- 2 | A. I don't recall.
- 3 | Q. You asked Ms. Ruiz to prepare this spreadsheet, didn't you?
- 4 A. I don't recall.
- 5 | Q. And again, Ms. Ruiz reports directly to you; correct?
- 6 A. She did.
- 7 Q. She was your eyes and ears in the office of 306, wasn't
- 8 she?
- 9 A. She was the office manager of suite 306.
- 10 | Q. She told you everything that went on; correct?
- 11 A. She would regularly report matters to me.
- 12 | Q. So you knew to go to her when you needed documents relevant
- 13 | to this case; correct?
- 14 A. Correct.
- 15 | Q. And you knew that she had documents regarding Dr. Edelman,
- 16 | but not about any other doctors; correct?
- 17 A. I don't recall.
- 18 | Q. Let's see what you testified to at your deposition.
- 19 MR. KATAEV: Page 13 of the first transcript.
- 20 | THE COURT: Which transcript?
- 21 MR. KATAEV: The October 2021 transcript, your Honor.
- 22 | Starting at line 8, going into the next page, I believe at 14.
- 23 THE COURT: What do you want to ask?
- MR. KATAEV: From line 16.
- 25 | Q. At your deposition --

1 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor. THE COURT: Basis? 2 MR. STEER: It's improper when you look at the 3 4 transcript of what was testified by the witness. 5 THE COURT: It's not a speaking objection. What's the basis of the objection without the speaking objection? 6 7 MR. STEER: It's improper. I think it assumes something that has not been presented, your Honor. 8 9 THE COURT: What's the basis --10 MR. STEER: It's improper impeachment. 11 THE COURT: What's the basis for the use of the 12 testimony? 13 MR. KATAEV: To impeach him. 14 THE COURT: Where's the inconsistency? 15 MR. KATAEV: He testifies about maintaining documents regarding doctors. 16 17 THE COURT: Which line and page? MR. KATAEV: Starting at page 13, line 16 going to 24, 18 19 just that section. 20 THE COURT: I'm going to sustain the objection. 21 can do more to bring out if there's an inconsistency, but right 22 now there's not one. 23 Q. You know for a fact that Ms. Ruiz maintained a file about 24 Dr. Edelman; correct? 25 I know this now. Α.

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- Q. But you have no knowledge of Ms. Ruiz maintaining any such files for any other doctors; correct?
- A. I don't recall.

MR. KATAEV: Can I show it to refresh his recollection?

THE COURT: Just 13, lines 20 to 24.

MR. KATAEV: I highlighted it for the witness.

THE COURT: You can do it to refresh recollection or to impeach, whichever you want.

- Q. At your deposition in October 2021, Mr. Antonik, did I ask you the following questions and did you give the following answers:
- "Q. To your knowledge, did Ms. Ruiz maintain similar files for other doctors?
- 15 | "A. I don't know."
- 16 | Q. Do you recall that testimony?
- 17 A. I do now because you're showing it to me.
- Q. So it's fair to say that the only files that you're aware of that Ms. Ruiz maintained was for Dr. Edelman; correct?
- 20 | A. I don't know.
  - THE COURT: You don't know of any other files that she maintains for any other doctors; correct?
- 23 THE WITNESS: Correct.
- Q. You also spoke with Dr. Porges about Dr. Edelman's complaint against you; correct?

- 1 | A. I don't remember the conversation with Dr. Porges.
- 2 Q. You're aware of NYU's policies regarding discrimination,
- 3 harassment, or retaliation; correct?
- 4 A. Correct.
- 5 | Q. You learned about these policies during orientation and
- 6 annual training that you took; correct?
- 7 A. Correct.
- 8 Q. And, of course, you paid attention during those annual
- 9 | trainings because you're required to; right?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 | Q. Now, HR contacted you about Dr. Edelman's complaint, didn't
- 12 | they?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. You spoke to Ms. Kathleen Pacina?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 | Q. That's when you first learned about Dr. Edelman's
- 17 | complaint?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- 19 Q. And you don't have any recollection of what you and her
- 20 discussed, do you?
- 21 | A. With Ms. Pacina?
- 22 Q. Correct.
- 23 A. I recall we had a conversation, she had explained the
- 24 | nature of the complaint, I had explained my understanding of
- 25 | what happened, my version of it, and that's what I recall about

1 | it.

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- Q. And after that conversation with Ms. Pacina, nothing ever happened; correct?
- 4 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- 5 THE COURT: Overruled.
  - A. I don't quite remember.

particular portion.

- MR. KATAEV: I'd like to present 21. I believe it's in evidence.
- 9 THE COURT: Go ahead. You may.
- Q. I'll represent to you, Mr. Antonik, that this is an entry
  made by Ms. Pacina in a system maintained by NYU to record
  employee complaints. I want to focus your attention on a
- In reviewing this part that says "Call with Joe," please read and confirm whether this reflects the nature of the conversation you had with Ms. Pacina.
- 17 A. Yes, this appears to reflect the conversation I had with
  18 Ms. Pacina.
- 19 Q. And this was the only conversation you ever had with
- 20 Ms. Pacina?
- 21 A. I don't remember if there were any others.
- Q. During your call with Ms. Pacina, you called Dr. Edelman
- 23 defensive and snide; correct?
- 24 A. It says this in this, so I would say yes.
- 25 | Q. In this log, it says you threatened to call the powers that

- 1 | be to address this issue; correct?
- 2 A. I'm sorry. What are you referring to?
- 3 | Q. There's a reference in here that you would bring this up to
- 4 | the powers that be to address it.
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 Q. That's what you told Dr. Edelman during your conversation;
- 7 | correct?
- 8 A. As I exited the office, I told her I would let leadership
- 9 know.
- 10 | Q. And that was a threat to her; right?
- 11 A. No, it was informing her that I would let the leadership
- 12 | know.
- 13 Q. Now, besides the employee labor relations department, which
- 14 | is located at One Park; is that right?
- 15 A. I believe so.
- 16 | Q. The faculty group practice that you work under as a human
- 17 | resources department, as well; correct?
- 18 A. Not on our site, not on site.
- 19 Q. Is it somewhere on Long Island?
- 20 | A. I believe the -- I recall the HR department to be located
- 21 | at One Park Avenue.
- 22 | Q. And that's backed by madams Hall and Rose; correct?
- 23 A. Correct.
- 24 | Q. That's Tisa Hall and Claudia Rose?
- 25 A. Correct.

- Q. At least with Ms. Rose, she's an individual that you speak to every other week, isn't she?
- A. I would communicate with her as needed, sometimes frequent, sometimes not.
  - Q. In your day-to-day responsibilities and managing practices, you speak to Ms. Rose every now and then; correct?
- 7 A. Correct.

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- Q. And you do that regarding employee issues, not related to
- 9 Dr. Edelman, but general employee issues; right?
- 10 A. HR-related issues.
- 11 | Q. So you're familiar with HR processes; correct?
- 12 A. Correct.
- 13 | Q. You're familiar with the complaint investigation process;
- 14 | is that right?
- 15 A. Correct.
- Q. In fact, you even participated in making determinations in
- 17 | such investigations; correct?
- 18 A. Can you please be more specific.
- 19 Q. I can show you a transcript to refresh your recollection,
  20 if that helps.
- 21 MR. KATAEV: It's page 52, your Honor.
- 22 | THE COURT: Of the first day?
- MR. KATAEV: First one, yes. I think the cutoff for
- 24 the second day is 168, something like that.
- 25 | THE COURT: What are you using this for?

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MR. KATAEV: Refresh his recollection.

THE COURT: You can show it to him and ask the question whether this refreshes his recollection as to something.

Sir, you're being shown a piece of paper to see whether it refreshes your recollection, it's not for you to read the document out loud, the document's not in evidence, but just to see if it triggers a memory with respect to the question you're being asked.

- Please repeat the question.
- Is it fair to say, based on your prior testimony and your experience working at NYU, that you've been involved in making determinations in various investigations in conjunction with
- Ms. Rose? 14
- I worked with Ms. Rose on various HR-related issues. 15 Α.
- But you were never provided any training on how to do these 16 17 kind of investigations; correct?
  - MR. STEER: Objection.
- 19 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 20 Not that I remember. Α.
  - You don't remember being advised by Ms. Pacina or anyone else about the fact that you can't retaliate against
- 23 Dr. Edelman following her complaint; right?
- 24 I was aware of the anti-retaliation policy.
- 25 You are aware that's the law; correct?

Antonik - Direct

528

- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 Q. And that's true even if there is no merit to the actual
- 3 complaint of discrimination; correct?
- 4 A. Can you please rephrase the question.
- 5 | Q. It's unlawful to retaliate against someone, even if the
- 6 complaint about discrimination ultimately has no merit;
- 7 | correct?

- A. It is unlawful to retaliate against a person.
- 9 | Q. Even if it has no merit; correct?
- 10 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- 11 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 12 A. Correct.
- 13 | Q. And you knew that; right?
- 14 A. Uh-huh. Yes.
- 15 | Q. And so, the only way to have Dr. Edelman terminated was to
- 16 | have a valid reason; correct?
- 17 A. I don't know.
- 18 Q. In your email from November 2020 in Plaintiff's Exhibit 86
- 19 is a compilation of the valid reasons to terminate Dr. Edelman;
- 20 | correct?
- 21 A. I don't know.
- 22 MR. KATAEV: I'd like to offer Plaintiff's Exhibit 79.
- 23 I don't believe it's been admitted.
- 24 THE COURT: Any objection to 79?
- MR. STEER: No objection, your Honor.

Antonik - Direct

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THE COURT: 79 is received and may be published. 1

(Plaintiff's Exhibit 79 received in evidence)

- This is an email chain, I'll represent to you, Mr. Antonik, 3
- between Ms. Pacina and Ms. Rose. It starts on September 17, 4
- 5 2019.

- In this email, Ms. Pacina is asking Ms. Rose to discuss an 6
- 7 issue raised by Dr. Edelman; correct?
- 8 A. Yes.
- Q. Ms. Rose then responds to her and says that faculty issues 9
- 10 will need to be escalated to leadership; correct?
- 11 That's what it says.
- 12 Ms. Pacina then says that she wanted to discuss it with
- 13 Ms. Rose before bringing it to leadership's attention because
- 14 it involved you; correct?
- 15 A. Correct.
- So Ms. Pacina did not follow protocol in immediately 16
- 17 bringing to leadership's attention; isn't that right?
- MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor. 18
- 19 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 20 Q. Based on your experience dealing with HR complaints with
- 21 Ms. Rose from time to time, isn't it true that issues such as
- 22 this should go to leadership immediately?
- 23 A. Leadership is generally informed of any HR-related issues
- 24 going on in the practice.
- 25 And therefore, Ms. Pacina's request to speak to Ms. Rose

- before immediately forwarding it to leadership was a breach of
  that protocol; correct?
- 3 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- 4 THE COURT: Sustained.
- Q. You understood that Dr. Edelman's complaint had really nothing to do with office space; correct?
- 7 A. Correct.

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- Q. Her complaint was about the way that you spoke to her; right?
- 10 A. Correct.
- Q. And you were upset about the fact that she complained and you wanted her gone; correct?
- 13 A. I was bothered by it.
- MR. KATAEV: Can I have one or two minutes, your

  Honor? I may be done.
- 16 Q. Isn't it true that during your meeting with Dr. Edelman in
- 17 September of '19 that you called her a bitch under your breath?
- 18 | A. No.
- Q. But how can you say that if you repeatedly testified that you don't recall what was said between the two of you?
- 21 A. I don't recall testifying that. And I did not call her a
- 22 bitch during the meeting at any point.
- Q. You never sent an email like the November 6th, 2020 email
- 24 | before the complaint; correct?
- 25 A. Not that I recall.

- Q. And you've never done such an email about any other doctor, have you?
- 3 A. Not that I recall.
- Q. Focusing back on Plaintiff's Exhibit 21, which is in evidence, it says at the top here that Dr. Edelman had a
- 6 conversation with you around 3:30 to 3:35; correct?
- 7 A. Correct.
- Q. And that's not in line with what you testified previously,
- 9 | that you wished to speak to her after patient hours; correct?
- 10 A. I had a meeting with her after patient hours.
- 11 Q. This complaint says 3:30 to 3:35, doesn't it?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. And she said here that you insinuated who was moving where,
- 14 and she told you that you don't dictate who made that decision;
- 15 | correct?
- 16 A. I don't remember.
- 17 Q. She told you that she does use the office on Fridays to do
- 18 clinical work and you challenged her and said how often are you
- 19 | really here; correct?
- 20 A. I don't remember that.
- 21 | Q. You were pointing at things in her office and intimidating
- 22 her, weren't you?
- 23 | A. No.
- 24 | Q. You challenged her and said you really think this office is
- 25 | yours; is that right?

Antonik - Cross

- 1 A. No.
- 2 Q. You threw your arms around and pointed at things during
- 3 | this conversation?
- 4 | A. No.
- 5 | Q. You told her that you'll bring this up to the powers that
- 6 be and then left; correct?
- 7 A. I told her that I would inform leadership and that was it.
- 8 And then I left.
- 9 Q. She asked you to leave her office; right?
- 10 A. I don't remember that part.
- 11 Q. You told her that any request to change her schedule had to
- 12 | be approved by you, didn't you?
- 13 A. I don't recall telling her that myself. I believe that was
- 14 communicated through Enid Papa.
- 15 | Q. Prior to November of 2020 with respect to any doctor, had
- 16 you ever emailed Dr. Porges about issues with any other doctor?
- 17 A. Not that I remember.
- 18 MR. KATAEV: I have nothing further.
- 19 THE COURT: Defense examination.
- 20 MR. STEER: Thank you, your Honor. May I have a
- 21 moment, please.
- 22 | THE COURT: If the jury wants to stretch for a minute.
- 23 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 24 BY MR. STEER:
- 25 Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Antonik.

N7CCede7 Antonik - Cross

- 1 A. Good afternoon, Mr. Steer.
- 2 | Q. Now, are you presently employed by NYU?
- 3 | A. No.
- 4 | Q. And since when haven't you been employed by them?
- 5 A. June 2nd, 2023 was my last day.
- 6 0. How did that come about?
- 7 A. I resigned.
- 8 | Q. And --
- 9 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Relevance.
- 10 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 11 | Q. Now, Mr. Antonik, I'm five-five, everybody looks tall to
- 12 | me, but there's been some speculation here about how tall you
- 13 are. So let me ask you, please, how tall are you?
- 14 A. Six feet, four inches.
- 15 Q. Thank you.
- 16 And how many times in your life have you spoken with
- 17 Dr. Edelman?
- 18 | A. Few.
- 19 | Q. More than three times, would you say?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21  $\square$  Q. And for how long?
- 22 A. Maybe a few minutes at a time.
- 23 | Q. And with regard to those times, did she ever make any kind
- 24 of complaints about you?
- 25 A. No.

Antonik - Cross

- 1 Q. Now, I know counsel asked you -- withdrawn.
  2 Did you ever see Dr. Edelman's full contract?
  3 A. No.
  - Q. Did you know whether Dr. Edelman's contract had a renewal date?
- 6 MR. KATAEV: Objection.
- 7 THE COURT: Overruled.
  - A. I was not familiar with the terms of her contract.
  - Q. Did you even have access to Dr. Edelman's contract?
- 10 A. I did not.
- 11 Q. Did you know what the bases were for her for termination,
- 12 | if any?

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- 13 | A. No.
- Q. And now, did you buy your time and just wait to find a way
- 15 | to have her contract nonrenewed?
- 16 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Leading.
- 17 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 18 A. No.
- 19 | Q. Did you do anything to try to get Dr. Edelman fired?
- 20 | A. No.
- 21 | Q. Were you afraid that you were going to lose your job
- 22 | because Dr. Edelman had made a complaint about you?
- 23 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Relevance.
- 24 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 25 A. No.

Antonik - Cross

535

N7CCede7

- Q. Why not?
- At the time the complaint came in and was reported back to 2 Α.
- me, when I heard it, I had just thought that the complaint was 3
- 4 very inconsistent with my work and performance and behavior
- 5 history at NYU up until that time, so I didn't think it would
- 6 weigh negatively against me because it just seemed so far out
- 7 of what my normal work behavior was and how I communicated with
- 8 people.
- Q. Now, you discussed during your examination by plaintiff's 9
- 10 counsel an incident that occurred on September 16, 2019;
- 11 correct?
- 12 Α. Yes.
- 13 Q. Do you know when Dr. Edelman was advised that her contract
- 14 would not be renewed?
- 15 I don't know -- at the time, I didn't know. I wasn't
- involved, so I don't know exactly when. I had heard of it 16
- 17 later, much later.
- 18 Q. If I represent to you that that occurred on December 1,
- 19 2020, you have no reason to dispute that; right?
- 20 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Leading.
- 21 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 22 Can you please repeat the question.
- 23 Sure. If I represented to you that there's been evidence
- 24 in this case that on December 1, 2020, that's the date of a
- 25 nonrenewal letter that was sent to Dr. Edelman, do you have any

Antonik - Cross

reason to disagree with that? 1

> Α. No.

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- 3 Was anything happening at work between September 16, 2019,
- 4 and December 1, 2020 that you had to spend a lot of your time
- 5 dealing with at work, if any?
- 6 That was the COVID pandemic. Α. Yes.
- 7 What was your role in dealing with the COVID pandemic?
- So my role in dealing with the COVID pandemic was to ensure 8
- that the day-to-day services were running as we had planned 9
- 10 them out to be. We implemented many safety measures to keep
- 11 the patients and employees safe. The policies were being
- 12 revised regularly. We had put in place screeners who would
- 13 screen for temperature and for symptoms, we had opened up a
- 14 COVID testing unit. Towards the end of 2020, we were planning
- 15 and we did open up a vaccine clinic right in the office,
- literally right outside my door, we had people coming in and 16
- 17 out. We converted our conference room to a vaccine unit. So I
- was working nonstop in the office that whole time. I did not 18
- have any remote hours, I reported to work every -- just about 19
- 20 every day during that whole first year with the pandemic and
- 21 then in the subsequent years.
- 22 Q. Did the offices at Marcus Avenue, the medical offices, the
- 23 ambulatory care offices, did they remain open throughout the
- 24 pandemic or were they closed?
- 25 They remained open.

Antonik - Cross

- 1 | Q. And you were part of making that happen?
- 2 A. Yes.
- 3 Q. And during this time that you were dealing with all this,
- 4 | did you find time to enter into a conspiracy to have
- 5 Dr. Edelman fired?
- 6 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Argumentative.
- 7 THE COURT: Sustained.
  - Q. Did you have a vendetta against Dr. Edelman?
- 9 A. No.

- 10 MR. KATAEV: Same objection.
- 11 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 12 | Q. Now, you were asked a little bit about your background and
- 13 | I'm not going to take the jury's time to go through your
- 14 | background in great detail, but you mentioned you attended
- 15 | college and you received an AA from Queensborough Community;
- 16 correct?
- 17 A. Correct.
- 18 | Q. What did you do after that?
- 19 | A. I worked for a little while in a hospital and then I
- 20 started the respiratory therapy program at Borough of Manhattan
- 21 | Community College.
- 22 | Q. Did you get certified?
- 23 | A. Yes, I became a registered respiratory therapist in 1991.
- 24 | Q. And after you got that, what did you do?
- 25 A. I worked as a respiratory therapist at Einstein Hospital in

Antonik - Cross

- 1 | the Bronx and at New York Hospital Queens simultaneously.
- 2  $\parallel$  Q. How long did you do that for?
- 3 A. I worked at Montefiore. I ended up working there for 19
- 4 | years in the capacity of respiratory therapy, and I had a per
- 5 diem position at New York Hospital Queens from 1991 until about
- 6 | 1999.
- 7 | Q. Did there come a time when you attended college again?
- 8 | A. Yes.
- 9 Q. What did you get in the way of a degree?
- 10 A. I went back to school while I was working. I got a
- 11 | bachelor of science degree in organizational management from
- 12 | Nyack College in 1996. Then, a few years later, I went to the
- 13 Metropolitan College of New York and I obtained a master's in
- 14 business administration.
- 15 | Q. Did you ever do any teaching?
- 16 A. I did. When I was a respiratory therapy director at
- 17 | Montefiore, I had been promoted a few times while I was there.
- 18 | I had became adjunct faculty from the Borough of Manhattan
- 19 | Community College and they would send their students up to the
- 20 | Bronx and I would plan for their, you know, their clinical
- 21 | rotations.
- 22 | Q. What did you do after that?
- 23 | A. After I left Montefiore, I went to New York Hospital Queens
- 24 and I was the administrator for the department of medicine.
- 25 Q. And what did you do next?

Antonik - Cross

- 1 Two years later, I was hired by Northwell Health to become the practice administrator for Cardiovascular Associates, a 2 cardiology practice located -- who had multiple offices in 3 4 Queens.
  - And what did you do next?

N7CCede7

- Two years after that, I had moved with the cardiology 6 7 group -- the cardiology group parted ways with Northwell Health 8 and signed an agreement with NYU Langone Health system, and I went with them to help manage the practice and to help the 9 transition over to NYU. 10
- 11 And as of September 16, 2019 when you spoke with
- 12 Dr. Edelman, where was she working?
- 13 1999 Marcus Avenue. Α.
- 14 And was she working at any place else at that time, as
- 15 well?

- Not that I recall. 16
- 17 Do you know whether Dr. Edelman ever worked in the Ο.
- 18 Huntington ambulatory care offices?
- 19 Α. Yes.
- 20 And was that during that same time period?
- 21 Α. Yes.
- 22 And when doctors would be scheduled at Marcus Avenue at the
- 23 suite that you've told us about for the rheumatologists and
- 24 other doctors, what role did the doctors' schedules, the
- 25 patients' schedules play in determining when they would be in

1 | the office?

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- A. When the doctors were in the office, they had clinical hours and there were schedules that were maintained. The doctors would basically be using their offices and the exam
- 5 rooms while seeing patients.
  - Q. If you wanted to know whether a doctor was not going to be in their office, what would you do to figure that out?
    - A. I would look at the schedules that I had used as reference.
  - Q. Do you recall what days of the week Dr. Edelman was not in her office at Marcus Avenue based on what you were looking at?
- 11 A. Based on what I was looking at, she was not in the office 12 on Thursdays and Fridays.
- Q. Did there come a time when there was a move to consolidate the rheumatologists into a single suite at Marcus Avenue?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 Q. Do you know why?
- A. Just so they could be together as a practice so it would be easier for the patients to find the rheumatologists and they could access the resources that were available to them.
- Q. And there's already been testimony, correct, that you were directed to find a way to make that happen?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 | Q. And so what did you do to try to make that happen?
- A. I looked at the schedule that I had of who worked on what days, I saw where there was availability, and we had planned to

- use whatever availability there was for consolidation and for the incoming new physicians.
  - Q. In looking at the physicians, what days they were in the office, and what days offices might be available for someone else to sit in. Did the gender of the doctor play any role?
  - A. No.

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Q. So let me clarify the question even more.

Did it matter whether the person who was generally sitting in the office was male or female when you determined whether their office could be used?

MR. KATAEV: Objection.

THE COURT: Overruled.

- A. No.
  - Q. Did it matter the sex of the doctor who needed to use the office, whether it was a male or a female, when you were considering whether to put that doctor into someone's office because they needed a place to sit?
  - A. No.
  - MR. STEER: Your Honor, I would ask to mark for identification Defendant's Exhibit 00.
- 21 | THE COURT: Any objection to 00?
- 22 MR. KATAEV: No objection, your Honor.
- 23 THE COURT: 00 is received.
- 24 | (Defendants' Exhibit 00 received in evidence)
- MR. STEER: May I publish it to the jury, your Honor?

Antonik - Cross

- 1 | THE COURT: It may be published.
- 2 Q. Mr. Kaplan, would you take a look at the -- withdrawn.
- 3 Would you take a look at the second email on the page that
- 4 is dated September 16, 2019?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 Q. Was that an email that you sent to David Kaplan?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 Q. And if you take a look at that email, does that fairly and
- 9 accurately reflect what occurred when you went to speak to
- 10 Dr. Edelman on September 16, 2019?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. And this is an email then that you sent to David Kaplan,
- 13 who was your supervisor?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 | Q. Now, did Dr. Edelman's sex or gender have anything to do at
- 16 | all with asking her to share an empty office?
- 17 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Asked and answered.
- 18 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 19 A. No.
- 20 Q. As of this time that we're talking about, were there any
- 21 males in the Marcus Avenue rheumatology suites sharing, by that
- 22 | I mean sitting in someone else's office that was empty at the
- 23 | time?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. What males were sharing offices, using that term?

N7CCede7

Antonik - Cross

- MR. KATAEV: Objection. Relevance.

  THE COURT: Overruled.
  - A. Dr. Andy Porges was sharing his office.
  - Q. What was his position at the time?
- 5 A. He was the medical director and a rheumatologist.
- 6 Q. And he was male?
- 7 A. Correct.

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- 8 Q. And who else, if anyone?
- 9 A. I don't remember.
- 10 | Q. Do you know who Dr. Deborah Porges was?
- 11 A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. And who is she?
- 13 A. She was -- she is a dermatologist for NYU Langone Health.
- 14 | Q. Do you know if she's married to anyone that was at NYU
- 15 | Langone at the time in that suite?
- 16 A. Yes, she is the wife of Dr. Andrew Porges.
- 17 | Q. And what was his position at this time?
- 18 A. He was medical director.
- 19 Q. Do you know where Dr. Deborah Porges sat?
- 20 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Relevance.
- 21 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 22 | A. She sat in the same office with Dr. Andrew Porges.
- 23 | Q. And your email that we showed mentions a Dr. Li having to
- 24 use the office on Thursdays and Fridays. What was Dr. Li's
- 25 sex?

N7CCede7 Antonik - Cross

- 1  $\parallel$  A. Female.
- 2 Q. Now, did you ever state to plaintiff in this September 16th
- 3 discussion with Dr. Edelman that you owned her?
- 4 | A. No.
- 5 Q. Is that something that you would ordinarily say to someone?
- 6 MR. KATAEV: Objection.
- 7 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 8 A. No.
- 9 Q. When you're speaking with Dr. Edelman during this September
- 10 2016 discussion, did she raise her voice to you at all?
- 11 | A. No.
- 12 | Q. Did you raise your voice to her?
- 13 | A. No.
- 14 | Q. Did you lean over and try to intimidate her?
- 15 A. I did not.
- 16 | Q. When you spoke with Dr. Edelman, were you sitting or
- 17 standing?
- 18 A. I was sitting.
- 19 Q. Just so the record, again, is clear, did you call
- 20 Dr. Edelman a bitch?
- 21 A. I did not.
- 22 | Q. Did you mutter it under your breath?
- 23 A. I did not.
- Q. After speaking with Dr. Edelman, what did you do?
- 25 A. I stood up and I left the office.

Antonik - Cross

- 1 MR. STEER: Could we scroll down on Exhibit 00, 2 please, the other way.
- Q. Before, during the cross by plaintiff, they mentioned 3 4 communicating with Mr. Rubin. Did you ever have direct
- 5 communications with Andrew Rubin?
- Α. No. 6
- 7 Did you ever have direct communications with Andrew
- 8 Swirnow?
- With Joshua Swirnow? 9 Α.
- 10 I'm sorry. Joshua Swirnow. Q.
- 11 Α. No.
- 12 Did you have an ordinary practice that you followed of what
- 13 to do when a physician raised an issue in the workplace?
- 14 Α. Yes.
- What was it? 15 Ο.
- If an issue was raised that I couldn't resolve with the 16
- 17 physician, I would escalate it to David Kaplan.
- 18 Q. Did there come a time that you learned that plaintiff filed
- a complaint with the employee labor relations people about your 19
- 20 September 16th discussion?
- I don't remember exactly when. 21
- 22 Do you recall having any discussions with someone named
- Kathleen Pacina? 23
- 24 Α. Yes.
- 25 And again, just referring to that September 16th meeting,

Antonik - Cross

- 1 | were you in court when plaintiff was testifying?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 Q. Were you able to see when she gave the testimony where she
- 4 was waving her arms and demonstrating for the jury what she
- 5 | alleges you had done, did you see that?
- 6 A. Yes.
  - Q. Did you do what she was showing the jury in claiming you
- 8 did?

- 9 A. Absolutely not.
- 10 | Q. When you spoke with Ms. Pacina, what did she say to you,
- 11 | what did you say to her?
- 12 | A. I had explained to Ms. Pacina what happened when I met with
- 13 Dr. Edelman and she informed me that Dr. Edelman had made this
- 14 complaint, and that's basically what I recall of the
- 15 conversation at this point in time.
- 16 Q. Did there come a time that you learned that Dr. Edelman
- 17 | wanted to phase out working in NYU's Huntington office?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- 19 | Q. Do you know whose decision that was for plaintiff to phase
- 20 out working in Huntington and to move everything back to Marcus
- 21 | Avenue?
- 22 | A. Any changes of that nature would be coordinated and
- 23 approved by senior leadership.
- 24 | Q. Did you do anything to make that happen in terms of
- 25 demanding it of Dr. Edelman?

Antonik - Cross

N7CCede7

- Α. I did not.
- Did you ask anyone else to demand that of Dr. Edelman? 2 Q.
- 3 Α. No.

- Did you rush the idea of placing Dr. Li in Dr. Edelman's 4 Q.
- 5 office in order to retaliate against her in some way because
- she complained to human resources? 6
- 7 Α. No.
- 8 Why did Dr. Li have to start sitting in Dr. Edelman's
- office as was testified in your cross examination? 9
- 10 I don't remember the specifics about, you know, where
- 11 Dr. Li sat when she started, there was a lot of moving pieces
- 12 at the time. I just know we were planning to make space for
- 13 her.
- 14 THE COURT: How much more do you have? We're just
- 15 about at 5:00, and if you have one or two more questions to
- finish the examination, we can do that. 16
- 17 MR. STEER: I have a bit more, your Honor.
- 18 THE COURT: All right. Members of the jury, it is
- 19 just about 5 o'clock, it's been a long day, you've been very
- 20 attentive throughout the day. We're going to break for the
- 21 day.
- 22 As a reminder, tomorrow is a 9:00-to-2:00 day, so
- 23 we'll take a midday break, a comfort break, and a snack break.
- 24 Please try to be here by 8:45 in the morning. We'll have
- 25 breakfast available for you at 8:30.

Antonik - Cross During the break, no research on the case, looking at social media and the like, no talking amongst yourselves or to others about the case. Enjoy your afternoon, enjoy your evening. See you back here tomorrow morning. (Continued on next page) 

> SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

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               (Jury not present)
 2
               THE COURT: Sir, you may step down.
               MR. LABUDA: Your Honor, if you could remind the
 3
 4
      witness.
 5
               THE COURT: He's on examination, but from defense
      counsel, so he can talk to defense counsel during the break.
6
 7
               MR. LABUDA: I thought that was --
               THE COURT: Not while somebody's on cross examination,
 8
9
      you can't talk to the lawyer for the other side. If you've got
10
      a witness who's on the stand, you can talk to the witness. You
11
      could have talked to Dr. Edelman, I assume you did while she
12
      was on direct examination during breaks; they can do the same.
13
               MR. LABUDA: Thank you, your Honor.
14
               THE COURT: Anything from plaintiff before we break
      for the day?
15
16
               MR. LABUDA: No, your Honor.
17
               THE COURT: Who's next after this witness?
18
               MR. KATAEV: Defendant David Kaplan.
19
               THE COURT: How long do you expect to go with
20
     Mr. Kaplan?
21
               MR. KATAEV: We expect to finish Antonik and
22
     Mr. Kaplan tomorrow, and we already advised we anticipate
23
      calling Mr. Swirnow, who is a defendant, who has also been
24
     here.
25
                          How much longer, Mr. Steer, do you have
               THE COURT:
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with Mr. Antonik? 1 MR. STEER: I have a number of exhibits, your Honor. 2 3 I'd say maybe an hour. It could be less. I'll try to see what I could do to cut it down. 4 5 THE COURT: I realize he's a defendant. There are 6 some questions that are repetitive, and I've tried to be 7 patient with the lawyers on both sides, but I think you can cut it down quite a bit. 8 9 MR. STEER: I'll try to, your Honor. 10 THE COURT: Try to work this evening on doing that. 11 Then I expect that you'll have Mr. Kaplan and 12 Mr. Swirnow tomorrow. 13 Anything else from defendants? 14 MR. STEER: No, your Honor. 15 THE COURT: See you all tomorrow. 16 (Adjourned to July 13, 2023, at 9:00 a.m.) 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

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     UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
      SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
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     DR. SARI EDELMAN,
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                     Plaintiff,
                                              21 Civ. 502 (LJL)
5
                 v.
6
     NYU LANGONE HEALTH SYSTEM, et
      al.,
 7
                    Defendants.
8
                                              Trial
9
                                              New York, N.Y.
                                              July 13, 2023
                                              8:55 a.m.
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     Before:
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                           HON. LEWIS J. LIMAN,
13
                                              District Judge
                                              -and a Jury-
14
15
                                APPEARANCES
16
     MILMAN LABUDA LAW GROUP PLLC
          Attorneys for Plaintiff
17
     BY: JOSEPH M. LABUDA
          EMANUEL S. KATAEV
18
      TARTER KRINSKY & DROGIN LLP
          Attorneys for Defendants
19
     BY: RICHARD C. SCHOENSTEIN
20
          RICHARD L. STEER
          INGRID J. CARDONA
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(In open court; jury not present)

THE COURT: Good morning, everybody.

We received an email last night from one of the jurors, juror No. 5, who indicates that she's got some personal issues for tomorrow morning. I'm going to provide a copy of the email to the parties — it's got some personal information in it — for you to look at. And I propose to talk to her during the midmorning break to understand the nature of her conflict and whether it can be resolved.

Let's put the witness on the stand. Mr. Antonik, why don't you step up.

MR. KATAEV: Your Honor, I do have one issue I'd like to raise. Can we do it at sidebar?

THE COURT: No. Does it involve Mr. Antonik?

MR. KATAEV: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Then Mr. Antonik will just step outside for a moment.

Okay, what is it?

MR. KATAEV: Mr. Antonik's first deposition in October of 2021, he testified very clearly that he was responsible for collecting documents relevant to this case, that he did a search and he produced all documents in his possession. After the plaintiff's second day of deposition, she referenced a log that was maintained, that a medical assistant informed her about that was being made for the purpose of having her fired.

After his deposition, this log was produced. This prompted a letter by me to Judge Schofield who ordered Mr. Antonik to come back to discuss the contents of this letter, which I didn't get an opportunity to depose him on.

I'd like to be able to question him about the fact that he did not initially produce the email, given the sworn testimony that he did conduct a search and produced all documents available.

When I tried to do that yesterday, the objection was sustained. I think it's relevant to the issues at hand because it goes to culpability. He refused to produce it initially because it shows he had a hand in her termination. So I wanted to raise that to the Court's attention because I wasn't able to get into that yesterday.

THE COURT: Is there a reason why, at the end of the day yesterday, you didn't raise it with me? You had plenty of time and now we're wasting the jurors' time.

MR. KATAEV: I can't recall, your Honor, but I took the opportunity to raise it now.

THE COURT: What's the defendants' position?

MR. STEER: Your Honor, there were many rulings on many items --

THE COURT: Leave aside the timeliness of the objection.

MR. STEER: We asked -- the witness testified he searched for documents, we believe we complied with Judge

N7DCede1 Schofield's order. I don't recall exactly what order we're 1 referring to. And I think it would be improper at this late 2 3 date to start going into a discovery issue that wasn't --THE COURT: Here's what we're going to do: 4 5 Mr. Antonik is a defendant. If you need to recall him to ask 6 the questions and if I decide that the testimony is relevant 7 and that you're raising it timely, then we'll handle it at that time, but I'm not going to waste the jury's time right now. 8 9 MR. KATAEV: Understood. 10 THE COURT: How much time does the defendant have 11 for -- let's bring Mr. Antonik in. How much more time do you 12 have on your examination? 13 MR. STEER: I'm hoping 15 -- I cut it down, your 14 I'm hoping 15 minutes. Honor. 15 THE COURT: Good. MR. STEER: Maybe a half hour at the most, but I'm 16 17 hoping not to even go there. I knocked things out. I'm hoping it will be faster. 18 19 THE COURT: Let's put him on the stand. 20 Let's bring in the jury. 21 (Continued on next page) 22 23

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Antonik - Cross

1 (Jury present)

THE COURT: Mr. Antonik, you're reminded you're still under oath.

Counsel, you can inquire.

MR. STEER: Thank you, your Honor.

JOSEPH ANTONIK, resumed.

- CROSS-EXAMINATION CONTINUED
- 8 BY MR. STEER:
- 9 Q. Mr. Antonik, let me ask you about two things that came up in your cross examination yesterday.
- Do you recall testifying about looking at certain schedules to determine what doctors' offices were empty?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- Q. Did any of those schedules reflect on them whether someone was taking a clinical day?
- 16 A. No, it just showed the days the physician was in the office
- and the hours, and if they weren't in the office, there would
- 18 be a blank.
- Q. There was also testimony yesterday about a Dr. Yaich. Do you recall that testimony?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. And who is Dr. Yaich?
- 23 A. Dr. Yaich was a -- he was a fellow in rheumatology who had
- 24 | just completed his training and he was hired to work both at
- 25 | the Marcus Avenue location where I worked, he was also hired to

- work in our Mineola office and the Bethpage office.
- 2 There was a question to you yesterday of whether he was a Q.
- replacement for Dr. Edelman. What did you understand that 3
- question to mean? 4
- 5 A. I understood the question to mean was he a direct
- replacement for her position. 6
- 7 Was he? Q.
- A. No, I wouldn't characterize it as such because he was also 8
- assigned to work in other locations. 9
- 10 MR. STEER: Your Honor, we were asked to mark Exhibit
- 11 VV, Defendant's Exhibit VV.
- THE COURT: Any objection to VV? 12
- 13 MR. KATAEV: Just one second, your Honor.
- 14 THE COURT: Are you offering it?
- 15 MR. STEER: I am, your Honor, if there's no objection.
- 16 MR. KATAEV: No objection.
- 17 THE COURT: VV is received and may be published to the
- 18 jury.
- (Defendants' Exhibit VV received in evidence) 19
- 20 MR. STEER: May we publish it to the jury, your Honor?
- 21 THE COURT: That's what I just said.
- 22 Q. Mr. Antonik, calling your attention to the email from you
- 23 sent Thursday, October 17th, 2019, can you explain to the jury
- 24 just what the language means, "We are opening up Fridays moving
- 25 forward, " what does that mean?

Antonik - Cross

- 1 A. That means we are opening up a clinical schedule to provide 2 physician services.
- Q. And when you do that, are there things that you have to
- 4 make sure of, if at all, to support the physicians coming in
- 5 | that you have available?
- 6 A. Yes, we need to ensure there was support staff in place,
- 7 both a medical assistant, as well as front desk staff, and that
- 8 there is an availability of exam room space.
- 9 Q. Is this fair to say "MA" means "medical assistant"?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 Q. Did you do anything to block this happening?
- 12 A. I did not. When I was --
- 13 MR. KATAEV: Objection, your Honor.
- 14 THE COURT: Basis.
- MR. KATAEV: Leading.
- 16 THE COURT: Overruled. You may answer the question.
- 17 A. Can you please repeat the question.
- 18 Q. Yes. Did you do anything to block this happening?
- 19 A. I did not. When I was advised that Dr. Edelman was going
- 20 to be adding, you know, Thursdays and Friday hours, my task at
- 21 | that point was to just ensure we had everything in place to be
- 22 able to accommodate those hours.
- 23 | Q. Did there come a time that you learned that there was some
- 24 | type of a complaint from one of the staff about Dr. Edelman?
- 25 A. Yes.

Antonik - Cross

1 MR. STEER: Your Honor, at this time, we would like to mark exhibit WW. 2

> THE COURT: Any objection?

MR. KATAEV: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: WW is received.

(Defendants' Exhibit WW received in evidence)

MR. STEER: May I publish it to the jury, your Honor?

561

THE COURT: You may.

- Looking at exhibit WW, can you identify it for us.
- It's an email from Miriam Ruiz to me about an interaction she with Dr. Edelman.
- 12 Does it fairly and accurately reflect what Ms. Ruiz 13 communicated to you?
- 14 Α. Yes.

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- Would you read the last line of -- withdrawn. 15 Q. Who was the person involved in this incident, if anyone? 16
  - This was between Miriam Ruiz and Dr. Edelman. Α.
- 18 And Miriam Ruiz was the office manager; correct? Ο.
- 19 Α. Yes.
- 20 Would you read the last line for the jury, please. 0.
- 21 "I find this to be very unprofessional, inappropriate, and Α.
- 22 demeaning. I am here to fully support Dr. Edelman, but not
- 23 under these circumstances. I appreciate your time."
- 24 What did you do, if anything, when you got this email?
- 25 I had forwarded it to David Kaplan.

- Q. Did there come a time you learned of another staff complaint about Dr. Edelman?
- 3 A. Yes.

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MR. STEER: Your Honor, I'd like to mark for identification exhibit YY, Defendant's Exhibit YY.

THE COURT: Are you offering it?

MR. STEER: I'd like to, your Honor, yes.

THE COURT: Any objection to YY?

MR. KATAEV: No objection, your Honor.

THE COURT: YY is received and may be published to the jury.

12 (Defendants' Exhibit YY received in evidence)

- 13 | Q. Showing what's been received in evidence as exhibit YY,
- 14 Mr. Antonik, can you identify that for us, please.
- 15 A. This is an email from Miriam Ruiz to myself and Nicole
- 16 Lucca.
- 17 | Q. Who's Nicole?
- 18 A. She was the assistant site director for the practices at
- 19 Marcus Avenue.
- 20 | Q. Looking at the first bullet point, it mentions someone
- 21 | named Tiffany. If you can refresh the jury's recollection who
- 22 | that was, please?
- 23 A. Tiffany, you know, at the time was a medical assistant in
- 24 | the practice who primarily supported Dr. Edelman.
- 25 | Q. Does this email fairly and accurately reflect what Ms. Ruiz

N7DCede1 Antonik - Cross

- 1 communicated to you about an incident with Tiffany?
- 2 Α. Yes.
- And she was a member of the staff; correct? 3 0.
- Correct. 4 Α.
- 5 Could you just briefly read the first three bullet points.
- "At approximately 1:10 p.m., Tiffany walked into my office 6 Α.
- 7 very upset, shaking, and with tears in her eyes. Tiffany
- states she was in the room with Dr. Edelman and Dr. Edelman 8
- asked her where the wipes were. Tiffany replies 'In the 9
- 10 cabinet. We want to keep them from patients and need to keep
- 11 the tops closed.' Apparently, Dr. Edelman likes to leave the
- 12 tops open."
- 13 Would you go down to the seventh bullet point, please.
- 14 Can you scroll up, please. Α.
- 15 Q. I'm sorry.
- 16 I see it. Thank you. Α.
- 17 I'm sorry. Would you read after where the "leave the tops Q.
- 18 open" is. That's the third bullet point. Would you also read
- 19 for the jury the next bullet point.
- 20 "Dr. Edelman, according to Tiffany, stated to her, 'I need
- 21 my wipes. I don't know where you have been or who you have
- 22 touched.""
- 23 And then next bullet point, please.
- 24 Α. "Tiffany did not reply to the statement and stormed out of
- 25 the room into my office."

Antonik - Cross

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- 1 And then would you read the seventh bullet point.
- "I asked -- Tiffany states that she was very much offended 2 Α.
- by Dr. Edelman's statements and her overall rudeness that she 3
- encounters every day." 4
  - What did you do, if anything, when you received this email? Ο.
- I recall discussing this with Miriam. 6 Α.
  - Do you recall doing anything else, if at all?
- 8 Α. No, I don't.
  - MR. STEER: Your Honor, I'd like to publish to the jury Defendants' Exhibit 86 in evidence.
- 11 THE COURT: You may do so.
- 12 MR. STEER: Oh, Plaintiff's 86 in evidence.
- 13 Q. Mr. Kaplan, showing you Plaintiff's 86 in evidence, did you 14 write -- withdrawn.
- Showing you Plaintiff's 86 in evidence, do you believe that 15 16 any of the statements in this exhibit are untrue?
- 17 Α. No.
- 18 Q. Did you believe they were true at the time you sent this
- 19 forward?
- 20 Α. Yes.
- 21 Were you asked to gather information to put forward about
- 22 things that had happened in the practice?
- 23 Α. Yes.
- 24 Did you prepare this in an effort to get Dr. Edelman fired? 0.
- 25 Α. No.

you said "step back."

1 Did you know even whether her contract was up for renewal? 2 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Leading. THE COURT: Sustained. 3 Did you have any motive to retaliate against Dr. Edelman 4 5 when you gathered the information you were instructed to get and pass on to your superior? 6 7 MR. KATAEV: Same objection. 8 THE COURT: Overruled. I did not. 9 Α. 10 MR. STEER: No further questions, your Honor. 11 THE COURT: Any redirect examination? 12 MR. KATAEV: Briefly, your Honor. 13 Meanwhile, the parties should get the next THE COURT: 14 witness ready. 15 MR. STEER: Your Honor, may I step back for a moment? 16 THE COURT: Yes, you may, except if you step out, 17 you're the only one being permitted to object. 18 MR. STEER: I was trying to get some exhibits ready 19 for the next witness, your Honor. 20 THE COURT: You're the only one who's going to be 21 permitted to object. If you want to step out, you're welcome 22 to, but nobody else will take your place. 23 Go ahead with your examination, Mr. Kataev. 24 Mr. Steer, I thought you said "step out." I now see

Antonik - Redirect

- 1 MR. STEER: Thank you, your Honor.
- 2 | REDIRECT EXAMINATION
- 3 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 4 | Q. Mr. Antonik, you testified earlier that you resigned from
- 5 NYU recently; correct?
- 6 A. Correct.
- 7 Q. And that's because you had some other issue with another
- 8 | employee that you had a problem with?
- 9 A. No.
- 10 Q. You testified about the fact that NYU remained open during
- 11 | COVID; correct?
- 12 A. Correct.
- 13 | Q. But isn't it true that instead of maintaining regular
- 14 office hours, all the doctors had telehealth visits
- 15 | incorporated?
- 16 A. Not true.
- 17 | Q. Isn't it true that shorter schedules were maintained for
- 18 | all the doctors to minimize contact with people in the office?
- 19 A. Schedules did change. There was a mix of both virtual
- 20 | appointments, as well as in-office appointments during that
- 21  $\parallel$  time.
- 22 | Q. As a result, the schedules in the office became shorter;
- 23 | correct?
- 24 A. In some instances.
- 25 | Q. You testified yesterday that you became aware of an issue

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- with Dr. Edelman based on an email from Mr. Kaplan. Do you 1 2 recall that testimony?
  - Can you please refresh me on that.
  - I'm going to move ahead and come back to that. Q.

After Dr. Edelman hampered your efforts to make the changes in the office that you were directed to make, you did explore other options with other doctors; correct?

MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.

THE COURT: Sustained as to the use of the word "hampered." You can ask the question in somewhat of a different way.

MR. STEER: Excuse me, your Honor. I'm having a little trouble hearing.

THE COURT: I sustained your objection and I think counsel heard what I said. Go ahead.

MR. STEER: Thank you so much.

- Q. After you were unable to effect the office changes with Dr. Edelman, you did explore options with other doctors; correct?
- Α. Yes.
- 21 And you enlisted the help of Dr. Porges to do so; correct? Q.
  - Α. I don't recall that.
- 23 Isn't it true that Dr. Porges spoke to Dr. Forte about him 24 sharing his office?
- 25 No, I don't remember that. Α.

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MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.

Q. Isn't it true Dr. Porges was just asked, "Would you be
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willing to?" And when he said "no," you left it alone?

MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.

THE COURT: Overruled.

A. I don't remember that.

MR. KATAEV: I'd like to mark exhibit 55 for identification.

THE COURT: Any objection to 55?

MR. STEER: No objection, your Honor.

THE COURT: 55 is received and may be published to the

12 | jury.

13 (Plaintiff's Exhibit 55 received in evidence)

- Q. Focusing on the top email from Ms. Ruiz to Ms. Pacina, it says here that you already escalated Dr. Edelman's complaint to David Kaplan; correct?

A. Correct.

- 18 Q. And this is just one day after she made the complaint;
- 19 | correct?
- 20 A. I believe it was two days.
- 21 | Q. It was two days since the incident; correct?
- 22 A. Well, the date of this email is two days after the alleged
- 23 incident.
- 24 | Q. And she made a complaint the following day; correct?
- 25 A. That's what I recall.

- 1 | Q. It says here that you already escalated to Mr. Kaplan
- 2 | because the doctor asked Enid Papa for ELR's number. Do you
- 3 see that?
- 4 A. I see that.
- 5 | Q. And Enid Papa is the equivalent of Ms. Ruiz for the
- 6 oncologists; correct?
- 7 A. Enid Papa is a practice manager. She does have a
- 8 | higher-level title.
- 9 Q. And she supports the oncologists like Ms. Ruiz supports the
- 10 | rheumatologists; correct?
- 11 A. Yes, Ms. Ruiz also did support several oncologists, a
- 12 dermatologist, and a podiatrist in her suite.
- 13 | Q. And Ms. Papa alerted you to the fact that Dr. Edelman asked
- 14 | for ELR's number; correct?
- 15 A. Correct.
- 16 | Q. You knew, before she even made the complaint, about that
- 17 | fact; correct?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- 19 Q. Now, there was some testimony about other doctors sharing
- 20 | office space, such as Dr. Porges with his wife, Dr. Deborah
- 21 | Porges; correct?
- 22 A. Correct.
- 23 | Q. Dr. Porges was a full-time doctor; right?
- 24 A. Correct.
- 25 | Q. But Dr. Deborah Porges only worked part-time; isn't that

N7DCede1 Antonik - Redirect 1 true? 2 Yes. Α. 3 MR. KATAEV: I'd like to publish Plaintiff's Exhibit 49 for identification. 4 5 THE COURT: Any objection? 6 No objection, your Honor. MR. STEER: 7 THE COURT: 49 is received and may be published. (Plaintiff's Exhibit 49 received in evidence) 8 Q. Focusing your attention on the September 17th, 2019 email 9 10 that Ms. Pacina sent to Ms. Ruiz, this is where Ms. Pacina said 11 she wanted to discuss this issue with you before bringing it to 12 leadership because it's about you; correct? 13 Objection, your Honor. MR. STEER: 14 THE COURT: Sustained as to form. In this email, Ms. Pacina references the fact that she 15 wants to discuss this issue with Ms. Ruiz before bringing it to 16 17 leadership as it is about you; correct? MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor. 18 19 THE COURT: Overruled. 20 That's what I'm reading. Α. 21 It doesn't say here that it's about the office issue;

correct?

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A. No.

24 | Q. It says that it's about you; correct?

25 A. Yes.

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Antonik - Redirect

MR. KATAEV: I'm going to put up on the screen what's been admitted into evidence already as WW.

THE COURT: You may do so.

- In this email, this is the first time that you ever bring Q. to Mr. Kaplan's attention any issue with Dr. Edelman; correct?
- I don't remember if it was the first or what time, you know, what instance this was.
- Q. You have no emails in which you ever referenced Dr. Edelman in any email to Mr. Kaplan prior to this date, do you?
- 10 A. Not that I recall.
- 11 And you never had any conversation with Dr. Edelman about 12 this issue, did you?
- 13 I don't remember having a conversation with her about this.
- 14 Q. You testified, didn't you, that the only time you ever 15 spoke to her was on September 16th, 2019; isn't that right?
- I have spoken to her on that date. 16
- 17 Other than that, you never spoke to her ever again; 18 correct?
- I don't remember. 19 Α.
- 20 Your attorneys have made arguments that you've only spoken 21 to her once; correct?
- 22 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- 23 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 24 To your knowledge, Ms. Ruiz never spoke to Dr. Edelman 25 about this issue either; correct?

Antonik - Redirect

- 1 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- 2 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 3 A. I don't remember that.
- 4 | Q. In this email, there's only one side of the story; correct?
- 5 MR. STEER: Objection.
- 6 THE COURT: Sustained.
  - Q. In this email, you don't have Dr. Edelman's version the
- 9 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- 10 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 11 Q. This email is what is the first dated issue in Ms. Ruiz's
- 12 | spreadsheet; correct?

story; correct?

13 | A. Yes.

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- 14 | Q. You recall that; correct?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- MR. KATAEV: I'd like to place up YY. It's already
- 17 | been admitted in evidence.
- 18 THE COURT: You may do so.
- 19 | Q. With respect to the last exhibit, did you speak to
- 20 Dr. Edelman about the issues raised in this email?
- 21 A. I'm not seeing the exhibit.
- 22 | Q. That's it.
- 23 THE COURT: Which exhibit are you showing him, for the
- 24 record.
- 25 MR. KATAEV: WW.

N7DCede1

Antonik - Redirect

- Q. You did not speak to Dr. Edelman about the issues raised in this email; correct?
- 3 A. Correct.
- 4 | Q. Going back to YY, this email is dated March 11, 2020;
- 5 | correct?
- 6 A. Correct.
- 7 | Q. That's right when the pandemic started; correct?
- 8 A. Just about.
- 9 Q. And everyone reacted very differently to the fear caused by the virus; correct?
- 11 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- 12 | THE COURT: Overruled. I'll permit it.
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. And that's why Dr. Edelman told Tiffany "I need my wipes.
- 15 I don't know where you have been or who you have touched;"
- 16 | correct?
- 17 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- 18 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 19 Q. It's reasonable to infer that the reason why Dr. Edelman
- 20 | said that was because of her fears of contracting the virus?
- 21 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- 22 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 23  $\parallel$  Q. This is also an email that made it into the list of issues
- 24 | that Ruiz created a spreadsheet of; correct?
- 25 A. Yes.

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3 never gotten Dr. Edelman's side of the story; correct?

MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.

THE COURT: Overruled.

- A. I don't remember.
- Q. But you do remember that you only spoke to her once ever; correct?
- A. I remember I spoke to her that one time.
- 10 Q. And you spoke to her about the office issue, but not this 11 issue; correct?
- 12 A. Correct.
- Q. And it would be reasonable to look to maintain a sanitary environment with COVID; correct?
  - MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- 16 THE COURT: Overruled.
- A. I mean, our goal was to maintain a safe and clean environment during the -- always, especially during the pandemic.
- Q. So it would be reasonable for Dr. Edelman to seek to do so;

  correct?
- 22 A. Yes.
- MR. KATAEV: I'd like to publish Defendants'
- 24 | Exhibit 00. I believe it's been admitted, but I'm not sure.
- THE COURT: 00 is in evidence. You can publish it.

Antonik - Redirect

- Q. You testified that you spoke to Dr. Edelman at the end of her patient hours on September 16th; right?
  - A. Yes.

- Q. But this email, the timestamp on it is 3:56 p.m. on the date of the incident; isn't it?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- 8 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 9 Q. And you sent this email to David Kaplan; correct?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 | Q. And in response to the fact that you told Mr. Kaplan about
- 12 | her issues, David informed Mr. Swirnow that -- David informed
- 13 Mr. Swirnow about this issue; correct?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 MR. KATAEV: I'd like to publish Plaintiff's
- 16 | Exhibit 55.
- 17 THE COURT: You may do so.
- Q. Starting with the bottom of this email, this is something that defendant, David Kaplan, sent --
- 20 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- 21 | Q. -- to Dr. Swirnow; correct?
- 22 MR. STEER: We don't see the exhibit, your Honor.
- 23 MS. CARDONA: It says SS, it's not 55. Plaintiff's
- 24 Exhibit 55 is completely different than what I'm seeing on the
- 25 screen.

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Antonik - Redirect

576

1 MR. KATAEV: I apologize. I looked at SS and assumed 2 it was 55. I meant SS. THE COURT: SS is not in evidence. Any objection to 3 4 SS? No objection, your Honor. 5 MR. STEER: THE COURT: SS is received. You may publish SS to the 6 7 jury, if that's what you were intending to do. (Defendants' Exhibit SS received in evidence) 8 MR. KATAEV: Yes, Judge. It was a long night. 9 10 In this email starting from the bottom, David Kaplan sends 11 to Mr. Swirnow a recap of his conversation with Ms. Pacina; 12 correct? 13 Α. I'm not seeing it. 14 MR. KATAEV: We can publish to the jury; correct? THE COURT: Yes. 15 In this email, David Kaplan sends to Mr. Swirnow a recap of 16 17 his conversation with Ms. Pacina; correct? 18 THE COURT: You're looking at the bottom email with a 19 timestamp of 2:23 p.m.; is that right? 20 MR. KATAEV: That's correct, your Honor. 21 THE COURT: Maybe that will help you, Mr. Antonik. 22 MR. KATAEV: I've also highlighted it for you. 23 What's the question? Α. 24 Did Mr. Kaplan send to Mr. Swirnow an email about his Ο. 25 conversation with Ms. Pacina?

1

- A. Yes.
- 2 Q. And he says in here that Dr. Edelman filed a complaint
- 3 against you for being aggressive and retaliating for not
- 4 | allowing her to expand her hours; correct?
  - MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- 6 THE COURT: Overruled. He's just reading the email.
- 7 A. Yes.
- Q. And he says here that this was related to you speaking to
- 9 her about sharing her office space; correct?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 Q. And he refers to this complaint as "totally ridiculous,"
- 12 doesn't he?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. In the 11:48 a.m. email in response to Mr. Swirnow's email,
- 15 | he references the fact that you received Dr. Edelman's request
- 16 | to open up Fridays for her going forward so she could remain in
- 17 | Lake Success; correct?
- 18 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor. Foundation.
- 19 | THE COURT: You're just reading the email, is that
- 20 | what you're doing?
- 21 MR. KATAEV: Yes, your Honor.
- 22 THE COURT: The witness is not on this document, he
- 23 has no personal knowledge, so I hope you're leading up to
- 24 something other than laying a foundation for a question that
- 25 comes later that goes to the witness's personal knowledge.

Antonik - Redirect

- 1 Throughout the time that this was going on, on September
- 2 18th, you were in contact with Mr. Kaplan, weren't you?
- I don't remember. 3
- And this email doesn't refresh your recollection as to the 4 Q.
- 5 discussions you had with him?
- I don't remember. 6 Α.
- 7 Do you recall the fact that you told Dr. Edelman that any
- changes had to be approved by you following your incident with 8
- her just two days prior? 9
- 10 That, I believe, was communicated through Enid Papa. Α. No.
- 11 MR. KATAEV: I'd like to place up on the screen
- 12 Plaintiff's Exhibit 86 and 84 side by side. They're both in
- 13 evidence.
- 14 THE COURT: You may do so.
- 15 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- 16 THE COURT: Basis.
- 17 MR. STEER: I believe it goes beyond the scope, if I'm
- 18 not mistaken.
- 19 THE COURT: I'll permit it, but I'll permit limited
- 20 amount.
- 21 MR. STEER: Thank you.
- 22 Q. Looking at your November 2020 email to Dr. Porges and
- 23 comparing it to the spreadsheet, you obtained the information
- 24 for the email from the spreadsheet; correct?
- 25 It has much of the same information.

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1 THE COURT: How is this within the scope of the examination that was conducted by the defense? 2 3 MR. KATAEV: Your Honor, the witness testified that he was so busy with COVID that he didn't have time to deal with 4 5 any of this and I want to address that aspect, if I could have a little bit of leeway, this is my final point. 6 7 THE COURT: If you keep it short. It's beyond the scope, but if you keep it short, I'll relax the rules. 8 Q. For the November 13th, 2019 entry that Ms. Ruiz made, she 9 10 wrote: "Conversation took place between Dr. Edelman and Miriam 11 Ruiz." Correct? 12 A. I see that. 13 Q. But you wrote in your email to Dr. Porges: "Edelman 14 berated Miriam after Miriam asked her basic questions about the schedule." Correct? 15 16 Α. Yes. 17 You were not present during that conversation, were you? 18 Α. No. 19 So you were not in a position to editorialize this; 20 correct? 21 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor. 22 THE COURT: Sustained as to form. You can ask in a

Q. It wouldn't be appropriate for you to change what she wrote

different form without the "editorialized."

because you were not there; correct?

- 1 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- 2 | THE COURT: Sustained as to form.
- Q. And you said that you were busy during COVID to even focus
- 4 on Dr. Edelman; correct?
- 5 A. Correct.

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- Q. But Miriam Ruiz was nonetheless taking the time to make all of these entries during the COVID pandemic; correct?
- 8 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- 9 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 10 A. Ms. Ruiz had multiple responsibilities during that time.
- 11 | Q. And she was also busy with the COVID pandemic, wasn't she?
- 12 A. Yes.
- Q. And while you were busy dealing with the pandemic, you had delegated this task to her; correct?
- 15 MR. STEER: Objection.
- 16 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 17 MR. STEER: Foundation.
- A. Miriam Ruiz was the office manager for that suite, so she oversaw all the activities that occurred in that suite.
- 20 | Q. And you knew that she did that; correct?
- A. I knew that she had done her job and that she had, you know, handled multiple tasks simultaneously.
- Q. You decided not to place the August 28th, 2020 entry into your email; correct?
- 25 A. Correct.

- And it's fair to say, isn't it, that you have no personal 1
- 2 knowledge about any of the entries that Ms. Ruiz made; correct?
- Only by how Ms. Ruiz explained it to me. 3
- So you had no basis to change the facts that are listed in 4 Q.
- 5 the log in your email; correct?
- 6 Objection. MR. STEER:
- 7 THE COURT: Sustained.
- Q. You wrote in the September 8th, 2020 entry that Dr. Edelman 8
- created an inappropriate chart note; correct? 9
- 10 Α. Correct.
- 11 In the corresponding entry in the spreadsheet, it just says
- 12 that Dr. Edelman expressed concerns about her messaging;
- 13 correct?
- 14 Objection, your Honor. MR. STEER:
- THE COURT: Sustained and beyond the scope. 15
- 16 You never physically saw the allegedly inappropriate chart
- 17 note; correct?
- 18 I believe that I did. Α.
- 19 THE COURT: How much more do you have, Mr. Kataev?
- 20 MR. KATAEV: I believe less than five minutes.
- 21 THE COURT: Why don't you keep it to two or three.
- 22 MR. KATAEV: I'm done with this exhibit.
- 23 No further questions, your Honor. Oh, I'm
- 24 It was the exhibit. I misheard. Sorry. sorry.
- 25 I thought he was speaking for me for a MR. KATAEV:

1 second.

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I have just one more line of questioning.

Q. With respect to RVUs, part of your duties included

reviewing RVU reports?

MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.

THE COURT: Basis.

MR. STEER: Beyond the scope.

THE COURT: Sustained.

MR. KATAEV: I have nothing further, your Honor.

THE COURT: Anything further?

MR. STEER: No further questions, your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Antonik, you're excused as a witness.

You may step down.

(Witness excused)

Plaintiff will call the next witness.

MR. KATAEV: Plaintiff calls David Kaplan.

THE COURT: Mr. Kaplan, step up into the witness box.

Remain standing as my deputy administers the oath.

Members of the jury, you can take a stretch break if you want.

21 DAVID KAPLAN,

called as a witness by the Plaintiff,

having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

24 THE DEPUTY CLERK: Please state your name for the

25 record and please spell your first and last name. del Kaplan - Direct

- THE WITNESS: Sure. David D-a-v-i-d, Kaplan
- $2 \parallel K-a-p-1-a-n$ .
- 3 THE COURT: Mr. Kaplan, you may be seated. Please try
- 4 | to keep your voice up.
- 5 Counsel, is there a deposition transcript that you
- 6 might intend to use?
- 7 MR. KATAEV: Yes.
- 8 THE COURT: You may inquire.
- 9 DIRECT EXAMINATION
- 10 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 11 Q. Good morning, Mr. Kaplan.
- 12 A. Good morning.
- 13 Q. You attended college in Syracuse and graduated with a
- 14 political science degree in 1995; correct?
- 15 | A. That's correct.
- 16 | Q. And you aspired to go to law school and wisely chose not
- 17 | to; correct?
- 18 A. That is true also.
- 19 Q. This is all the courtroom experience you need; correct?
- 20 A. More than enough.
- 21 | Q. Afterwards, you did go to NYU for a master's in public
- 22 | administration; correct?
- 23 A. That is correct.
- 24 | Q. And you graduated from there in '97?
- 25 A. Also correct.

- Q. Now, you have extensive experience in working in various medical facilities; right?
- 3 | A. I do.
- 4 | Q. And initially, one of the medical facilities that you
- 5 | worked in was NYU, right, you were a division administrator for
- 6 | cardiology?
- 7 A. That is correct.
- 8 | Q. And you worked at NYU from 2001 to 2003; correct?
- 9 A. It was roughly -- I think it was a little later than that,
- 10 but yes, around that timeframe.
- 11 Q. And you left from there and then worked at Stony Brook and
- 12 | Mount Sinai, as well; right?
- 13 A. Correct.
- 14 | Q. And you then went to Northwell, but it was very brief, you
- 15 worked there for only six months; right?
- 16 A. Also correct.
- 17 | Q. Throughout this time after you left NYU in 2003, you
- 18 | maintained a good relationship with Mr. Rubin; right?
- 19 A. We did keep in touch.
- 20 | Q. And you networked with him and you viewed him as a friend
- 21 | and a colleague; correct?
- 22 A. Certainly a colleague, yes.
- 23 Q. Mr. Rubin personally recruited you in late 2016 or early
- 24 | 2017; correct?
- 25 | A. It was mid '17, yes.

- Q. Mr. Rubin is a powerful man at NYU; correct?
- 2 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- THE COURT: It goes to his perception. You can answer
- 4 what your perception is.
- 5 A. Mr. Rubin is a dynamic leader in the organization.
- 6 Q. And that would mean that he's powerful; correct?
- 7 MR. STEER: Objection.
- 8 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 9 Q. It's fair to say that because of your rapport with him, you
- 10 have his ear; correct?
- 11 MR. STEER: Objection.
- 12 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 13 A. I would like to think, as a senior director in the
- 14 organization, that he listens to all of his employees.
- 15 | Q. Including you; correct?
- 16 A. Including me.
- 17 | Q. Because you have a good relationship with him; correct?
- 18 | A. Yes, sir.
- 19 Q. Now, you're currently employed by NYU Langone Health
- 20 system; isn't that right?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. And Dr. Edelman was employed by the NYU Grossman School of
- 23 | Medicine; correct?
- 24 A. She was employed by the Grossman School of Medicine,
- 25 correct.

- Kaplan Direct
- Q. And prior to the time that NYU named the School of Medicine
- 2 after Mr. Grossman, the School of Medicine was just referred to
- 3 as the NYU School of Medicine; correct?
- 4 A. To my knowledge.
- 5 Q. To your knowledge, the NYU School of Medicine is the
- 6 predecessor to the Grossman School of Medicine; correct?
- 7 A. Correct.
- 8 | Q. And besides working -- you worked as a regional director
- 9 when you came back to NYU; right?
- 10 A. I did not. I worked as a senior director. I've always
- 11 been a senior director.
- 12 | Q. And in your role as senior director, you oversaw about 80
- 13 to 100 sites in the faculty group practice; right?
- 14 A. That is correct.
- 15 | Q. And there are approximately 350 faculty group practice
- 16 | centers; correct?
- 17 A. Roughly.
- 18 Q. You managed a substantial portion of them; correct?
- 19 A. Correct.
- 20 | Q. Now, most days, you're working at 1999 Marcus Avenue right
- 21 | next door to Mr. Antonik; correct?
- 22 | A. I do have an office in that location.
- 23 | Q. And you're typically there four days a week; right?
- 24 A. It varies week to week.
- 25 | Q. But most of the week is spent there?

- Kaplan Direct
- 1 I spend time at that office each week, yes.
- Together with Mr. Antonik; correct? 2 Q.
- There are times he's there, there are times that I am not 3 there. 4

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- Q. And it's fair to say, isn't it, that you're the direct link between Antonik and Mr. Swirnow and Rubin; correct?
- Objection as to form. MR. STEER:
- 8 THE COURT: Sustained.
  - It's fair to say that the reporting relationship at NYU is such that Antonik reports to you and you report to Mr. Swirnow and Rubin; correct?
- 12 I technically report to Fran Drummond, who is the vice 13 president for operations.
- But you also have a dotted line, so to speak, to --14 Q.
- I have a relationship, of course, with Mr. Swirnow. 15 Α.
- And you report to him, as well; correct? 16 0.
- 17 I have a direct reporting relationship to Fran Drummond. Α.
- 18 And you also have a reporting relationship to Mr. Swirnow; 19 correct?
- 20 Well, by hierarchy, he is a higher title than I am, yes. Α.
- 21 Now, your work at NYU is more business-related rather than 22 medical; right?
- 23 Α. That is correct.
- 24 And one example of a problem that you solve day-to-day at
- 25 NYU is getting a team out to fix a flooding issue at a site;

N7DCede1

- 1 | correct?
- 2 | A. Sure.
- 3 | Q. And from time to time, you deal with HR issues, but only
- 4 | tangentally because site directors are charged with that task;
- 5 correct?
- 6 | A. Correct.
- 7 Q. They're the ones that are on site, correct, that's why
- 8 | they're called site directors?
- 9 A. Correct.
- 10 | Q. Now, NYU has equal employment opportunity policies
- 11 regarding discrimination, harassment, or retaliation; correct?
- 12 | A. They do.
- 13 | Q. And you're aware of those; right?
- 14 A. Of course.
- 15 | Q. And NYU also has annual trainings that you're required to
- 16 | take by video; correct?
- 17 A. That is correct.
- 18 | Q. And you take those trainings?
- 19 | A. I do.
- 20 Q. And so you're aware about the laws involved with
- 21 discrimination, harassment, or retaliation; correct?
- 22 A. Indeed.
- 23 | Q. And you're also aware in this case that there was a
- 24 so-called investigation with Dr. Edelman; correct?
- MR. STEER: Objection.

- 1 | THE COURT: Sustained.
- 2 | Q. You're aware of an investigation of Dr. Edelman's complaint
- 3 | in this case; correct?
- 4 A. I was made aware of a complaint against him.
- 5 | Q. And you were made aware of the complaint against
- 6 Mr. Antonik because Ms. Pacina contacted you via email about
- 7 | it; correct?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. And at the time that she contacted you about this incident,
- 10 you didn't know anything about it; right?
- 11 A. Did not.
- 12 | Q. So you learned then from Ms. Pacina that Mr. Antonik got
- 13 | into an argument with Dr. Edelman; correct?
- 14 MR. STEER: Objection as to form.
- 15 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 16 Q. You didn't learn about this issue from Mr. Antonik first;
- 17 | correct?
- 18 A. Correct.
- 19 Q. Which means he didn't contact you after 3:56 p.m. on
- 20 | September 16th; correct?
- 21 A. Actually, I don't recall. It was -- he did send an email
- 22 | to me.
- 23 | Q. Upon learning about this, naturally, your reaction was to
- 24 | investigate; correct?
- 25 A. Upon learning about it -- from whom?

- 1 Q. From Ms. Pacina.
- 2 A. She notified me about the complaint as I assumed as part of
- 3 her investigation.
- 4 Q. In response, you decided to speak to Mr. Antonik about it;
- 5 correct?
- 6 A. As I said, Mr. Antonik sent me an email about his
- 7 | experience.
- 8 Q. Let's look at your deposition transcript at pages 37 to 39,
- 9 please.
- 10 At your deposition on October 26th, 2021, did I ask you the
- 11 | following questions and did you give the following answers:
- 12 THE COURT: Page and line.
- 13 MR. KATAEV: 37, line 10 through 18.
- MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- THE COURT: Overruled. I'll permit it.
- 16 "Q. What did you do to find out more information?
- 17 | "A. I spoke to Joseph Antonik.
- 18 "Q. What did you say to him and what did he say to you?
- 19 "A. Simply asked him what happened. He explained to me his
- 20 conversation that he had with Dr. Edelman about the office and
- 21 sharing her office while she was not in the office."
- 22 | Q. Do you recall that?
- 23 A. This was subsequent to my discussion with Kathleen Pacina,
- 24 correct.
- 25 Q. So I was correct in stating you then spoke to Mr. Antonik

- 1 | UPON about learning about it from Ms. Pacina; correct?
- 2 A. Correct.
- 3 Q. And you had this conversation with Mr. Antonik in person;
- 4 | correct?
- 5 A. Correct.
- 6 Q. And that's because his office was right next door to yours;
- 7 | correct?
- 8 A. Also correct.
- 9 Q. After you spoke to Mr. Antonik, you naturally went to
- 10 Mr. Swirnow; right?
- 11 A. I had contacted Mr. Swirnow, yes, about the incident.
- 12 | Q. You frequently go to Mr. Swirnow for advice on such
- 13 | employee issues; right?
- 14 MR. STEER: Objection.
- 15 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 16 A. I do go and discuss physician-retired issues with Josh
- 17 | Swirnow, yes.
- 18 | Q. And Mr. Swirnow, as your superior, told you to handle it
- 19 | yourself and speak to Dr. Edelman; right?
- 20 A. He suggested followup conversation with her.
- 21 | Q. So you went to meet with her and that was the first time
- 22 | you ever met her; right?
- 23 | A. That was the first time I've met with her, yes, in person.
- 24 | Q. And when you met with her, it was on September 25th of
- 25 | 2019; correct?

- £1 Kaplan Direct
- 1 | A. Correct.
- 2 | Q. And the conversation started smoothly enough because you
- 3 exchanged pleasantries and got to know each other a little bit;
- 4 | right?
- 5 A. That's correct.
- 6 Q. But then you told her the directive was she has to share
- 7 her space and that's that; right?
- 8 A. Not correct.
- 9 Q. She got upset during your conversation, didn't she?
- 10 A. She did.
- 11 | Q. And she told you that she did not appreciate the way that
- 12 | Mr. Antonik spoke to her, didn't she?
- 13 A. We didn't really spend so much time on her experience with
- 14 Mr. Antonik at all.
- MR. KATAEV: Give me one second, your Honor.
- 16 | THE COURT: If you're looking through the transcript,
- 17 | you should just be looking through it for yourself and not for
- 18 anybody else.
- 19 MR. KATAEV: I'd like to mark for ID 77. I believe
- 20 | it's in evidence already.
- 21 THE COURT: 77?
- 22 MR. STEER: We do not believe it's in evidence, your
- 23 Honor.
- 24 THE COURT: Any objection to 77?
- MR. STEER: No objection, your Honor.

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Kaplan - Direct

1 THE COURT: 77 is received and may be published to the jury. 2 (Plaintiff's Exhibit 77 received in evidence) 3 4 Following your meeting with Dr. Edelman, she immediately 5 wrote a complaint to HR; correct? That's my understanding. 6 Α. 7 And you understand that after she made a complaint about Mr. Antonik, she was expecting some sort of involvement by HR 8 in this issue; correct? 9 10 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor. 11 THE COURT: Sustained. 12 At this point in time with this September 25th meeting you 13 had with her, this was the second time that Dr. Edelman was 14 approached impromptu without scheduling a meeting; correct? 15 MR. STEER: Objection. THE COURT: Sustained. 16 17 You did not schedule anything with Dr. Edelman prior to 18 meeting with her; correct? 19 I'm sorry. I don't understand that question. Α. 20 When you went -- prior to you meeting with her on September 25th, you did not schedule that meeting with her; right? 21 22 I had requested my team to let me know when she was 23 available for me to be able to meet with her that day.

MR. STEER:

But she did not know that you did that; correct?

Objection, your Honor.

THE COURT: Do you know whether she knew?

- 2 A. All I could tell you is I had asked my staff to work with
- 3 her to find time in her day for me to meet with her.
- 4 | Q. You don't know whether that actually happened, do you?
- 5 A. I'm pretty sure it did.
- 6 Q. You didn't email Dr. Edelman directly to ask for her
- 7 availability, did you?
- 8 A. She was in the middle of patient hours. I wasn't going to
- 9 | bother her. That's why I go through her staff and my assistant
- 10 | site director who was, in previous testimony, named Nicole
- 11 Lucca.
- 12 | Q. So you went to see her at the end of the day; is that
- 13 | correct?
- 14 A. I went to see her at some point in the day, I can't recall
- 15 | the exact time. It was the time that my team told me she was
- 16 available to meet with her.
- 17 | Q. But she was still with patients when you went to see her,
- 18 wasn't she?
- 19 A. Again, my team told me she was available at the time I went
- 20 upstairs to meet with her.
- 21 Q. And they were mistaken; correct?
- 22 | A. I do not believe they were mistaken.
- 23 | Q. Dr. Edelman asked you to leave after your meeting; correct?
- 24 A. She yelled at me to get out of her office.
- 25 | Q. And you threatened her that you would bring this to

- 1 | Mr. Swirnow's attention; correct?
- 2 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- 3 | THE COURT: Overruled.
- 4 A. There was no threat. Merely, after the conversation, and
- 5 she said that she was not, you know, considering the
- 6 opportunity to share the office on the days that she was not
- 7 | there, I told her I would need to elevate this to my bosses, to
- 8 notify them.
- 9 Q. Ms. Pacina then reached out to you a second time concerning
- 10 Dr. Edelman's September 25th complaint; correct?
- 11 A. She notified me that there was a complaint made against me.
- 12 | Q. And you informed Ms. Pacina about your version of the
- 13 | events; right?
- 14 | A. I did.
- 15 | Q. And you distinctly recall that Ms. Pacina was taking notes
- on that conversation; correct?
- 17 A. I suspected she was.
- 18 | Q. That's what you would expect an HR person to do; right?
- 19 | A. I would assume as part of an investigation.
- 20 MR. KATAEV: I'd like to mark Plaintiff's Exhibit 21.
- 21 THE COURT: Any objection?
- 22 | MR. STEER: 21's in evidence.
- 23 | THE COURT: 21's in evidence already. You may show it
- 24  $\parallel$  to the jury.
- 25 | Q. In reviewing this exhibit, there's no mention about any

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conversation that Ms. Pacina had with you; correct?
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 2
               MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
 3
               MR. KATAEV: I've highlighted it for you to help you
 4
      with a portion where Ms. Pacina wrote down --
 5
               MR. STEER: Overruled.
6
      A. Yeah, it doesn't appear that, but I can't say if there have
 7
      been other reports or, you know, compilations of my
      conversation. But in this particular one, there is not.
8
9
          You're not aware of any other written document from
10
     Ms. Pacina about your conversation with her; correct?
11
          I don't believe so, and I don't think I would be.
12
         And you didn't write down what happened with your
13
      conversation with Ms. Pacina; correct?
14
         No.
     Α.
15
      Q.
          So your assumption that she would have taken it down, while
16
      a valid one, is incorrect; right?
17
               MR. STEER:
                          Objection.
18
               THE COURT: Sustained.
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               (Continued on next page)
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1 BY MR. KATAEV:
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- Q. Ms. Pacina's failure to record her interaction with you,
- 3 | similar to her failure to immediately forward to --
  - THE COURT: Sustained.
- 5 MR. STEER: Objection.
- 6 THE COURT: And counsel, please don't ask questions
- 7 | you know are improper.
  - Go ahead.
- 9 MR. KATAEV: Understood, your Honor.
- 10 Q. You worked with Mr. Antonik prior to his time as site
- 11 | director in June of '18, correct?
- 12 | A. I've worked with him since I arrived.
- 13 | Q. And when was it that you arrived again?
- 14 A. It was the middle of 2017.
- 15  $\parallel$  Q. And at the time that you arrived, he was a regional
- 16 | director, correct?
- 17 | A. He was.
- 18 | Q. And you worked with him then, right?
- 19 A. I did.
- 20 | Q. And you have no knowledge as to why Mr. Antonik was demoted
- 21 | from a regional director --
- 22 MR. STEER: Objection.
- 23 | Q. -- to a site director, correct?
- 24 MR. STEER: Objection to leading.
- 25 THE COURT: Overruled.

N7dWede2

1 Yeah. He was not demoted. He was shifted into a role, an

- opportunity that I actually thought he would be quite good at. 2
- 3 And you were present during testimony today, in the
- email -- when you reviewed the email that you called Dr. 4
- 5 Edelman's complaint ridiculous, correct?
  - I'm not sure which -- what are you referring to? Α.
    - Exhibit SS. Q.
- 8 THE COURT: You may publish it to the jury.
  - Uh-huh. What's your question? Α.
- 10 You called Dr. Edelman's complaint totally ridiculous, Ο.
- 11 didn't you?

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- 12 My comment of totally ridiculous was actually related to
- 13 her unwillingness to share space on the two days that, at the
- 14 time, she was not using the office.
- Q. But this email was sent before your interaction with Dr. 15
- 16 Edelman, correct?
- 17 It was still in reaction to learning that she was not
- 18 willing to share the office on the two days that she was not
- there. 19
- 20 Q. But you understood that Dr. Edelman's complaint was not
- 21 about the office space; it was about the way that she was
- 22 spoken to by Mr. Antonik, correct?
- 23 MR. STEER: Objection.
- 24 Α. I did not --
- 25 Overruled. THE COURT:

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Kaplan - Direct

- 1 A. I did not understand it as such.
  - Q. At your October 26, 2021, deposition, lines 20 through 25, on page 65 --

MR. STEER: What lines, your Honor, if I might?

MR. KATAEV: 20 to 25.

- Q. -- I asked you this question, and you gave this answer, correct?
- A. I don't see it on my screen.

MR. KATAEV: Permission to publish it to the witness, your Honor, only?

THE COURT: Give me one moment.

MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.

THE COURT: Overruled. It's adverse examination.

- BY MR. KATAEV:
- Q. I asked you this question and you gave this answer, didn't you?
  - "Q. Were you ever made aware that Dr. Edelman's chief complaint was not about the office space but about the way she was spoken to?
  - "A. I was aware that the conversation about the office space led her to believe she was spoken to inappropriately as part of that conversation."
- Do you recall now whether you understood the nature of Dr.

  Edelman's complaint?
  - A. I knew that the complaint at the time I wrote that email

- was -- when I stated totally ridiculous was about her lack of 2 willingness to share the office on days she was not there.
- During your meeting with her on September 25, you attempted 3 to placate her and calm her down, didn't you? 4
  - I did not. Α.

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- Dr. Edelman was not expecting you to appear out of nowhere, 6 7 correct?
- 8 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- 9 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 10 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 11 Mr. Antonik told you about the fact that she had filed this 12 complaint when you spoke to him in person, correct?
- 13 I learned about the complaint being filed from Kathleen 14 Pacina.
- 15 Q. And that was before the September 25 meeting, correct?
- 16 That was, indeed, before the 25th meeting.
  - And you were present at this office -- you were present in this courtroom when Dr. Edelman testified about male doctors yelling at the office, correct?
- 20 Objection, your Honor. MR. STEER:
- 21 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 22 I was here, and I heard that. Α.
- 23 And you've never told any male doctors to calm down when 24 they did so, correct?
- 25 I don't tell doctors to calm down, period.

Objection, your Honor.

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- Q. And you recognize when these office changes occur that a lot of doctors are sometimes unhappy about them, correct?
- 4 THE COURT: Sustained.

MR. STEER:

5 BY MR. KATAEV:

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- Q. In the course of performing your duties at NYU, you were sometimes involved in moving doctors around, correct?
  - A. On a regular basis we do this.
- 9 Q. And oftentimes the doctors that you have to move around are not happy about the move, correct?
- 11 A. There are times that doctors are not always happy with
  12 moves we make.
- Q. But your view is that these changes have to occur because they have to occur, correct?
- 15  $\parallel$  A. When there are reasons and strategic reasons to do so.
- Q. And that's because NYU does not negotiate when it comes to things like this, correct?
- 18 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- 19 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 20 | A. Yeah, we work very closely with our physician partners.
- 21 | Q. You have a do-as-we-say approach at NYU, correct?
- MR. STEER: Sorry. I didn't hear that, your Honor, if it could just be repeated.
- MR. KATAEV: More than happy.
- 25 Q. You have a do-as-we-say approach at NYU, correct?

BY MR. KATAEV:

Kaplan - Direct

1 MR. STEER: Objection. 2 THE COURT: Overruled. We do not. 3 Α. 4 It's fair to say that you did not hear from Dr. Edelman Q. 5 about any of her concerns during that conversation, did you? During which conversation? 6 Α. 7 On September 25. Q. We had a discussion around the fact that she wasn't willing 8 to share the office on the days she was there. 9 And NYU's inflexibility --10 Ο. 11 THE COURT: You said --12 THE WITNESS: Was not there. 13 THE COURT: -- discussion around the fact that she 14 wasn't willing to share the office on the days --15 THE WITNESS: Not there. THE COURT: -- she was there or was not there? 16 17 THE WITNESS: Was not there. 18 Thank you, your Honor. BY MR. KATAEV: 19 20 Q. And NYU's inflexibility about office space changes is 21 similar to its inflexibility in salary negotiations, isn't that 22 right? 23 Objection, your Honor. MR. STEER: 24 THE COURT: Sustained.

- 1 After your conversation with Dr. Edelman, you reached out
- to Mr. Swirnow to inform him of what was going on, correct? 2
- 3 Α. Correct.
- He was the individual who gave you the directive to make 4 Q.
- these office changes, correct? 5
- We were working together to make the office changes, yes. 6 Α.
- 7 And initially, your conversation with him was that he told
- you the changes nonetheless need to be implemented, correct? 8
- A. Our objective was to try to make them, to get that 9 10 implemented.
- 11 And that's because NYU's goal is to pack physicians into as 12 many suites as possible --
- 13 MR. STEER: Objection.
- Q. -- to maximize profit, correct? 14
- 15 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 16 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 17 It's fair to say, isn't it, that during the time you were working to resolve this issue, you were focused more on the 18
- 19 space issue rather than Dr. Edelman's complaint about
- 20 discrimination and harassment?
- 21 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- 22 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 23 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 24 It's fair to say, isn't it, that if a site director has any
- 25 issue with a physician, that site director has to report it to

- 1 | you, correct?
- 2 A. That is correct.
- 3 | Q. That's the site director's job, right?
- 4 A. That's correct.
- 5 Q. In this case, Mr. Antonik failed to report this issue to
- 6 you, and you learned it from someone else, correct?
- 7 A. Well, we spoke about it, as you indicated, and refreshed my
- 8 own memory that he did raise it with me.
- 9 | Q. But you didn't learn about it from him first, right?
- 10 A. I learned about it from him as well as HR.
- 11 Q. Throughout your tenure at NYU, from 2017 on, you had never
- 12 heard about any concerns with Dr. Edelman as a physician,
- 13 | correct?
- 14 A. I'm sorry. Repeat that question one more time?
- 15 | Q. I'll rephrase it.
- Prior to the time that Dr. Porges spoke to you about his
- 17 | concerns with Dr. Edelman, you had never known about any issues
- 18 | with Dr. Edelman's clinical performance, correct?
- 19 A. Correct.
- 20 | Q. And Dr. Porges did raise some concerns with you, didn't he?
- 21 | A. He did.
- 22 | Q. And he sent you an email about his concerns, correct?
- 23 | A. He did.
- MR. KATAEV: I'd like to publish Plaintiff's Exhibit
- 25 | 1. I believe it's already in evidence.

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THE COURT: It is in evidence. You may do so.

BY MR. KATAEV:

- Q. This is the email that Dr. Porges sent to you, correct?
- A. That is correct.
- Q. And this is the only email that Dr. Porges ever sent you regarding any physician's employment, correct?
  - A. I don't know if it was the only email ever. He is the medical director for the Marcus Avenue campus, so there are times occasionally. But this is the -- an email about, that you see here that he did send to me.

MR. KATAEV: Your Honor, page 56, lines 6 through 10.

THE COURT: Hold on a second.

You may examine.

BY MR. KATAEV:

- Q. At your deposition on October 26, 2021, I asked you the following question, and you gave the following answer, correct?

  "Q. The email that you referred to that Dr. Andrew Porges sent you, was that the only email he has ever sent you regarding a physician's performance?"
- A. Well, it was a very specific question, but the answer -
  THE COURT: No. Sir, you're just asked the question
  were you asked these questions and did you give these answers?

  BY MR. KATAEV:
- 24 A. To my recollection, yes."
- 25 A. Yes.

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- Q. So it's then true that that was the only email that you'd ever received from Dr. Porges about any physician, right?
  - A. About physician's performance, sir.

MR. STEER: Objection.

THE COURT: The objection's overruled.

I want to make sure the reporter gets the answer, so, sir, the witness should speak into the microphone so the court reporter can get it down.

Do you have the question?

THE WITNESS: If he could just repeat that question.

THE COURT: Can you do the question again, counsel.

- 12 BY MR. KATAEV:
  - Q. Sure. So it's true then that this was the only email
- 14 | Dr. Porges sent you about any physician?
- 15 A. About a physician's performance.
- 16 | O. Yes.
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 Q. Now, Ms. Pacina is a human resources employee, correct?
- 19 A. Correct.
- 20 \ Q. And one of her functions is, in your words, to adjudicate
- 21 | labor relations issues, correct?
- 22 A. Correct.
- 23 | Q. And adjudicate means to resolve, right?
- 24 A. To investigate -- my assumption is to investigate and get
- 25 to a resolution.

- Q. And a resolution could be this complaint has no merit or this complaint has merit, correct?
- 3 A. Presumably.
- 4 Q. To your knowledge, Ms. Pacina never made any such
- 5 | adjudication, correct?
- 6 A. I was not privy to that.
- 7 Q. Now, you're familiar with what an RVU is, given your
- 8 extensive background with hospitals, right?
- 9 A. I know what they are.
- 10 | Q. And you're aware that there is some correlation between the
- 11 | number of RVUs earned and salary earned, correct?
- 12 A. I'm familiar with how they work.
- 13 Q. And generally speaking, the higher the RVU target the
- 14 | higher the pay, correct?
- 15 | A. I can't speak to that in -- at our institution.
- Q. And generally speaking, the higher the RVUs actually earned
- 17 | higher the pay, correct?
  - MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- 19 THE COURT: Basis.
- 20 MR. STEER: Foundation.
- 21 | THE COURT: Overruled. The witness can answer if he
- 22 | knows the answer.

- 23 | A. Say the question one more time, please.
- 24 | Q. Generally speaking, the higher the RVUs earned by the
- 25 physician the higher the pay, correct?

- 1 A. One would assume so.
- 2 | Q. Focusing back on exhibit 1, you received this email from
- 3 Dr. Porges because you asked Mr. Antonik to ask him to send it,
- 4 | correct?
- 5 A. That is not correct.
- 6 Q. Well, Dr. Porges called you prior to sending you this
- 7 | email, didn't he?
- 8 A. He did.
- 9  $\parallel$  Q. And he told you that he had some alleged concerns about Dr.
- 10 | Edelman, didn't he?
- 11 A. He started to tell me about his concerns.
- 12 | Q. And you stopped him from telling you those concerns, didn't
- 13 | you?
- 14 A. I did. I told him to put it in writing.
- 15 | Q. And you needed it in writing so you could use to send it to
- 16 Mr. Swirnow, correct?
- 17 | A. I wanted it in writing so it was documented so that I would
- 18 be able to forward it to my leadership.
- 19 Q. And you never asked Dr. Porges how he came to learn about
- 20 | these issues, correct?
- 21 | A. It wasn't my place to do so.
- 22 | Q. So that means you didn't, right?
- 23 A. I did not.
- 24 | Q. Now, based on your experience in hospitals and working with
- 25 | various other institutions, there are multiple factors that go

- 1 | into compensation for a doctor, correct?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 Q. And every physician has different arrangements when it
- 4 comes to CPT codes and RVUs earned, right?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- Q. And in fact, some institutions have models where a
- 7 | physician earns RVUs but it doesn't count towards their target,
- 8 correct?
- 9 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor. Foundation, his experience.
- 11 THE COURT: Why don't you establish the foundation.
- 12 | Sustained.
- 13 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 14 | Q. In your experience working with hospitals, you learned
- 15 | about physician compensation, didn't you?
- 16 A. In past experiences at other institutions, not here at NYU.
- 17 | Q. And you're aware that in at least other medical
- 18 | institutions there are circumstances where a physician can
- 19 | technically earn RVUs but it will not count towards their
- 20 | target, correct?
- 21 A. There are different models for different specialties in
- 22 different organizations.
- 23 MR. KATAEV: I'd like to publish WW, your Honor.
- 24 THE COURT: You may do so. Go ahead.
- 25 BY MR. KATAEV:

- 1 | Q. This email is dated November 13, 2019, correct?
- 2 | A. It is.
- 3 | Q. And it's after Dr. Edelman's September 17, 2019, complaint,
- 4 | correct?
- 5 | A. I'm sorry. You said the date. Say that date.
- 6 Q. September 17, 2019.
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 Q. And this is the first time that Mr. Antonik ever sent you
- 9 any email about Dr. Edelman, correct?
- 10 A. Correct.
- 11 Q. Now, to your knowledge, Mr. Antonik and Ms. Ruiz ultimately
- 12 worked this issue out between themselves, right?
- 13 MR. STEER: Objection.
- 14 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 15  $\parallel$  A. I assume so.
- 16  $\parallel$  Q. And this was just as much a spat as what your attorneys
- 17 | have called the office issue a spat, correct?
- 18 A. I can't speak to the level, but my assumption is that it
- 19 | was -- would be resolved.
- 20 | Q. You nonetheless elevated this issue to Mr. Swirnow, didn't
- 21 you?
- 22 | A. I did.
- 23 | Q. And you did that because you had already been speaking to
- 24 Mr. Swirnow about issues with Dr. Edelman, correct?
- 25 A. Correct.

- 1 MR. KATAEV: I'd like to go back to exhibit 1, which 2 is in evidence.
- THE COURT: You may do so.
- 4 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 5 Q. Now, Dr. Porges decided to tell you about these clinical
- 6 performance issues with Dr. Edelman, correct?
- 7 A. That is correct.
- 8 Q. To your knowledge, he didn't call the compliance
- 9 department, right?
- 10 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor -- withdrawn.
- 11 A. I can't speak to who else he spoke to.
- 12 | Q. You don't know whether he called the compliance
- 13 department --
- 14 A. No.
- 15 | Q. -- right?
- And you don't know whether he called any hotline, right?
- 17 | A. I do not.
- 18 | Q. And you have no knowledge as to whether Dr. Porges reported
- 19 | this issue to the Office of Professional Medical Conduct?
- 20 | A. I do not.
- 21 | Q. And that office is for doctors what a grievance committee
- 22 | is to lawyers, correct?
- 23 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- 24 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 25 BY MR. KATAEV:

- Q. Instead, Dr. Porges sent you, a facilities person, this email, correct?
- 3 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- 4 THE COURT: Sustained as to form.
- 5 BY MR. KATAEV:

- Q. Dr. Porges sent you this email even though you don't deal with physicians' clinical performance, correct?
  - A. He sent me these concerns.
- 9 Q. And Dr. Porges, as the clinical director, he had a line to
- 10 | Mr. Swirnow and Mr. Rubin, didn't he?
- 11 A. As the medical director, he has a relationship with -- yes.
- 12 | The answer's yes.
- 13 Q. And in fact, he got his title as the medical director years
- 14 after he started at NYU by directly asking Mr. Rubin for it,
- 15 | didn't he?
- 16 A. I can't speak to that.
- 17 Q. If Dr. Porges had any real concerns about Dr. Edelman's
- 18 clinical performance he could have easily gone directly to
- 19 Mr. Rubin, couldn't he?
- 20 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- 21 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 22 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 23 | Q. It's fair to say, isn't it, that you don't often meet with
- 24 Dr. Porges at all?
- 25 A. I don't meet with him often.

- Q. And in fact, it's rare for him to contact you about any issue, correct?
- 3 | A. It is.
- Q. So it was strange that he contacted you about this issue, wasn't it?
- 6 MR. STEER: Objection.
- 7 THE COURT: Overruled.
- A. I can't speak to strange. He felt comfortable and a need to communicate this to me.
- Q. And to your knowledge, Dr. Porges has never raised issues
  like this with any other doctor, correct?
- 12 A. Correct.

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- Q. Now, you received this email on November 6, but you only forwarded it to Mr. Swirnow on November 18, didn't you?
- 15 | A. That's not correct.
- 16 Q. Prior to the time that you received this email from
- Dr. Porges, you told Dr. Porges that he has to send you this
- 19 A. I gave him no such deadlines.

email by November 6, right?

- Q. Your testimony is that you did not tell Dr. Porges he
- 21 should send you an email within one to two days?
- A. I told him that if he had concerns, that he needed to put them in writing and send them to me.
- 24 | Q. And your testimony is you did not give him any deadlines?
- 25 A. I gave no deadlines. I believe he sent it to me within a

Q. I'm showing you Mr. Antonik's email from November 6, time stamped 2:20. In this email, Mr. Antonik says, "David requested all information on Edelman to be sent to him today."

Do you see that?

A. I do.

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Q. You communicated that deadline to Mr. Antonik and

- 1 Dr. Porges, didn't you?
- 2 A. I did not.
- 3 Q. You wanted this email to be sent to you by November 6,
- 4 | 2020, because it was a Friday and that was the day you worked
- 5 at One Park, right?
- 6 A. I did not.
- 7 Q. You directed this email to be sent by November 6, 2020,
- 8 | because you wanted to address it with Mr. Rubin and
- 9 Mr. Swirnow, correct?
- 10 | A. I did not.
- 11 | Q. But you agree with me that this email says that David
- 12 | requested all information to be sent today?
- 13 A. It does say that.
- 14 | Q. And you did, in fact, receive an email from Dr. Porges on
- 15 | that day, correct?
- 16 | A. I did.
- 17 | Q. But it was only sent at 4:31 p.m., towards the end of the
- 18 day, correct?
- 19 | A. It was sent at 4:31 p.m.
- 20 | Q. And so it was too late to discuss this issue with Mr. Rubin
- 21 or Mr. Swirnow?
- 22 MR. STEER: Objection.
- 23 | THE COURT: Sustained.
- 24 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 25 | Q. It's fair to say, isn't it, that Dr. Porges raised concerns

- 1 | about Dr. Edelman's clinical care?
- 2 A. It's whatever he included in this email.
- 3 | Q. And ultimately, Dr. Edelman got terminated shortly after
- 4 | this email, right?
- 5 A. I can't speak to that.
- Q. To your knowledge, isn't it true that Dr. Edelman remained
- 7 at NYU until April of 2021, five months later?
- 8 A. To my knowledge.
- 9 | Q. And you have no explanation as to why Dr. Edelman stayed
- 10 until April of 2021 if there were any concerns about patients,
- 11 | correct?
- 12 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- 13 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 14 A. I can't speak to that.
- 15 | Q. In your email to Mr. Swirnow, forwarding the November 6
- 16 | email, on November 18 you just say to him "here you go,"
- 17 | correct?
- 18 A. Correct.
- 19 | Q. And you deny that this is the first time you sent this to
- 20 Mr. Swirnow, correct?
- 21 A. That's correct.
- 22 | Q. Where is the email that you sent to Mr. Swirnow prior to
- 23 November 18?
- 24 A. I printed this and, and handed it to him.
- 25 | Q. And you don't recall when?

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Q. When you said "here you go," this was because you did not want to put anything in writing about what you were forwarding

him, correct?

MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.

THE COURT: Why did you say "here you go"?

THE WITNESS: I said "here you go" because I had

printed it to him, and then I had subsequently forwarded it to

him in email, as seen here.

10 BY MR. KATAEV:

- Q. He requested it? He requested that you forward it to him?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. You later spoke to Dr. -- I'm sorry.
- 14 You later spoke to Mr. Swirnow, as set forth in this email,
- 15 || correct?
- 16 | A. Yes.
- 17 | Q. And he told you we'll take it from here, correct?
- 18 A. Correct.
- 19 Q. And by we, he meant Mr. Swirnow and himself, correct -- I'm
- 20 sorry -- Mr. Rubin and himself, correct?
- 21 A. I assumed as such.
- 22 | Q. But to your knowledge, it's likely that Mr. Swirnow
- 23 discussed this issue with Mr. Rubin?
- 24 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- 25 THE COURT: Sustained.

- 1 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 2 Q. Separate from these concerns -- withdrawn.
- 3 Mr. Swirnow told you to give you -- to give him a call to
- 4 discuss this, correct?
- $5 \parallel A$ . He did.
- Q. And that's because he didn't -- that's because, to your knowledge, he did not want to put anything that he was saying
- 8 to you in writing, correct?
- 9 MR. STEER: Objection.
- 10 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 11 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 12 Q. You never ultimately memorialized this conversation,
- 13 | correct?
- 14 A. I did not.
- 15 | Q. And to your knowledge, neither did Mr. Swirnow, correct?
- MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- 17 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 18 A. I can't speak to if he put something in writing or not.
- 19 Q. You're not aware of anything in writing by him, right?
- 20 | A. I'm not.
- 21 Q. Prior to this exchange, you had also spoken to Mr. Swirnow
- 22 about resolving the office space issue, right?
- 23 A. Correct.
- 24 | Q. And the focus of your conversation with Mr. Swirnow was
- 25 whether the contract actually permitted Dr. Edelman to have

- 1 | exclusive space, right?
- 2 A. Correct.
- 3 Q. But Mr. Swirnow told you that NYU has the right to move
- 4 doctors around except if there's a burden to the doctor, isn't
- 5 | that right?
- 6 A. Correct.
- 7 Q. And Dr. Edelman did, in fact, raise concerns about a
- 8 | burden, didn't she?
- 9 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- 10 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 11 A. She raised a concern only in the fact that she was
- 12 unwilling to share her office on the days she was not there.
- 13 | Q. But isn't it true that she said that it would be hard for
- 14 her to maintain her RVU targets and meet them if this change
- 15 | occurred?
- 16 A. She did say that.
- 17 Q. Isn't it fair to say that she had a concern that would
- 18 cause her a burden in moving the space?
- 19 A. But she was not --
- 20 MR. STEER: Objection.
- 21 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 22 | A. She was not in the space those days when we had the initial
- 23 conversation. She --
- 24 | Q. But she informed you that there are times when Huntington
- 25 | is closed on Thursdays and she moves her patients to Lake

- 1 | Success, doesn't she?
- 2 A. No, we did not talk about -- we talked about her concerns
- 3 around Huntington; we did talk about that.
- 4 Q. OK. And ultimately, those concerns were resolved by
- 5 permitting her to remain at one location so she could meet her
- 6 | targets, right?
- 7 | A. We did.
- 8 Q. And so Dr. Edelman's concerns fit within the exception to
- 9 | this rule, didn't they?
- 10 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- 11 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 12 A. Which is why, ultimately, when she made those requests we
- 13 | fulfilled them to remain at Marcus Avenue.
- 14 | Q. And that issue could have easily been resolved with
- 15 Mr. Antonik, couldn't it?
- 16 | A. I can't say.
- MR. KATAEV: I'd like to place up on the screen what's
- 18 been marked as 00. I believe it's in evidence already.
- 19 | THE COURT: It's in evidence, so you can do so.
- 20 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 21 | Q. In this September 16 email, Mr. Antonik wrote to you about
- 22 | this issue with Dr. Edelman, correct?
- 23 | A. Correct.
- 24 | Q. And at the end of this email, Mr. Antonik raises an option
- 25 to make the changes work by having Dr. Li use Dr. Klaus

- 1 | Dittmar's office on Thursdays and Fridays, correct?
- 2 A. I see that.
- 3 | Q. Dr. Dittmar was an oncologist in the same suite, and he was
- 4 | a senior partner, right?
- 5 | A. Correct.
- 6 Q. Dr. Dittmar is a male, correct?
- 7 | A. He is.
- 8 Q. And the senior partner is just another title that's used to
- 9 pay male doctors more, correct?
- 10 MR. STEER: Objection.
- 11 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 12 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 13 Q. And you said that Dr. Dittmar was very busy, right?
- 14 A. He was the senior partner in his -- he was the senior
- 15 member of his group.
- 16 | Q. And you said he was very busy, right?
- 17 | A. Busy.
- 18 | Q. Well, busier than Dr. Edelman?
- 19 A. I don't compare doctors that way.
- 20 | Q. But you didn't investigate who was busier, did you?
- 21 MR. STEER: Objection.
- 22 | THE COURT: Sustained. And I think we're done on this
- 23 particular line.
- MR. KATAEV: Just one more question on it?
- 25 | Q. You said, you determined that it was not appropriate to

- N7dWede2 Kaplan - Direct limit Dr. Dittmar in performing his duties, right? 1 2 Objection. MR. STEER: THE COURT: 3 Sustained. 4 BY MR. KATAEV: 5 Q. You acknowledge that Dr. Edelman had a very busy practice with lots of patients, correct? 6 7 She had a busy practice. Q. NYU only accommodated Dr. Edelman's request to move 8 entirely to Lake Success and stop going to Huntington because 9 10 you collectively figured out another way to make the office 11 changes work, correct? 12 MR. STEER: Objection. 13 Sustained on 401 grounds. And 403. THE COURT: 14 BY MR. KATAEV: 15 It's fair to say that Dr. Edelman frustrated your plans 16 with the office move, correct? 17 MR. STEER: Objection. 18 THE COURT: Sustained on 401 and 403. BY MR. KATAEV: 19 20 Q. Going back to the phone call that you had with Dr. Porges, 21

23

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- where you stopped him from speaking and told him to send you an email, you did not ask -- Dr. Porges did not tell you about any interpersonal issues, correct?
- MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- 25 THE COURT: Overruled. I'll permit it.

- 1 A. I'm sorry. I couldn't hear the end of your question.
- 2 Q. Dr. Porges did not inform you during this phone call about
- 3 any interpersonal issues with Dr. Edelman, correct?
  - A. He did not.

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- 5 MR. KATAEV: I'd like to publish to the jury exhibit
- 6 | SS. It's already been admitted in evidence.
  - THE COURT: You may do so.
- 8 Counsel, how much longer do you have?
- 9 MR. KATAEV: Two pages left, your Honor.
- 10 THE COURT: OK.
- 11 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 12 | Q. In this email you wrote to Mr. Swirnow, you informed him
- 13 | that Dr. Edelman filed a complaint against Mr. Antonik for
- 14 | being aggressive and retaliating, correct?
- 15 A. That is what was reported to me.
- 16 | Q. You didn't write in here about any issue with office space;
- 17 | you wrote about Mr. Antonik's conduct, correct?
- 18 A. I reported what was reported to me.
- 19 | Q. Your focus in this email after what you're reported was
- 20 | solely on the office space issue and not Dr. Edelman's
- 21 | complaint about Mr. Antonik's aggression, correct?
- 22 MR. STEER: Objection.
- 23 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 24 BY MR. KATAEV:

25

Q. You don't address anything in here about Mr. Antonik's

Kaplan - Direct

- 1 | alleged aggression, correct?
- 2 MR. STEER: Objection.
- 3 THE COURT: Overruled.
  - A. I shared what was reported to me.
- 5 | Q. But you didn't address it in any way, did you?
- 6 A. I elevated it to my boss, or one of my bosses.
- Q. It's fair to say that you ignored this issue and focused on the space issue, correct?
- 9 MR. STEER: Objection.
- 10 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 11 A. I shared what was reported to me.
- 12 | Q. In fact, you called Dr. Edelman's complaint totally
- 13 | ridiculous, right?
- 14 A. I said what was totally ridiculous was her not willingness
- 15 | to share the office space on the days she wasn't in the office
- 16 at the time.
- 17 Q. Mr. Swirnow echoed your sentiment that this was ridiculous,
- 18 | correct?
- 19 A. That is correct.
- 20 | Q. This is an example of how you address HR complaints
- 21 | regarding harassment and discrimination?
- 22 MR. STEER: Objection.
- 23 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 24 BY MR. KATAEV:

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Q. Mr. Swirnow acknowledges that Dr. Edelman was busy here,

1 | correct?

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- 2 A. She -- she was a busy practitioner.
- 3 Q. Even though you knew about Dr. Edelman's complaint against
- 4 Mr. Antonik when you went to speak to her on September 25, you
- 5 | did not ask Dr. Edelman anything about it, did you?
  - A. I was there to speak about the office space.
  - Q. Fair to say, again, you ignored the complaint and focused on your issues --
- 9 THE COURT: Sustained.
- MR. STEER: Objection.
- 11 | THE COURT: One more, and you're done.
- 12 MR. KATAEV: I apologize, your Honor.
- 13 THE COURT: One more like that.
- 14 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 15 | Q. Now, ultimately, Mr. Swirnow was the one who took a step
- 16 back and looked at the big picture, right?
- 17 | A. We worked together, yes, on that. But, yes.
- 18 Q. This email reflects his desire to assess things before
- 19 | acting, right?
- 20 A. As he often does.
- 21 | Q. And Mr. Swirnow was ultimately able to have a conversation
- 22 | with Dr. Edelman and resolve this issue, correct?
- 23 A. I believe they spoke.
- 24 | Q. But you were not able to do so, right?
- 25 A. I was not part of that.

- 1 | Q. You're familiar with the Epic System, correct?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 Q. That's what we call an EMR, right?
- 4 A. An EMR, yes.
- 5 | Q. And that stands for electronic medical records?
- 6 A. Correct.
- 7 Q. And this is the system that's used to provide RVU reports,
- 8 | right?
- 9 A. It's actually -- it's our electronic medical record and
- 10 | it's our billing -- our billing system.
- 11 Q. To your knowledge, that system could be used to pull up RVU
- 12 reports, right?
- 13 A. I believe it's used for billing.
- 14 | Q. There is some system that's used to pull up RVU reports,
- 15 | isn't there?
- 16 A. There is a process to calculate RVUs, yes.
- 17 | O. And you can do so with the click of a button, correct?
- 18 A. I think it's a little more involved than that.
- 19 Q. To your knowledge, NYU has not provided any RVU reports for
- 20 | all the doctors in this case, correct?
- 21 MR. STEER: Objection.
- 22 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 23 The jury's instructed that questions are not evidence
- 24 | in the case. When I sustain an objection, you're to just
- 25 entirely disregard it.

Α.

I see that.

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1
               MR. KATAEV: I'd like to place up on the screen
      Plaintiff's Exhibit 71.
 2
 3
               MR. STEER: No objection, your Honor.
 4
               THE COURT: Received and may be published.
 5
               (Plaintiff's Exhibit 71 received in evidence)
      BY MR. KATAEV:
6
 7
          This is a November 1, 2019, email from Dr. Edelman to
     Ms. Pacina, correct?
8
          OK.
9
     Α.
10
               THE COURT: Is the witness on this email?
11
               MR. KATAEV: No, your Honor.
12
               THE COURT: Do you have a foundation?
13
               MR. KATAEV: Yes. He was shown it during his
14
      deposition, your Honor.
15
               THE COURT: But to ask this witness about this email.
16
               MR. KATAEV: Yes, he addressed this email during his
17
      deposition.
               THE COURT: That doesn't establish a foundation.
18
19
               All right. One or two questions.
20
               MR. KATAEV: Just one.
21
          Dr. Edelman sent this email on November 1, correct?
22
      Α.
        Looks like that.
23
          And she says at the end of this paragraph that she wants to
24
     know when and how the issue will be addressed, correct?
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N7dWede2 Kaplan - Direct 1 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor. 2 But Ms. Pacina --Q. 3 THE COURT: Basis. 4 -- never contacted you after she received this email on 5 November 1, correct? 6 Objection, your Honor. MR. STEER: 7 THE COURT: Overruled. 8 Repeat that question? Q. Ms. Pacina never contacted you other than the two times 9 10 with the incident with Mr. Antonik and with the incident with 11 you on September 25, correct? 12 Α. Correct. 13 In fact, you're not aware of any action whatsoever by Ο. 14 Ms. Pacina after your conversation with her on September 25, correct? 15 16 Α. I was not. 17 THE COURT: Mr. Kataev, are you done? 18 MR. KATAEV: Just a few more questions, your Honor. Q. You were here when Mr. Antonik referred to an email that 19 20 you had sent him, correct? 21 Which email are you referring --22 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor. 23 THE COURT: Overruled.

What email are you referring to, sir?

MR. KATAEV: There's an email that Mr. Antonik

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testified about yesterday that he received from Mr. Kaplan 1 2 about Dr. Edelman. 3 THE COURT: You can answer that question if you understand it. Otherwise, the objection is sustained. 4 THE WITNESS: I don't. 5 6 THE COURT: Objection sustained. 7 BY MR. KATAEV: Q. Based on your training concerning discrimination and 8 9 harassment and your understanding of Dr. Edelman's complaint, 10 you understood that you could not retaliate against her, 11 correct? 12 Α. Correct. 13 MR. KATAEV: I have nothing further. 14 THE COURT: OK. 15 Members of the jury, it's now a little bit after 10:45, so we're going to take our midmorning break now for 16 17 about 15 minutes. Have a good break. Don't talk about the 18 case amongst yourselves or do any research. I'll see you back here in a little bit. 19 20 (Continued on next page) 21 22 23 24 25

(Jury not present)

THE COURT: The witness may step down.

Mr. Kataev, you understand that when you ask a question and you get an answer that you don't like you're not permitted to incorporate into your follow-up question the answer you wish you would have received but that is the complete opposite of the one that you did receive.

MR. KATAEV: Yes, your Honor. I apologize.

THE COURT: And then with respect to using the transcript to impeach, you have complete leeway to use that whenever there is a statement that the witness gives from the stand that is inconsistent with what the witness testified during deposition, but when the testimony is consistent, then it constitutes hearsay unless it's offered by the other side to rebut a charge of recent fabrication, and the like.

All right. So what I propose to do is -- hold on for a second -- is to bring juror No. 5 into the robing room. I'll have one lawyer from each side with me, and I'm going to just inquire into what her personal circumstances are.

She asked me in the email whether it would be possible for her to miss tomorrow morning and just catch up on what happened by reading the transcript. The answer to that question is obviously no, and I propose to tell her that the answer is no and then to inquire with her whether it would be possible for the appointment that is scheduled for tomorrow

N7dWede2

Kaplan - Direct

morning either to be moved to the afternoon or for somebody else to cover it and see what her personal situation is. And I will keep that portion of the transcript under seal, available to the parties but not to the public unless there's a further application, in order to protect the juror's privacy. OK. The parties are welcome to meet me in the robing room. (Pages 632 to 635 SEALED) 

THE COURT: I gather defense counsel has asked the question whether I considered starting the trial later tomorrow in light of juror No. 5's issues. I did consider that, but for two reasons, I don't think that will work. First of all, there's no assurance if I started later that that would solve the issues for juror No. 5. Second, it would have the effect of inconveniencing all of the other jurors. The witness is on the stand. Let's bring in the jury. (Continued on next page) 

1 (Jury present)

THE COURT: Counsel, you may inquire.

Mr. Kaplan, you're reminded you're still under oath.

MR. STEER: Your Honor, I would like to mark for identification Defendants' RR.

THE COURT: Any objection to RR?

MR. KATAEV: I believe it's already admitted.

THE COURT: RR is received and may be published to the

jury.

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(Defendant's Exhibit RR received in evidence)

- CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 12 BY MR. STEER:
- 13 | Q. Mr. Kaplan, I'm showing you Defendants' RR. Does that
- 14 confirm the date when Ms. Pacina reached out to you?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 Q. Now, when you spoke with plaintiff, did she say anything to
- 17 | you about Mr. Antonik calling her a bitch?
- 18 A. She did not.
- 19 | Q. When you spoke with Ms. Pacina, did saying to you about
- 20 | calling her a bitch?
- 21 A. She did not.
- 22 | Q. Did anyone else say anything else to you about whether
- 23 plaintiff was called a bitch?
- 24 A. Did not.
- 25 | Q. When you were speaking with Ms. Pacina, did she say

Kaplan - Cross

- 1 anything about this being discrimination against women?
- 2 A. No.
- 3 | Q. When you spoke to Dr. Edelman, did she tell you this was
- 4 discrimination against women?
- 5 | A. No.
- 6 Q. And did there come a time that you learned that
- 7 Dr. Edelman's contract was not renewed?
- 8 A. Repeat the question.
- 9 Q. I'm sorry. Did there come a time when Dr. Edelman's
- 10 contract was not renewed?
- 11 A. I don't have knowledge of that.
- 12 | Q. If I represent to you that her contract was not renewed,
- 13 | did anyone consult with you about that happening?
- 14 A. Absolutely not.
- 15 | Q. Did anyone ask you for any input into the decision whether
- 16 Dr. Edelman's contract should not be renewed?
- 17 A. Absolutely not.
- 18 | Q. Did you speak with anyone about the nonrenewal before the
- 19 decision was made?
- 20 A. Absolutely not.
- 21 | Q. Did you conspire with Joe Antonik to get plaintiff fired?
- MR. KATAEV: Objection.
- 23 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 24 A. Absolutely not.
- 25 | Q. When you were having information gathered at Mr. Swirnow's

Kaplan - Cross

- request, what, if anything, did you expect would happen with plaintiff, if anything?
- 3 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Hypothetical. Speculation.
- 4 THE COURT: Overruled.
- A. The information that was provided to me I simply handed off to my boss, one of my bosses.
- 7 | Q. Anyone tell you why the information was wanted?
- 8 A. No.
- 9 Q. Could you tell the jury, did you do anything to discriminate against Dr. Edelman?
- 11 A. I did not.
- 12 | MR. KATAEV: Objection.
- 13 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 14 | Q. Did you try to get her fired?
- 15 A. Absolutely not.
- 16 | Q. Did you retaliate against her?
- 17 A. Absolutely not.
- 18 MR. KATAEV: Objection.
- 19 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 20 | Q. Did you try to do your job to the best of your ability?
- 21 | A. 100 percent.
- 22 | Q. Do you have any understanding of why you're sitting here
- 23 | today as an individual defendant in this lawsuit?
- 24 | A. I do not.
- MR. STEER: No more questions, your Honor.

A. I did.

	Nybecdes Rapidii Redifect
1	THE COURT: Anything further from the plaintiff?
2	MR. KATAEV: Just one or two.
3	THE COURT: Let's get the next witness ready.
4	MR. KATAEV: I'd like to publish exhibit 1, which is
5	already in evidence.
6	THE COURT: Okay.
7	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
8	BY MR. KATAEV:
9	Q. You testified earlier today that you sometimes handle human
10	resources complaints; correct?
11	MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
12	THE COURT: Overruled.
13	A. When I'm inquired to do so.
14	Q. And you were inquired to do so here; correct?
15	A. I was not inquired, I was informed.
16	Q. You played a role in providing information concerning this
17	complaint against Dr. Edelman; correct?
18	MR. STEER: Objection.
19	THE COURT: Overruled.
20	A. I provided I learned of the information from HR.
21	Q. And Plaintiff's Exhibit 1, which is in front of you
22	A. I don't have anything on the screen. Now I see it.
23	Q. Plaintiff's Exhibit 1, you inquired about the conversation
24	that Dr. Porges had with Mr. Swirnow; correct?

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Α.

Thanksgiving; correct?

That is correct.

Kaplan - Redirect 1 So it's not fair to say that you had no knowledge regarding 2 the nonrenewal; correct? 3 Objection, your Honor. MR. STEER: 4 THE COURT: Overruled. No knowledge of nonrenewal. 5 This email is dated November 18, 2020; correct? 6 Ο. 7 Correct. Α. And the notice of nonrenewal is dated December 1st; 8 9 correct? 10 Α. I don't know. 11 MR. KATAEV: I'd like to publish to the witness Plaintiff's Exhibit 6. 12 13 Withdrawn. 14 Plaintiff's Exhibit 7, your Honor. Okay. 15 THE COURT: No objection, your Honor, if it's not in 16 MR. STEER: 17 evidence. THE COURT: 7 is received. 18 (Plaintiff's Exhibit 7 received in evidence) 19 20 Based on this letter regarding the nonrenewal of 21 Dr. Edelman's employment, it is dated December 1st; correct? 22 Α. It appears so. 23 And between November 18th and December 1st, there's

1	Q. It's fair to infer that a decision was made not to renew
2	Dr. Edelman's contract before Thanksgiving; correct?
3	MR. STEER: Objection.
4	THE COURT: Sustained.
5	MR. KATAEV: Nothing further.
6	THE COURT: Anything further?
7	MR. STEER: One very fast question, your Honor.
8	THE COURT: You can ask from where you are.
9	MR. STEER: Thank you so much.
10	RECROSS EXAMINATION
11	BY MR. STEER:
12	Q. You were just shown an exhibit that asked the question how
13	did your call go with Dr. Porges. What did that relate to?
14	Withdrawn.
15	The line in that email, "How did the call go with
16	Dr. Porges," did that have anything at all to do with the idea
17	of plaintiff being nonrenewed?
18	A. Not at all.
19	MR. STEER: No further questions, your Honor.
20	THE COURT: You're excused as a witness.
21	(Witness excused)
22	Please call your next witness.
23	MR. KATAEV: Plaintiff calls defendant Joshua Swirnow.
24	THE COURT: Mr. Swirnow, please step forward into the
25	witness box, remain standing as my deputy administers the oath.

1 JOSHUA SWIRNOW,

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2 called as a witness by the Plaintiff,

having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

THE DEPUTY CLERK: Please state your full name for the record and please spell out your first and last name.

THE WITNESS: Joshua J-o-s-h-u-a, Swirnow S-w-i-r-n-o-w.

THE COURT: Mr. Swirnow, you probably know the routine by now, but please try to speak into the microphone and keep your voice up.

Plaintiff have a transcript that you want me to have?

MR. KATAEV: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Try to give that to me during the breaks.

You may inquire.

- 15 DIRECT EXAMINATION
- 16 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 17 | Q. Good morning, Mr. Swirnow.
- 18 A. Good morning.
- 19 Q. By way of background, you have a bachelor's of science in
- 20 | both biology and business; correct?
- 21 A. That's correct.
- 22 | Q. You earned those degrees in 1998; correct?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. And you're also the -- you also earned a master's in
- 25 | business administration; correct?

- 1 A. That's correct.
- 2 | Q. You then worked at a hospital in Baltimore for six years
- 3 | before going to NYU; correct?
- 4 | A. Yes.
- 5 Q. And at NYU, when you were hired there, you worked your way
- 6 up from administrative practice manager to currently vice
- 7 | president; correct?
- 8 | A. Yes.
- 9 Q. You have been the vice president since early 2020; isn't
- 10 | that right?
- 11 A. Approximately.
- 12 | Q. But for the relevant time period here with Dr. Edelman, you
- 13 were the assistant vice president; correct?
- 14 A. For part of that time, yes.
- 15 | Q. And you were the assistant vice president for clinical
- 16 affairs and business development; is that right?
- 17 | A. I don't remember the specific titles, but something about
- 18 that.
- 19 | Q. And in your role, you report directly to Mr. Rubin;
- 20 correct?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. In your role, you will receive the faculty group practice
- 23 | with others since 2005; correct?
- 24 A. Portions of it, yes.
- 25 | Q. And the fact that a group practice consists of 350 sites;

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- 1 | right?
- 2 A. Approximately.
- 3 Q. And 1999 Marcus Avenue is one such site; correct?
- 4 | A. Yes.
- 5 Q. Part of your role involves overseeing the business
- 6 | functions of the ambulatory care network and the physician
- 7 organization; correct?
- 8 | A. Yes.
- 9 Q. And you know that Dr. Edelman is a doctor at NYU; correct?
- 10  $\parallel$  A. She was.
- 11 | Q. And you first met Dr. Edelman with Dr. Mehta for what you
- 12 | referred to as an offer meeting; correct?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. And at that meeting with you was Mr. Rubin; right?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 | Q. That meeting was held at One Park Avenue in Manhattan;
- 17 | correct?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- 19 | Q. At your office?
- 20 | A. Sorry?
- 21 | Q. At your office.
- 22 A. At our offices, yes.
- 23 | Q. You also once met Dr. Edelman with Mr. Rubin in 2016 or
- 24 | 2017 at One Park; right?
- 25 A. Yes.

- Q. And the reason she was called in was because many appointments were rescheduled; right?
- 3 A. I'm not sure if that was part of it. I remember there
- 4 being concerns about her relationship with the staff in the
- 5 | office.
- Q. And do you recall any discussions about the fact that there
- 7 were patients rescheduled?
- 8 | A. No.
- 9 Q. You don't recall any concerns about the fact that numerous
- 10 patients were rescheduled and you inquired as to why?
- 11 A. I don't recall.
- 12 | Q. During that meeting, you also counseled Dr. Edelman on how
- 13 | to better get along with staff; correct?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 | Q. And during that meeting, Mr. Rubin told Dr. Edelman to
- 16 | smile more; isn't that right?
- 17 A. I don't recall that being said.
- 18 | Q. During that meeting, Mr. Rubin told Dr. Edelman to fake it
- 19 | till she makes it; right?
- 20 A. I do not recall that being said.
- 21 | Q. But you do remember discussions about Mr. Rubin telling
- 22 | Dr. Edelman to form relationships with staff; correct?
- 23 A. I remember him telling her, coaching her on how to get
- 24 along better with staff, being nice to the staff.
- 25 | Q. And you haven't counseled any male physicians about how to

- 1 | better get along with staff, have you?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 | Q. One of your roles at NYU is to monitor a physician's
- 4 performance and productivity; correct?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 Q. And part of your role involved reviewing Dr. Edelman's
- 7 performance and productivity; correct?
- 8 A. That's correct.
- 9 Q. And it's fair to say Dr. Edelman was a busy doctor; right?
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 | Q. In fact, you cannot recall any time in which she was not
- 12 | productive in her reviews; correct?
- 13 A. I would have to look at the numbers, but I don't recall.
- 14 | Q. You're also not aware of any qualifications that
- 15 | Dr. Edelman lacked while working at NYU; correct?
- 16 A. That's correct.
- 17 | Q. And, in fact, you participated in the decision to hire
- 18 Dr. Edelman based on her qualifications; correct?
- 19 | A. I don't review the clinical qualifications of physicians.
- 20  $\parallel$  Q. NYU has a clinical team that -- a team of clinicians that
- 21 | vets doctors; right?
- 22 | A. The leadership of the departments in the School of Medicine
- 23 | for the particular specialty would review the clinical
- 24 qualifications.
- 25 | Q. And no physician would get to you if they haven't been

- 1 | vetted beforehand; correct?
- 2 A. That's correct.
- 3 Q. So it's fair to say since you met with her, she was vetted
- 4 | and everything went well with that; correct?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 Q. Now, you made a decision to hire Dr. Edelman based on her
- 7 | business plan; correct?
- 8 A. We being NYU, yes.
- 9 Q. And in order to get the business plan, you asked
- 10 Dr. Edelman and Dr. Mehta for information concerning their
- 11 | private practice; correct?
- 12 | A. That's correct.
- 13 | Q. They provided you that information; yes?
- 14 A. They did.
- 15 | Q. And you used that information to make the business plan;
- 16 correct?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 | Q. But you did not share that business plan with either
- 19 Dr. Edelman or Dr. Mehta; correct?
- 20 | A. We don't share business plans with physicians.
- 21 | Q. Now, the business plan itself is based on assumptions and
- 22 projections; correct?
- 23 | A. The business plan is based on the information that the
- 24 physicians provide us.
- 25 | Q. You don't make any assumptions within the business plan?

- 1 A. Potentially, if there's information that was not submitted.
  - Q. And the business plan does, in fact, have projections;
- 3 || right?

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- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 | Q. And projections is another way of saying that you believe
- 6 things will happen in the future based on the information at
- 7 | hand today; correct?
- 8 A. We make projections on what the practice will look like
- 9 when it's part of NYU.
- 10 | Q. The projections don't always reflect the reality, do they?
- 11 A. It's a projection.
- 12 | Q. They're not always accurate, are they?
- 13 A. Not always.
- 14 | Q. And at times, if you look at the actual data and compare it
- 15 | to the projections you made then, it differs from time to time;
- 16 correct?
- 17 A. It's possible.
- 18 MR. KATAEV: I'd like to place up on the screen
- 19 Defendants' Exhibit HH. I believe it's in evidence already.
- 20 THE COURT: Go ahead.
- 21 | Q. This is Dr. Edelman's business plan; correct?
- 22 | A. Drs. Edelman and Mehta.
- 23 | Q. And you prepared this business plan; correct?
- 24 | A. No.
- 25 Q. Members of your team did?

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- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 | Q. And you review it for accuracy; correct?
- 3 | A. Yes.
- 4 | Q. Focusing on the top, on the right side of the line, there's
- 5 | years 1 through years 5; correct?
- 6 | A. Yes.
- 7 | Q. And the 3 percent on top of each year assumes a 3-percent
- 8 growth every year; correct?
- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 | Q. And that's why every year, starting with year 1, the
- 11 | numbers increase slightly; correct?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. And this is the projection part, this is where you
- 14 | effectively try to tell the future; correct?
- 15 A. Year 1 is an interpretation of the data that they provided.
- 16 | Q. And year 1 is year 1 at NYU; right?
- 17 A. Correct.
- 18 | Q. Whereas on the left side of the chart, it reflects the past
- 19 data that you reviewed; correct?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 | Q. For fringe benefits, you put in parentheses -- well, it
- 22 | says in parentheses 25 percent; correct?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. That's an assumption that fringe benefits are 25 percent of
- 25 | salary; correct?

- A. That is the internal charge that the faculty group practice pays to the institution.
  - Q. So your understanding is that this is the actual -- Withdrawn.
    - The fringe benefits are what NYU pays in fringe benefits to its employees; right?
- 7 | A. No.

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- Q. You're saying that the fringe benefits is what Dr. Edelman paid to her employees; correct?
- 10 | A. No.
- 11 Q. Can you explain why it says "25 percent" next to "fringe
- 12 | benefits"?
- 13 A. The individual practices that the physicians are part of
- 14 are charged 25 percent of the salaries toward the benefit
- 15 | costs.
- 16 | Q. Of NYU?
- 17 | A. At NYU.
- 18 Q. And you don't have any of an actual backup for the data
- 19 | that's listed on the left side; correct?
- 20 A. What do you mean by "left side"?
- 21 | Q. I'm going to highlight it for you.
- 22 On this portion, it consists of the data that Dr. Edelman
- 23 and Dr. Mehta provided you; right?
- 24 A. Yes, except for the other direct expenses line, every piece
- of information came directly from materials that the doctors

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- 1 provided.
- Q. And my question is that we don't have those documents here at trial; correct?
- 4 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 5 THE COURT: Sustained.
- Q. Are you aware as to whether those documents that form this data were produced in this case?
- 8 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 9 THE COURT: Sustained.
- Q. Do you have the documents that form the basis for these numbers with you today?
- 12 | A. No.
- 13 Q. Who drafted this business plan, to your knowledge?
- 14 A. I have no idea.
- 15 | Q. It was one of the members of your business team; correct?
- 16 A. At that time 10 years ago.
- Q. And the top-right of this document says that it's a draft;
- 18 | correct?
- 19 A. That's what it says.
- 20 Q. This is not the final business plan, is it?
- 21 A. I believe it is.
- 22 | Q. In this analysis, NYU determined that by employing
- 23 | Dr. Edelman, it would lose \$171,000 in year 1; correct?
- 24 | A. That's what the document shows.
- 25  $\parallel$  Q. And so it's fair to say that, according to this document,

- 1 | NYU would not make any profit from hiring Dr. Edelman; correct?
- 2 A. It shows that the projection of Drs. Edelman and Mehta's
- 3 practice would generate a loss.
- 4 Q. And you based the decision on Dr. Edelman's salary on this
- 5 | document; correct?
- 6 A. Mostly, yes.
- 7 Q. Isn't it true that you solely determined Dr. Edelman's
- 8 compensation based on this business plan?
- 9 A. Could you clarify your question, please.
- 10 | Q. Besides this business plan, there are no other factors in
- 11 | your determination of what the salary should be; correct?
- 12 A. I wouldn't say that.
- 13 | Q. I'd like to show you your transcript on pages 64 to 65.
- 14 At your deposition on November 9th, 2021, I asked you these
- 15 | questions and you gave these answers, didn't you?
- 16 "Q. Were there any other factors, other than the business
- 17 | plan, that played a role in determining her starting salary?
- 18 | "A. Repeat that, please."
- 19 | "A. No."
- 20 MR. KATAEV: After it was repeated.
- 21 | Q. Do you see that?
- 22 | A. I do.
- 23 | Q. Isn't it fair to say that this decision to set
- 24 | Dr. Edelman's salary was based solely on that business plan?
- 25 A. No.

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So what you're saying is that you lied at your deposition? 1 Q. 2 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. THE COURT: Sustained. 3 4 What you said at your deposition was not true? Q. 5 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. 6 THE COURT: Sustained. 7 I'd like to also show you pages 145 to 146 of your deposition, lines 12 on page 145 through 146, line 16. 8 9 MR. KATAEV: With your permission, I'd like to publish 10 it to the witness, your Honor. 11 THE COURT: Any objection? 12 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I don't know what he means by 13 "publishing." I don't have an objection to him reading it. 14 THE COURT: You can show it to the witness and examine on it. Go ahead. 15 Q. At your deposition on November 9th, 2021, I asked you the 16 following questions and you gave the following answers; 17 correct? 18 "Q. It states in here that I will call -- in what I will call 19 20 paragraph 1 that, amongst other things, that we are an 21 established practice with a large patient and referral base. 22 Do you see that? 23 "A. I see it. 24 What role, if any, does that play with respect to making a

salary decision about Drs. Edelman and Mehta?

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- I know we discussed this earlier. The salary is based on the business plan that's done for the practice. 2
  - "Q. Is it fair to say that in this email, Drs. Edelman and Mehta are selling themselves to you.

MR. KATAEV: "Objection."

- "A. I don't know that I would categorize it that way.
  - "Q. Is it fair to say that Drs. Mehta and Edelman are explaining in this email why they should be entitled to certain compensation?
- Yes, they are negotiating.
- 11 **"**O. My question is --
- 12 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection, your Honor. It's gone 13 beyond proper impeachment.
  - THE COURT: He asked permission and I gave him without there being an objection. Go ahead.
    - "Q. My question is what role, if any, did the fact that they are an established practice with a large patient referral base play with respect to the salary?
    - Those are words. So I think I explained our process. "A. We look at the business plan based on their practice. So descriptive words don't play a part in the business plan.

22 THE COURT: Did you give those answers?

23 THE WITNESS: Yes.

> So again, it's fair to say that solely the business plan made -- well, what you used to make a decision on salary;

1 | correct?

- 2 A. Part of Dr. Edelman and Mehta's practice, their drug
- 3 | infusion volume is not represented on this plan because that
- 4 was going to be done in the hospital service, in a hospital
- 5 setting facility, but yes, the business plan drives the
- 6 salaries.
- 7 Q. So this business plan, what you're saying, it's not
- 8 | complete; correct?
- 9 A. It's a complete picture as a physician practice as it would
- 10 look as part of NYU.
- 11 | Q. You never received any formal training on setting salaries
- 12 | and compliance with the Equal Pay Act, did you?
- 13 A. I don't know specifically.
- 14 | Q. When you set the salaries of physicians, you use a business
- 15 plan for all doctors; isn't that right?
- 16 A. For physicians coming from private practice.
- 17 | Q. And one such other physician coming from private practice
- 18 was Dr. Porges; correct?
- 19 A. Could you clarify which Dr. Porges you're talking about.
- 20 Q. Fair enough. Dr. Andrew Porges.
- 21 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 22 | Q. Now, besides meeting with Dr. Porges to onboard him as a
- 23 | physician at NYU, you also spoke to him after he became a
- 24 | physician at NYU; correct?
- 25 A. Yes, I've spoken to Dr. Porges.

3 A. Yes.

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Q. And you were instrumental in helping him obtain an administrative role at NYU; correct?

about his interest in an administrative role; correct?

- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 7 THE COURT: Overruled.
  - A. Could you ask that again, please.
- 9 Q. You were instrumental in assisting Dr. Porges in obtaining 10 an administrative role; correct?
- 11 A. I would say I was part of the process.
- 12 Q. And it's fair to say, isn't it, that based on this
- encounter with Dr. Porges, he was able to reach you directly?
- 14 A. I'm sorry. I don't understand.
- 15 Q. Dr. Porges was able to contact you directly, he did not
- 16 | have to go through someone to reach you; right?
- 17 A. Any doctor can reach me at any time.
- 18 MR. KATAEV: I'd like to publish to the jury
- 19 Defendants' Exhibit EE. It's already in evidence.
- 20 | THE COURT: If it's in evidence, you may do so.
- 21 | Q. I'll represent to you, Mr. Swirnow, that this is
- 22 | Dr. Porges' business plan. Do you recognize it?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- Q. This business plan follows a similar outline to what we saw
- 25 | with Dr. Edelman; correct?

- 1 | A. Correct.
- Q. But this business plan doesn't split up Dr. Porges from any
- 3 other doctor, does it?
- 4 A. Dr. Porges was the sole owner of his practice and this
- 5 | business plan represents that.
- 6 Q. And Dr. Porges employed other doctors at his practice,
- 7 | didn't he?
- 8 A. He employed one part-time doctor.
- 9 Q. And he also employed his wife as a dermatologist; correct?
- 10 | A. That is not correct.
- 11 Q. I'd like to direct you to page 74 of your transcript,
- 12 please.
- 13 MR. KATAEV: Lines 15 through 18, your Honor.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Improper.
- 15 THE COURT: Sustained.
- MR. KATAEV: Through 25, your Honor.
- 17 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Same objection.
- 18 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 19 | Q. Scrolling to the bottom of this business plan, you
- 20 | similarly have projections in here --
- 21 | A. There's nothing on my screen.
- 22 | Q. Scrolling to the bottom of this business plan, you
- 23 | similarly have a net profit or loss analysis for Dr. Porges;
- 24 | correct?
- 25 A. Yes.

- Q. And in your analysis for year 1, you projected \$443,000 in losses; correct?
- 3 A. That's what it says.
- 4 | Q. And even though Dr. Porges had three times the amount of
- 5 loss that Dr. Edelman had, you still paid Dr. Porges more;
- 6 correct?
- 7 A. I'm not sure I understand the question.
- 8 | Q. Dr. Porges was paid more than Dr. Edelman, despite the fact
- 9 | that the losses projected for his practice were more than
- 10 | Dr. Edelman's; correct?
- 11 A. Dr. Porges' salary was higher than Dr. Edelman's.
- 12 | Q. Even though the projected loss was almost three times
- 13 greater than Dr. Edelman's; correct?
- 14 A. Whatever the business plan reflects.
- 15  $\parallel$  Q. If you look at year 5, the projected losses actually
- 16 | increased; correct?
- 17 A. Yes, it's a higher number.
- 18 Q. Whereas if you go back to exhibit HH, Dr. Edelman's
- 19 projected losses decreased; correct?
- 20 A. On this document.
- 21 | Q. This is the only business plan that you had for Dr. Edelman
- 22 and for Dr. Porges; correct?
- 23 A. Yes. I'm saying on this document, it shows a lower number.
- 24 | Q. Now, focusing back on Dr. Porges' business plan, his
- 25 | business plan included the salary, compensation, and cost of

- 1 | all the physicians in his practice; correct?
- 2 A. The two physicians, yes.
- 3 | Q. And in year 1, you projected a total revenue of \$722,000 to
- 4 NYU, correct, for Dr. Porges?
- 5 A. As part of his office-based practice.
- 6 Q. Meanwhile, in year 1 of Dr. Edelman's business plan, you
- 7 projected \$792,000; correct?
- 8 A. For both Drs. Edelman and Mehta combined.
- 9 Q. As was in here for both doctors at the practice; correct?
- 10 A. For Dr. Porges and a part-time doctor.
- 11 | Q. And that part-time doctor was Dr. Lenore Brancato; correct?
- 12 A. Yes, correct.
- 13 | Q. So it's fair to say that the projected losses for
- 14 | Dr. Edelman's practice were much less than Dr. Porges'
- 15 projections; correct?
- 16 A. For their office-based practices.
- 17 | Q. And the projected revenue for Dr. Edelman was greater than
- 18 | for Dr. Porges; correct?
- 19 A. That's not correct.
- 20 | Q. As reflected on the total revenue line, it is greater;
- 21 | correct?
- 22 | A. It is greater for both Drs. Mehta and Edelman combined.
- 23 Q. As it is for both Dr. Porges and Dr. Brancato combined;
- 24 | correct?
- 25 A. Yes.

- 1 | Q. Now, these top line numbers don't really matter, do they?
- 2 | A. I'm sorry?
- 3 | Q. The top line numbers here are not as important as the
- 4 | numbers on the bottom, the FGP net profit or loss; right?
- 5 A. No, I think the numbers on the top are important.
- Q. Isn't that where the saying comes from, "what's the bottom
- 7 line?"
- 8 A. I have no idea where that saying comes from.
- 9 Q. The bottom line here is that Dr. Porges was less profitable
- 10 | than Dr. Edelman; correct?
- 11 A. The bottom line, I see, shows total MD compensation.
- 12 | Q. And that's done by taking the actual salary paid and adding
- in any profit or loss; correct?
- 14 A. Yes, that's correct. No, that's not correct. I'm sorry.
- 15 | Q. Could you explain it.
- 16 | A. It adds the physician salaries plus the incentive
- 17 | compensation line.
- 18 | Q. It's fair to say, isn't it, that salaries are determined by
- 19 | what the practice generates and what the business plan shows?
- 20 | A. That's one piece of it.
- 21 | Q. But you had no business plan for Dr. Goldberg; correct?
- 22 | A. That's correct.
- 23 | Q. He didn't come from private practice, did he?
- 24 A. That's correct, he was employed by another institution.
- 25 | Q. Going back to exhibit HH, can you show me anywhere in here

- where the decision was made to pay Dr. Edelman \$207,000 or
- 2 | based on what it is?
- 3 A. It was based on their existing compensation as a starting
- 4 point.
- 5 Q. Together with setting the salary, you also were involved in
- 6 setting the RVU part of it; correct?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 Q. And you set the RVU target also based on the business plan;
- 9 correct?
- 10 A. RVUs are not part of the business plan.
- 11 | Q. In fact, there are no RVUs referenced in this business plan
- 12 | whatsoever; right?
- 13 A. That's correct.
- 14 Q. Is it fair to say that Dr. Edelman's initial RVU target was
- 15 | 4966?
- 16 | A. Yes.
- 17 | Q. And where is it that you obtained that target from?
- 18 A. It is a calculation of the data that she provided and what
- 19 | she was doing in her private practice in the year immediately
- 20 preceding joining NYU.
- 21  $\parallel$  Q. Do you have any of that data available with you here?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 23 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 24 A. No, I don't have any data on me.
- 25 | Q. And it's not reflected in this document; correct?

- 1 A. RVUs are not part of a business plan.
- 2 Q. Now, when a doctor's contract gets renewed after the
- 3 | initial contract, you no longer use a business plan to
- 4 determine the compensation; correct?
- 5 A. That's correct, we have actual experience.
- 6 Q. And you work off the basic productivity; correct?
- 7 A. Productivity is used as a target expectation based on the
- 8 contract terms.
- 9 Q. And part of your duties involved reviewing
- 10 Dr. Edelman's RVUs to measure her performance against her
- 11 | contractual requirements; right?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 | Q. And you asked your business team to regularly produce RVU
- 14 | reports to you to do so; right?
- 15 A. I review performance of each physician annually or when
- 16 | there's a need to.
- 17 | Q. Is it fair to say that someone like Mr. Antonik reviews
- 18 | them more regularly, like on a monthly basis?
- 19 A. I don't know what Mr. Antonik does.
- 20 | Q. You're not aware that Dr. Edelman -- I'm sorry. That
- 21 Mr. Antonik receives monthly reports of RVUs earned by
- 22 physicians that he oversees?
- 23 A. I know the physicians receive their individual reports
- 24 monthly.
- 25 | Q. In order for you to obtain an RVU report, you use the Epic

- 1 | system; correct?
- 2 A. Epic is the source of the information, but the reports come
- 3 out of another system.
- 4 Q. And that system that you use, in order to obtain an RVU
- 5 report, you do so at the click of a button; correct?
- 6 A. I don't know the technical aspects of it.
  - Q. You have your business team obtain those reports?
- 8 A. They produce the reports, if they're not automated.
- 9 Q. And they do so using the program and system that's in place
- 10 | for it; right?
- 11 | A. Yes.

- 12 | Q. As far as you know, this report that gets printed is fully
- 13 | customizable with various data; correct?
- 14 A. No, it's a standard report.
- 15 | Q. These reports that you obtain yearly, they are available to
- 16 you on request anywhere from the same day to several days
- 17 | later; isn't that right?
- 18 A. Are you referring to how long after I request them do I get
- 19 | them?
- 20 | O. Yes.
- 21 A. Depends on the question.
- 22 | Q. But you obtain them within a few days of asking for them;
- 23 || right?
- 24 A. I obtain them within a reasonable time period.
- 25 | Q. It's fair to say that you're able to obtain these reports

- 1 upon request; right?
- 2 A. Yes.
- 3 MR. KATAEV: I'd like to publish 19. I believe it's 4 in evidence already.
- 5 THE COURT: Go ahead.
- 6 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: 19's not in yet. We don't have an objection.
- 8 | MR. KATAEV: I'd like to offer it.
- 9 THE COURT: 19 is received and may be published.
- 10 (Plaintiff's Exhibit 19 received in evidence)
- 11 Q. This is an example of a report obtained from the system
- 12 concerning medical information; correct?
- 13 A. I recognize the information, but not the report.
- 14 Q. The information that's listed here concerns the number of
- 15 patient visits; correct?
- 16 A. I see a list that looks to me like a schedule.
- 17 | Q. And this report solely relates to Dr. Edelman; correct?
- 18 A. That page, yes.
- 19 Q. To your knowledge, no such reports concerning the RVUs
- 20 are -- any of the doctors referenced in this case have been
- 21 | produced; correct?
- 22 | MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 23 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 24 | Q. Do you have any of the actual RVU reports for the doctors?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.

1	THE COURT: Sustained.
2	Counsel, there's no subpoena asking the witness to
3	bring documents with this witness, was there, today?
4	MR. KATAEV: Not for the trial, no.
5	THE COURT: The objection is sustained.
6	MR. KATAEV: I apologize. I stand corrected. There
7	is a subpoena. I would like to pull that up.
8	THE COURT: You can show it to me.
9	MR. KATAEV: Yes, your Honor. I believe the subpoena
10	is now visible just to the Court, not to the witness or the
11	jury.
12	THE COURT: The objection is sustained because the
13	subpoena doesn't call for those documents.
14	MR. KATAEV: Sidebar, your Honor?
15	THE COURT: No.
16	Q. You didn't bring with you to this trial any monthly RVU
17	statements for Dr. Edelman, did you?
18	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
19	THE COURT: Overruled.
20	A. No.
21	Q. And you didn't bring any such statements for Drs. Porges,
22	Goldberg, and Modi, did you?
23	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
24	THE COURT: Overruled.
25	A. No.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.

THE COURT: Overruled.

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MR. KATAEV: Your Honor, I'd like to mark for identification Plaintiff's Exhibit 124. It's not on the exhibit list, but it has been referenced in the joint pretrial order separately per Judge Schofield's rules.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection, your Honor.

MR. KATAEV: Can we have a brief sidebar to make this faster?

THE COURT: Give me one moment. Is it in my exhibit book?

MR. KATAEV: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: You can hand it up to Mr. Fishman.

1 MR. KATAEV: I apologize, your Honor. Let me check if 2 I have a physical copy.

I apologize, your Honor. I don't have a physical copy. I can only produce it --

THE COURT: You'll move on to another line then and I'll reserve.

MR. KATAEV: I'd like to publish Defendants'

Exhibit SS. It's already in evidence.

THE COURT: Permission granted.

- In this email, Mr. Kaplan informed you about Dr. Edelman's Ο. complaint; correct?
- 12 Α. Yes.

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- 13 And you refer to her complaint as "ridiculous;" correct? 0.
- 14 A. No, I'm referring to the fact that she refused to allow us to use the office on the days that she was not there as being 15 ridiculous.
- 17 You spoke to Dr. Edelman about this issue; correct?
- 18 Α. I did.
- 19 And she explained to you the basis of her concerns;
- 20 correct?
- 21 I recall having an amicable conversation with her about our
- 22 needs for using the office when she was not there and
- 23 explaining the rationale as to why we wanted to use the office.
- 24 Q. And she similarly explained the rationale as to why she was 25 opposed to it; correct?

- 1 A. I don't recall specifically.
- 2 | Q. She didn't raise her voice at you during this conversation;
- 3 correct?
- 4 | A. No.
- 5 | Q. She didn't hang up the phone on you?
- 6 A. No.
- 7 | Q. She didn't ask you to stop this conversation; correct?
- 8 A. No, it was a pleasant conversation in terms of tone.
  - Q. And you ultimately resolved the problem in her favor;
- 10 | correct?

- 11 A. I think we resolved the issue mutually.
- MR. KATAEV: I'd like to publish exhibit 78. I don't
- 13 recall whether it's been admitted yet.
- 14 THE COURT: I don't have my list in front of me. Is
- 15 | 78 in?
- MR. KATAEV: Seven zero. Sorry.
- 17 | THE COURT: Any objection to 70?
- 18 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No objection, your Honor.
- 19 | THE COURT: 70 is received and may be published.
- 20 | (Plaintiff's Exhibit 70 received in evidence)
- 21 | Q. Following your conversation with Dr. Edelman, you spoke to
- 22 | Tisa Hall; correct?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 Q. She's an individual that works in HR as reflected in the
- 25 | "from" section of this email; correct?

- A. She's the director of human resources for the physician organization, the faculty group practice.
- 3 | Q. And she works at One Park with you; correct?
- 4 A. Yes.
- Q. This email reflects a conversation that you had with her about the issue with Dr. Edelman; correct?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 Q. You explained to Ms. Hall, as reflected in this email, that
- 9 the communication Dr. Edelman received about the office space
- 10 | issue was not clear and that the practice leadership team
- 11 | should have spoken to all of the physicians in suite 306;
- 12 || right?
- 13 A. Yes, I felt that the communication could have been handled
- 14 differently.
- 15 Q. And had that happened, Dr. Edelman would not have felt
- 16 | singled out; correct?
- 17 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 18 | THE COURT: Sustained.
- 19 Q. At the end of the first paragraph, Ms. Hall states that you
- 20 apologized for the miscommunication; correct?
- 21 A. I see that.
- 22 | Q. You deny that you apologized to Dr. Edelman; correct?
- 23 | A. I don't recall using those word specifically.
- 24 | Q. Ms. Hall drafted this email based on your conversation with
- 25 her; correct?

- 1 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 2 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 3 Q. Ms. Hall asks Ms. Pacina in this email to round back with
- 4 Dr. Edelman to see if she still wanted to pursue her complaint;
- 5 | right?
- 6 | A. Yes.
- 7 Q. You had a conversation with Dr. Edelman about this during
- 8 | the call that led to this email; correct?
- 9 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Form.
- 10 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 11 | Q. During your conversation with Dr. Edelman that precedes
- 12 | this email, there was a discussion about her complaint to human
- 13 resources; correct?
- 14 A. She mentioned the presence of a complaint.
- 15 | Q. And she specifically told you that she's not withdrawing
- 16 | the complaint; correct?
- 17 | A. I don't remember the specific words.
- 18 | Q. She expressed that in sum and substance; correct?
- 19 A. Sorry. Expressed what?
- 20 | Q. She expressed the fact that she's not going to withdraw her
- 21 | complaint; correct?
- 22 A. Something along those lines.
- 23 | Q. Dr. Edelman is no longer employed by NYU; correct?
- 24 A. That's correct.
- 25 | Q. And you played a role in terminating her based on

- 1 | information gathered about her; right?
- 2 | A. No.
- 3 MR. KATAEV: On pages 37 to 38, your Honor. I'll give 4 you a line number shortly. Lines 8 through 13.
- 5 THE COURT: Which page?
- 6 MR. KATAEV: I'm sorry. Page 38.
- 7 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Improper.
- 8 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 9 Q. You don't decide the issue of whether a contract gets
  10 renewed alone; correct?
- 11 A. Depends on the situation.
- 12 | Q. You discussed the decision not to renew Dr. Edelman's
- 13 contract with Mr. Rubin; correct?
- 14 A. I was part of discussions in terms of gathering
- 15 | information.
- 16 Q. Mr. Rubin made the decision not to renew Dr. Edelman's
- 17 | contract; correct?
- 18 A. I think he was part of the decision-making process.
- 19 Q. And you discussed that issue with him; right?
- 20 | A. I discussed the issues that were raised, I did not discuss
- 21 the decision of whether or not to renew her contract.
- 22 | Q. Now, if a contract is due to expire at the end of the year,
- 23 when is it typically that you start the discussion about
- 24 | renewal negotiations?
- 25  $\parallel$  A. It could be any time.

- 1 | Q. Is it fair to say it would be at least two months before?
- 2 A. Not necessarily.
- 3 Q. You never reached out to Dr. Edelman about renewing her
- 4 contract a second time in 2020; correct?
  - A. I don't recall.
- 6 MR. KATAEV: Go to pages 92 to 93, your Honor.
- 7 | THE COURT: What lines?
- 8 MR. KATAEV: Line 22 on page 92, ending at line 6 on
- 9 93.

- 10 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Improper.
- 11 THE COURT: Sustained for the same reasons under
- 12 | 801(d)(1)(A), second word under (d)(1)(A).
- 13 MR. KATAEV: Understood.
- 14 Q. When you go through the process of renewing a physician's
- 15 contract in general, you look at the physician's productivity
- 16 | and any other issues involving the physician; correct?
- 17 A. That's correct.
- 18 Q. And you were involved in the process of renewing
- 19 Dr. Mehta's contract; correct?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 | Q. Yet, you were not made aware of a malpractice suit against
- 22 | Dr. Mehta; correct?
- 23 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 24 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 25 | Q. You were not aware about Dr. Mehta's failure to pass the

- 1 | boards two or three times?
- 2 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 3 | THE COURT: Sustained.
- 4 Q. Dr. Mehta remains employed at NYU; correct?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- Q. But Dr. Edelman was more productive than Dr. Mehta, wasn't
- 7 she?

- A. I believe so, slightly.
- 9 Q. You're aware of NYU's policies against discrimination,
- 10 | harassment, or retaliation; correct?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- MR. KATAEV: I'd like to publish exhibit 1, already in
- 13 evidence.
- 14 THE COURT: You may do so.
- Q. It's fair to say that this email precipitated Dr. Edelman's
- 16 | termination and nonrenewal; correct?
- 17 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 18 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 19 | A. This email precedes the notice of nonrenewal.
- 20 | Q. Following the receipt of this email, you had a telephone
- 21 conference with Dr. Porges and Mr. Rubin; correct?
- 22 | A. I believe it was on the same day that I received the email.
- 23 | O. November 18th?
- 24 A. I believe so.
- 25 | Q. And Dr. Porges reiterated the concerns you raised in this

- 1 | email over the phone; correct?
- 2 A. He raised concerns over Dr. Edelman's clinical practice.
- 3 | Q. You didn't report those concerns to the compliance
- 4 department at NYU; correct?
- 5 A. No, I did not.
- 6 Q. Nor did you report it to any hotline that NYU maintains;
- 7 | correct?
- 8 A. No.
- 9 Q. And you did not report Dr. Edelman's clinical concerns to
- 10 | the office of professional misconduct; correct?
- 11 A. That wouldn't be something that I do.
- 12 Q. Which means that you didn't; correct?
- 13 A. That's correct.
- 14 | Q. It's fair to say that you took what Dr. Porges said as
- 15 | gospel; right?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 17 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 18 | Q. It's fair to say that you did not investigate what
- 19 | Dr. Porges told you; correct?
- 20 | A. That wouldn't be something I do. I don't get involved in
- 21 | clinical issues.
- 22 | Q. In assessing what Dr. Porges told you, you did not account
- 23 | for the fact that there was any bias based on the complaints
- 24 | she filed against Mr. Antonik; correct?
- 25 A. Could you repeat that.

- 1 Q. In hearing Dr. Porges out on the issues he's raised, you
- 2 | did not account for the fact that there might be bias in what
- 3 he's telling you because she complained about Mr. Antonik;
- 4 | correct?
- 5 A. My understanding of the complaint was that it was related
- 6 to the office space and that had been resolved and I never
- 7 | thought about it again.
- 8 | Q. Nor did you consider the fact that Dr. Porges reports to
- 9 Mr. Antonik; correct?
- 10 A. That's not correct. He does not report to Mr. Antonik.
- 11 Q. Were you not here when Mr. Antonik testified and he talked
- 12 | about 85 doctors that report to him?
- 13 A. I don't believe you are explaining that correctly.
- 14 | Q. You did not conduct any independent investigation into what
- 15 | Dr. Porges told you; correct?
- 16 A. I don't get involved in clinical matters.
- 17 Q. Other than the clinical issues raised in this email,
- 18 Dr. Porges told you about -- told Mr. Kaplan about
- 19 | interpersonal conflicts; correct?
- 20 A. Yes, that's in the email, as well.
- 21 Q. You did not investigate those either, did you?
- 22 A. No, I did not.
- 23 | Q. It's fair to say, based on what we heard at trial,
- 24 Mr. Antonik told Dr. Porges about some of these concerns;
- 25 | correct?

- 1 A. If that's what was said. I don't recall specifically.
- 2 | Q. And then Dr. Porges told Mr. Kaplan as reflected in this
- 3 email; correct?
- 4 A. That's what's in the email.
- 5 | Q. And you heard testimony that Mr. Kaplan asked Dr. Porges to
- 6 write this email; correct?
- 7 A. After Dr. Porges expressed his concerns to Mr. Kaplan.
- 8 Q. And Mr. Kaplan then forwarded this email to you; correct?
- 9 A. After showing me a printed out version of them.
- 10 | Q. And you then discussed this issue with Mr. Rubin and
- 11 Dr. Porges; correct?
- 12 A. That's correct.
- 13 Q. And shortly after that, a decision was made to fire
- 14 Dr. Edelman; correct?
- 15  $\parallel$  A. We also spoke to Dr. Goldberg about the concerns.
- 16 Q. The reporting line of the concerns raised here begin with
- 17 Mr. Antonik and end with Mr. Rubin; correct?
- 18 A. No, I believe they originate with Dr. Porges.
- 19 Q. This is the first and only review that Dr. Porges ever did
- 20 | of a doctor that you're aware of; right?
- 21 | A. That I'm aware of, but it was part of his job
- 22 responsibilities as medical director.
- 23 | Q. At the top of this email, you asked Mr. Kaplan to give you
- 24 | a call to fill him in on your discussion with Dr. Porges;
- 25 | correct?

Swirnow - Direct

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- 1 A. Yes.
- 2 Q. And you asked him to call you because you did not want to
- 3 memorialize the discussion in writing; correct?
- 4 | A. No.
- 5 | Q. You never memorialized your discussion with Dr. Porges or
- 6 Mr. Kaplan; correct?
  - A. No.

- Q. What was memorialized was this email from Dr. Porges;
- 9 correct?
- 10 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 11 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 12 Q. And you're not aware of any such similar review conducted
- 13 for Dr. Mehta; correct?
- 14 A. No, I'm not aware.
- 15 Q. It's fair to say that Mr. Kaplan complained to you about
- 16 | the challenges he faced with the directive to move all the
- 17 | rheumatologists to a single spaced based on Dr. Edelman's
- 18 refusal to cooperate; correct?
- 19 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 20 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 21 Did Mr. Kaplan complain to you about the challenges,
- 22 | saying that he faced challenges with the directive based on
- 23 Dr. Edelman's refusal to cooperate?
- 24 A. I think we discussed what steps to take next if the
- 25 original plan was not working out.

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- Q. Did Mr. Kaplan complain to you about the challenges he faced?
  - A. I wouldn't categorize it as complaining.

MR. KATAEV: I'm starting with page 107, line 24, and ending on the next page, 108, line 12.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Improper.

THE COURT: Objection sustained under, again, 801(d)(1)(A).

MR. KATAEV: May I use it to refresh the witness's recollection?

THE COURT: No, because he didn't testify to a lack of recollection. You can try to bring out a contradiction, you're welcome to.

- Q. Isn't it true that Mr. Kaplan was unhappy about the challenges he faced because of Dr. Edelman?
- 16 A. I don't know what his state of mind was.
- Q. Did he ever express to you that he had challenges with this issue?
- 19 A. I don't recall.
- 20 Q. I'd like to show you your --

21 THE COURT: Now you can use the testimony.

- Q. I'd like to show you your deposition transcript, and I'm going to read into the record the following questions and answers I asked to you.
- THE COURT: 108, lines 8 through 12.

MR. KATAEV: That's fine, your Honor. 1

- "Q. Did David Kaplan ever express to you any discontent or 2 unhappiness with respect to Dr. Edelman? 3
- "A. He expressed challenges about the issues that were present 4 in the office." 5
  - Do you recall making that testimony?
- 7 I don't recall, but that's what it says, so I'm sure that's 8 what I said.
- Q. So it's fair to say Mr. Kaplan complained to you about the 9 10 challenges he faced with the directive; right?
- 11 That's not what it says.
- 12 You also spoke about this issue about Dr. Edelman with
- 13 Mr. Antonik; correct?
- 14 A. No, never.

- 15 MR. KATAEV: Your Honor, lines 23 to 25 on page 109 16 for impeachment.
- 17 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- THE COURT: Sustained. 18
- 19 Ask the questions and then you can try to use the 20 transcript.
- 21 Q. What conversations, if any, did you have with Mr. Antonik 22 about Dr. Edelman?
- 23 I don't recall having any conversations directly with
- 24 Dr. Antonik -- I mean Mr. Antonik. I'm sorry.
- 25 It's possible that you had conversations with him; correct?

- 1 A. I rarely, if ever, spoke to Mr. Antonik.
- 2 Q. Anything that Mr. Antonik had to tell you was reported up
- 3 | through Mr. Kaplan; correct?
- 4 A. Anything that he told Mr. Kaplan that Mr. Kaplan felt
- 5 | important for me to know I would have heard about.
- 6 Q. One of those things was Dr. Edelman's complaint; correct?
- 7 A. I heard about Dr. Edelman being unhappy that we were asking 8 to use her office.
- 9 MR. KATAEV: I'm publishing exhibit 1 again, your
- 10 | Honor. It's in evidence.
- 11 THE COURT: Okay.
- 12 Q. Fair to say, isn't it, that Dr. Edelman, her contract was
- 13 | not renewed due to the contents of this email?
- 14 A. This was the initial source of the information that led to
- 15 | that decision.
- 16 Q. And then this paragraph that I'm highlighting here, there
- 17 | are concerns raised about patient care; correct?
- Do you need it read back?
- 19 A. Yes, but I'm just reading this.
- 20 Q. Take your time.
- 21 A. Thank you. I'm ready for the question.
- 22 | Q. This email contains concerns about patient care; right?
- 23 A. Yes, concerns regarding patient care.
- 24 | Q. You would agree with me those concerns are paramount at
- 25 NYU; right?

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- 1 A. Critical quality standards are very important at NYU.
  - Q. And based on what's written here, there was a risk to patients, wasn't there?
    - MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
  - THE COURT: Overruled. Goes to the witness's understanding.
  - A. My understanding there are concerns about the quality of the patient care, not the risk to the patients necessarily.
    - Q. But you kept Dr. Edelman on as an employee for six months after non-renewing her; correct?
- 11 A. Faculty guidelines are that we give six-month notice to physicians.
- 13 | Q. That's not written anywhere in the contract; correct?
- 14 A. It is referenced with a link to the faculty guidelines.
- Q. After Dr. Edelman had her contract not renewed, she spoke to Mr. Rubin by phone; correct?
- 17 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Foundation.
- 18 | Q. To your knowledge?
- 19 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 Q. And you overheard that phonecall between her and Mr. Rubin;
- 22 correct?
- 23 A. Part of it.
- 24 Q. What was it that you heard?
- 25 A. I heard him explaining to her that we were moving in

- 1 | another direction.
- 2 Q. He did not tell her about any of these clinical concerns;
- 3 correct?
- 4 A. Not that I recall.
- 5 Q. He did not raise any of the interpersonal issues; correct?
- 6 A. Not that I heard.
- 7 Q. After you received this November 6th, 2020 email, did you
- 8 | ever ask Dr. Porges to speak to Dr. Edelman about these issues?
- 9 A. We asked if he felt that he could -- him and Dr. Goldberg
- 10 could mentor Dr. Edelman to improve her quality standards.
- 11 Q. And both Dr. Goldberg and Dr. Porges said they could not do
- 12 | so; correct?
- 13 A. That's correct.
- 14 | Q. And, in fact, they said that these issues were ones that
- 15 | could not be remediated; correct?
- 16 A. They did not think that they could mentor her to improving
- 17 | the standards.
- 18 | Q. One of the complaints raised here is that she took too many
- 19 | tests and labs; correct?
- 20 A. That's what it says.
- 21 | Q. But to your knowledge, Dr. Edelman was never asked to take
- 22 less tests and less labs, was she?
- 23 A. I don't know.
- 24 | Q. And you personally never spoke to Dr. Edelman about the
- 25 | issues raised here, only about the office space issue; correct?

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- 1 | A. Correct, I don't get involved with clinical matters.
- Q. Did you ever ask Dr. Porges to ask Dr. Edelman for her side of the story?
- A. No, he's the clinical leader, the medical director of the area.
  - MR. KATAEV: I'd like to publish to the jury exhibit 86. It's already in evidence.
    - THE COURT: It is in evidence already, is that what you said?
    - MR. KATAEV: Yes.
- 11 | THE COURT: You may do so.
- 12 | Q. Focusing your attention on the email dated 2:20 p.m.,
- 13 Mr. Antonik wrote here that "We need a clear convincing summary with examples sent." Correct?
- 15 A. That's what it says.
- Q. To your knowledge, who was Mr. Antonik trying to convince?

  MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 18 THE COURT: Sustained.
- Q. Do you have any knowledge as to anyone that Mr. Antonik was trying to convince about Dr. Edelman's performance?
- 21 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 22 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 23 A. No. This case is the first time I've seen this email.
- Q. Fair to say, based on a reading of this email, that there was no attempt to look at Dr. Edelman objectively; correct?

N7DCede3 Swirnow - Cross

1 | MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.

THE COURT: Sustained.

- Q. Did you ask Mr. Kaplan to obtain clear and convincing
- 4 | evidence of Dr. Edelman's performance issues?
  - A. Never.
    - MR. KATAEV: I have nothing further, your Honor.
- 7 | THE COURT: Defense examination.
  - Members of the jury, I'm going to take a stretch
- 9 break.

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- 10 Mr. Schoenstein, you ready?
- 11 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I am, your Honor.
- 12 | THE COURT: Okay. You may examine.
- 13 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 14 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 15 Q. Mr. Swirnow, just because you're a named defendant in the
- 16 case, I want you to tell us a little bit about yourself.
- 17 Where are you from?
- 18 A. I was originally born just outside of New York in
- 19 | New Jersey, I lived there until I was about 8, and then my
- 20 | family moved down to Maryland.
- 21 | Q. And how long have you lived back in New York?
- 22 A. About 18 years.
- 23 | Q. Have you been working for NYU that entire time?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. You have a family, sir?

Swirnow - Cross

- A. I do. I'm married for 12 years and I have two sons, 10 and 7.
- 3 | Q. Does your wife work for a living?
- 4 A. She does. She is an HR consultant.
- 5 Q. Does she work on a full-time basis?
- 6 A. She does.
  - Q. You are a two-working-parent home?
- 8 A. That's correct.
- 9 Q. You said before, you're vice president of ambulatory care
  10 and business strategy at NYU Langone Health?
- 11 | A. Yes.

- 12 | Q. I don't think any witness yet has explained, what is
- 13 ambulatory care? Could you tell the jury just so we're all
- 14 | clear.
- 15 A. Sure. It's all of the activity that sits outside of the
- 16 hospitals, so all of the doctors' offices and facilities
- 17 | throughout the region that are not the hospitals.
- 18 | Q. So if I go see a doctor at an office building, that's
- 19 | ambulatory care?
- 20 A. Correct.
- 21 | Q. And if I go to the hospital, that's not in your purview?
- 22 A. Correct.
- 23 | Q. And how many ambulatory care centers does NYU manage?
- 24 A. Around 350.
- 25 | Q. How many doctors work at those facilities?

Swirnow - Cross

- 1 A. About 3600.
- 2 Q. Do you have both male and female doctors?
- 3 | A. Yes.
- 4 | Q. Plenty of each?
- 5 A. Plenty of each.
- 6 Q. And how long has NYU had a facility on Marcus Avenue, any
- 7 | facility?
- 8 A. About 10 years.
- 9 Q. So preceding the plaintiff joining?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 | Q. There was already an NYU facility on Marcus Avenue?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. And was it next door to where plaintiff worked?
- 14 A. It was in the 1999 building. I believe plaintiff was in
- 15 | the 1991 building.
- 16 | Q. Now, do you have responsibility for negotiating the terms
- 17 and conditions of employment of physicians joining NYU's
- 18 | ambulatory care network?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 | Q. And in your tenure at NYU, how many doctors have you helped
- 21 | employ?
- 22 A. Well over a thousand.
- 23 | Q. So, would you just tell us, generally speaking, what's your
- 24 process for figuring out if you want to hire a doctor and what
- 25 | to pay her or him?

Swirnow - Cross

1	A. The first part is the clinical review of their
2	qualifications, which is done by the clinical leadership of
3	that particular specialty in the School of Medicine. And then
4	depending on where the physician is coming from, we review the
5	financial information of their private practice or we look at
6	other information that they may have provided if they're coming
7	from another institution.
8	Q. What kind of factors do you look at in assessing the value
9	of any particular doctor?
10	A. We look at the financial information from the practice, we
11	also look at their experience, if they have done other things
12	like research, clinical research and things like that, their
13	reputation in the community, and any potential leadership
14	abilities that they show, have shown.
15	Q. And do you analyze what the cost and financial risk would
16	be to NYU of taking on a particular doctor?
17	A. Yes.
18	Q. Is that an important part of the hiring process?
19	A. Yes.
20	(Continued on next page)
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N7dWede4 Swirnow - Cross

- 1 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- Q. Now, when you hire doctors to come into NYU, do you ever
- 3 consider their gender?
- 4 A. Never.
- 5 Q. Do you consider their race or national origin?
- 6 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Relevance.
- 7 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 8 A. No.
- 9 Q. Does NYU have any particular objectives in terms of
- 10 diversity in their doctor workforce?
- 11 A. Yes. We like our doctors to be representative of the
- 12 communities in which they serve.
- 13 Q. And the New York area is a pretty diverse community, right?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 | Q. Does NYU generally have a lot of female patients?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 | Q. And would it like to have a lot of female doctors?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. I want to turn your attention now to the employment of Dr.
- 20 | Edelman in 2014. Were you involved in negotiating agreements
- 21 | with Dr. Edelman and Dr. Mehta?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Can we put back up on the screen
- 24 exhibit HH. That's the business plan we looked at previously.
- THE COURT: You may do so.

- 1 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Thank you, your Honor.
- We're going to publish, if that's OK.
- Q. You've already discussed a little bit, this is a business
- 4 plan that was prepared by your staff?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 Q. And where did the data come from that underlies this
- 7 | business plan?
- 8 A. All of the data except, I believe, the other direct expense
- 9 line, came directly from Drs. Edelman and Mehta.
- 10 | O. And who did the calculations reflected on this?
- 11 A. One of the analysts on my team.
- 12 Q. When you spoke to plaintiff about coming to NYU, did she
- 13 | ever tell you that in private practice she had only been able
- 14 | to pay herself about \$60,000 a year?
- 15 A. I don't remember.
- MR. KATAEV: Objection.
- 17 | Q. Did she give you anything other than the information about
- 18 her employment at Nassau Radiology?
- 19 | A. She gave us information that was from Nassau Radiology.
- 20 Q. Did you, at the time of negotiating with plaintiff, have
- 21 any knowledge about the status, the future status of Nassau
- 22 | Radiology?
- 23 | A. Yes. We had been in direct discussions with Nassau
- 24 Radiology. They were both a radiology group and they also had
- 25 | hired different physicians in different specialties. And they

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Swirnow - Cross

- were looking to get out of that side of the business, in terms
  of employing physicians.
  - Q. Did you have an understanding of the financial status of Nassau Radiology at that time?
  - A. Yes. They explained that they were not doing well.

MR. KATAEV: Objection. Hearsay.

THE COURT: Who is the they, when you say they explained they were not doing well?

THE WITNESS: Nassau Radiology.

THE COURT: Nassau Radiology explained that to you.

THE WITNESS: Yes, correct.

- THE COURT: That comes in not for the truth of the matter but for the understanding of the witness.
- 14 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:

those numbers are?

- Q. Focusing your attention back to the business plan, so there's a line that says total patient revenue. Do you see that?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- Q. And for 2013, there are three different numbers, if you see, 323,000, then 402,000 and 726,000. Can you explain what
  - A. Yes. Those numbers reflect the amount of revenue that each of the physicians had generated in their practice in that year, and the total is the sum of both doctors.
    - Q. So in 2013, how much revenue had Dr. Edelman generated,

- 1 | according to the information she gave NYU?
  - A. \$323,704.

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- 3 Q. And the information below that, in terms of base salary,
- 4 was that what they told NYU their base salary was at the time?
- 5 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Hearsay.
- 6 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I'll rephrase, your Honor.
- 7 THE COURT: Yes, please do.
- 8 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
  - Q. Where did NYU get the figure of \$182,500, if you know?
- 10 A. The doctors provided a W-2 statement, which showed that was
  11 their annual salary.
- 12 THE COURT: The objection's overruled.
- 13 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 14 Q. And did other costs information for staff come from the
- 15 doctors?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 | Q. Now, counsel asked you about -- oh, I have a question.
- 18 All the way down on the footnotes, it says outstanding
- 19 | business loan of \$326,000. Do you see that?
- 20 | A. I do.
- 21 | Q. And do you know what that refers to?
- 22 | A. Yes. The -- Drs. Mehta and Edelman had taken out a
- 23 | business loan in order to both start up their practice, do some
- 24 renovations to the office to get it going and pay their
- 25 salaries.

- Q. And was that part of the negotiation with NYU, the business loan; did that come into play?
- 3 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Hearsay.
- 4 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 5 A. Yes, it did.
- 6 0. How so?
- 7 A. It was -- we agreed to pay off the business loans on their 8 behalf as part of the negotiation.
- 9 Q. By the way, are the payments of the business loan reflected in the numbers above the footnotes?
- 11 | A. No.
- Q. So there would be additional costs to NYU other than the expenses in that chart?
- 14 A. That is correct.
- Q. Now, I want to ask you about this operating loss, I guess second row from the bottom of the chart. Do you see that; it
- 17 | says net profit loss?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- Q. And it was projected that the practice would sustain a loss if it joined NYU. Do you see that?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Leading.
- 23 THE COURT: I assumed you were leading up to an open-ended question.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I am. I'm not a businessperson.

That's why I became a lawyer. 1

- 2 Why would NYU want to bring on a practice that there was a
- 3 projected loss? 4 A. Well, there's a couple reasons. One is at that time we
- 5 were trying to build up our network and add different
- 6 physicians in different specialties to be able to take care of
- 7 the needs of the community. And the other piece is that this
- 8 business plan represents the physician practice. It doesn't
- represent the activity that would have gone to the hospital. 9
- 10 Q. Could you explain that a little more? When you say it
- 11 doesn't reflect the activity that would go to the hospital,
- 12 what does that mean?
- 13 As part of Dr. Mehta and Edelman's private practice, A. Yes.
- 14 they did infusions in the office, where they would deliver
- 15 drugs to patients that needed it. When they joined NYU, those
- 16 infusions were to be done in the hospital facility, so they
- 17 were no longer part of their practice.
- Q. And that would have been in the -- withdrawn. 18
- 19 Was that kind of data in the information they provided to 20 you about their finances?
- 21 The volume of infusions that they were doing, yes.
- 22 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: All right. And you can put down the 23 exhibit for now.
- 24 Did you meet with plaintiff about her potential employment 25 at NYU?

- 1 A. In conjunction with Dr. Mehta, yes.
- 2 | Q. Meaning Dr. Mehta was there too?
- 3 A. Correct.
- 4 | Q. And Mr. Rubin was there too?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- Q. And then following that meeting -- do you remember, did you
- 7 propose a salary to them at that meeting?
- 8 | A. I believe we did.
- 9 Q. Do you remember what it was?
- 10 A. I believe it was \$190,000 plus the payment of the business
- 11 | loans plus a 10 percent retirement contribution that NYU would
- 12 make on their behalf plus \$3,000 of business expenses.
- 13 | Q. Did you consider the repayment of the loan to be part of
- 14 | their initial salary?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 0. Was that discussed with them?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 | Q. What did you say to them about whether the business loan
- 19 was relevant to their salary, if you remember?
- 20 | A. Well, we said that we would pay off the loans on their
- 21 behalf, and then when the loans were paid off, we would add
- 22 | that money into their salaries.
- 23 | Q. And do you recall how they responded to that?
- 24 A. Not specifically.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: OK. Let's put up, please, exhibit

- 1 | plaintiff, plaintiff's 11.
- That's already in evidence, so we're going to publish it, your Honor.
  - MR. KATAEV: No objection.
- 5 THE COURT: OK. Let me just check.
- 6 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Is it not?
- 7 THE COURT: It's in evidence, but you can publish it.
- 8 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Ms. Cardona, let's go down to D74.
- 9 It's an email chain, so you have to read backwards. And go up
  10 to the top of that email, please.
- 11 | Q. Do you see here, sir, August 1, 2014, an email to you and
- 12 Andrew from Dr. Mehta, signed by Dr. Mehta and Dr. Edelman?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. And at the end of paragraph 1, do you see where it says,
- 15 | "Sari and I would like you to meet us in the middle with
- 16 | salary: 210 total composition; \$207,000 salary; and \$3,000
- 17 | expenses." Do you see that?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19  $\parallel$  Q. That was the proposal you received on August 1 from Dr.
- 20 | Edelman and Dr. Mehta?
- 21 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 22  $\parallel$  Q. Whose idea was it to put a \$3,000 expense number in the
- 23 | contract?
- 24 A. Drs. Mehta and Edelman.
- MR. KATAEV: Objection.

- 1 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 2 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 3 Q. And was that a cap on expenses they could charge?
- 4 A. No. It was a guideline.
- 5 Q. OK. So if they had legitimate business expenses north of
- 6 \$3,000, was that barred by the contract, as you understood it?
  - A. No. If it was reasonable, we would have approved it.
- 8 | Q. By the way, did they ever utilize that \$3,000 expense
- 9 | allowance?
- 10 | A. No.

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- 11 | Q. So they never went at or over the limit?
- 12 | A. No.
- 13 | Q. Did they ever come to you and say we need more money in
- 14 | expenses?
- 15 | A. No.
- 16 Q. Did they ever ask for you to buy something and you refused?
- 17 | A. No.
- 18 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Leading.
- 19 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 20 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 21 | Q. Now, paragraph 2 says, "Our other concern is how NYU will
- 22 | structure payment of our business loan to the Community
- 23 | National Bank." Do you see that?
- 24 | A. I do.

25

Q. Do you recall what that concern was?

- A. Yes. At the time of the offer meeting, when we presented
  the offer, we weren't sure if we could pay the bank directly or
  if we needed to pay it through the doctors.
  - Q. And did the doctors have a preference in that regard?
  - A. They would prefer that we pay the bank directly.
- 6 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Can we scroll up, please, to page 7 D73.

Yes. Right there.

- Q. Do you see paragraph 1? This is now an email from you in response, right?
- 11 | A. Yes.

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- Q. And paragraph 1 says, "We will agree to increase the salaries to 2010 each, but the increase would net against the future conversion of the loan to salary when it expires." Did you write that?
  - MR. KATAEV: Objection to form.
- 17 | THE COURT: He's just asking whether he wrote it.
- MR. KATAEV: He said 2010, your Honor.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I'm sorry. Let me withdraw the question --
- 21 THE COURT: Yes. Why don't you ask --
- 22 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: -- and try again, your Honor.
- Q. Do you see paragraph 1 that I just read mostly accurately to the jury?
- 25 A. Yes.

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- 1 | Q. Did you write that?
- 2 | A. I did.
- 3 Q. OK. What does it mean?
- 4 A. It means that we were agreeing to their proposal for their
- 5 salaries and that when the loan would expire, we would add that
- 6 amount to the hospital, we would reduce that additional amount
- 7 | that the loan was by the increase in compensation.
- 8 Q. Could we --
- 9 | A. So --
- 10 | Q. I'm sorry. Were you finished?
- 11 A. Yes. So I believe we added about \$10,000 to their salary.
- 12 | I believe I explained this further in this email, but -- so,
- 13 | for example, if the loan was \$50,000 that we were converting to
- 14 | salary, when it expired, we would have reduced it by that
- 15  $\parallel$  10,000, so we would have added \$40,000 to the salary.
- 16 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: And could we scroll up. I want to
- 17 see paragraph 5.
- 18 | Q. Do you see that statement, "As already stated, there is
- 19 | much added pressure from ProHealth?
- 20 | A. Yes, I see it.
- 21 | Q. That's in a response email you got from Dr. Mehta and Dr.
- 22 | Edelman?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. Do you recall what that refers to, the pressure from
- 25 | ProHealth?

1 A. I don't.

2 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Go up to the first page, please.

3 A little bit down.

- Q. On Wednesday, August 6, you wrote back to the doctors. Do you see that?
- 6 A. Yes.

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- Q. And there's where you explain that you'll be able to pay the loan directly to the bank?
- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 Q. And does the rest of that paragraph comport with your
- 11 understanding of what the agreement was about repaying the
- 12 | loan?
- 13 A. Yes, and I give an example of how it would work, as I just 14 did.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Now, scroll up to the very top, please.
- Q. So you see Dr. Mehta's email to you, and she says, "we spoke with our attorney and want to add -- want to following
- 20 A. Yes.

19

- Q. And so Dr. Mehta, with advice of her counsel, proposed a contractual term to add to the contract that was being written?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- Q. Did you understand at the time that Dr. Mehta and Dr.
- 25 | Edelman were represented by counsel?

added." Do you see that?

- A. Yes.
- 2 Q. And did you take comments from them regarding the language
- 3 | in the contract?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 | Q. Did you incorporate some of their comments?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 Q. Now, below that it says, "We're mailing out the lease to
- 8 you today." Do you see that?
- 9 | A. I do.
- 10 Q. What lease does that refer to, if you know?
- 11 A. The lease for their office in 1991 Marcus Avenue.
- 12 | Q. And how was the lease for the office relevant to these
- 13 contract negotiations, if at all?
- 14 A. As part of becoming employed by NYU, we would take over all
- 15 | the financial obligations that the doctors had in their private
- 16 practice so they would no longer have to pay any expenses once
- 17 | they joined us. So we wanted to get an understanding of what
- 18 | those expenses were, including the lease for the office space.
- 19 Q. Is that a common structure when NYU brings in doctors from
- 20 private practice?
- 21 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Relevance.
- 22 | THE COURT: What's the relevance?
- 23 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I'm just establishing the process
- for bringing them in. We're going to compare it to some of the
- 25 other doctors later.

Swirnow - Cross

1 THE COURT: OK. I'll permit it.

Α. Yes.

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- From NYU's point of view, was the lease an attractive asset 3 that you were looking to acquire? 4
- No. It was actually a burden. 5 Α.
- And explain to the jury why it would have been a burden. 6 0.
- 7 First, I believe there was a 15-year-and-six-month lease,
- 8 and it actually sat empty for the two years following Dr. Mehta
- and Edelman moving into NYU office. And then when we found a 9
- 10 use for it, we actually had to do renovations because the group
- 11 that we were moving in to the office, it did not comport with
- 12 how the office was originally set up. Dr. Mehta and Edelman's
- 13 office was set up for their practice. We were moving in a
- 14 child psychiatry office, which doesn't use exam rooms, doesn't
- use infusion suites. They only use private counsel offices, 15
- and we also had to make it kid-friendly. 16
- 17 And at the time of the negotiations, was the lease
- 18 something NYU viewed as valuable that it wanted to acquire?
- 19 MR. KATAEV: Objection.
- 20 Α. No.
- 21 At the time of the negotiations, was it in NYU's financial
- 22 interest to become obligated on \$300,000 of loans?
- 23 Α. No.
- 24 Was it in NYU's financial interest to become obligated to
- 25 pay the staff, the supplies and the other overhead of Dr.

N7dWede4 Swirnow - Cross

1 | Edelman's practice?

MR. KATAEV: Objection. Foundation.

THE COURT: Do you know what was in NYU's financial

interest?

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THE WITNESS: Yes.

THE COURT: How do you know that?

THE WITNESS: Because I'm responsible for the

financial performance of the practices.

THE COURT: OK. Overruled.

- A. Could you repeat the question?
- 11 Q. Was it in NYU's financial interest to take over staff
- 12 salaries, overhead, supplies and all the other things relating
- 13 | to that office?
- 14 A. It was in our interest to provide the doctors the resources
- 15 | they needed as part of their practice.
- 16 | Q. Could NYU have provided resources like that without taking
- 17 | over the actual physical space?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Let's put up, please, Plaintiff's
- 20 | Exhibit 8.
- 21 THE COURT: You may do so.
- 22 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Sorry, your Honor. I meant to ask
- 23 permission.
- 24 | Q. This is the contract that was agreed to on or about
- 25 | September 5, 2014?

- 1 | A. Yes.
- Q. And does that date reflect the date that it was signed by
- 3 | the parties; do you know?
- 4 A. No. That would reflect the date the contract was probably
- 5 sent out in order to be signed.
- 6 Q. OK. And do you have a recollection of how long it took to
- 7 be signed?
- 8 A. No, but there should be a date of when they were signed by
- 9 each individual party in the contract.
- 10 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I see. So -- oh, yeah. Go to page
- 11 D48. There are some signature lines.
- 12 Excuse me.
- 13 Technical issue.
- 14 Q. Do you see D48 now?
- 15 A. I see the signatures, yes.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Scroll up just a little higher.
- 17 | Q. Do you see it's signed by Jill Buyon M.D.?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 | Q. Who is that?
- 20 A. She's the director of the division of rheumatology at the
- 21 | School of Medicine.
- 22 | Q. And how long has Dr. Buyon been with NYU, if you know?
- 23 A. I don't know.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: The screen went to sleep again. Am
- 25 | I boring the display?

- 1 All right. And --
- THE COURT: There's a problem.
- 3 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: All right. Scroll to the bottom of
- 4 | that page, please.
- 5 Q. And do you see Dr. Edelman's signature is dated September
- 6 22, 2014?
- 7 | A. Yes.
- 8 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Take a look at -- if you go up to 9 page D46, please, Ms. Cardona, paragraph 4.
- 10 | Q. Do you see that provision, space?
- 11 A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. Did you agree in this contract to give Dr. Edelman a
- 13 private office for her exclusive use?
- 14 A. We never guarantee exclusive use of space for physicians.
- 15 | Q. Did you do so in this contract?
- 16 | A. No.
- Q. Now, you say you never do. Why? Why don't you ever do
- 18 | that?
- 19 A. Because things change and things happen, and we can't
- 20 guarantee what's going to happen in the future.
- 21 Q. The contract -- I don't need to show you the language, but
- 22 | you're familiar with this contract, right?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. You've seen lots of contracts like this, because it's in a
- 25 | familiar form?

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- 1 A. More than you can imagine.
- 2 | Q. So let's talk for a minute about RVUs. OK?
- 3 | A. Sure.
- 4 | Q. The contract has a target for RVUs, right?
- 5 A. It does.
- 6 Q. And what is, from your perspective, sir, what is an RVU?
- 7 A. An RVU is a numerical value assigned by Medicare to the
- 8 services that a physician performs in order to measure
- 9 productivity or the amount of work that the physician does.
- 10 | Q. Now, you say it's assigned by Medicare. Explain that a
- 11 | little more. What is Medicare?
- 12 A. Medicare is the government agency that provides health
- 13 | insurance to seniors.
- 14 | Q. So does NYU have any role in assigning the value of an RVU?
- 15 | A. No.
- 16 | Q. And you get the list from Medicare?
- 17 A. Yes. Medicare publishes it.
- 18 | Q. And what does NYU use those numbers for?
- 19 A. To measure physician productivity.
- 20  $\parallel$  Q. And how is it that an RVU can measure productivity?
- 21 A. Because it assigns a numerical value to all of the services
- 22 | that the physician performs.
- 23 | Q. At a visit, a patient comes into an office and sees a
- 24 doctor, does that visit have an RVU value?
- 25 A. Yes. Every service that a physician provides, they submit

- a CPT code, which I think had been mentioned previously. That
  CPT code describes the service that was performed by that
  physician. Each of those CPT codes has a numerical value
  assigned by Medicare. So when you look at a physician's
  productivity, you look at all of the CPT codes that they
  submitted for billing and you add up the individual values for
  - Q. In an office visit, can there be multiple CPT codes and multiple RVUs?

each of those codes to get to the total number.

A. Yes.

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- Q. So it's different from measuring the number of patients or the number of visits; this is something more specific?
- 13 A. That's correct. It's measuring all of the work that the physician did.
- Q. If a doctor orders a test for a patient, does that result in an RVU?
- A. If the physician did something associated with that test,
  like interpret the results, the interpretation of the results
  would have an RVU value for the physician.
- Q. And if the doctor ordered more tests, in theory, they could do more interpretations, correct?
- 22 | A. That's correct.
- 23 | O. And that would lead to more RVUs?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. Now, do you base the salary given to a doctor on the RVUs?

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- 1 A. No.
- Q. And what role, if any, do the RVUs play -- did they play in
- 3 | this employment contract for Dr. Edelman?
- 4 A. The RVUs are solely a measure of productivity. They have
- 5 nothing to do with setting the salary for the physician.
- 6 Q. Following the employment of Dr. Edelman, she began on or
- 7 | after the September 22, 2014, date?
- 8 A. Yes. I believe it was December or January.
- 9 Q. And were you cognizant of how her practice went over the
- 10 | years?
- 11 A. Yes. We would review her productivity numbers annually, as
- 12 we do with every single doctor we have.
- 13 | Q. And do you recall reviewing her productivity numbers over
- 14 | the years?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 | Q. The contract was for a three-year term, right?
- 17 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 18 | Q. Is that the standard of the contracts that NYU has with its
- 19 | new doctors? Is that ordinary?
- 20 A. I would say it's the most usual term.
- 21 | Q. Are there other terms sometimes?
- 22 A. Sometimes.
- 23 | Q. Are there any contracts with doctors that are not term
- 24 | contracts?
- 25 A. No.

- Q. Why does NYU put doctors on term contracts as opposed to an unlimited contract?
- 3 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Relevance.
- 4 THE COURT: Overruled.
- A. It gives us an opportunity to review the situation after
  that initial term. It gives the doctor the opportunity to come
  back to us with whatever things that they may need or may
  concern them. So it's an opportunity to review the situation
  - Q. And at the end of the three-year term of the 2014 contract with Dr. Edelman, was there a consideration of renewal?
- 12 A. Yes. We renewed the contract.
- Q. And was there any kind of negotiation or discussion with the doctor?

and determine how we want to proceed at that point.

15 | A. Yes.

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- Q. Do you recall how that was done? Did you have a meeting?

  Did you have a phone call? Do you recall what you did?
- 18 A. I believe it was done through email.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Let's put up exhibit 12, please, previously introduced, so we'll publish, your Honor.
- 21 THE COURT: Permission granted.
- 22 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 23 | Q. Do you see, this is an email chain from November of 2017.
- 24 Do you see that?
- 25 A. I do.

- Q. Does that seem right in terms of timing of the renewal discussions?
- 3 A. Yes, it was about three years later.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Ms. Cardona, please go to page 154, at the bottom.
- Q. And do you see the email there where they're proposing a base salary of \$280,000?
  - A. Yes.

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- 9 Q. And do you remember the salary you ended up agreeing to with Dr. Edelman for that renewal?
- 11 A. I believe it was \$278,000.
- 12 Q. Now, did the renewal contract include \$3,000 of expenses?
- 13 A. We added those expenses into the salary.
- 14 | Q. And why did you do that?
- 15 A. At the -- at the doctors' request.
- 16 Q. So they put it directly in the salary rather than having a
- 17 | direct expense line?
- 18 A. That's correct.
- 19 | Q. And were they still allowed to have expenses?
- 20 A. Yes. If they needed things, we would have approved them.
- 21 Q. Was there any kind of cap on their expenses after the
- 22 renewal contract?
- 23 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Leading.
- 24 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:

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Q. What, if any, cap was in place --

- N7dWede4 Swirnow - Cross 1 THE COURT: The objection is sustained. 2 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Q. What, if any, cap would have been in place in the renewal 3 4 contract? 5 A. We would have reviewed each individual request based on the 6 appropriateness. 7 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: And can we put up, please, exhibit 9? 8 9 THE COURT: OK. 10 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: That's been entered, your Honor. 11 THE COURT: You may do so. 12 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN: 13 And that's the renewal contract. Do you see that? Ο. 14 A. Yes. MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Scroll to the bottom of the first 15 16 page. 17 That's signed by Dr. Buyon again? 18 A. Yes. All right. I want to talk about some of the other doctors 19 20 that have been mentioned at this trial, who you may or may not 21 know. 22 Do you know Dr. Goldberg? 23 A. Yes.
- Q. Were you personally involved in hiring Dr. Goldberg and negotiating the terms of his employment contract?

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- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 Q. Now, how did Dr. Goldberg come to your attention, if you
- 3 recall?
- 4 A. At the time, we were working on building our network out in
- 5 Long Island, specifically in the Nassau County and Lake Success
- 6 area, and we didn't have any rheumatologists in the area. So
- 7 | we were looking for someone who had a great reputation in the
- 8 practice, demonstrated leadership abilities, that could help us
- 9 | build up the program and brought a lot of assets to the table.
- 10 And Dr. Goldberg fit that bill perfectly.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Can we put up, please, Plaintiff's
- 12 | Exhibit 41 and publish to the jury, your Honor?
- 13 THE COURT: It is in evidence. Go ahead. That's
- 14 fine.
- 15 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 16 Q. Do you see the curriculum vitae for Dr. Goldberg?
- 17 | A. I do.
- 18 | Q. Would you have reviewed that in or about the time of his
- 19 | hire?
- 20 | A. I would have received it, but I wouldn't have reviewed the
- 21 | clinical components of it.
- 22 | Q. Well, I don't mean the clinical components. I just mean
- 23 | the qualifications, the training, the licensures.
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 Q. You would have reviewed that?

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- 1 A. Yes, I would have.
- 2 | Q. And do you recall what your reaction was to reviewing that
- 3 | information at the time?
- 4 A. I thought he was the person we'd been looking for.
- Q. And what was his role -- what was the expectation of the
- 6 | role he would assume?
- 7 A. He would have a clinical practice. He would bring with him
- 8 his extensive clinical research activity, and he would serve as
- 9 | the director of the rheumatology group in that area and help us
- 10 | build up the program.
- 11 | Q. Was that at all different from the expectations you had for
- 12 Dr. Edelman?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. How so?
- 15 | A. The expectations for Dr. Edelman was just to have a
- 16 | clinical practice.
- 17 | Q. Now, did Dr. Goldberg provide financial information about
- 18 | his private practice?
- 19 | A. He didn't have a private practice. He worked at another
- 20 | institution.
- 21 | Q. So how did you go about, if you did, reviewing his
- 22 | financial data?
- 23 | A. I don't recall whether he provided his current compensation
- 24 or not, but that would be typical.
- 25 Q. Where was he employed prior to NYU, if you remember?

- 2 | Q. And what is Northwell?
- 3 A. Northwell is a hospital system. I think they have 23
- 4 | hospitals throughout the region.
- Q. And was that -- did that have any attraction to NYU, that
- 6 he had been employed at Northwell?
- 7 A. The attraction were more his individual credentials, his
- 8 demonstrated leadership roles, things of that nature.
- 9 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Let's put up -- hold on one second.
- 10 Q. When you bring in somebody who's not from private practice,
- 11 what do you use as the jumping-off point to try to determine
- 12 | salary?
- 13 A. The salary demands of the candidate.
- 14 | Q. And then how do you assess whether that's reasonable or you
- 15 | should counterbid; how do you think about it?
- 16 A. We think about it in terms of what role that physician is
- 17 | playing, all the different components that we talked about, his
- 18 clinical practice, his clinical research activity, his
- 19 | leadership role and an investment in the future of building out
- 20 | a practice and a specialty that we felt was essential in that
- 21 | area.
- 22 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Let's go, please, to exhibit 24,
- 23 | which is already in evidence, your Honor.
- 24 | THE COURT: OK.
- 25 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:

- 1 Q. This is the November 22, 2013, contract with Dr. Goldberg?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 Q. And he came to NYU about a year before plaintiff?
- 4 A. Yes.
- Q. His RVU target was 3,700 or so; we can turn to it if you
- 6 need to see. What was that based on, if you remember?
- 7 A. I don't, specifically, but it would have been based on the
- 8 amount of time and effort he would have spent seeing patients,
- 9 given his other activities that he was doing.
- 10 | Q. Because he would have -- when you say other activities,
- 11 | what do you mean?
- 12 | A. His clinical research, his leadership role.
- 13 | Q. Did you review Dr. Goldberg's RVU performance on an annual
- 14 basis?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 | Q. So how did he do in the early years, if you remember?
- 17 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Best evidence.
- 18 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 19 A. He significantly exceeded his RVU expectations.
- 20 | Q. And did that have any consequences?
- 21 | A. Yes. The contract lays out provisions for receiving
- 22 | incentive compensation if you exceed your target.
- 23 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Let's put up, please, exhibit 25.
- 24 That was previously introduced, and we'll publish,
- 25 | your Honor.

- You may do so. 1 THE COURT:
- 2 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- That's a 2017 contract with Dr. Goldberg? 3
- Yes. 4 Α.
- It's been pointed out -- I think you were here -- that this 5
- was renewed prior to the expiration of the first contract. Do 6
- 7 you recall that?
- 8 A. Yes. It also states it on the No. 1 section below.
- Q. And why did that happen? Why was there a renewal at this 9 time?
- 11 A. We felt Dr. Goldberg had been doing a great job.
- 12 really built up the program. We had added several additional
- 13 rheumatologists to the group, and he was personally exceeding
- 14 his RVU expectations.
- 15 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: And let's scroll down to the second
- 16 page.

- 17 Q. You see there that his RVU target was raised to 5,850?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 And was that reflective of the performance he had in the
- 20 first couple of years?
- 21 Yes. That would have been what he had been producing in
- 22 that preceding year.
- 23 Q. Did he continue to meet RVU targets over the years that
- 24 followed?
- 25 I believe he got even busier. Yes.

- 1 Q. And to be clear, did Dr. Edelman also meet her RVU targets?
- 2 A. She did. She earned a bonus in at least some of the
- 3 | initial years of the first contract.
- 4 Q. Do you know -- well, we'll get to them.
- 5 Let's talk about Dr. Porges. Are you familiar with
- 6 Dr. Porges, Dr. Andrew Porges?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I don't want to make that mistake
- 9 again. Let's put up plaintiff's 48, already in evidence, your
- 10 | Honor.
- 11 THE COURT: OK.
- 12 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 13 | Q. Were you personally involved in hiring and negotiating an
- 14 | employment agreement with Dr. Andrew Porges?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 Q. And exhibit 48, in front of you, is that his curriculum
- 17 | vitae prior to joining NYU?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- 19 | Q. And would you have reviewed this at the time of his hire?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 | Q. What, if anything, made Dr. Porges -- well, withdrawn.
- 22 Was Dr. Porges an attractive candidate?
- 23 MR. KATAEV: Objection.
- 24 THE COURT: Basis.
- 25 MR. KATAEV: Form.

- 1 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 2 A. Yes. Very.
- 3 | Q. Why?
- 4 A. He had an excellent reputation in the community. He had a
- 5 very busy practice. He had a significant amount of clinical
- 6 research revenue that he brought into his practice. Those were
- 7 | the main things.
- 8 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Now, I'm going to ask Ms. Cardona to 9 put up exhibit EE, which has already been entered, your Honor.
- 10 THE COURT: OK.
- 11 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 12 | Q. And do you recognize this to be Dr. Porges's business plan?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 Q. Was this business plan compiled using the same methodology
- as the business plan for Dr. Edelman and Dr. Mehta?
- 16 A. Yes. I believe Dr. Porges provided more comprehensive
- 17 | information than Drs. Mehta and Edelman.
- 18 Q. But the underlying methodology is doctors provided the
- 19 | info, and then your team prepared a plan; that's what happened,
- 20 || right?
- 21 | A. That's correct.
- 22 | Q. So at the top it says it's for the Andrew Porges pro forma.
- 23 Do you see this?
- 24 | A. I do.
- 25 Q. Can you help us clarify? Was this for one doctor or more

- 1 | than one doctor? What did this business plan reflect?
- 2 A. It was for Dr. Andrew Porges and Dr. Lenore Brancato, who
- 3 was a part-time employee of Dr. Porges's in his practice.
- 4 Q. Did you have an understanding of the breakup of the work
- 5 between Dr. Porges and Dr. Brancato prior to coming to NYU
- 6 based on what they told you?
- 7 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Best evidence.
- 8 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 9 A. Yes, we knew exactly what each doctor was doing.
- 10 | Q. And who was doing the bulk of the work, if you knew?
- 11 A. Dr. Porges was doing the majority. I would say upwards of
- 12 80 percent.
- 13 Q. OK. So Dr. Edelman and Dr. Mehta had about a 50-50
- 14 practice, right?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 | Q. And your understanding of the Porges-Brancato practice was
- 17 | more like 80-20?
- 18 A. Approximately, yes.
- 19 Q. OK. Now, at the top of this, in revenue, it has the number
- 20 of \$2 million. Do you see that?
- 21 | A. I do.
- 22  $\parallel$  Q. What does that reflect, 2013, the 2 million-plus number?
- 23 A. That's how much revenue Dr. Porges's practice was
- 24 generating.
- 25 Q. Was that an attractive amount of revenue for NYU?

1 Α. Yes.

- 2 Now, when it's broken out in years one through five, it 0. shows much smaller amounts? 3
  - Α. Yes.

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- 5 Do you know why that is?
  - A. Yes, because the years one through five is reflective of what their practice would look like with NYU, and as I explained earlier, the infusions would be going to the hospital service facility. So they're not included in our projections because they would no longer be part of the physician's practice.
  - THE COURT: Mr. Schoenstein, when you come to a convenient break, we're going to take a five-minute-or-so comfort break.
  - MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Well, why don't we do it right now, your Honor.
- 17 THE COURT: OK. All right. Good.
- Members of the jury, we're going to take a quick 19 break. It's now 1:13, maybe be back around 1:20 or so, and we'll finish up for the day.
  - (Continued on next page)

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N7dWede4 Swirnow - Cross

1 (Jury not present) 2 THE COURT: Sir, you can step down. 3 THE WITNESS: Thank you. 4 THE COURT: Be seated. 5 I raised a question in the robing room to the parties. Any objection with respect to my contemplated action for juror 6 7 No. 5? 8 From plaintiff. 9 MR. LABUDA: I don't think we've seen the email. I 10 haven't seen it. 11 THE COURT: All right. 12 MR. LABUDA: I'm sorry. We did get it. 13 THE COURT: OK. Why don't you look at it. You can 14 all take a quick comfort break also and be back here at 1:20. 15 Mr. Schoenstein. 16 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I just wanted to let the Court know 17 something about our witness order. 18 I'm not going to quite finish Mr. Swirnow today. I'll be close. He's not available tomorrow. We're going to have a 19 20 new witness, Ms. Ruiz, who is coming in from out of town 21 they're going to call and we're going to examine, and we'll 22 have to reconvene Mr. Swirnow on Monday and then into 23 Mr. Rubin. 24 It's all been worked out.

THE COURT: I take it that's been worked out with the

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MR. KATAEV: It has, your Honor, except I was expecting to finish Mr. Swirnow.

THE COURT: OK. If Ms. Ruiz does not take the full day tomorrow, then we're going to need a witness because we're going to go until 2 o'clock tomorrow. So you'll work that out.

See you back here in a couple minutes.

(Recess)

THE COURT: My plan with respect to juror No. 5 would be to excuse her from appearing tomorrow and to ask her to be in touch. I'm not going to officially relieve her as a juror in the case unless something happened tomorrow and we can proceed tomorrow and we could call her back. But the plan would be that on the assumption that we're going to go forward tomorrow, which there would have to be an extraordinary event where we were not going forward tomorrow, towards the end of the day we would officially relieve her.

Any objection from plaintiff?

MR. LABUDA: No objection, your Honor.

The only thing I would ask is to ask her to make, if there's any change in her schedule that she let the Court know in the event that she can come tomorrow so we don't excuse her.

THE COURT: That makes sense to me.

From the defense perspective.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Concur, your Honor.

N7dWede4 Swirnow - Cross

1 (Jury present)

THE COURT: Be seated.

Mr. Schoenstein, you may continue.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Thank you, your Honor.

We were looking at exhibit EE, and we're publishing, your Honor, alongside exhibit HH, which is also admitted.

These are the two business plans. We're going to publish them both simultaneously, if that's OK?

THE COURT: That's fine.

BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:

- Q. And you see before you the two business plans, one for
- 12 Dr. Porges, one for Dr. Edelman and Dr. Mehta, right?
- 13 A. Yes.

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- 14 | Q. Now, in terms of Dr. Porges, by the way, when you were in
- 15 | the process of hiring him, did he have any loans that NYU would
- 16 be assuming, any loans at all?
- 17 | A. No.
- 18 | O. Was NYU assuming an office lease for his space?
- 19 A. We did assume his lease, but it expired, I believe, three
- 20 or four months after he joined us.
- 21 Q. So is that less of an obligation than the 15-year lease you
- 22 assumed for the plaintiff?
- 23 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Leading.
- 24 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 25 A. Significantly.

- 1 Q. In Dr. Porges's, counsel pointed you to --
- 2 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Scroll down a little bit in
- 3 | Dr. Porges's.
- 4 Q. -- the net profit and loss lines and said, you know, don't
- 5 those show a greater net profit or loss than the Edelman-Mehta
- 6 practice. Do you recall those questions?
- 7 | A. I do.
- 8 | Q. Now, first of all, in terms of the profit and loss
- 9 reflected on the Porges business plan, did that reflect the
- 10 | totality of the economic impact his hiring would have had on
- 11 | NYU?
- 12 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Best evidence.
- 13 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 14 A. No.
- 15  $\parallel$  Q. Why not?
- 16 A. Because it only reflects his physician office practice as
- 17 | it would look as part of NYU. It did not include any of the
- 18 activity that went to the hospital facility.
- 19 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Scroll back up, please, in that
- 20 exhibit.
- 21 | Q. By that are you referring to the patient revenue numbers?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 | THE COURT: Why don't you try some of those questions
- 24 | without leading.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: All right. Let me do this. I'm

N7dWede4 Swirnow - Cross

1 going to forget about top line, bottom line.

- Q. You considered both of these business plans, right?
- 3 | A. Yes.

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- Q. Did you have a view as to which practice was more
- 5 attractive to NYU?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 | Q. What was that view?
- A. Dr. Porges's practice was significantly larger and brought
- 9 more things to NYU with it. He had clinical research revenue
- 10 and he had a more robust practice that generated significantly
- 11 more revenue.
- 12 MR. KATAEV: Objection to relevance, your Honor.
- 13 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 14 (Continued on next page)

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1 MR. KATAEV: Objection to relevance, your Honor.

THE COURT: Overruled.

- Was it even close? 0.
- Α. No.

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MR. STEER: Objection.

THE COURT: Overruled.

Mr. Kataev, I can't always hear you when you say "objection." I always see it from the transcript, but keep your voice up.

MR. KATAEV: I will, your Honor. Thank you.

- How did you come up with a salary proposal for Dr. Porges?
- 12 A. We looked at the business plan, we looked at what the
- 13 business plan principal could support, and we looked at other
- 14 factors, as well, including his clinical research revenue that
- he was bringing with him, as well as his experience and his 15
- 16 reputation.
- 17 And when he came to you -- by the way, Dr. Porges and
- 18 Dr. Edelman, they both came to NYU in 2014; right?
- A. Yes. I believe they moved into the 1999 right about the 19
- 20 same time.
- 21 Q. And prior to joining you, they were both engaged in private
- 22 practice?
- 23 A. Correct.
- 24 Do you know which of them had been making more money prior
- 25 to coming to NYU?

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- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 | Q. Which one?
- 3 A. Dr. Porges.
- 4 | Q. Was that close?
  - A. No.

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- 6 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: We could put away those two charts.
  - Q. You mentioned research. Did NYU have any expectation as to whether or not Dr. Porges would perform research when he
- 9 joined?
- 10 A. Clinical research, yes, as part of his clinical practice.
- 11 Q. You stressed the word "clinical." To what do you mean by
- 12 | that?
- 13 A. Yes. Clinical research are those activities that are done
- 14 as part of providing clinical services. So in his situation,
- 15 he was a part of clinical trials. So while he was treating his
- 16 patients, he would try to identify those patients that were
- 17 | appropriate for some of the clinical trials and could benefit
- 18 | from those trials.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Could we put up, please, and publish
- 20 | to the jury Exhibit 31 already in evidence.
- 21 THE COURT: Permission granted.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: We're going to show you, when we get
- 23 | it on the screen, the contract here it is with Dr. Porges.
- 24 | Q. Are you familiar with this document?
- 25 A. Yes.

- 1 Q. And you were familiar with all the contracts with
- 2 Dr. Porges and NYU?
- 3 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Leading.
- 4 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: So let's scroll down, please, to
- 7 D858.
- 8 | Q. Do you see that chart, "Mission Effort Compensation"?
- 9 A. Yes, that's in every one of our agreements.
- 10 | Q. Does it reflect any compensation to Dr. Porges for
- 11 research?
- 12 A. Clinical research is part of his clinical compensation.
- 13 | Q. And do you know whether he received any other monies in
- 14 excess of the \$340,000 for his research at NYU?
- 15 A. No, it was included in that number.
- 16 | Q. There was no other payment?
- 17 | A. That's correct.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Scroll down, please, to page D862.
- 19 Let's go to the top of that page.
- 20 | Q. Do you see there, there was an RVU target?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- Q. And that was 6524?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- Q. That was higher than Dr. Edelman's RVU target?
- 25 A. Yes.

1 Q. Why was it higher?

N7DCede5

- That was what he was doing in his practice before he joined 2 Α. 3 us.
- 4 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: And then go to the next page, 5 please.
  - Do you see that research revenue target?
- 7 Α. I do.

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- Q. Can you explain what that provision means.
- This is the revenue that Dr. Porges generated from 9 Α. Yes. 10 his clinical research activities, and he was required to not 11 only meet that 6500-and-change RVU target, but also generate 12 \$228,000 of research revenue. So he had two expectations from
- 13 his clinical activity.
- 14 Did that differ from the expectations of Dr. Edelman? Q.
- 15 Α. Yes, she just had an RVU target.
- Are you familiar with Dr. Porges' performance with respect 16 17 to RVUs?
- 18 I'm not going to be able to recollect the specific numbers,
- but I recall him meeting or exceeding the RVU target. 19
- 20 And is that true throughout his tenure at NYU? 0.
- 21 Yes. Α.
- 22 Are there any years that would be exceptions to that?
- 23 During the pandemic and COVID, it was difficult for 24 physicians, obviously. Everybody was home and not coming into
- 25 the doctors' offices, so we kept paying all of our physicians

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- 1 | salaries regardless of their RVU productivity during that time.
  - Q. Was Dr. Porges under the RVU target for the COVID year?
- 3 A. I don't recall.
- 4 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Now, let's turn, please, to exhibit
- 5 27. I'm sorry. Exhibit 32, which is already in evidence. And we're going to publish, your Honor.
- 7 THE COURT: That's okay.
  - Q. Did there come a time where Dr. Porges' role changed in any way?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 Q. How so?
- 12 A. He took on some leadership responsibilities.
- 13 | Q. How did that come about?
- 14 A. He first demonstrated his abilities in terms of showing
- 15 | leadership abilities, and then he requested to take on the
- 16 role.
- 17 | Q. Who did he make that request to?
- 18 A. I don't remember specifically, but it would have come to
- 19 myself or Mr. Rubin.
- 20 | Q. And who, if anyone, had to approve that request?
- 21 A. Depending on the nature of the request, it could be a
- 22 | number of different people. For him specifically, Mr. Rubin,
- 23 and potentially his boss, Dr. Brotman.
- 24 Q. His boss, doctor --
- 25 A. Dr. Andrew Brotman. He's the chief clinical officer for

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- 1 | the health system.
- 2 | Q. In the 2017 contract, do you recognize this as his renewal
- 3 contract in 2017?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. And scroll down, please, to page H71. And do you see a
- 6 | \$17,000 administration number?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 | Q. Did that have any relation to his new role?
- 9 A. Yes, that was directly tied to his new role with clearly
- 10 defined job responsibilities associated with that.
- 11 Q. And his clinical number went down to 323?
- 12 A. Yes. Essentially, what we were doing was saying you're
- 13 going to be taking on this role with these expectations, which
- 14 | is going to take you away from being able to provide clinical
- 15 | time.
- 16 | Q. I see.
- 17 And tell me, what was his title?
- 18 A. Clinical director of ambulatory rheumatology in Long
- 19 | Island.
- 20 Q. Did there come a time where his title changed?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. When did that happen, if you know?
- 23 | A. I don't recall, but I know that he became the medical
- 24 director of the ambulatory care site in Lake Success.
- 25 | Q. How did that come about?

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- A. Dr. Porges expressed interest in taking on that role and sent us a proposal of what he would accomplish in that role.
- Q. How did the medical director role differ, if at all, from the clinical director role?
  - A. The clinical director role was solely in rheumatology. The medical director role was for all specialties.
  - Q. And it covers the whole Marcus Avenue practice?
    - A. Yes, we had offices, I believe, at that time in three different buildings right on that campus. So it encompassed the entirety of what we would call Ambulatory Care Lake Success of those three buildings.
  - MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Let's put up, please, exhibit 34, which has been previously entered.
    - Q. This is the 2020 renewal of Dr. Porges. Do you recognize it?
- 16 A. If you could scroll down, it's the cover page. Yes.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: And let's go to page 878. Stop at the top of page 878 for a minute.
- Q. Do you see that bullet point that non-disparagement clause at the top of page 878?
- 21 | A. I do.
- 22 | Q. Are you familiar with that provision?
- 23 A. It's in all of our agreements.
- 24 | Q. With all of your doctors?
- 25 A. Yes.

- Q. Did there come a time where that was added to all of the agreements?
  - A. Yes.

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4 Q. Do you know why that happened?

with the organization.

- A. I believe it was in relation to more information being
  posted on social media, Twitter and things like that. So we
  wanted to make sure that if anybody was posting on those sites,
  it is from their personal capacity and having nothing to do
- Q. Did the inclusion of a non-disparagement provision come about for any reason relating to this case or this dispute?
- 12 A. No.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Scroll down, please, to the compensation part.
  - Q. Is that reflective of Dr. Porges' current compensation?
- 16 A. I believe so.
- 17 MR. KATAEV: Objection to relevance.
- 18 THE COURT: Overruled.
- Q. Well, as of December 2020 when plaintiff was still employed by NYU, that was Dr. Porges' compensation?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- Q. And if you go to the next page, what was his RVU expectation in that 2020 contract?
- 24 | A. 6250.
- 25 | Q. And he had that expectation, as well as his duties as

N7DCede5 Swirnow - Cross

- 1 | medical director?
- 2 A. That's correct.
- 3 | Q. Is Dr. Porges still part of the team?
- 4 | A. Yes.
- 5 Q. Was that a successful hire from the point of view of where
- 6 you sit?
- 7 A. Very.
- 8 Q. Is Dr. Goldberg still part of the team?
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 | Q. Was that a successful hire?
- 11 A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. Were you involved in hiring Dr. Modi, Dr. Anang Modi?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. Did you negotiate his employment and his employment
- 15 | contract?
- 16 A. Yes.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Let's put up, please, exhibit 46 and
- 18 publish to the jury. That's been entered, your Honor.
- 19 THE COURT: Okay.
- 20 Q. Do you recognize Dr. Modi's CV?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. And what did you know about him when he came discussing
- 23 potential employment with NYU?
- 24 A. I know he was a very busy rheumatologist. I knew he had a
- 25 good reputation in the community, and I knew he had held

- multiple leadership roles in both different places he worked at and some organizations he was part of.
- 3 Q. What was your understanding of where he was working
- 4 | immediately before coming to NYU?
- 5 A. He was working at Advantage Care Physicians, which is a
- 6 | large, multi-specialty group that is owned by Emblem Health.
- 7 Q. You heard plaintiff describe it as Dr. Modi worked for HIP,
- 8 did you hear that testimony yesterday?
- 9 A. I heard it.
- 10 | Q. Is that accurate?
- 11 | A. No.
- 12 | Q. Why not?
- 13 A. Because he worked at Advantage Care Physicians.
- 14 | Q. And what is Advantage Care Physicians?
- 15 A. It's a large multi-specialty group that is owned by Emblem
- 16 Health.
- 17 | Q. So he was not in private practice; is that right?
- 18 A. That's correct.
- 19 | Q. So did you do a business plan for Dr. Modi?
- 20 | A. No.
- 21 Q. Was your evaluation of him consistent with the way you
- 22 || evaluate other doctors who come from not from private practice?
- 23 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Leading.
- 24 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 25 | Q. Do you recall what Dr. Modi was earning prior to joining

- 1 NYU, did you know that at the time?
  - A. Yes, \$340,000.

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- 3 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Best evidence.
- 4 THE COURT: Overruled.
- Q. Did he have any demands that he made or communicated to you regarding salary if he were to join NYU?
- 7 A. Yes, he wanted an increase and I believe he asked for 8 \$360,000.
  - Q. I don't think I asked you this about Dr. Goldberg. Did he have a salary demand when he joined NYU?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12  $\parallel$  Q. What was that?
- 13 A. \$290,000.
- 14 Q. Was Dr. Modi attractive to NYU?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 | Q. Why, what reasons do you recall, sitting here today?
- 17 A. I remember him being a busy rheumatologist, I remember him

having a good reputation in the community, and I remember him

having had demonstrated leadership positions and that we were

- 20 recruiting him to our Huntington Medical Group practice, which
- 21 was a large existing group, about 50 physicians in that
- 22 | practice. But we didn't have any rheumatology services at that
- 23 practice and we wanted to add that because our patients in that
- 24 area needed that service, so we identified Dr. Modi as someone
- 25 | that could help -- come in and help see those patients for us.

- 1 | Q. In hiring Dr. Modi, did NYU have to assume any loans?
- 2 | A. No.
- 3 Q. Did NYU have to take over an office lease?
- 4 A. No.
- 5 Q. Did NYU have any expenses that it had to take over for
- 6 staff or office supplies or overhead?
- 7 | A. No.
- 8 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Let's put up Plaintiff's 35, which
- 9 | is already in evidence.
- 10 | Q. Do you recognize that to be the 2017 contract with
- 11 Dr. Modi?
- 12 A. Yes.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: And let's go to page 888.
- 14 | Q. His compensation was set at \$360,000?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 Q. Was that consistent with his demand at the time?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Let's go to page 892, if we can get
- 19 | it back on the screen.
- 20 Q. Do you see his RVU target was 6108?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. Do you know if Dr. Modi generally met or exceeded his RVU
- 23 | targets?
- MR. KATAEV: Objection. Best evidence.
- 25 THE COURT: Overruled. It's not being used to prove

- 1 | the contents of the written communication. Go ahead.
- 2 A. Yes, he exceeded his target.
- 3 | Q. Is Dr. Modi still with the team?
- 4 | A. Yes.
- 5 | Q. Do you view that as having been a successful hire?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 Q. In hiring Dr. Goldberg, Dr. Porges, and Dr. Modi, did their
- 8 gender come into play in any of your discussions or
- 9 considerations?
- 10 A. Not at all.
- 11 Q. Did it matter to you at all that they were men?
- 12 | A. No.
- 13 Q. There was some testimony, some questions about a meeting in
- 14 | 2017 that you were involved in with Dr. Edelman. Do you recall
- 15 | that?
- 16 | A. I do.
- 17 | Q. Who, if anyone, do you recall being at that meeting?
- 18 A. Dr. Edelman, myself, Andrew Rubin, and Fran Drummond.
- 19 Q. Who is Fran Drummond?
- 20 A. She's the vice president of operations with the
- 21 organization. She's my peer.
- 22 | Q. And what is her area, what does she do?
- 23 A. She's responsible for the day-to-day operations of all of
- 24 | the ambulatory care network.
- 25 Q. Do you know why that meeting was held?

N7DCede5 Swirnow - Cross

- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 Q. Why?
- 3 A. We were made aware of some issues between Dr. Edelman and
- 4 | the staff.
- 5 | Q. To the best of your recollection, what were the nature of
- 6 | those issues?
- 7 A. I think they were not getting along, there were complaints
- 8 | about the way Dr. Edelman communicated or didn't communicate
- 9 with the staff.
- 10 | Q. And do you know, was that meeting scheduled and calendared
- 11 | with everybody and then held?
- 12 | A. Yes.
- 13 Q. Do you recall what happened at that meeting?
- 14 A. I recall talking to doctor -- we, as a group, talking to
- 15 Dr. Edelman about the issues and coaching her a little bit
- 16 about how to better get along with the staff, giving her some
- 17 | advice and pointers on how to develop better relationships with
- 18  $\parallel$  the staff.
- 19 | Q. Did you speak at that meeting?
- 20 A. I don't recall.
- 21 | Q. Did Mr. Rubin?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 | Q. Did Ms. Drummond?
- 24 A. Most likely.
- 25 Q. Do you recall specifically anything Mr. Rubin said?

- 1 | A. Just the general themes, nothing specific.
- 2 | Q. And what was the result of the meeting, if any?
- 3 A. I think things got better after that with Dr. Edelman and
- 4 | the staff for some period of time at least.
- 5 | Q. Do you recall anything else about the nature of the issues
- 6 between her and the staff that came to your attention?
- 7 A. Not specifically, no.
- 8 | Q. Now, a meeting like that with the doctor having issues with
- 9 staff, is she the only doctor you've ever had a meeting like
- 10 | that with?
- 11 | A. No.
- 12 | Q. How often, if any, does a meeting like that happen?
- 13 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Relevance.
- 14 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 15 A. Between phonecalls about the topic and meetings, I'd say
- 16 monthly.
- 17 | Q. Do you recall other in-person meetings with doctors,
- 18 coaching them on how to get along with staff?
- 19 | A. Yes, many.
- 20  $\parallel$  Q. Do you have meetings like that with male doctors?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. And female doctors?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. Are there more with men or more with women or do you
- 25 recall?

- 1 A. Gender has nothing to do with it.
- 2 | Q. And did gender have anything to do with that meeting with
- 3 | Dr. Edelman in 2017?
  - A. No.

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- 5 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Your Honor, moving to my last two 6 topics, I would rather do them --
  - THE COURT: You might rather, but you've got 10 minutes.
- 9 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: That's why I asked.
- 10 Q. Let's talk about 2019. Dr. Edelman came to your attention in 2019; is that correct?
- 12 | A. Yes.
- 13 Q. So, what do you recall about how that arose?
- 14 A. I remember there was a plan to try to bring all of the
- 15 rheumatologists together in the same space. There were
- 16 different doctors in different areas and wanted to bring them
- 17 | together, one, so they could work more closely together, but
- 18 | also to use the space and the office more efficiently. We
- 19 | don't want to have space sitting empty because it costs us
- 20 money to rent the space and we want to be able to use it and
- 21 generate revenue from the resources.
- 22 | Q. Does NYU have enough office space so every doctor could
- 23 | have a private office five days a week, even when they're not
- 24 coming to work?
- 25 A. No.

- Q. Is this issue with plaintiff the only time an office space issue like that has come up?
- A. No. I never imagined I'd be dealing with space as much as I do.
  - Q. So it comes up a lot?
- 6 A. Yes.

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- Q. Who raised the issue with you, if you recall?
- 8 A. David Kaplan.
- 9 Q. And what, if anything, did he tell you about it?
- 10 A. He told me that Dr. Edelman was refusing to allow her
  11 office to be used on the days that she was not at that site.
- 12 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Hearsay.
- THE COURT: It's coming in as background, so
- 14 overruled.
- 15 | Q. And you said on direct that you also heard about it from
- 16 Ms. Pacina?
- 17 | A. I never heard anything directly from Ms. Pacina.
- 18 | Q. I see.
- 19 So what was your role, what did you do?
- 20 A. I told David Kaplan that he should try to speak to her and
- 21 see if, you know, he could resolve the issue.
- 22 | Q. And did Mr. Kaplan report back to you on that meeting?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. And what do you remember being told?
- 25 A. That Dr. Edelman was still refusing to allow us to use the

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office on those days.

- 2 Q. And did you do anything?
  - A. Yes, I scheduled a call with her and spoke with her.

THE COURT: The evidence that you've elicited so far with respect to what the witness has heard about Dr. Edelman's reaction is just as background in terms of the witness's understanding going into this meeting; is that correct?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: 100 percent, your Honor.

THE COURT: That's how it's to be treated. Go ahead.

- Q. Tell us now, you had a telephone call with plaintiff; right?
- A. Yes.
- Q. So tell the jury everything you remember about that telephone call.
  - A. I remember explaining to Dr. Edelman why we wanted to use the space when she was not there and that we needed to use the space efficiently. If we have open exam rooms we need for the physicians to use, we also need an office for them to work out of while they're seeing those patients. I remember us talking through the issues. We talked a little bit about the fact that she was working at Huntington Medical Group one day a week, which was the day that we wanted to use the office. And we talked through the plans going forward, that we would either use the office on that day or if she would consider moving back from Huntington to Lake Success and use the office on that day

- herself, which I said was up to her. It was her decision to go
  to Huntington Medical Group in the first place, and if she no
  longer wanted to go there and wanted to work four days or five
  days in the Lake Success office, that was totally fine with us
  - Q. What was the tone of the conversation?
  - A. Mostly pleasant, as far as I recall.

and we would make it work.

- Q. Did either side raise their voice, to your recollection?
- 9  $\parallel$  A. Not at all.
- 10 Q. And did Dr. Edelman say anything about an HR complaint that
  11 you remember?
- 12 A. At the end, she mentioned that there was an HR complaint, 13 but we never got into any details about what the complaint was
- 14 about.

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- 15  $\parallel$  Q. And what, if anything, did you say to her about that?
- 16 A. My understanding was the complaint was about the use of the
- office space, so I was a little bit confused when she said she
- was still going through with the complaint because I thought we
- 19 had just resolved the issue. So I think I said something like,
- 20 okay, every employee is within their rights to file a complaint
- 21 and if that's what you want to do, go ahead.
- 22 Q. Were you concerned about that complaint after talking with
- 23 her?
- 24 A. No, because I thought, again, that we had resolved the
- 25 | issue.

- Q. Did she bring it to your attention any time after that call?
- 3 A. No.

- Q. Did anyone bring it to your attention, that you remember,
- 5 after that call?
- A. After I relayed the information to Tisa Hall, our human resources director, I really never thought about it again.
  - Q. And when was the conversation that you had with
- 9 Dr. Edelman, the telephone conversation, you said it was in or about September of 2019?
- 11 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Leading.
- 12 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 13 A. It was, I believe, a couple days after David Kaplan's
  14 conversation with her.
- Q. Did you form any opinion at that time about what would happen when Dr. Edelman came up for renewal?
- 17 | A. No.
- 18 Q. Did you think at all about when her contract was coming up
- 19 | for renewal?
- 20 | A. No.
- 21 | Q. Did you consider at all having any kind of adverse action
- 22 on her employment?
- 23 A. Definitely not.
- Q. And did you consider any of that between that telephone
- 25 conversation and November of 2020?

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1 Α. No. THE COURT: It's 1:58 now, are you at a convenient 2 breaking point? 3 4 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Yes, your Honor. 5 THE COURT: Members of the jury, we're going to break 6 for the day. We'll reconvene tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock. 7 Please try to be here by 8:45 and we'll have breakfast for you at 8:30. 8 I noticed that you all have been paying careful 9 10 attention. I'm going to ask you to continue to do that. 11 Please don't talk about the case or do any research 12 about the case during the evening break or in the afternoon. 13 I would like to inform you that through the hard work 14 of the parties, we are very much on schedule. The parties have 15 really made a lot of progress in the case and so, the update is that we're not going to finish this week, but we will finish 16 next week, and we are very much on schedule. 17 18 So have a good afternoon and evening, everybody. 19 We'll see you all tomorrow morning. 20 (Continued on next page) 21 22 23

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MR. STEER: Your Honor, do we rise when she comes in?

Do we have juror No. 5?

N7DCede5 Swirnow - Cross

THE COURT: Yes.

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Ms. Goldberg, step forward, step into the jury box.

(Juror present)

The parties can be seated.

Ms. Goldberg, I'm going to excuse your appearance tomorrow. I'm not officially relieving you as a juror. There are a couple of reasons for that.

JUROR: Okay.

THE COURT: One is one never knows what happens in trials, and if there was something that happened that meant we were not going forward or some other issue with respect to the jury, I might need you to come back and to participate in the jury.

I would also ask you to stay in touch with Mr. Fishman if something happens with respect to your schedule, then my hope would be that you would be able to attend tomorrow, but you don't need to contact us to tell us that your schedule hasn't changed.

> JUROR: Okay.

THE COURT: You're relieved from having to appear tomorrow morning.

I would ask you a couple of things.

One is to check in with Mr. Fishman at the end of the day tomorrow about whether your appearance will continue to be required or whether we can excuse you as a juror.

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why the plaintiff thinks that the document is relevant and admissible and why the questioning is admissible and then the defendants' position and I'll let you know tomorrow morning.

Is there anything else from plaintiff's perspective that we should address? There was from plaintiff's perspective, as an open item, the bit of testimony from Mr. Antonik. If that's something that you are continuing to

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THE COURT: Sure.

MR. KATAEV: Ms. Ruiz is flying in from Maryland, I understand, and she will be here tomorrow. We're going to finish with Mr. Swirnow. Originally, he wasn't available tomorrow, but he changed his plans. And we'll finish him first. We expect to finish Ms. Ruiz and then we will begin with Mr. Andrew Rubin tomorrow, who also made himself available after not being available tomorrow.

THE COURT: Excellent. That's good news.

I talk it with respect to Ms. Ruiz that the parties resolved the issue about her travel expenses; is that right?

MR. KATAEV: I think that what's appropriate, your Honor, we haven't discussed it actually, but --

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Our issue, your Honor, it seemed to me from what happened a couple days ago that they're to --

THE COURT: Your issue is that you don't want Ms. Ruiz to be cross examined on the notion that you paid for her travel expenses if, as a courtesy to the plaintiffs, you've paid for her travel expenses. I've got it.

What's the plaintiff's position? 1 MR. KATAEV: A, we won't raise the issue. 2 3 THE COURT: Doesn't that resolve it from defendants' 4 perspective? 5 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Yes, your Honor. 6 The only other issue is they shouldn't lead this 7 witness. She she's a nonparty witness, she's no longer employed by NYU. They should not be permitted to lead. 8 9 THE COURT: I will address that tomorrow morning, but 10 I think it's kind of late in the day on that. 11 There was a request made by the plaintiffs at the 12 pretrial conference to be able to ask leading questions and to 13 treat as hostile witnesses every witness other than the 14 plaintiff. There is no objection to that. I ruled. Why don't 15 you all get here 15 minutes early and then I can address that 16 question. 17 Anything else from defendant? 18 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No, thank you. 19 THE COURT: I will see you all tomorrow morning. 20 We'll try to start around 8:45 or 8:50. Thank you. 21 (Adjourned to July 14, 2023, at 8:45 a.m.) 22 23 24 25

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     UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
      SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
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     DR. SARI EDELMAN,
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                     Plaintiff,
                                              21 Civ. 502 (LJL)
5
                 v.
6
     NYU LANGONE HEALTH SYSTEM, et
      al.,
 7
                    Defendants.
8
                                              Trial
9
                                              New York, N.Y.
                                              July 14, 2023
10
                                              8:45 a.m.
     Before:
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                           HON. LEWIS J. LIMAN,
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                                              District Judge
                                              -and a Jury-
14
15
                                APPEARANCES
16
     MILMAN LABUDA LAW GROUP PLLC
          Attorneys for Plaintiff
17
     BY: JOSEPH M. LABUDA
          EMANUEL S. KATAEV
18
      TARTER KRINSKY & DROGIN LLP
          Attorneys for Defendants
19
     BY: RICHARD C. SCHOENSTEIN
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          RICHARD L. STEER
          INGRID J. CARDONA
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THE COURT: I gather that plaintiff has one item that

(In open court; jury not present)

3 | they want to raise with the Court.

MR. LABUDA: Yes, your Honor, one item. With respect to the witness, Miriam Ruiz, there was testimony about the flight and the pay, we said we're not going to bring that up.

I had one caveat, I did speak with defense counsel before. We had tried to subpoen her, issue a subpoen and she's coming up from Maryland. We didn't think it was really appropriate if we're not going to be able to raise the pay, the fact she's being paid to come up here, flown up by NYU. We just don't think the issue that she's coming from Maryland is really necessary for it. I think I have a concurrence with defense counsel that that's just not an issue that will be raised.

THE COURT: That she is traveling up here from Maryland?

MR. LABUDA: Correct. Correct. I mean, it's not contiguous to New York, it's an effort to come up from Maryland.

THE COURT: I'm sorry. Do you want to go into that?

MR. LABUDA: No. No. That would be excluded.

THE COURT: I think you actually had raised that issue in terms of some of your questions to other witnesses, but I take it defendant has no disagreement that where she's

1 traveling from is irrelevant

traveling from is irrelevant to any issue.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: We'll leave it out. I was going to ask you, your Honor, she is coming voluntarily because she was under subpoena power and I do think it's relevant to credibility that she's here voluntarily today and I might ask her that, but I don't need to ask where she's coming from or how she got here or anything like that.

THE COURT: Any dispute as to --

MR. LABUDA: We didn't receive a subpoena from NYU for her, so --

THE COURT: And then I also had asked the parties for their time estimates.

Does the plaintiff have a sense as to when it's going to end its case?

MR. LABUDA: We believe that we're going to be done around Tuesday with all the witnesses, your Honor. I would think Tuesday, maybe conservatively Wednesday at the very latest, but I think we're moving along pretty well.

THE COURT: Good. And what's the sense of how long a defense case would be after that?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Your Honor, so, first of all, we anticipate asking your Honor to bring a directed verdict motion at the end of plaintiff's case.

THE COURT: But on the assumption that I don't grant that.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: We will have somewhere between nothing and not very much.

THE COURT: In the back of my mind is setting aside a bit of time for argument on what I anticipated would be defendants' motion just by virtue of nothing else, the vigor with which they're pressing their point. If the timing works out, we might do that at the end of the day on Tuesday.

I have to step off the bench for a minute to get on a conference call and then we'll bring in the jury.

(Recess)

Let's get the witness on the stand.

Let's bring in the jury.

(Continued on next page)

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Swirnow - Cross

1 (Jury present)

THE COURT: Good morning, members of the jury. I hope you all had a restful evening.

You will notice juror No. 5 is not with us this morning. You're to pay no regard to the reasons why she's not with us this morning. I don't know whether she will be back or not, but, again, that should be no matter of concern for all of you.

We'll continue with the examination of Mr. Swirnow.
Counsel, you may inquire.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Thank you, your Honor.

JOSHUA SWIRNOW, resumed.

- CROSS-EXAMINATION CONTINUED
- 14 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 15 Q. Good morning, Mr. Swirnow.
- 16 A. Good morning.
- Q. In connection with your duties at NYU, are you familiar with the concept of physician administrative time?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 | Q. And can you explain what that is to the jury.
- 21 A. Sure. Every physician that has a clinical practice has
- 22 | administrative tasks that they need to accomplish as part of
- 23 | that practice writing notes after seeing patients, reviewing
- 24 | test results, reviewing lab results, calling the patient with
- 25 those lab results, filling prescriptions, things of that

N7ECede1 Swirnow - Cross

- That's what we call administrative time that all 1 nature. clinical physicians have. 2
- Q. Is that the same thing as an administrative title, like 3
- clinical director? 4
- A. No, they're completely different things. An administrative 5
- job has clearly defined responsibilities and they would be in 6
- 7 that physician's contract completely separate from
- administrative time from your clinical practice. 8
- Q. If a doctor has a clinical job, an administrative job, do 9
- 10 they still have the regular administrative tasks associated
- 11 with their own practice?
- 12 Α. Absolutely, yes.
- 13 I want to focus your attention now on the end of 2020. 0.
- 14 Α. Okay.
- 15 Q. We're going to discuss the nonrenewal of plaintiff's
- 16 contract.
- 17 Prior to November 2020, what, if any, conversations had you
- had about whether or not plaintiff's contract would be renewed? 18
- 19 A. None.
- Q. Prior to November of 2020, what, if any, plan did you have 20
- 21 with respect to whether or not plaintiff's contract would be
- 22 renewed?
- 23 We didn't have a plan.
- 24 Had you discussed the matter at all with Mr. Rubin, Ο.
- 25 Mr. Antonik, or Mr. Kaplan prior to November 2020?

N7ECede1

Swirnow - Cross

- 1 A. No.
- 2 | Q. Now, did there come a time when you became aware of some
- 3 | issues raised by Dr. Porges?
- 4 | A. Yes.
- 5 | Q. Tell the jury, please, when and how that happened.
- 6 A. David Kaplan told me about the concerns that Dr. Porges had
- 7 | approached him about. He had a printed out copy of an email
- 8 | from Dr. Porges that went through all of the concerns that
- 9 Dr. Porges had.
- 10 | Q. And what, if anything, did you say to David Kaplan on that
- 11 | topic?
- 12 A. I don't recall specifically saying anything, other than
- 13 being very concerned about the contents of the email.
- 14 | Q. Did you address the issues raised in that email in any way?
- 15 A. I shared them with Andrew Rubin.
- 16 | Q. And what, if any, discussion did you have with Mr. Rubin
- 17 | about that?
- 18 A. We were both very concerned about what was in that email
- 19 | and we scheduled a phonecall with Dr. Porges to discuss it.
- 20 | Q. Did that phonecall go forward?
- 21 | A. It did.
- 22 | Q. And can you tell us, in sum and substance, the discussion
- 23 on that call?
- 24 Actually, first of all, who was on that call?
- 25 A. Dr. Porges, myself, Andrew Rubin.

Swirnow - Cross

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- And can you tell us the sum and substance of that conversation.
- A. Yes. Dr. Porges was concerned after reviewing some of 3
- Dr. Edelman's clinical practice that her practice patterns did 4
- not meet the quality standards at NYU. NYU Langone Health is 5
- one of the top ranked academic medical centers in the country, 6
- 7 we have very high clinical quality standards. Dr. Porges felt,
- from his experience, that Dr. Edelman's practice did not meet 8
- those standards. 9
- 10 What was Dr. Porges' position at NYU at the time of this
- 11 discussion?
- 12 He was the medical director of the Lake Success practice.
- 13 Did that position have any bearing on how you thought about
- 14 his concerns?
- 15 A. Yes, he's the clinical leader of the practice. It's part
- 16 of his job responsibilities to ensure the quality of the care
- 17 that's being provided.
- 18 Q. Did you have any further discussions regarding the clinical
- 19 issues that had been raised by Dr. Porges?
- 20 Yes. We asked Dr. Porges if he felt that he could mentor
- 21 Dr. Edelman to raise her quality and he did not think he could.
- 22 Did you discuss the issue with anybody else? Q.
- 23 Yes. We also had a phonecall with Dr. Goldberg to discuss
- 24 the matter.

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What was Dr. Goldberg's position at the time?

N7ECede1 Swirnow - Cross

- 1 A. He agreed with Dr. Porges both on the substance of the
- 2 concerns and the fact that he did not think he could mentor
- 3 Dr. Edelman.
- 4 | Q. And what was his job, what was his job title at the time?
- 5 A. He was the clinical director of rheumatology.
- 6 Q. Did his position as clinical director of rheumatology
- 7 | affect how you thought about his recommendation on the topic?
- 8 A. Yes. It was also part of his role to be focused on the
- 9 clinical care being delivered in that practice.
- 10 | Q. Now, did you and Mr. Rubin discuss the matter further after
- 11 | talking to Dr. Porges and Dr. Goldberg?
- 12 | A. I don't recall the specific discussions that he and I had.
- 13 | I know that he discussed it with other clinical leaders in the
- 14 organization and the determination was made not to renew
- 15 Dr. Edelman's contract.
- 16 | Q. Did you make that determination?
- 17 | A. No.
- 18 | Q. Did you have any vote whatsoever?
- 19 A. No.
- 20 | Q. Did you offer an opinion in regard as to whether the
- 21 | contract should be renewed or not?
- 22 A. I agreed with the decision.
- 23 | Q. And did you tell that to Mr. Rubin?
- 24 | A. I don't recall.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I pass the witness, your Honor.

N7ECedel Swirnow - Redirect

- 1 REDIRECT EXAMINATION
- 2 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 3 Q. Good morning, Mr. Swirnow.
- 4 A. Good morning.
- 5 Q. In your testimony with Mr. Schoenstein, you talked about
- 6 the financial information related to Dr. Porges; correct?
- 7 | A. Yes.
- 8 | Q. And you essentially testified that the financials related
- 9 to Dr. Porges were greater than that of Dr. Edelman's; correct?
- 10 A. Could you define "greater."
- 11 | Q. In essence, Dr. Porges' practice was more profitable than
- 12 | Dr. Edelman's; correct?
- 13 A. To NYU Langone in totality, yes.
- 14 | Q. That's your testimony based on infusions; correct?
- 15 | A. It's based on a number of factors.
- 16 Q. But the business plan does not show that, does it?
- 17 A. The business plan is for the physician's office-based
- 18 practice.
- 19 Q. There is no documentary evidence that we've seen today
- 20 concerning what you testified about; correct?
- 21 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 22 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 23 A. There's been no documents today.
- 24 | Q. And you don't have those documents; correct?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.

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1 THE COURT: Sustained.

- There was also testimony about NRad; correct? Q.
- 3 Α. Yes.

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N7ECede1

- Isn't it true that NYU ultimately purchased NRad? 4 Q.
- I don't know the exact nature of the transaction, but there 5 was a relationship for the radiology component of Nassau 6
- 7 Radiology.
- 8 So even though it was going through a bankruptcy, NYU found value in NRad, too; correct? 9
- 10 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 11 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 12 You would have to talk about what you mean by value.
- 13 It was valuable enough for NYU to want to buy it, as well;
- 14 correct?
- 15 Α. There are many reasons to do transactions and grow.
- You wouldn't buy it if it wasn't valuable; correct? 16
- 17 I didn't say we bought it.
- 18 You wouldn't enter into a relationship with NRad if it was
- not valuable, correct, to NYU? 19
- 20 I'm not sure I know how to answer that question. Α.
- 21 With respect to infusions, NYU did not introduce any
- 22 documents relating to the value of those infusions; correct?
- 23 Α. I don't know.
- 24 The only thing we have to know that Dr. Porges' infusion
- 25 practice was more valuable than Dr. Edelman's is your word;

1 | correct?

2 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.

3 | THE COURT: Sustained.

- Q. You also testified that Dr. Porges earned more salary in
- 5 | his prior practice; correct?
- 6 A. Yes.

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7 | Q. But you don't have his W2 with you today, do you?

8 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.

THE COURT: Sustained.

- 10 | Q. Dr. Porges' W2 was not offered during your testimony;
- 11 | correct?
- 12 A. Correct.
- MR. KATAEV: I'd like to place up on the screen what's
- 14 | already been admitted in evidence as Defendants' Exhibit EE.
- THE COURT: You may do so.
- 16 MR. KATAEV: I apologize, your Honor. HH.
- 17 THE COURT: You may do so.
- 18 | Q. Scrolling to the top of this document, this is
- 19 Dr. Edelman's and Dr. Mehta's business plan; correct?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 | Q. And on the bottom, there are five footnotes, let's call
- 22 | them; correct?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. With respect to footnotes 1 through 4, they have a
- 25 corresponding -- a place within the business plan; correct? 1

A. Correct.

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- Q. Footnote 5 does not have any place in this, correct, in
- 4 | this business plan?
- A. It has a note on the bottom because there's no
- 6 corresponding number on the top.
- 7 Q. In exchange for the assumption of Dr. Edelman's loan, you
- 8 | obtained all of the equipment that Dr. Edelman owned in her
- 9 practice; correct?
- 10 A. I don't know. We took over any lease agreements for any
- 11 | equipment that they had.
- MR. KATAEV: I'll put up on the screen Plaintiff's
- 13 Exhibit 8, which was already admitted in evidence.
- 14 THE COURT: You may do so.
- 15 | Q. I'll represent to you, Mr. Swirnow, that this is
- 16 Dr. Edelman's first contract, and referring you to the
- 17 | provision that's labeled D, lease, sublease business loan. In
- 18 here, there's a reference to equipment leases, isn't there?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 Q. And NYU assumed those equipment leases together with the
- 21 lease for the space in which Dr. Edelman's practice operated;
- 22 | correct?

- 23 A. Yes, that would be equipment leases that still had payments
- 24 | that needed to be made.
  - Q. And you received that asset; correct?

- 1 No. There was a liability on the equipment that we assumed that we then had to pay. 2
- And NYU utilized that equipment, didn't it? 3
- I have no idea. 4 Α.
- NYU had the option to utilize it; correct? 5
- Sure. We were paying for it. 6 Α.
- 7 And the same thing with office space; correct? You had an 8 ability to utilize that any way you saw fit; correct?
  - We were paying the lease, yes. Α.
- 10 So if you wanted to, you could sublease it and receive Ο.
- 11 money from someone else that would pay you rent for it;
- 12 correct?

- 13 Α. Sure.
- And you could and in fact did place another practice there 14
- in order to make profit for NYU; correct? 15
- 16 I would argue about the profit component of it, but we put
- 17 another practice in there over two years later after renovating
- 18 the space, which cost us money.
- 19 THE COURT: Mr. Swirnow, let me direct you to just
- 20 answer the question that you're being asked.
- 21 THE WITNESS: Yes, your Honor.
- 22 THE COURT: Go ahead, counsel.
- 23 Is it true, isn't it, to this day, NYU is using that space? 0.
- 24 Α. I believe so.
- 25 So NYU received the value of that space and also deducted

- 1 | it from Dr. Edelman's compensation; correct?
- 2 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 3 THE COURT: Sustained as to form.
- 4 | Q. It's true that in exchange for the assumption of the lease
- 5 and related contracts, you received value from the lease;
- 6 correct?
- 7 A. I don't view it that way. We would have had to lease space
- 8 | for that practice, so we would have had to pay for them to be
- 9 an office space.
- 10 | Q. You recall testimony about Dr. Modi and his desired salary;
- 11 | correct?
- 12 | A. Yes.
- 13 | Q. He asked for \$360,000 and he received \$360,000; correct?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 | Q. But Dr. Edelman and Dr. Mehta asked for \$280,000 and they
- 16 did not receive what they asked for; correct?
- 17 | A. I don't recall when their ask was, but they did not receive
- 18 | \$280,000.
- 19 Q. There was also testimony about the fact that NYU assumed
- 20 | the lease for Dr. Porges' practice on Northern Boulevard in
- 21 | Roslyn; correct?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 | Q. NYU did not deduct that from Dr. Porges' compensation, did
- 24 | it?
- 25 A. Could you ask that question again.

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- 1 When NYU assumed the lease for Dr. Porges' practice, it
- incurred the cost of paying the rent on that space; correct? 2
- Yes. 3 Α.
- But NYU did not deduct that cost from Dr. Porges' 4 0.
- compensation, did it? 5
- A. We don't deduct the cost of leases to anybody's 6
- 7 compensation.
- Q. But you deducted the cost of the loans that you assumed for 8
- Drs. Edelman and Mehta, didn't you? 9
- 10 A. We didn't deduct anything, we paid the loan on their
- 11 behalf.
- 12 Q. But you took a deduction from Dr. Edelman's salary in order
- 13 to do that; correct? That's how you negotiated it, didn't you?
- A. No, we negotiated a salary and we agreed to pay the 14
- business loans. 15
- Q. Based on your testimony, is it fair to say that you justify 16
- 17 the fact Dr. Edelman was paid less because of the assumption of
- the loans? 18
- 19 Α. No.
- 20 There was testimony about whether NYU contractually agreed
- 21 with Dr. Edelman to have her office be unshared; correct?
- 22 A. Are you asking me if we did? I'm not sure what you're
- 23 asking.
- 24 There was testimony on the subject; correct?
- 25 Α. Yes.

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1	Q. And you testified that you never agreed to guarantee office
2	space dedicated to Dr. Edelman; correct?
3	A. That's correct. As a matter of principle, we never
4	guarantee space to any physician.
5	MR. KATAEV: I'd like to mark for identification
6	Plaintiff's Exhibit 121.
7	THE COURT: Any objection?
8	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Yes. Sidebar.
9	THE COURT: Why don't you display it to me.
10	MR. KATAEV: Is it okay to lay the foundation first,
11	your Honor?
12	THE COURT: Let me look at it.
13	What's the nature of the objection?
14	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Not on the exhibit list, not
15	produced in discovery, and I have a problem with the document.
16	THE COURT: Let's go to sidebar.
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1 (At the sidebar) MR. KATAEV: Your Honor, the witness testified that he 2 3 didn't quarantee office space. THE COURT: I understand the relevance of the 4 5 document. 6 MR. KATAEV: It's for impeachment purposes. 7 doesn't have to be shown to the jury. I'm just going to ask him questions on this email. Did he say this is what we agreed 8 9 to, but can't be --10 MR. LABUDA: It should be shown to the jury. 11 THE COURT: You're asking him about the contents of a 12 document that is -- and do you want to put it into evidence or 13 do you want to just add? 14 MR. KATAEV: I would prefer to put it into evidence. 15 THE COURT: Let's address all of that now. There's an objection made that it was not on the exhibit list, it wasn't 16 produced in discovery. Is that my understanding? 17 18 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Both accurate, your Honor. THE COURT: So what's the response? 19 20 MR. KATAEV: I have two points on that. First of all, 21 they produced negotiation emails during the course of 22 discovery, it was requested and they failed to produce that 23 document. They were in possession of that document. And we

were under, I believe, similar obligation, I don't recall

whether they specifically asked for them, but because they

failed to produce it, we have the right to use it. 1

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THE COURT: And what's your answer on the exhibit list?

MR. KATAEV: That was something that was found after the joint pretrial order was made and we did give it to them quite some time ago, so they've been aware of it. They had the opportunity to prepare the witness for it.

MR. LABUDA: And it's just for impeachment purposes, your Honor. We didn't try to introduce it in our case in chief.

THE COURT: Did you request this document from the plaintiffs?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I think we requested documents related to negotiations of the contract, wouldn't we? Yeah, we would have requested emails for negotiations.

I have one other point, your Honor. It's inadmissible parole evidence. There's an unambiguous contract and has a merger clause, and they want to introduce a prior email communication to alter the terms of that contract.

THE COURT: I'm going to permit the document in. for impeachment. He did testify that there was never any such agreement as a matter of policy and you can then redirect on it, but it impeaches his testimony on the defendants' examination.

(Continued on next page)

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1 (In open court)

BY MR. KATAEV:

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- 3 Q. Mr. Swirnow, part of your job responsibilities at NYU is to
- negotiate with incoming physicians about on-boarding at NYU; 4
- 5 correct?

- Yes. 6 Α.
- 7 In the course of performing your duties, you exchange
- emails with doctors to do that; correct? 8
- Α. Yes. 9
- 10 In front of you right now is an email from Dr. Mehta on
- 11 behalf of herself and Dr. Edelman concerning some of those
- 12 negotiations; correct?
- 13 THE COURT: For purposes of the record, when you're
- 14 saying before him, it's a document that you marked as PX 121;
- 15 is that right?
- MR. KATAEV: That's exactly right, your Honor. 16 Thank
- 17 you.
- 18 THE COURT: Do you recognize this document?
- THE WITNESS: I don't, but I see it in front of me. 19
- 20 Q. And there's an email exchange here in which you received an
- 21 email and in which you responded; correct?
- 22 Α. Yes.
- 23 And this email was sent and received in the ordinary course
- 24 of the business of NYU; correct?
- 25 Α. Yes.

N7ECede1

MR. KATAEV: I offer this document in evidence as 1 Plaintiff's Exhibit 121, your Honor. 2

THE COURT: It's received.

(Plaintiff's Exhibit 121 received in evidence)

THE COURT: It may be published to the jury.

- In this email, it's dated August 22nd of 2014; correct? 0.
- Α. Yes.

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- This was before the time that Dr. Edelman actually came to work at NYU; correct?
- 10 Α. Yes.
- 11 And Dr. Edelman is copied on this email; correct?
- She's in the "to" line. 12 Α.
- 13 And in No. 2, she states: "As for office space, we spoke Ο.
- with Josh before and he guaranteed us individual unshared 14
- 15 offices, but we do not see it in the revised contract."
- 16 Correct?
- 17 A. That's what it says.
- 18 Q. And you responded to that email on the same day that it was
- 19 sent; correct?
- 20 Α. Yes.
- 21 And in essence, you said that this office space issue is as
- 22 we discussed previously, but that it's not appropriate to enter
- 23 that into the contract; correct?
- 24 That's what it says, but what we discussed previously was
- 25 not that they would be guaranteed exclusive space for

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- 2 | Q. Her email below does not say "exclusive," does it?
- 3 A. It does not.
- 4 | Q. It says "unshared." Correct?
- A. Correct. But "unshared" means one person in an office, not two people in an office.
  - MR. KATAEV: Move to strike as nonresponsive.
- 8 THE COURT: That's granted.
  - Just answer the questions that you're being asked. Your lawyer will bring out anything that the lawyer believes to be appropriate for the jury's consideration when your lawyer gets up to ask questions.
- 13 THE WITNESS: Understood. I apologize.
- MR. KATAEV: Curative instruction to the jury, your
  Honor, please.
- THE COURT: No. The motion is granted to strike the testimony. Go ahead.
- Q. So it says in this email that the office space is as we discussed previously, but it's not appropriate to put that in the contract; right?
- 21 A. That's what it says.
- 22 | Q. Based on this email exchange, it was reasonable for
- Dr. Edelman to understand that she had unshared office space;

  correct?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.

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Swirnow - Redirect

THE COURT: Sustained.

Q. It's fair to say that what was discussed between you and

Dr. Edelman is different than what's in the contract; correct?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.

THE COURT: Sustained.

Q. It's fair to say that what you discussed is not what

ultimately happened; correct?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.

THE COURT: Sustained.

- Q. There was also testimony from your examination with Mr. Schoenstein that there's no real correlation between RVUs and salary. Do you recall that testimony?
- A. There's no correlation -- I think the testimony was about that, yes.
  - Q. That the RVU target is independent from the salary; correct?
- 17 A. That's correct.
  - MR. KATAEV: I'm going to publish to the jury Plaintiff's Exhibit 8 already in evidence, your Honor.

    THE COURT: You may do so.
  - Q. Under the FGP expectations portion of this contract, it says in exchange for \$207,000, Dr. Edelman has to produce 4966 RVUs; correct?
- 24 A. It says she has to maintain that level of RVUs, yes.
- Q. And if she exceeded those RVUs, she would get more money;

- 1 | correct?
- 2 A. She could earn a bonus, yes.
- Q. As an example here, if she earned 5463 RVUs, she would
- 4 receive 10 percent more in compensation; correct?
- 5 | A. That's correct.
- 6 Q. But if she did not meet that target within a margin of
- 7 | error of 5 percent, she would have a reduction in her RVUs;
- 8 | correct? I'm sorry. In her salary.
- 9 A. Yes, that's what the contract states.
- 10 | Q. Going back to the email exchange that we looked at, it's
- 11 | fair to say that you did not disagree with Dr. Mehta and
- 12 Dr. Edelman about their understanding of the office space;
- 13 | correct?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 15 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 16 A. I did disagree.
- 17 | Q. It says in the email it's as you discussed; correct?
- 18 A. That's right.
- 19 MR. KATAEV: I'd like to place Plaintiff's Exhibit 12
- 20 on the screen.
- 21 THE COURT: You may do so.
- 22 | Q. The bottom of this email chain refers to the first renewal
- 23 | negotiations with Drs. Edelman and Dr. Mehta; correct?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. And it's dated November 10th of '17; correct?

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- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 | Q. And you started having these discussions in November of '17
- 3 because the contract was expiring at the end of December 2017;
- 4 | correct?
- 5 | A. I believe Drs. Mehta and Edelman were on different
- 6 | timelines.
- 7 | Q. They were close to each other, though?
- 8 A. Yeah, within a month or two.
- 9 Q. So it's fair to say the renewal negotiations typically
- 10 start around a month prior; correct?
- 11 A. It's all over the map depending on the individual
- 12 | circumstances.
- 13 | Q. There was testimony about Dr. Goldberg's research?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 | Q. That research is paid by pharmaceutical companies, isn't
- 16 | it?
- 17 | A. No.
- 18 Q. Who pays for that research?
- 19 | A. NYU pays Dr. Goldberg his total compensation.
- 20 Q. Isn't it true that Dr. Goldberg also receives funds from
- 21 | pharmaceutical companies for such research?
- 22 | A. I have no idea.
- 23 | Q. You would not be involved in something like that; correct?
- 24 A. I'm only involved in what NYU pays their physicians.
- 25 | Q. When I examined you, you confirmed that the business plan

- 1 is what decides a doctor's salary; correct?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 | Q. And we looked at your deposition testimony and you
- 4 confirmed that there were no other factors that went into that
- 5 | calculation; correct?
- 6 A. That's what was in the deposition.
- 7 Q. But on your testimony yesterday with Mr. Schoenstein, you
- 8 | talked about all these other factors, didn't you?
- 9 A. For doctors coming from other institutions.
- 10 | Q. Dr. Goldberg was brought in to build a physician base on
- 11 | Long Island; correct?
- 12 A. To build a rheumatology practice.
- 13 | Q. And one of the ways he did so is by bringing in
- 14 | Dr. Edelman; correct?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 | Q. And Dr. Edelman was similarly capable of bringing in
- 17 | physicians, wasn't she?
- 18 A. I don't know that to be true.
- 19 | Q. You know that Dr. Edelman had a large referral base;
- 20 correct?
- 21 | A. I know that she had a practice and I knew information about
- 22 | the practice.
- 23 Q. You never asked Dr. Edelman to bring in any rheumatologists
- 24 | to the practice, did you?
- 25 A. No.

- Q. So it's fair to say you don't know whether she would have
- 2 been capable to do so; right?
- 3 A. I think that's what I said, yes.
- 4 Q. Referring to both business plans for Dr. Edelman and for
- 5 Dr. Porges, it's fair to say, isn't it, that the salary was not
- 6 based on the amount of infusions they bring in?
- 7 A. It was about the business plan.
  - Q. And the business plan had no data about infusions; correct?
- 9 A. I wouldn't say no data.
- 10 Q. There's no line item as to the value of the infusions;
- 11 | correct?

- 12 | A. There's nothing labeled "infusions," that's correct.
- 13 | Q. Now, it's fair to say, isn't it, that Dr. Goldberg was only
- making about \$200,000 prior to coming to NYU?
- 15 A. I don't know.
- MR. KATAEV: I'll publish 31, your Honor. It's
- 17 | already in evidence.
- 18 THE COURT: You may do so.
- 19 | Q. This is Dr. Porges' initial employment agreement; correct?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 | Q. And in the effort and compensation section, there's a table
- 22 | itemizing the various efforts that he could undertake; correct?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. Rather than listing Dr. Porges' research work in the
- 25 | research section, you chose to -- NYU chose to include it in

- 1 | his clinical; correct?
- 2 A. That was the appropriate place for it.
- 3 | Q. Because it was done this way, there's no way to segregate
- 4 how much a percentage of time Dr. Porges spent on research;
- 5 | correct?
- 6 A. "Research," as defined in this table, means something
- 7 | completely different than the type of research Dr. Porges was
- 8 doing.
- 9 Q. When Dr. Porges was doing that research, he was not seeing
- 10 | patients; correct?
- 11 A. I don't believe that to be a true statement.
- 12 | Q. When Dr. Porges was doing research work with respect to any
- 13 patients, he was not earning RVUs, was he?
- 14 A. I don't know the details about that. His clinical research
- 15 was part of his clinical practice. It was embedded as part of
- 16 | his practice.
- 17 | Q. In the FGP expectations portion of this contract,
- 18 | Dr. Porges was required to meet the target of 6524 RVUs per
- 19 | year; correct?
- 20 | A. That was his RVU target, yes.
- 21 | Q. And is it your testimony that Dr. Porges met this target?
- 22 | A. When?
- 23  $\parallel$  Q. In any year that he worked.
- 24 A. I believe so, yes.
- 25 | Q. And your testimony is based on a review of RVU reports that

- 1 | are maintained in NYU's systems; correct?
- 2 A. It's based on my recollection of events from many years
- 3 ago.
- 4 | Q. It's fair to say that the reports themselves would be more
- 5 accurate than your memory; correct?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 | Q. For example, you can't tell me today how many RVUs
- 8 Dr. Porges actually earned in 2014; correct?
- 9 A. No.
- 10 Q. Nor can you do that for any year that Dr. Porges worked;
- 11 | correct?
- 12 A. Correct.
- 13 | Q. And you can't tell me how many RVUs any doctor earned in
- 14 | any year; isn't that right?
- 15 | A. I don't think that's true.
- 16 | Q. Can you tell me how many RVUs Dr. Edelman earned in 2019?
- 17 | A. 2019? No.
- 18 | Q. So it's fair to say that if you had the reports in front of
- 19 | you, you would be able to tell us that information; right?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 | Q. And without these reports in front of you, we have no way
- 22 | to verify that what you're saying is true; correct?
- 23 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 24 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 25 Q. Without these reports in hand, your testimony can't be

N7ECede1 Swirnow - Redirect

1 verified; correct?

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MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.

3 | THE COURT: Sustained.

- Q. It's fair to say, isn't it, that the RVU reports would verify what you're saying?
- 6 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.

7 THE COURT: Overruled.

- A. It would tell the exact number of RVUs a physician did in a specific year.
- 10 | Q. And you don't have those documents with you today; correct?

11 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.

- 12 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 13 A. Correct.
- Q. And these documents were not introduced by NYU at this trial; correct?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 17 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 18 A. I don't know what was provided.
- 19 Q. These documents were not provided during your testimony;
- 20 correct?
- 21 A. Correct.
- 22 | Q. Going back to Dr. Goldberg and his requested salary, it's
- 23 | fair to say that he asked for \$290,000 and he got \$290,000,
- 24 | that was your testimony; correct?
- 25 A. That's my recollection.

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- 1 Going back to this chart, there's no way to tell how much
- of Dr. Porges' compensation went to clinical and how much went 2
- to medical research; correct? 3
- His compensation was for the totality of his practice. 4 Α.
- So my question is there's no way to split the two up; 5
- correct? 6
- 7 We would not split it up.
- 8 When Dr. Porges was seeing patients, he was not doing
- medical research; right? 9
- 10 That's not a true statement. Α.
- 11 When Dr. Porges was seeing patients for the clinical
- 12 practice at NYU, he was not doing research; right?
- 13 That's not correct. Α.
- When Dr. Porges was doing medical research, he wasn't 14
- 15 seeing regular patients outside of the clinical work; right?
- 16 That's not correct.
- 17 You also testified about the fact that Dr. Porges obtained
- 18 an administrative title because he demonstrated the ability to
- do that kind of work; correct? 19
- He demonstrated leadership abilities. 20
- 21 In fact, he previously assisted NYU in having another
- 22 doctor terminated; correct?
- 23 I don't know what you're referring to.
- 24 When Dr. Porges allegedly demonstrated this ability, you
- 25 did not review anyone else's ability to do this type of work,

- 1 | as well; correct?
- 2 A. We didn't conduct a review of every physician, no.
- 3 Q. And he became a director several years after he first
- 4 | started at NYU; correct?
- 5 | A. I don't remember the specific timeline, but yes.
- Q. And there was no such medical director prior to Dr. Porges
- 7 | becoming the medical director; correct?
- 8 A. That's correct.
- 9 Q. So that title was essentially created; right?
- 10 A. That title is very common across our network for practices
- 11 once they get to a certain size.
- 12 | Q. At the time that Dr. Porges obtained that title, the size
- of the practice at 1999 Marcus was 80 to 100 doctors; correct?
- 14 A. I don't know the specifics, but it reached a size where we
- 15 | felt we needed a medical director.
- 16 | Q. And what size, in terms of the number of doctors, is
- 17 | usually the starting point to obtain a medical director?
- 18 A. There's not a set number. It depends on the practice,
- 19 what's happening in the practice, and what our needs are.
- 20 | Q. At that site, there were different types of doctors;
- 21 | correct?
- 22 | A. Define "different types of doctors," please.
- 23 | Q. For example, there were rheumatologists, oncologists, and
- 24 pediatrists; correct?
- 25 A. Different specialists, yes.

N7ECede1

- 1 | Q. Dr. Porges was just a rheumatologist; correct?
- 2 A. He was a rheumatologist.
- 3 | Q. He still is; right?
- 4 | A. Sorry?
- 5 Q. He still is a rheumatologist; correct?
- 6 A. Yes. You had said he was just a rheumatologist. I'm
- 7 | saying he is a rheumatologist, yes.
- 8 Q. He's not an oncologist; correct?
- 9 A. That's correct.
- 10 | Q. And he's not a podiatrist; right?
- 11 A. That's correct.
- 12 | Q. He wouldn't be qualified to review the work of a oncologist
- or podiatrist, would he?
- 14 A. Review the work in what manner?
- 15 | Q. The way Dr. Edelman's work was reviewed.
- 16 A. He's a rheumatologist.
- 17 | Q. Would he be qualified to review the work of an oncologist
- 18 | the same way he reviewed Dr. Edelman's clinical performance?
- 19 A. Part of it, yes.
- 20 | Q. But not fully and properly; correct?
- 21 A. Not every component of it.
- 22 | Q. In this initial employment agreement in exhibit 31, there's
- 23 | no administration or leadership effort; correct?
- 24 A. Correct.
- 25 | Q. And Dr. Porges' salary was just \$340,000 total; correct?

N7ECede1

- 1 A. That was his salary.
- 2 | Q. And the entirety of that salary was for clinical; correct?
- 3 A. Correct.
- 4 MR. KATAEV: Your Honor, with your permission, I'd
- 5 | like to publish 32. It's already admitted.
- 6 THE COURT: You may do so.
- 7 MR. KATAEV: I'm actually going to have 31 and 32 next 8 to each other, your Honor. Is that okay?
- 9 THE COURT: Yes.
- 10 Q. Focusing on the left for exhibit 31, that's the one we just
- 11 | reviewed; right?
- 12 A. Sorry. You said the left side?
- 13 | O. Yes.
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 | Q. And on the right side is the renewal agreement from 2017;
- 16 correct?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 Q. And in the percent of efforts summary, the table lists the
- 19 same total compensation of \$340,000; correct?
- 20 A. The total compensation, yes.
- 21 Q. So it's fair to say that even though Dr. Porges received an
- 22 | additional role in administration, the salary remained the
- 23 same; correct?
- 24 A. His total compensation was the same.
- MR. KATAEV: I'd like to go to 34, your Honor, also in

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1 | evidence.

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THE COURT: You may do so.

3 MR. KATAEV: May I publish?

THE COURT: Yes.

- Q. Focusing on the termination for cause provision, do you see it?
- 7 | A. Yes.
- 8 Q. This contract, the second renewal for Dr. Porges, is dated
- 9 December 8th, 2020; correct?
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 Q. And Dr. Edelman was terminated on December 1st, 2020;
- 12 | correct?
- 13 A. She was given a notice that we were non-renewing her
- 14 contract.
- 15 Q. And this provision was added for the first time in the
- 16 doctor's contract following her termination; correct?
- 17 A. It was added to all physician contracts. I don't know the
- 18 | timeline.
- 19 MR. KATAEV: Move to strike as nonresponsive.
- 20 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 21 Q. This provision was added seven days after her contract was
- 22 | nonrenewed; correct?
- 23 | A. This contract is dated seven days after that notice.
- Q. Focusing on Dr. Modi, you testified, with Mr. Schoenstein
- 25 questioning you, that he was a busy rheumatologist and had a

- 1 good reputation, so NYU decided to hire him; correct?
- 2 A. Partially, yes.
- 3 Q. And those factors were considered as to whether to hire
- 4 | him; right?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 Q. But that was not a factor that was considered in setting
- 7 | his compensation, was it?
- 8 | A. Yes.
- 9 Q. But you testified before that you look at just the business
- 10 plan and no other factors; isn't that right?
- 11 A. For private practice doctors who have an existing practice
- 12 | I believe is what I said.
- 13 | Q. There was also testimony about Dr. Modi working for HIP
- 14 before; right?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 | Q. And you clarified that he actually worked for, I believe it
- 17 | was advanced care physicians; is that right?
- 18 A. Advantage Care, yes.
- 19 | Q. Advantage Care. And that was owned by Emblem Health;
- 20 correct?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. Isn't it true that Emblem bought HIP?
- 23 A. At some point, yes.
- 24 | Q. So Dr. Modi was, in fact, a, quote-unquote, HIP doctor;
- 25 || right?

1 Α. No.

N7ECede1

- 2 You testified about a meeting held in 2017 with Q.
- Dr. Edelman; correct? 3
- I don't remember the exact date, but yes, there was a 4
- 5 meeting.
- 6 And you provided details about that meeting; didn't you? 0.
- 7 Α. Yes.
- 8 But when I asked you at your deposition, you could not
- remember; correct? 9
- 10 Could not remember what? Α.
- 11 The details of that meeting.
- 12 I still can't remember all the details.
- 13 And you deny that Mr. Rubin told Dr. Edelman to smile more;
- 14 correct?
- 15 Α. I don't remember hearing that being said.
- 16 And you also deny that Mr. Rubin told her to fake it till
- 17 she makes it; correct?
- 18 I also don't think I've ever heard him say that.
- 19 With respect to the concerns that were brought to your
- 20 attention by Dr. Porges concerning Dr. Edelman's clinical care,
- 21 you don't know who brought those issues to Dr. Porges'
- 22 attention, do you?
- 23 I believe they came from Dr. Porges.
- 24 But you don't know how he found out, do you? 0.
- 25 I know he told us that he had patients in common and that Α.

N7ECede1

- 1 he reviewed some of the charts.
- Q. And you testified that you spoke to Dr. Porges first and
- 3 then Dr. Goldberg; correct?
- 4 A. I believe that was the order, yes.
- 5 | Q. It was two separate telephone conversations; correct?
- 6 A. I know we spoke to both of them.
- 7 Q. And you have nothing in writing memorializing any of those
- 8 | phonecalls, do you?
- 9 A. No.
- 10 | Q. Nor do you have anything in writing memorializing the
- 11 decision-making process concerning Dr. Edelman's termination;
- 12 | correct?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 14 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 15 A. Could you repeat the question, please.
- 16 Q. You have nothing memorializing the decision-making process
- 17 | concerning Dr. Edelman's termination; correct?
- 18 A. The process, no.
- 19 | Q. It's fair to say that the termination of a doctor at NYU is
- 20 | a significant event; correct?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. It's significant to NYU because it affects them and their
- 23 | operations; right?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. And, of course, it's significant to Dr. Edelman because it

- 1 | affects her; correct?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 Q. And you testified that you were very concerned about what
- 4 Dr. Porges told you?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 Q. But you never personally spoke to Dr. Edelman about these
- 7 concerns, did you?
- 8 A. These were clinical concerns. I wouldn't have that
- 9 discussion.
- 10 Q. You also talked about the conversation you had with
- 11 Dr. Porges about whether he could remediate Dr. Edelman's
- 12 | practices; correct?
- 13 A. I believe I said mentor, but yes.
- 14 | Q. You didn't provide any details during your testimony about
- 15 | what those clinical concerns were; right?
- 16 | A. No, I didn't.
- 17 | Q. Let's delve into that a little bit.
- 18 | The clinical concerns were that she was ordering too many
- 19 | lab tests, correct, and blood work?
- 20 A. I believe that was part of it.
- 21 | Q. There was also a concern that she was ordering too many
- 22  $\parallel$  x-rays; is that right?
- 23 A. I remember seeing that in his email.
- 24 | Q. Do you remember any other clinical concerns that were
- 25 | brought to your attention?

- A. I don't remember the specific details of the clinical nature.
- Q. It's fair to say, isn't it, that one way to remediate such
- 4 | concerns is to speak to Dr. Edelman and see if she could order
- 5 less tests?
- 6 A. I don't get involved in clinical matters.
- 7 | Q. Dr. Goldberg could have done so; correct?
- 8 A. That would be his decision.
- 9 Q. And he didn't do that, did he?
- 10 A. I don't know what he did. I know what he told us.
- 11 Q. He didn't tell you he spoke to Dr. Edelman about these
- 12 | issues, did he?
- 13 | A. No.
- 14 | Q. Did you have any conversations with Dr. Jill Buyon about
- 15 | this issue?
- 16 A. I did not.
- 17 | Q. She's the director of rheumatology at NYU, isn't she?
- 18 A. For the School of Medicine, yes.
- 19 | Q. Had Dr. Edelman been spoken to and she told you "I'll order
- 20 | less tests and I'll do less x-rays," would she have had her
- 21 | contract renewed?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 23 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 24 A. That's not my decision.
- 25 | Q. And no one took the time to ask her that; correct?

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- 1 A. I don't know if anyone else spoke to her.
  - Q. To your knowledge; correct?
- 3 A. I don't know. I don't believe so.
  - MR. KATAEV: I'd like to place 31 back up on the screen.
- 6 THE COURT: You may do so.
- 7 MR. KATAEV: I apologize, your Honor. 32.
- 8 THE COURT: Okay. You can place 32 up.
- 9 Q. Dr. Porges' administrative role was only 5 percent of his 10 effort at NYU; correct?
- 11 A. In this contract.
- 12 Q. It's fair to say that he was primarily devoted to the
- 13 | clinical aspect of his work; right?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 | Q. And you testified with Mr. Schoenstein that you did not
- 16 have any discussions about Dr. Edelman prior November of 2020;
- 17 || right?
- 18 A. Could you be more clear.
- 19 Q. There were no discussions about terminating Dr. Edelman
- 20 prior to November of 2020; right?
- 21 | A. No.
- 22 | Q. And that's because you only received any information about
- 23 | Dr. Edelman's alleged clinical concerns after November 6th,
- 24 | 2020; correct?
- 25 A. That's when we received the information.

N7ECede1 Swirnow - Redirect

- 1 You also talked about the quality standards of NYU?
- 2 Α. Yes.
- Where are those quality standards written down? 3 0.
- The quality standards are -- what I was referring to was 4 Α.
- 5 the rankings and different organizations that rank hospital
- systems and medical centers, use quality, data, and information 6
- 7 in order to rank those hospitals.
- 8 My question is where are those written down?
- I don't know. 9 Α.
- 10 You don't have anything in writing about quality standards,
- 11 do you?
- 12 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 13 THE COURT: Sustained.
- Can you show me any written quality standards? 14 Q.
- 15 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- THE COURT: Sustained. 16
- 17 Were any written quality standards introduced during your
- 18 testimony with Mr. Schoenstein?
- 19 Α. No.
- 20 The phonecalls that you had with Dr. Porges and
- 21 Dr. Goldberg were two separate phonecalls; correct?
- 22 Α. I don't recall.
- 23 You didn't have any conversations with Dr. Porges and
- 24 Dr. Goldberg together, did you?
- 25 I don't recall. I know we spoke to both of them.

Swirnow - Redirect

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N7ECede1

- 1 And to your recollection, you didn't meet with them, did 2 you?
- I don't believe we met with them in person. 3
- You also reference when Dr. Edelman was told on December 4 0.
- 1st, 2020, that NYU was no longer going to work for her, you 5
- referenced that as a nonrenewal; correct? 6
- 7 A. She was given notice that her contract was being
- 8 nonrenewed, yes.
- In that same letter, she was told that her last day of work 9
- 10 would be May 31st; correct?
- 11 I believe that was the date.
- 12 In essence, that means she was terminated; correct?
- 13 Her contract was not renewed. Α.
- And focusing on the issue with the blood tests and x-rays, 14
- 15 NYU has not introduced any comparisons of how many blood tests
- and x-rays the other doctors performed; correct? 16
- 17 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 18 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 19 During your testimony, there was no documentation about how
- 20 many blood tests other doctors performed; correct?
- 21 Correct. Α.
- 22 During your testimony, there was no documents about how
- 23 many x-rays other doctors performed; correct?
- 24 Α. Correct.
- 25 You did not do any such comparison, did you?

Swirnow - Recross

1 Α. No.

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- And to your knowledge, neither did Dr. Porges; correct? Q.
- Α. I have no idea. 3

MR. KATAEV: Just one second, your Honor.

Nothing further.

THE COURT: Anything further from the defense?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Yes, your Honor.

- RECROSS EXAMINATION
- 9 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
  - Q. Mr. Swirnow, are doctors at NYU encouraged to pass on information about other doctors they know outside of NYU who might be interested?
- 13 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Leading.
- 14 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 15 Α. Could you ask again, please.
- 16 Q. Are doctors at NYU encouraged to pass on to NYU information
- 17 about other doctors outside of NYU that might be interested?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 In the six years that plaintiff worked for NYU, did she
- 20 ever send you a résumé or send you an email with a name of a
- 21 doctor or suggest a doctor who might come to work at NYU, ever
- 22 once?
- 23 A. No.
- 24 Now, you were asked questions about how come the research
- 25 component of Goldberg's contract isn't listed in that research

- 1 column. Could you just one more time explain the kind of 2 research that Dr. Porges was doing.
- 3 A. Dr. Porges was doing clinical research as part of his
- 4 practice, meaning while he was seeing his patients, he was
- 5 determining whether they were appropriate for any type of
- 6 clinical trial or something like that.
- 7 Q. And while he was seeing his patients, was he
- 8 recording RVUs?
- 9 A. Potentially. I think when you're seeing a patient and
- 10 you're treating them in the normal course of care, you
- 11 | receive RVUs for that. If part of that treatment is related to
- 12 | the clinical trial, then you might not get RVUs for that, but
- 13 | it really depends on what treatment was formed in that
- 14 | interaction.
- 15 Q. Is it possible to split out the clinic component and the
- 16 research component and list them in two different columns with
- 17 | two different sets of numbers for that kind of research?
- 18 A. No.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Can we put back up Plaintiff's 121,
- 20 please.
- 21 While we get that up, your Honor, we're going to
- 22 | publish it, but I'll ask a few predicate questions.
- 23 | Q. Do you recall in the 2014 negotiations with Dr. Edelman and
- 24 Dr. Mehta discussing offices?
- 25 A. Yes.

- Q. What do you recall about that, what was that discussion as you remember it sitting here today?
- 3 A. I remember that they had their own office -- their own
- 4 practice, their own office space, and their own offices within
- 5 | that space, and they wanted to make sure that when they were
- 6 practicing they wouldn't have somebody else in the office with
- 7 them.
- 8 Q. So we're looking at this exhibit, 121, and we're looking at
- 9 the same language that counsel showed you. It says:
- 10 | "Guaranteed us individual unshared offices."
- So what was the discussion, as you recall it, about whether
- 12 or not offices would be shared?
- 13 A. They wouldn't be. "Shared office," to us, means two
- 14 doctors in the same office at the same time.
- 15 Q. Does that happen at NYU, are there offices where there are
- 16 | two doctors in at the same time?
- 17 A. Yes, all the time, a lot of places.
- 18 | Q. Did that ever happen with the rheumatologists, Marcus
- 19 Avenue?
- 20 | A. No.
- 21 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Scroll back up, please, to
- 22 Mr. Swirnow's response.
- 23 | Q. "Office space, as we have discussed previously," do you
- 24 have anything to add, other than what you just said about what
- 25 was discussed previously?

Swirnow - Recross

- A. No, it meant they would have use of their own office by themselves when they were practicing.
- 3 Q. And then you said that is not appropriate for the contract
- 4 and will not be included. What did you mean by that?
- 5 A. We don't make any contractual commitments to office space
- 6 in our agreements.
- 7 Q. And was that discussed with Dr. Edelman and Dr. Mehta in
- 8 2014?
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 | Q. And was that reflected in the contract that she signed in
- 11 | August of 2014 as you remember it?
- 12 | A. Yes.
- 13 | Q. You were asked some questions about the office lease?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. Does NYU still have that space?
- 16 A. I believe so.
- 17 | Q. Is NYU still paying the lease?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- 19 Q. If there's any office equipment in there that was from
- 20 | Dr. Edelman's practice, is NYU still paying for that?
- 21  $\parallel$  A. If there is an active lease.
- 22 | Q. Dr. Edelman has moved to Florida. Does she have any
- 23 | continuing obligation, as you understand it, under the office
- 24 | lease at issue?
- MR. KATAEV: Objection. Foundation.

Swirnow - Redirect

- 1 THE COURT: Overruled.
- She didn't have any obligations from the day she joined us. 2 Α.
- And does she have any now? 3 0.
  - No. Α.

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- With NYU? Ο.
- 6 Α. Yes.
- 7 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Thank you.
- 8 THE COURT: Anything further?
- 9 MR. KATAEV: I have a sticky, your Honor.
- 10 THE COURT: Okay.
- 11 REDIRECT EXAMINATION
- BY MR. KATAEV: 12
- Q. Every task that a doctor performs that's clinical has a CPT 13
- 14 code for that task; correct?
- A. Could you be more specific. 15
- Any task that a doctor performs, it gets billed out using a 16
- 17 CPT code; correct?
- 18 Α. Any task? No.
- 19 Clinical tasks have a CPT code associated with them;
- 20 correct?
- 21 Clinical services provided have a CPT code.
- 22 And those CPT codes translate to a designated number
- 23 of RVUs; correct?
- 24 Α. Correct.
- 25 And when clinical research work is done, that gets billed

- 1 under an RVU code that's related to research; correct?
- 2 A. There are no RVU codes for research.
- 3 Q. You talked about the fact that other doctors at NYU,
- 4 generally, doctors at NYU shared their office space; correct?
- 5 A. There are doctors that share space, yes.
- 6 | Q. It's common; right?
- 7 | A. Yes.
- 8 Q. But it's common mostly with, if not virtually exclusively,
- 9 | with part-time doctors; is that right?
- 10 | A. No.
- 11 | Q. Your testimony today is that a full-time doctor who's in
- 12 | the office every day, Monday to Friday, shares their space?
- 13 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 14 | Q. But in this case, with Dr. Edelman, there were verbal
- 15 discussions about not having shared space and it was agreed to;
- 16 | correct?
- 17 | A. There were discussions about having use of this office by
- 18 herself when she practiced.
- 19 | Q. And in fact, with the email that we saw, there were written
- 20 discussions on that subject; correct?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- MR. KATAEV: I have nothing further.
- 23 | THE COURT: You're excused as a witness. You may step
- 24 down.
- 25 (Witness excused)

1	Plaintiff will call its next witness.
2	MR. KATAEV: Plaintiff calls nonparty Miriam Ruiz to
3	the stand.
4	THE COURT: Let's bring her in.
5	Members of the jury, if you want to stand and stretch,
6	now is a good time.
7	Ms. Ruiz, why don't you step forward into the witness
8	stand, just come up here. Remain standing. My courtroom
9	deputy will administer the oath to you.
10	MIRIAM RUIZ,
11	called as a witness by the Plaintiff,
12	having been duly sworn, testified as follows:
13	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Please state your full name for the
14	record and spell your first and last name.
15	THE WITNESS: Miriam, M-i-r-i-a-m, last name is Ruiz,
16	R-u-i-z.
17	THE COURT: Mr. Ruiz, you may be seated. Please try
18	to keep your voice up and speak into the microphone.
19	Counsel may inquire.
20	Is there a transcript that you want me to have?
21	MR. KATAEV: Thank you for reminding me.
22	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Could your deputy pass up a water
23	for the witness?
24	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Yes.
25	THE COURT: Counsel, you may inquire.

- 1 DIRECT EXAMINATION
- 2 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 3 Q. Good morning, Ms. Ruiz.
- 4 A. Good morning.
- 5 | Q. You no longer work at NYU; correct?
- 6 A. That's correct.
- 7 | Q. And you haven't worked at NYU since February of 2021; isn't
- 8 | that right?
- 9 A. That's correct.
- 10 | Q. You were deposed in this case, weren't you?
- 11 A. Can you be a little bit more specific, please.
- 12 | Q. Sure. In November of 2021, I conducted a deposition where
- 13 | you answered questions under oath; correct?
- 14 A. Yes, that is correct.
- 15 | Q. And that occurred after you had already left NYU; right?
- 16 A. Yes, that is correct.
- 17 | Q. And because of that, you were subpoenaed to testify in that
- 18 deposition; correct?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 20 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 21 | Q. You received a subpoena to come and testify at that
- 22 deposition in November 2021; correct?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. And upon receiving that subpoena, the first thing you did
- 25 was contact Mr. Antonik; right?

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- 1 | A. Correct.
- 2 | Q. And in response to that, NYU then contacted you to offer
- 3 representation by these attorneys; correct?
- 4 A. Correct.
- 5 Q. And you did not pay these attorneys any money for those
- 6 | services; correct?
- 7 A. That is correct.
- 8 Q. In fact, you were offered representation by NYU the very
- 9 same day you received that subpoena; correct?
- 10 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 11 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 12 A. Incorrect.
- 13 Q. Shortly thereafter?
- 14 A. Correct.
- 15 | Q. And NYU in fact represented you in connection with your
- 16 deposition in November 2021; correct?
- 17 A. Correct.
- 18 | Q. And NYU prepared you for that deposition; correct?
- 19 A. Correct.
- 20 | Q. And they are representing you right now in connection with
- 21 | your testimony at this trial; correct?
- 22 A. Correct.
- 23 | Q. Going to the time that you worked at NYU, you started there
- 24 | in June of '17; right?
- 25 A. Can you repeat the question, please.

- 1 | Q. You first started working at NYU in June 2017; right?
- 2 A. That is correct.
- 3 | Q. And when you worked at NYU, it's fair to say that you
- 4 managed a lot of doctors; right?
- 5 A. That is correct.
- 6 Q. Your title at NYU was office manager, wasn't it?
- 7 A. That is correct.
- 8 Q. And you previously worked, before working with NYU, at
- 9 North Shore Hematology; right?
- 10 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 11 | Q. And at North Shore Hematology, you managed four doctors; am
- 12 | I right about that?
- 13 A. Five doctors.
- 14 | Q. And they were oncologists?
- 15 A. That is correct.
- 16 | Q. And NYU bought that practice; right?
- 17 A. No, that is incorrect.
- 18 Q. They assumed that practice, didn't they?
- 19 A. Correct.
- 20 | Q. And because NYU assumed that practice, that's the reason
- 21 | you started working at NYU; right?
- 22 A. An offer was made, correct.
- 23 Q. And when the offer was made, you received the exact same
- 24 | salary that you received when working at North Shore
- 25 | Hematology; right?

- 1 A. Incorrect.
- 2 | Q. When you initially started working at NYU, you only managed
- 3 the oncologists; correct?
- 4 A. That is correct.
- 5 Q. And initially, you had no responsibility for any of the
- 6 | rheumatologists; isn't that right?
- 7 A. That is correct.
- 8 | Q. But eventually, there came to be a time when you were told
- 9 you had to manage both the rheumatologists and the oncologists;
- 10 | right?
- 11 A. Correct.
- 12 | Q. And there were five rheumatologists at NYU at the time;
- 13 | right?
- 14 A. That is correct.
- 15 | Q. That would be Dr. Goldberg, Dr. Porges, Dr. Edelman,
- 16 Dr. Mehta, and Dr. Modi; correct?
- 17 | A. Incorrect.
- 18 Q. Who were the doctors?
- 19 A. Dr. Brancato was present, also.
- 20 | Q. So it's fair to say that your work effectively doubled;
- 21 || right?
- 22 A. Yes, that is correct.
- 23 | Q. And then you also had to manage the podiatrists; right?
- 24 A. Incorrect.
- MR. KATAEV: Your Honor, I'd like to impeach, page 58,

- 1 | line 7 through 16.
- 2 THE COURT: You may do so.
- 3 Q. At your deposition in November of 2021, you swore to tell
- 4 | the truth, didn't you?
- 5 | A. I did.
- 6 Q. And I asked you these questions and you gave the following
- 7 | answers; correct?
- 8 A. Correct.
- 9 "Q. Other than managing rheumatologists in addition to
- 10 oncologists during your employment with NYU, did your
- 11 responsibilities or duties change in any other way?
- 12 | "A. Yes.
- 13 | "O. How so?
- 14 "A. We had another specialty join or ambulatory care site.
- 15 | "Q. What specialty was that?
- 16 "A. Pediatry."
- 17 A. Correct.
- 18 | Q. So it's fair to say your testimony today was not accurate;
- 19 || right?
- 20 | A. Incorrect.
- 21 | Q. Your testimony during deposition was inaccurate; is that
- 22 | what you're saying?
- 23 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 24 THE COURT: Overruled. You can answer that question.
- 25 So when there's an objection, you wait until I rule on

Ruiz - Direct

- it. If I say "sustained," it means you don't answer the question. If I say "overruled," you have to answer the question.
  - The question is, when you testified at your deposition, was that testimony accurate?
- 6 A. Correct.

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- Q. It's fair to say it was stressful managing so many doctors; right?
- 9 A. Absolutely.
- Q. Your job responsibilities at NYU included managing the doctors, the staff, the schedules, and the timecards; right?
- 12 A. Correct.
- Q. And among other doctors, you helped Dr. Edelman manage her schedule; right?
- 15 A. Correct.
- 16 Q. You facilitated questions from patients; right?
- 17 A. Correct.
- 18 | Q. And you handled billing and complaints; right?
- 19 A. Correct.
- 20 Q. And while working at NYU, you worked extensively with
- 21 Mr. Antonik; correct?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 | Q. You reported to him, didn't you?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. And it's fair to say that you worked with him on a

- 1 | day-to-day basis; right?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- Q. And he remained your supervisor from the beginning when you
- 4 started until -- withdrawn.
- 5 He remained your supervisor until you left your employment
- 6 | with NYU; correct?
- 7 A. Correct.
- 8 | Q. And, in fact, you spoke to not only him, but also Mr. David
- 9 | Kaplan regularly while working at NYU; correct?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 Q. And when you left your job with NYU, you obtained a
- 12 | reference from Mr. Antonik; correct?
- 13 A. Correct.
- 14 | Q. Now, your performance was evaluated annually at NYU, wasn't
- 15 | it?
- 16 A. Correct.
- 17 | Q. And the person who did your review was Mr. Antonik;
- 18 | correct?
- 19 A. Correct.
- 20 Q. To your recollection, you never had any negative review,
- 21 | did you?
- 22 A. Correct.
- 23 | Q. And you worked in suite 306 with Dr. Edelman and the other
- 24 | rheumatologists and oncologists; right?
- 25 A. Correct.

- 1 | Q. The space in suite 306 is fairly large, isn't it?
- 2 A. Correct.
- 3 Q. It has 10 offices; right?
- 4 A. Correct.
- 5 | Q. And 22 exam rooms; right?
- 6 A. Correct.
- 7 Q. And Dr. Edelman was very busy with patients as all the
- 8 other doctors were; correct?
- 9 A. Correct.
- 10 | Q. You observed all the doctors on a day-to-day basis
- 11 | primarily seeing patients; right?
- 12 A. Correct.
- 13 | Q. You also recall that Dr. Edelman made a humanitarian trip
- 14 | to Ecuador; correct?
- 15 A. Correct.
- 16 | Q. And she did that to help patients in poverty and facilitate
- 17 | their rheumatological needs; right?
- 18 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Foundation.
- 19 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 20 A. Correct.
- 21 | Q. And you discussed this trip with Mr. Antonik in the course
- 22 of your duties; correct?
- 23 A. Correct.
- 24 | Q. And the trip was encouraged, wasn't it?
- 25 A. Correct.

Ruiz - Direct

- Q. In fact, Dr. Edelman was commended for it by the entire team at NYU; correct?
- 3 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
  - THE COURT: Overruled.
- 5 A. Correct.

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- Q. And you said that it was a noble thing that she did; right?
- 7 A. Correct.
- 8 Q. You frequently received messages for Dr. Edelman with
- 9 praise; correct?
- 10 A. Correct.
- 11 Q. And in your role as managing complaints from patients, you
- 12 | would have to write those down; right?
- 13 A. Correct.
- 14 Q. So whenever you received any complaint from a patient, you
- 15 were required, as part of your job duties, to write it down;
- 16 correct?
- 17 A. That is correct.
- 18 | Q. And any such complaints were also documented in the
- 19 patient's chart; correct?
- 20 A. Correct.
- 21 | Q. And you used the Epic system to make notes in patient
- 22 | charts; correct?
- 23 A. Correct.
- 24 | Q. You personally did that?
- 25 A. Correct.

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- And you're aware that during the time you worked there,
- Dr. Porges became the medical director of the entire building 2
- at 1999 Marcus; right? 3
- Yes, that is correct. 4 Α.
- 5 Q. And he wasn't initially the medical director when you
- started there; right? 6
- 7 I don't recall that being the situation.
- 8 When you first started in June of '17, he wasn't the
- medical director? 9
- 10 No, he wasn't. Α.
- 11 Later on, after your time there, he became that; right?
- 12 Yes, that is correct.
- 13 But you only first learned of his title in 2020, didn't
- 14 you?
- 15 I don't recall specifically the date.
- I'd like to show you your deposition transcript to refresh 16
- 17 your recollection.
- MR. KATAEV: Page 112, your Honor. 18
- 19 I apologize, your Honor. Withdrawn.
- 20 Earlier in your testimony about patient communications,
- 21 those are patient messages; right?
- 22 Α. Correct.
- 23 In the Epic system; right? 0.
- 24 Α. Correct.
- 25 And when you received praise from patients, it was through

N7ECedel Ruiz - Direct

- 1 | the Epic system; right?
- 2 A. Not always.
- 3 | Q. Sometimes they were handwritten notes?
- 4 A. A lot of times it was verbal communication that was given,
- 5 as well. Patients would always come through the office and
- 6 always see that my office was an open door and would walk in
- 7 and give all types of feedback.
- 8 Q. Dr. Goldberg also had a director title; right?
- 9 A. When I left NYU, yes.
- 10 | Q. Based on what you observed while you were there, is it fair
- 11 | to say that both Dr. Porges and Dr. Goldberg did not do much
- 12 | work as it relates to their administrative roles?
- 13 A. I disagree.
- 14 | Q. It's fair to say, though, the majority of their time was
- 15 | spent seeing patients; correct?
- 16 A. Of course, yes.
- 17 | Q. Now, you're aware of this office space issue that happened
- 18 | with Dr. Edelman; right?
- 19 | A. Yes, I am.
- 20 | Q. NYU wanted all their rheumatologists in suite 306; right?
- 21 A. I'm sorry. Can you please rephrase the question.
- 22 | Q. Sure. NYU wanted all the rheumatologists to be located in
- 23 | the single suite, in suite 306; right?
- 24 A. Yes, that is correct.
- 25 | Q. But there were only 10 offices; correct?

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1 Α. Correct.

N7ECede1

- And there were at least five oncologists; right? 2 Q.
- Yes, that is correct. 3 Α.
- And there were already five or six rheumatologists; right? 4 Q.
- 5 Α. Correct.
- And it's fair to say that Dr. Edelman did not want to share 6
- 7 her space; correct?
- That is correct. 8 Α.
- In the course of preparing a move such that all 9
- 10 rheumatologists could be in suite 306, you were required to
- 11 prepare a grid of the office space to help in that effort;
- 12 correct?
- 13 Α. That is correct.
- 14 And you emailed that grid to Mr. Antonik, didn't you? Q.
- 15 Α. That is correct.
- But you don't have this email with you today; correct? 16 0.
- 17 No, I do not. Α.
- 18 And when you left NYU, that email was stored and remained
- 19 stored on NYU's computers and systems; correct?
- 20 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 21 To your knowledge. Q.
- 22 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 23 In the course of your duties working for NYU, you sent and
- 24 received emails; correct?
- 25 Α. Yes.

Q. And when you received that email from Mr. Antonik, it was through your NYU email; correct?

A. Yes.

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- Q. Now, in terms of scheduling patients, you played a big part in calendaring and putting patients in the calendar; right?
  - A. I played a part in troubleshooting patients that couldn't get appointments with providers. So it would be escalated to give me the opportunity to speak with physicians and see where we can accommodate patients as best as possible if I couldn't
- 10 | figure it out.
- 11 Q. And you were aware of the flexible office policy at NYU;
- 12 | right? In other words, if the office was closed on a Monday,
- 13 | for example, you were able to have patients scheduled on
- 14 another day that doctors don't normally see patients; correct?
- 15 A. With permission with the providers, yes.
- 16 Q. If the doctor said, "I don't see patients on Friday, but in
- 17 | this case, it's urgent, let's schedule them for Friday," you
- 18 | would do that; right?
- 19 A. Absolutely.
- 20 | Q. If the office was closed on Monday, you would similarly be
- 21 | able to schedule a patient with the provider's permission on
- 22 | the day that they don't normally see patients; correct?
- 23 A. That is correct.
- 24 | Q. Dr. Edelman frequently had to reschedule patients, didn't
- 25 | she?

1 Α. Yes, that is correct.

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- And that was a cause of stress for you, wasn't it? Q.
- Not really. It was more of an inconvenience for patients. 3 Α.
  - Do you know the reason why that happened every so often? Q.
  - I'm sorry. Can you be more specific with your question. Α.
- Do you know the reason why Dr. Edelman had to reschedule 6 0. 7 her patients every so often?
- It was not my concern to know why or the reasons. I just 8 followed what was instructed. 9
- 10 You never had any discussions with Dr. Edelman about the 11 reasons why?
- 12 Sometimes, but not always.
- 13 0. What did she say to you?

shared, sometimes it wasn't.

- 14 I don't remember specifically. There would always be Α. 15 either -- usually personal issues or personal requests. It wasn't about anything necessarily specific. Sometimes that was 16 17
- 18 Q. And when she did share those things with you, what did she 19 say?
  - A. Sometimes it would be about family, sometimes it would be about things that she had prior commitments for. There was an array of things just like all the other providers in the office.
- 24 With respect to Dr. Edelman concerning this flexible office 25 discussion, Dr. Edelman's flexible day was Friday; correct?

- 1 | A. Yes, that is correct.
- 2 Q. She couldn't put other patients in Monday through Thursday
- 3 because her schedule was already booked up with patients during
- 4 | that time; correct?
- 5 A. Sometimes there would be extended exceptions on those other
- 6 days. As long as she gave permission, if she was able to stay
- 7 | longer on those days, we would put patients on those days, as
- 8 well.
- 9 Q. To your knowledge, Dr. Edelman was never disciplined in any
- 10 way; correct?
- 11 A. Not that I was aware of, no.
- 12 MR. KATAEV: I'd like to place up Plaintiff's
- 13 | Exhibit 84. It's already admitted.
- 14 THE COURT: You may do so.
- MR. KATAEV: Publish to the jury.
- 16 Q. Ms. Ruiz, you drafted this spreadsheet of issues with
- 17 Dr. Edelman, didn't you?
- 18 A. Yes, that is correct.
- 19 Q. And as you testified before, if you had a complaint about
- 20 any physician, you would write it down; correct?
- 21 A. Yes, that is correct.
- 22 | Q. And that is a practice that you did from the beginning of
- 23 | your employment in June 2017; correct?
- 24 A. That is correct.
- 25 | Q. Therefore, if you did not write anything down, that means

1 there was no complaint; correct?

A. Not necessarily.

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- 3 MR. KATAEV: I'd like to show the witness her 4 transcript for impeachment, page 132.
- THE COURT: Go ahead. 5
- 6 At your deposition, November 21, I asked you the following 7 questions and you gave the following answers:
  - "Q. You testified earlier that if you did have a complaint about any physician, you would write it down; correct?
- 10 "A. Yes.
- 11 Therefore, if you didn't write down the complaint that you
- 12 had, there was no complaint; right?
- 13 "A. Yes."
- 14 That's what you said at your deposition, isn't it?
- Yes, that is correct. 15 Α.
- What you're saying right now is different from what you 16
- 17 testified to before; correct?
- 18 I misunderstood the question. My apologies. Α.
- 19 In what way did you misunderstand? Q.
- 20 I assumed - my apologies, again - that any complaint that
- 21 was given by any patient, not necessarily related to a
- 22 physician, was written down. So we would have patients
- 23 complain about the suite being too cold or if there was no
- 24 toilet paper in the bathroom or there was a draft that was
- 25 coming in when they were cold, so we get them a blanket. Those

N7ECede1 Ruiz - Direct

- are the types of complaints that I didn't write down because 1 those were things I was able to troubleshoot right away. So I 2
- misunderstood your question. My apologies. 3
- 4 At the beginning of your deposition on November 20, '21, I 0.
- 5 went over ground rules with you; right?
- A. Yes, that is correct. 6
- 7 Q. And I asked you -- I provided you the following ground
- rules and confirmed you understood; correct? 8
- A. Yes, that is correct. 9
- 10 "Q. Please allow me to complete my question before you answer.
- 11 I will give you the same courtesy. This will also help the
- 12 court reporter in doing her job. If you don't understand a
- 13 question, I want you to tell me so I can rephrase the question.
- 14 If you answer, I will assume that you understood the question.
- 15 Okay?

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- "A. Yes." 16
  - That's what you said; right?
- 18 A. Yes, that is correct.
- 19 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 20 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 21 Going back to exhibit 84, you testified that you prepared a
- 22 spreadsheet for every doctor in suite 306 like this one;
- 23 correct?
- 24 Α. Yes.
  - But you don't have any of those spreadsheets with you

- 1 | today; correct?
- 2 A. No, I do not.
- 3 Q. When you left NYU, you left any of those spreadsheets with
- 4 NYU; correct?
- 5 A. Yes, that is correct.
- 6 Q. You're aware that Dr. Edelman made a complaint with human
- 7 | resources in September 2019; correct?
- 8 A. I was not aware.
- 9 Q. The first date in this log is dated November 13, 2019;
- 10 | correct?
- 11 A. I don't have the log in front of me. I'm sorry.
- 12 | Q. I apologize. Do you see it now?
- 13 A. Now I do, yes.
- 14 | Q. The first date entry in this log is November of 2019;
- 15 | correct?
- 16 A. Yes, that is correct.
- 17 | Q. And you're not aware of any such logs maintained by any
- 18 other office personnel; correct?
- 19 | A. No, I am not.
- 20 | Q. For example, Connie, who worked with you, she didn't
- 21 | maintain any such logs that you're aware of; right?
- 22 A. I don't know.
- 23 | Q. Same question with Doreen, she didn't maintain any such
- 24 | logs; correct?
- 25 A. I don't know.

- Q. And you deny that Mr. Antonik asked you to prepare this log; right?
- 3 A. That is correct.
- 4 MR. KATAEV: I'd like to publish 86, already in evidence.
- 6 THE COURT: Okay.
- 7 Q. You received this email from Mr. Antonik in November of
- 8 | 2020; correct?
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 | Q. And in this email, there's a list of various issues with
- 11 Dr. Edelman; correct?
- 12 A. Correct.
- 13  $\parallel$  Q. And those issues relate to exactly what you wrote in your
- 14 | log; correct?
- 15 A. Correct.
- 16 Q. Earlier that day at 2:20 p.m., Mr. Antonik wrote to you;
- 17 || right?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- 19 | Q. And he told you there that David requested all information
- 20 on Dr. Edelman to be sent to him; correct?
- 21 A. That's correct.
- 22 | Q. And within two hours of that email, he supplemented his
- 23 | original email with all the issues; correct?
- 24 A. Correct.
- 25 | Q. It's also fair to say, isn't it, that the contents of your

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- log that you drafted are different than what Mr. Antonik wrote in this email; correct?
  - MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
  - THE COURT: Sustained.
  - MR. KATAEV: I'm going to place the two exhibits side by side so that you can answer some questions.
    - Q. For the September 16th, 2020 entry for the log that you created, there's reference to a patient who was tired and not feeling well and did not want to wait for Dr. Edelman; correct?
- 10 A. Correct.
- 12 Q. And you noted in here the patient did not want to switch physicians; right?
- 13 A. Correct.
- Q. To your knowledge, based on what you wrote, the patient wanted to remain with Dr. Edelman; right?
- 16 A. That is correct.
- Q. Mr. Antonik wrote in his entry, corresponding to the same date, that this patient switched to another provider, didn't
- 19 he?
- 20 A. That is -- yes, that is correct.
- Q. It's fair to say that what he wrote in his email is not consistent with what you wrote in your log; correct?
- 23 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 24 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 25 A. That is correct.

- 1 | Q. It's fair to say that he redrafted what you wrote; correct?
- 2 A. Yes, that is correct.
- 3 | Q. It's fair to say that he editorialized what you wrote;
- 4 | correct?
- 5 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 6 THE COURT: Sustained.
- Q. It's fair to say that Mr. Antonik wrote the exact opposite of what you wrote in your spreadsheet; right?
- 9 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 10 THE COURT: Sustained.
- MR. KATAEV: I'd like to go to WW. I believe it's in evidence.
- 13 THE COURT: It may be published.
- 14 | Q. In November of 2019, there was some issue that you had with
- 15 | Dr. Edelman; correct?
- 16 A. Yes, that is correct.
- 17 | Q. And the purpose of this email was to document that
- 18 Dr. Edelman was, in your words, unprofessional; correct?
- 19 A. Correct.
- 20 | Q. And this November 2019 complaint is the first entry in your
- 21 | log; correct?
- 22 A. That is correct.
- 23 | Q. You never spoke to Dr. Edelman about this issue, did you?
- 24 A. No, I did not.
- MR. KATAEV: I'd like to publish Plaintiff's Exhibit 1

- 1 already in evidence.
- 2 THE COURT: You may do so.
- 3 Q. Ms. Ruiz, I showed you this November 6th, 2020 email during
- 4 your deposition in November of 2021; correct?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 Q. If you scroll down in this email, it contains, in sum and
- 7 | substance, the same entries from your log and from
- 8 Mr. Antonik's email, doesn't it?
- 9 A. Yes, that is correct.
- 10 | Q. Did you not provide this log to Dr. Porges, did you?
- 11 A. I spoke to Dr. Porges about it.
- 12 | Q. You provided this log to Mr. Antonik; correct?
- 13 A. That is correct.
- 14 Q. In this email, Dr. Porges effectively reviews Dr. Edelman;
- 15 || correct?
- 16 A. Dr. Porges reviewed all practitioners.
- 17 | Q. But isn't it true that he did not perform any similar
- 18 reviews of other doctors that you ever saw?
- 19 A. I would not be aware of that.
- MR. KATAEV: 137, your Honor.
- 21 THE COURT: Is it in evidence?
- 22 MR. KATAEV: I'm sorry. I mean transcript page.
- 23 | Lines 7 through 9.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- THE COURT: I'll allow it.

N7ECede1 Ruiz - Direct

1 At your deposition on November 21, I asked the following question and you gave the following answer: 2

- Have you ever seen Dr. Porges performing a similar review of another doctor at NYU?
- 5 "A. No."

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- That was your testimony at your deposition; correct?
- 7 Yes, that is correct. Α.
- 8 And part of your duties at NYU when you worked there was to deal with patient complaints. We went over that before; right? 9
- 10 Yes, that's correct. Α.
- 11 You would therefore know if Dr. Porges was involved in a
- patient complaint issue; right? 12
- 13 Yes, that's correct. Α.
- 14 Now, Mr. Antonik was the one who informed you about Q.
- Dr. Edelman's termination; correct? 15
- 16 Α. No, that's incorrect.
- 17 MR. KATAEV: Let's go to 97, your Honor.
- 18 THE COURT: What do you want to go to?
- 19 MR. KATAEV: Page 97 of the transcript.
- 20 At your deposition in --0.
- 21 THE COURT: You can ask about it. Go ahead.
- 22 MR. KATAEV: Thank you, your Honor. Sorry about that.
- 23 At your deposition in November of 2021, I asked you the
- 24 following question and you gave the following answer:
- How did you learn that Dr. Edelman's contract would not be 25 **"**O.

N7ECede1 Ruiz - Direct

- 1 | renewed?
- 2 | "A. I was informed by Joseph Antonik."
- 3 Q. Do you see that?
- 4 | A. Yes, I do.
- 5 Q. Does that refresh your recollection?
- 6 A. Yes. I apologize. Yes.
- 7 Q. You gained a little bit of experience in terms of patient
- 8 | care while assisting rheumatologists at NYU; right?
- 9 A. Yes, I did.
- 10 Q. Fair to say that you learn a few things when you work with
- 11 | doctors; right?
- 12 A. Absolutely.
- 13 | Q. And you knew, in your experience working with those
- 14 doctors, that it is important to sometimes run a lot of labs;
- 15 | correct?
- 16 A. Would not really be my scope of practice.
- MR. KATAEV: 185, your Honor. Actually, sorry, 186 --
- 18 | 187, lines 20 through 24.
- 19 THE COURT: Of page 187?
- 20 MR. KATAEV: I apologize, your Honor. 186. It says
- $21 \parallel 187$  in the PDF.
- 22 THE COURT: Any objection?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Yeah, improper.
- 24 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 25 | Q. At your deposition, I showed you a letter, and based on the

- letter, you understood why it was sometimes important for a doctor to run many tests, didn't you?
- 3 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 4 THE COURT: Sustained.
- Q. Now, part of your duties, again, is that you scheduled patients; correct?
- 7 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 8 Q. And throughout your tenure at NYU, you scheduled patients
- 9 | for Dr. Edelman; right?
- 10 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 11 Q. And you did the same thing with Dr. Porges, Goldberg, and
- 12 | Mehta; right?
- 13 A. I did it for all 10 physicians, yes.
- 14 | Q. And you did this through the end of your employment; right?
- 15 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 16 Q. There were times when Dr. Porges' patients were scheduled
- 17 | with Dr. Edelman instead; correct?
- 18 A. Can you repeat the question, please.
- 19 Q. Sometimes a patient of Dr. Porges was scheduled with
- 20 Dr. Edelman, she would cover that appointment, wouldn't she?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. And the same thing for Dr. Goldberg; right?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- Q. And the same thing for Dr. Mehta; right?
- 25 A. Yes.

Ruiz - Cross

- Q. And, in fact, sometimes Dr. Edelman was asked to conduct a second opinion for a patient, wasn't she?
  - A. I would not be aware of that.
- 4 | Q. But, in any event, through the end of your employment in
- 5 | February of '21, you would sometimes schedule with Dr. Edelman
- 6 a patient of another doctor in suite 306; right?
- 7 A. Yes, and vise-versa.
  - Q. All the way through then; right?
- 9 A. Yes.

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- 10 MR. KATAEV: One second, your Honor.
- 11 Nothing further, your Honor.
- 12 THE COURT: Defense examination.
- 13 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 14 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 15 | Q. Ms. Ruiz, you're not a party to this action; right?
- 16 | A. No.
- 17 | Q. Are you here today voluntarily?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- 19 Q. And are you telling this jury the truth?
- 20 | A. Yes, I am.
- 21 | Q. To the best of your ability?
- 22 | A. As to the best of my abilities, yes.
- 23 | Q. Tell the jury a little bit about your professional
- 24 background.
- 25 A. Sure.

Ruiz - Cross

- Education and what led you up to NYU.
- Α. Absolutely.

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So I originally started with North Shore Hematology Oncology as a file clerk. I eventually decided that I wanted to go to nursing school. I worked myself through being a secretary and going to school full-time and at nighttime and working full-time during the day.

During my time at North Shore Hematology Oncology, I was then promoted to become an office manager at the time. Due to unforeseen circumstances with our administrator at the time, he unfortunately passed away very suddenly, so I had to step in and take reins of managing the practice on all aspects, learning about everything pretty much on my own without any mentorship.

During my time as an administrator at North Shore Hematology Oncology, NYU and the office decided to partnership. And so, we had the honor of becoming part of NYU's team, which was in June of 2017. We were all very excited about it because it was a new thing, going from private practice to a bigger world was something that was pretty cool for all of us. So we really enjoyed the transition, even with the growing pains that we had, but --

- I'll ask you another question.
- 24 Α. Sure. Sorry.
- 25 No, I appreciate it. Q.

Ruiz - Cross

As of the time you started working with the rheumatology group, what was your position?

THE COURT: Let me ask a question before you answer that.

You said you went to nursing school. Did you become a nurse?

THE WITNESS: I did, and I found that healthcare administration was more of my passion than direct patient care.

THE COURT: Go ahead.

- So as of the time you started interacting with the rheumatology group, what was your title and your role?
- I was the office manager for the ambulatory suite.
- 13 And so, on a day-to-day basis, what was your job, what 14 would an office manager do?
  - A. A little bit of everything. It was making sure that we handled the day-to-day operations of what happens in an office, scheduling, staff, making sure that providers are running on time, making sure that patients were happy, making sure they were having an overall good experience, troubleshooting, any staffing issues, and then also being compliant with policy and procedure and reporting to leadership.
  - Q. Now, prior to leaving NYU in February of 2021, were you aware of the existence of this lawsuit?
- 24 Α. No, I was not.

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Were you aware that any kind of HR complaint had been made

- 1 by Dr. Edelman?
- 2 A. No, I was not.
- 3 | Q. Had anyone ever mentioned that to you at all?
- 4 A. No, nobody ever did.
- 5 | Q. In all your daily interactions with Mr. Antonik, day, after
- 6 day, after day, did he ever say anything about an HR complaint
- 7 | by Dr. Edelman?
- 8 A. No, he was always very professional.
- 9 Q. Did he ever engage you in any effort to get Dr. Edelman
- 10 | fired?
- 11 A. No, not at all.
- 12 | Q. Did anybody at NYU do that at any time?
- 13 A. No, not at all.
- 14 | Q. Now, in connection with your role as an office manager, did
- 15 you interact directly with the plaintiff?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 | Q. Did you observe her conduct in the office on a day-to-day
- 18 | basis?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 | Q. Did you interact with her on a day-to-day basis?
- 21 A. Yes, as much as we could. Yes, it was a busy practice. So
- 22 | whatever interactions we had, we did, yes.
- 23 | Q. Were you in the same suite together?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 Q. Was there more than one restroom in the suite?

- 1 A. Yes, there was.
- 2 | Q. But did you see her in the suite on a daily basis?
- 3 A. Yes, for the most part.
- 4 | Q. Now, you mentioned Dr. Goldberg. He was in the suite, as
- 5 | well?

- 6 A. Yes, when I left.
  - Q. Did he ever share his office with another physician?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Relevance.
- 10 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 11 | Q. Who did Dr. Goldberg share an office with?
- 12 A. On the days that he wasn't there, we would sometimes put, I
- 13 | believe, doctor -- I don't recall at this moment. I just know
- 14 | that every office was pretty much shared.
- 15 | Q. And was it Dr. Brancato, does that --
- 16 | A. Yes, it was Dr. Brancato. Tuesdays was his day in
- 17 | Huntington. So yes, I think it was Dr. Brancato.
- 18 | Q. Dr. Brancato, who was she?
- 19  $\parallel$  A. She was one of the other rheumatologists on the floor.
- 20 | Q. Did you ever hear Dr. Goldberg object to Dr. Brancato using
- 21 | his office on days he wasn't there?
- 22 A. No.
- MR. KATAEV: Objection. Hearsay.
- 24 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 25 | Q. Do you know Dr. Given?

- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 Q. Who is he?
- 3 A. He was another rheumatologist that came on board, as well.
- 4 | Q. Did anyone else ever use the office utilized by Dr. Given?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 Q. Who was that, if you remember?
- 7 | A. Dr. Li.
- 8 Q. Dr. Margaret Li?
- 9 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 10 | Q. Did you ever hear Dr. Given complain about someone else
- 11 using his office on days he wasn't there?
- 12 | A. No.
- MR. KATAEV: Objection. Hearsay.
- 14 THE COURT: Overruled. It's not for the truth.
- 15  $\parallel$  Q. Were office assignments in suite 306 done by gender?
- 16 A. No.
- Q. Was gender of the doctors considered the all in determining who would go into what office when?
- 19 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Calls for the state of mind
- 20 for another person.
- 21 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 22 A. No.
- 23 | Q. To the extent you prepared a grid or had anything to do
- 24 | with office assignments, did it matter to you in the least the
- 25 gender of the doctor?

- A. No, I just wanted doctors somewhere and patients to be seen.
  - Q. Do you recall a time where Dr. Edelman was asked to share an office with another physician?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. And did you personally have any observations as to what happened in that regard?
- 8 A. Can you rephrase the question, please.
- 9 Q. Yeah. I'll try to ask a better question. That was pretty bad.
  - What did you know about that yourself, I don't want you telling what you heard from anybody, just what did you know about that?
- 14 A. That there was going to be a conversation that was going to be had --
- MR. KATAEV: Objection. Foundation.
- 17 THE COURT: The objection is sustained.
- Q. Did you observe anything relating to plaintiff being asked to share her office?
- 20 | A. No.
- 21 | Q. Did you see anything she did in reaction to that request?
- 22 | A. No.
- Q. Do you know what, if anything, she did with respect to her door?
- 25 A. Yes.

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- Q. What was that?
- A. She locked it.
- Q. And as to your observation, was that in connection with a request being made for her to share the office?
  - A. I assume after the request was made.

MR. KATAEV: Objection.

THE COURT: Overruled. Actually, the objection is sustained. The testimony is stricken that's based on an assumption.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: We want to mark, your Honor, Exhibit JJJ. I don't think this one's been previously introduced, so I will offer it.

THE COURT: Any objection to JJJ? It's got a double asterisk, what you gave me.

MR. KATAEV: Yes, your Honor. No objection.

THE COURT: JJJ is received.

(Defendants' Exhibit JJJ received in evidence)

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: We're going to publish to the jury, your Honor.

THE COURT: You may do so.

Q. This document is a little clunky, so we're showing you the first page here. Do you know what this is?

MR. KATAEV: Objection, your Honor. Sidebar.

THE COURT: No. Identification of a document that's in evidence?

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MR. KATAEV: I'll hold off. 1

THE COURT: Okay. Go ahead.

- I'm not really sure what I'm looking at right now. Α.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Scroll down a little more. Show the 4
- 5 witness a little more of this and see if that helps. And
- scroll down a little more. Let's scroll down to D1100. 6
- 7 Do you see that, do you recognize that?
- 8 Α. Yes.

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- That's the chart we were looking at before; right? 9 Q.
- 10 Yes, that's correct. Α.
- 11 And this exhibit has some other information, it has some
- 12 texts and emails. Does that refresh your recollection as to
- 13 what the exhibit is in its entirety?
- A. Yes. 14
- So tell the jury, what are we looking at overall in this 15
- 16 exhibit?
- 17 In the spreadsheet that I created?
- 18 Q. Yeah.
- 19 Different types of instances that had occurred during the
- 20 time that I was there.
- 21 Q. And to the extent there are emails or texts in this
- 22 exhibit, do those relate to the spreadsheet?
- 23 A. Yes.
- 24 And what was the purpose -- did you compile them along with
- 25 the spreadsheet?

1 Α. Yes.

N7ECede1

- 2 For what purpose? Q.
- To keep documentation of things that were either going --3
- that were not, per se, going the right way. 4
- 5 Q. And the spreadsheet and the documentation you've compiled,
- did you do that at anybody's request? 6
- 7 Α. Yes.
- 8 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Leading.
- 9 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 10 Who, if anyone, asked you to do that? Q.
- 11 Α. Joseph Antonik.
- 12 What did he ask you to do?
- 13 Keep records of anything that happens within the suite. Α.
- 14 And when did he ask you to do that? Q.
- 15 Α. That's always been part of my job.
- Did that first happen in 2019? 16 0.
- 17 Before 2019 when I first started working for NYU, I kept
- 18 spreadsheets of all types of complaints.
- 19 Let's look at the spreadsheet we have on the screen here.
- 20 Do you see there's an undated entry at the top?
- 21 Yes. Α.
- 22 "Dr. Edelman has the tendency of documenting
- 23 information in a patient's chart, re: inner office issues, she
- 24 chastises the staff in these messages that become the patient
- 25 medical records." Do you see that?

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Α. Yes.

- Do you know the date upon which that concern arose? Q.
- That was just a consistent problem. 3 Α.
- 4 And tell the jury a little more about that. What was the Q. 5 problem that you memorialized here?
- 6 So the problem would be because patients had access to
- 7 portal, they had the ability to message anything at any given
- time, and a lot of the times, Dr. Edelman would fault the staff 8
- 9 for something not being done instead of bringing it to an
- 10 escalation of my awareness and then allowing us to address it.
- 11 It would never be that there was an issue going on or try to
- 12 pacify the situation, it's would always be a targeted instance
- 13 where she would blame sort of somebody else for whatever the
- 14 patient was complaining about.
- 15 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Narrative.
- THE COURT: Overruled. 16
- 17 Did you put in this chart every single instance of
- 18 something like that happening?
- 19 To the best of my abilities. Α.
- 20 Let's look at the entry on 9/9/2020. Do you see that? 0.
- 21 Α. Yes.
- 22 It says: "Dr. Edelman notified me via text at 11:25 that
- 23 she was running an hour and a half behind. She requested her
- 24 last hour patients from 12:00 to be rescheduled or moved down
- 25 to 2:00 p.m." Do you recall that?

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1 Α. Yes.

- 2 And that's a note of an interaction you had with the plaintiff? 3
- A. Yes, that's correct. 4
- 5 Q. I want to go down to the 9/16 entry because I think counsel
- asked you about this one. You see at the end it says: 6
- 7 "Patient did not want to switch physician"?
  - A. Yes.

- Q. And then the next entry, there's an undated entry in the 9 10 next row. Do you see that?
- 11 Α. Yes.
- 12 0. And did that relate to the same patient?
- 13 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Leading.
- 14 THE COURT: Overruled.
- Do you know whether that related to the same patient? 15
- 16 I don't know if that was the same patient or not. I would
- 17 assume so, but I can't say at 100 percent. I did put in
- parentheses "see tab 9/16" so I would make a reference that 18
- 19 maybe it was regards to the comment that I made prior to that.
- 20 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Let's turn to page D1103.
- 21 In this exhibit you compiled is an email that you wrote on
- 22 or about November 13th, 2019. Do you see that?
- 23 Yes, I do. Α.
- 24 Do you recall the event that this refers to?
- 25 Α. Yes.

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Q. Can you describe for the jury what you remember about that.

Ruiz - Cross

Dr. Edelman wanted to discuss her hours that she was Α. supporting Marcus Avenue. She was originally seeing patients in a different location on Thursdays, and she wanted to move those patients over to the Marcus Avenue schedule for Thursdays, and if I recall correctly, Fridays, as well. asked her about what time she wanted to start or what time -because her hours in Huntington were very different from Marcus by almost an hour. I had asked her at that time, like, what time did she want to start here at Marcus, did she want to start at her normal 8:45 appointments whereas, at Huntington, she was starting, I believe, between 8:00 and 8:15. replied to me that she was going to honor whatever it is that the patients were scheduled for. I asked her just in case if there was a specific preference, just because we wanted to make sure we didn't have to remove and schedule patients again since we were moving them from one location to another, she said to me that she wasn't going to give me set hours because she didn't want people putting everybody in at different hours when other patients, who were already scheduled, had that priority, which I completely understood, but I had the ability to hold the schedule so that I can manually put patients in to accommodate the patient's needs, which is why most of the issues with patients' appointments always got escalated to me. She was very abrupt and loud when she was asked further

questions. She almost wanted me to understand where she was

Ruiz - Cross

- 2 coming from, but I really didn't, and all I really wanted was
- clarity so that I didn't have to re-work the schedule again. 3
- 4 And what happened at the end of the conversation? Q.
- 5 I simply said "okay" because I didn't really know what else
- 6 to do or how else to move from there. I just stormed out of
- 7 the office and I felt very uncomfortable with the way she had
- spoken to me because at no given point was I unprofessional or 8
- loud or snooty with her or snarky, and that's how she came off 9
- 10 to me for no reason.

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- 11 Q. You wrote in No. 6 here: "She replied in a very loud,
- 12 demeaning tone, 'you are not understanding me. I want the
- 13 patients to just be moved over.'" Do you recall that?
- 14 Yes, I do. Α.
- Did that, in fact, happen? 15 Q.
- 16 Α. Yes.
- 17 And then you wrote at the bottom: "I find this to be very Ο.
- 18 unprofessional, inappropriate, and demeaning. I am here to
- fully support Dr. Edelman, but not under these circumstances." 19
- 20 Do you see that?
- 21 Yes, I do. Α.
- 22 Do you stand by what you wrote there? Q.
- 23 Α. Absolutely.
- 24 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Let's turn to page D1105 in the same
- 25 exhibit.

N/Ecedel Null - Closs

- Q. Now here's an email exchange from August of 2020. This is between you and Dr. Edelman; right?
  - A. Yes.

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- 4 Q. And what was the purpose of your email to her?
- A. So this was actually not an email. The original was an email that was sent to her on 8/27, but Dr. Edelman never really read her emails, and so I always took it an extra step to try to inform her of important things that were happening or needed to be done through the Epic system. So this message actually is in the Epic system that I used to remind her that
- 12 | Q. And what compliance training was that?
- A. It was a mandatory compliance training that all NYU employees had to complete.
  - Q. And she wrote back: "I am aware and appreciate the reminder and, of course, threat of my loss of privileges." Do you see that?

her compliance training was due and it hadn't been completed.

- 18 | A. Yes, I do.
- 19 Q. Were you threatening Dr. Edelman when you wrote that?
- 20 A. No. I think the email was pretty professional.
- 21 Q. You mentioned in your testimony she never read her emails.
- 22 What did you mean by that?
- 23 A. Anything that was sent out to the providers or important
- 24 | information of things that they needed to do was always sent
- 25 | via email. It was the best form of communication through the

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Ruiz - Cross

entire system. Plenty of times, there was stuff that was done, and she had basically told me at one point during my time there that she doesn't read all her emails and so I don't -- I didn't want her to miss anything that was super important, so I would sometimes either print them up and leave them in her inbox or send them through Epic message to make sure that she was getting the information she needed.

- Q. Could you just explain briefly the difference between the email system and the Epic system, because you've mentioned both and I want the jury to understand.
- A. Sure. So email is basically used through Microsoft
  Outlook, the system we use all the time. Then Epic, we had
  internal messaging. It was really supposed to be related to
  patient use because you would attach messages that were coming
  to the patient and directly send them to the providers' inbox.
- Q. Did Dr. Edelman communicate with you through both systems?
- A. Generally never through email, it was always through the Epic system.
- 19 Q. And was that an appropriate place for the communications?
  - A. No, not necessarily, but I was happy I was getting communication.
    - MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Let's turn to page 1108.
- Q. Now here's an email from you on September 1st, 2020 where you're talking about workflow. Do you recall this?
- 25 | A. Yes, I do.

- Q. And what was the purpose of you sending that email, if you remember?
- A. Dr. Edelman had came to me to complain that she was not receiving certain Epic messages from patients in the Epic
- system. And so, in response to that, we started to do an investigation to try to troubleshoot the issue.
- 7 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Now scroll up, please, to
- 8 Dr. Edelman's response.
  - Q. Do you see this email she sent to you?
- 10 A. Yes.

- 11 Q. She says: "FYI, I have been giving you patient MR now for
- 12 months to rectify this. I feel like someone trying
- deliberately set me up for major patient care error. I am
- 14 ready. Call HR, as well, to protect myself if someone trying
- 15 | to harass me. Serious concern and seems not addressing actual
- 16 | issue." Do you see that?
- 17 | A. Yes, I do.
- 18 Q. Were you trying to set up Dr. Edelman?
- 19 A. No, not at all.
- 20 | Q. Were you trying to harass her?
- 21 A. No, not at all.
- 22 | Q. What did you think, if anything, about her response to you?
- 23 A. I thought it was a little excessive, but that was nothing
- 24 | new for me.
- 25 | Q. Did the issue regarding Epic --

1 MR. KATAEV: Move to strike as to the last comment.

- THE COURT: Overruled.
- Did the issue involving receipt of messages in the Epic 3 4 system get worked out, if you know?
- 5 Α. Yes.

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- 6 What happened in that regard? 0.
- 7 The issue was that her medical assistant, inadvertently,
- was done-ing the messages because both parties were being cc'd 8
- 9 on the Epic message and didn't realize that when one person was
- 10 completing the message, it would erase from the other person's
- 11 inbox.
- 12 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I'd like to mark -- is exhibit YY in
- 13 evidence?
- 14 MS. CARDONA: YY is in evidence, yes.
- 15 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I'd like to publish YY to the jury.
- 16 THE COURT: You may do so.
- 17 Exhibit YY is a message you wrote to Mr. Antonik and Nicole
- Lucca on March 11th, 2020; is that correct? 18
- 19 Α. Yes.
- 20 Who is Nicole Lucca, to remind the jury.
- 21 She was the assistant site director at the time that I was
- 22 at NYU.
- 23 Did she work with Mr. Antonik?
- 24 Α. Yes.
- 25 And why did you write this email?

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- 1 There was an incident that had happened with Dr. Edelman's 2 medical assistant. Q. And can you describe for us the incident as best you recall 3 it? 4 5 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Best evidence. 6 THE COURT: Overruled. 7 The incident happened where Tiffany had walked into my office very upset because Dr. Edelman had made a statement to 8 Tiffany, which she felt very offended by. 9 10 The policy at the time, because we were in the height of 11 COVID, was to not keep any of the sanitary wipes out on the 12 counters because we were very scarce with supplies to still 13 have patients come in and treat them and do what we needed to 14 do for them, so the protocol was to keep the sani wipes in the 15 cabinet so patients wouldn't steal them because we were finding that patients started stealing supplies because everybody was 16 17 in the same predicament. 18 Apparently, the protocol was to wipe down every single room after every single patient to make sure that we would avoid as 19 20 much contact as possible, spread of anything because we didn't 21 know much about anything at that point still. 22
  - Dr. Edelman, from what Tiffany had recalled or told me, was that Dr. Edelman came into the room and asked Tiffany where the wipes were. Tiffany said to Dr. Edelman that the wipes were in the cabinet --

THE COURT: So, this is hearsay and I'm going to sustain the objection.

- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Okay.
- The email that you wrote, that's exhibit YY and has been Q. admitted into evidence, you wrote that in the regular course of your work as an operations manager?
- Yes, that's correct.

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- And you provided that to record the incident; right?
- Yes, that's correct. 9 Α.
- 10 By the way, this March 20 email, that's not reflected, is
- 11 it, in the chart that we were looking at before?
- 12 Α. No.
- 13 Is there any particular reason you didn't put that in your 0. 14 chart?
- 15 A. Not that I recall of, just -- but this is why I always sent emails of incidents that happened because, again, it was a very 16 17 busy practice, managed a lot of providers, a lot of things
- 18 happened, so I did my best to try to email what ever I could as much as I could. 19
  - Thank you. We're going to offer MR. SCHOENSTEIN: exhibit BBB.
- 22 THE COURT: Any objection? It's got a double 23 asterisk.
- 24 MR. KATAEV: No objection.
- 25 THE COURT: BBB is received and may be published to

- 1 | the jury.
- 2 | (Defendants' Exhibit BBB received in evidence)
- 3 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Thank you, your Honor. I guess I
- 4 | should do that before I ask a question.
- 5 Q. This is an email exchange you had with Dr. Edelman in
- 6 | August of 2020?
- 7 A. Yes.
  - Q. Were you familiar with Tiffany?
- 9 | A. Yes.

- 10 | Q. Did you work with her every day?
- 11 A. Yes, I managed her.
- 12 | Q. And as her manager, did you have an assessment of her
- 13 working capabilities?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15  $\parallel$  Q. What was that?
- 16 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Relevance.
- 17 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 18 A. There were -- she was a competent MA.
- 19 Q. Now, do you see, in the second paragraph, Dr. Edelman's
- 20 | email where she says "she," that refers to Tiffany; right?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. "Is falling behind as she is not getting up to look to see
- 23 when I am done and getting caught up to her desk other things.
- 24 | All of her workflows have changed. I do not have same support
- 25 used to from nursing either and means I need afternoons to do

- 1 work usually completed by other team members."
- 2 Do you recall Dr. Edelman making that complaint to you?
- 3 | A. Yes, I do.
- 4 Q. And then on the penultimate paragraph in that email,
- 5 | begins: "Basically, she needs to be invested in triaging
- 6 patients for first half of day and only on that and labs. All
- 7 | afternoon she can catch up on messaging and faxes."
- 8 Do you see that?
- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 | Q. Do you recall Dr. Edelman raising those concerns with you?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. And do you know what became of this, do you remember?
- 13 A. I don't remember, to be honest.
- 14 | Q. As an office manager, you were privy to complaints raised
- 15 | by patients on a day-to-day basis?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 Q. And did those more often get communicated orally or in
- 18 | writing?
- 19 | MR. KATAEV: Objection.
- 20 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 21 | A. Both.
- 22 | Q. Was one more frequent than the other?
- 23 A. I would say they're about the same.
- 24 | Q. Would you be able to assess the volume of complaints you
- 25 heard about Dr. Edelman compared to other doctors in the suite?

- 1 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Best evidence.
- 2 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 3 MR. KATAEV: And hearsay.
- THE COURT: Overruled. It's not coming in for the truth of the underlying complaint, but just for the fact that
- 6 | there were complaints. Go ahead.
- 7 A. Can you repeat the question, please.
- 8 Q. Sure. Are you able to assess the volume of complaints you
- 9 heard about from patients of Dr. Edelman compared to the
- 10 general volume of other doctors?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. And what is that, how do you assess that?
- 13 A. There was a lot more complaints that came from
- 14 Dr. Edelman's patients compared to the other providers in the
- 15 practice.
- 16 | Q. And you've worked with loads of doctors in the course of
- 17 | your career; is that correct?
- 18 | A. Yes, that's correct.
- 19 Q. Some are easy to get along, some are not so easy, some are
- 20 really rough?
- 21 A. Some can be challenging.
- 22 | Q. Are you able to rank Dr. Edelman on a scale like that from
- 23 | your personal experience?
- 24 MR. KATAEV: Objection.
- 25 THE COURT: Basis.

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MR. KATAEV: Foundation. Opinion testimony.

Ruiz - Cross

THE COURT: Overruled.

- Can you repeat the question. Α.
- Where does Dr. Edelman fall on the scale of easy to get Q. along with for doctors?
- I don't necessarily have a personal scale, but she was one of my challenging providers.
  - Do you recall David Kaplan coming to meet with plaintiff at some point?
  - Yes, I do. Α.
  - Were you involved in any way in arranging for that meeting?
- 12 Just making sure that the doctor was available to see
- David.
- 14 So tell us what you remember about how that happened.
- Α. David asked to have a few moments with Dr. Edelman and what 15
- was the best time to do so. I would always ask the providers, 16
- 17 when a meeting request was asked of David Kaplan, to see when
- it would be best for the providers to meet with him. I did ask 18
- 19 her, Dr. Edelman specified -- I do remember it was a Wednesday.
- 20 I asked Dr. Edelman, Dr. Edelman gave me a specific time, I
- 21 don't remember the exact time it was. I informed Mr. Kaplan.
- 22 Mr. Kaplan came to the suite and was waiting for Dr. Edelman
- 23 after some time, maybe five or ten minutes. Dr. Edelman was in
- 24 a room with a patient at the time. I did go knock on the door
- 25 to ask her how much longer it would be or was there a better

time and she replied, "I am with patients, can he please come 1

- back at a different time later that evening." And that was 2
- probably around 7:00 p.m., if I'm not mistaken, because it was 3
- usually a late night on a Wednesday. 4
- 5 Q. And then what happened, did the meeting go forward, do you
- remember? 6

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- 7 A. Yes, David did leave the suite. He said, "I'll come back."
- He did come back to the suite and then waited again. And then, 8
- eventually, they went to her office. 9
- 10 You mentioned that Wednesdays were a late night for
- 11 Dr. Edelman?
- 12 Α. Yes.
- 13 Did that create any issues that affected you? 0.
- 14 Yes. I, for the most part, was always there --Α.
- MR. KATAEV: Objection, relevance. 15
- 16 THE COURT: Overruled. I assume it's going to lead
- 17 somewhere.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Yes, your Honor, I believe so. 18
- THE COURT: Go ahead. 19
- 20 A. Yes, Wednesdays were our late evening days and we would
- 21 leave the office anywhere between 8:00 and 8:30 at night.
- 22 Q. And did you express to Dr. Edelman any concerns about the
- 23 timing of those evenings?
- 24 A. No, it was just kind of what it was. The staff and I, we
- 25 all just sort of adjusted to it.

Ruiz - Cross

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Your Honor, I'm approaching the end. Suggest maybe our midmorning break right now, I can come back and finish up probably more quickly. THE COURT: It's 11:30, so we'll take a 15-minute break now and then we'll come back for the rest of the day. Don't talk about the case amongst yourselves, don't do any research, and enjoy your break. (Continued on next page) 

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               (Jury not present)
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               THE COURT: See you all back here in 15 minutes.
               Ms. Ruiz, you can step down, but make sure you're back
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      here in about 10 minutes.
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               (Recess)
6
               Let's have Ms. Ruiz retake the witness stand.
 7
               Let's bring in the jury.
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               Ms. Ruiz, you're reminded you're still under oath.
               THE WITNESS: Yes, thank you.
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               (Continued on next page)
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1 (Jury present)

THE COURT: Counsel, you may inquire.

3 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:

- 4 Q. Ms. Ruiz, you know that log we looked at, you looked at
- 5 | with opposing counsel and then we looked at the log of
- 6 complaints?
- 7 A. Yes.

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- 8 Q. I just want to make sure I'm clear on this. What, if any,
- 9 logs like that did you keep related to other doctors?
  - MR. KATAEV: Objection. Cumulative.
- 11 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 12 A. Similar logs. So again, patient complaints, workflow
- issues, anything that, for example, if the doctor didn't
- 14 complete something that needed to be completed, just keeping
- 15 | track of things so that way I had a recollection of what was
- 16 going on.
- 17 | Q. Were there logs in the same format for other doctors in the
- 18 | suite that you kept?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Best evidence.
- 21 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 22 | Q. The instruction for Mr. Antonik, you mentioned Mr. Antonik
- 23 | told you to keep logs. Do you recall that?
- 24 A. I started keeping logs just as a manager because it was the
- 25 best way to keep track of things.

- Q. Did he give you any instruction in terms of keeping track?

  A. No, not in that instance, no.

  U. Let me ask you, since we mentioned Mr. Antonik, did you
  - Q. Let me ask you, since we mentioned Mr. Antonik, did you work with him on a day-to-day basis?
- 5 A. Yes.

- 6 Q. And how was he to get along with?
- 7 A. Great.
- 8 Q. Did he ever do anything you found unprofessional,
- 9 | inappropriate, or demeaning?
- 10 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Relevance.
- 11 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 12 A. Never.
- 13 | Q. Did he ever raise his voice at you in a conversation?
- MR. KATAEV: Same objection.
- 15 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 16 A. Never.
- Q. Did he ever wave his arms wildly and mutter a curse word under his breath?
- 19 MR. KATAEV: Objection.
- 20 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 21 A. No, Joe was very professional all the time.
- MR. KATAEV: Move to strike.
- 23 THE COURT: Overruled.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Thank you for coming today,
- 25 Ms. Ruiz.

- 1 THE COURT: Further examination.
- 2 | REDIRECT EXAMINATION
- 3 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 4 | Q. You testified just now with Mr. Schoenstein that you had
- 5 certain incidents with Dr. Edelman; correct?
- 6 A. Can you please rephrase the question.
- 7 Q. You testified about some incidents that occurred with
- 8 Dr. Edelman; correct?
- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 | Q. You had incidents with other doctors, didn't you?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. It's fair to say that sometimes working with doctors can be
- 13 | challenging; right?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 | Q. You also testified about sharing office space. Do you
- 16 remember that?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 | Q. You're not privy to what NYU agreed to with any physicians;
- 19 | correct?
- 20 A. Correct.
- 21 | Q. You have never seen any contract that NYU had with a
- 22 | physician; right?
- 23 A. Correct.
- 24 | Q. So you would not be aware as to any negotiations that went
- 25 on between a doctor and NYU; correct?

- 1 | A. Correct.
- 2 Q. And you don't know about negotiations that Dr. Edelman had
- 3 | with NYU; correct?
- 4 A. Correct.
- 5 | Q. On any terms; right?
- 6 A. Correct.
- 7 | Q. You testified that you were not aware of Dr. Edelman's
- 8 | September 2019 complaint at the time you were working at NYU;
- 9 correct?
- 10 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 11 | Q. But you did become aware of this complaint at your
- 12 deposition on November of 2021; right?
- 13 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 14 | Q. I showed it to you, yes?
- 15 A. Yes, you did.
- 16 | Q. And you saw that the complaint occurred in September of
- 17 | 2019 at the deposition; right?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- 19 Q. And every single incident and complaint that you've
- 20 discussed in your testimony with Mr. Schoenstein occurred after
- 21 | that complaint; correct?
- 22 A. Correct.
- 23 | Q. It's fair to say that the log you created took some effort
- 24 | to prepare; right?
- 25 A. Yes.

- 1 | Q. You had to write everything down in the log; right?
- 2 A. Yes, correct.
- 3 | Q. And then you had to also substantiate what you wrote in the
- 4 | log with some sort of evidence; right?
- 5 A. Correct.
- 6 Q. You took screenshots on your phone, for example?
- 7 A. Correct.
- 8 Q. And you took images of what's on the computer with what was
- 9 written to support what you wrote in the log; right?
- 10 A. Yes, I printed them directly from the system itself.
- 11 Q. You testified about the incident in which Dr. Edelman, in
- 12 | your words, got loud with you; right?
- 13 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 14 | Q. Other doctors in suite 306 also got loud with you, didn't
- 15 | they?
- 16 | A. Yes.
- 17 MR. KATAEV: I'd like to offer GGG. I don't believe
- 18 | it's been admitted.
- 19 THE COURT: Any objection?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No.
- 21 | THE COURT: GGG is received and may be published to
- 22 | the jury.
- 23 (Defendants' Exhibit GGG received in evidence)
- 24 | Q. In your testimony with Mr. Schoenstein, you were shown an
- 25 email from Dr. Edelman dated September 1st, 2020, about IT

N7ECede1 Ruiz - Redirect

- 1 | issues; right?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 Q. And in that email, Dr. Edelman told you she's been reaching
- 4 | out about this issue for months; right?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 MR. STEER: Your Honor, we don't see the screens on.
- 7 MS. CARDONA: Neither does the witness.
- 8 MR. KATAEV: Permission to publish it.
- 9 THE COURT: Yes.
- 10 | Q. In this email, it shows what's referred to as an IT ticket;
- 11 | right?
- 12 A. That's correct.
- 13 Q. And it says that this issue that Dr. Edelman had has been
- 14 resolved; correct?
- 15 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Foundation.
- 16 | THE COURT: Overruled. The document is in evidence.
- 17 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 18 Q. And the date that it was resolved was October 16th, 2020;
- 19 || right?
- 20 A. That's correct.
- 21 | Q. It's fair to say that if patients are reaching out to
- 22 | Dr. Edelman and she is not seeing those messages, that's a
- 23 concern for NYU; right?
- 24 A. That is correct.
- 25 | Q. And it's also a concern for Dr. Edelman, of course; right?

Ruiz - Redirect

- 1 A. That's correct.
- Q. It did, in fact, take months to resolve this issue, didn't
- 3 | it?
- 4 A. I don't recall the amount of time it took, but yes, it took
- 5 some investigating.
- 6 Q. And you saw the email where there's a discussion about the
- 7 | threat, that Dr. Edelman doesn't appreciate the threat; right?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. And in that email, you did say that if you don't perform X,
- 10 Y, Z tasks, you'll lose your privileges; right?
- 11 A. That was email generated by Mr. Antonik. I just simply
- 12 | forward the message.
- 13 | Q. The loss of privileges by a doctor is a very serious thing;
- 14 | right?
- 15 A. Absolutely.
- 16 | Q. A doctor could not work at NYU if they lost their
- 17 privileges; right?
- 18 A. That is correct.
- 19 Q. And similarly, all of these IT issues that were discussed
- 20 | occurred after Dr. Edelman's September 2019 complaint; correct?
- 21 A. I'm sorry. Can you repeat the question.
- 22 | Q. The IT issues that we just discussed in September of '20
- and October 16th of '20?
- 24 | A. Yes.

25

Q. They occurred after the September '19 complaint; correct?

- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 Q. Dr. Edelman had been working at NYU for years at this
- 3 point; right?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 | Q. She was working for years before you even started in June
- 6 of '17; right?
- 7 A. That was my understanding, yes.
- 8 Q. And you have no knowledge about any such IT issues before;
- 9 | right?
- 10 | A. No, I do not.
- 11 | Q. You had some testimony about done-ing. Do you recall that?
- 12 | A. Yes.
- 13 Q. Done-ing is a reference to the action of clicking "done" on
- 14 | a message; right?
- 15 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 16 | Q. When you click "done" on a message, it goes away; right?
- 17 A. Yes, that's how the system was set up.
- 18 Q. It was determined that Dr. Edelman's medical assistant was
- 19 | clicking "done" and that's why she couldn't see the messages;
- 20 || right?
- 21 | A. That's correct.
- 22 | Q. You testified about certain patient complaints during your
- 23 | testimony with Mr. Schoenstein; right?
- 24 A. That's correct.
- 25 | Q. But the items that you testified were not in your log, were

Ruiz - Redirect

N7ECede1

- 1 | they?
- 2 A. No.
- 3 Q. And you testified at your deposition that if you didn't
- 4 write it down, there was no complaint; correct?
- 5 A. Correct.
- 6 Q. With reference to Dr. Edelman's meeting with Mr. Kaplan on
- 7 | September 25th of '19, you recall that testimony with
- 8 Mr. Schoenstein?
- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 | Q. When Mr. Kaplan returned later in the evening, it was on a
- 11 | Wednesday; right?
- 12 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 13 Q. And that was Dr. Edelman's late day; right?
- 14 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 15 | Q. And when Mr. Kaplan returned, Dr. Edelman was still with
- 16 | the patient, wasn't she?
- 17 A. Yes, she was.
- 18 Q. And you came to Dr. Edelman to tell her that Mr. Kaplan
- 19 | wished to speak to her while Dr. Edelman was with a patient;
- 20 | correct?
- 21 A. That is correct.
- 22 | Q. And you effectively interrupted her; right?
- 23 A. Yes. Of course. Yes.
- 24 | Q. Dr. Edelman's not the only doctor that has late days;
- 25 | correct?

- 1 A. Correct.
- Q. For example, Dr. Porges has a late day on Thursday, doesn't
- 3 he?

- 4 A. That is correct.
- 5 | Q. And if you're working that Thursday, you would have to stay
- 6 | late for him, too; right?
- 7 A. That's correct.
  - Q. And the same with Dr. Goldberg; correct?
- 9 A. That's correct.
- 10 MR. KATAEV: I have nothing further.
- 11 THE COURT: Anything further, Mr. Schoenstein?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No, your Honor.
- THE COURT: Ms. Ruiz, thank you for coming. You're
- 14 excused as a witness.
- 15 | (Witness excused)
- 16 Plaintiff will call their next witness.
- 17 MR. KATAEV: Plaintiff calls defendant Andrew Rubin,
- 18 your Honor.
- 19 THE COURT: Mr. Rubin, please step into the witness
- 20 box. Remain standing as my deputy administers the oath.
- 21 ANDREW RUBIN,
- 22 called as a witness by the Plaintiff,
- 23 having been duly sworn, testified as follows:
- 24 THE DEPUTY CLERK: Please state your full name for the
- 25 record and please spell out your first and last name.

Rubin - Direct

- THE WITNESS: My name is Andrew Todd Rubin,
- 2 A-n-d-r-e-w R-u-b-i-n.
- THE COURT: Mr. Rubin, as you're questioned, please
  keep your mouth to the microphone and speak loudly just as you
- 5 | did a moment ago.
- 6 Counsel, you may inquire.
- 7 DIRECT EXAMINATION
- 8 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 9 Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Rubin.
- 10 A. Good afternoon.
- 11 | Q. You've been working at NYU since January of 2000; correct?
- 12 A. Correct.
- 13 | Q. You are 23 years now at NYU; right?
- 14 | A. I am.
- 15 Q. You're the senior vice president of clinical affairs and
- 16 | ambulatory care; correct?
- 17 | A. I am.
- 18 | Q. You started off as the chief operating officer, didn't you?
- 19 | A. I did.
- 20 | Q. And you've worked your way up through various titles to
- 21 | your position now; right?
- 22 A. Sort of.
- 23 | Q. And you oversee the faculty group practice at NYU; correct?
- 24 A. No. I run the operations of the medical group.
- 25 | Q. And that medical group consists of over 8,000 employees,

Rubin - Direct

- 1 | including doctors; right?
- 2 A. About 10,000.
- 3 Q. And you also have 3500 physicians under your supervision;
- 4 | correct?
- 5 A. About that, right, yeah.
- 6 Q. Now, NYU is a very large institution, isn't it?
- 7 | A. It is.
- 8 Q. And NYU's most recent revenue is over \$6 billion; correct?
- 9 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Relevance.
- 10 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 11  $\parallel$  Q. Is that right?
- 12 A. I couldn't speak to the revenue of the health system, I can
- 13 only speak to the revenue of my division.
- 14 | Q. The revenue in your division is in the billions of dollars,
- 15 | isn't it?
- 16 A. It is.
- 17 | Q. The last operating profit was \$457 million, wasn't it?
- 18 A. I don't know the answer to that question.
- 19 | Q. And your division has an operating profit in the millions;
- 20 correct?
- 21 | A. My division does not have an operating profit.
- 22 | Q. Now, the faculty group practice is a division of NYU School
- 23 of Medicine, isn't it?
- 24 A. It is.
- 25 | Q. It employs physicians for the purpose of delivering care to

- 1 patients outside a hospital setting; right?
- 2 A. Outside and inside.
- 3 | Q. And you deal with the physician group of the NYU Langone
- 4 | Health system; right?
- 5 A. I deal with all the physicians, yes.
- 6 Q. But there are other divisions within the NYU School of
- 7 | Medicine; correct?
- 8 A. I don't follow the question. I'm sorry.
- 9 Q. The faculty group practice is a division of NYU's School of
- 10 | Medicine; right?
- 11 | A. Correct.
- 12 Q. There are other divisions, aren't there?
- 13 | A. There are other elements of the School of Medicine, yes.
- 14 Q. What elements are those?
- 15 | A. There are research divisions, there are academic groups.
- 16 | 0. That's it?
- 17 A. I really -- I really couldn't know. I don't exactly know
- 18 | what you're asking.
- 19 | Q. Mr. Swirnow reports to you; correct?
- 20 A. He does.
- 21 | Q. And you were here and present when Mr. Swirnow was
- 22 | testifying?
- 23 A. Absolutely, yes.
- 24 | Q. And your duties at NYU include running the physician and
- 25 group operations; right?

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1 Α. Yes.

N7ECede1

- You deal with hiring and firing physicians; right? 2 Q.
- I do. 3 Α.
- Revenue cycle, which is billing and collections? 4 Q.
- 5 Α. I do.
- And you generally run the whole group; right? 6 0.
- 7 Α. Correct.
- Anything that has to do with physicians is within your 8
- purview; right? 9
- 10 Α. Mine and others.
- 11 And you've had these same duties the entire time that
- 12 you've worked at NYU; correct?
- 13 Α. For the most part.
- 14 And it's fair to say that you know Dr. Edelman; right?
- 15 Α. I know her more now, yes.
- 16 Q. You met her first in 2014 for the purpose of hiring her;
- 17 correct?
- 18 A. Correct.
- 19 Speaking to your duties and as it relates to physicians,
- 20 your duties concern the physicians' performance and all their
- 21 work as it relates to their employment; right?
- 22 I have many, many, many duties, but that would be certainly
- 23 one of them.
- 24 Q. You're aware, as a senior vice president, of NYU's policies
- 25 concerning discrimination and harassment and retaliation;

1 | right?

- 2 A. Unequivocally, yes.
- 3 | Q. You take annual trainings for it; right?
- 4 A. Without a doubt.
- 5 Q. And you have to pay attention to those because you have to
- 6 watch an entire segment in order to advance to the next one;
- 7 | right?
- 8 A. We have lots of compliance trainings and, all of them, you
- 9 have to sit through all of them.
- 10 | Q. And you do sit through those; right?
- 11 A. You have to. You can't advance them. You can't even take
- 12 a break.
- 13 | Q. You would agree with me, generally speaking, if any sort of
- 14 discrimination or retaliation was going on, it would be a
- 15 problem, wouldn't it?
- 16 A. Absolutely.
- 17 | Q. But it's fair to say that you don't know exactly how these
- 18 | NYU policies are enforced; correct?
- 19 A. I don't understand the question.
- 20 | Q. In terms of NYU's discrimination, harassment, or
- 21 | retaliation policies, you're not generally aware of how NYU
- 22 | enforces those policies; correct?
- 23 A. Not correct, but I'm not sure I understand the question
- 24 | either.
- 25 | Q. It's fair to say that the employee and labor relations

N7ECede1 Rubin - Direct

- department and human resources enforce those kind of policies;
- 2 | right?
- 3 A. No, I don't think I would say that.
- 4 | Q. Generally speaking, if an employee violated these policies,
- 5 you would imagine that they would suffer some sort of
- 6 disciplinary action; correct?
- 7 A. Yes, and I would know about it.
- Q. These complaints come to your attention from time to time;
- 9 correct?
- 10 A. They all come to my attention.
- 11 | Q. And you handle those kind of complaints; right?
- 12 | A. I don't understand what "handle" means in this case.
- 13 | Q. You review the complaint and you take a role in
- 14 | investigating and determining whether it has merit; right?
- 15 | A. I do not investigate the complaint. I'm informed of the
- 16 | complaint.
- 17 | Q. Moving on to administrative titles. You decide whether to
- 18 | appoint a doctor with an administrative title; right?
- 19 | A. I am involved with others in deciding if someone should
- 20 have an administrative role.
- 21 | Q. And you decide whether a doctor should be given such a
- 22 | title based on what you refer to as "administrative ability."
- 23 || Right?
- 24 A. Ask me that again.
- 25 | Q. You decide whether a doctor should receive an

- administrative title based on their administrative ability;
  right?
- 3 A. Same answer. I, with others, make that decision.
- 4 Q. Do you recall conducting your deposition in October of
- 5 2021?
- 6 | A. I do.
- 7 Q. And you said that you decide this based on your pretty good
- 8 instincts; right?
- 9 A. Amongst other things.
- Q. You didn't mention anything else when I asked you that at your deposition; correct?
- 12 A. I don't recall.
- MR. KATAEV: 87, your Honor.
- 14 THE COURT: I would look at 87 if you give me the 15 transcript.
- MR. KATAEV: We did, your Honor. We prepared in advance, but we didn't tell you.
- 18 THE COURT: I do have it. Okay. Page 87.
- MR. KATAEV: Lines 2 to 4.
- 20 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Improper.
- 21 THE COURT: Objection sustained.
- 22 | Q. Now, you're aware prior to meeting Dr. Edelman in 2014,
- 23 | that she had her own practice that she managed; correct?
- 24 | A. I was, yes.
- 25 | Q. And it's fair to say, isn't it, that managing one's own

N7ECede1

ability?

- 1 practice is indicative of someone who has administrative
- Absolutely not. 3 Α.
- You never offered Dr. Edelman any such position in an 4 Q.
- administrative role, did you? 5
- Not that I'm aware of. 6 Α.
- 7 When you met with Dr. Edelman in 2014, you did have an
- interest in having her join NYU; right? 8
- We did. 9 Α.
- 10 And she came to you based upon the recommendation of
- 11 Dr. Goldberg, didn't she?
- 12 Α. I don't recall.
- 13 You determined that the volume of Dr. Edelman's practice Ο.
- warranted NYU hiring her; correct? 14
- 15 Α. Ask me the question again. I'm sorry.
- Q. You determined, after reviewing data that Dr. Edelman 16
- 17 provided you in connection with her coming over to NYU, that
- 18 the volume of her practice warranted NYU hiring her; correct?
- I reviewed the business plan in the context of what we were 19
- 20 doing in Long Island and decided to proceed with making an
- 21 offer.
- 22 Q. And part of what you reviewed dealt with the volume of her
- 23 practice; right?
- 24 Α. Amongst many factors.
- 25 And you made the determination that it is warranted for NYU

- to hire her in spite of her lease and loan obligations that she had; correct?
- 3 A. Not correct.
- Q. The lease and loan obligations that Dr. Edelman had did not pose an obstacle to NYU hiring her; correct?
- 6 A. It was part of the discussion and negotiation.
- Q. And you nonetheless chose to hire her, despite those obligations; right?
- 9 A. We hired her.
- Q. Now, there was some testimony about infusions and how they play a role and whether NYU wants to hire someone; right?
- 12 A. Ask -- I don't know what you're asking me. I'm sorry.
- Q. The volume of infusions from a private practice that NYU is
- 14 | looking to assume plays a role in whether NYU wants to assume
- 15 | that practice; correct?
- 16 A. There are multiple factors that -- there are multiple
- 17 | factors of which that would be one of.
- 18 Q. And that's a factor that you used to determine whether to
- 19 | bring that person in; correct?
- 20 A. Incorrect.
- 21 Q. Infusions do not play a role in setting a doctor's salary;
- 22 correct?
- 23 A. I'm going to have to ask you to ask the question
- 24 differently. I'm sorry.
- 25 | Q. The volume of infusions that a doctor coming from private

practice has does not play a role in setting that doctor's

- practice has does not play a role in setting that doctor's salary; correct?
  - A. Again, we look at the totality of the information in determining whether we're going to make an offer.
  - THE COURT: Did that include the infusions?
- 6 THE WITNESS: It did include them.
- Q. But you testified that the only thing that is relevant to setting salary is the business plan, didn't you?
  - A. Actually, I didn't testify to that.
- Q. In order to determine the salary of a physician, NYU looks at the RVUs that a doctor earns; correct?
- 12 A. Amongst other things.
- 13 Q. You heard some testimony about Nassau Radiology or NRad.
- 14 Do you recall that testimony?
- 15 | A. I do.

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- 16 Q. You recall there was testimony about it going into
- 17 | bankruptcy; correct?
- 18 A. I recall the testimony, yes.
- 19 Q. NYU assumed that business, as well, didn't it?
- 20 A. We did not assume that business.
- 21 Q. You entered into a business relationship with that entity;
- 22 correct?
- 23 A. We actually did not enter into a business relationship with
- 24 | that entity.
- 25 | Q. Going back to determining compensation, you never look at a

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doctor's curriculum vitae to determine a salary for a doctor;
correct?

- A. Ask the question again, differently.
- Q. In determining the compensation of a doctor, you do not look at the doctor's curriculum vitae; correct?
  - A. Incorrect.

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7 MR. KATAEV: 147, your Honor, lines 15 through 24. 8 THE COURT: Go ahead.

- Q. At your deposition on September 27, 2021, I asked you the following question and you provided the following answer.
- "Q. You don't review a doctor's curriculum vitae in determining compensation?
- 13 | "A. I don't."
- 14 A. This is a piece of the deposition. It's not --

THE COURT: Sir, can you just answer the question.

Were you asked those questions and did you give those answers.

THE WITNESS: This is what I said to these lines of questions.

THE COURT: You've been here during the trial. You understand that your lawyer will have an opportunity to ask questions to bring out what your lawyer thinks the jury should hear. This is the opportunity for the plaintiff to ask questions and bring out what the plaintiff wants to have the jury hear.

THE WITNESS: Got it.

1 THE COURT: Go ahead, counsel.

- Q. Doctors are paid based on the business plan; correct?
- 3 A. Doctors are paid?
- 4 Q. Based on the business plan.
- 5 A. Amongst other things.
- 6 Q. The business plan is used to determine the total revenue
- 7 and the total expenses to see what's left over for salary;
- 8 | isn't that right?
- 9 A. Amongst other things.
- 10 | Q. Switching over to research roles, that's something that you
- 11 | have to approve for a doctor to perform; correct?
- 12 | A. No.
- MR. KATAEV: 101, your Honor, lines 3 to 8.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Improper.
- 15 | THE COURT: I'll permit it. Go ahead.
- 16 | Q. At your deposition, I asked you the following question, you
- 17 | provided the following answer, didn't you?
- 18 | "Q. Is it fair to say that prior to any doctor having any
- 19 | research role in the faculty group practice, you would know
- 20 about it and you would have to clear it?
- 21 "A. I would have to approve their research role if it impacted
- 22 | their clinical time."
- 23 | THE COURT: Were you asked that question, did you give
- 24 | that answer?
- 25 A. I gave that answer, yes.

- Q. And that's because a doctor who has a research role has their ability to earn RVUs impacted; correct?
  - A. Incorrect.

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- Q. It's fair to say, isn't it, that a doctor performs both clinical work and administrative work does not always receive separate compensation for the administrative work?
  - A. You're going to have to ask that question again. I'm sorry. I'm not sure what you're referring to.
  - Q. I'll rephrase.

If a doctor performs both clinical work and administrative work, it's fair to say that the doctor does not always receive separate compensation for the administrative work; correct?

- A. I would need you to define "administrative work" to answer the question. I can't answer that question as it's asked.
  - Q. I'll give you an example. Like Dr. Goldberg's medical director role and Dr. Porges medical director role.
  - A. So what's the question?
  - Q. It's fair to say that they do not always receive separate compensation for administrative work; correct?
- A. Them specifically, I believe they did.

THE COURT: Are there circumstances where doctors don't receive separate compensation for administrative work?

23 THE WITNESS: I'm not aware off the top of my head.

Q. With respect to research roles, it's fair to say that sometimes those research roles are paid and other times,

- 1 | they're not; correct?
  - A. Incorrect.

- 3 MR. KATAEV: 105, your Honor, lines 2 through 8.
- 4 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 5 THE COURT: Overruled.
- Q. At your deposition, I asked the following question and you gave the following answer; correct?
- 8 "Q. With respect to any research role offered to a physician
  9 that performs clinical work, does NYU offer additional
  10 compensation for the research role?
- "A. I don't -- I don't know. It would depend on the
  circumstances. I don't know the answer to that question."
- 13 A. That's what I said, yes.
- Q. Focusing on benefits that doctors receive, other than their salary, it's fair to say that physicians at NYU's faculty group
- 16 practice receive extensive benefits; right?
- 17 | A. They do.
- 18 Q. There's a 401K matching program; correct?
- 19 A. Incorrect.
- 20 | Q. They do have a retirement benefit; right?
- 21 | A. Correct.
- 22 Q. And also, the children of employees of NYU get tuition for
- 23 | free for their children; right?
- 24 A. You would need to ask that differently.
- 25 | Q. The children of NYU employees receive free tuition at the

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      School of Medicine; correct?
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      A. No.
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                (Continued on next page)
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1 MR. KATAEV: Your Honor, page 212, I believe, 17 2 through 22.

- 3 THE COURT: Go ahead.
- 4 BY MR. KATAEV:

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- 5 Q. At your deposition, I asked you the following question, and you gave the following answer, didn't you? 6
- 7 "Q. What is the policy with respect to tuition at school for 8 employees of NYU?
  - "A. I don't know the details of the policy, but I believe their children can attend university for no charge for the tuition, for their educational portion of the tuition."
- 12 Is that correct?
- 13 That is a correct statement. Α.
- 14 That refers to the undergraduate school, correct? Q.
- 15 Α. This is a correct statement, yes.
- 16 And you'll agree with me that NYU has done no research on 17 gender-pay disparity at NYU, correct?
- 18 Α. I don't know.
- 19 And you received no training on how to set initial salaries 20 or pay, correct?
- 21 Α. Incorrect.
- 22 MR. KATAEV: 157, lines 6 through 9.
- 23 THE COURT: Go ahead.
- 24 BY MR. KATAEV:

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At your deposition, I asked you the following question, and

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- 1 | you provided the following answer, didn't you?
- 2 "Q. Have you ever received any training on how to set initial salaries or pay?
  - "A. Have I received training? No."

    You testified to that, correct?
  - A. That statement is also correct.
  - Q. So, were you telling the truth at your deposition, or are you telling the truth now?
  - A. I was then and I am now.
- 10 Q. NYU does not have any written policies or guidelines
  11 regarding pay increases, correct?
- 12 A. Not correct.
- 13 Q. It's fair to say that while Dr. Edelman was employed at
- 14 NYU, you were not familiar with the Equal Pay Act, correct?
- 15 A. I'm not -- I mean no, I'm not totally versed on the Equal
- Pay Act. I know there's been some updates to it, so I'm as
- 17 | versed as I think I can be.
- MR. KATAEV: Your Honor, page 165, lines 23 to 25.
- 19 THE COURT: Go ahead.
- 20 Go ahead.
- 21 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 22 Q. At your deposition, I asked you the following question, and
- 23 you gave the following answer, correct?
- 24 | "Q. Are you familiar with the Equal Pay Act?
- 25 | "A. I am not."

- 1 A. At this time I was not.
- 2 | Q. And your deposition was taken after Dr. Edelman was
- 3 terminated, correct?
- 4 | A. Yes.
- 5 | Q. And you're the one who decides whether a physician's salary
- 6 | is increased upon renewal, correct?
- 7 A. Amongst others.
- 8 | Q. You testified earlier today that you're made aware of
- 9 complaints by physicians, right?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 | Q. And you were, in fact, made aware of Dr. Edelman's
- 12 | complaint, weren't you?
- 13 A. You need to be more specific. Which complaint?
- 14 Q. The complaint that she filed with HR on September 17, 2019.
- 15 A. I -- I don't recall being made aware of that complaint, no.
- 16 | MR. KATAEV: Page 150 -- I'm sorry. 175, lines 8
- 17 | through 13.
- 18 THE COURT: Go ahead.
- 19 MR. KATAEV: Your Honor, permission to publish to the
- 20 | jury -- I'm sorry, to the witness.
- 21 THE COURT: Yes. To the witness, yes.
- 22 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Improper.
- 23 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 24 BY MR. KATAEV:

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Q. At your deposition, I asked you the following question, and

N7eWede2 Rubin - Direct

1 | you gave the following answer, didn't you?

- 2 | "Q. Withdrawn. I'll ask the question again.
- 3 | "Are you aware of, as highlighted in paragraph 10" -- I'll
- 4 | represent that it's paragraph of the complaint -- "that Dr.
- 5 | Edelman complained about the issue of office space to David
- 6 | Kaplan and Joseph Antonik
- 7 "A. I vaguely recall her complaining about this, but not in
- 8 | much detail."
- 9 A. This wasn't the question.
- 10 | Q. You were made aware of a complaint, right?
- 11 A. You asked me an HR complaint. I was not made aware of an
- 12 | HR complaint. I was aware of a complaint relating to an office
- 13 dispute. Your question said HR complaint.
- MR. KATAEV: Move to strike as unresponsive.
- 15 | THE COURT: I'm going to strike the last bit where he
- 16 | says "your question said an HR complaint" and instruct the
- 17 | witness not to argue with counsel.
- 18 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 19 | Q. You know, as we sit here today -- you've been here through
- 20 | the whole trial, correct?
- 21 A. I'm sorry. I didn't hear that.
- 22 | Q. You've been here through the whole trial, correct?
- 23 A. Most of it.
- 24 | Q. So you know that Dr. Edelman's complaint was made in
- 25 September of 2019, correct?

- 1 Α. Only through the trial.
- 2 After this complaint was made, Dr. Porges and Dr. Goldberg 0.
- made you aware of alleged clinical issues with her, correct? 3
  - I became aware of a complaint through them, yes. Α.
- 5 And you had an in-person meeting with Drs. Porges and
- Goldberg about this, didn't you? 6
- 7 I don't remember if it was in person, but I know I had a
- 8 meeting with both of them.
- And Mr. Swirnow was present with you, correct? 9 0.
- 10 Α. He was.

- 11 MR. KATAEV: 137, your Honor, lines 6 through 11.
- 12 THE COURT: Go ahead.
- 13 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 14 I asked you the following question, and you gave the
- following answer at your deposition in this case, didn't you? 15
- And in what manner did you discuss Dr. Edelman with Joshua 16
- 17 Swirnow; was it in person, on the phone?
- 18 "A. Yeah, it would have been in person. He was with me when I
- 19 met with Porges and Goldberg."
- 20 You gave that answer at your deposition, correct?
- 21 I guess I did, yes. Α.
- 22 And you, in fact, had an in-person meeting, didn't you? Ο.
- 23 Α. I must have.
- 24 But you were here when Mr. Swirnow testified that there was
- 25 no in-person meeting, correct?

- 1 A. I was here when he said he didn't recall. I don't recall.
- 2 Q. Mr. Swirnow testified to a phone call with Dr. Porges by
- 3 | himself and then a phone call with Dr. Goldberg by himself,
- 4 | didn't he?
- 5 A. I don't know what Mr. Swirnow testified to.
- 6 Q. Weren't you here when he was testifying?
  - A. Yes, but I don't know what he said.
- 8 Q. OK.

- 9 A. I didn't hear every word he said.
- 10 | Q. You weren't paying attention?
- 11 | A. I must not have been.
- 12 | Q. Prior to the email that Dr. Goldberg sent in November of
- 13 | 2020, no one else raised any issues with Dr. Edelman's clinical
- 14 performance, correct?
- 15 A. Ask that again? I'm sorry.
- 16 Q. Prior to the November 6, 2020, email that Dr. Porges sent,
- 17 | nobody else raised any issues regarding Dr. Edelman's clinical
- 18 performance, correct?
- 19 A. Not to me.
- 20 | Q. And Dr. Edelman was working at NYU for over six years at
- 21 | the time this issue was brought to your attention, correct?
- 22 | A. That is correct.
- 23 | Q. During your discussion with Drs. Porges and Goldberg,
- 24 whether it was in person or over the phone, you did not get
- 25 | into too much detail during your discussion, correct?

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- 1 In the -- on the call with Dr. Porges? Are you -- or the meeting with Dr. Porges? I'm sorry. I didn't hear. 2
- You tell me. Was it the phone call, or was it the meeting? 3
- I don't recall whether it was a phone call or a meeting, so 4
- I would have listened to what they said --5
- OK. 6 0.
- 7 -- which is what I did. Α.
- But you didn't get into all that much detail, did you? 8
- I would have listened to what they said, so if they got 9
- into detail -- I mean I don't know what detail means. 10
- 11 they -- I listened to what they said.
- 12 MR. KATAEV: Page 217, your Honor, lines 15 through
- 13 25.
- 14 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 15 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 16 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 17 Q. Now, you have no recollection of Dr. Porges ever telling
- 18 you about any problems with any other doctors, do you?
- 19 Not today, no, I don't recall. Α.
- 20 And with respect to the clinical performance issues raised
- 21 by Dr. Porges in his November 2020 email, you never discussed
- 22 any of those issues with Dr. Edelman, correct?
- I did -- I did not. 23 Α.
- 24 You told Dr. Edelman, after she was terminated, that NYU
- 25 was going in a different direction, correct?

- 1 A. Something like that.
- 2 | Q. And you heard testimony that Dr. Porges and Dr. Goldberg
- 3 each said that the issues with Dr. Edelman could not be
- 4 remediated, right?
- 5 A. Something like that.
- 6 Q. You did not ask Dr. Porges whether he had spoken to Dr.
- 7 | Edelman to fix these issues, correct?
- 8 A. I don't recall.
- 9 Q. You did not ask Dr. Goldberg whether he had spoken to Dr.
- 10 Edelman to fix these issues, correct?
- 11 A. I don't -- I don't recall.
- 12 | Q. And you just accepted what they said -- that they could not
- 13 be fixed, right?
- 14 A. Wrong. I'm going to say that I accepted what they said but
- 15 asked them to substantiate what they were saying. I mean
- 16 | not -- not clinically. I'm not clinical, but these people are
- 17 | our -- one is a medical director of an entire site. The other
- 18 | is the director of rheumatology. So I listened to what they
- 19 said.
- 20 MR. KATAEV: Move to strike as nonresponsive.
- 21 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 22 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 23 Q. Now, the issues that were raised were too many blood tests,
- 24 || right?
- 25 A. Amongst other things. I don't recall all the details.

- 1 MR. KATAEV: OK. Let's go to the email.
- 2 Permission to publish 86, your Honor.
- 3 | THE COURT: Granted.
- 4 MR. KATAEV: I apologize, your Honor. It's
- 5 | Plaintiff's Exhibit 1.
- 6 THE COURT: That's also granted.
- 7 BY MR. KATAEV:

- Q. You were made aware of this email that Dr. Porges sent to
- 9 Mr. Kaplan, correct?
- 10 A. I mean yes, I recall there was an email.
- 11 | Q. Focusing on what I have highlighted, this is where
- 12 Dr. Porges lists his clinical concerns --
- 13 | A. Right.
- 14 | Q. -- right?
- 15 Yes?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 | Q. And Dr. Porges refers to anecdotal observations, doesn't
- 18 he?
- 19 A. Correct.
- 20 | Q. And he says in here that he hasn't performed any formal
- 21 review, right?
- 22 A. Correct.
- 23 | Q. He says in here that Dr. Edelman has a pattern of ordering
- 24 | lab tests and a pattern not in keeping with the usual standards
- 25 of rheumatology practice, right?

- 1 That's what -- that's what it says.
- And he says in here that that pattern is that she routinely 2 0.
- needs more than ten tubes of blood to run a long list of 3
- obscure tests, right? 4
- 5 That's what it says.
- He did not provide any of the backup for this statement, 6
- 7 did he?
- 8 A. Not to me.
- 9 Q. So you had no actual evidence that what he was saying was 10 true, correct?
- 11 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 12 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 13 I -- I don't know what evidence means in this case.
- There were no actual patient charts that he provided to 14
- you, correct? 15
- 16 A. It would be inappropriate for him to provide me patient
- 17 charts.
- So he didn't provide you any, right? 18
- 19 It would be inappropriate for me to look at a patient
- 20 record.
- 21 Q. And you have no personal knowledge if what he said in here
- 22 is true, right?
- 23 I have no clinical knowledge.
- 24 But it makes sense, doesn't it, that if Dr. Edelman could
- 25 order less tests, the issue would be resolved, correct?

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- Α. No, that is not correct.
- And what do you base that on? 2 0.
- I base it on the allegation here that there were multiple 3
- issues, and this was one of the examples. 4
- Q. What other examples are there? You have it open in front 5
- of you. 6

- 7 A. X-ray -- texts have come in expressing concerns regarding
- 8 excessive x-ray tests.
- Q. And the same logic applies there, right; if you spoke to 9
- 10 Dr. Edelman and she agreed to do less x-rays, the problem --
- 11 I would never speak to Dr. Edelman about ordering tests.
- 12 That's not my role.
- 13 Q. You didn't ask Dr. Goldberg to do that or Dr. Porges to do
- that, did you? 14
- I asked them if her -- I asked them a different question. 15
- 16 It's fair to say that no one ever told her about these
- 17 issues before she was terminated, correct?
- 18 I honestly couldn't recall. Α.
- 19 And you never in any way investigated the issues that
- Dr. Goldberg and Dr. Porges raised, correct? 20
- 21 I investigated the issues that were reported to me with the
- 22 people, Drs. Goldberg and Porges, who are empowered to do that
- 23 investigation.
- 24 Other than those doctors, you did not investigate in any
- 25 other way to corroborate what they said, correct?

- 1 A. I had discussions with other clinicians.
- 2 Q. Dr. Porges told you here that he did not perform a formal
- 3 | review, right?
- 4 A. In this email?
- 5 | Q. Yes.
- 6 A. That's what it says in this email.
- 7 | Q. You never asked him to perform a formal review, did you?
- 8 A. I don't recall the details of my conversation with him.
- 9 Q. To your knowledge, nobody spoke to Dr. Edelman about these
- 10 | clinical issues, correct?
- 11 | A. I -- I really don't know.
- 12 | Q. Now, generally speaking, moving on to the human resources
- 13 complaints, you have familiarity with those human resources
- 14 | complaints, right?
- 15 | A. I do.
- 16 Q. Generally speaking, once a complaint is filed, there's an
- 17 | investigation conducted, right?
- 18 A. With an HR complaint? Yes.
- 19 | Q. And someone speaks to the person who complained, right?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 | Q. And that same person speaks to whoever the person
- 22 | complained about, right?
- 23 A. Correct.
- 24 | Q. And sometimes there are witnesses, and those people are
- 25 spoken to as well, correct?

- 1 A. Correct.
- 2 | Q. And in general practice at NYU, a report is created, right?
- 3 A. That I couldn't speak to -- the actual steps of how HR does
- 4 | their investigations. But I assume they would do something
- 5 | like that.

- 6 MR. KATAEV: Page 65, your Honor, lines 5 through 13.
- 7 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
  - THE COURT: Sustained.
- 9 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 10 | Q. You never received any reports from employee labor
- 11 | relations or human resources related to the complaint Dr.
- 12 | Edelman made, correct?
- 13 A. I did not.
- 14 | Q. When a doctor is served with a malpractice suit, that is
- 15 | something that's brought to your attention, correct?
- 16 A. It is not.
- MR. KATAEV: 121, your Honor, line 22 through 25.
- 18 THE COURT: Sure. Go ahead.
- 19 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 20 | Q. At your deposition, I asked you the following question, and
- 21 | you gave the following answer, isn't that right?
- 22 | "Q. Whenever a physician in the faculty group practice is sued
- 23 | for medical malpractice, is that something that comes to your
- 24 attention?
- 25 | "A. Sometimes, not always."

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- 1 Do you recall providing that answer?
- 2 | A. I do.
- 3 Q. So what you just testified was not true, correct?
- 4 A. I think I just said the same thing, but -- this, this
- 5 statement is the answer.
- 6 Q. I just asked you this question before I showed you this
- 7 | testimony, and you said it is not something that's brought to
- 8 | your attention, isn't that right?
- 9 A. This statement is the correct statement.
- 10 | Q. The one in the deposition?
- 11 A. In the deposition.
- 12 | Q. What you just testified to is not true, correct?
- 13 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 14 | A. I'm going to disagree.
- 15 | THE COURT: Sustained. And stop arguing with the
- 16 witness.
- 17 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 18 Q. You don't perform a full review of a doctor when there's a
- 19 | malpractice suit against them, correct?
- 20 A. You cut out. I couldn't hear you.
- 21 | Q. You do not perform a full review of a physician when a
- 22 | malpractice suit is brought against them, correct?
- 23 A. I do not perform a review, no.
- 24 | Q. And you don't ask anyone to perform a review when it's
- 25 | brought to your attention that there's a medical malpractice

- 1 | suit?
- 2 A. I don't, but it's done.
- 3 Q. Going to credentialing of doctors, there's a medical staff
- 4 office that's responsible for that, right?
- 5 A. Correct.
- 6 Q. And the medical staff office deals with recertifying
- 7 | physicians with respect to their boards, correct?
- 8 A. They deal with collecting the documentations and making
- 9 sure everything is up to date.
- 10 | Q. And that includes anything in relation to the boards,
- 11 || right?
- 12 A. Yeah, if they need to be board certified, that would be in
- 13 | there.
- 14 | Q. If a doctor fails his or her boards, that's something you
- 15 | would be notified of, wouldn't you?
- 16 A. No, not always.
- MR. KATAEV: 139, your Honor, 5 through 8.
- 18 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Improper.
- 19 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 20 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 21 | Q. Prior to terminating Dr. Edelman, and without divulging the
- 22 | actual discussions held, you consulted with NYU's attorneys
- 23 concerning firing Dr. Edelman, correct?
- 24 | A. We -- non -- before we nonrenew any physician, including
- 25 Dr. Edelman, I consult with NYU legal counsel, correct.

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- 1 | Q. And you did do that with respect to --
- 2 A. Absolutely.
- $3 \parallel Q. -- right?$
- 4 Now, you were -- withdrawn.
- It was brought to your attention early on in Dr. Edelman's
- 6 career at NYU about some alleged interpersonal issues, right?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 Q. And you actually had a meeting with Dr. Edelman at One
- 9 Park, at your offices, correct?
- 10 A. Yes, I believe that's the meeting that was with Josh
- 11 | Swirnow and Fran Drummond.
- 12 | Q. And it was important for you to take the time to counsel
- 13 her on these issues, correct?
- 14 A. Absolutely.
- 15 | Q. But you didn't take the time to counsel her on these issues
- 16 | with clinical performance, did you?
- 17 A. Wouldn't be my job.
- 18 | Q. You didn't take the time to have anyone else, to delegate
- 19 | that task to somebody else, right?
- 20 | A. I spent a lot of time on this issue.
- 21  $\parallel$  Q. But you testified that no one spoke to Dr. Edelman --
- 22 | A. I testified I don't know if someone spoke to her.
- 23 | O. You're not aware of that?
- 24 A. Not aware.
- 25 | Q. Going back to that 2017 meeting, you did tell her that she

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should be more pleasant, didn't you?

- Someone's going to have to tell me if I do this wrong. Α.
- The purpose of the meeting was to address behavioral issues 3
- 4 she was having with the staff. My goal in any of those
- 5 meetings is to find common ground so that the physician can go
- 6 back to the office and be successful. So, I thought Dr.
- 7 Edelman was a good doctor, and I wanted her to be successful.
- She had conflict, interpersonal conflict in her interactions 8
- 9 with staff and managers, and I told her to try to be nicer to
- 10 them.
- 11 You also told her to be more polite, right?
- 12 I -- I don't know what words I used, but if she was
- 13 impolite, I would have encouraged her to be more polite, as I
- 14 would any physician. I --
- But --15 Q.
- Go ahead. 16
- 17 I'm good. That's fine. Α. No.
- 18 But you denied telling her to smile more, right?
- 19 I really -- I really don't know. I think people should
- 20 smile more, so it's not inconceivable that if she wasn't
- 21 smiling I would have told her to smile. I would have told
- 22 anyone to smile.
- 23 You deny telling her to fake it till she makes it, right?
- 24 That's just not a word I would use, a phrase I would
- 25 use, but everything you're describing is close to that, so I

- 1 | could see how she might have thought that's what I said.
- 2 | Q. Now, Sharon Kurtz is someone that led, or still leads
- 3 possibly, NYU's compliance department, correct?
- 4 A. She does.
- 5 Q. She handled EEO policies -- I'm sorry. She handled equal
- 6 | employment opportunity policies, correct?
- 7 A. I don't -- she's our chief compliance officer. I don't
- 8 know that that's who handles that. HR handles ELR and labor
- 9 relations.
- 10 | Q. And you're not aware of any involvement by Ms. Kurtz in Dr.
- 11 | Edelman's complaint, right?
- 12 A. As it relates to which complaint?
- 13 Q. The complaint about harassment and discrimination.
- 14 A. I don't know what -- I don't -- I still don't know exactly
- 15 | what the complaint was. I've learned a lot, but I don't know,
- 16 at the time.
- 17 | Q. Did anyone ever tell you that Dr. Edelman refused to try to
- 18 reduce the number of blood tests that she did?
- 19 A. I'm sorry. Ask that again?
- 20 | Q. Did anybody ever tell you that Dr. Edelman refused to try
- 21 | to reduce the number of blood tests she did?
- 22 | A. No.
- 23 Q. Did anyone ever tell you that Dr. Edelman refused to try to
- 24 reduce the number of x-rays she performed?
- 25 A. No. Again, not me.

- Q. Now, you conduct a business review of every doctor every year, correct?
- 3 A. For the most part. If I don't -- if I can't do it,
- 4 Mr. Swirnow would do it, but a review is done for sure.
  - Q. And part of the review is generating a report, right?
- A. I get a summary of -- I mean we have 3,600 doctors, and I
- 7 have lots of responsibilities so there are lots of different
- 8 documents I use. But I try -- I usually get a summary.
- 9 Q. And that summary consists of the number of RVUs -
  10 MR. KATAEV: Hold on. Withdrawn.
- Q. When you do a business review, your review consists of the number of RVUs earned against the target, correct?
- 13 | A. Yeah.

- 14 Q. It also deals with attendance, right?
- 15 A. No. In the context of if someone's not meeting their RVUs,
- 16 attendance may come up, but we don't -- physicians don't have
- 17 attendance. They don't, they don't do that. They're based on
- 18 productivity.
- 19 Q. And your business review also consists of looking at
- 20 patient satisfaction scores, right?
- 21 A. My business reviews don't. We do look at them, but I don't
- 22 | look at them as part of the annual review. I could, but I
- 23 | don't.
- 24 | Q. And you have an entire business team of about ten people at
- 25 your disposal to assist you with this task, correct?

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- With which task? Α.
- Business reviews. 2 0.
- Business reviews I couldn't speak to. It's pretty big 3
- right now. 4
- 5 Q. The business team produces the data for each doctor that
- worked there, at NYU, under your purview, correct? 6
- 7 Α. Correct.
- 8 And you monitor the RVUs of all the doctors to make sure
- 9 that they meet the contractual requirements, right?
- 10 I wouldn't -- I would say annually I review them. I can't
- 11 monitor 3,600 doctors on a daily basis.
- 12 When you do look at the business reviews of a doctor, do
- 13 you determine whether the doctor meets their RVU target?
- I do. Well, the data determines whether they meet them. 14 Α.
- 15 Q. And to your knowledge, do the doctors meet their targets?
- 16 Most do. Some don't. Α.
- 17 Would it be fair to say that when some don't, that's an
- issue of concern for NYU, correct? 18
- 19 Not necessarily. There can be lots of factors that would
- 20 cause someone to not meet their targets.
- 21 Q. And your testimony that some doctors do and some doctors
- 22 don't meet their targets is based on the RVU reports that you
- 23 receive, correct?
- 24 And just to clarify, I said most do, some don't.
- 25 And those RVU reports contain the name, specialty,

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practice, location, and the actual RVUs earned, correct? 1 2 I'm not -- I don't use that report. I don't know what 3 report that is. It may exist. I use a manually prepared table 4 that gives me the summary of large blocks of doctors, just 5 because there's too many for me to review. 6 MR. KATAEV: 295, your Honor, lines 6 through 12. 7 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Improper. 8 THE COURT: No. Go ahead. 9 10 MR. KATAEV: Permission to publish to the witness 11 only? 12 THE COURT: Yes. 13 BY MR. KATAEV: 14 Q. At your deposition on October 25, 2021, I asked you the 15 following question, and you gave the following answer, correct? When reviewing a doctor's performance on an annual basis, 16

Q. At your deposition on October 25, 2021, I asked you the following question, and you gave the following answer, correct?

"Q. When reviewing a doctor's performance on an annual basis, when you personally do it, what kind of data do you see?

"A. Usually I will see their name, their specialty, their practice, location, their RVUs, their RVU target and their compensation and the date of their renewal."

You provided that answer to that question, correct?

- A. Yes, and this is exactly what I was referring to.
- Q. When it says here their RVUs, you're referring to the actual RVUs they earn for that year, right?
  - A. What's on the sheet is -- yes, and what's on the sheet is

1 that and their target.

- 2 Q. OK. And that way you can compare and see whether they met 3 their target --
- A. Correct. 4

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- Q. -- right?
- Fair to say the reports themselves and any other documents you use would be more accurate than your memory as to whether doctors met their targets, correct?
- A. I'm -- 100 percent. I wouldn't know a single doctor's RVU 9 10 today.
- 11 Q. And your testimony about whether doctors met their RVU 12 targets would be more accurate if you had the actual reports in 13 hand, correct?
- 14 A. Not really. I mean I know in general who's making their numbers and who's not -- I don't know their actual number. If 15 you ask me their actual number, of course I would need their 16 17 actual number. But if you're asking me in general is Dr. X 18 making their number, I -- it's not a guarantee, but I'm more 19 likely to know than not know.
- 20 Q. But without the reports, no one can verify that what you're 21 saying is true --
- 22 A. But I --
- 23 -- correct? 0.
- 24 Α. Well, that -- no. You would have to take my word.
- 25 And we're taking your testimony now about whether doctors

- meet their RVU targets, but you have these documents available
  in your office, right?
- 3 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- A. Well, I actually don't have them in my office. After the meeting they leave my office. It's just a spreadsheet. So I
  - Q. But if you were in your office, you could have these reports pulled up, couldn't you?
- 9 A. Absolutely.

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don't have them.

- Q. So if you had the reports you could tell to the T for any doctor in any year how many RVUs that doctor earned, correct?
- 12 A. Absolutely.
- Q. But again, you don't have any of these reports with you today?
- 15 | A. No. Just me here alone.
- Q. And to your knowledge, your attorneys won't be showing you those reports today, correct?
- 18 || A. I --
- 19 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 20 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 21 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 22 | Q. Dr. Edelman is no longer employed by NYU, correct?
- 23 | A. No, she's not.
- Q. And Dr. Edelman was under a contract and could not be terminated except for cause, correct?

Rubin - Direct

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- I believe that's what it said, yes.
- 2 And you agree with me that Dr. Edelman was not terminated 0.
- 3 for cause, correct?
- I do agree with you. 4 Α.
- 5 And she did not fit any of the for-cause definitions laid
- out in her contract, right? 6
- 7 Α. Correct.
- 8 Q. And you're not aware of any failure of Dr. Edelman to meet
- her performance standards or objectives as it relates to the 9
- 10 wRVU target, correct?
- 11 I'm not aware of her not meeting her targets, correct.
- 12 fact, I believe she exceeded them.
- 13 Q. And you made the decision not to renew Dr. Edelman's
- 14 contract, right?
- 15 Α. I -- I did, with consultation from others, yes.
- And prior to determining whether to -- withdrawn. 16
- 17 Prior to determining that her contract will not be renewed,
- 18 you did not provide Dr. Edelman any opportunity to address the
- 19 clinical concerns raised to you, correct?
- 20 That wouldn't be my role, so no, I -- I personally did not. Α.
- 21 And you didn't ask anyone to do so, correct? Q.
- 22 Α. I personally did not ask them, no.
- 23 And it's fair to say that you do not have any knowledge as
- 24 to how the issues that Drs. Goldberg and Porges raised to you
- 25 came to their attention, correct?

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Rubin - Direct

- 1 A. Well, I know what they told me how they came.
- 2 | Q. But you don't know how they came to their attention, right?
  - A. No. I know some, some of it.
- 4 | Q. And you don't have the full picture, right?
- 5 A. I have a picture, a big enough picture to ask -- to have
- 6 asked for the meeting I Dr. Goldberg. Whether that be on the
- 7 | phone or in person, I don't recall.
- 8 | Q. And to your knowledge, Mr. Swirnow did not discuss these
- 9 performance issues with her, correct?
- 10 A. Did -- ask the question again? I'm sorry.
- 11 | Q. To your knowledge, Mr. Swirnow did not discuss these
- 12 performance issues with her before the termination?
- 13 A. Dr. Edelman?
- 14 Q. Yes.
- 15 | A. I don't believe so.
- 16 Q. Same question of Mr. Kaplan.
- 17 A. Definitely not David.
- 18 Q. And same question of Dr. Porges.
- 19 | A. I can't -- I don't know if Dr. Porges and Dr. Edelman spoke
- 20 about it.
- 21 | Q. You're not aware of any such discussions, correct?
- 22 | A. I'm not.
- 23 Q. Same question with Dr. Goldberg.
- 24 A. Same answer. I'm not aware.
- 25 Q. And same question with Mr. Antonik, correct?

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- 1 Α. Definitely not Joe Antonik.
- And Ms. Ruiz definitely didn't discuss --2 0.
- 3 Α. Definitely not.
- It's fair to say that these concerns brought to your 4 Q.
- 5 attention from the November 6, 2020, email is what led to Dr.
- Edelman's nonrenewal, correct? 6
- 7 It's the only thing that led to the nonrenewal.
- And at the time that you received this email in November of 8
- 2020, you were not aware that Dr. Porges's email was a 9
- 10 cut-and-paste job of Mr. Antonik's email, correct?
- 11 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 12 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 13 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 14 Q. At the time you that received Dr. Porges's email, you were
- 15 not aware that Mr. Antonik played a role in giving information
- 16 to Dr. Porges, correct?
- 17 I don't even think I got an email from Dr. Porges. I
- 18 had -- I had a conversation with Mr. Swirnow that Dr. Porges
- 19 had raised some -- some serious concerns. Maybe I got an
- 20 email. I don't recall. But I -- I said let's get on the phone
- 21 or have a meeting -- again, I don't know if it was in person or
- 22 on the phone -- with Dr. Porges to hear what's going on.
- 23 It's fair to say that you had no knowledge of Mr. Antonik's
- 24 involvement in providing information about --
- 25 Definitely not, definitely not. Α.

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MR. KATAEV: Just one second, your Honor?

- 2 When you set salaries for physicians coming to NYU, there 0. was no seniority system in place, correct? 3
  - I -- define -- I don't -- I don't think I understand the question.
    - Q. For example, you didn't have a system where if you're a doctor at NYU for five years you get this kind of salary and if you're a doctor at NYU for ten years you get this type of salary. Correct?
- 10 There are certain areas within the health system there 11 where doctors -- that's a -- that's a factor, but it's not a 12 hard -- you know, we don't pay people years one and two as X, 13 years three and four as Y. No. There could be departments or 14 divisions where that's part of it, but that wouldn't be 15 exclusively it.
  - Dr. Edelman was not part of any such system, right?
- 17 No, she was not. Α.
- 18 Q. And you don't pay any physicians based on the quality or 19 quantity of the RVUs, correct?
  - A. We pay physicians using a multiple -- a multitude of reasons. One, as we've pointed out, is the business plan, and then others are years in practice or how long they've been practicing, their credentials. It could also be a need we have, if there's a shortage of physicians of a certain type. There could be -- there could -- they could have academic

- 1 interests, nonacademic interests, clinical interests,
- 2 | nonclinical. There's research interests. There's a whole
- 3 | multitude of things that we factor in to how people get paid.
- 4 | Q. But Dr. Edelman, her compensation was not --
- 5 A. Dr. Edelman was a clinical recruit.
- 6 Q. And with respect to these items that you just testified
- 7 | about, there's nothing in writing concerning that, correct?
- 8 | A. Writing in terms of what?
- 9 Q. In terms of how the compensation formula is made, on
- 10 | quality or quantity system.
- 11 A. Well, I think every -- every person in the United States is
- 12 | hired the same way.
- MR. KATAEV: Move to strike as not responsive.
- 14 A. I'm not sure I understand the question. I'm happy to
- 15 answer. I just don't understand it.
- 16 | Q. There's no merit system with respect to the setting of
- 17 | salaries for physicians, correct?
- 18 A. I don't know what a merit -- I don't know what merit system
- 19 means in this case.
- 20 | Q. It would be fair to say that there is no such system in
- 21 | place for setting salaries, correct?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 23 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 24 BY MR. KATAEV:

25

Q. It's fair to say that incoming doctors are not paid based

on seniority, correct? 1

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- 2 They could be paid on seniority if they have seniority.
- Just because they're incoming doesn't mean they don't have 3
- 4 seniority, because I just said seniority could be -- you know,
- 5 someone could be incoming from another state, filling a need we
- 6 have, with 20 years of experience. And that person, if they
- 7 have the academic credentials and fill the need, whatever the
- programmatic need is we have, we would recruit them at a salary 8
- that could be high or low, depending on the circumstances. 9
- 10 But there's no written system in place, is there?
- 11 Written -- I don't know what -- I just -- I don't know what
- 12 written means in this case.
- 13 Q. Well, if you don't know what it means, that means there's
- 14 nothing in writing concerning this?
- A. Do I refer to a document, a checklist when I recruit? 15
- I don't, if that's what you mean. 16
- 17 MR. KATAEV: Your Honor, permission to publish 24?
- 18 It's already in evidence.
- 19 THE COURT: Permission granted.
- 20 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 21 Showing you Dr. Goldberg's initial employment agreement.
- 22 Are you familiar with it?
- 23 Yes.
- 24 Yes, I could see it. I could see it.
- 25 Dr. Goldberg was paid \$315,000 when he first came to NYU,

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Rubin - Direct

- 1 | correct?
- 2 A. Yeah, that's what it says.
- 3 | Q. And he was only, his clinical compensation consisted of
- 4 \$290,000, correct?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 Q. And when he negotiated with you, he asked for \$290,000,
- 7 | correct?
- 8 A. I -- I genuinely don't recall my negotiation with
- 9 Dr. Goldberg.
- 10 | Q. When Dr. Goldberg came to NYU, he was working at another
- 11 practice, right?
- 12 | A. That I know. I believe he was at Northwell.
- 13 | Q. And he told you what his salary was at Northwell, right?
- 14 A. I assume so.
- 15  $\parallel$  Q. And to your knowledge, that salary was approximately
- 16 | \$200,000, correct?
- 17 | A. I, I just told you I don't know what he was making or
- 18 any of the circumstances at the time of his recruit.
- 19 Q. Dr. Goldberg was only required to earn 3,481 RVUs for the
- 20 | \$290,000, correct?
- 21 A. That's what this says, yes.
- 22 MR. KATAEV: I'd like to place up exhibit 8. It's
- 23 | already in evidence.
- 24 THE COURT: Go ahead.
- 25 BY MR. KATAEV:

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Rubin - Direct

- 1 | Q. This is Dr. Edelman's initial employment agreement,
- 2 correct?
- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 | Q. She was paid \$207,000, correct?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 Q. And her RVU target was 4,966, correct?
- 7 A. That's what this says, yes.
- 8 | Q. And she had to earn more RVUs, but she was paid less than
- 9 Dr. Goldberg, correct?
- 10 A. That -- well, that's what these documents say, yes.
- 11 MR. KATAEV: 31, your Honor. It's already in
- 12 | evidence.
- 13 THE COURT: Go ahead.
- 14 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 15 | Q. And this is Dr. Porges's initial employment agreement,
- 16 || right?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 | Q. He was paid \$340,000, correct?
- 19 A. Yes, that's what this says.
- 20  $\parallel$  Q. And for that \$340,000, he was required to earn 6,524 RVUs,
- 21 | correct?
- 22 A. Again, that's what this says, yes.
- 23 | Q. And you were here when we showed Dr. Mehta what she would
- 24 | earn in compensation?
- 25 A. Actually, I wasn't here for Dr. Mehta's testimony.

25

1 MR. KATAEV: No further questions, your Honor. 2 THE COURT: OK. Defense examination. Members of the jury, if you want to take a final 3 4 stretch break, we're going till 2 o'clock and then we'll break 5 for the weekend. 6 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Permission to water the witness? 7 THE COURT: Mr. Fishman. MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Oh, he has. 8 9 THE COURT: Mr. Schoenstein. 10 CROSS-EXAMINATION 11 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN: All right. Mr. Rubin, let's learn a little bit about you. 12 13 Can you tell the jury where you're from, where you grew 14 up, that kind of thing? 15 Α. I'll be brief, though, because I can talk a lot. I was born in New York. My dad was in the army. He's a 16 17 surgeon, retired surgeon. We moved to New Jersey after the army, a few years in Louisiana. So I've been around health 18 care my whole life. I went to Skidmore College, where I was an 19 20 accountant, worked for Ernst & Young, Price Waterhouse and got 21 into healthcare consulting, went to Tulane University 22 Healthcare System for my master's in health administration. 23 Married 25 years this November to my husband, and we have

Married 25 years this November to my husband, and we have an amazingly perfect two and a half-year-old Goldendoodle.

Q. Did that experience, growing up in health care, did that

Rubin - Cross

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correlate to you ending up in the career you ended up in?

I'm glad you asked. This is not rehearsed. Α.

Yes, it did. I went to the hospital on weekends, made rounds with my father. I think he wanted me to be a doctor, but he always complained about being a doctor, so subliminally sending messages not to be a doctor. But I really liked the Never did I imagine that I would -- my healthcare career would take me in the direction it did, where I would be running a physician group of almost 3,600 doctors now.

- Is your husband full time employed as well? 0.
- He works in communications. 11 Α.
- And you've been with NYU, I think, you said since 2000? 12
  - Yeah, technically, since this is a court, I've been with Α. NYU since 1998. I was a consultant working on various projects with them for two years prior to going to them full time.

When I started, this physician group didn't exist, so I knew they wanted to build the physician group. They hired a physician from Boston, who has then been -- his name is Andrew, as is my name. My husband's name is Andrew as well, so I'm surrounded by Andrews. I've worked for him for 23 years.

- And so you've been involved in building that physician group from the beginning of your tenure?
- 23 From scratch. All of it. Infrastructure, everything. Α.
- 24 How many physicians have you been involved in hiring? Ο.
- 25 The 3,600 we have now is misleading, because, you know, we Α.

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hire 300 a year, but 200 leave. So the number's actually much 1

- 2 I probably individually negotiated deals with, I'm larger.
- going to say with Mr. Swirnow, who's been with me a long time 3
- 4 as well, at least, at least a thousand to 1,200. Some, you
- 5 know, an anesthesiologist, radiologist would just get a
- 6 They wouldn't have an individual meeting or
- 7 negotiation. So I'm going to say a thousand to 1,200, give or
- take. 8
- Q. And the faculty group practice, what's the geographic scope 9
- 10 for that practice?

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- 11 It's Manhattan, Brooklyn, Queens, Staten Island, Nassau and
- 12 Suffolk counties. We do not go into the Bronx or Westchester.
- 13 Our competitors are, are heavily entrenched there, so that --
- 14 that territory we ceded to Northwell and Mount Sinai and New
- 15 York-Presbyterian.
- What about Long Island; do you go all the way East? 16
- 17 We go all the way East out to the very, very tip on the
- 18 north and south forks.
- 19 A couple quickies here as we begin. I want a little help
- 20 with you understanding something about NYU Medical School.
- 21 Are you familiar with the NYU Medical School?
- 22 Α. I am.
- 23 So I'm going to quit being a lawyer after this trial
- 24 and try to go to medical school.
- 25 That would be a good idea. Α.

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- If I get in, if I can get in -- and how many people get
- into the medical school? 2
- That's a -- I'm going to say 200 -- we have two medical 3
- We have one on Long Island --4 schools.
- 5 Q. Yup.
- -- which is a three-year primary care medical school. 6
- 7 then we have one in Manhattan, which is a four-year accredited
- medical school, which is all the specialties. 8
- The acceptance rate is exceptionally low. I think it's 200 9
- 10 on -- on the main, in the Manhattan medical school and around
- 11 60 on Long Island.
- 12 But if I get in -- I'm really smart. If I get into the
- 13 Manhattan school, do I have to pay tuition?
- You do not have to pay tuition in either medical school. 14 Α.
- 15 0. And what if I want to take a specialty; do I have to pay
- 16 tuition?
- 17 In Manhattan, you do not. Medical school is free for
- 18 everyone at NYU. We have a very nice donor who funded that.
- 19 Q. All right. Another thing I want to clear up, when we're
- 20 talking about pay for the doctors at NYU, you're eminently
- 21 involved in compensation issues for doctors, right?
- 22 Α. Correct.
- 23 You have a good working knowledge of that?
- 24 Α. 25 years' worth, yes.
- 25 So let's talk for a minute about pay for research, because

there have been a lot of questions today of you and others about doctors getting paid for research.

When does a doctor get paid separately for research, and when doesn't it happen? Can you clarify that?

A. Yes. This is very important to understand because we've seen a lot of tables on -- charts on our screens.

The research that you see on the chart on the screen, when it's, when it's shown to you is for true -- what I would use the word "true" research.

So you're not actually in a practice running clinical trials on patients and seeing patients as part of your day. It's when you actually have a paid component of your job, where you're in a laboratory, actually conducting, writing research grants, performing lab tests, using lab equipment, studying different cells and genomes. That's what we call research at NYU. And those jobs are paid completely separately from the clinical enterprise. They are funded by grants. They are funded by donors. They are funded by the NIH. And when you see somebody who has that job, they would have — and they could be clinicians too, but on their table, it would have a percentage research effort and a dollar associated with it.

So when we talk about clinicians who do research in their practice, that's not actual academic research, funded research. That's clinical research that's funded through clinical trials and part of their clinical practice.

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And if I go to a doctor, sometimes there would be a form 2 that says do I agree to take part in this, that or the other

research thing, is that what you're talking about? 3

4 Α. That would --

MR. KATAEV: Objection. Leading.

Α. That could be --

THE COURT: Overruled.

That could be either. So you can -- you know, I was in the Covid Pfizer study, phase 1. That was actually true research. As the study expanded and it got moved out into practices, when they wanted, as they are now, still doing Covid research and

the like, some of that can be done in a practice where a

physician is seeing patients. They're doing an office visit.

They're sending out a bill, but they have a component of their

15 time in the exam room where they are doing a research

something, and the patient would fill out that form you just 16

17 described to say they understand they're part of a research

study. The doctor would do that. That would be -- that

19 portion of their salary would come through what we call

20 clinical research because money would be coming in to fund that

21 effort.

Q. And Dr. Porges, of those two different types of research,

23 what was he involved in?

He was in the latter. He was in the clinical research.

25 was not being paid to sit in the laboratory, write grants and do the other types of research. He was working with pharmaceutical companies, clinical trial organizations on treatments for rheumatological diseases where those patients were part of his clinical practice. Some of those patients were on research studies. Some of them were not.

- Q. Does that clinical research add value to a doctor, from NYU's perspective?
- A. 100 percent add -- 1,000 percent.

Clinical trials is how we advance health care. You know, every, every time a new drug comes out, you need a mechanism to test its efficacy -- not so much is it safe, because by the time it gets into a practice it's already been proven safe. But you want large numbers of people trying these new drugs because each new drug that is successful treats the next problem that we have or have not been able to cure.

So it is highly regarded and highly encouraged, but at the same time not everybody wants to do it because it's time-consuming, and people who want to do research tend to want to do research and make that a big part of their lives. And, and candidly, many of our clinicians in our network don't do it just for that reason.

Q. OK.

- A. The places you tend to see it most is cancer, and cancer has a lot of clinical trials.
  - Q. Stick with me on my question.

1 A. Sorry.

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- Q. That's OK.
- 3 A. I told you I talk too much.
  - Q. I know. I know. Me too.

Let's look to the same kind of analysis for the administrative work. right? We've heard about administrative work.

There are two different types of administrative work, is that right?

- A. Correct.
- 11 Q. And what are those?

administrative-time day.

A. So, I think Mr. Swirnow talked about it a little bit. When a physician has a practice, part of their job is seeing patients. Part of their job is doing everything else related to that — following up with patients, documenting the patient, calling them at home. Anything involving patient care that's not when they're in the exam room, that's called administrative. And I believe Dr. Edelman had an

Some doctors now only see patients four days a week, and they use the fifth day to get caught up on that administrative time. Other doctors see patients five days a week, and they do it in the evening. In fact, it's a big challenge in the healthcare system, because there's is so much of this work.

But it's part of the clinical practice.

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Rubin - Cross

Administrative time that's paid for, as it relates to what you see in those charts, again, is for specific jobs, managing a specific item of work that we need managed. That's administration.

I'm an administrator. If I had a contract, which I don't, you would see my salary on the line that says administrative.

- Q. OK. Thank you for that. Now let's talk more generally.

  What is your role in determining what physicians are hired and how much they get paid?
- A. I'm part of a team. So the business plan, which we've all seen --
- Q. No, no. What is your role?
- A. My role? I hire the person. I make the offer.
- Q. OK. And what is your process for determining what offer to make?
- 16 A. I'm going to look at the business plan that we've all seen.
- 17 | I'm going to look at their credentials. I'm going to look at
- 18 | the need in the network. I'm going to look at how many years'
- 19 experience they have. I'm going to look at their external
- 20 activities, if they have them. And again, some do, some don't.
- 21 | I'm going to look at the geography, where we're putting them.
- 22 | And then based on all those factors, when I meet with the
- 23 physician, with that business plan as sort of the foundation,
- 24 we would present an offer.
- 25 | Q. That business plan gives you some of the economic

1 | information?

- 2 A. Business plan -- I used the word "foundation" on purpose.
- 3 It sets the baseline for what we think, you know, gives us the
- 4 guide point, the starting point of where we think we need to
- 5 go.
- 6 | Q. Is it the only relevant factor?
- 7 A. No. That's what I was saying. There's lots of other
- 8 | factors, and those, again, can be academic versus nonacademic;
- 9 | years of experience; the reputational status in the community;
- 10 do we have a need in the community that we can't meet? Do we
- 11 | have a geography that we can't cover? So there are all sorts
- 12 | of factors that go into compensation of how we pay a physician
- 13 beyond just the economics of a business plan.
- 14 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Narrative.
- THE COURT: What's the basis of your objection?
- 16 MR. KATAEV: Narrative.
- 17 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 18 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 19 Q. Is there any kind of formula that you utilize to come up
- 20 | with an offer?
- 21 A. No. I think -- I think I answered that with Mr. Kataev.
- 22 don't have a checklist, a written checklist.
- 23 | Q. Does NYU do any benchmarking of physician salaries that
- 24 | you're aware of?
- 25 A. We do. We have a -- we have a couple check -- checks and

Rubin - Cross

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balances in the system.

First, every contract that I negotiate goes then from my -once we get it, the terms, once we have a handshake deal, it goes to our legal department. And our legal team, depending on the circumstances, will either internally or externally have it evaluated for what we call fair market value. We're a not-for-profit health system. We have to make sure we're paying people appropriate salaries for the work they're doing. It's called fair market value, so we do a fair market value check.

And then it goes to the executive vice president of human resources at NYU Langone Health. That's the top HR position. And she actually checks it to make sure that we're paying -not underpaying or not overpaying based on external benchmarks that we use, provided by either Sullivan Cotter, which is an external benchmarking agency, or the AAMC, which is another benchmarking agency. So we have two -- two checks to make sure that the contracts are fair.

- Q. Would Dr. Edelman's contract have gone through those checks?
- Α. Yes.
- And you say not overpaying or underpaying. Does that mean to make sure that the salary's not too low or too high?
- A salary can be too high. We just have to be able to -- we have to go through more checks to justify it, to make sure it

- 1 passes compliance. A salary cannot be too low because we are
- 2 bound by -- we will not pay any physician below the 25th
- percentile within the northeast region of the AAMC or Sullivan 3
- 4 Cotter. I don't recall for some reason now. But we will
- 5 not -- that we cannot do.
- Q. Do you have any personal knowledge of a surveying done by 6
- 7 NYU about their physician salaries, just as a more general
- 8 matter?
- 9 A. Well, every year we submit our -- I don't think this is
- 10 what you're asking. You'll have to ask me again.
- 11 Ο. Do you --
- 12 Do we have -- I know in the past we have.
- 13 THE COURT: If you don't understand the question,
- 14 counsel will ask a new question.
- BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN: 15
- Q. Are you aware of any surveys done of physician salaries by 16
- 17 NYU as a general matter?
- 18 A. I'm aware that one has been done in the past. I don't
- 19 remember exactly when, and I don't know if they do it on a
- 20 regular basis, but I know it's been done.
- 21 Q. OK. All right. And you mentioned the processes go through
- 22 both legal and HR, is that right?
- 23 A. Yes.
- 24 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Leading.
- 25 Sustained. THE COURT:

- 1 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 2 | Q. Let me ask you a question. When you're setting salaries,
- 3 do you take into account the gender of the physician in any
- 4 | way?
- 5 A. Absolutely not.
- 6 Q. Do you take into account race or national origin?
- 7 A. Absolutely not.
- 8 Q. Do you take any other personal identifying characteristics
- 9 | into account?
- 10 A. Absolutely not.
- 11 | Q. Do you have a belief as a personal matter as to whether men
- 12 | and women should be paid the same?
- 13 A. 100 percent they should be paid the same.
- 14 | Q. And what's the basis of that personal belief?
- 15 A. Well, it's pretty -- it's pretty deep. I mean I'm 55 years
- 16 old. I grew up in a different time. I'm a member of a
- 17 | protected class, and I feel very strongly that people should be
- 18 paid the same for the work they're doing.
- 19 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Opinion testimony.
- 20 | THE COURT: It's a little late, so overruled.
- 21 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 22 | Q. All right. I don't want to send this jury home for the
- 23 | weekend without talking a little more about RVUs, so I'm going
- 24 | to ask you a few more questions about it.
- 25 THE COURT: Or the judge.

1 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Yeah. Everybody.

- Q. From your point of view, sir, and your position, which you've described, what do RVUs measure?
  - A. It -- they measure -- it's -- it only does one thing. An RVU only has one purpose. It's to measure productivity.
    - Q. And is every RVU worth the same amount?

physician productivity.

- A. This has been asked a lot. Every RVU is assigned to a service and has a different amount based on the service that's being provided. And what's unique about RVUs, which hasn't been said, so I'll say it, is that it measures physician work, and it removes any geographical boundary that may exist. So a doctor who sees a patient in their office in New York City has the same work-RVU as someone who sees it in Columbus, Ohio. So it's a standardized, universal in the United States, measure of
- Q. Now, I'm going to try to ask you this question, and make sure you follow it, please.

From NYU's perspective, when doctors are earning RVUs, is the first RVU worth the same to NYU as the 6,000th RVU? Do you understand my question?

- A. I do understand your question, but I -- I think it's going to confuse people.
- So, when you generate work, you're generating, for lack of a better word, work then translates to income, but there is more cost associated with us providing the infrastructure for

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system.

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the physician to do the work if -- on that first RVU.

So when you get to 6,000 RVUs, in counsel's example, you've already got the infrastructure built. You've got the space. You've got the nurses. You've got the computer system. You've got the medical systems in place. So the concept is the more RVUs the more efficient the practice is, and therefore, the more economic -- positive economic value there is to the health

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: My question may have been confusing,

MR. KATAEV: Objection.

BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:

but your answer wasn't.

- Does NYU have a dollar amount it associates with wRVU?
- 14 A. No. In fact, it, it -- it troubles me when people use
- 15 that. It's, it's, it's a false calculation, but I'm fully
- 16 conscious of the fact that it's used by -- by physicians to
- 17 compare themselves.
- 18 Does NYU pay doctors by the RVU, in your view?
- We do not. We do not discuss it. We do not 19
- 20 pay it. It is not calculated. It is not reviewed. For all
- 21 the reasons I testified earlier.
- 22 And what, if any, role then does the RVU calculation play
- 23 in compensating doctors?
- 24 Α. It measures productivity. That's it.
  - And why don't you measure productivity by, like, the number

- of hours they work or the number of patients they see; why use RVUs?
- 3 A. Because everybody works different hours. Dr. Edelman works
- 4 | four days a week, and she's very, very busy in those four days.
- 5 We have other doctors who work five days a week who are even
- 6 | busier. We have doctors who work five days a week and who are
- 7 | less busy. So the only measure we can use that's universally
- 8 accepted and fair for everyone is the work-RVU. It removes all
- 9 other factors and styles on how physicians choose to practice.
- 10 Q. Now --
- 11 A. It's the equalizing number.
- 12 | Q. Now, based on your experience, your position and
- 13 experience, and as a defendant in this action -- you're an
- 14 | individual defendant; you understand --
- 15 | A. Yeah.
- 16 | Q. -- right?
- 17 | A. Believe me, I'm aware.
- 18 | Q. And you understand that plaintiff, to some extent, is
- 19 | making an argument that she was paid less per RVU than other
- 20 doctors may have been paid per RVU. Do you understand that
- 21 | argument?
- 22 MR. KATAEV: Objection, your Honor.
- 23 | A. I am --
- 24 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 25 A. It's, in my mind, a completely invalid argument.

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- Well, all right. I guess I want to first --
- Do I understand it? Yes. Α.
  - -- you understand the argument. Q.

(Indiscernible cross-talk)

Yes, I understand it. Α.

scheme is irrelevant to us.

- All right. Now I'm going to ask you to respond to it, 0. please, and let the jury know --
- It's not a fair calculation because we don't use it.
  - Any other reason that occurred to you it wouldn't be a fair calculation?
- 11 A. Because it doesn't take into fact -- account any of the 12 other reasons I said how we pay physicians. We pay physicians 13 on, as I've said numerous times now, experience, academic, 14 nonacademic, geography, research, credentials, a whole -- and 15 I'm probably leaving a long list out. So that RVU payment
  - Q. Let's talk specifically about Dr. Edelman now. I'm going to jump right into it because I think we've heard so much about the process of the negotiation.

There's been some testimony that you said something in a meeting with Dr. Edelman and Dr. Mehta about somebody being female. First, do you recall hearing that testimony earlier this week?

- 24 Α. I do.
  - So what do you recall specifically about that conversation

and any comment you made in that regard?

So, I didn't recall any of it until Dr. Mehta -- when she Α. came in, I was leaving and I saw her. I hadn't seen her in a long time. When Dr. Mehta and Dr. Edelman first came to my office, one of the things -- I'm negotiating a salary, potentially a business relationship that's going to tie us together for, for a very long time, and it's a personal thing. So when I -- and we have -- I travel extensively. We actually have some, some things that we do in, off in Southeast Asia.

So when I met Dr. Mehta, I had never heard her first name before, and I commented on her first name and said I wasn't sure if this was a male or female name. I assure you that I know Sari Edelman is a female name. And I would certainly -if I had offended anybody, would apologize. But I don't believe the doctor, based on her testimony, was offended. was inquiring to the nature of her name, not -- or commenting on the nature of her name, not her gender.

- Q. Did anybody indicate at the meeting that they were offended?
- 20 Α. No.

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- Did anyone indicate, prior to someone filing this lawsuit, that they were offended by that comment?
- 23 I never heard it before or after and hope to never hear it 24 again.
  - In the course of the negotiations with Dr. Edelman and Dr.

- Mehta, was it a pro or a con for NYU that you would be assuming a lease?
- $3 \parallel A$ . It was a con.
- 4 | Q. And why is that?
- 5 A. Because I didn't want their space.
- 6  $\mathbb{Q}$ . Why not?
- 7 | A. Because I didn't need it.
- 8 Q. And did the duration of the lease have any impact on that
- 9 being a negative?
- 10 A. Yes. It was a -- I don't recall now, but -- I recall now
- 11 because I didn't recall then, you know, last year, but it was a
- 12 | 15-year lease, and I didn't need the space.
- 13 | Q. Was assuming a loan, a business loan that Dr. Mehta and Dr.
- 14 | Edelman had taken on, was that a pro or a con for NYU?
- 15  $\parallel$  A. That was a -- that was a con as well.
- 16 | Q. And how about taking over the other salaries and expenses
- 17 | of their practice?
- 18 A. I'm going to call that neutral.
- 19 | Q. Why is that neutral?
- 20 | A. Because I was happy to be able to offer employment to their
- 21 staff. And in -- you know, in fact, as in most cases, their
- 22 | staff, when we hire them, they have better advancement, you
- 23 | know, advancement opportunities, and usually their salaries are
- 24 | increased and they get the same -- similar benefits to the
- 25 physicians.

- Q. From your point of view, as the head of that negotiation for NYU, other than securing the employment of Dr. Edelman and
- 3 Dr. Mehta, did NYU obtain any assets of value in that deal?
- 4 A. Not that I'm aware of.
- 5 Q. Now, sir, based on your knowledge, having negotiated it and
- 6 | taking into account everything you've heard in this trial
- 7 during your attendance, do you believe the salary you
- 8 | negotiated with Dr. Edelman was fair and appropriate?
- 9 | A. I do.
- 10 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Leading.
- 11 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 12 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 13 | Q. Why do you say that?
- 14 THE COURT: I'm going to sustain it to the extent that
  15 you're asking the witness about everything that he's heard in
- 16 | this trial.
- 17 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: OK.
- 18 THE COURT: Just ask whether at the time or today he
- 19 | believes that the salary was fair and appropriate, but not
- 20 | based upon testimony he heard. That's for the jury.
- 21 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Fair enough.
- 22 | Q. So as the person who negotiated the contract, do you
- 23 | believe it was fair and appropriate?
- 24 | A. I do.
- 25 Q. And what is the basis for that belief?

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Rubin - Cross

- A. I recall the economics of the transaction. I knew what -
  I knew what the practice was. I knew who the people were. I

  knew what we were paying them. I knew what their credentials

  were. I knew the -- the -- I knew what we were trying to

  accomplish, and I knew I needed to attract them to our

  organization, which is why we had a negotiation, that they
  - Q. Did the fact that Dr. Edelman and Dr. Mehta were female move your offer even a dollar in either direction?
  - A. Absolutely -- absolutely not.

agreed to, and we hired them.

- 11 Q. Let's talk about a few of the other doctors that we've talked about.
- 13 You know Dr. Goldberg?
- 14 A. I know him, yes.
- Q. And what do you recall about his -- well, let me ask a more specific question. Has his hiring worked out OK for NYU, in
- 17 | your estimation?
- 18 | A. It has.
- 19 | Q. Has he accomplished what you hoped he would accomplish?
- 20 A. More than.
- 21 | Q. Do you believe, sir, that the salary you negotiated for
- 22 | Dr. Goldberg was fair and appropriate?
- 23 MR. KATAEV: Objection.
- 24 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 25 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:

- 1 | Q. Well, did you negotiate the salary for Dr. Goldberg?
  - A. I believe -- I -- I believe I did.
- Q. And you took into account the kind of factors we've talked
- 4 | about today?
  - A. I definitely did that.
- 6 0. OK.

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- 7 MR. KATAEV: Same objection.
- 8 THE COURT: Objection's overruled.
- 9 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 10 Q. And on the basis of your involvement in those activities,
- 11 do you believe the salary you negotiated was fair and
- 12 | appropriate?
- 13 MR. KATAEV: Objection.
- 14 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 15 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 16 Q. Was Dr. Goldberg hired to do the same job as Dr. Edelman?
- 17 | A. No.
- 18 Q. How were they different?
- 19 A. Dr. Goldberg was hired to build out our network, help us
- 20 establish a footprint in, in that part of the Long Island and,
- 21 | quite frankly, rheumatology in all of Long Island. We had
- 22 | planned and then delivered on, at this point, building more
- 23 programs beyond rheumatology. We have a lot of orthopedists
- 24 who now work in that facility; those specialties can sometimes
- 25 be linked. And we hired him to help us do that. And he came

- 1 | with very good credentials to do that.
- 2 Q. You were involved in the recruitment, hiring and salary of
- 3 Dr. Porges?
- 4 | A. I was.
- 5 Q. He came from private practice, right?
- 6 A. He did.
- 7 Q. So just to be, just so everybody's clear, we're talking
- 8 about Dr. Edelman, Dr. Goldberg, Dr. Porges and Dr. Modi. So
- 9 of those four, who came from private practice?
- 10 A. Mehta, Edelman, Porges and Brancato came from private
- 11 | practice. Goldberg and Modi came from academic or group-based
- 12 practice.
- 13 | Q. OK. And so for Goldberg and Modi, did you have business
- 14 plans?
- 15 | A. No.
- 16 Q. And you had to use other factors that we've discussed?
- 17 A. Correct.
- 18 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Leading.
- 19 THE COURT: Try not to lead.
- 20 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Trying to move it along, your Honor.
- 21 | I'll try not to.
- 22 | Q. For Dr. Porges, would you have approved his appointments as
- 23 | clinical director and medical director?
- 24 A. Would I have approved it or --
- 25 Q. Yes.

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- Ask the question again? I'm sorry.
- Did you approve his appointments as clinical director and 2 0. later medical director? 3
- I consulted with my boss, who's a physician, as well as the 4 5 chair of medicine, who happens to be a rheumatologist, and told him that he would like the role, and we thought he was a good 6
  - Q. What, if any, importance did the medical director position have, from your point of view?

pick for it. So I was part of the team that approved it.

- It's -- it's actually --Α.
  - MR. KATAEV: Objection.
- 12 A. -- extremely important role, and it -- I'm sorry. 13 someone object?
  - MR. KATAEV: Objection. Opinion testimony.
- 15 THE COURT: Overruled.
  - It's an extremely important position in our network as we, as we build a site, as we grow a site and add physicians to a site -- in this case Marcus Avenue. And I don't recall how many physicians were in it at the time. But clinical issues come up within a practice, similar to what we're here discussing. So we need clinical leadership to help us sort of resolve clinical issues as they come up, help us with medical staff issues as they come up.
    - I, as a nonphysician, may have administrative credibility, but I don't have clinical credibility. So we partner with a

- medical director to help us resolve conflicts or issues when they arise.
  - Q. From your point of view, sir, was Dr. Porges hired to do the same job as Dr. Edelman?
  - MR. KATAEV: Objection. Opinion testimony.
- 6 | THE COURT: Overruled.
  - A. No.

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- Q. How is it different?
- 9 A. Well, I mean Dr. Porges had a large practice. He was doing
- 10 | clinical research. We weren't doing a lot of that at the time.
- 11 So he brought something to the table that other practitioners
- 12 | that we were recruiting at the time did not bring to the table.
- 13 | Q. Were you directly involved in hiring Dr. Modi?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 | Q. And you were involved in negotiating his salary?
- 16 A. I was.
- 17 | O. And he did not have a business plan, correct?
- 18 A. He did not.
- 19 Q. So what do you recall about figuring out Dr. Modi's salary?
- 20 | A. A couple, couple things. One, he had been referred to us
- 21 | from -- we had been having discussions at the time with
- 22 | AdvantageCare Physicians about doing some collaboration
- 23 services, and his name had come up as a very strong and capable
- 24 | rheumatologist.
- 25 We have a large medical group, very large medical group in

Huntington, Long Island, with a huge patient population. We

did not have rheumatology services there, so we were looking to

fill a hole that we had in our network to be able to provide

that care. So that would be an example where I was telling you

why another -- a salary may be different in that case is

because we had a hole to fill, patients that we needed to take

Q. Is Dr. Edelman the only doctor whose contract has not been renewed since you've been in your position?

MR. KATAEV: Objection. Relevance.

care of, so we needed to get someone in there.

THE COURT: Overruled.

- 12 A. Unfortunately not, no. There are many -- not many. There are some. It's an unfortunate thing when it happens.
  - Q. And on your watch, has any physician ever been terminated for cause?
  - A. A couple.

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- Q. Tell us what you remember about how the issues came up in or about November 2020.
  - A. So, my memory is, is pretty clear on that. It was brought to my attention through Mr. Swirnow, who I rely on heavily for for things like this, to keep his pulse on the network, because I have a lot of other things that I'm doing. And it had come to his attention that there were some clinical concerns with Dr. Edelman's practice.
    - I said -- you know, I said OK. I said I don't know what

1 | that means. So where are they coming from?

They're coming from Dr. Porges.

I said we need to speak with Dr. Porges. I need to hear more about what this is about.

So again, whether it was a call or meeting, I don't recall, but we had a meeting, or we had a discussion. Dr. Porges went through me with what the clinical issues were -- practice style, and just rattled off a whole bunch of stuff.

I said I can't rely on just you. We need to do more. We need to go deeper.

So we set up a call with Dr. Goldberg, or a meeting.

Again, I don't remember. And I don't believe they were
together. I just don't remember. It was a long time ago.

And I asked him to assess the clinical competency -- in his opinion, what he thought was the clinical competency of Dr. Edelman and what their recommendations were. And they --

- Q. Let me ask the next question.
- 18 A. OK.

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- 19 Q. What did they recommend?
- 20 A. They recommended that we nonrenew her.
- 21 Q. Did you discuss with them whether or not there were other 22 options --
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 Q. -- besides nonrenewing?
- 25 | A. Yes, I did.

N7eWede2 Rubin - Cross

- 1 Q. What did you discuss --
- 2 A. Because we don't want --
- 3  $\parallel$  Q. -- in that regard?
  - A. We don't like doing this.
- 5 | Q. No, no. We spoke over each other just then.
- $6 \parallel A.$  Sorry.
- 7 | Q. You've got to let me finish --
- 8 A. OK.

- 9 Q. -- even if you know what the question is.
- 10 A. OK. Ask the question again then.
- 11 | Q. Did you consider other options besides nonrenewal?
- 12 A. Yes. Well, the options we considered were pushing back on
- 13 | Dr. Porges and Dr. Goldberg to see if there was a way to
- 14 resolve the situation. Was this something that was fixable?
- 15 | Is this something you could say, listen, you're -- you're
- 16 ordering too many tests, or whatever? And it was -- I didn't
- 17 | ask that, but it would be something like that. I don't recall
- 18 | what we discussed.
- And it was their professional opinion that it couldn't be
- 20 resolved.
- 21 Q. Did you do anything further before making a final decision
- 22 on renewal?
- 23 A. I did. I -- I spoke to our attorneys internally to say
- 24 | that the contract --
- 25 | Q. Don't tell us what you said to your attorneys.

Rubin - Cross

- 1 You spoke to your attorneys?
- 2 A. Spoke to our attorneys.
  - Q. OK. What else?
- 4 A. I spoke to the chair of medicine and my boss, who's a
- 5 physician, explained the situation and they supported
- 6 nonrenewal.

- 7 MR. KATAEV: Objection.
- 8 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 9 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 10 | Q. At the time this was going on, did you have personal
- 11 knowledge of any complaint by Dr. Edelman pending in the
- 12 | employee and labor relations department?
- 13 A. None whatsoever.
- 14 Q. Had you ever heard of such a complaint at this time or
- 15 | previously?
- 16 A. None whatsoever.
- 17 | Q. Now, you ultimately sent a letter informing Dr. Edelman
- 18 | that her contract would not be renewed, right; we've seen that?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 Q. OK. Did you -- there was -- the contract wouldn't be
- 21 | terminated for six months, right?
- 22 A. Correct.
- 23 \| Q. Why was that? Why was there going to be a six-month gap?
- 24 A. Because our contracts, our physician group bylaws require
- 25 || we give six months unless there's a real reason not to. It was

the opinion of the clinicians that there was no -- while the practice didn't meet our standard of care for rheumatology at NYU, there was no inherent danger to a patient by letting her stay. So they supported giving her an opportunity to find another job.

- Q. Would this have been something you would have reported to compliance?
- A. No. I think -- I think people confuse compliance.

activity going on. This was -- this was a clinical concern that had been raised by a physician, investigated and validated by people who have experience in looking into these matters. So as long as there was no risk or -- to a patient's safety, it would never have gone to compliance. And it would never have gone to HR.

Compliance is when there's fraudulent billing or unethical

- Q. And did you report it outside of the organization? Did you report it to the medical board or any --
- A. There was nothing to report.
- 19 | Q. Why not? Explain that.
  - A. An investigation was done on the clinical practice by clinicians who were experienced in reviewing the practice, that person -- Dr. Edelman's practice. They did not meet our standards for delivering health care to our patients. That is not -- that -- had they uncovered activity that was dangerous or irresponsible or problematic to the point where a patient's

safety was at risk, we would have had an obligation to report that to OPMC, this organization you're talking about.

Rubin - Cross

- This case did not rise to that level. It rose to the level 3 4 of not meeting our own internal clinical standards for how our
- 5 rheumatology division wanted to deliver the care. So we
- nonrenewed. 6

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- 7 In the process of determining whether or not to renew Dr.
- 8 Edelman's contract, did you consult at all with David Kaplan?
- Absolutely not. 9 Α.
- 10 Did you consult at all with Joe Antonik? Ο.
- 11 Α. I did not.
- 12 Did you consult with anybody other than the folks who you
- 13 mentioned in your testimony today?
- 14 I did not. Α.
- 15 Q. After providing Dr. Edelman with notice of nonrenewal, did
- 16 she contact you?
- 17 She did. Α.
- 18 And tell us what, if anything, you remember about that
- 19 conversation.
- 20 I remember very little, except for one thing. I'm sure --
- 21 I'm going to tell you what I remember specifically. She asked
- 22 me -- she had told me she wanted -- she was looking for a
- 23 job -- she wanted to move to Florida. She and her husband had
- 24 been talking about moving to Florida. Did I know anybody or
- 25 could I help her find any job in Florida?

- 1 | Q. And what did you say about that?
- 2 A. I said -- we happened to have an office in Florida at the
- 3 | time. I believe we were building it. Obviously we couldn't
- 4 have her there, but I said I will -- I didn't commit, but I
- 5 said I will do my best to help you try and find a job.
- 6 Q. Did you take any action in that regard?
- 7 A. I did. I am -- at the time was, had a relationship with
- 8 | the, the, the senior executive, the dean and CEO of the
- 9 University of Miami Health System, and I sent him a reference
- 10 | email saying that we had a physician -- I referred to her as a
- 11 good physician, because I was trying to be nice and helpful.
- 12 | And I said she's looking to move to Florida, and I'd like to
- 13 help her find a job.
- 14 | Q. Was that inconsistent with what your directors had reported
- 15 | about her clinical practice?
- MR. KATAEV: Objection. Leading.
- 17 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 18 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 19 Q. Did the information you had received about her practice
- 20 | impact at all your willingness to help her in Florida?
- 21 A. It's hard -- it's hard for me --
- 22 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Relevance.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I'll withdraw it, your Honor. I'll
- 24 withdraw it.

Q. To the best of your -- well, let me ask you. Did that

nonrenewal of the contract have anything to do with any animus you held against Dr. Edelman?

MR. KATAEV: Objection. Leading.

THE COURT: Overruled.

- A. I had no animus against Dr. Edelman. I was, as I am today, saddened by the situation. This is not how we like these things to go. We had to do what we did. We had to nonreview new, and like any physician who we hire into our network when it doesn't work out, as long as there's no risk to patient safety, I would try to help them find another job.
- Q. Did you have any reason to believe that anyone on your team had animus against Dr. Edelman at the time you were considering nonrenewal?
- A. I did -- I do not -- I did not, no. And to this day I know Josh Swirnow did not. I don't believe anyone else did either.
- Q. And sitting here today, Mr. Rubin, do you stand by the decision not to renew Dr. Edelman's contract?
- A. Unequivocally.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Your Honor, I pass the witness.

THE COURT: OK, but --

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I know.

THE COURT: -- plaintiff's counsel's not going to take the witness today. It's now 2 o'clock.

Members of the jury, I'm going to let you go for the weekend. You've been very attentive throughout the whole week.

I thank you for that. So, I'm sure, do the parties. I am pleased to report that the case is moving along speedily and that the evidence in this case will conclude in the early part of next week, in the first half of next week.

Have a good weekend. Please don't talk amongst yourselves or to anybody else about the case. Do not do any research about the case. Don't go onto social media about any issues in the case.

We'll start on Monday morning at 9 a.m. We'll have breakfast available for you at 8:30. Please be here by 8:45 a.m. And again, have a good weekend.

Thank you, all.

(Continued on next page)

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(Jury not present)

THE COURT: Mr. Rubin, you may step down, and counsel may be seated.

One thing to bring to the parties' attention. I was informed by a member of my staff that at some point during the day today, a person who we understand to be the husband of the plaintiff approached two of my interns. I've got interns who have been attending the trial from time to time.

He asked questions including about their roles, where they went to law school and their thoughts on the trial. answered him that they were my interns and where they went to school, but they said that they were not permitted to talk about the trial, which is appropriate.

I am assuming that this was an innocuous approach and a friendly approach, with no ill will or bad motivations, but I wanted to make the parties aware of it and to ask whether anybody requires any further inquiry.

I will instruct counsel and the parties and the relatives of the parties that they should not be approaching any of the members of my staff to ask them really any questions other than to ask my deputy or my law clerk, who is here, questions.

Is there anything the plaintiff would have me do?

MR. LABUDA: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: Defendant.

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               MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I would just ask, your Honor, that
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      you add to that instruction that they should also not approach
 3
      any witnesses or adverse parties.
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               THE COURT: Any problem with that?
               MR. LABUDA: No. No, your Honor.
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               THE COURT: That instruction applies to witnesses and
 7
      to adverse parties.
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               OK. At the end of the day yesterday, I indicated that
      I would want to hear from the parties with respect to any
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      evidentiary issues that I should address.
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               Is there anything, from the plaintiff's perspective,
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      that remains open and not addressed that plaintiff wants to
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     press?
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               MR. LABUDA: No, your Honor.
15
               THE COURT: OK.
               What about from defendants' perspective?
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               MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No, your Honor.
               THE COURT: OK.
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               On the plaintiff's case, we'll finish this witness.
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      And then is it Dr. Porges? What remains on the plaintiff's
21
      case?
22
               MR. KATAEV: We'll be calling Ms. Kathleen Pacina on
23
     Monday right after Mr. Rubin is done.
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               THE COURT: OK.
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               MR. KATAEV: I have a list, your Honor.
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1 MR. LABUDA: Then I believe we're going to go to 2 Dr. Goldberg. 3 Hold on one second, your Honor. 4 MR. KATAEV: We sent an email last night. Let me try 5 and pull that up. 6 MR. LABUDA: I think Modi is not available on Monday. 7 We were going to do Pacina and then, I think, Goldberg and Porges. 8 9 THE COURT: Pacina, Goldberg, Porges. 10 MR. LABUDA: And then -- presumably that would take up 11 the day on Monday, and then we would do Modi when he's 12 available, on Tuesday. 13 THE COURT: OK. Will that complete plaintiff's case? 14 MR. LABUDA: That would complete our case, correct. 15 THE COURT: OK. All right. Any further update from defendants as to what their 16 17 case would look like? 18 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Currently, it looks like nothing additional. 19 20 My intention right now would be that THE COURT: OK. 21 if the plaintiff finishes before the end of the day on Tuesday

THE COURT: OK. My intention right now would be that if the plaintiff finishes before the end of the day on Tuesday and there are witnesses whom the defendants want to present, that the plaintiff can make their Rule 29 -- I said Rule 29. They can make their motion at the end of plaintiff's case, but I would prefer to do argument after the end of the trial day,

to use the jury's time efficiently. So you'll let me know Monday morning whether you see an obstacle with respect to that.

I also would envision that we would do the charge conference on Tuesday after the conclusion of all of the evidence, and then I would charge the jury on Wednesday and they would get the case on Wednesday.

My hope is to get you the charge sometime over the weekend. It may not be until Monday, so in terms of your planning, you should plan that once we're done with the trial on Monday at 2 o'clock, you may have a bunch of time that you'll have to spend reviewing the charge and seeing whether there are any exceptions.

Is there anything else?

From plaintiff's perspective.

MR. LABUDA: Yes, just one other thing, your Honor -- if you have an anticipated amount of time for the closing.

THE COURT: How much time do you think you'll need, from the plaintiff's perspective?

MR. LABUDA: I think an hour would be good, your Honor. There's a lot of different moving parts to this, so we'd ask for an hour.

THE COURT: What about from defendants' perspective?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I'll take an hour too.

THE COURT: OK.

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it.

1 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: You're still intending to do defense 2 and then plaintiff? 3 THE COURT: Yes. Defendants will go first and then 4 plaintiff, unless plaintiff wants to do it differently. 5 MR. LABUDA: No. That's fine, your Honor. 6 THE COURT: OK. 7 All right. You can have an hour each. My hope would be that you both realize that sometimes shorter is better than 8 9 longer in terms of the jury's attention. But no more than an 10 hour. 11 Anything else, from plaintiff's perspective? 12 MR. LABUDA: Yes, your Honor. Just with respect to 13 juror No. 5, is there any official determination? 14 THE COURT: Yes. I think I should let juror No. 5 go. 15 Any objection from plaintiff? 16 MR. LABUDA: No, your Honor. 17 THE COURT: All right. 18 Any other issues from defendants? MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I think I just want to note -- the 19 20 schedule all sounds fine; I think Tuesday could actually be a 21 very short day for the jury, because if we get through 22 everybody and only have Dr. Modi on Tuesday, I can't imagine 23 he's more than an hour or so for both sides. And I don't have 24 any solution to that. I just wanted to make the Court aware of

Monday anyway --

It may be a good thing because it gives us a lot of time Tuesday to address the other stuff we need to. But it might be a bit of a bummer for the jury.

MR. LABUDA: I just don't think, your Honor, we'd be able to cram everybody -- well, we can't cram everybody in on

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Yes.

MR. LABUDA: -- because Dr. Modi's not available.

THE COURT: The only question -- well, we'll have to see, because I need to give you a charge conference, and if I was able to get everything done so that we could do closings on Tuesday, that would be ideal. Plan your schedule so that you're ready to do closings as soon as Tuesday, and again, we'll see how things go. It's either going to be closings on Tuesday or on Wednesday and we'll do the charge conference, as the rules require, before closings.

Anything else from defendants?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Your Honor, respectfully, do you know when we might see the verdict sheets?

THE COURT: Probably also on Monday morning. Sunday night or Monday morning.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: OK. That's fine.

I think that I would probably like to do closing on Wednesday. That's an awful lot to cover in two days.

THE COURT: I understand that, and I'm sure the

plaintiff feels the same way.

MR. LABUDA: I'm fine with that too, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. My deputy has just handed me a note, which we'll make part of the record and you'll all have access to.

It's 2:02 p.m. It's from juror No. 7, I believe. I'm not going to read her name into the record, but it is on the note.

It reads as follows:

"Your Honor, I appreciate your interest in moving this trial along in a timely manner. With respect to both counsels' line of questioning, is there a way to ask that questions be asked more directly and perhaps less redundantly. If the purpose of examining witnesses is to provide the jury with relevant information, simple, quick questions will suffice and help (at least this juror) stay focus and engaged."

So I offer that for your benefit. I think I will come up with something to tell all of the jurors on Monday morning that will be responsive to this note, without indicating that it is responsive to the note, to the effect that, you know, the lawyers are asking questions to bring out the information that they each believe that is appropriate and that I'm asking them to pay attention to the evidence.

If anybody has any further thoughts about it -- maybe I might say that at some point the questioning might seem to be

repetitive or redundant, but that may be because there's a particular point that the parties want to make sure that the jurors understand and that the important thing, from their perspective, is to know, first of all, that the parties are doing their best to make things efficient for you, and second, from your perspective, you should be paying attention to what you hear.

MR. LABUDA: That's fine, your Honor.

MR. KATAEV: I would just ask, your Honor, if the Court would agree, that to the extent evidence is repetitive, it serves through multiple witnesses to corroborate what was said.

THE COURT: That I'm not going to do because that is making it unbalanced. The way I view this note is not that different witnesses are being asked the same questions. I view this note as being addressed to the fact that, in some instances, from both sides, as the juror points out -- and I, frankly, have tried to emphasize from time to time -- there are one too many questions and the jurors seem to get the point.

All right. I'll come up with something. I'll let you know what I'm going to say.

Have a good weekend, everybody.

(Adjourned to July 17, 2023, at 9 o'clock a.m.)

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5	Redirect By Mr. Kataev 764
6	Recross By Mr. Schoenstein 798
7	Redirect By Mr. Kataev 802
8	MIRIAM RUIZ
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15	PLAINTIFF EXHIBITS
16	Exhibit No. Received
17	121
18	DEFENDANT EXHIBITS
19	Exhibit No. Received
20	JJJ
21	BBB
22	GGG
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     UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
      SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
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     DR. SARI EDELMAN,
 4
                     Plaintiff,
                                              21 Civ. 502 (LJL)
5
                 V.
6
     NYU LANGONE HEALTH SYSTEM, et
      al.,
 7
                    Defendants.
8
                                              Trial
9
                                              New York, N.Y.
                                              July 17, 2023
10
                                              9:00 a.m.
     Before:
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12
                           HON. LEWIS J. LIMAN,
13
                                              District Judge
                                              -and a Jury-
14
15
                                APPEARANCES
16
     MILMAN LABUDA LAW GROUP PLLC
          Attorneys for Plaintiff
17
     BY: JOSEPH M. LABUDA
          EMANUEL S. KATAEV
18
      TARTER KRINSKY & DROGIN LLP
19
          Attorneys for Defendants
     BY: RICHARD C. SCHOENSTEIN
20
          RICHARD L. STEER
          INGRID J. CARDONA
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(In open court; jury not present)

THE COURT: Anything before we bring in the jury?

MR. LABUDA: Your Honor, there is one small issue regarding Mr. Rubin's testimony, if we could just have a moment without Mr. Rubin being present.

THE COURT: Mr. Rubin can step out.

MR. LABUDA: Your Honor, there's one document that we planned on introducing, which is an email that Mr. Rubin sent in December of 2020 about a reference for the plaintiff at another job. That document was not on our exhibit list, but it was produced by the defendants on June 30th of this year, so I don't believe that they would have any issue with this, but I wanted to raise it with the Court in terms of an objection.

THE COURT: Does the defendant know what the document is?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: We do, your Honor, but we object. It wasn't on the exhibit list, it's not being used for impeachment as far as I've heard, so it shouldn't be introduced.

THE COURT: You want to pass it up to me.

MR. LABUDA: Sure.

THE COURT: How soon are we going to get to that document?

MR. LABUDA: We're going to do his cross examination now, so we were going to bring it up during that time.

N7HCede1 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Also, your Honor, I wanted to 1 mention, we hadn't started cross yet. I had just a couple more 2 3 questions for Mr. Rubin I didn't ask I'd like to ask first and then hand him over. 4 5 THE COURT: Of course. 6 MR. LABUDA: I have a copy of the email that we 7 received from the defendants for June 30th, indicating that they did not produce this document, it was requested, but they 8 9 didn't produce the document. There was an inadvertence, we're 10 not seeking any sanction or anything like that, we just want to 11 be able to use the document. 12 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Your Honor, we withdraw the 13 objection. With that addition, I think it's okay. 14 THE COURT: Let's get Mr. Rubin, put him on the stand. 15 Mr. Schoenstein, you'll ask your couple of questions, then we'll go to cross examination. 16 17 Mr. Rubin, why don't you step forward into the witness 18 box while we bring in the jury. 19 (Continued on next page) 20 21 22 23

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(Jury present)

THE COURT: Mr. Schoenstein, I understand you have a couple more questions before we get to cross examination. You may proceed.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I do, your Honor.

ANDREW RUBIN, resumed.

CROSS-EXAMINATION CONTINUED

BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:

- Good morning, Mr. Rubin. Ο.
- Α. Good morning.
- 11 In connection with your job, sir, and your oversight of
- 12 doctors, are you aware of any surveys conducted by NYU
- 13 addressing potential gender disparity in compensation for
- 14 physicians?
- 15 A. Yes. I think I alluded to it. A couple of years ago,
- three years ago, I believe, the HR department hired an external 16
- compensation consultant to come in and survey all faculty, 17
- 18 which includes all the physicians in the physician group to
- make sure that there were no pay-related issues for any 19
- 20 potential issue, including gender.
- 21 Q. And as a result of that surveying, what, if any,
- 22 adjustments did your department have to make to the salary of
- 23 any physician?
- 24 Α. None.
- 25 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Relevance.

1 THE COURT: Overruled.

- Q. I'm sorry. Could you say that again.
- 3 | THE COURT: Overruled.
- 4 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I meant the witness, your Honor.
  - A. There were no adjustments needed to have been made for any physician in the group.
- 7 Q. Now, at the time of plaintiff's departure from NYU at the
- 8 end of 2020, who was the head of NYU's employment labor
- 9 department?
- 10 A. Employment labor department is human resources.
- 11 | Q. Yes.

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- 12 A. So that would be Nancy Sanchez.
- 13 | 0. Is that a man or a woman?
- 14 A. That's a woman.
- 15 | Q. At the time, who was the head of NYU's legal department?
- 16 A. Annette Johnson, and she still is the head.
- 17 | Q. Do you see Ms. Johnson in the courtroom today?
- 18 | A. I do.
- 19 Q. Can you point her out for the jury.
- 20 A. In the back corner.
- 21 | Q. And at the time plaintiff left NYU's employment, who was
- 22 | the head of NYU's rheumatology department?
- 23 A. Jill Buyon.
- 24 | Q. Is Dr. Buyon a male or a female?
- 25 A. Female.

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- 1 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I pass the witness.
- THE COURT: Plaintiff's examination. Counsel, you may
- 3 proceed.
- 4 | REDIRECT EXAMINATION
- 5 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 6 Q. Good morning, Mr. Rubin.
- 7 A. Good morning.
- 8 Q. You just testified about a report that you received
- 9 concerning gender disparity; correct?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 | Q. That report was in writing, wasn't it?
- 12 A. I'm sorry. Which report?
- 13 | Q. The report that you testified did not show any changes
- 14 | needed to be made with gender pay; correct?
- 15 A. I did not get the final report, no.
- 16 Q. But there was some report in writing, wasn't there?
- 17 | A. I would assume so.
- 18 Q. And your attorneys did not introduce that report in
- 19 | evidence during your testimony; correct?
- 20 A. I don't know.
- 21 | Q. During your testimony --
- 22 A. Oh, just now. No, he didn't.
- 23 | Q. And NYU maintains a website, doesn't it?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. That website is publicly accessible; right?

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testimony, your Honor.

THE COURT: Is there a particular page or line you want me to look at?

MR. KATAEV: The first page, your Honor, that chart.

THE COURT: What's the defendants' position?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: If it's publicly available, there was no reason not to have it on the pretrial order, your Honor.

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Rubin - Redirect It's not appropriate to add exhibits at this late stage. 1 Sustained. 2 THE COURT: MR. KATAEV: I'll use it to refresh his recollection. 3 4 THE COURT: You could do that, but you have to first 5 establish a lack of recollection. 6 MR. KATAEV: Okav. 7 BY MR. KATAEV: You recall during your testimony on Friday that you could 8 not specifically state how much revenue NYU made; correct? 9 10 Α. Correct. 11 You were only able to testify that it was in the billions, 12 but you could not specify the numbers; right? 13 Α. Correct. And that's because you don't recall specifically how much 14 NYU made in revenue; correct? 15 It's not because I don't recall, it's because I don't know. 16 17 MR. KATAEV: I'd like to refresh the witness's 18 recollection using this document. 19 THE COURT: You may do so. 20 The way refreshing recollection works is that counsel 21 can show you any document. If it brings memory to your mind 22 that permits you to answer the question, you can use the

document to bring back that memory.

Go ahead, counsel, and ask the question.

Based on your review of this document, do you now recall

N7HCede1 Rubin - Redirect

- how much the School of Medicine made in revenue for the fiscal 1 period of September 1st, 2021 through August 31st, 2022? 2
- I don't recall. I mean, I've never seen this before. 3
  - But does this document state what that is? Q.
    - The document states what it is, yes. Α.
    - And could you tell us that number. 0.
- 7 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- THE COURT: No, he can't. Objection is sustained. 8
- Does it refresh your recollection as to approximately the 9 10 revenue that NYU made?
- 11 It doesn't refresh my recollection only because I've never 12 known it.
  - Q. You also testified on Friday about the lack of any agreement with NRad; correct?
- 15 Α. I'm sorry. I didn't hear the latter part of the question.
- 16 You also testified on Friday regarding the lack of any
- 17 agreement with NRad; correct?
- 18 I don't exactly recall the question from last week.
- 19 Isn't it true that NYU has a licensing agreement with
- 20 Meridian?

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- 21 I'm not aware -- I'm going to say yes, I think we do have a
- 22 licensing agreement with it, but I don't know what it says.
- 23 And the majority of Meridian is owned by accompany called
- 24 Blue Dot; correct?
- 25 I don't know what --Α.

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- 1 | MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Foundation.
- 2 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 3 A. I don't know what Meridian is. I'm sorry.
- MR. KATAEV: I'd like to present the witness with another set of documents to refresh his recollection, your Honor.
- 7 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
  - THE COURT: The objection is sustained. If he lacks a recollection, then you can use the document to refresh recollection.
- Q. Do you have any recollection as to whether Meridian is owned by Blue Dot?
- A. I don't know what Blue Dot is and I don't know what

  Meridian is as it relates to an entity of any kind.
- Q. Isn't it true that Blue Dot is a wholly owned subsidiary of NRad?
- 17 A. I have no idea what Blue Dot is.
- 18 Q. Isn't it true that your licensing agreement with Meridian
- 19 that you just testified about permits you to use NRad's
- 20 | facilities?
- 21 | A. I don't know enough about the nature of the agreement.
- 22 Q. Is it fair to say that through an agreement with Meridian,
- 23 you are permitted to use the facilities that NRad has?
- 24 A. I just don't know what the deal with Meridian does or is.
- 25 Q. Do you deny that NYU uses NRad's facilities?

- 1 A. We have a relationship with NRad. I don't know what it is.
- 2 | It's done through radiology.
- 3 Q. Now, Dr. Edelman's main role was treating patients for
- 4 | rheumatological issues; correct?
- 5 A. I believe so, yes.
- 6 Q. And that was Dr. Porges' role, as well; correct?
- 7 A. Dr. Porges had many roles.
- 8 Q. And one of his main roles was treating patients for
- 9 | rheumatological issues; correct?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 | Q. And that was also Dr. Goldberg's role; correct?
- 12 A. Amongst his many roles, yes.
- 13 | Q. But his primary goal was treating patients for
- 14 | rheumatological issues; correct?
- 15 | A. Yes, as physicians, yes, that's what they do.
- 16 | Q. And that's true of Dr. Modi, as well; correct?
- 17 A. Yes, correct.
- 18 | Q. They would not be able to meet their high RVU targets
- 19 | without that being their main duty; correct?
- 20 A. I don't follow the question. I'm sorry.
- 21 Q. Drs. Porges, Goldberg, and Modi had RVU targets?
- 22 A. They did.
- 23 Q. In order for them to meet their targets, they had to see
- 24 patients; right?
- 25 A. They did.

- Q. And with respect to Dr. Porges and Dr. Goldberg, they had administrative duties, as well; correct?
- 3 A. Yes, they did.
- 4 Q. And in their contracts, those administrative duties were
- 5 only 5 percent or 10 percent of their effort; correct?
- 6 A. If that's what it said in their agreements. I don't know
- 7 off the top of my head what percentage efforts they had.
- 8 Q. Dr. Porges was also responsible for doing clinical
- 9 research; right?
- 10 A. Clinical research, yes.
- 11 | Q. And he received compensation for that clinical research in
- 12 | his clinical pay; correct?
- 13 A. Yes, it was part of his compensation.
- 14 | Q. Now, you testified that Dr. Edelman was nonrenewed because
- 15 | she did not meet NYU's clinical standards; right?
- 16 | A. I did.
- 17 | Q. But those clinical standards are written down in NYU's
- 18 policies and procedures, aren't they?
- 19 A. I don't believe so.
- 20 | Q. And your attorneys did not offer any documents of those
- 21 standards during your testimony; correct?
- 22 A. Not during my testimony, no.
- 23 Q. Now, you learned about these clinical concerns of
- 24 Dr. Edelman by meeting with Dr. Porges; right?
- 25 | A. I did, yes.

And that was in a face-to-face meeting; correct? 1

- As I mentioned last week, it was either face-to-face, Zoom, 2 Α.
- or phone. I just don't recall the nature of the meeting, other 3
- 4 than there was a meeting.

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- 5 MR. KATAEV: Page 111, your Honor, lines 11 through
- 15. 6
- 7 THE COURT: Go ahead.
- MR. KATAEV: Permission to show the witness the 8 9 transcript.
- 10 THE COURT: Yes.
- 11 Q. At your September 2021 deposition, I asked you the
- 12 following questions and you gave the following answers;
- 13 correct?
- 14 How did Dr. Porges raise the concern to you?
- 15 He told me. "A.
- **"**O. 16 Face-to-face?
- 17 "A. Yes."
- 18 Did you provide that testimony?
- I did. 19 Α.
- 20 You also referenced during your testimony on Friday some
- 21 benchmarking companies. Do you recall that?
- 22 Α. I do.
- 23 And those benchmarking companies provide written
- 24 evaluations concerning salaries; right?
- 25 They do. Α.

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something called stark laws; correct?

Not true. 3 Α.

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- Those evaluations are not done for the purpose of measuring 4 Q.
- 5 whether there's any gender pay disparity due to gender;
- correct? 6

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- I'm sorry. I didn't understand what you were asking.
- 8 The benchmarking evaluations are not done for the purpose
- of evaluating the disparity in pay between male doctors and 9
- 10 female doctors; correct?
- 11 I don't know, honestly.
- 12 But those evaluations are in writing; correct?
- Yeah, they're public -- I mean, you can buy them. 13 Α.
- 14 surveys you can buy.
- And you also testified about a fair market value analysis; 15 Q.
- 16 right?
- 17 A. Correct.
- And the analysis that's done for fair market value is also 18
- 19 in writing; correct?
- I don't know. They're done by our legal department. 20
- 21 Your attorneys have not offered any documents during your
- 22 testimony of the evaluations for benchmarking; correct?
- 23 Not during my testimony, no.
- 24 Nor did they provide any written documents about fair
- 25 market value analysis; correct?

Rubin - Redirect

N7HCede1

- Α. No, not to me.
- You also mentioned that doctors fall within a certain 2 Q.
- percentile for the benchmarks; correct? 3
- I said that, yes, they have to be paid a minimum of the 4
- 5 25th percentile.
- 6 Those reports that contain the percentile are also in
- 7 writing, aren't they?
- 8 A. Yes, it's the same -- they're publicly available if you
- want to buy them. 9
- 10 Q. But your attorneys didn't offer any documents as to what
- 11 percentile any doctor fell in at NYU; correct?
- 12 I'm sorry. Can you ask me again. I didn't hear clearly.
- 13 During your testimony with Mr. Schoenstein, no documents
- 14 were offered about what percentile any doctor fell in; correct?
- 15 A. Correct.
- Q. You testified on Friday that you spoke to other clinicians 16
- 17 after speaking to Dr. Porges and Dr. Goldberg concerning
- 18 Dr. Edelman. Do you recall that testimony?
- 19 Α. I do.
- 20 MR. KATAEV: 131, your Honor, line 19 through line 4
- 21 on the next page.
- 22 THE COURT: Go ahead.
- 23 At your deposition, I asked you the following question and
- 24 you gave the following answer --
- 25 I can't see it on my screen. There you go.

- 1 | Q. You can see it now?
- 2 A. What line are you on?
- Q. I'm going to read it to you, line 19 through line 4 on the
- 4 next page.
- 5 "Q. Other than what Drs. Goldberg and Porges told you -- had
- 6 no other information about Dr. Edelman's performance -- you had
- 7 | no other information about Dr. Edelman's performance; correct?
- 8 | "A. The medical director of the facility and the medical
- 9 director of the practice are all the clinical judgment I need
- 10 to make a decision like we made."
- 11 | Q. Did you provide that answer?
- 12 | A. I did.
- 13 | Q. And based on that answer, you did not consult with any
- 14 other clinicians; correct?
- 15 | A. Not correct.
- 16 | Q. So when you answered this question during your deposition,
- 17 | you did not tell the full story; correct?
- 18 | A. I answered the question in the deposition. I also spoke
- 19 | with my boss, who is a physician, and I spoke with the head of
- 20 | the department of medicine, but they're administrative.
- 21 | Q. But when I asked you this question at your deposition, you
- 22 | did not state that; correct?
- 23 | A. No, I didn't state it.
- 24 | Q. Now, the clinical judgment that you referenced was that
- 25 | Dr. Edelman's practices were not in keeping with clinical

Rubin - Redirect

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- standards of NYU; right? 1
- I'm sorry. Are you -- ask me again. I don't understand 2 Α.
- the question. 3
- When you spoke to Dr. Porges and Dr. Goldberg, they 4 Q.
- 5 provided their clinical judgments; correct?
- Α. Correct. 6
- 7 And their clinical judgment was that Dr. Edelman's
- practices were not in keeping with NYU's clinical standards; 8
- right? 9
- 10 That's what they said, correct.
- 11 But you never reviewed those clinical standards to confirm
- 12 what Dr. Porges and Dr. Goldberg were saying; right?
- 13 That's not my role to review them. Α.
- 14 So you concluded based on conversations with Dr. Porges and Q.
- 15 Dr. Goldberg that Dr. Edelman is a bad doctor; right?
- 16 Wrong. Α.
- 17 Are you saying that Dr. Edelman was a good doctor?
- 18 I'm saying what I've said all along, she didn't meet our
- 19 standards according to the physicians that are in the roles
- 20 that they're in to make that determination.
- 21 Q. And based on that, was she a good doctor or was she a bad
- 22 doctor?
- 23 You're going to have to ask them that.
- 24 Isn't it fair to say that you concluded that Dr. Edelman
- 25 was a bad doctor based on what Dr. Porges and Dr. Goldberg told

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you?

- It is not fair to say that. 2 Α.
- Q. Is it fair to say that Dr. Edelman was a poor performing 3
- doctor at NYU based on what Dr. Porges and Dr. Goldberg told 4
- 5 you?

- A. I think the answer to the question is that Dr. Edelman 6
- 7 didn't meet our clinical standards. I can't answer specific
- adjectives. It's just -- it is what it is. 8
- Q. Based on what Dr. Porges and Dr. Goldberg told you, you 9
- 10 decided that you had to fire Dr. Edelman without speaking to
- 11 her; correct?
- 12 A. We -- not correct. We nonrenewed Dr. Edelman's contract
- 13 based on the recommendations of the people who are in the
- position to make those recommendations. 14
- 15 Q. And so you nonrenewed Dr. Edelman's contract and informed
- 16 her that her last day is six months from the date of
- 17 nonrenewal; correct?
- 18 Α. That is correct.
- 19 Dr. Edelman remained with NYU for several months after
- 20 nonrenewal; correct?
- 21 Α. That is correct.
- 22 Q. And your testimony on Friday was that this is due to NYU's
- 23 quidelines for its doctors; right?
- 24 I don't remember what words I used on Friday, but we do
- 25 give physicians six months' notice if they've been with us for

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- 1 | a certain amount of time.
- 2 Q. And that's based on NYU's guidelines; right?
- 3 A. I don't honestly know where it comes from, how it's
- 4 | administered. That's handled by our legal department.
- 5 | Q. Aren't those guidelines in writing?
- 6 A. I assume so. I don't know.
- 7 Q. And your attorneys did not introduce any documents
- 8 concerning those guidelines during your testimony, did they?
- 9 A. They did not.
- 10 Q. You also testified regarding your conversation with
- 11 | Dr. Edelman with you when she was not renewed. Do you recall
- 12 | that testimony?
- 13 | A. I do.
- 14 | Q. And you testified about what you and her discussed when she
- 15 | called you that day; right?
- 16 A. Correct.
- 17 | Q. On Friday, you were able to recall your testimony. I'm
- 18 sorry. You were able to recall your conversation with
- 19 Dr. Edelman; right?
- 20 | A. I think I said I recall most of it. Again, I don't
- 21 remember my words on Friday, exact words.
- 22 MR. KATAEV: Page 140, your Honor, 6 through 9.
- THE COURT: Go ahead.
- 24 | Q. At your deposition in September 2021, I asked you the
- 25 | following question, you provided the following answer; correct?

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- 1 | "Q. Are you aware that you had a telephone conversation with
- 2 Dr. Edelman about the nonrenewal?
- 3 | "A. I don't recall. It's possible."
- 4 | Q. Did you give that answer?
- 5 | A. I did.
- 6 Q. Was not your memory in September 2021 better than last
- 7 | Friday concerning this conversation?
- 8 A. My memory got a lot clearer when all the documents were
- 9 produced and I found the email that I sent.
- 10 | Q. So it's your testimony that your memory has improved since
- 11 | the September 2021 deposition; correct?
- 12 A. My testimony is I saw the email where I sent a notice to a
- 13 physician in Florida on her behalf and then I remembered her
- 14 asking me to do it.
- 15  $\parallel$  Q. And you recall that Dr. Edelman asked you for help;
- 16 correct?
- 17 A. She did. That's why I sent the email.
- 18 | Q. And you did, in fact, send an email to one Edward Abraham
- 19 | at the Miller School of Medicine at the University of Miami;
- 20 correct?
- 21 | A. Yes. At the time, I thought he was the dean. He had
- 22 | apparently been let go a week or two prior before I knew that.
- 23 MR. KATAEV: I'd like to mark for identification
- 24 | Plaintiff's Exhibit 123, your Honor.
- 25 | THE COURT: Okay. This is the document I assume that

didn't you?

Rubin - Redirect

we discussed this morning? 1 2 MR. KATAEV: Yes, your Honor. THE COURT: Do you want to describe what it is for 3 purposes of identification, what is 123? 4 MR. KATAEV: I could publish it to the witness. 5 6 THE COURT: You can publish it to the witness. Have 7 him identify it, that's fine. 8 Q. Mr. Rubin, this is an email that you sent to Mr. Abraham on December 4th, 2020; correct? 9 10 A. Correct. 11 MR. KATAEV: I'd like to offer this into evidence as 12 Plaintiff's Exhibit 123. 13 THE COURT: Any objection? 14 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No, your Honor. THE COURT: 123 is received. 15 (Plaintiff's Exhibit 123 received in evidence) 16 17 MR. KATAEV: Permission to publish to the jury. 18 THE COURT: Yes. 19 In this email, you refer to Dr. Edelman as a very good 20 doctor; correct? 21 I referred to her as a very good doctor, yes. 22 And you told Mr. Abraham that she produces; right? 23 Α. I did. 24 And you also stated that she has a very good practice,

- 1 A. She did.
- 2 Q. But your testimony here on Friday and today is that she was
- 3 | nonrenewed because of alleged patient care issues; right?
- 4 A. My testimony has been very clear that she was nonrenewed
- 5 because she didn't meet NYU's clinical standards.
- 6 Q. And is it your testimony that University of Miami's medical
- 7 | school standards are less than NYU's?
- 8 A. That is definitely my testimony.
- 9 Q. You also stated during your testimony on Friday that you
- 10 | had no discriminatory animus to Dr. Edelman; correct?
- 11 A. I didn't then and I don't today.
- 12 | Q. And you testified unequivocally that you had no knowledge
- 13 of her complaint; correct?
- 14 A. I have no knowledge of an HR complaint from Dr. Edelman.
- MR. KATAEV: Page 175, your Honor, line 25 through
- 16 | line 4 on the next page.
- 17 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 18 THE COURT: No, I'll permit it.
- 19 Q. At your September 2021 deposition, I asked you the
- 20 | following question and you gave the following answer, didn't
- 21 you?
- 22 | "Q. Were you not made aware of the complaint she made to human
- 23 | resources?
- 24 | "A. I don't recall if I would have been made aware of it or
- 25 | not."

1 Do you recall that testimony?

Α. I do.

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- So wasn't your memory in September 2021 better than your 3
- memory last Friday? 4
- I don't understand the question. I'm sorry. 5
- You testified unequivocally on Friday that you had no 6
- 7 knowledge whatsoever of Dr. Edelman's complaint to human
- 8 resources; right?
- Correct. 9 Α.
- 10 But at your deposition, you weren't sure one way or the
- 11 other whether she made any such complaint; isn't that true?
- 12 I said I don't recall.
- 13 And so what you're saying that is your memory has improved
- 14 since September 2021?
- 15 Α. No, I'm not saying that. I'm saying I don't recall.
- So it's fair to say that, as of today, you don't recall 16
- 17 whether you knew of Dr. Edelman's complaint; correct?
- 18 I neither recall or am aware of an HR complaint.
- 19 mind, those are the same.
- 20 Q. You didn't investigate whether anyone else had any
- 21 discriminatory animus toward Dr. Edelman, did you?
- 22 I don't understand that question.
- 23 When Dr. Porges came to you about issues with Dr. Edelman,
- 24 you did not ascertain whether anyone would have any reason to
- 25 complain about her; correct?

- A. I investigated the complaint, so I never take one person's word over another's. You have to be more thorough than that.
- Q. You knew that Mr. Antonik had operational responsibilities
- 4 over Dr. Edelman with respect to office space; correct?
  - A. I know that Mr. Antonik oversees that site, yes.
- Q. And you also heard Mr. Swirnow testify that he spoke to the plaintiff about an office space issue complaint by Dr. Edelman
- 8 | against Mr. Antonik; correct?
- 9 A. I did hear that, yes.
- 10 Q. And you did not consider whether something may have
- 11 | occurred between the two of them that led to this complaint
- 12 | about her clinical practices, did you?
- 13 A. I would not have considered it because it's, as I think
- 14 you've heard, it's absurd. So when it was resolved, I assumed
- 15 | it was over. The notion that someone could ensure an office
- 16 never occurred to me would result in an HR complaint.
- 17 Q. You wouldn't take one person's word over another in a
- 18 | dispute, would you?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 20 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 21 A. Ask me more -- I don't understand that question.
- 22 | Q. If there's a dispute between two people, you wouldn't take
- 23 one person's word over another, would you?
- 24 A. I would have to understand the circumstances of the
- 25 dispute, but in general, I'd like to have more facts when

- 1 | deciding my opinion on whether there's a dispute or not.
- 2 Q. But you effectively took one person's word over Dr. Edelman
- 3 when you nonrenewed her without speaking to her; correct?
- 4 A. That is absolutely not true.
- Q. But you didn't speak to Dr. Edelman about these issues, did
- 6 you?
- 7 A. I did not speak to Dr. Edelman, but as I testified, I spoke
- 8 | to others.
- 9 Q. As you sit here today, you do not know whether Mr. Antonik
- 10 | told Dr. Porges about these alleged clinical issues; correct?
- 11 A. I don't interact with Joe Antonik, Mr. Antonik, so I don't
- 12 know anything he and Dr. Porges spoke about.
- 13 | Q. You negotiated with Dr. Goldberg concerning his
- compensation when he first came in 2013; correct?
- 15 | A. Yeah, I don't remember the specifics of that at all, but
- 16 I'm sure I would have been the guy who did it.
- 17 | Q. And when Dr. Goldberg asked for \$290,000, he received
- 18 | \$290,000; correct?
- 19 A. I think I said this last week, I don't recall the terms of
- 20 our negotiation.
- 21 MR. KATAEV: I'd like to present a document to refresh
- 22 | the witness's recollection, your Honor.
- 23 | THE COURT: What is it?
- MR. KATAEV: It's a declaration from Mr. Goldberg.
- 25 | I'd like to place it on the screen just for him.

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THE COURT: Is it marked? 1 MR. KATAEV: It's not, your Honor. 2 THE COURT: You should mark it for identification 3 4 purposes. 5 So this is 125? 6 MR. KATAEV: I think we should mark it 128, your 7 Honor. 8 THE COURT: 128, okay. 9 Q. I'm showing you a declaration from Mr. Goldberg. I'm going 10 to highlight some portions for you to read, without saying anything, just to see if you can refresh your recollection as 11 12 to those negotiations, okay. Just let me know when you're done 13 reading paragraph 4 and we can continue. 14 I'm done. I'm done. Α. I apologize. 15 Q. Based on your review of this document, do you now recall 16 what Dr. Goldberg's salary was before he came to NYU? 17 A. I think I said this last week and earlier, I negotiate with 18 literally thousands of doctors. This does not refresh my 19 20 memory in the slightest, but I'm sure this is what happened 21 if --22 THE COURT: The rule with respect to refreshing 23 recollection is that a lawyer can show a witness a plate of

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- relationship to what you're being asked about other than 1 2 whether it sparks a recollection.
  - It does not then.
- Is there any gender neutral metric used by NYU based on 4 Q. 5 academic credentials as it relates to setting salaries?
- I don't understand that question. I'm sorry. 6 Α.
- 7 You testified about academic credentials when talking about
- bringing in doctors and how much to pay them; correct? 8
- Correct. 9 Α.

- 10 Is there any gender neutral metric based on academic 11 credentials that you use in setting salaries?
- I guess I don't know what a gender neutral metric is. 12
- 13 So, for example, if a doctor went to an ivy league school, 0.
- you would mark that as 10 points internally, and if they went 14
- to a regional school, you would mark that as only 5 points. 15
- you have a system like that at NYU? 16
- 17 Α. No.
- 18 Is there any gender neutral metric used by NYU based on
- 19 years of experience as it relates to setting salaries?
- 20 Still not following the gender neutral part, but -- I'm
- 21 sorry.
- 22 Q. Do you use a point system as it relates to years of
- 23 experience when setting salaries?
- 24 Α. No.
- 25 Is there any gender neutral metric used by NYU based on

- 1 patient satisfaction scores when setting salaries?
- 2 A. Still not sure I understand the question, but if you're
- 3 going to ask -- I'm going to say no.
- 4 | Q. There's no point system?
- 5 A. There's no point system, no.
- 6 Q. And there's no point system or gender neutral metric that
- 7 NYU uses based on education; correct?
- 8 A. There's no point systems.
  - Q. And the same applies with training?
- 10 A. I don't understand what that means.
- 11 | Q. There's no point system that's gender neutral that NYU uses
- 12 | based on education in setting salaries?
- 13 A. No, no point system.
- 14 | Q. And there's no point system with respect to the training
- 15 | that a doctor has; correct?
- 16 A. Training -- I think I'm getting stuck on the word
- 17 | "training."

- 18 | Q. Training and experience?
- 19 A. There's no point system.
- 20 | Q. And there is this no such metric for the quality of
- 21 | production; correct?
- 22 A. We do have quality metrics.
- 23  $\parallel$  Q. And what quality metrics do you use in setting salaries?
- 24 | A. None.
- 25 | Q. And the same thing in terms of quantity of production,

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- 1 | there's no point system related to that?
- 2 A. No, we don't use a point system.
- 3 | Q. Same questions for renewals and pay raises, you don't use
- 4 any point system related to the topics we just covered;
- 5 | correct?
- 6 A. Yeah, I mean, I can -- yes, we don't use any point systems.
- 7 Q. And you mentioned that seniority played a role in your pay
- 8 decisions; correct?
- 9 A. Seniority is one of many factors we use.
- 10 | Q. You would agree with me that Dr. Porges is a lot more
- 11 | senior than Dr. Modi; correct?
- 12 | A. I would.
- 13 | Q. Dr. Porges became a doctor in 1986 based on his curriculum
- 14 | vitae; correct?
- 15 A. I don't know what year -- if that's written on his CV, I
- 16 | assume that's the date.
- 17 | O. Meanwhile, Dr. Modi started residency in 2001 based on his
- 18 | CV; correct?
- 19 | A. I don't know when he started his residency.
- 20 MR. KATAEV: I'd like to place up exhibit 46, which is
- 21 | already in evidence, your Honor.
- THE COURT: You may do so.
- 23 | Q. This is Dr. Modi's curriculum vitae; correct?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. And it says here that he started his residency in 2001;

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- 1 | correct?
- 2 A. It says that, yes.
- 3 | Q. So Dr. Porges is approximately 15 years more experienced
- 4 | than Dr. Modi; correct?
- 5 | A. If that's what the math is, yes.
- 6 Q. But when Dr. Porges first started at NYU, he received
- 7 | \$340,000; correct?
- 8 A. I don't know what he received, but that sounds like the
- 9 | number I've been hearing.
- 10 MR. KATAEV: Permission to place Plaintiff's
- 11 Exhibit 31. It's already in evidence.
- 12 THE COURT: You may do so.
- 13 Q. I'll represent to you, Mr. Rubin, that this is Dr. Porges'
- 14 | initial contract. It says \$340,000 was his pay; correct?
- 15 | A. It's not on my screen, but I'm assuming -- there it is.
- 16 Yes, that's what it says.
- 17 | Q. Yet, Dr. Modi received \$360,000 when he first started at
- 18 NYU; correct?
- 19 | A. I don't recall, but I'm guessing you're going to show me a
- 20 document that says that he did, so --
- 21 | Q. Just to be thorough, let's do that.
- 22 MR. KATAEV: Your Honor, exhibit 35 already in
- 23 | evidence.
- 24 THE COURT: Go ahead.
- 25 Q. I'll represent to you, Mr. Rubin, that this is Dr. Modi's

- 1 initial employment agreement. He did, in fact, receive
- 2 | \$360,000; correct?
- 3 A. That's what it says, yes.
- 4 | Q. So it's fair to say that Dr. Porges' seniority over
- 5 Dr. Modi did not result in a lower salary for Dr. Modi;
- 6 correct?
- 7 A. I'm sorry. Ask me that again.
- 8 Q. You said that doctor -- I'm sorry. You said that seniority
- 9 played a role in setting compensation; correct?
- 10 A. Amongst many factors, yes.
- 11 | Q. And in this case, Dr. Porges' 15 years of seniority did not
- 12 result in higher pay for Dr. Porges over Dr. Modi, did it?
- 13 A. I'm not saying that at all.
- 14 | Q. Now, you recall during your testimony that you mentioned
- 15 | that there was a special need at Huntington; correct?
- 16 | A. I did, yes.
- 17 | Q. And that's part of what justified the high salary for
- 18 Dr. Modi, isn't it?
- 19 | A. I'm not going to say whether Dr. Modi's salary is high or
- 20 | not. What I'm going to say is we paid the salary we paid him
- 21 | to fill the role we had at Huntington.
- 22 | Q. Is it fair to say, also, that Dr. Edelman was already
- 23 | working Huntington one day a week when Dr. Modi joined; isn't
- 24 | that right?
- 25 A. I believe she was there one a day a week, correct.

- Q. You didn't ask Dr. Edelman if she'd move over to Huntington for \$360,000, did you?
- 3 A. I did not have any conversations with Dr. Edelman.
- 4 | Q. And to your knowledge, didn't Dr. Edelman live near
- 5 ∥ Huntington?
- 6 A. I don't know where Dr. Edelman lives. I still don't.
- 7 MR. KATAEV: I'd like to place up exhibit 7. I
- 8 | believe it's already in evidence, your Honor.
- 9 Q. Mr. Rubin, in front of you is the December 1st, 2020
- 10 | termination letter; correct?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. And you signed this letter; correct?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. And Dr. Edelman's address is listed at the top here, isn't
- 15 | it?
- 16 A. It is.
- 17 | Q. And Dr. Edelman lives in Syosset, doesn't she?
- 18 A. That's what it says.
- 19 | Q. And Syosset is fairly close to Huntington, isn't it?
- 20 A. I have no idea.
- 21 | Q. NYU did not have any system concerning merit in setting
- 22 compensation; correct?
- 23 A. I don't know what "merit" means in this context.
- 24 | Q. As you testified before, there's no point system as it
- 25 | relates to patient satisfaction scores; correct?

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- Well, patient satisfaction scores are a point system.
- 2 But you don't use that point system in setting salaries, do Q. you? 3
- No, we don't. 4 Α.
  - Q. And there's no quality system for setting salaries for the same reason; correct?
    - MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- THE COURT: Overruled. 8
  - There's no point system, but if there are quality issues, we'll have to investigate and that could determine a change in employment status, including salary or nonrenewal.
  - It's fair to say that RVUs, in general, are considered uniform and identical to each other; right?
- 14 A. RVUs are not identical to each other. They're a unit of 15 productivity. It's a measurement of productivity.
- One doctor's RVU cannot be qualitatively better than 16 17 another doctor's RVUs, can it?
- 18 A. No, definitely not. So if a doctor does the same service and bills the same code, it would have the same RVU value. 19
- 20 With respect to the contracts that we've gone over, those 21 contracts don't reference any seniority system, do they?
- 22 Α. No.
- 23 And they don't reference any merit system, do they? 0.
- 24 Α. No.
- 25 But the contract does reference the quantity of RVUs as it

- 1 | relates to compensation, doesn't it?
- 2 A. It's the -- yeah, it's the benchmark we use for
- 3 productivity.

- Q. Let's dig into that a little bit.
- It's fair to say, isn't it, that the number of RVUs assists in determining compensation; correct?
- 7 A. The RVUs are set after we set the compensation.
- 8 | Q. But it's true, isn't it, that if you make 1 percent more
- 9 | than what your actual target is in RVUs, you get 1 percent more
- 10 | in your pay; correct?
- 11 A. For some providers.
- 12 | Q. Let's look at the example of Dr. Porges. He has a \$340,000
- 13 | salary; correct?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 | Q. If he generated 1 percent more in RVUs, in this case about
- 16 | 650 RVUs, he would get \$3400 more; correct?
- 17 A. He would only get the percentage increase on his clinical
- 18 | salary. So if he had other components of his salary, it would
- 19 | not be on that portion.
- 20 Q. Focusing with Dr. Edelman, if she received 1 percent more
- 21 | in RVUs, I'll represent to you that was 4966, so about --
- 22 A. Yeah, I remember that number.
- 23 | Q. About 496 RVUs more, she'd receive 1 percent more in
- 24 | compensation; correct?
- 25 A. That's correct.

- 1 | Q. And that would be \$2,070; correct?
- 2 A. And change, but yes.
- Q. When Dr. Porges does 1 percent or more, he gets \$3400, but
- 4 when Dr. Edelman does, she only gets \$2,070 and change;
- 5 | correct?
- 6 A. That's correct.
- 7 Q. It's fair to say, based on that, that the quantity system,
- 8 as applied to NYU's compensation scheme, is not equal between
- 9 | the doctors; correct?
- 10 A. The incentive system that we use is designed to reward
- 11 | increased productivity based on that doctor's individual
- 12 contract.
- 13 | Q. Just so I'm clear on this point, your testimony is that NYU
- 14 does not pay by the RVU; correct?
- 15 A. We do not pay dollars per RVU, no.
- 16 Q. Focusing on the business plan, the use of the business plan
- 17 | is the system or process by which you pay doctors; correct?
- 18 A. Amongst other things.
- 19 Q. And on Friday, you testified as to all these other things;
- 20 || right?
- 21 A. I believe so, yes.
- 22 MR. KATAEV: I'd like to show page 146 for
- 23 | impeachment, lines 4 through 14 on the next page.
- 24 THE COURT: Go ahead.
- 25 | Q. At your deposition, I asked you the following questions and

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you gave the following answers, didn't you? Just bear with me, there's quite a few questions here.

- A. It's not on my screen.
  - MR. KATAEV: Permission.
- 5 THE COURT: Yes.
- "Q. Does NYU have any salary, pay salary or pay ranges or
  grades or scales with respect to a staff physician?
  - "A. I don't know. I don't understand the question or the context of the question, so I can't answer it.
- 10 "Q. You testified earlier to a formula that's used for RVUs.
- 11 Do you remember that testimony?
- 12 | "A. I don't know what the context is, so I can't answer that.
- 13 | I know I explained the definition of RVUs to you.
- 14 "Q. How does NYU determine how much to pay a physician?
- 15 "A. It depends.
- 16 | "Q. What does it depend on?
- 17 "A. Lots of factors.
- 18 | "Q. Please outline the factors.
- 19 "A. There's an unlimited number of scenarios. It's an
- 20 | impossible question to answer. If there's a specific question
- 21 you want to ask me, please do, I'll be happy to answer it.
- 22 | "Q. Generally speaking, what are the factors you consider in
- 23 determining compensation for a physician?
- 24 | "A. Since the question is very broad and vague, I will say
- 25 | that a physician who is joining us from private practice, we

- look at their business plan which is based on their activity in private practice and then make them an offer."
  - Q. Do you recall giving that testimony?
  - A. I do.

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- 5 Q. Based on this testimony, the only thing you look at for a
- 6 doctor coming in from private practice is the business plan;
- 7 | correct?
- 8 A. Incorrect.
  - Q. You don't look at all those other factors, do you?
- 10 | A. I just said it's incorrect. So I look at everything.
- 11 Q. You didn't say that in your deposition testimony, did you?
- 12 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 13 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 14 A. I definitely said it, just not in this paragraph.
- 15 | Q. You'd agree with me, Mr. Rubin, that you did not
- 16 | intentionally pay Dr. Edelman less than the male doctors;
- 17 | correct?
- 18 A. We didn't -- I'm sorry. Ask that question again.
- 19  $\parallel$  Q. You did not intentionally pay Dr. Edelman less than the
- 20 | male doctors; correct?
- 21 | A. We didn't pay Dr. Edelman less than the male doctors.
- 22 | Q. You didn't intentionally pay Dr. Edelman less because of
- 23 | her sex; right?
- 24 A. I just said we didn't intentionally pay Dr. Edelman less.
- 25 | Q. And you testified that you've had training on setting

initial salaries on Friday; correct? 1

- I don't think I used the word "training." I may have, but 2
- you'd have to show me. I don't recall the word "training." 3
- 4 Q. At the time of your deposition, though, you had no such
- 5 training; correct?

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- I don't know what the word "training" means in this case. 6
- 7 I have 25 years of experience, Mr. Swirnow has an additional
- 18. So, collectively, with the guardrails I discussed in my 8
- testimony earlier with the parameters that we have, I think we 9
- 10 have a lot of experience in setting salary.
- 11 Is it fair to infer that you have had training on setting
- 12 salaries after your deposition was conducted in September 2021?
- 13 I've had no training. Like, I don't -- again, I don't know Α.
- 14 what "training" means in your question, but I don't have
- 15 training on it.
- Q. You never compared the salaries of physicians at NYU to see 16
- 17 if there was any -- withdrawn.
- 18 You never compared the salaries of physicians at NYU to see
- 19 if there was any disparate impact that existed for females
- 20 based on the way you set salaries; correct?
- 21 Our HR department does that. Α.
- 22 But you personally never did that; correct?
- 23 I rely on our legal department and HR department to make
- 24 sure that that does not happen.
- 25 You would agree with me that there are multiple systems

- 1 | with which NYU could pay physicians; correct?
- 2 A. I don't know what that means.
- 3 | Q. Well, you heard Mr. Kaplan testify during his testimony
- 4 | that different hospitals use different systems for
- 5 compensation; correct?
- 6 A. I don't recall what David -- Mr. Kaplan testified.
- 7 Q. There are different ways that doctors could be paid;
- 8 correct?
- 9 A. Of course.
- 10 | Q. The way that you decide to pay them is not the only way
- 11 | that you could go about paying them; right?
- 12 A. The way we pay our doctors at NYU is the way we pay them.
- 13 Q. But there are different ways to do that; right?
- 14 A. I couldn't tell you.
- 15 | Q. You oversee approximately 3600 doctors at NYU; correct?
- 16 | A. I do.
- 17 | Q. And you're involved in setting the pay for those doctors;
- 18 || right?
- 19 A. I am.
- 20 Q. And approximately half of those 3600 doctors are female;
- 21 | correct?
- 22 A. I don't -- I don't know the percentages.
- 23 | Q. A fair portion are female; correct?
- 24 A. I don't know the percentages.
- 25 | Q. Now, at the time of your deposition, you were not aware of

- 1 | the existence of the Equal Pay Act; correct?
- 2 A. I know that it exists, I don't know the time of it. I'm
- 3 | not really fully aware of the legal language in it, but I
- 4 | believe there is an equal -- I know there is an Equal Pay Act
- 5 now.
- 6 Q. But you were not aware of it during the time you entered
- 7 | into contract negotiations with Dr. Edelman; correct?
- 8 A. Still not 100 percent sure I'm aware of the language that's
- 9 | in the Equal Pay Act, other than you have to pay people. I
- 10 assume it says you have to pay people equally, which we do.
- 11 | Q. Going back to the discussion we had about the revenue for
- 12 | NYU, what is the approximate revenue for the School of
- 13 | Medicine?
- 14 A. I don't know.
- 15 | Q. Is the revenue over \$1 billion?
- 16 | A. It would have to be because I only know what my division
- 17 | is.
- 18 | Q. Is it over two?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 | O. Is it over three?
- 21 A. Currently, yes.
- 22 | Q. Is it over \$4 billion?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. Is it over \$5 billion?
- 25 A. I have no idea.

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1	Q.	And in terms of your	division?		
2	Α.	You'd have to specify	y which division.	I run	many
3	div	risions.			
4		(Continued on ne	ext page)		
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Rubin - Recross

1 BY MR. KATAEV:

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- 2 | Q. The faculty group practice?
- 3 A. What component of -- I need you to be specific. Because
- 4 | the faculty group practice has lots of different buckets.
  - Q. The bucket that Dr. Edelman is in.
- 6 A. That's about 2.6 billion.
  - MR. KATAEV: I have nothing further.
- 8 THE COURT: Anything further, Mr. Schoenstein?
  - MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Yes, please.
- 10 MR. KATAEV: Your Honor, may we take a quick break?
- 11 THE COURT: No.
- 12 | RECROSS EXAMINATION
- 13 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 14 | Q. Let me start with this revenue question. You said the
- 15 other day New York University is a not-for-profit organization?
- 16 A. That is correct.
- 17 | Q. Can you explain to the jury what that means?
- 18 A. Yes. Not for profits are -- it's a portion of the tax
- 19 | code, and it essentially means all of our -- we don't call it
- 20 profit. We call it surplus. And we don't -- like private
- 21 | businesses, we don't pay taxes; not for profits don't pay taxes
- 22 on what's left.
- 23 The reason we get that status is because the intent is for
- 24 us to reinvest any of our surpluses back in the business, into
- 25 | the -- in this case, it would be the healthcare delivery

N7hWede2 Rubin - Recross

system. So with distinction to say a for-profit hospital chain, they pay shareholders. They pay -- they pay, you know,

3 | outside investors. We -- we do not. We reinvest our money

back into the health system to grow the -- in our case, to

grow -- you know, new facilities, new doctors, those type of

things, new programs, more research.

- Q. So surplus, is that the money left after the revenues and the expenses?
- A. Yes.

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- 10 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Leading.
- 11 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 12 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- Q. Do you remember that email that counsel showed you that you sent to the doctor down in Florida?
- 15 | A. I do.
- Q. Was there anything that -- what, if anything, in that email was inconsistent with your views of Dr. Edelman?
- 18 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Leading.
- 19 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 20 | A. I -- when Dr. Edelman asked me to help her, as I would with
- 21 | any physician in this situation, I tried to help her. Had I
- 22 | known I was going to end up sitting here, I probably wouldn't
- 23 | have done that. But at the time, she wanted to move to
- 24 | Florida. I was not aware that she was a risk to the healthcare
- 25 | system; she didn't meet our standards. So I sent an old

Rubin - Recross

friend, who happened to have a very senior role in Florida,

where Dr. Edelman told me she wanted to work and move with her

family, an introduction to say I have a rheumatologist who

could be, I think -- I don't -- my intent was to find her a

role in the community in Florida, similar to where she landed.

- Q. And the date of that email was December 4, 2020, so how
- 7 close was that after the nonrenewal?
  - A. It was immediately after.
  - Q. And by then, you had had the discussion with Dr. Edelman about her desire to move to Florida and her request that you assist her?
- 12 | A. Yes.

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- 13 | Q. And you did that at her request?
- 14 | A. I did.
- 15 | Q. You were asked some questions comparing the salaries of
- 16 | Dr. Porges and Dr. Modi. When did Dr. Porges join?
- 17 A. Early, early on. I'm going to say -- I don't know -- I
- 18 don't, and I don't want to make you pull up the contract. But
- 19 | I'm going to say 2014, 2015. I don't -- I don't recall.
- 20 Q. And when did Dr. Modi join?
- 21 | A. After that.
- 22 | Q. And where did Dr. Porges come from?
- 23 A. His private practice.
- 24 | Q. And where did Dr. Modi come from?
- 25 A. AdvantageCare Physicians, which is a group practice.

- Q. And did you consider what each was earning in their prior
- 2 situation in determining what to pay them at NYU?
- $3 \parallel A$ . We did.
- 4 Q. Now, doctors who have administrative roles, is that
- 5 | valuable for NYU?
- 6 A. Highly.
- 7 | Q. How so?
- 8 A. They -- they need to do -- depending on the nature of the
- 9 role, it's a function that needs to be done, and in a case of a
- 10 | physician, it can't be done by someone like me or Mr. Swirnow,
- 11 Mr. Kaplan, Mr. Antonik. It's done by people who have the
- 12 | requisite skills to be able to perform those functions. So
- 13 | they can be very valuable to us.
- 14 | Q. And doctors who have research roles, does that bring value
- 15 | to NYU?
- 16 A. Absolutely. They enhance the stature of the organization.
- 17 | They, quite frankly, generate hopefully benefit for all
- 18 providers. The research that any physician does that results
- 19 | in improvements in how we deliver and treat clinical outcomes
- 20 benefits all the doctors, including those who don't do
- 21 | research.
- 22 | Q. And if you have a doctor who has a great reputation in the
- 23 | community, is that of value to NYU?
- 24 A. Extraordinary.
- Q. Why is that?

- 1 Multiple, multiple reasons. One is other physicians will
- 2 want to join our network. Other physicians will refer.
- enhances the overall stature of the group and the network, 3
- 4 which benefits all physicians in the group. So having a strong
- 5 clinical leadership, strong clinicians with good stature,
- 6 reputations in the community, the health system benefits, the
- 7 patients benefit, and quite frankly, all the doctors who don't
- have that stature benefit. 8
- Q. Now, counsel asked you a bunch of questions about point 9
- 10 systems. Do you recall that?
- 11 Α. I do.
- 12 OK. So do you have a process for considering and hiring
- 13 physicians who come to your attention?
- 14 We do. Α.
- 15 Q. All right. And in that process, what, if any,
- consideration do you give their educational background? 16
- 17 Well, a lot. Α.
- Why is that? 18 Q.
- 19 Why is that? Α.
- 20 Ο. Yeah.
- 21 Because where they went to school enhances, again, the
- 22 reputation and the stature within the organization and the
- 23 practice itself.
- 24 And what, if any, consideration do you give to their years
- 25 of experience?

- A. Tremendous, for the same reasons.
- Q. And what, if any, consideration do you give to the training they received?
- 4 A. Same. Same answer.
- Q. Do you give any consideration to whether or not the doctors have specialties and subspecialties?
- 7 | A. We do.
- $8 \parallel Q$ . Why is that?
- A. Because a physician who has more subspecialties or, or a broader scope of practice can -- can deliver a more broad spectrum of healthcare services to the patients, again, benefiting the provider, the health system, and all the
- 13 providers who work in that group.
- Q. Do you regard the educational background and years of experience as impacting the quality of a physician?
- 16 A. Can you ask me that again? I don't --
- Q. Sure. Does coming from a better school impact the quality of the physician, from your perspective, when you're hiring?
- 19 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Leading.
- 20 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 21 | A. I think --
- 22 | THE COURT: Let me ask the question.
- What impact, if any, does the quality of the

  physician, does the education of a physician have on the

  quality of the care that the physician is delivering, from your

Rubin - Recross

1 perspective?

- THE WITNESS: From my perspective, it -- it -- it

  shouldn't. You know, if they've gone through their training, I

  don't -- I don't -- I don't think it does. I didn't go to an

  Ivy League school, and I think I'm a good administrator. So I
- 6 don't think -- I think that's my answer.
- 7 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- Q. OK. And in considering physicians for salary -- well, we
- 9 | talked a lot about how you look at the business plans of
- 10 doctors who are in private practice, right?
- 11 | A. We did.
- 12 | Q. And do you look at the topline of those business plans?
- 13 A. I look at all the lines.
- 14 | Q. OK. You look at revenue?
- 15 | A. I do.
- 16  $\parallel$  Q. Does the revenue tell you the quantity of dollars their
- 17 | medical practices bring in?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. And is the quantity of the money they bring in relevant to
- 20 you determining salary?
- 21 A. It's part of it.
- 22 | Q. OK. And for a doctor not in private practice, do you look
- 23 at the quantity of what they were being paid prior to coming to
- 24 | NYU?
- 25  $\parallel$  A. I look at the salaries, yes.

Rubin - Recross

- Q. Yeah. And is the quality of that salary relevant to you determining what to pay them?
- 3 | A. 100 percent, yes.
- Q. Now, as doctors go through the NYU system and they're up for renewal and they're up for bonuses, they have RVU targets
- 6 | to meet, right?
- 7 A. Correct.
  - Q. Does that assess the quantity of their productivity?
- 9 A. It does.

- 10 Q. And does NYU also keep an eye on the quality of the physician's performance?
- 12 | A. We do.
- 13 Q. And does that ever impact bonuses, renewals and increases?
- 14 | A. It can.
- 15 Q. OK. Why?
- 16 A. Because we have -- there are various governmental quality
- 17 programs out there that we use. NYU's, in the ambulatory care
- 18 setting has been ranked No. 1 in the past eight out of nine
- 19 | years that the survey's been out there. And if there are
- 20 | individuals who -- and we track that, obviously, very closely.
- 21 | That's how we maintain our reputational status. And if there
- 22 | are physicians who are having trouble achieving some of those
- 23 | metrics, we're going to have conversations. We'll send out,
- 24 you know, we have clinicians who have administrative roles, and
- 25 | they will meet with those physicians and talk to them about it

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Rubin - Recross

1005

1 | to try and get them to improve their scores.

- Q. And is hiring physicians one of the goals to get more patients at NYU?
- A. It's one of them, yes.
- Q. And does the reputation of a physician play into that goal in any way?
  - A. Absolutely, sure.
    - Q. How so? Explain that to the jury.
    - A. Well, several reasons many reasons. One is a physician with a good reputation is going to have, usually is going to have a bigger practice of patients. People want to see that doctor. I think we've all experienced that. Who is the best doctor I can see for this? And you know, there's a finite number of patients a physician can see, so if that physician is busy and the patient needs to be seen, we're going to schedule that patient with someone else in the practice who may have availability. So again, the health system benefits, the patient benefits by getting seen sooner by another physician
    - Q. In respect to your determination regarding the nonrenewal of plaintiff's contract, did a complaint she submitted to HR more than a year before that nonrenewal play any role in your consideration whatsoever?
- 24 | A. None whatsoever.

within the practice.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Pass the witness.

you meant that.

1 THE COURT: Anything further? 2 MR. KATAEV: Your Honor, I apologize. I implore the Court for a break. 3 4 THE COURT: What's that? 5 MR. KATAEV: I need a break. 6 THE COURT: Are you done with the witness? 7 MR. KATAEV: I just have four questions. THE COURT: Why don't you ask the four questions. 8 Then you'll be excused, and your colleague can call the next 9 10 witness. 11 REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. KATAEV: 12 13 Q. Mr. Rubin, you testified that had you known Dr. Edelman 14 would have sued you, you would not have helped her in the 15 lead-in, correct? I don't know my exact words, but -- but probably not. 16 17 And you recognize that that would be retaliatory, correct? Ο. 18 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. 19 THE COURT: Sustained. 20 BY MR. KATAEV: 21 Q. You talked about a doctor's reputation during your 22 testimony just now with Mr. Schoenstein, right? 23 I'm sorry. I didn't understand that. 24 THE COURT: You called him Schoenstein. I don't think N7hWede2

Rubin - Redirect

1007

1 BY MR. KATAEV:

- 2 Q. You talked about reputation during your testimony with Mr.
- 3 | Schoenstein, correct?
- 4 | A. I did.
- 5 Q. And reputation is relevant as to whether NYU wants to bring
- 6 a doctor in, correct?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 Q. But reputation is not a factor you consider on the setting
- 9 of salary, is it?
- 10 A. It's part of it.
- 11 | Q. I asked you whether you had any system in place that
- 12 decides how much you pay a doctor based on their reputation,
- and you could not provide me an answer, correct?
- 14 | A. I said we didn't use a point system.
- Q. And you don't use any other metric to measure reputation in
- 16 terms of setting salary, correct?
- 17 A. It's part of the whole sort of evaluation of the candidate,
- 18 | so there's, you know, there's -- there's a range. It's not a
- 19 | huge range, but there are -- there is some discretion, as there
- 20 | is in any industry, as to how you set someone's pay. So you
- 21 | have a business plan. You have education. You have years of
- 22 | experience. You have that whole list that I've been talking
- 23 about, and you can, in fact, pay someone slightly more if they
- 24 | bring other factors to the table.
- 25 | Q. And you do that process subjectively, correct?

- We do it based on the experience that we have in doing it.
- 2 You testified about specialties and how that plays a role 0.
- 3 as well. Do you recall that testimony?
- I do. 4 Α.
- 5 In this case, with respect to Drs. Goldberg, Porges, Modi,
- Mehta and Edelman, all five had the same specialties, correct? 6
- 7 They're all rheumatologists, yes.
- You also talked about the school and the training and 8
- background, correct? 9
- 10 Α. I did.
- 11 With respect to Dr. Modi, he went to the exact same school
- 12 and had the exact same fellowship as Dr. Edelman, didn't he?
- 13 I don't know, but I'm going to accept that you know and Α.
- 14 that that's true.
- 15 MR. KATAEV: I would just -- give me one second.
- like to place up exhibit 46, which I believe should be in 16
- 17 evidence, Dr. Modi's CV.
- 18 THE COURT: Go ahead.
- MR. KATAEV: And exhibit 5, which I believe is 19
- 20 plaintiff's résumé, which should also be in evidence.
- THE COURT: I'm not sure 5 is in evidence. 21
- 22 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: 5 is not as such, but as the CV of
- 23 plaintiff, it is in evidence under some number.
- 24 THE COURT: So I take it no objection to 5, and we'll
- 25 just take care of the exhibit number.

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                               Rubin - Redirect
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               MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Yeah.
 2
               THE COURT: No. 5 is received.
 3
               (Plaintiff's Exhibit 5 received in evidence).
 4
               MR. KATAEV: Permission to publish 46 side by side
     with 5?
 5
 6
               THE COURT: Yes. Go ahead.
 7
     BY MR. KATAEV:
      Q. Dr. Modi went to the New York College of Osteopathic
8
     Medicine, correct?
9
10
          Is that the highlight -- yeah -- where is that?
11
          Yes.
12
         As did Dr. Edelman, correct?
13
     A. Correct.
14
     Q. And Dr. Modi went to the rheumatology fellowship at
     Winthrop, correct?
15
     Α.
16
         Correct.
17
      Q. As did Dr. Edelman, correct?
     A. Correct.
18
19
               MR. KATAEV: I have nothing further.
20
               THE COURT: All right. Mr. Rubin, you're excused as a
21
      witness.
22
               (Witness excused)
23
               THE COURT: Mr. Kataev, is the next witness yours?
24
               MR. KATAEV: It is mine, your Honor, but I'll be very
25
      quick.
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N7hWede2
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               THE COURT: All right. Let me keep the jury here.
2
      We're going to take a stretch break while you step out.
3
               MR. SCHOENSTEIN: We'll bring her in, your Honor.
      She'll need a minute to get on the stand.
 4
5
               THE COURT: OK.
6
               MR. LABUDA: Your Honor, could we have a sidebar,
 7
      please?
8
               (Continued on next page)
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N7hWede2 (At sidebar) 1 MR. LABUDA: I was informed Mr. Kataev is in the 2 3 bathroom, but I think he -- at least what I heard is that he's having some type of, I don't know if it's an illness or 4 5 something like that, I don't know if he's getting sick or 6 whatever the issue is. I would just go check on him and just 7 report back. 8 THE COURT: Who is the next witness? 9 MR. LABUDA: The next witness after that would be 10 Dr. Goldberg. 11 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Yes. 12 Are they all his witnesses? 13 MR. LABUDA: No, no. He's mine. Is he around? 14 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: He's here. 15 THE COURT: Let's do Dr. Goldberg. MR. LABUDA: OK. That's fine. 16 17 Sorry about that, your Honor. 18 (Continued on next page) 19 20

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1
               (In open court)
 2
               THE COURT: Mr. Labuda, do you want to announce your
      next witness?
 3
 4
               MR. LABUDA: Yes. Dr. Avram Goldberg.
 5
               THE COURT: OK. Bring Dr. Goldberg to the stand.
       AVRAM Z. GOLDBERG,
6
 7
           called as a witness by the p,
           having been duly sworn, testified as follows:
 8
9
               THE COURT: Counsel, you may inquire.
10
               MR. LABUDA:
                            Thank you.
11
      DIRECT EXAMINATION
      BY MR. LABUDA:
12
13
          Good morning, Dr. Goldberg.
      0.
14
          Good morning.
      Α.
15
      Q.
          Dr. Goldberg, you're a rheumatologist, correct?
16
      Α.
          Correct.
17
          And just briefly, explain what a rheumatologist does.
         A rheumatologist is a, is a physician who cares for
18
     patients with rheumatic diseases, which include all forms of
19
20
      arthritis, autoimmune diseases and certain related conditions.
21
      Q. And you were hired by NYU to treat patients with rheumatoid
22
      issues, is that correct?
23
      A. Correct.
24
      Q. At NYU, you had occasion to discuss, interact or consult
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with the other doctors in the faculty group practice about

- 1 patient treatment, correct?
- 2 Α. Yes.
- And based on those interactions, it's fair to say that all 3
- the doctors at NYU faculty practice group perform the same type 4
- of work, treating patients with rheumatoid issues, correct? 5
- Yeah, in their clinical roles, yes. 6 Α.
- 7 In the clinical aspect. Q. Yes.
- When -- during the time period of 2014 to 2021, that would 8
- include you, Dr. Porges, Dr. Modi, Dr. Edelman and Dr. Mehta, 9
- 10 amongst others, correct?
- 11 Yeah, amongst others.
- 12 Q. And you were all doing the same type of work, treating
- 13 patients with rheumatoid issues, correct?
- 14 A. Overall, yeah.
- 15 MR. LABUDA: I wanted to turn to your CV, if we could
- 16 pull up exhibit 41?
- 17 THE COURT: You may do so. And that's in evidence.
- It can be published to the jury. 18
- BY MR. LABUDA: 19
- 20 Q. With respect to your CV, you finished your rheumatology
- 21 fellowship in 1999, correct?
- 22 Α. Yes.
- 23 OK. And you worked at North Shore hospital from 2001 to
- 24 2013, correct?
- 25 Α. Yes.

- 1 | Q. And from 2010 to 2013 --
- 2 MR. LABUDA: If you could expand it out.
- Q. 2010 to 2013, you were an assistant professor of medicine
- 4 | at Hofstra, is that right?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 Q. And you also were at the North Shore school of medicine and
- 7 | full-time faculty at North Shore University Hospital, correct?
- 8 A. That's correct.
- 9 Q. Just out of curiosity, is there a distinction between you
- 10 being an assistant professor of medicine at Hofstra and being
- on the faculty at North Shore University Hospital?
- 12 A. The, the practical part of it was my roles as faculty at
- 13 North Shore, at the hospital. The associate professorship was
- 14 | the academic title that I was given based on the affiliation of
- 15 | the hospital and the medical school.
- 16 | Q. Was it the same type of duties you were doing at both
- 17 | places?
- 18 A. No. The duties at the hospital were training residents and
- 19 | fellows and giving lectures to them. The duties at the medical
- 20 school would be things like giving lectures to medical students
- 21 and things like that.
- 22 | Q. At both places, there was a teaching component to your job,
- 23 | correct?
- 24 A. Correct.
- 25 | Q. And at both places, you also saw patients clinically as

1 | well, correct?

- 2 A. Yes -- well, at North Shore. I didn't see any patients at
- 3 Hofstra. That was strictly an academic appointment.
- 4 Q. OK. And, but at both places, it was a teaching position in
- 5 terms of residents, correct?
- 6 A. I would explain it as my main teaching role was at the
- 7 | hospital with the residents and fellows but based on the
- 8 | affiliations of the two institutions. So I carried this title
- 9 of assistant professor at the medical school.
- 10 MR. LABUDA: All right. Let me pivot to NYU and your
- 11 | first contract at NYU. If we could pull up, I'm going to use
- 12 exhibit 24 and publish that to the witness.
- 13 THE COURT: You may do so.
- MR. LABUDA: OK.
- 15 THE COURT: Go ahead.
- 16 BY MR. LABUDA:
- 17 | Q. And just let me know -- do you have it up on your screen,
- 18 Dr. Goldberg?
- 19 A. I do. I can only see part --
- 20 MR. LABUDA: OK. He can only see part of it. I don't
- 21 | know if we can zoom it out. Apologies to your eyes, if you
- 22 | can't see, and let me know if you can't.
- 23 Q. But this is a contract that you received from NYU, and it's
- 24 dated November 22, 2013, correct?
- 25 A. Yes.

- Q. If you look at page D790, at the bottom of it, there is a section that talks about -- the last paragraph talks about "you agree." Do you see that paragraph?
  - A. Yeah.

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- Q. And it's what we as lawyers would typically call a merger clause, but it indicates that this, the contents, everything that's in the agreement, it supersedes and merges all the prior understandings and proposals and agreements, oral or written,
- 9 between you and the hospital prior to that time, correct?
- 10 A. I'm not a lawyer, so I don't -- you know --
- 11 Q. OK.
- 12 A. I don't know how to answer that question.
- Q. You see where it says supersedes -- you understand what superseding means, right?
- 15 | A. Yes, I do.
- Q. It's indicating that anything that you had discussed,
  either in writing or orally, with NYU was being superseded by
  this agreement that they provided to you, correct?
- 19 A. OK. Correct, yeah.
- Q. And you didn't draft this agreement; this is something that
- 21 | NYU drafted, correct?
- 22 A. Correct.
- Q. And it's your understanding, based on this superseding and merger clause, that if it's not in your agreement, then there was no understanding or agreement between the parties on that

5

- particular issue, correct? 1
- 2 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Foundation.
- THE COURT: Overruled. 3
  - Again, I'm not a lawyer, so I -- you know --Α.
  - But this is your agreement, correct? Q.
- This was my agreement. 6 Α.
- 7 And what I'm asking, as you're reading it here -- you
- 8 may not have read it in a long time, but as you're reading it
- here, you understand, your understanding is that, based on this 9
- 10 clause, that if it's not in your agreement, there's no
- 11 agreement between the parties, correct; that's what it says?
- 12 That's what it says.
- 13 OK. Now, there's no mention about your prior pay at North Ο.
- 14 Shore or Hofstra as being a factor in how much NYU paid you,
- correct? 15
- 16 I don't think that was in the contract, no.
- 17 Right? Q.
- 18 And there's no mention about your prior experience being a
- factor in how NYU paid you, correct? 19
- 20 A. You're asking me if there's no mention in the contract of
- 21 that?
- 22 Ο. Correct.
- 23 Α. I don't believe so.
- 24 And there's no mention about your stature in the medical
- 25 community as being a factor in your pay at NYU, correct?

- 1 A. It was not mentioned in the contract.
- 2 | Q. Now, if you look at page D792, your employment with NYU was
- 3 | effective March 1, 2014, correct?
- 4 A. Correct.
- 5 | Q. And it's a five-year contract, correct?
- 6 A. Correct.
- 7 Q. And that would mean it would go through February 28,
- 8 depending on if it's a leap year, to 2019, correct?
- 9 A. Correct.
- 10 | Q. And if you look at the next page, D793, your employment
- 11 | title is staff physician, correct?
- 12 A. Correct.
- 13 | Q. And your status is full time, correct?
- 14 A. Correct.
- 15  $\parallel$  Q. And it also has for your compensation that you would get
- 16 paid \$290,000, correct?
- 17 A. Yeah, as 90 percent of it, yes.
- 18 Q. Right. And for that \$290,000, your effort for that
- 19 | component, for the clinical component, FGP -- which stands for
- 20 | faculty practice group, right?
- 21 | A. Right.
- 22  $\parallel$  Q. For the 90 percent of effort, you got \$290,000, right?
- 23 | A. Right.
- 24 | Q. And then you also received another 25,000 for
- 25 administration work, which was listed as 10 percent of your

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Goldberg - Direct

- 1 | effort, correct?
- 2 A. Correct.
- 3 | Q. And that leadership administration role was the clinical
- 4 director of Nassau's rheumatology, correct?
- 5 A. Correct.
- 6 Q. And you held that administrative position from 2014 through
- 7 | 2021, is that correct?
- 8 A. Yes. I still have that position.
- 9 Q. OK. So you have had it for now nine years?
- 10 | A. Yeah.
- 11 | Q. And your total pay was \$315,000, correct?
- 12 A. Correct.
- 13 Q. Now, on the next page, D794, it lists your clinical
- 14 director responsibilities, correct?
- 15 A. Correct.
- 16 Q. And one of the responsibilities, the first one is that
- 17 | you're responsible for the coordination and oversight of all
- 18 | medical care and for the quality of services rendered at NYU
- 19 | rheumatology, correct?
- 20 A. Correct.
- 21 | Q. Another component of your responsibilities was to provide
- 22 | clinical leadership and ensure high quality services for all
- 23 patients, correct?
- 24 A. Correct.
- 25 | Q. And then another component of your responsibilities was to

- 1 | lead recruitment efforts for new physicians, correct?
- 2 A. Correct.
- 3 Q. And for these, for these responsibilities, you were paid an
- 4 | extra \$25,000 per year by NYU, correct?
- 5 A. Correct.
- 6 Q. And you fulfilled those responsibilities, correct?
- 7 A. I believe I did.
- 8 Q. OK. Did you ever perform any written evaluations of the
- 9 doctors in the rheumatology department?
- 10 A. Not -- no, not that I recall.
- MR. LABUDA: I was going to have you turn to page 795,
- 12 the next page.
- 13 | Q. Now, in this, again, at the top it talks about the \$290,000
- 14 | for the clinical work, correct?
- 15 A. Correct.
- 16 | Q. OK. And in this paragraph it also references an RVU target
- 17 of 3,481 per year, correct; you see that?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- 19 | Q. So that was the target that you and NYU agreed for your
- 20 compensation of \$290,000, for the clinical component of your
- 21 pay, correct?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 Q. There's also a reference to a 1 percent in the paragraph
- 24 below that, correct?
- 25 A. Yes.

- Q. And it goes on to give different examples in the paragraphs
- 2 below that, correct?
- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 | Q. And with respect to your target, was that something that
- 5 you and NYU negotiated, or was that something that was set by
- 6 NYU, or something different?
- 7 A. I don't remember all the details. There was a little bit
- 8 | of -- it was a little bit of negotiation, but basically, it was
- 9 | based on my previous RVU production.
- 10 | Q. OK. But it was something that ultimately you and NYU
- 11 | negotiated and agreed to, correct?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 | Q. Now, with respect to the 1 percent structure, the way that
- 14 | it works is that if you increased your RVU target that's set in
- 15 | your contract by 1 percent, you'd get an extra 1 percent pay,
- 16 correct?
- 17 A. Correct.
- 18 | Q. And if you increased your RVU target by 10 percent, you
- 19 | would get an extra 10 percent in your pay, correct?
- 20 A. Correct.
- 21 | Q. All right. So, and the 10 percent, just to make it a
- 22 | little easier, that would be an added, that would be an added
- 23 | 348 RVUs, correct?
- 24 A. Correct.
- 25 | Q. Right. And then you would get an additional \$29,000 in

le2 Goldberg - Direct

- 1 | pay, correct?
- 2 A. Correct.
- 3 MR. LABUDA: If we can pull up Dr. Edelman's first
- 4 contract, I think it's exhibit 8.
- 5 THE COURT: You may do so. It's in evidence.
- 6 BY MR. LABUDA:
- 7 | Q. With exhibit 8, if you look at Dr. Edelman's contract --
- 8 and this is her first contract -- look at page D52. So Dr.
- 9 Edelman's pay at that time, in 2014, was \$207,000, correct?
- 10 | A. Correct.
- 11 | Q. And her RVU target was 4,966, correct?
- 12 A. Correct.
- 13 | Q. And you see below that she's got that 1 percent thing too,
- 14 | right?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 | Q. OK. So for Dr. Edelman, in order for her to get 1 percent
- 17 | extra pay, she had to produce 496 extra RVUs, correct?
- 18 A. Correct.
- 19 | Q. And if she did that for an extra 10 percent, she would get
- 20 | \$20,000, right?
- 21 | A. Right.
- 22 | Q. OK. That's about two-thirds of your incentive bonus,
- 23 | correct?
- 24 A. Correct.
- 25 | Q. So she would have to work -- she would have to produce more

3

- 1 RVUs but get paid less, correct?
- She would have to produce more RVUs than me for that, yes. 2 Α.
  - And she would be paid less for that, correct?
  - Yeah, exactly what the math -- you know. Α.
- Right. Math doesn't lie, right? 5 Ο.
- No. The math is the math. 6 Α.
- 7 Now, in addition to your compensation -- turn back to your
- 8 contract. Sorry for jumping back and forth, but to go back to
- your contract, which is exhibit 24, and page D795, there's a 9
- 10 section for bonus. Do you see that?
- 11 Α. Yes.
- 12 OK. And for you, you received an additional \$23,000 bonus
- 13 for staying on with NYU for a year, correct?
- 14 A. Correct.
- 15 And do you know whether or not Dr. Edelman was offered a
- 16 bonus, or anything like that, similar to yours?
- 17 I do not. Α.
- 18 If you look at the next page, D796, it references clinical
- 19 research. Do you see that?
- 20 Α. Yes.
- 21 OK. And there's a component of your practice that involved
- 22 clinical research, correct?
- 23 Α. Correct.
- 24 OK. And for the clinical research, NYU received revenue
- 25 for that, correct?

- 1 The contract was if I were to engage in clinical research 2 and there was revenue; in the event an annual revenue was 3 generated.
  - OK. And if it was generated, any revenue above and beyond Q. the expenses associated with that research was available to you to either reinvest as, in clinical research or to be paid to you as additional compensation, correct?
- Correct. 8 Α.
- OK. Do you know if Dr. Edelman was offered that same role? 9 0.
  - I don't know. I don't know if she was involved in clinical
- 11 research before she came to us. I was. That's why that was in
- 12 there.

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- 13 Did you actually perform clinical research? 0.
- 14 I did, but on a very limited basis. Not enough to generate Α. 15 any revenue.
- 16 OK. Do you know if Dr. Edelman was ever offered an 17 opportunity to perform clinical research for additional income?
- I don't know. 18 Α.
- 19 Did you ever hear that Dr. Porges had offered Dr. Edelman 20 to do clinical research?
- 21 I don't know. I know Dr. Porges did do clinical research.
- 22 I don't know what his relationship in terms of that was with
- 23 Dr. Edelman.
- 24 Ο. OK. Thank you.
- 25 Now, in your contract with the \$290,000, that was a

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Goldberg - Direct

- compensation component that was set and didn't increase over
  the course of the five-year contract, correct?
- 3 A. I renegotiated after three years.
- 4 | Q. Right. But in the actual contract that you agreed to and
- 5 NYU agreed to, there wasn't any set increases, correct?
- 6 A. Correct. No.
- 7 Q. OK. So if you were going to continue working at NYU for
- 8 | five years, they had a contractual right to continue paying you
- 9 the same amount for five years, correct?
- 10 A. Correct.
- 11 | Q. And I think you had said that at some point you did, in
- 12 | fact, renegotiate your salary, correct?
- 13 A. Correct.
- 14 | Q. And NYU agreed to do that early, before your contract was
- 15 up, correct?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 | Q. When you were at North Shore, did you have any type of
- 18 restrictive covenants, noncompetes, patient solicitations or
- 19 | anything like that?
- 20 | A. No.
- 21 | Q. Now, when you were at North Shore, your last earnings
- 22 | before you jumped over to NYU were \$201,000, correct?
- 23 A. Correct.
- 24 Q. OK. And you were able to negotiate with NYU a salary
- 25 | increase from the 201 to \$290,000, correct?

- 1 A. Correct.
- 2 | Q. OK. And when you were at NYU, you didn't have any
- 3 responsibilities attendant with your Hofstra University School
- 4 | of Medicine academic role, correct?
- 5 A. Correct.
- 6 Q. And other than your clinical work at NYU, your only other
- 7 responsibility was as the clinical director of rheumatology,
- 8 | correct?
- 9 A. Correct.
- 10 | Q. Do you know what your total RVU production was for 2014?
- 11 | A. I -- I don't remember the exact number, no.
- 12 | Q. Do you have any recollection of the amount of incentive pay
- 13 | that you received that year?
- 14 A. I -- I recall somewhere between -- I don't know. \$15,000,
- 15 | maybe. I don't remember.
- 16 Q. And the RVUs would be provided, RVU production would be
- 17 | provided to you by NYU on a monthly basis, is that right?
- 18 A. No. It was -- it's once a year.
- 19 | Q. Oh, once a year. OK. You were told at the end of the year
- 20 what your actual production was, but that was something that
- 21 | was provided to you by NYU, correct?
- 22 A. Correct. They kept track of that.
- 23 Q. OK. And they maintained records with respect to your RVUs
- 24 | for billing and compensation purposes, correct?
- 25 A. Yes. I did receive -- I knew every month where I was in

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- terms of RVUs. Just the compensation was at the end of the year.
- 3 | Q. OK. So I'm just curious about that. I know you said
- 4 | earlier it was at the end of the year, but you got a monthly
- 5 report of your RVU production from NYU, correct?
- 6 A. Correct.
- 7 Q. So it was monthly and then you got a total at the end of
- 8 | the year, right?
- 9 A. Correct.
- 10 Q. Same question with respect to 2015; do you recall your
- 11 | total RVU production for 2015?
- 12 | A. I don't recall exactly. I think it was higher in 2015 than
- 13 | 2014. I do remember that.
- 14 Q. OK. And so your incentive pay would have been more,
- 15 | correct?
- 16 | A. Right. The bonus pay, I believe, was higher at the end of
- 17 2015.
- 18 | Q. Do you have any recollection at the end of 2015 what your
- 19 bonus pay was?
- 20 | A. I may be confusing 2015 and 2016, but I think it was about
- 21 a hundred thousand dollars in 2015.
- 22 | Q. A hundred thousand dollars extra, on top of the 290,
- 23 | correct?

- 24 A. Correct.
  - Q. And then same question for 2016; the RVUs and your bonus

- 1 pay, do you recall?
- 2 A. I remember 2016 it was less, I think.
- 3 Q. Less RVUs?
- 4 A. Yeah. There were -- there was one year I went down a
- 5 | little bit, and -- but I may be -- I don't remember the dates.
- 6 Or maybe it was 2016 that was the hundred thousand. I don't
- 7 remember which one.
- 8 Q. OK. And in the other year, whichever it was, '15 or '16,
- 9 do you have a recollection of what your incentive or bonus pay
- 10 | was?
- 11 A. I think it was in the 20,000 to 30,000 range. I think that
- 12 | may -- I think it may be the first year was, like, less, was
- 13 maybe like six or 8,000. The second year, I guess, which would
- 14 have been 2015, was more like 30 and maybe the third year,
- 15 | 2016, was over a hundred. I think that's how it shakes out,
- 16 | now that I think about it.
- 17 | Q. OK. And let me ask you -- I'm going to pivot for one quick
- 18 second -- with respect to standards of care for physicians. Is
- 19 | there, are there any standards of care for physicians at NYU
- 20 | for the physicians to follow?
- 21 A. Of course there's standards of care.
- 22 | Q. Is that something that's published and disseminated by NYU?
- 23 | A. No. I mean it's a very broad term, "standard of care."
- 24 There are, obviously, certain, you know -- there are certain
- 25 standards as a practicing physician that people in a specialty

- 1 are expect to upheld --
- 2 Q. Right.
- 3 Α. Uphold.
- That's true with all physicians, right? 4 Q.
- Yes, of course. 5 Α.
- And it doesn't matter if you're in New York or California; 6
- 7 as a physician, you're held to a very high standard of care
- 8 because of what you're working with -- humans -- right?
- A. Absolutely. 9
- 10 Q. But that standard of care doesn't change between here and
- 11 California, does it? I mean it's the same standard of care,
- 12 correct?
- 13 A. Well, I think at NYU we demand a certain, you know, bar of,
- 14 level of care.
- 15 Q. Well -- and that's what I'm asking you. Is that in writing
- anywhere, where you're demanding a higher standard of care at 16
- 17 NYU as opposed to at North Shore?
- 18 A. So, I'm not aware of a specific, you know, code of standard
- of care that's written out for NYU physicians versus others. 19
- 20 Q. And if you're not aware of any written standard of care
- 21 from NYU, it's fair to say that you're not aware of any such
- 22 written document being published or disseminated to the
- 23 physicians, the rheumatologists at NYU, correct?
- 24 Α. Correct.
- 25 MR. LABUDA: Let's pivot over to your next contract

- 1 that we were talking about before, exhibit 25. It's been 2 admitted, your Honor, so I'd like to publish?
- 3 THE COURT: You may do so.
- 4 BY MR. LABUDA:
- Q. All right. Now, this is your next contract at NYU, 5
- correct? 6
- 7 Α. Correct.
- 8 Q. And like we said before, the last contract expired on
- February 28, 2019, but you were able to renegotiate early on 9
- 10 this, correct?
- 11 A. Correct.
- 12 Q. And you got a fairly sizeable increase in your salary,
- 13 correct?
- 14 Α. Yes.
- 15 Q. And NYU wasn't contractually obligated to renegotiate your
- 16 contract two years early, correct?
- 17 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 18 THE COURT: Give me one moment.
- 19 It goes to his understanding. I'll permit it.
- 20 Sorry. Can you repeat that question? Α.
- 21 Yes. Your understanding is based on your prior contract,
- 22 NYU was not contractually negotiated to renegotiate your
- 23 contract two years early, right?
- 24 Α. No. I requested it.
- 25 Right. And they could have said no, we're not going to

- 1 | increase your -- we're not going to renegotiate, we're not
- 2 giving you an increase, right?
- 3 A. Correct.
- 4 | Q. And without NYU's consent to renegotiate, you would not
- 5 have been able to renegotiate, correct?
- 6 They had to be willing to do that, right?
- 7 A. Obviously, yeah.
  - Q. As in any contract, right?
- 9 A. Yeah.

- 10 | Q. It takes two to tango, correct?
- 11 A. Exactly.
- 12 Q. Now, in this contract, your salary went from 290,000 per
- 13 | year for being a staff physician to \$500,000, correct?
- 14 A. Correct.
- 15 | Q. And just like the old contract, you received an additional
- 16 | \$25,000 for administrative work, correct?
- 17 A. Correct.
- 18 | Q. So now, in 2017, your total salary was \$525,000, correct?
- 19 A. Correct.
- 20 | Q. And you had a new RVU target listed in here, if you look at
- 21 page D800, of 5,850, correct?
- 22 A. Correct.
- 23 | Q. And Dr. Edelman's we saw that last time, hers was about
- 24 | 5,000, correct?
- 25 A. Correct.

So now, do you have -- well, withdrawn.

Had you ever had such high RVU in the years before that your incentive pay was almost as much as your base pay of the \$290,000? I take it -- in other words, did you ever receive close to \$290,000 in incentive pay at NYU?

A. I believe that last year, the bonus, when I mentioned the bonus was very high, I believe I was close to that number, the 5,850.

(Continued on next page)

1 BY MR. LABUDA:

- Q. You said that that was \$100,000, right, that's what you got
- 3 | in your highest out of the three years; right?
- 4 A. Yeah, it was over a hundred. I don't remember the exact
- 5 | number, but I remember it being close to that number of RVUs.
- 6 Q. So if you got incentive pay based on what you said before,
- 7 | that would have been pay around \$390,000, not 500; right?
- 8 | Total pay for your clinical component; correct?
- 9 A. So total pay would have been -- remember, there is the
- 10 | 315 -- you're just going on the 290 as compared to the 500. So
- 11 | the 290, it was over a hundred. So figure -- it may have been
- 12 | about -- may have been about 460 in my final year before
- 13 | renegotiating. I think I had made, you know, somewhere into
- 14 | the 400s all total with the bonus. Again, it's hard for me to
- 15 remember the exact --
- 16 | Q. I understand we're talking about 10 years ago, but your
- 17 | recollection before was it was somewhere around 8 the first
- 18 | year, 30 the second year, and about a hundred the third year
- 19 was your previous testimony; correct?
- 20 A. Yes, probably in the -- I said over a hundred. So
- 21 | probably -- I don't remember where, but probably in the mid
- 22 | hundreds somewhere.
- 23 | Q. And do you have any recollection of your RVU production for
- 24 | 2017 and the incentive pay you got for that year?
- 25 A. Meaning the year following this contract?

- 1 Well, I think it's the year of that contract, it's 2017, because you jumped up to the 500 starting in March 1st of 2014, 2
- so I'm assuming that 2014 would be prorated; right? 3
- Right. 4 Α.

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- So what I'm asking is, do you have any recollection of what 5 your production was or what the incentive pay was for 2017? 6
- 7 So you're saying the year after I signed this A. Right.
  - Q. The contract was signed -- let's just go back to the first page of the contract just to make it easy for you,
- 11 Dr. Goldberg.

contract.

- So the contract says that -- it's dated January 13, 2017; 12 13 right?
- 14 A. Right.
- 15 Q. And its effective March 1st, 2017; right? So what I'm asking you -- and so you were getting paid \$500,000 from March 16 17 until the end of December; right?
  - A. From March till the next March. My contracts went from year to year. The bonus was --
- 20 Q. Fair point. But the RVU production, is that based on an 21 annual thing or a contractual year?
- 22 THE COURT: A calendar year or a contractual year?
- 23 Yeah, a calendar year or a contractual year, if you know?
- 24 It was a contractual year. I would receive my bonus after 25 March 1st of the --

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- 1 Q. Now I understand the confusion. Let me step back.
- 2 For that, that contractual year that started on March 1 and
- 3 ended on February 28th of 2018, do you have any recollection
- 4 | for that contractual year what your RVU production was and your
- 5 | incentive pay?
- 6 A. My recollection was that I did get a small bonus.
  - Q. And when you say "small," are you talking --
- 8 A. Less than \$10,000, I believe.
- 9 Q. It's all relative, right, in terms of the size of the
- 10 | bonus; right?

- 11 A. I'm saying in terms of the percentage, it was small.
- 12 | Q. In 2018, do you have any recollection of your RVU target as
- 13 | well as your incentive pay for that year, the next year, 2018
- 14 | to 2019?
- 15 A. I mean, the RVU target was the same. This contract
- 16 remained in effect.
- 17 | Q. Right. What I'm asking you is, do you have any
- 18 recollection of what your RVU production was for that contract
- 19 | year and what your incentive pay was, like a small bonus, no
- 20 | bonus?
- 21 | A. Again, it was a small amount above it, a small percentage
- 22 bonus.
- 23  $\parallel$  Q. So somewhere around \$10,000?
- 24 A. Yeah, probably like seven or eight.
- 25 Q. I wanted to turn to your next contract in 2019. It's

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1 | exhibit 26.

2 | THE COURT: You may publish.

3 MR. LABUDA: Thank you.

- Q. So in this contract, it is dated January 16, 2019, and it's
- 5 effective on March 1, 2019; correct?
- 6 A. Correct.
- Q. And this one you got an additional bump in your clinical
- 8 compensation to \$510,000; correct?
- 9 A. Correct.
- 10 | Q. And your administrative pay was still in there and you
- 11 | received \$25,000 for those attendant duties; correct?
- 12 A. Correct.
- 13 Q. Same questions for 2019 in terms of RVU production and
- 14 | incentive pay. Do you have any recollection about that?
- 15 | A. 2019, also small percentage, like six or eight thousand.
- 16 | O. And 2020?
- 17 | A. No bonus in 2020.
- 18 Q. That's when COVID started --
- 19 A. Exactly.
- 20 | Q. -- reaping its ugly head; right?
- 21 A. Yeah, business was down low.
- 22 | Q. Right. There were other things to deal with; right?
- 23 A. Correct.
- 24 | Q. And you had a child that attended NYU; correct?
- 25 A. Yes, I have a child at NYU.

- 1 Q. Good. Good for you. Good school.
- 2 For working as a staff physician for NYU, you received free tuition; correct?
- 4 A. It was about 95 percent off.
- Q. And what was the tuition, what's the full tuition, you paid 5 percent on that?
  - A. I would get a bill each semester for about \$27,000 and after the NYU discount, it usually would be about \$1400.
  - Q. Not bad. Not bad.
- 10 I'm going to ask you some questions about Dr. Edelman.
- In 2014 when Dr. Edelman joined NYU, how many
- 12 | rheumatologists did you know?
- 13 | A. Did I know?
- 14 Q. Yeah, did you know, was it a dozen, was it a hundred, five
- 15 | hundred?

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- 16 A. I don't know how to answer that. Over the years, I've met
- 17 | hundreds of rheumatologists, you know, I attend meetings and go
- 18 across the country. If you mean in the New York area or --
- 19 Q. We could even winnow it down to the New York area, New York
- 20 City area.
- 21 Approximately how many rheumatologists do you know?
- 22 A. Again, how many rheumatologists had I met?
- 23 | Q. Yeah, that you were familiar with. Hundreds?
- 24 A. In the New York area? No. In the New York area, 50.
- 25 | Q. And you had suggested to Dr. Edelman to join NYU; correct?

- 1 A. Correct.
- 2 | Q. She didn't reach out to you, you reached out to her;
- 3 correct?
- 4 A. I had received word from one of my colleagues, Dr. Kurzyna,
- 5 | not a rheumatologist, one of the subspecialists.
- 6 MR. LABUDA: I'm going to move to strike as hearsay,
- 7 | your Honor.
- 8 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 9 A. Dr. Kurzyna, one of my colleagues had worked with
- 10 | Dr. Edelman and mentioned that she might be interested in
- 11 | someone I should talk to.
- 12 | Q. So you reached out to Dr. Edelman; correct?
- 13 A. Correct.
- 14 | Q. And she was one of your first recruits at NYU; correct?
- 15 A. Correct.
- 16 | Q. Did you receive any compensation for recruiting
- 17 Dr. Edelman?
- 18 A. No, unless you count, you know, my clinical director role.
- 19 | Q. That was fixed?
- 20 A. Correct.
- 21 | Q. It wasn't a headhunter or something like that?
- 22 A. Correct, there was no extra fees for that.
- 23 | Q. And it's fair to say that you thought Dr. Edelman would be
- 24 an asset to NYU; correct?
- 25 A. Correct.

- 1 Q. You thought that Dr. Edelman and her practice would benefit
- 2 NYU; correct?
- 3 A. Correct.
- 4 Q. And when you recruited Dr. Edelman to join NYU, you
- 5 | believed that Dr. Edelman was a good doctor; correct?
- 6 | A. I did.
- 7 | Q. At some point in time while Dr. Edelman was working,
- 8 Mr. Rubin reached out to you; correct?
- 9 A. Reached out to me?
- 10 | Q. He reached out to you about Dr. Edelman; correct?
- 11 A. Correct.
- 12 | Q. And that was in and around December of 2020; correct?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. And prior to Mr. Rubin reaching out to you, you had no
- 15 reason to change your opinion about Dr. Edelman as a doctor;
- 16 | correct?
- 17 A. You know, obviously my opinion had evolved about her over
- 18  $\parallel$  the years.
- 19 Q. Prior to December 2020, you didn't have any issues with
- 20 | Dr. Edelman's clinical work; correct?
- 21 A. If I did, they were minor issues.
- 22 | Q. You thought that Dr. Edelman was intelligent; correct?
- 23 A. I did think she was intelligent, yes.
- 24 | Q. And you thought that she was fully capable of treating
- 25 patients with rheumatoid issues; correct?

- 1 | A. I did.
- Q. And, in fact, you asked Dr. Edelman on occasion to cover
- 3 | your clinical shifts that you were unable to handle; correct?
- 4 A. Occasionally I asked her to cover for me with inpatients in
- 5 the hospital.
- 6 Q. You would ask her to see your patients that were in the
- 7 | hospital; correct?
- 8 A. Yes, occasionally, I did.
- 9 Q. Would it be fair to say that a patient that is hospitalized
- 10 | with some type of rheumatoid issue would be in more severe
- 11 condition than somebody that would come through the ambulatory
- 12 center, generally speaking?
- 13 A. Well, the inpatient consultation, usually it's just that
- 14 | the patient is more severely ill with some kind of medical
- 15 | illness, that's why they're hospitalized, and you're calling a
- 16 | rheumatologist because there's some kind of rheumatic issue
- 17 | that needs to be addressed that requires input from a
- 18 | specialist. So I wouldn't say their rheumatological issue is
- 19 more severe, I would say the patient is in a more severe
- 20 | medical state at that time and the rheumatic issue needs to be
- 21 covered.
- 22 | Q. There's some type of significant medical issue with the
- 23 | patient if they're in the hospital as opposed to somebody who's
- 24 ambulatory and you're seeing at 1991 Marcus; correct?
- 25 A. Presumably, yes.

- 1 And it may not be a rheumatoid issue, but there's a 2 rheumatoid component to that patient's treatment; correct?
- A. Correct. I mean, a rheumatologist can be consulted in the 3
- hospital for any number of reasons, but very often it's because 4
- 5 there's a rheumatic disease that exists.
- Q. While Dr. Edelman was working at NYU, she came up with some 6
- 7 good administrative ideas, such as a scanning system for
- records as well as hiring a new nurse practitioner; correct? 8
  - MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection, your Honor.
- 10 THE COURT: Basis.
- 11 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: It's out on summary judgment, this
- 12 part.

- 13 THE COURT: Sustained.
- She gave some good suggestions while she worked there; 14
- 15 correct?
- 16 Yes. Α.
- 17 If Dr. Edelman was tasked with an assignment, you had
- 18 confidence that she was able to do that; correct?
- 19 I don't know. I never had tasked her with any specific
- 20 assignments.
- 21 Q. Did you think if you gave Dr. Edelman a directive that,
- 22 based on her intelligence and her capacity as a rheumatologist,
- 23 she'd be able to fulfill that directive?
- 24 Α. Yeah, I would hope so. I never tested that.
- 25 With respect to Dr. Edelman, you didn't have any

- 1 | interpersonal conflicts with her; correct?
- 2 | A. No.
- 3 Q. And you never complained to human resources or ELR,
- 4 | employee labor relations about Dr. Edelman; correct?
- 5 | A. No.
- 6 Q. You never submitted any written complaints to the office
- 7 | manager or to anyone about Dr. Edelman in terms of your
- 8 personal interaction with her; correct?
- 9 A. No, I did not.
- 10 | Q. And it's the clinical director, do I have the title right,
- 11 clinical director of rheumatology, you never put any complaints
- 12 | in writing to NYU about Dr. Edelman's performance as a doctor;
- 13 | correct?
- 14 A. No.
- 15 | Q. And you never spoke to Dr. Edelman about her performance as
- 16 | a doctor, correct, other than treating patient issues; correct?
- 17 A. Yeah, I don't recall any.
- 18 | Q. Now, you are aware that Dr. Edelman filed a complaint
- 19 | against Mr. Antonik in 2019; correct?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 | Q. And prior to December of 2020, had anyone at NYU ever
- 22 | spoken to you about Dr. Edelman's performance as a doctor prior
- 23 | to that call with Mr. Rubin?
- 24 A. There were some issues that had come up.
- 25 | Q. And did you discuss any of those issues with Dr. Edelman?

- 1 A. No, I did not.
- 2 | Q. And prior to your call or speaking to Mr. Rubin, you didn't
- 3 have any plans to independently evaluate Dr. Edelman's
- 4 performance as a doctor; correct?
- 5 | A. No.
- 6 Q. And at some point, you were contacted by Mr. Rubin;
- 7 | correct?
- 8 A. Correct.
- 9 Q. And again, that was in and about December of 2020; correct?
- 10 A. Correct. I don't recall the exact dates, but sounds right.
- 11 Q. And he raised concerns with you about Dr. Edelman's
- 12 | clinical performance; is that correct?
- 13 A. Yes, clinical performance and personal interactions in the
- 14 office.
- 15 | Q. And as a result of Mr. Rubin contacting you -- and by the
- 16 | way, do you have any recollection how that was done in terms of
- 17 was that a phonecall, did he come visit you, Zoom, something
- 18 | else?
- 19 | A. It was over a videoconference.
- 20 | Q. So that was something that had been set up, he asked to
- 21 | speak to you and you calendared some type of Zoom meeting or
- 22 something like that?
- 23 A. Yeah, I believe that's how it unfolded.
- 24 | Q. And as a result of that Zoom meeting with Dr. Rubin, you
- 25 did a clinical -- you looked at some of Dr. Edelman's medical

- 1 | charts, is that right, patient charts?
- 2 A. The first thing I did is I just, you know, asked around in
- 3 the office about, you know, what was going on with her.
- 4 | Q. Did you look at any medical charts?
- 5 A. It's hard for me to recall because, you know, since she's
- 6 | left the practice, I've seen a lot of her medical charts. I
- 7 don't remember going through them, whether it was started
- 8 before or after she left the practice.
- 9 | Q. And you don't -- if you did -- and I'm not saying you did,
- 10 | but if you did, do you have any of those medical charts with
- 11 | you today?
- 12 | A. No.
- 13 | Q. Did you do any type of comparison of Dr. Edelman to the
- 14 other doctors in the rheumatology, any type of written
- 15 | comparison?
- 16 A. No written comparison, no.
- 17 | Q. And as part of your review, did you talk to Dr. Edelman?
- 18 A. No.
- 19 | Q. Without speaking to Dr. Edelman, you concluded that the
- 20 | issues that you looked into couldn't be remediated; correct?
- 21 A. That's correct.
- 22 | Q. That means you didn't think that she could fix them; right?
- 23 A. Essentially, yes, that's correct.
- 24 | Q. Did you ever give Dr. Edelman an opportunity to try and fix
- 25 them?

- 1 A. I never spoke with her after that.
- Q. How long was your review of Dr. Edelman's work, how much
- 3 | time did you put into that, was that five minutes, an hour, a
- 4 week, whatever?
- 5 A. Well, I didn't keep track of the time. What I did after my
- 6 call with Dr. Rubin is -- with Mr. Rubin is I spoke to a lot of
- 7 | our colleagues in the office, I spoke to our nurse, I spoke to
- 8 | our office manager, I spoke to Dr. Edelman's medical assistant,
- 9 | I spoke to some of my colleagues, like Dr. Porges, to try to
- 10 get a better sense of, you know, is this remediable, is this
- 11 something here that we should try to hold onto or not. So it
- 12 | took me quite some time, I can't say I logged the hours.
- 13 Q. You talked to a lot of people, but not the subject of your
- 14 | investigation; right?
- 15 | A. Right.
- 16 | Q. Now, at some point -- and just so I understand, it was
- 17 Mr. Rubin who asked you to look into her clinical practice, and
- 18 | I think you also said some inner personal issues; correct?
- 19 A. Yes. Well, he notified me about the fact that we were not
- 20 going to be renewing her and, you know, he did leave a window
- 21 open for some discussion, so I did some research on my own.
- 22 | Q. So when Mr. Rubin had that call with you, on the Zoom call,
- 23 | he indicated that he was not going to renew her contract;
- 24 | correct?

25

A. That was the implication, yes.

- Q. And at that point, you hadn't done any type of review on her; correct?
- A. I hadn't done any official review. Obviously, I had been working with her for the last however many years.
  - Q. Now, when you did do this review, you believed that there were a large number, an unusually large number of blood samples and x-rays that were being done on Dr. Edelman's patients; correct?
    - A. Correct. One of the clinical complaints that came up is just, yeah, an overabundance of laboratory tests, x-ray tests, referrals to outside sources, things like that.
  - Q. This is something that you found out after Mr. Rubin told you they weren't going to renew her contract; correct?
    - A. Well, this was something that I knew about beforehand. I mentioned to you there were some evolving issues. I used the term "minor issues," but these were some of the things that were going on even before this. You know, again, it wasn't fully in my purview exactly what was going on.
    - Q. When you did your review, you didn't do any type of written comparison of the number of tests she was taking versus what other doctors were taking, correct, there was no side-by-side comparison, she's doing X for her patient, so and so is doing Y, nothing like that; correct?
    - A. I didn't write it, but you can see it checked off on various, you know, sometimes the medical assistant or the x-ray

- 1 | tech would show me all the x-rays that are checked off.
- 2 Q. Oh, yes, but what I'm saying is it's not like you did a
- 3 | side-by-side comparison with Dr. Porges and Dr. Edelman;
- 4 | correct?
- 5 A. Correct.
- 6 Q. You didn't do a side-by-side comparison with Dr. Modi and
- 7 Dr. Edelman; right?
- 8 A. Correct, I didn't need to.
- 9 | Q. And it's fair to say that treating patients is not a
- 10 one-size-fits-all remedy; correct?
- 11 A. Correct.
- 12 | Q. Some patients need more help than others, they have more
- 13 severe symptoms; correct?
- 14 A. Correct.
- 15 | Q. And some patients need more tests than others; correct?
- 16 A. Correct.
- 17  $\mid Q$ . And some patients need more x-rays than others?
- 18 A. Of course.
- 19 Q. It just depends on the circumstances of that patient;
- 20 correct?
- 21 A. Correct.
- 22 | Q. Did you ever ask Dr. Edelman to take less tests and do less
- $23 \parallel x-rays?$
- 24 A. I don't remember specifically asking her that.
- 25 | Q. Did Dr. Edelman ever refuse to decrease the number of blood

- 1 | tests and x-rays, to your knowledge?
- 2 A. As I said, I never asked her to do that.
- 3 | Q. As far as you knew, nobody did; right?
  - A. I don't know.
- 5 THE COURT: Mr. Labuda, in the next several minutes,
- 6 | we'll take a break. So we'll take a break at least by 11:30.
- 7 | So whenever you get to a convenient breaking point, if you ask
- 8 a few more questions.
- 9 Q. As the clinical director, you testified earlier, one of
- 10 your responsibilities was the oversight of all the medical care
- 11 and quality of services rendered at NYU for the Nassau
- 12 | rheumatologists; correct, you remember that?
- 13 A. Correct.
- 14 | Q. And you said that you did that, that you performed that
- 15 | duty; correct?
- 16 A. I believe so.
- 17 | Q. To just jump back, let's look at exhibit 24.
- 18 So according to your testimony, one of your jobs was, in
- 19 | the third bullet, to provide clinical leadership and ensure
- 20 | high quality services for all patients; correct?
- 21 | A. Correct.
- 22 | Q. And you earlier testified that you did do that; correct?
- 23 A. I believe so.
- 24 | Q. And that would include the oversight of Dr. Edelman;
- 25 | correct?

Goldberg - Direct

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A. Correct. Again, I wasn't there to micromanage her patients, I was there to oversee that we were overall delivering high quality care.

THE COURT: Mr. Labuda, is now a good time?

MR. LABUDA: Now is a good time, your Honor.

THE COURT: Members of the jury, it's almost 11:30, we'll break for about 15 minutes, so until around 11:45. So have a good break.

(Continued on next page)

(Jury not

(Jury not present)

THE COURT: Dr. Goldberg, you can step down. Please try to be back here a little bit before 11:45. During the break, no conversations of substance with counsel for the defendants.

Anything further from plaintiffs?

MR. LABUDA: Just one issue, your Honor. Just with respect to your email this weekend, it seems as if and I would anticipate that we're going to be concluding tomorrow, I just wanted to get an understanding in terms of closing statements and then the jury in terms of -- we've been doing 9:00 to 2:00, I'm assuming, I don't want to assume, but I'm assuming that if they get charged before 2 o'clock that they would continue on and deliberate?

THE COURT: My intention is really to leave that up to the jury. My deputy will offer them the opportunity to continue past 2 o'clock unless the parties have a different view. People plan their lives and so I want to be respectful of that.

MR. LABUDA: The only issue I'd say is just anticipating that, based on your order, I'm just wondering if the Court wants to at least raise that issue so that if there are some personal issues, they can try and take care of those.

THE COURT: I think that's sensible. What does defendant think?

Goldberg - Direct

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I think that's sensible, too, your
Honor. I think the jury should be given the option of staying
past 2:00.
THE COURT: On the assumption that we finish testimony
tomorrow, what's the best guess as to what time tomorrow you
think we'll finish, Mr. Labuda?
MR. LABUDA: You mean with the testimony?
THE COURT: Yes.
MR. LABUDA: I think it would depend on Porges. I'm
not doing Dr. Porges, but I'm doing Modi and he's not long,
he's not very long at all. So if we can do Porges a little bit
today and then finish him tomorrow, I think we'd probably be
done sometime around 11:00 is my guess.
THE COURT: What's your estimate, Mr. Kataev, in terms
of how long Porges is going to go?
MR. KATAEV: A little longer than Dr. Mehta, I'd say a
little over an hour.
THE COURT: Does defense have a sense as to when we'll
break, now that you've heard from plaintiff?
MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I assume we are within minutes of
being done with Dr. Goldberg's direct; am I right?
MR. LABUDA: That's right.
MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I'm going to have a cross of
Dr. Goldberg that's going to last 30 to 45 minutes, I'm going

to say, then we're going to have Ms. Pacina on, I would assume

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      she's a very brief witness, but plaintiff can tell me for sure.
      If that all happens, we can start Porges today.
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               THE COURT: So maybe 11 o'clock is the right --
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               MR. SCHOENSTEIN: We would hope so. We would love to
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      be done with all the testimony by then. My questions largely
6
      depend on what plaintiffs ask.
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               THE COURT: One thing I might do before I let the jury
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      go today is have you all up to sidebar, because one question in
      my mind, also, is after we conclude the testimony, all the
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      testimony in the case, I entertain motions, I entertain the
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      charge conference, let the jury go for the day, and then
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      Wednesday is closing statements, charge, and then they
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      deliberate. You should all think about that. Let's all try to
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      have a sidebar right before we close for the day, have a sense
      of what your timing looks like, and then I'll try to give the
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      jury some views.
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               Make sense from plaintiff's perspective?
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               MR. LABUDA: Yes, your Honor.
               THE COURT: What about from defendants?
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               MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Agreed, your Honor.
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               THE COURT: Anything else before we break, from
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     plaintiff?
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               MR. LABUDA: No, your Honor.
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               THE COURT: From defendant, Mr. Schoenstein.
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MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Nothing that can't wait for our

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conference this afternoon, your Honor.
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               THE COURT:
                           Okay.
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               (Recess)
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               Let's have Dr. Goldberg retake his seat.
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               Counsel, my deputy just raised with the jurors the
      possibility that tomorrow, rather than breaking at 2 o'clock,
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      depending on how things go, they might want to sit longer than
      2 o'clock so that we can get the closing statements done.
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      they're going to think about that, they'll think about the
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      question of whether they deliberate past 2 o'clock. I would
      just make the observation, not cut off anybody's examination,
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12
      but I think you both would be served by keeping the
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      examinations tight. The jury has been paying attention, but I
14
      think sometimes we're losing their attention as the
      examinations go longer. So let's keep that in mind.
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               Let's bring in the jury.
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               (Continued on next page)
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Goldberg - Direct

1 (Jury present)

THE COURT: Counsel, you may inquire.

3 MR. LABUDA: Thank you, your Honor.

BY MR. LABUDA:

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Q. Just a few more questions.

With respect to Dr. Edelman's complaint, she spoke to you about that; correct?

- A. Which complaint?
- 9 Q. Let me back up. Sorry.

10 With respect to Dr. Edelman's complaint concerning

- 11 | Mr. Antonik, she spoke to you about that; correct?
- 12 A. She did. We had a brief discussion about it.
- 13 Q. And she told you that Mr. Antonik had yelled at her and
- 14 | that she felt demeaned by what he said to her; correct?
- 15 | A. No, she just told me she felt intimidated.
- 16 Q. And she also told you that she filed a complaint with human
- 17 | resources; correct?
- 18 A. She did.
- 19 Q. That was around September of '19. Withdrawn.
- 20 It was around September of 2019; correct?
- 21 A. Could be. I don't know the date.
- 22 | Q. Jumping back to your review of Dr. Edelman, did you ever
- 23 provide any type of written evaluation to Mr. Rubin about what
- 24 you had reviewed and concluded?
- 25 A. No, I did not.

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- Q. It was all verbal; right? Or was it verbal? Was there any conclusion? Withdrawn.
- You had a phonecall with Mr. Rubin in and about December of 2020; correct?
- 5 A. Correct.
  - Q. Did you ever report anything back to Mr. Rubin?
- 7 A. It was fairly brief. All I remember reporting back is 8 that, you know, at this point, I'm in agreement with the
- 9 nonrenewal.
- 10 Q. Do you have any sense in terms of how long it was after the
- 11 Zoom call you had with Mr. Rubin that you made this brief
- 12 | comment to him?
- 13 A. It was probably within the span of a few weeks. I don't

  14 remember, again, the details, but --
- 15 | Q. So that was sometime around mid December; is that right?
- 16 A. Yes, that makes sense that it was either mid December or
- 17 | maybe right after -- either right before or right after the
- 18 | holidays. I don't recall, but --
- 19 Q. When you mean the holidays --
- 20 A. I mean the end of the year, yeah.
- 21 | Q. It may have been at the beginning of the new year; correct?
- 22 A. Could have been, yes.
- 23 | Q. So that would have been sometime in January of 2021; right?
- 24 | A. Right.
- 25 | Q. And you understood, just from Mr. Edelman continuing to

N7HCede3

Goldberg - Direct

- work, that she continued working there until around May of 2021; is that right?
- 3 | A. Yes.
- 4 | Q. As the clinical director, you still had oversight
- 5 responsibilities to make sure that she was providing high
- 6 | quality patient care; correct?
- 7 A. Correct.
- 8 Q. And that's in accordance with your contract; right?
- 9 A. Correct.
- 10 | Q. Did you have any discussions with Dr. Edelman about her
- 11 continued patient care between December and May of 2021 when
- 12 she left?
- 13 A. I did not.
- 14 | Q. You've heard of OPMC; correct?
- 15 A. Yes, I've heard of them.
- 16 | O. What is OPMC?
- 17 A. I don't know. I've heard of them. Well, I shouldn't say I
- 18 don't know. I don't know the details of what they do.
- 19 Q. You understand that to be the Office of Professional
- 20 | Medical Conduct?
- 21 A. Yes, I'm familiar with them.
- 22 | Q. They oversee all the doctors to make sure that they're
- 23 doing a good job; right?
- 24 | A. Right.
- 25 | Q. And there's a complaint procedure that anybody could file

Goldberg - Cross

- N7HCede3 it, a doctor or a patient could file if they have concern about 1 a doctor's care and the quality of their care; correct? 2 I'm not familiar with their proceedings, but I've heard of 3 them and I've heard that you can complain through them, yes. 4 5 Q. Did you ever raise any issue, either verbal or in writing, with the OPMC about Dr. Edelman's care for her patients? 6 7 A. No, I did not. 8 MR. LABUDA: I don't have any other questions. Thanks, Dr. Goldberg. 9 10 THE COURT: Defense examination. 11 MR. LABUDA: I'm going to pass the witness. 12 CROSS-EXAMINATION 13 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN: 14 Good morning, Dr. Goldberg. Q. 15 Α. Good morning. You're not a defendant in this action; right? 16 0. 17 No, I'm not. Α. 18 I want to talk about your getting hired with NYU. MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Could we put up exhibit 41, please. 19 20 This has already been entered, your Honor. We're 21 going to publish.
- 22 THE COURT: You may do so.
- 23 While we put that up, why don't you just tell the jury, 24 what was the role that you were discussing with NYU in or about 25 2013?

Goldberg - Cross

- 1 So I had approached NYU -- had been introduced by a 2 colleague to start a rheumatology program on Long Island. had an idea to also integrate with orthopedics and sort of 3 4 replicate what was going on in the city for the center of 5 musculoskeletal care where we would combine the activities of 6 orthopedics and rheumatology due to a lot of the collaboration 7 that we do and to get a rheumatology program started in Long There were no rheumatologists under the NYU name in 8
- 10 Q. And was the discussion about you having a role in building 11 that?

Long Island when I first started to speak with them.

12 A. Absolutely, yes.

- Q. We put in front of you your curriculum vitae that was in effect at the time you were negotiating with NYU; is that right?
- 16 A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. And where were you working in 2013 when you were talking to NYU?
- A. I was in North Shore University Hospital or the North Shore
  LIJ system I think it was called then.
- 21 Q. Were you unhappy with North Shore?
- 22 A. Not particularly, no.
- Q. Was North Shore under any financial stress that you were aware of?
- 25 A. No.

- Q. Was there any prospect of you losing your job or having to find a new job?
  - A. No.

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- Q. Did those factors impact at all your decision to talk to NYU?
- 6 A. No.
- Q. From your viewpoint, sir, was there any risk associated with if you were to leave North Shore and join NYU?
  - A. Yeah, I mean, there was a lot of risk. At the time, North Shore LIJ was a very large presence and they still are a large presence in the Long Island region and NYU was just starting out. My recollection was that they had only about, you know, they had a few practices, maybe up to 70 doctors at the time, so they were kind of a small operation. North Shore LIJ was expanding and there was some other large groups on Long Island that were expanding. So there was the risk that an NYU
- practice might not fit, there might just not be enough demand to grow a practice under a new institution.
- Q. What, if any, connection did that risk have to the way you approached salary negotiations?
- A. Obviously, you know, as I said, I was fairly happy at my
  position at North Shore LIJ. I had a good group of people. I
  obviously wanted something better. So, you know, certainly
  certain things were important to me, and increased compensation
  was obviously one of them.

ldberg -	Cros
	ldberg -

- Q. You were going to come build a rheumatology practice. Were you going to come do that for \$25,000 a year?
  - A. No, not really.
  - Q. Were you going to do that if they had given you, say, a 10 percent, 20-percent increase on your salary?
  - A. No, probably not.

(Continued on next page)

N7hWede4 Goldberg - Cross BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN: 1 2 Did they ultimately make --0. 3 MR. LABUDA: Objection. 4 THE COURT: Stop the leading. 5 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: All right. 6 THE COURT: Overruled. 7 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Q. Were you able ultimately to reach a financial package you 8 found satisfactory? 9 10 A. Yes. 11 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I want to scroll down a little bit 12 on this. Let's see, we've covered Hofstra. Keep going. 13 OK. Right there. 14 Q. You see it says director, scleroderma and Raynaud's treatment center? 15 16 Α. Yes. Can you explain briefly what scleroderma is and how that 17 fits into your practice? 18 A. Sure. While I was at North Shore-LIJ, there was a -- the 19 20 rheumatologists there were encouraged to subspecialize. There was a lot of research going on in our division, and each 21 22 faculty rheumatologist was encouraged to have a subspecialty, 23 an expertise beyond general rheumatology. I took an interest

in scleroderma around 2002, and I started to get involved in

research trials and attend a lot of scleroderma conferences and

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started to see -- open up my practice and, and kind of advertise my practice as a scleroderma expert. And that continued throughout my years at North Shore-LIJ, where I did a lot of research studies during my time there, and, you know, wrote a lot of papers in that area.

- Q. During your negotiations with NYU, did you speak to NYU about your skills and credentials?
- A. Yes.
- Q. And can you tell us generally what you remember saying in that regard?
- A. You know, obviously I had a number of different meetings with people. I, you know, I met with Mr. Rubin, a lot of the administrative people. I met with the then and still director of rheumatology, Dr. Buyon, in the city. And you know, my -- I had a lot of different goals and a lot of different visions.

No. 1, I wanted to start a successful clinical practice. did have a lot of connections in the area to try and bring on more rheumatologists. I did have a very good name in the area, so I felt like we would easily attract a lot of patients. A lot of the internists and other subspecialists who refer to rheumatologists knew me from my years with North Shore. part of my objective was to, you know, start a successful practice.

As I already mentioned, it also would have a musculoskeletal practice where we would unite with other

ede4 Goldberg - Cross

- specialties, orthopedists. And then lastly, I was hoping to,
  you know, continue some of the clinical research that I was
  doing and maintain my expertise in scleroderma.
  - Q. In terms of the part of your practice that's clinical work, how long had you been doing that as of 2013?
  - A. I finished my fellowship in 1999, so I had been a, a board-certified rheumatologists and practiced for 13 years.
    - Q. And you were asked on direct about whether you had teaching roles and that kind of thing. During those 13 years, with what frequency did you see your own patients?
    - A. Well, I -- I saw my own patients every day. I had a, you know, an active clinical practice. But I also had other responsibilities, such as training residents, fellows, occasionally students, and interacting with other subspecialties to help educate them about rheumatology.
    - Q. Ms. Cardona says we didn't say what scleroderma is, so can you just explain that real briefly?
  - A. My apologies.
  - Q. No, no. I didn't ask the question.
    - A. Scleroderma is a rare disease that is thought to evolve from the immune system, where the host's immune system is stimulated to overproduce scar tissue and to overproduce the cells that line blood blood vessels, and it leads to all sorts of complications, such as scarring of the skin, scarring of the lungs and other organs and vascular abnormalities,

- meaning blood vessel abnormalities, leading to all sorts of complications in the organs as well. It's an, unfortunately, incurable disease because we really have no treatments for overproduction of scar tissue, and that's why it's one of the reasons I took an interest in it, because it's so difficult to treat it. And I thought over my career we would make inroads.
- Q. What, if any, discussions did you have about that area of your practice with NYU back in 2013?
  - A. It wasn't the mainstay of my discussion, but it certainly was something I brought up with Dr. Buyon when I first signed on, about potentially developing that area.
- Q. What, if any, discussions did you have with Dr. Buyon about your reputation and connections?
  - A. I think -- I mean we had known each other from before. I think it -- you know, I did make it clear that I, you know, do have a lot of connections that I've made over the years and that I think a lot of the subspecialists in the area and internists in the area had confidence in me that I would bring in patient referrals.
- Q. Did you have an understanding as to whether patient referrals were important to NYU at the time of these discussions?
- A. I think that's fairly obvious. I mean I -- the first thing you would want if you're starting a new clinical practice is,

- 1 | is patient volume.
- 2 Q. At the time of these discussions with NYU in 2013, did you
- 3 have any debt that you were asking NYU to assume as part of the
- 4 deal?
- 5 A. No.
- Q. Did you have any lease or office expenses that you were
- 7 asking NYU to take over?
- 8 A. No. I was a salaried employee at North Shore-LIJ.
- 9 Q. So other than what NYU would pay you, are you aware of any
- 10 other expenses NYU would have had in connection with your hire?
- 11 A. No. There were no other expenses.
- 12 | Q. We looked at your contract -- I don't think I need to put
- 13 | it up again -- but do you remember seeing that \$23,000 at the
- 14 | end of the year?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 | Q. Do you recall how that came about?
- 17 | A. Yes. That was put in as a retention bonus for the one
- 18 | year. It was, in part, because there is -- the -- I think I
- 19 | would have received that amount of money in my retirement fund,
- 20 | but you have to be at NYU for two years, and I had already done
- 21 | my fellowship there, and they felt like, you know what, we're
- 22 | going to give you the, that extra 23,000 because you're losing
- 23 | it in the retirement fund.
- 24 | Q. And you recall there was negotiation about your RVU target;
- 25 you said that on direct, right?

- The -- well, it was more about the -- the negotiation 1 Yes.
- was more about the actual salary for the RVU target rather than 2
- 3 the actual target.
- So what I wanted to know is after you were hired, when did 4 Q.
- 5 you start work at NYU?
- I started on March 1, 2014. I think it ended up being 6
- 7 March 3, because it was a weekend or something.
- 8 And were there any other rheumatologists on Long Island at
- NYU when you walked in the door? 9
- 10 Α. No.
- 11 So how did you go about what you set out to do?
- 12 Well, even before I walked in the door, I started, you
- 13 know, talking to some of my colleagues about whether they'd be
- 14 interested in joining the practice.
- 15 0. OK. And how did that effort go in terms of recruiting
- rheumatologists? 16
- 17 It was a little slow at first. NYU was very helpful.
- 18 started the negotiations with Dr. Porges's group, which, you
- 19 know, I then joined. You know, some of my associates from
- 20 North Shore-LIJ were considering joining NYU as well, but they
- chose not to in the end. So then I started to look to some of 21
- 22 the private practices in -- you know, some of my colleagues in
- 23 private practice in the area.
- 24 Q. And you were involved, you said, in the recruitment of Dr.
- 25 Edelman?

- 1 | A. Correct.
- Q. And I think you just said you became involved in the recruitment of Dr. Porges?
  - A. Correct.

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Q. In that time frame, while they were being recruited, did you have a view as to their relative reputations in the field?

MR. LABUDA: Objection. For this witness, relevance.

THE COURT: Overruled.

- A. So, yes, I did. You know, Dr. Edelman and Mehta, as I mentioned, were brought to my attention -- Dr. Kavina. They were younger. They were a newer practice. Dr. Porges did have a very lengthy, very lengthy history of being a noted rheumatologist on Long Island, so obviously, you know, his practice was considered more esteemed, and Dr. Brancato as well had done a lot of good things. Her reputation had preceded her as well. They had a lot of publications and they'd a lot of research, so obviously it was a higher stock practice.
- Q. And counsel asked you year by year about RVU targets. Do you have a general recollection, generally speaking, did you meet or exceed your RVU targets over the years?
- A. Yeah, I exceeded my RVU target just about every year except for 2020.
- Q. And after, and sometime in 2017, the discussion came up
  about an addendum or revision of your contract. Do you recall
  that?

- 1 A. Yes.
- 2 | Q. So how did that come about, if you recall?
- 3 A. Well, I had -- you know, it had been three years, and I
- 4 actually hadn't remembered exactly when my contract expired,
- 5 | whether it had been a three year or five-year agreement, but at
- 6 the time, the practice had really taken off. We -- you know,
- 7 Drs. Porges and Brancato had joined us. Drs. Edelman and Mehta
- 8 | had joined us.
- 9 I had also by that time started to established a
- 10 practice -- I started going to the Huntington site once a week.
- 11 We had another site that was added to NYU, which did not have a
- 12 | rheumatology practice either. And that was around, I think,
- 13 | 2015. But anyway, by that point, Huntington was starting to
- 14 become successful. We had full-time people there, and our
- 15 | practice had grown a lot. Obviously we were up to -- I believe
- 16 | it was five rheumatologists at the time. And the NYU service
- 17 | line was growing because of that. The orthopedists were
- 18 becoming more successful in our building.
- 19 The -- we have an infusion suite in our building, which was
- 20 becoming busier and busier. It's already been expanded a
- 21 | number of times since I joined. When I first joined, it was a
- 22 | tiny infusion suite for, like, four, five patients. Now we
- 23 | service, like, 60 patients a day in the infusion suite. So
- 24 | there had been a tremendous amount of growth, so I obviously
- 25 wanted to revisit my agreement.

- 1 | Q. Who raised revisiting, NYU or you?
- A. I contacted, I think it was Jonathan Crowe at the time, who was -- who I had worked with in the past.
  - Q. And who is Jonathan Crowe?
- 5 A. He, he worked in Mr. Rubin's office.
- 6 Q. And did you end up discussing that addendum with Mr. Rubin?
  - A. I don't remember if it was through Mr. Rubin or through
- 8 Mr. Crowe that we got it done.
- 9 | Q. What, if anything, was included in your pitch?
- 10 A. I mean pretty much everything that I told you, that the 11 practice has grown tremendously; we've added a lot of people;
- 12 and, you know, I think my value has grown a lot here.
- 13 Q. So -- OK.
- Because you'd been -- withdrawn.
- I think you said you had gotten some bonuses for RVU targets, right?
- 17 A. Right. In addition, the fact was I was significantly -- by
- 18 | that point I was significantly exceeding my RVU targets, so it
- 19 also just made more sense not to wait until the end of the year
- 20 and get a large bonus. I just wanted to also incorporate the
- 21 higher RVUs that I was generating just into my regular salary
- 22 | rather than wait for it as a bonus every year.
- 23 Q. OK. So in those discussions, were there references to both
- 24 | the quantity of your production and the quantity of the whole
- 25 department's production?

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A. I believe so, yes.

meet the new, higher targets?

- Q. And did you also have any discussions at the time about the quality of the department that was being built?
- quarity of the department that was being built.
- 4 A. I believe so. I think we were doing very well on many believels.
- Q. And after those RVU targets were raised in the addendum in 2017, do you recall, generally speaking, if you continued to
- 9 A. Yes. I wasn't exceeding them the way I had been
  10 previously, but I continued to, to exceed them, you know, at a
  11 smaller percentage. It was a much better, you know, baseline
  - Q. I just want to pick on a couple of things you mentioned to make sure we understand them. You talked about a service line to, I think you said orthotics?
    - A. Orthopedics.

indicator.

- 17 Q. Orthopedics. I'm glad there's a doctor in the house.
- A service line to orthopedics, what does that mean?
  - A. Well, you know, there are obviously many subspecialties in medicine, and, you know, we all need patients in order to, to do our trade, and there is a certain, as I say, collaboration or a certain relationship between rheumatology and orthopedics, because we're seeing a lot of patients with arthritic diseases, joint diseases, bone diseases, and the surgeries and the types of patients that are seen in orthopedics are people with joint

diseases, bone diseases, things like that.

2 I mean an easy example is joint replacement. 3 rheumatologists we manage arthritic patients medically, mostly 4 medically or with injections and things like that, but if they 5 need a surgical procedure, like a joint replacement, that goes 6 to an orthopedist, so -- it's a great collaboration of 7 specialties. So over the years, we, you know, NYU wisely colocated us with the orthopedists. And like this, we 8 9 developed relationships with them, and so if my patients needed 10 any orthopedic care, I would obviously refer them to the 11 on-site NYU orthopedists. And it was great for the patients, because I was able to follow up and advocate for them to make 12 13 sure they're getting the best care. I was able to refer them 14 to the most appropriate doctors, and similarly, they sometimes 15 see patients who have more chronic illnesses that aren't really in their purview and they subsequently refer those patients to 16 17 So it became a very -- very good, you know, relationship. Q. What, if any, involvement did you, sir, have in that 18 colocation of orthopedics and rheumatology? 19 20 Well, I -- I was the one who suggested it. I remember on 21 one of my initial meetings with Mr. Rubin and Dr. Brotman, I 22 mentioned it, and they seemed very enthusiastic. Again, I was 23 trying to replicate what they had already done here in New 24 York, in Manhattan, and, you know, it seemed to be a win-win 25 for everybody. There were already a couple of orthopedists who

ede4 Goldberg - Cross

- were under the NYU banner in -- in 2013, so they simply found space and colocated us.
- 3 | Q. And when you have a patient of yours who goes and gets,
- 4 like, a joint replacement, what, if any, RVUs are you credited
- 5 | for?
- 6 A. Oh, I don't get any RVUs. The orthopedists get those RVUs.
- 7 | Q. And if you have a patient who goes to the infusion center
- 8 | to get an infusion, what, if any, RVUs do you get?
- 9 A. Oh, none. I don't get any RVUs for that.
- 10 Q. Are those referrals, in your estimation, still of value to
- 11 NYU?
- 12 | A. Yeah, I think they're very valuable.
- 13 | Q. And what is -- have you continued on in your role of
- 14 helping build the rheumatology department on Long Island?
- 15 A. Yes, I have.
- 16 | Q. And as you sit here today, how would you assess your
- 17 || success?
- 18 MR. LABUDA: Objection.
- 19 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 20 | BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 21 Q. What, if anything, have you done in -- to accomplish in
- 22 | that regard?
- MR. LABUDA: Objection.
- 24 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 25 A. I've continued to recruit people. We added Dr. Given, who

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is a, who is a very well-established rheumatologist. We added him at the beginning of 2020. And you know, he had a very, a very esteemed and well-known practice on Long Island. been in private practice for many years. We have also added someone from, from the Winthrop fellowship, from the, I guess, now NYU Long Island fellowship. We added a new doctor from there. I don't get direct credit for that one, but I helped kind of, you know, mentor him along since he joined and as well as at Huntington we've now added a third rheumatologist. In addition to me, there's actually a fourth. So I think it's going great. I think we've been recruiting people.

You know, in addition, if there are also subspecialists who are interested in NYU, I think people know me as one of the first people on Long Island to join. So I've been approached by people in hem-onc, in internal medicine, who have also ended up joining NYU over the last few years. So I think it's going very well.

MR. LABUDA: I'm just going to object and move to strike as nonresponsive. It's excessive to the question, your Honor.

THE COURT: Overruled.

BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:

- When you got to NYU, where was your office? 0.
- At 1999 Marcus Avenue. 24 Α.
  - And do you recall the suite number?

Goldberg - Cross

- A. The first suite number, I think, was -- it was on the first floor, like, suite 102 or something.
- 3 | Q. Were you in 202 at any time?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 | Q. And --
- 6 A. Should I give you the history?
- 7 | Q. If you can do it briefly --
- 8 A. Yeah, just briefly. I was on the first floor for about a
- 9 | year. Some new suites were built on the third floor, in 306.
- 10 And then I actually moved down to 202, which is where I was
- 11 colocated with orthopedics. And then after a few years ago, I
- 12 | went back up to suite 306.
- 13 | Q. When you moved down to 202 for a while, were you happy
- 14 | about that?
- 15 A. I was happy for a while, yes.
- 16 | Q. And in 306, has anyone ever used your office on days you're
- 17 | not there?
- 18 A. Yes. On Tuesdays I go to the Huntington office, so
- 19 somebody else uses my office.
- 20 | Q. And have you ever had any issue with that?
- 21 | A. No. It's fine.
- 22 | Q. Now, you were asked questions -- oh, I just want to ask you
- 23 one thing about your -- you have a child at NYU?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. What part of NYU?

Goldberg - Cross

- 1 A. He's in the College of Arts and Sciences.
- 2 Q. Undergrad?
- 3 | A. Undergrad, yeah.
- 4 | Q. By the way, is that -- you said you got some discount on
- 5 | tuition because you work at NYU?
- 6 A. Correct.

- Q. Is that available to men and women who work at NYU?
- 8 A. Yes, available to all the faculty.
- 9 Q. So, I want to talk about the discussions you had with
- 10 Mr. Rubin about plaintiff and her contract. Sitting here
- 11 | today, do you know the dates of those discussions?
- 12 A. No, of course not.
- 13 Q. OK. And you said something about holidays, working around
- 14 | Thanksgiving, did that refresh your recollection?
- 15 | A. Possibly. Your colleague mentioned something about, about
- 16 December, and it may have been around then.
- 17 | Q. OK. At the time you were contacted, as you understood it,
- 18 | had Dr. Edelman been told her contract was being nonrenewed?
- 19 | A. I don't remember. The implication was that it was not
- 20 | going to be renewed. I don't think she had been told -- you
- 21 | know, I don't --
- 22 | Q. Were you being asked to opine on the topic?
- 23 A. It was more of to let me know.
- 24 | Q. Did you take it as an opportunity to opine on the topic?
- 25 | A. I did.

- 1 OK. And did you? Did you opine on the topic?
- 2 I did. Α.
- And so, tell us -- I heard you say various things you did. 3
- 4 You talked about speaking to staff, speaking to the head nurse,
- 5 speaking to the medical assistant. What kind of issues did you
- 6 hear about that you considered relevant to your assessment?
- 7 A. So, you know, there were, there were issues of
- relationships. The -- you know, I guess I'll start with the 8
- 9 medical assistant said that they just had a very poor
- 10 communication, almost such that they didn't speak to each other
- 11 much. It was all -- everything was done through messaging and
- that the medical assistant had a difficult time working with 12
- 13 Dr. Edelman because she didn't know where she was at, she
- 14 didn't know what was going on a lot of times and there was a
- 15 big disconnect.
- I spoke to our office manager --16
- 17 MR. LABUDA: Objection. Hearsay.
- 18 THE COURT: Sustained.
- BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN: 19
- 20 What, if anything -- did you learn anything about the
- 21 interactions with the nurse that were relevant to your inquiry?
- 22 Α. Yeah. So, I learned that --
- 23 MR. LABUDA: Objection. Hearsay. Basis. Foundation.
- 24 THE COURT: Same ruling.
- 25 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: It's not for the purposes --

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Goldberg - Cross

THE COURT: Sustained. You can ask about the conversations with Mr. Rubin, but not what he was told by others that are not conveying it.

BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:

Did you report to Mr. Rubin what the nurse had told you? MR. LABUDA: Objection.

THE COURT: Overruled.

A. Yes, I explained to Mr. Rubin that, you know, there were all sorts of clinical problems. Some of them were on a more minor level, but they made the working environment difficult -very difficult for our office staff, for our nurses, for our managers. So I explained to Mr. Rubin that, yes, I agree, that, you know, if you're not going to renew, I totally support that.

THE COURT: Members of the jury, this testimony is being received not for the truth as to whether Dr. Edelman had these issues. But because the state of mind of Mr. Rubin at the time of the employment actions is at issue in this case, it's being received for the fact that this is information that is being conveyed to Mr. Rubin, because that's relevant to his state of mind.

Go ahead.

BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:

Q. Did Mr. Rubin, did you and Mr. Rubin discuss whether there were remedial efforts that could be implemented?

Goldberg - Cross

- 1 A. Yes, we did.
- 2 | Q. And tell us about that discussion as best you recall it.
- 3 A. Well, Mr. Rubin said that if we were to extend Dr.
- 4 | Edelman's contract, we would have to do it for only a temporary
- 5 period of time and that there would have to be a physician that
- 6 | would micromanage her and review her charts and check her work
- 7 and that I would probably be the person asked to do that. And,
- 8 and it was put to me like that. And it was not something that
- 9 | I thought was appropriate.
- 10 | Q. Why did you not think it was appropriate?
- 11 A. First of all, it's a big undertaking to try and micromanage
- 12 | another physician's practice. I have my own practice. I'm
- 13 seeing my own patients. I wasn't interested in following Dr.
- 14 | Edelman around all day. I also felt that due to all the
- 15 | interpersonal issues in the office it wasn't worthwhile to put
- 16 | in the efforts to continue her employment at NYU.
- 17 | Q. Did you think you'd be able to -- did you think about
- 18 | whether you'd be able to resolve the issues just by having a
- 19 | talk with Dr. Edelman; was that something you considered?
- 20 A. I certainly considered it.
- 21 | Q. And what was your conclusion at the time?
- 22 | A. Again, after my investigations, I felt like things were a
- 23 | little bit too far gone to, to, to do that action.
- 24 | Q. Did you discuss with Mr. Rubin whether or not the clinical
- 25 | issues mentioned justified a nonrenewal?

- 1 MR. LABUDA: Objection. Leading.
- 2 THE COURT: Overruled.
- Yes, of course, the clinical issues came up as well. 3
- 4 And did you indicate to Mr. Rubin any opinion in that Q.
- 5 regard?
- 6 I think it was, you know, it's -- I don't know that we
- 7 parsed each issue out. I think in the end it was a summation
- of issues that, between the clinical issues and the 8
- 9 interpersonal issues, it was just too difficult.
- 10 Q. And do you stand, sitting here today, do you stand by that
- 11 assessment?
- 12 MR. LABUDA: Objection.
- 13 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 14 A. Yes, I do.
- 15 Q. You mentioned having heard at some point about an HR
- 16 complaint?
- 17 A. Yes.
- 18 Q. Did that affect in any way your view of the clinical
- issues? 19
- 20 A. No, not at all.
- 21 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Thank you, sir.
- 22 THE COURT: Any further examination?
- 23 MR. LABUDA: Yes, your Honor.
- 24 THE COURT: OK. Go ahead.
- 25 REDIRECT EXAMINATION

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Goldberg - Redirect

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1 BY MR. LABUDA:

- 2 | Q. Dr. Goldberg, you had talked, just talked about the risk of
- 3 | leaving North Shore, correct?
- 4 A. Correct.
- 5 | Q. Is there any reference about risk in your contract with
- 6 NYU?
- 7 A. Not that I'm aware of.
- 8 Q. When you started over at NYU, how many patients did you
- 9 have? What was your patient following at that time, do you
- 10 | know?
- 11 A. My first days at NYU --
- 12 | Q. Yes.
- 13 A. -- you're asking?
- 14 Q. Yes.
- 15 | A. The first couple of months it was, it was lower, maybe,
- 16 | like, you know, eight to ten patients a day. But already by
- 17 | the end of the year, it had picked up to closer to, you know,
- 18 | 15 to 20 patients a day.
- 19 Q. And does that, in terms of eight to ten patients, are those
- 20 | ten patients that followed you from North Shore over to NYU?
- 21 A. It was a combination of patients who followed me from North
- 22 | Shore. That was probably the bulk of people the first, you
- 23 know, few months. And then new patients that started to be
- 24 added on.
- 25 | Q. Do you have any sense in terms of, like -- I know you're

- 1 doing it on a daily basis. Do you have a sense in terms of the
- 2 patient following in total that you had when you came over,
- 3 | such as, you know, X number of patients signed up with me when
- 4 | I started over at NYU?
- 5 A. Well, the problem is you don't know that they've signed up
- 6 with you until you've actually -- they've actually come to see
- 7 | you, because it's not like you ask them to sign something right
- 8 | away, like yes, I'm going to follow you or no, I'm not. So
- 9 | it's just a question -- you know, I sent out well over a
- 10 | thousand letters to, to prior patients and, and, you know,
- 11 | little by little they trickled in.
- 12 | Q. OK. And out of those thousand or so patients that you sent
- 13 | letters to, do you have an estimate in terms of how many
- 14 | followed over? Would it be about half --
- 15 A. It was more than half.
- 16 | Q. Would it be about three-quarters?
- 17 A. Maybe 70 percent.
- 18 | Q. So that would be about 700 patients when you started, is
- 19 | your best estimate?
- 20 A. Perhaps.
- 21 | Q. OK.
- 22 | A. Again, it took a good year for me to know how many people
- 23 were still going to see me and how many were not.
- 24 | Q. And when Dr. Edelman was recruited over to NYU, she had a
- 25 patient following, correct?

Goldberg - Redirect

- 1 A. She did.
- 2 | Q. Do you have an understanding of how many patients she
- 3 | had --
- 4 A. No.
- 5 | Q. -- when she came over?
- 6 A. I was not privy to her numbers when she started.
- 7 | Q. But that's an important factor for NYU for determining
- 8 | salary because the patients generate the RVUs that ultimately
- 9 generate revenue for NYU, correct?
- 10 A. Yeah, how, how -- you know, your recruitment of patients
- 11 is, of course, important.
- 12 | Q. Right. If you don't see any patients, you're not
- 13 generating any RVUs, correct?
- 14 A. Of course.
- 15 | Q. You had mentioned about this, that the retention bonus, the
- 16 | \$23,000?
- 17 | A. Right.
- 18 | Q. You said you had some, you had some understanding that that
- 19 | was for lost retirement from North Shore, is that right?
- 20 A. Yes. That's my recollection of it.
- 21 Q. OK. Does that show up in your contract? Is there any
- 22 | reference to the fact that you're being paid the 23,000 signing
- 23 | bonus, retention bonus because you're losing that --
- 24 A. No. It was just in my negotiations with NYU, I mentioned
- 25 | it, and they said, you know what, we'll just give you this

1 retention bonus.

- Q. But in terms of that merger clause where everything's supposed to be in the contract, there's nothing mentioned in
- 4 there about you getting 23,000 because you're giving up
- 5 retirement income from North Shore, correct?
  - A. No, that was not in the contract.
  - Q. And you had said that -- let me back up.
- 8 Your first contract, you were making 200, 201 at North 9 Shore, and then you got 290 in your clinical at NYU, correct?
- 10 A. Correct.

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- 11 | Q. Is that what you asked for to come over to NYU, was 290?
- 12 A. I didn't put that number out there, no.
- 13 | Q. OK. They put that number out to you?
- 14 A. Yeah. Well, they talked about 10 or 20 percent. I
- 15 | indicated that wasn't enough, and, you know, they came back.
- 16 Q. OK. And then the second contract, where it went from the
- 17 | 290 to 500, I think you had said you initiated that
- 18 conversation based on the growth of the practice, right?
- 19 A. Correct.
- 20 | Q. And was that \$500,000 number a number that you demanded or
- 21 | suggested to NYU for the value that you had created?
- 22 | A. No. It was a combination of the increased RVUs at the
- 23 | time, and I did ask for a little bit of a raise.
- 24 | Q. OK. I guess what I'm asking is did you come to that, did
- 25 | you say, hey, look, I think I'm worth \$500,000?

Goldberg - Redirect

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- A. No, I didn't put out the number.
  - Q. You didn't put the number out, and then that was something through negotiations?
    - A. Correct.

MR. LABUDA: Bear with me one second, your Honor.

THE COURT: OK.

MR. LABUDA: No further questions.

THE COURT: Anything further, Mr. Schoenstein?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No. Thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: OK. Sir, you're excused as a witness.

You may step down.

(Witness excused)

THE COURT: Plaintiff, call your next witness.

MR. KATAEV: Plaintiff calls Kathleen Pacina, your

15 Honor.

THE COURT: OK. Let's bring Ms. Pacina in.

KATHLEEN PACINA,

called as a witness by the Plaintiff,

having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

THE COURT: Ms. Pacina, as you're testifying, please

21 | try to keep your mouth close to the microphone and speak

22 | loudly, clearly, slowly, for the benefit of the reporter and

23 | the jury.

Counsel.

DIRECT EXAMINATION

- 1 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 2 Q. Good morning, Ms. Pacina.
- 3 A. Good afternoon.
- 4 Q. Yes, time flies.
- 5 You went to St. John's University College of Professional
- 6 | Studies, correct?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 | Q. And graduated in 2010, right?
- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 | Q. And I know you went to a great college and got an amazing
- 11 | education, because that's my alma mater, right?
- 12 Did you get a great education?
- 13 | A. Oh, yes.
- 14 | Q. And your first job out of college was at NYU, wasn't it?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 | Q. And you started off as a temp in 2010, right?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 | Q. Then you became a full-time employee in 2011, correct?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 | Q. And you remain employed by NYU, don't you -- aren't you?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. OK. So in December of 2011, you became an employee
- 23 relations assistant, right?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. In that capacity, you assisted the vice president of

- 1 | employee relations, Reggie Odon, correct?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 Q. Mr. Odon's responsibilities included dealing with
- 4 complaints by employees, correct?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 Q. And in your capacity as his assistant, it's fair to say
- 7 | that you gained some experience in handling those kind of
- 8 | complaints, correct?
- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 | Q. A year or two after that title, you became an employee
- 11 | relations specialist, correct?
- 12 | A. Yes.
- 13 | Q. And in that capacity, you began directly dealing with
- 14 | complaints made by employees, right?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 Q. You would discuss these complaints with Mr. Odon sometimes,
- 17 | right?
- 18 A. Yes, but also I had another assistant director.
- 19 Q. You had many people that you could consult with --
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 | Q. -- at your department, right?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 | Q. And just for the record, how many employees were in the
- 24 employee labor relations department in or about 2017?
- 25 A. There were about four managers or -- three managers and one

- 1 specialist, myself.
- 2 | Q. And in 2017 or '18, you became an employee relations
- 3 manager yourself, didn't you?
- 4 | A. Yes.
- 5 | Q. Now, your duties as the manager included managing client
- 6 groups, right?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 Q. And speaking to employees regarding various issues, right?
- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 | Q. And also speaking to employees about performance issues,
- 11 | correct?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 | Q. And you also learned how to deal with employee complaints,
- 14 | didn't you?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 | Q. At least continued to learn, right?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 | Q. And you did this by shadowing specialists and being trained
- 19 by a team, correct?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 | Q. Now, generally speaking, whenever a complaint is received,
- 22 | you talk to all the parties involved, correct?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. And you talk to the person that made the complaint, right?
- 25 A. Yes.

Pacina - Direct

- Q. You also talk to the person who the complaint is against,
- 2 | right?
- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 Q. And sometimes you speak to other witnesses that may have
- 5 been involved, right?
- 6 A. Correct.
- 7 | Q. And you then provide a response after doing so, correct?
- 8 | A. Yes.
- 9 Q. You also determine in your capacity as an employee
- 10 | relations manager whether a complaint that's made is founded or
- 11 unfounded, right?
- 12 A. Correct.
- 13 | Q. You basically determine whether the complaint has any
- 14 merit, right?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 | Q. And it's fair to say that over the years at NYU, you've
- 17 | dealt with dozens, if not hundreds, of these kinds of
- 18 complaints over those years, correct?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 | Q. Now, the jury has heard a little bit about your colleague,
- 21 Rashidat Ogbara. Do you recall Mrs. Ogbara?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 | Q. She's a peer who worked with you, correct?
- 24 A. Correct.
- 25 | Q. She has the same title as you, right?

Pacina - Direct

- 1 A. Correct.
- 2 | Q. Your offices are right next door to each other, right?
- 3 | A. Yes.
- 4 | Q. And you would confer with her on cases sometimes, right?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 Q. And NYU obviously has equal employment opportunity
- 7 policies, right?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 | Q. There's a policy against discrimination, isn't there?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 | Q. There's a policy against harassment, right?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. And there's a policy against retaliation, right?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 | Q. And did you know that with certainty when I deposed you in
- 16 2021?
- 17 A. That we had those policies?
- 18 | Q. Yes.
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 MR. KATAEV: Your Honor, I'm going to hand up the
- 21 | transcript of Ms. Pacina.
- 22 | THE COURT: I've got it.
- MR. KATAEV: Page 57, please.
- 24 THE COURT: Sorry. What page?
- MR. KATAEV: 57, line 22 to 21 on the next page.

- N7hWede4 Pacina - Direct 1 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. 2 THE COURT: Sustained. 3 MR. KATAEV: I'm just going to quickly pull it up so I 4 have it anyway? 5 THE COURT: Next question. 6 MR. KATAEV: Sorry, your Honor. 7 Q. And you received training about NYU's equal employment policies, correct? 8 9 A. Yes. 10 And has NYU ever provided you with training on how to 11 investigate complaints? 12 A. Yes. 13 MR. KATAEV: Page 89, your Honor, line 24, through 14 line 4 on the next page. 15 THE COURT: All right. Go ahead. MR. KATAEV: For the witness only, please. 16 I deposed you in this case in September of 2021, correct? 17 18 Yes. I don't recall the date, but yes. Α. At your deposition, I asked you the following question, and 19 20 you provided the following answer, correct? 21 "Q. Does NYU provide training to you on how to investigate 22 complaints of discrimination, harassment or retaliation?
- 23 "A. Do they provide it? I don't recall specifically."
  24 Do you recall giving that answer?
  - A. Reading it here, now, yes.

Pacina - Direct

- 1 Q. It's fair to say at the time of your deposition, in
- 2 | September of 2021, you did not recall whether you'd received
- 3 | any such training, correct?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. And as an HR professional for the number of years that
- 6 you've been an HR professional, you do know what protected
- 7 | activity means, correct?
- 8 A. Protected activity?
- 9 | O. Yes.
- 10 A. I -- I wouldn't know how to define that right now.
- 11 | Q. During the time relative to when Dr. Edelman worked at NYU,
- 12 | which I'll represent to you was 2014 through 2021, you worked
- 13 at One Park, correct?
- 14 A. Sorry. Can you say the dates again?
- 15 | Q. Between 2014 through 2021, you worked at One Park in
- 16 | Manhattan, correct?
- 17 | A. Only until 2020.
- 18 | Q. When in 2020?
- 19 | A. November 2020.
- 20 | O. Was that late November?
- 21 A. I believe so, yes.
- 22 | Q. And you worked with Mr. Rubin at NYU, didn't you?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. And his office is located in the same building where you
- 25 worked, right?

- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 | Q. And you received a certified professional certificate from
- 3 | the Society of Human Resources Management, correct?
- 4 | A. Yes.
- 5 | Q. And the Society of Human Resources Management is
- 6 | colloquially shortened to SHRM, isn't it?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 Q. And SHRM is a professional human resources organization
- 9 | that provides advice to HR professionals such as yourself,
- 10 | correct?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. Focusing your attention now on complaints that are made at
- 13 | NYU by employees, those complaints are recorded in NYU's
- 14 | Salesforce system, correct?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 | Q. And you used that Salesforce system to include notes on
- 17 | complaints, correct?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- 19 Q. And whenever you enter anything in Salesforce, there's a
- 20 | time stamp for what you enter, correct?
- 21 A. I'm not sure if there's a time stamp.
- 22 | Q. You can also close out a case using the Salesforce system,
- 23 correct?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. And although you're not required to do so, you typically

- place notes in the Salesforce system whenever you have conversations, correct?
- 3 | A. Yes.
- 4 | Q. Relating to complaints, right?
- 5 A. Yes.
- 6 Q. And part of your duties requires you -- excuse me.
- 7 | Withdrawn.
- Part of your duties requires you to investigate complaints, correct?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 Q. And you do that to ensure that the policies are correctly
- 12 | implemented and to ensure a fair working environment for
- 13 everyone at NYU, right?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 | Q. And when you're done with your investigation, you provide
- 16 the results of the investigation to the employee by email or by
- 17 | phone, don't you?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- 19 Q. To the employee that complained, correct?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 | Q. And even before you provide any results to employees, you
- 22 | typically update these employees that complained about their
- 23 complaint by email or by phone, correct?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. And if a complaint is substantiated or has merit, typically

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- 1 the employee complained about is disciplined, isn't that true?
- 2 Not typically disciplined, but there would be some sort --Α.
- some form of, like a conversation with the employee, or --3
- Some action is taken, right? 4 Q.
- 5 Α. Yes.
- Maybe it will be a verbal counseling, right? 6 0.
- 7 Α. Yes.
- Or a written counseling, right? 8 Q.
- 9 Α. Could be.
- 10 And you're usually one of the people that recommends what Ο.
- 11 the discipline should be, right?
- 12 Α. Yes.
- 13 But the department is the -- is ultimately responsible for 0.
- 14 making a decision about discipline, isn't that right?
- Correct. 15 Α.
- You can't override what the department decides to do with 16
- 17 your recommendation, isn't that right?
- 18 A. Correct.
- 19 And focusing your attention a little bit about Dr.
- 20 Edelman's complaint, which we'll get into shortly, does that
- 21 mean that Mr. Antonik would make that determination?
- 22 Α. No.
- 23 What about Mr. Kaplan; would he? 0.
- 24 Α. I'm not sure what the structure was at the time or at this
- 25 time.

- Q. Would it be fair to say that human resources in the faculty group practice would make that determination?
- 3 | A. Yes.
- 4 | Q. And that would have been, at this point in time,
- 5 Ms. Claudia Rose or Ms. Tisa Hall, right?
- 6 A. They'd be part of it.
- 7 Q. And both of those ladies work at One Park with Mr. Rubin,
- 8 | didn't they?
- 9 A. I don't know about Claudia, if she was there at the time.
- 10 | But yes, Tisa worked at -- she worked at One Park.
- 11 | Q. Now, focusing on Dr. Edelman, on or about September 17,
- 12 | 2019, you spoke to Dr. Edelman over the phone concerning her
- 13 | complaint, correct?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 | Q. And the phone calls themselves, they're not recorded or
- 16 | logged, to your knowledge, are they?
- 17 | A. No.
- 18 | Q. You're not aware of any conversation that Dr. Edelman ever
- 19 | had with Ms. Rose or Ms. Hall, are you?
- 20 | A. No.
- 21 | Q. But you spoke to Ms. Hall, correct?
- 22 A. Ms. -- Tisa Hall, yes.
- 23 Q. About this complaint --
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. -- that Dr. Edelman raised?

- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 | Q. And you spoke to Ms. Rose as well, didn't you?
- 3 | A. Yes.
- 4 | Q. And you spoke to them after you spoke to Dr. Edelman,
- 5 | correct?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 | Q. And is it fair to say -- withdrawn.
- 8 | Your telephone -- withdrawn.
- 9 Your conversations with Ms. Rose were not memorialized,
- 10 were they?
- 11 A. I don't recall.
- 12 | Q. You had telephone conversations with Ms. Hall, didn't you?
- 13 A. I -- I don't recall specifically.
- 14 | Q. And do you recall whether you had any telephone
- 15 | conversations with Ms. Rose?
- 16 | A. Yes.
- 17 | Q. Those telephone conversations were never memorialized in
- 18 writing, were they?
- 19 A. I don't recall.
- 20 | Q. In terms of the department, when I refer to the department
- 21 making the decision on discipline, that department is the human
- 22 | resources department in the faculty group practice, correct?
- 23 A. I don't understand the question.
- 24 | Q. Earlier we were talking about the fact that you could only
- 25 | recommend discipline, but you don't decide it, right?

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- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 Q. The department that decides it is the human resources
- 3 department in the faculty group practice, correct?
- 4 A. No. So, HR would be different from the department.
- $5 \parallel Q$ . Right.
- 6 A. You would have a department leadership team and HR.
- 7 Q. And who would the department leadership team in this case
- 8 | with Dr. Edelman be?
- 9 A. Anyone who Dr. Edelman would report to and the other
- 10 | leaders in FGP.
- 11 | Q. That would include Mr. Antonik, correct?
- 12 A. I don't recall if she reported to him at the time, but
- 13 yeah.
- 14 | Q. And that would include Mr. Kaplan, correct?
- 15 A. If, if she reported to him, yes.
- 16 | Q. Part of your duties as an employee relations manager also
- 17 dealt with compensation, correct?
- 18 A. No.
- MR. KATAEV: Your Honor, page 59, lines 13 to 23.
- 20 | THE COURT: Any objection?
- 21 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Yeah. Improper.
- 22 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 23 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 24 | Q. You're not aware of any analysis of compensation between
- 25 male and female doctors, correct?

- 1 A. No.
- 2 | Q. And you've never conducted any training or seminars
- 3 concerning gender pay discrimination, correct?
- 4 | A. No.
- 5 Q. You did not advise Mr. Rubin about any gender pay disparity
- 6 while Dr. Edelman was employed, correct?
- 7 A. No, I did not.
- 8 Q. Nor did you advise Mr. Swirnow on gender pay disparity
- 9 while Dr. Edelman was employed, correct?
- 10 | A. I did not.
- 11 | Q. Mr. Swirnow never asked you to perform any analysis under
- 12 | the Equal Pay Act for the doctors in the faculty group
- 13 practice, correct?
- 14 A. Not that I'm aware of.
- 15 Q. And neither did Mr. Rubin, correct?
- 16 A. Not that I'm aware of.
- 17 | Q. And when you're unfamiliar with a federal, state or local
- 18 antidiscrimination law, what do you do?
- 19 A. Can you repeat that? I'm sorry.
- 20 | Q. What do you do, if anything, to familiarize yourself with
- 21 | any federal, state or local discrimination law?
- 22 A. I think that's --
- 23 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 24 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 25 Q. Whenever you receive a complaint about discrimination, do

N7hWede4 Pacina - Direct you sometimes need to look up a federal, state or local 1 2 discrimination law? 3 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. 4 THE COURT: What's the relevance? 5 MR. KATAEV: It goes to competency as an HR professional, your Honor. 6 7 THE COURT: Sustained. BY MR. KATAEV: 8 Q. Part of your duties involves having knowledge about 9 10 federal, state and local discrimination laws, correct? 11 A. Yes. 12 Q. And if you need to look those laws up, what do you usually 13 do? 14 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. 15 THE COURT: Sustained. BY MR. KATAEV: 16 17 Q. Do you ever do any research on federal, state or local 18 discrimination laws in the course of performing your duties as 19 an HR professional? 20 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. 21

THE COURT: Sustained.

BY MR. KATAEV:

22

23

- Q. When you were reviewing Dr. Edelman's complaint -withdrawn.
- 25 Dr. Edelman made a complaint with you, correct?

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- 1 A. Yes.
- 2 | Q. And in response to that complaint, you spoke to her, right?
- 3 | A. Yes.

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- 4 | Q. And you also spoke to Mr. Antonik, correct?
- 5 A. I don't recall if I spoke to Dr. Antonik -- Mr. Antonik.
  - Q. In the course of reviewing that complaint, did you ever research any of the discrimination laws to see whether there
- 8 was any issue in that regard?
- 9 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 10 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 11 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 12 Q. Dr. Edelman alleges that you brushed aside her complaint.
- 13 Are you aware of that?
- 14 A. No.
- 15 | Q. Is it true that you brushed aside her complaint?
- 16 | A. No.
- 17 Q. What do you recall doing after Dr. Edelman first spoke to
- 18 you about her complaint?
- 19 A. Speaking to the FGP HR folks.
- 20 Q. And what happened then?
- 21 A. I don't recall specifically, but, I spoke to the department
- 22  $\parallel$  as well.
- 23 Q. Did you understand that Dr. Edelman complained about the
- 24 way she was treated vis-à-vis her gender when she spoke to you?
- 25 A. No.

25

BY MR. KATAEV:

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MR. KATAEV: 126, your Honor, line 24, through line 7 1 2 on the next page. 3 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. 4 THE COURT: Sustained. BY MR. KATAEV: 5 Q. It's fair to say that Dr. Edelman told you that her 6 7 complaint was not just about office space, correct? 8 No. She -- she spoke to me about the office space. Q. And she never told you that it was not about the office 9 10 space, it's about the way she was spoken to; that's your 11 testimony today? 12 When -- I don't recall if it was about the way she was 13 spoken to, but what I can recall is about the office space. 14 Q. During the course of your tenure as a human resources 15 manager, you never received any complaints about Dr. Edelman, 16 correct? 17 A. Not that I can recall. 18 MR. KATAEV: I'd like to mark for identification Defendants' Exhibit PP. 19 20 THE COURT: Any objection? 21 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No. 22 THE COURT: PP's received. 23 (Defendants' Exhibit PP received in evidence) 24 THE COURT: And may be published to the jury.

- 1 Focusing your attention on the email sent by you at 5:27
- 2 p.m., you reached out to Ms. Rose here to discuss Dr. Edelman's
- 3 complaint, correct?
- Correct. 4 Α.
- 5 Ms. Rose told you that any faculty issues must be escalated
- to leadership, correct? 6
- 7 Α. Yes.
- And she offered her availability to speak with you, right? 8
- 9 Α. Yes.
- 10 And you responded three minutes after she responded to you,
- 11 stating that you wanted to discuss it with her before bringing
- 12 it to leadership's attention, correct?
- 13 Α. Yes.
- 14 And you did that because it was about Joe Antonik, correct?
- Yes. 15 Α.
- And you didn't reference anything about office space here, 16
- 17 did you?
- 18 Α. No.
- 19 You referenced Mr. Antonik, correct? Q.
- 20 Α. Yes.
- 21 And you had a phone call with Ms. Rose, didn't you? Q.
- 22 Α. I believe so, yes.
- It says in here that you'll call her tomorrow at nine. 23
- 24 That's 9 a.m., right?
- 25 Α. Yes.

- 1 | Q. And you did not memorialize your conversation with
- 2 Ms. Rose, did you?
- 3 A. I don't -- if it's not here, I don't recall.
- 4 | Q. The following day, presumably after your phone call,
- 5 because it's at 9:58 a.m., Ms. Rose says that she sent you an
- 6 | invite for 1 p.m. Do you see that?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 | Q. And that call at 1 p.m. was to speak to Mr. Antonik, right?
- 9 A. I don't recall.
- 10 | Q. The email says, "I sent an invite for 1 p.m. for you to
- 11 | call us on Joe's office phone." Do you see that?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 | Q. And so that was a phone call that you were supposed to have
- 14 | with Ms. Rose and Mr. Antonik, right?
- 15 | A. I don't know if that just means Joe's office phone or if he
- 16 was on the call too. I don't recall.
- 17 | Q. To your knowledge, would it make any sense for Ms. Rose to
- 18 have you call her on Mr. Antonik's office phone?
- 19 | A. It would, because Claudia would visit different sites. I
- 20 don't think she had a specific work site.
- 21 | Q. You cannot recall what was said on that call or who was
- 22 present on that call, can you?
- 23 A. That's correct.
- Q. You can't recall whether you even had the call, correct?
- 25 A. I can't, no.

- Q. And you did not memorialize anything about this call in Salesforce, did you?
- 3 A. I don't remember.
- 4 Q. Later on that morning, Ms. Rose sent you information about
- 5 Dr. Edelman's contract and provisions within it concerning
- 6 | space, correct?
- 7 A. Yes.

- Q. Your conversation was focused on the space issue, correct?
- 9 A. That's correct.
- MR. KATAEV: I'd like to place up exhibit RR. I
- 11 | believe it's in evidence already.
- 12 THE COURT: You may do so.
- 13 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 14 Q. I'm showing you an email that you sent, Ms. Pacina, the
- 15 same day, in the afternoon. Do you see that?
- 16 | A. Yes.
- 17 Q. You sent this email to Mr. Kaplan, correct?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. And you asked Mr. Kaplan whether he has a few minutes to
- 20 | talk about this issue with you, correct?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. And in here you reference an issue raised by Dr. Edelman
- 23 regarding Joe Antonik, right?
- 24 A. Correct.
- 25 | Q. You did not reference anything about office space in here,

N7hWede4 Pacina - Direct 1 right? 2 A. Correct. 3 Q. And you spoke to Mr. Kaplan, is that right? I believe so. I don't recall. 4 Α. 5 Q. And you can't recall what was said during that call, if it 6 was said, correct? 7 Α. Correct. 8 Q. And you did not memorialize anything about your 9 conversation with Mr. Kaplan, correct? A. I don't recall. 10 11 (Continued on next page) 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

- 1 MR. KATAEV: I'd like to go to exhibit 21, your Honor.
  2 It's already in evidence.
- 3 | THE COURT: Okay. Go ahead.
- 4 BY MR. KATAEV:
- Q. This is the Salesforce system that you used while working
- 6 at NYU in your capacity as an employee relations manager;
- 7 | correct?
- 8 | A. Yes.
- 9 Q. And it says on the top left, Salesforce comments; right?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 | Q. And notes?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. And it says original date not available, but it provides a
- 14 system advent date of March 13, 2020, doesn't it?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 Q. Normally, when you would put something into Salesforce, the
- 17 | original date would be available; correct?
- 18 A. It should be, yes.
- 19 Q. Do you recall taking these notes down while Dr. Edelman was
- 20 on the phone with you on September 17th, 2019?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. And you took these notes while you were on the phone with
- 23 her; right?
- 24 A. That's correct.
- 25 | Q. Because of the date issue here, you cannot state with any

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- 1 | certainty whether this document has ever been edited; correct?
- 2 A. That's correct.
- Q. You have no explanation for why it says March 13, 2020;
- 4 | right?
- 5 A. There could have been a system update that was made and
- 6 that could be the date that all cases were updated. Other than
- 7 | that, I'm not aware.
- 8 MR. KATAEV: Move to strike as nonresponsive, your
- 9 Honor.
- 10 THE COURT: No, it is responsive. Overruled.
- 11 Q. But you don't know that for a fact; correct?
- 12 | A. No, I don't.
- 13 | Q. This is the only document that you produced concerning
- 14 Dr. Edelman's complaint; correct?
- 15 A. Correct.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 17 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 18 Q. Focusing your attention on what I'm highlighting,
- 19 | everything through pretty much here up to "call with Joe" are
- 20 | the notes you took during your conversation with Dr. Edelman;
- 21 || correct?
- 22 A. I believe so, yes.
- 23 | Q. And focusing your attention on what I'm highlighting now
- 24 | where it says "call with Joe" towards the end, that was
- 25 everything that was discussed between you and Mr. Antonik;

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- 1 | correct?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 Q. And then the only other notes you have here are resolution
- 4 | notes, and it's about your conversation with Ms. Hall and
- 5 Mr. Kaplan; correct?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 | Q. And those notes are dated October 8th, 2019; correct?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. And those resolution notes predate the March 2020 date;
- 10 || correct?
- 11 A. Correct.
- 12 | Q. During your conversation with Mr. Antonik, you never
- 13 | explained to him that it's unlawful for him to retaliate
- 14 | against Dr. Edelman, did you?
- 15 | A. I don't recall.
- 16 Q. That's not reflected in these notes, is it?
- 17 | A. It's not written here.
- 18 | Q. And in the resolution notes, it's fair to say that you did
- 19 consult with management, right, that's Mr. Kaplan?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 | Q. But again, you can't recall what was discussed; right?
- 22 A. Correct.
- 23 | Q. And you did not memorialize any of those discussions;
- 24 | correct?
- 25 A. Not that I could recall.

1

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5

- And your testimony, as you sit here today, is that
- Dr. Edelman's complaint did not raise any concerns to you about 2
- a hostile work environment; correct? 3
  - Α. That's correct.
    - THE COURT: How much more do you have?
- 6 MR. KATAEV: A little over two pages.
- 7 THE COURT: Okay. Maybe try to go through it quickly.
  - Q. And you see in here that Dr. Edelman mentioned something
- about Mr. Antonik throwing his arms and pointing at things; 9
- 10 correct?
- 11 Α. Yes.
- 12 And that didn't raise any red flags to you about a hostile
- 13 work environment; correct?
- 14 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 15 THE COURT: Sustained.
- Q. And it's your testimony today that this complaint did not 16
- 17 raise any issues -- withdrawn.
- 18 It didn't occur to you, based on this complaint, that
- 19 Dr. Edelman complained about gender or sex discrimination;
- 20 correct?
- 21 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 22 THE COURT: Overruled. I'll permit that.
- 23 Can you repeat that, please.
- 24 Did it occur to you, based on this complaint, that 0.
- 25 Dr. Edelman was complaining about gender or sex discrimination?

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- 1 A. No.
- 2 Q. And you never provided Dr. Edelman with any discrimination-
- 3 | harassment report form, did you?
- 4 A. Not that I can recall.
- 5 Q. You do maintain such a report form at NYU; right?
- 6 A. Yes.

- 7 Q. But you didn't provide it to her because you did not deem
- 8 | that it was a discrimination or harassment complaint; right?
  - A. I'm actually not sure if we had that form at the time.
- 10 THE COURT: Next question.
- 11 | MR. KATAEV: Moving on, your Honor.
- 12 Let's get 77. I think that's admitted in evidence.
- THE COURT: Permission to show it to the witness and
- 14 you can publish it to the jury.
- 15 Q. This is an email that Dr. Edelman sent you on September
- 16 | 25th, 2019; correct?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 | Q. It references a case number here that was generated by your
- 19 | Salesforce system; right?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 | Q. Dr. Edelman complains in here about Mr. Kaplan coming to
- 22 see her about this issue; right?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. And she says in here on September 25th this was a matter of
- 25 | inappropriate conduct in the workplace; right?

- 1 Α. Yes.
- 2 And she says: "In the mannerism with which I was treated." Q.
- Right? 3
- 4 A. Yes.
- Q. At the end of this email, she says that "as of," but I 5
- 6 believe it's "a." "As a female physician in the organization,
- 7 I am disappointed that it is 2019 approaching 2020, and a major
- hospital organization in New York, and I still have to contend 8
- 9 with male chauvinism." Do you see that?
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 But you still deny Dr. Edelman raised any complaint about
- 12 gender discrimination; correct?
- 13 Α. Yes.
- 14 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 15 THE COURT: Objection is sustained.
- 16 Move on.
- 17 MR. KATAEV: Plaintiff's Exhibit 75, your Honor.
- 18 THE COURT: Okay.
- 19 MR. KATAEV: Permission to publish to the jury.
- 20 THE COURT: Any objection to 75?
- 21 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No, your Honor.
- 22 THE COURT: 75 is received and may be published.
- 23 (Plaintiff's Exhibit 75 received in evidence)
- 24 The following day, Dr. Edelman reached out to you, didn't
- 25 she?

- 1 A. Yes.
- 2 | Q. And in this email, she informs you about an impending
- 3 conversation that was going to be had; right?
- 4 | A. Yes.
- 5 Q. And she asked whether an HR representative could join her
- 6 | for that call; correct?
- 7 | A. Yes.
- 8 Q. You forwarded this email to Ms. Hall; correct?
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 | Q. And you told her that you'll review it internally and get
- 11 | back to her; right?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 | Q. But you never actually joined any conversation that was
- 14 | had; correct?
- 15 | A. No.
- 16 | Q. And, in fact, you failed to respond to Dr. Edelman's email
- 17 | with her request; correct?
- 18 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 19 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 20 MR. KATAEV: Let's go to 74, your Honor.
- 21 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No objection, your Honor.
- 22 | THE COURT: 74 is received and may be published to the
- 23 | jury.
- 24 (Plaintiff's Exhibit 74 received in evidence)
- 25 | Q. In this email, you confirmed receipt of Dr. Edelman's email

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- 1 and state that you're reviewing it internally with HR and you'll get back to her; correct? 2
- A. Yes. 3
- 4 MR. KATAEV: Can I have Defendants' Exhibit QQ. 5 don't think that's admitted yet.
- 6 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No objection, your Honor.
- 7 THE COURT: QQ is received and may be published.
- (Defendants' Exhibit QQ received in evidence) 8
  - Q. You received an email from Mr. Kaplan asking you to connect; right?
- 11 Α. Yes.

9

- 12 And you did, in fact, have a discussion with him on or
- 13 about September 27th; right?
- 14 I don't recall. Α.
- 15 Q. You do recall that Dr. Edelman also complained about
- 16 Mr. Kaplan; correct?
- 17 I don't recall. Α.
- 18 Q. Do you have any recollection about the September 25th, 2019
- email we just saw where she complained about Mr. Kaplan? 19
- 20 I didn't read the whole thing just now, but I don't recall
- if he was mentioned in it. 21
- 22 MR. KATAEV: Permission to go back to 77, your Honor.
- 23 THE COURT: What's the relevance?
- 24 MR. KATAEV: To show the timeline that Dr. Edelman
- 25 received the --

- THE COURT: You've got five more minutes. Use it wisely.
- 3 Q. In the September 25th email, Dr. Edelman complains about
- 4 Mr. Kaplan; correct?
- 5 A. I don't see what the complaint is.
- 6 Q. It refers to inappropriate conduct; correct?
- 7 A. But I don't know if that's about David Kaplan.
- 8 | Q. In this paragraph, she refers to taking on similar
- 9 mannerisms of a condescending tone. Do you see that?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 Q. This email from September 27th is two days after that
- 12 | complaint; correct?
- 13 A. After the email, yes.
- MR. KATAEV: I'd like to go to Plaintiff's Exhibit 70,
- 15 | your Honor.
- 16 THE COURT: Okay.
- 17 MR. KATAEV: Permission to publish to the jury.
- 18 THE COURT: Yes.
- 19 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No objection here.
- 20 | THE COURT: It's in evidence.
- 21 | Q. Ms. Hall emailed you on October 3rd, 2019; right?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 | Q. And she told you what had happened based on her discussion
- 24 | with Mr. Swirnow; correct?
- 25 A. Yes.

- 1 Q. And it says at the end of this first paragraph that
- 2 Mr. Swirnow apologized for the miscommunication that
- 3 Dr. Edelman received; correct?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. And it says at the end that you should round back with
- 6 Dr. Edelman to see if she still wants to pursue her complaint;
- 7 | correct?
  - A. Yes.

- 9 Q. And going back to Plaintiff's Exhibit 21 and Salesforce, on
- 10 October 8th, 2019, you closed Dr. Edelman's complaint; correct?
- 11 A. I don't remember the date on there, but --
- 12 | MR. KATAEV: One second, your Honor. Here's 21.
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 Q. Other than having these discussions, you did not do
- 15 | anything else with Dr. Edelman's complaint; correct?
- 16 A. About the office space, no, it was closed at that time.
- 17 Q. And you did not do anything with respect to any complaint
- 18 of discrimination or harassment; correct?
- 19 A. No.
- 20 MR. KATAEV: 71, your Honor.
- 21 | THE COURT: This is the last exhibit, I assume?
- 22 MR. KATAEV: I have one, two, three, four more
- 23 exhibits, your Honor.
- 24 THE COURT: All right, you got -- it's now 1:15,
- you're done by 1:20. Go fast.

- 1 MR. KATAEV: Okay, your Honor.
- 2 THE COURT: Any --
- 3 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No objection, your Honor.
- 4 | Q. After the complaint was closed on October 8th of 2019,
- 5 | Dr. Edelman emailed you on November 1st; correct?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 Q. She explained to you that there was a harassment complaint
- 8 | that was extensive and detailed; correct?
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 Q. And you responded to her four days later; right?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. And you said that you'll share this with the ELR manager
- 13 | that now supports the FGP group and will get back to her;
- 14 | correct?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 | Q. Following this email, you never sent Dr. Edelman any other
- 17 | emails, did you?
- 18 A. I don't recall.
- 19 Q. And you did not connect Dr. Edelman with Mrs. Ogbara in the
- 20 | email chain, did you?
- 21 | A. I don't recall.
- 22 | Q. Ms. Ogbara sent an email to Dr. Edelman; correct?
- 23 A. I don't recall. It wasn't to me.
- Q. When you passed this complaint to Ms. Ogbara, you didn't do
- 25 | that via email, correct, you just spoke to her about it?

- 1 Α. I believe so.
- And there's nothing in writing memorializing your 2 Q.
- conversation with Ms. Ogbara; correct? 3
  - A. No.

- 5 THE COURT: Are we done?
- 6 MR. KATAEV: With this exhibit, yes.
- 7 THE COURT: Are we done with the examination, is my
- question. 8
- 9 MR. KATAEV: No, your Honor. I have about one page.
- 10 THE COURT: You've got three minutes.
- 11 MR. KATAEV: I'm working on it, your Honor.
- 12 THE COURT: Three minutes.
- 13 MR. KATAEV: Plaintiff's Exhibit 50, your Honor.
- 14 THE COURT: Any objection?
- 15 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No.
- THE COURT: It's received. 16
- 17 (Plaintiff's Exhibit 50 received in evidence)
- 18 In this email, Dr. Edelman follows up with you on November
- 18th, 2019; correct? 19
- 20 Α. Yes.
- 21 To your knowledge, you never responded to this email;
- 22 correct?
- 23 I don't recall. Α.
- 24 And you didn't forward it to Ms. Ogbara, did you?
- 25 I don't recall. Α.

- 1 MR. KATAEV: Last exhibit, XX, your Honor.
- 2 | THE COURT: Any objection?
- 3 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No.
- 4 THE COURT: XX is in evidence. Go ahead.
- 5 (Defendants' Exhibit XX received in evidence)
- 6 Q. Do you recall reviewing this document during your
- 7 deposition, Ms. Pacina?
- 8 | A. Yes.
- 9 Q. Ms. Ogbara did not copy you on this email, did she?
- 10 | A. No.
- 11 | Q. And to your knowledge, there were no emails between you and
- 12 Ms. Ogbara about this issue; correct?
- 13 A. Not that I can recall.
- MR. KATAEV: Just one second, your Honor.
- 15 I'm done, your Honor.
- 16 THE COURT: Defense examination.
- 17 | CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 18 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 19 Q. Ms. Pacina, in terms of the function of HR, does HR ever
- 20 | tell administration that they have to do something differently?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. Does HR have the power to overrule a decision of the FGP
- 23 | administration if they want to?
- 24 A. They can.
- 25 | Q. I'm sorry?

Pacina - Cross

N7HCede5

- Α. They can.
- With respect to the phonecall you had with Dr. Edelman, you 2 Q.
- only talked to her the one time; right? 3
- Yes. 4 Α.

- So what do you recall about the nature of that phonecall 5
- and what she said to you? 6
- 7 I remember her, she was upset about being told that she had
- to have someone else in the office space and that she said she 8
- was entitled to that office space per her contract. 9
- 10 Do you recall anything else specifically that she said? Ο.
- 11 No, not specifically.
- 12 Did she raise issues that at the time you regarded as being
- 13 discrimination, gender discrimination, that kind of thing?
- 14 Α. No.
- MR. KATAEV: Objection. 15 Leading.
- THE COURT: Overruled. 16
- 17 There is reference to October --
- 18 THE COURT: You elicited the same exact testimony.
- 19 ahead.
- 20 There was reference to that complaint being closed on or
- 21 about October 8th. Do you recall that?
- 22 Α. Yes.
- 23 Do you recall why it was closed?
- 24 Because the issue of the space was discussed internally
- 25 with her and FGP leadership.

- 1 | Q. And how did you know that?
- 2 A. Tisa Hall had shared that that was concluded, that they had spoken with her.
- 4 | Q. Who does Tisa Hall work for?
- A. She's human resources and FGP. I believe she works for Andrew Rubin.
- 7 | Q. What department is she in?
- 8 A. FGP, human resources.
  - Q. And Ms. Rose?

- 10 A. She's also FGP, human resources.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I'd like to put up exhibit PP.
- 12 THE COURT: You may do so.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Thank you, your Honor.
- Could you scroll, please, Ms. Cardona, to page 43.
- 15  $\parallel$  Q. I'm going to show you the line counsel showed you about
- 16 Mr. Antonik. There's a line in there, "wanted to discuss with
- 17 | you before bringing it to leadership as it is about Joe
- 18 Antonik." Do you know what you meant by that?
- 19 A. Because she mentioned Joe Antonik during a phonecall and I
- 20 | believe she reported to him. I wanted to make sure that I let
- 21 | his leadership know because it would be appropriate for me to
- 22 | discuss that with his leadership rather than directly with him.
- 23 \ Q. So who did you go to in that regard?
- 24 A. That's why I went to David Kaplan after that.
- 25 | Q. And do you know if it ever went up the chain for

Pacina - Cross

- 1 Mr. Kaplan?
- 2 Not that I'm aware of, no. Α.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No scroll up to the top page. 3
  - You see in big bold, "this space provided to you" language? Q.
  - Α. Yes.

4

- 6 Do you know what that was? 0.
- 7 I did talk -- I quess when I talked to Claudia, I talked to her about the complaint regarding space and I wanted to know 8
- what the contract said about space, so I asked her to pull the 9
- 10 language regarding space in Dr. Edelman's contract.
- 11 And why were you looking at the contract?
- 12 Because she said she was entitled to space per her
- 13 contract.
- Q. And do you know, you looked at the contract on September 14
- 15 18th, do you know if Dr. Edelman bothered to look at the
- contract after she spoke to you? 16
- 17 A. Not that I'm aware of.
- 18 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I'd like to place up, your Honor,
- 19 two exhibits that have already been entered side by side,
- 20 Plaintiff's 50 and Defendants' XX, and publish to the jury.
- 21 THE COURT: You may do so.
- 22 Q. Now, on the left is plaintiff's 50. That is an email to
- 23 you from Dr. Edelman. Do you see that?
- 24 Α. Which one? Sorry.
- 25 On the left is exhibit 50.

N7HCede5 Pacina - Cross

- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 Q. From Dr. Edelman to you. Do you see that?
- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 Q. And what's the date and time of that email?
- 5 A. It's November 18 at 1:46 p.m.
- 6 Q. And then Exhibit XX on the right, that's from Rashidat
- 7 | Ogbara to Dr. Edelman. What's the date and time of that email?
- 8 A. November 18, 2019, at 6:14 p.m.
- 9 Q. Are you aware of anything on November 18th that caused the
- 10 email system to break down between 1 o'clock and 6 o'clock so
- 11 | that Dr. Edelman wouldn't have been able to read the 6 o'clock
- 12 | email?
- 13 A. Not that I'm aware of.
- 14 | Q. After November 18th at 6:14 p.m., did you ever hear from
- 15 Dr. Edelman again?
- 16 | A. No.
- 17 | Q. After that first phonecall in September, did she ever call
- 18 | you again?
- 19 A. Not that I'm aware of.
- 20 | O. Did she ever come to visit?
- 21 | A. No.
- 22 | Q. Did she ever email you after November 18th?
- 23 A. Not that I can recall.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Thank you, Ms. Pacina.
- 25 THE COURT: Anything further?

- 1 MR. KATAEV: Just four, five questions.
- THE COURT: Why don't you do it from where you are.
- 3 MR. KATAEV: Sure.
- 4 | REDIRECT EXAMINATION
- 5 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 6 Q. I have on the screen what was marked as Plaintiff's
- 7 Exhibit 50, but I'm going to ask you some other questions
- 8 first.
- 9 A. I don't have anything on the screen. Okay.
- 10 Q. It's fair to say that your resolution of Dr. Edelman's
- 11 complaint only dealt with office space and not about any
- 12 | discrimination or harassment; right?
- 13 A. Correct.
- 14 | Q. And it's also fair to say that you never directly informed
- 15 | Dr. Edelman that you closed her complaint on October 8th of
- 16 | '19; correct?
- 17 A. No, because her leadership team had done that.
- 18 | Q. And you knew that Dr. Edelman was not aware her complaint
- 19 was closed because she kept emailing you in November; correct?
- 20 A. Not about the office space.
- 21 | Q. Other than this email on November 5th, you never responded
- 22 | to any further emails from Dr. Edelman; correct?
- 23 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- Q. To your knowledge?
- 25 THE COURT: Overruled.

Pacina - Redirect

- 1 A. It's whatever's here. I don't recall any others --
- THE COURT: Actually, I'm sorry. The objection is
- 3 | sustained. It's a good objection. Ask a different question.
- 4 | Q. In this email that you sent Dr. Edelman, you told her that
- 5 you will share this with the ELR manager that now supports the
- 6 | FGP group; right?
- 7 A. Yes.
  - Q. And you did that on November 5th of '19; correct?
- 9 | A. Yes.

- 10 Q. But to your knowledge, Ms. Ogbara never reached out to
- 11 Dr. Edelman until November 18th after she followed up with you;
- 12 | correct?
- 13 A. Not that I'm aware of.
- 14 | Q. You just had the Defendants' Exhibit XX placed and it was
- 15 | dated the same date as this email on top; correct?
- 16 | A. Yeah, but I don't know if there were other emails from
- 17 Rashidat to her.
- 18 | Q. And Dr. Edelman's November 1st email here, she told you
- 19 | there was clearly implicit bias in how she was managed and
- 20 | spoken to; correct?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. She said in here that she was clear that the complaint was
- 23 | a separate issue about treatment of females within the
- 24 | workplace at NYU; correct?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.

25

1 THE COURT: You're asking her what the document says? 2 MR. KATAEV: Yes. THE COURT: I think the jury can read the document. 3 What's your next question. 4 5 Q. You did not do anything in response to this complaint; correct? 6 7 I shared it with the ELR manager that was assigned to FGP 8 at the time. Q. And you didn't do any investigation or anything of the 9 10 sort; correct? 11 Α. No. 12 When you received this email from Dr. Edelman, did you 13 understand that she was complaining about being treated differently based on her gender? 14 15 Α. I don't recall receiving this email. Did you not respond to it on November 5th, four days later? 16 17 THE COURT: Next question. She said she --18 MR. KATAEV: Nothing further, your Honor. 19 THE COURT: Anything further? 20 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No, your Honor. 21 THE COURT: You're excused. 22 THE WITNESS: Thank you. 23 (Witness excused)

THE COURT: Call your next witness.

MR. KATAEV: The plaintiff calls Dr. Andrew Porges,

- 23 You worked at NYU since November 2014; correct? 0.
- 24 Α. Yes.
- 25 Prior to working at NYU, you had your own practice on

Porges - Direct

- 1 | Northern Boulevard in Roslyn; right?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 | Q. And you worked in that private practice for 12 years prior
- 4 | to working at NYU; right?
- 5 A. Correct.
- 6 Q. You were recruited to NYU; correct?
- 7 | A. Yes.
- 8 Q. After you were recruited, you met with Mr. Rubin and
- 9 Mr. Swirnow to discuss compensation; correct?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 Q. Ultimately, a deal was made on compensation, and in
- 12 | addition, NYU assumed the assets of your practice; correct?
- 13 A. Correct.
- 14 | Q. And so, assuming the practice, they received items such as
- 15 | medication stock, capital equipment, and your lease; correct?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 | Q. And the lease was considered an asset in your practice;
- 18 | correct?
- 19 A. I'm not sure if it was an asset or a liability, but it was
- 20 | intrinsic to the finances of the practice.
- 21 | Q. NYU also assumed the tail coverage on your malpractice
- 22 policy, didn't they?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- Q. And they covered that at a cost of \$40,000; correct?
- 25 A. I don't know what the cost was. NYU is self-insured.

- 1 MR. KATAEV: Page 25, your Honor. I should give you 2 the transcript.
  - THE COURT: That would help.
- 4 Did NYU assume the tail coverage on your malpractice?
- 5 THE WITNESS: Yes, they did.
- 6 THE COURT: Next question.
- 7 Just to get into the cost of that. The premium was \$40,000, wasn't it? 8
- I don't know what the premium was. 9
- 10 THE COURT: You can use the transcript. Go ahead.
- 11 MR. KATAEV: To the witness only, Jeremy.
- 12 Looking at your answer in line 17 and 18, does that refresh
- 13 your recollection as to the premium for the policy?
- 14 A. Yes. I didn't recall that.
- 15 THE COURT: What is your refreshed recollection?
- 16 THE WITNESS: Something in that range, something like
- 17 two years.
- 18 THE COURT: In what range, sir?
- 19 THE WITNESS: In the \$40,000 range.
- 20 NYU paid that cost; correct? 0.
- 21 I don't think they paid that, but they assumed liability
- 22 for that.
- 23 Now, you left private practice to go to NYU, didn't you? 0.
- 24 Α. Yes.

25

And you did that because there were lower insurance

- 2 A. I think there were a number of factors in that decision.
- 3 | Q. And that was one of them; right?
- 4 A. The risk of lower reimbursement from insurance companies
- 5 | over time was one of the factors in my decision, yes.
- 6 Q. Another factor was your concern that if you got ill or
- 7 | sick, you would not be able to meet your obligations; correct?
  - A. I had a health scare at that time, so yes.
- 9 Q. Once you came to NYU, your primary duty was to treat
- 10 patients; right?
- 11 | A. Yes.

- 12 | Q. And in order to meet your RVU target, you had to treat lots
- 13 | of patients; correct?
- 14 A. I was expected to meet the same patient care amount,
- 15 | quantity as I was doing in my private practice the preceding
- 16 | two years.
- 17 | Q. And you also had an administrative role; correct?
- 18 A. Not initially, no.
- 19 | Q. Ultimately, you did?
- 20 | A. Ultimately, yes.
- 21 | Q. And when you did so, that role was a minor -- it took minor
- 22 | time in terms of your effort and responsibility; correct?
- 23  $\parallel$  A. It was a minority of my time, yes.
- 24 | Q. And those duties involved staffing, interviewing admins,
- 25 and scheduling and assisting the office manager; right?

- 1 A. I'm sorry. Could you repeat that.
- 2 Q. Your duties in the administrative role included staffing,
- 3 | interviewing the administrative staff, and scheduling issues
- 4 and assisting the office manager; right?
- 5  $\parallel$  A. Those were among the duties, yes.
- 6 Q. But you were also the clinical director at NYU prior to
- 7 | taking on that medical director role; right?
- 8 | A. Yes.
- 9 Q. And in your role as clinical director, you received
- 10 | numerous complaints, didn't you?
- 11 A. You're talking about patient complaints, yes?
- 12 Q. Correct.
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. And there were many complaints, but there were no
- 15 complaints about you, were there?
- 16 A. Not that I'm aware of.
- 17 | Q. You also did clinical research while at NYU; correct?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. That was something you did in your private practice in
- 20 Roslyn; right?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. But that work has been unwinding over the last several
- 23 | years; right?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. NYU reduced the resources available to you to do that work;

- 1 | correct?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 | Q. Ever since you started at NYU, the amount of time you spent
- 4 on clinical research decreased year over year; correct?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 Q. That research work was something you had negotiated with
- 7 | NYU; right?
- 8 A. There was a clause in my contract that included research,
- 9 clinical research, yes.
- 10 | Q. That clause exists because it's something that you wanted;
- 11 | right?
- 12 A. It existed because that was the initial time spent in my
- 13 | occupation and duties, yes.
- 14 | Q. Before the clinical research work started unwinding, you
- 15 | spoke to all the rheumatologists about joining in that research
- 16 | effort; right?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 | Q. And you suggested as an option to Dr. Edelman that she
- 19 could be a coinvestigator in that role; right?
- 20 | A. I believe so. I would have suggested that to probably most
- 21 or all of the physicians I discussed putting time in doing
- 22 | clinical research, yes.
- MR. KATAEV: Move to strike as nonresponsive, your
- Honor.
- 25 THE COURT: Overruled.

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Porges - Direct

- You have no recollection of discussing any compensation 1 with Dr. Edelman for such a role; right? 2
  - I never discuss compensation with anyone.
- And it's fair to say that NYU assumed your practice because 4 Q. 5 you brought to them the assets, reputation, and records of a large practice; right?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.

THE COURT: Sustained.

- To your knowledge, NYU assumed your practice because it brought the assets, reputation, and records of a large practice; correct?
- 12 As well as my abilities as a physician, yes.
- 13 Ο. And at the time that NYU assumed your practice, you had two rheumatologists that came along with you; correct? 14
- 15 Α. No, that's not correct.
- 16 MR. KATAEV: 41, your Honor.
- 17 Well, including myself -- including myself, there was one 18 part-time physician.
- 19 Dr. Brancato; correct? Q.
- 20 Α. Yes.
- 21 And you had several thousand patients in your private
- 22 practice, didn't you?
- 23 Α. Yes.
- 24 And you had a large referral base; correct?
- 25 Α. Yes.

- Q. Now, when you came over to NYU, you reported to Mr. Kaplan; correct?
- 3  $\parallel$  A. He was not originally there in 2015, no.
- 4 Q. Ultimately, when he came to be the regional director there,
- 5 you did report to him; right?
- 6 A. Later on when he was the regional director, yes.
- 7 | Q. But you only reported to him intermittently; right?
- 8 | A. Yes.
- 9 Q. Primary person you reported to was Mr. Antonik; right?
- 10 | A. No.
- 11 | Q. Mr. Antonik was on site with you at that location, wasn't
- 12 he?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 Q. You were made aware of Dr. Edelman's September 2019
- 15 | complaint; correct?
- 16 A. I became aware of it at some point, yes.
- 17 | Q. And you were aware that this complaint was about
- 18 harassment, weren't you?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 Q. And Mr. Antonik was probably the first person to tell you
- 21 | about it, wasn't he?
- 22 A. Probably not, but I'm not sure.
- MR. KATAEV: Page 56, your Honor, line 21, going to
- 24 | the next page to line 8.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.

- THE WITNESS: To the best of my recollection, I don't
  have --
- THE COURT: Sustained. Sustained. Next question.
- The lawyer is going to ask a new question.
  - Q. You were made aware of Dr. Edelman's complaint?
- 6 A. Yes.

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- Q. By Joseph Antonik; correct?
- A. I believe at some point he told me about it. I'm not sure that he was the initial person who told me.
- Q. And in the course of your duties as the clinical director,

  it became clear to you that Dr. Edelman's complaint was because

  she did not like the way Mr. Antonik spoke to her; correct?
- 13 A. I knew very little about the complaint.
- MR. KATAEV: Page 62, your Honor, lines 19 to 23.
- 15 THE COURT: Go ahead.
- Q. At your deposition, I asked you the following question and you gave the following answer; isn't that right?
- 18 "Q. To your knowledge, what was Dr. Edelman's complaint to 19 human resources against Joseph Antonik about?
- 20 | "A. I was told she did not like the way he spoke to her."
- 21 | Q. Do you recall providing that testimony?
- 22 | A. Yes.
- 23 | Q. And you have no knowledge about any investigation into
- 24 Mr. Antonik's conduct; correct?
- 25 A. No knowledge at all.

- Q. Even as the medical director of the practice there, no one reached out to you about it; correct?
- 3 A. No.
- 4 Q. And you testified earlier today that one of your roles is
- 5 dealing with staffing issues; correct?
- 6 | A. Yes.
- 7 | Q. And similarly, you're not aware of any discussions
- 8 | regarding Dr. Edelman's complaint with the human resources and
- 9 | faculty practice; correct?
- 10 | A. I am not aware of those.
- 11 | Q. But you did discuss Dr. Edelman's complaint to human
- 12 | resources with Mr. Kaplan, didn't you?
- 13 A. Not exactly.
- 14 | Q. Isn't it true that you were supposed to be with Mr. Kaplan
- when he approached Dr. Edelman?
- 16 A. So that's not discussing the complaint. It's Dr. Kaplan
- 17 | asking me to attend with him when he met with Dr. Edelman.
- 18 Q. You mean Mr. Kaplan?
- 19 A. Mr. Kaplan, yes.
- 20 | Q. And you couldn't -- you agreed to go with Mr. Kaplan;
- 21 | right?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 Q. But you ultimately did not do so; correct?
- 24 A. Due to the timing of the meeting, yes.
- 25 | Q. And the reason why you were supposed to go with Mr. Kaplan

- 1 was to serve as an independent reliable witness; right?
- 2 A. That was what I understood, yes.
- 3 | Q. And you were asked to be an independent reliable witness by
- 4 Mr. Kaplan; correct?
- 5 A. I don't recall exactly what he asked me -- what he asked,
- 6 but that was my understanding of what he wanted, yes.
- 7 | Q. Now, prior to any complaints being brought to your
- 8 attention, you found Dr. Edelman to be qualified for a
- 9 position, didn't you?
- 10 | A. I was not asked -- I was not asked to evaluate her in this
- 11 regard at all.
- 12 | Q. And you have no knowledge as to whether Dr. Edelman was
- 13 | ever made aware about any complaints concerning her clinical
- 14 | care; correct?
- 15 A. No, I did have some awareness regarding complaints with her
- 16 care, yes.
- 17 | Q. But you have no knowledge of Dr. Edelman being made aware
- 18 of those complaints; correct?
- 19 | A. At some point, I became aware that there was cases reviewed
- 20 | by Dr. Buyon, who's the chief of rheumatology for all of NYU.
- 21  $\parallel$  Q. I just want you to listen to my question. My question is:
- 22 | Was Dr. Edelman ever made aware about any of those types of
- 23 | clinical care complaints, to your knowledge?
- 24 A. I don't know how they were transmitted to her, no.
- 25 | Q. You don't know if they were transmitted to her; correct?

- 1 A. I believed they were, but I did not know that for a fact.
- 2 MR. KATAEV: Page 71, your Honor, lines 16 through 23.
- 3 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
  - THE COURT: Sustained.
- Q. You would agree with me that Dr. Edelman's fully qualified
- 6 | in terms of education, training and experience, even after
- 7 | learning about these complaints; correct?
  - A. Yes.

- 9 Q. And in your role as medical director, you ranked doctors
- 10 | that had the most patient complaints, didn't you?
- 11 A. I didn't rank anybody. You asked me, I believe, how many
- 12 people had, but I did not have any ranking.
- 13 Q. And when you say "I asked you," you're referring to the
- 14 deposition; correct?
- 15 | A. During the deposition, you asked me who had the most
- 16 | complaints, but there was no ranking I performed outside of
- 17 | that.
- 18 | Q. And when I asked you that question at your deposition, you
- 19 | ranked Dr. Edelman at the top in terms of patient complaints;
- 20 || right?
- 21 A. I stated that she had more complaints than anyone else,
- 22 yes.
- 23 | Q. And then going down the ladder, so to speak, you ranked
- 24 Dr. Li, Dr. Mehta, and Dr. Brancato next; right?
- 25 A. I stated that they had all had complaints noted, yes.

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- Q. And that means that all the female doctors had the most patient complaints. Is that your testimony?
  - A. Those doctors are all females, yes.
- Q. You didn't reference any of the male doctors when I asked you that question, did you?
  - A. I gave you a list of all the people that I recall dealing with complaints for and I gave you the list.
    - Q. Despite these complaints that you were made aware of, to your knowledge, Dr. Edelman was never counseled; correct?
- 10 A. I don't know what the followup with those complaints was,
  11 no.
- Q. I'll represent to you that the jury is very intimately aware with your November 6th, 2020 --
  - THE COURT: Don't make any representations with respect to the jury. Ask a new question.
- MR. KATAEV: Withdrawn.
  - Q. Mr. Antonik brought clinical issues about Dr. Edelman to your attention, didn't he?
- 19 A. At points, I did discuss clinical issues with Mr. Antonik.
- THE COURT: To whom? Do you recall whether he brought them to you or you brought them to him?
  - THE WITNESS: So over a period of many years, I don't recall, but I suspect I may have brought them to him, but I don't know.
- MR. KATAEV: Page 47, your Honor.

- 1 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- THE COURT: Sustained. 2
- After being made aware of clinical issues, you called 3
- Mr. Kaplan to tell him about those issues; correct? 4
- A. Well, I became aware of issues over a period of years, but 5
- at one point in the fall of 2020, I did talk to Mr. Kaplan on 6
- 7 the phone about the clinical issues, yes.
- And to your recollection, Mr. Kaplan told you, "Don't tell 8
- me over the phone, I want an email." Correct? 9
- 10 Α. No.
- 11 He did insist that you put your concerns in writing, didn't
- 12 he?
- 13 Α. So we -- ultimately, yes. At a later point, he asked me to
- put that in writing. 14
- Mr. Kaplan is not a doctor; correct? 15 Q.
- 16 Α. He is not.
- 17 He would not know whether any of the clinical concerns that Q.
- 18 you had raised to him are actually valid clinical concerns;
- 19 correct?
- 20 The concerns weren't all clinical and some of them he would
- 21 have an opinion regarding, but he wouldn't be able to judge all
- 22 the clinical facts, no.
- 23 Q. And during your call with Mr. Kaplan, he gave you a
- 24 deadline to provide this information; correct?
- 25 Not during the initial call. There was a call that was --

- at subsequent days, probably weeks later where he gave me -where he requested on that second call to provide a list of the
- 3 concerns regarding Dr. Edelman.
- 4 Q. You did not ask for any deadline during that call; correct?
- 5 A. So I was called and I believe it was on a Monday or
- 6 | Tuesday, and I believe I was told that he was meeting with
- 7 | leadership, including Andrew Rubin and Josh Swirnow on Friday
- 8 | and I had till Friday to get him that material so that he could
- 9 properly present it to NYU leadership.
- 10 | Q. And to your knowledge, Mr. Kaplan did in fact meet with
- 11 Mr. Swirnow, Mr. Rubin about this; right?
- 12 | A. Yes.
- 13 | Q. And following his meeting, Mr. Kaplan informed you that you
- 14 | have to meet with Mr. Rubin and Mr. Swirnow yourself; right?
- 15 A. I was informed with that probably by Mr. Kaplan, but I
- 16 don't remember how I was informed of that.
- 17 | Q. And following your meeting with Mr. Swirnow and Mr. Rubin,
- 18 you then told Dr. Goldberg that Mr. Rubin wanted to speak with
- 19 | him about the same issue; correct?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 | Q. And you told Dr. Goldberg this in person; right?
- 22 A. I believe so.
- 23 | Q. And that's because his office is right next door to yours;
- 24 | correct?
- 25 A. Yes.

Porges - Direct

- Q. And Dr. Goldberg told you he'd speak with staff, others in the practice, and make his own judgment about your findings;
- 3 | correct?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. You never memorialized this conversation with Dr. Goldberg,
- 6 | did you?
- 7 A. No.
- 8 | Q. And you never memorialized your conversation with Mr. Rubin
- 9 and Mr. Swirnow; correct?
- 10 | A. No.
- 11 Q. Nor did you memorialize your conversation with Mr. Kaplan,
- 12 correct, both of your conversations?
- 13 A. No.
- 14 | Q. Prior to these conversations, you never had any discussions
- 15 | about Dr. Edelman with Dr. Goldberg; correct?
- 16 A. Not to my recollection.
- 17 | Q. It's fair to say that after Dr. Goldberg did what he said
- 18 he would do, you had a conversation with him; right?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 | Q. And both of you determined during that conversation that
- 21 | Dr. Edelman's practice patterns can't be remediated; correct?
- 22 | A. I was asked by Andrew Rubin whether I thought that the
- 23 practice patterns could be remediated, and I did discuss that
- 24 | with Dr. Goldberg.
- 25 | Q. Did you decide with Dr. Goldberg that both of you could not

- 1 | remediate Dr. Edelman in any way?
- 2 A. I felt that way and I believe Dr. Goldberg agreed. I
- 3 stated to Dr. Goldberg that I did not feel that I personally
- 4 could be responsible for the remediation --
- 5 MR. KATAEV: Move to strike as nonresponsive, your
- 6 Honor.
- 7 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 8 You can continue with your answer. The objection is 9 overruled.
- 10 A. So I told him that I did not think that it would -- I would
- 11 be able to do the remediation. It was up to him whether he
- 12 | thought he could be involved in remediation.
- 13 Q. And you ultimately came to the conclusion following that
- 14 conversation with Dr. Goldberg that keeping Dr. Edelman at NYU
- 15 | would cause harm to patients; correct?
- 16 | A. No.
- 17 MR. KATAEV: Page 52, your Honor, 8 through 11.
- 18 THE COURT: I'll permit it.
- 19 Q. At your deposition, I asked you the following question, you
- 20 gave the following answer; correct?
- 21 | "Q. Did you at any point come to the conclusion that keeping
- 22 | Dr. Edelman at NYU would cause harm or risk to patients?
- 23 | "A. Yes."
- 24 A. So you said "harm," and harm is different than risk. So I
- 25 do believe that her care provided some increased risk.

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- 1 My question during your deposition as on the screen is "harm or risk." 2
  - A. Yes. I guess I concluded there was some increased risk related to her care for the patients.
    - Q. Your testimony earlier today --
- But your question before was just about harm, not risk when 6 7 you asked me just now.
- 8 THE COURT: Yes. Go ahead. Next question.
  - Q. You conveyed this conclusion to Mr. Rubin and Mr. Swirnow; correct?
- 11 I believe so.
- 12 And you conveyed this conclusion because, based on your 13 review, approximately four to five patients received unnecessary or excessive radiation; right? 14
- 15 Α. No.
- MR. KATAEV: 75, your Honor --16
  - The answer is much more complicated than that.
- 18 THE COURT: No, you're done. He's asking a new 19 question.
- 20 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- THE COURT: And I'll review to see --21
- 22 MR. KATAEV: Lines 2 to 12.
- 23 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 24 By the time these complaints were brought to your
- 25 attention, Dr. Edelman had worked at NYU for almost seven

- 1 years; correct?
- By the time -- which complaint? The one in 2020, yes. 2
- And in the course of seven years, it's fair to say that 3
- Dr. Edelman had thousands of patient appointments; right? 4
- 5 Α. Yes.
- You had thousands of patient appointments over the course 6
- 7 of seven years; correct?
- 8 Α. Yes.
- And it's fair to say that Dr. Edelman had a strong and busy 9
- 10 practice; correct?
- 11 Α. Yes.
- 12 And you would agree with me that there are inferences where
- 13 a number of x-rays are necessary; correct?
- 14 Α. Yes.
- 15 Q. And it's fair to say that you wouldn't recall the most
- 16 number of x-rays you've ever performed on a patient yourself;
- 17 correct?
- 18 Yes, I don't recall that.
- 19 And you only reviewed approximately four to five patient
- 20 charts in making your determinations about Dr. Edelman;
- 21 correct?
- 22 About excessive x-rays, you're talking about? Α.
- 23 In general, for all clinical concerns? 0.
- 24 I think there were four or five charts related to
- 25 excessive x-rays that I was asked to review or I was told about

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N7HCede5
                                Porges - Direct
      by the x-ray technicians.
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               MR. KATAEV: Objection. Hearsay.
               THE COURT: Overruled.
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               Are you at a convenient breaking point?
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               MR. KATAEV: I could stop now or continue, your Honor.
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               THE COURT: Let me see the parties at sidebar.
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               (Continued on next page)
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1 (At the sidebar) THE COURT: How much more do you have with your 2 3 examination? 4 MR. KATAEV: I'm about halfway through, your Honor. 5 THE COURT: So what does that mean, another 45 minutes, an hour? 6 7 MR. KATAEV: Thereabout, a little less than an hour. THE COURT: What's your sense as to how much you're 8 9 going to have on your examination? 10 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I'm going to guess, right now, a half hour. 11 12 THE COURT: So the jury told my deputy that tomorrow 13 they can sit until 2:30. Wednesday, they can sit as long as 14 necessary. 15 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Let's close Wednesday morning, your 16 Honor. 17 THE COURT: Well, no. You may close on Tuesday. fact, you should plan on closing on Tuesday. I'm going to tell 18 the jury that they should -- that I cannot make predictions for 19 20 shorter terms tomorrow, but my expectation is the evidence will close tomorrow and it may be necessary for them to stay until 21 22 2:30 if they're able to do so, and that my expectation also is 23 that they would get the case on Wednesday to deliberate, and

to, they could go beyond 2 o'clock.

that they should consider whether, if necessary, if they want

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N7HCede5
                                Porges - Direct
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               Any objection to that from the plaintiff?
               MR. LABUDA: No, that's fine. I think you had
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      indicted, your Honor, on Wednesday, they can stay later than
 4
      2:00?
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               THE COURT: Yes.
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               MR. SCHOENSTEIN: It's okay, your Honor.
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               (Continued on next page)
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(In open court)

THE COURT: Members of the jury, I'm going to let you go for the day now. Before I do so, let me tell you where we stand with the trial and discuss with you scheduling.

It's my expectation that the evidence in this case will close tomorrow, that you will receive all of the evidence that you're going to consider by tomorrow.

I'm informed that you are able to sit tomorrow until 2:30 p.m. I can't tell you for sure whether I'm going to ask you to stay until 2:30. There are going to be some legal issues that I'm going to need to discuss with the parties and there may be some breaks during the day tomorrow. As you can tell, I'm trying to move this case along, so are the parties. I want to make sure that you are available to stay until 2:30 if necessary. So try to plan your lives so that you can stay until 2:30 tomorrow.

It's also my expectation that you will get the case to deliberate on on Wednesday. I will charge you and then you will deliberate.

I'm informed that you're able to sit on Wednesday beyond 2:00 p.m. While you're deliberating, the Court will provide lunch to you. And then it will be up to you as to how late to sit on Wednesday after you get the case.

Aside from those scheduling matters, for now, since you don't have all of the evidence, you're not to reach any

conclusions about what all of the evidence will say, you're not to reach any conclusions about the case, you're not to talk to the other jurors or anybody else about the case. It's critically important that you not do any research about the case or any issues about the case.

Enjoy your afternoon, enjoy your evening. Breakfast, again, will be available at 8:30. Please be here by 8:45 and we'll start again at 9 o'clock. Thank you.

(Continued on next page)

(Jury not present)

THE COURT: You may step down.

While Dr. Porges is on examination by the plaintiff, he's not to have any conversations about the substance of the case with defense counsel. You can have conversations about logistics. Please be here a couple of minutes before 9 o'clock.

MR. LABUDA: Or anyone associated with the --

THE COURT: Yes, anybody else associated with the defendant.

THE WITNESS: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Parties may be seated.

I provided the instructions to the parties over the weekend as well as a verdict form. I'm not going to do the final charge conference now, you're entitled to have that after the close of all of the evidence.

Since I've got you and I want to make efficient use of the jury's time, if there are issues that either side can identify now, I would ask you to do so. My law clerk is just getting a copy of the charge for me.

The other issue, while you're pulling the charge, are exhibits that go to the jury. There are a number of different ways that we can handle it. One way, which I think the charge contemplates, is that I will give them a list of all the exhibits that are received in evidence and list of the

witnesses, and then if they want an exhibit, they can pass out a note and ask for the exhibit. That may be the most expeditious for the jury.

If the parties would like this, we can also give them hard copies of all the exhibits that are in evidence. Why don't you discuss that amongst yourselves and let me know by email by 5 o'clock or so today what the parties' preference is. If I don't hear by 5 o'clock, I'm going to assume I give them a list of the exhibits and a list of the witnesses.

To that end, also, I appreciate the fact that the parties have been giving me exhibit lists every day. Keep it coming. We'll look for the exhibit list today and we will put it into a form that can go to the jury.

Is there anything that the plaintiff can identify now on the jury instructions that the plaintiff wants to bring to my attention?

(Continued on next page)

MR. LABUDA: Yes, your Honor.

I wasn't able to get through any of the -- I got to page 40, but I'm assuming that on page 25 -- there's some bold in brackets, and I'm assuming that that is something that the Court is potentially contemplating but has not yet decided on, that particular issue. That's my take on it.

THE COURT: That's correct, on 25 and 29. I will hear from the parties with respect to whether there's evidence in the record that would allow that charge. I'm comfortable with you addressing it now, frankly. I'm not sure that there is going to be any additional evidence.

MR. LABUDA: Right. I mean I will say this, your
Honor. I just don't know if there's really been any testimony
about a system in terms of quality or quantity of production.
The law from Ryduchowski is that you have to have the system,
you have to implement the system and there has to be notice
about that. I don't know if there's really been any, you know,
testimony about a system being in place with respect to setting
the pay. It seems like it's more bona fide factors than any
type of, you know, organized system in place.

THE COURT: Yes, and I did hear the testimony that you elicited this morning from the witness. On that particular issue, unless there's more that the plaintiff has on the system issue, do defendants have an answer on the system issue?

MR. STEER: Yes, your Honor.

Throughout the trial, contracts have been introduced that show an incentive compensation system measured by production standards, in other words, by RVUs. That is exactly what a system that measures earnings by quality and quantity of production is, and we respectfully submit that the evidence is there for that throughout the entire case.

THE COURT: Is your defense that NYU uses a system, and the system is RVUs and that that explains the disparity of pay? I thought that was the plaintiff's case.

MR. STEER: Well, it's two different things, your
Honor. So what we're really saying is with regard to setting
initial compensation, that is a factor other than sex. We've
heard all the different things that go into it, like the
experience, people's seniority, patients and the like. But
when you get to then the question of RVUs and people being paid
more on renewals, then we have a quality and quantity of
production system that gives incentive compensation to the
doctors that they earn above the targets, above the 1 percent,
and then those bonuses are built into their base in the next
renewal.

So we believe we have both. We have, for initial comp, we have factors other than sex. For incentive comp and what it produces in the way of a number, it's quality and quantity of production, and we think that's directly on point.

THE COURT: Yes, but aren't the incentive comp figures

based ultimately on what you contend are factors other than sex? In other words, we heard a whole bunch of testimony that the value of an RVU is not equal among the doctors, that the RVUs have different values and that those different values are — I thought I heard from you — a function of not a system but of all of these qualitative factors. So I'm not sure how a system which measures earnings by quantity or quality of production stands alone. In fact, that seems it does stand alone.

MR. STEER: I think that, first of all, quality and quantity of production is also subsumed in factors other than sex.

THE COURT: So then if it is, do you need it?

MR. STEER: I'm just concerned whether the jury will understand that -- if somebody gets incentive comp, that they're not going to understand that we have proven our burden. Whatever your Honor thinks is appropriate is fine, but I think it's worthwhile having it, and I don't think it's going to confuse anybody.

THE COURT: All right.

What's the next thing that the plaintiff has?

MR. LABUDA: I do make a note just with respect to the New York State EPA claim. I know that there's a reference on page 32 -- I think it's on 32, about -- am I in the right -- yeah, it's a different page.

Well, let me just go through this, your Honor. I'm sorry.

Next one, on page 33, we have the cat's paw instruction again.

THE COURT: I assume I'm going to hear -- I might as well hear argument from both of you as to whether there's evidence to support the cat's paw, but with respect to the language of the cat's paw, I assumed that that was part of your case. Am I wrong about that, from the plaintiff's perspective?

MR. LABUDA: Yes. I think it's basically subsumed already in the instructions that you've given in terms of knowledge and corporate knowledge and all that, and I think it's readily apparent that a lot of people knew about the complaint in the leadership and upper management.

THE COURT: It's not so clear to me.

MR. LABUDA: OK.

THE COURT: But do you have any exceptions to the language that's in brackets on 33.

MR. LABUDA: No. The language is, I think, pretty spot on, your Honor.

THE COURT: And do you have an objection to me giving that instruction?

MR. LABUDA: I think it's already in there, but I don't think that it would -- we don't have an objection.

The only thing that we would say is inasmuch as I

think there's some movement in, earlier about what the jury's supposed to decide, with respect to cat's paw, it seems like it's almost an alternate theory. So we would just ask for the word "alternatively," or something along those lines, that it's another option for them to find that retaliatory motive.

THE COURT: OK.

Let me hear from defendants on the charge on 33.

MR. STEER: I don't know that it's an alternative, but I don't know that the world would end if the word "alternatively" was added there. But I'm just concerned that's more confusing than it's worth, frankly.

THE COURT: Any objection to the law as I state it?

MR. STEER: No, not at all, your Honor. I think it's correct.

THE COURT: Or to the giving of that instruction?

MR. STEER: No objection. I think it's correct.

THE COURT: What's the next thing the plaintiff has?

MR. LABUDA: On page 34, in the end of the first paragraph there, it references the real reason. But this is a "but for" standard, so we would just ask that instead of the "real reason" it just say "a reason."

THE COURT: This is on page 34 --

MR. LABUDA: Page 34, at the end: "If you find the reasons articulated by NYU to be unbelievable, you still must determine whether retaliation against Dr. Edelman for filing

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      her complaint was the real reason for what occurred."
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               THE COURT: OK. I see. And you're suggesting --
               MR. LABUDA: Instead of the "real reason" it say "a
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      reason, " because it's a "but for" standard.
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               THE COURT: Any objection?
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               MR. STEER: Yes, your Honor. Actually, the "real
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      reason" is the language, I believe, that's used directly from
      the courts.
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               THE COURT: From the what? What did you say? Where
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      is it --
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               MR. STEER: I said the "real reason," I believe, is
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      the language used directly from the courts, that they talk
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      about the real reason, and that if you make it "a reason," I
      think it changes the standard. This is a "but for" cause, so
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      it isn't a reason, it's a "but for" cause. Those are
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      inconsistent, I respectfully submit, your Honor.
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               THE COURT: That seems right to me. Let me hear from
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      the plaintiff, but really, since it's "but for" causation, as
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      you just indicated, it has to be the reason and not one of
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      several reasons. Correct?
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               MR. LABUDA: I would say that makes sense, but let me
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      sleep on that, your Honor.
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               THE COURT: OK.
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               MR. LABUDA: OK.
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               The only other one that I saw, your Honor -- as I
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said, I didn't get through everything -- but I noticed, you know, we had submitted the letter about the disparate impact, and I just wanted to talk about that because I didn't see that in the instructions.

THE COURT: Yes. I ruled against you.

MR. LABUDA: I figured.

THE COURT: And it was substantially for the reasons that were stated in the defendants' letter. I'm not prepared at the moment to give you an elaborate opinion from the bench on it, although I could if you want, but I thought that the defendants got the law right. If there's more you want to state on the record just so you have your record -- and I'll think about it overnight -- please go ahead.

MR. LABUDA: Not at this time, your Honor.

THE COURT: OK.

MR. LABUDA: Maybe at the final.

THE COURT: OK. If you have something more you want to say, please let me know tonight, more authority, more law. That way I can look at it tonight. Just get it to me by 10 p.m. tonight if there's anything further.

MR. LABUDA: OK. Thank you.

THE COURT: Anything else?

MR. LABUDA: That was as far as I got, your Honor.

THE COURT: Is there anything from the defendants?

MR. STEER: Yes, your Honor.

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On page 24, at the bottom of paragraph lower case A, right above where effort is, and this is maybe an abundance of caution, but because below is the charge with regard to defendants' affirmative defense, I would just ask that when we're talking then about, you know, skill, effort, responsibility, that we say at the end of the last sentence there, "this instruction does not address defendants' affirmative defense discussed below." I believe it's below.

THE COURT: Why would I do that when after, later on, when I get to the affirmative defenses, I say if you find for the plaintiff on all of these factors, you must then consider the affirmative defenses?

MR. STEER: OK. I agree, your Honor. I hadn't thought about it quite that way.

THE COURT: OK. Anything else?

MR. STEER: Yes.

On page 29, your Honor, the one, two, third, fourth line, I respectfully submit that your Honor may have reversed the standard there. It says, "plaintiff must prove by a preponderance of the evidence that Drs. Goldberg, Porges and/or Modi were performing work equal to the work she performed." I think the proper test is that there has to be proof that she performed work equal to them.

THE COURT: Yes. That seems right to me.

I take it plaintiff agrees with that.

MR. LABUDA: Yes. Looks like it's six of one, half-dozen of the other, so we're fine with that.

MR. STEER: Another one, your Honor -- oh, no. Never mind.

On page 46, second paragraph, there's a typo there, I respectfully submit.

THE COURT: Where is the typo?

MR. STEER: It mentions a professor.

THE COURT: Yes. I'm not sure how that ended up here, but thank you for pointing it out.

MR. STEER: OK.

Then on page 48, under the damages under the Equal Pay Act, on the one, two, three, four, five, sixth line down, it says, "to calculate this figure, you should first determine the salary that was paid to defendants' male employees," I respectfully submit, your Honor, that that should say male comparators.

THE COURT: Yes. That's fine.

MR. STEER: And then when it goes on and says, "You should then calculate the difference between the salary that the plaintiff earned during the relevant years and the salary of men," I would suggest, your Honor, there that it say "if any whom you find were proper comparators and paid more money."

THE COURT: Well, no. At this point I think the "if any" is wrong because if the jury gets to this point, they will

have found that there are men who are comparators. 1 2 MR. STEER: OK. THE COURT: But I think you are correct that it should 3 4 indicate the men whom you have found were comparators and were 5 paid more money. 6 MR. STEER: And then the only other thing I have on 7 that page, your Honor, is in the bottom of the paragraph we've been discussing, the second-to-last line, after it says, "you 8 should calculate the difference using the salary of the man who 9 10 was paid the most during the relevant period," I would submit, 11 your Honor, that there should be some instruction -- this may 12 not be great wording, but something to the effect of you do not 13 add the amount of each alleged comparator together to reach a 14 total. 15 THE COURT: OK. 16 Anything else? 17 MR. STEER: I'm not sure whether 51 -- I was thinking that in the first full paragraph, where it says "alleged front 18 or back pay that arose from" --19 20 THE COURT: I'm sorry. Where? 21 MR. STEER: I'm sorry. Page 51, the first full 22 paragraph. 23 THE COURT: OK. 24 MR. STEER: Last line, it says, "pay that arose from

her proven retaliation claims," and I was wondering if that

should say -- well, again, let me go back, where you said before, your Honor, but I was thinking that perhaps that should say "any proof of retaliation claims."

THE COURT: All right. I'll think about that. The

THE COURT: All right. I'll think about that. The notion there, "or any alleged front or back pay that arose from the retaliation claims that you find that she has proven."

MR. STEER: OK. That would be good, your Honor. Thank you.

And then a last typo, your Honor. And you know, I'm the last person in the world to be talking about typos, because this is always my problem, but it's labor law -- I'm sorry.

Page 54, third sentence down, labor law Section 194 claims.

THE COURT: Thank you.

Anything else?

MR. STEER: That's all I have.

THE COURT: All right. On the verdict form, anything from the plaintiff on the verdict form?

MR. LABUDA: Bear with me one second, your Honor.

With respect to the federal EPA claim, on page 2, should there be some instruction about good faith? I should say I think there should be an instruction about good faith -- or a finding.

THE COURT: Question about good faith?

MR. LABUDA: What's that?

THE COURT: Let me see if I've got that somewhere.

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MR. LABUDA: I don't remember seeing it.
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               THE COURT: Yes. I'll make sure that that's
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      captioned.
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               MR. LABUDA: That was the only comment we had, your
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      Honor.
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               THE COURT:
                          OK.
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               MR. STEER: Your Honor, for defendants, page 2, No. 3,
      we would request that it say, "Has Dr. Edelman proved by a
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      preponderance of the evidence that she was paid lower
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      compensation, including loans and lease repayments, than the
      following individuals?"
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               THE COURT: I'm not going to do that.
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               MR. STEER:
                           OK.
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               And then one last one, your Honor, that on page 4,
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      right under III, on Title VII, retaliation.
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               THE COURT: Give me just one moment.
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               On page 4, III. Yes?
               MR. STEER: We would submit that there should be a
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      question of, "Has Dr. Edelman proved by a preponderance of the
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      evidence that her complaint to ELR about Mr. Antonik and Mr.
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      Kaplan were made in good faith?"
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               THE COURT: Let me ask you a question about that.
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     my instructions, I indicate that the jury can only find that
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      Dr. Edelman has shown that she engaged in protected activity if
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it finds that she had a good faith, reasonable belief that

NYU's conduct violated the laws forbidding gender discrimination. Why isn't the question that you've asked me to ask the jury subsumed within question 8 already?

MR. STEER: Let me look one more time, your Honor.

I was just concerned because they've heard so much about protected activity that they may not recall that you have to have that good faith element. So they may be thinking of it in terms of complaining, and I thought maybe it's necessary to make it clear that -- I'm just, in essence, reminding them of that first step.

THE COURT: OK. What else do you have on the verdict form?

MR. STEER: That's all I have, your Honor.

THE COURT: Let me go back to the plaintiff on the question regarding good faith.

My law clerk just pointed out to me what I thought we had, and the fact is on page 3 is a question to the jury about willfulness. Willfulness obviously has an impact on good faith. The parties have argued what the impact is, but the ultimate determination with respect to good faith is one for the Court, as I understand it. The law speaks to whether willfulness controls my determination on good faith, but ultimately, I'm the one who decides good faith.

So why should I give good faith to the jury?

MR. LABUDA: Well, yes, if that's what the law says,

then in terms of it being a court issue, not a jury issue, that would make sense to me.

THE COURT: Do defendants have a position on that?

MR. STEER: Your Honor, I don't see the good faith -- you know, it's for the Court. I don't see why we would want it here.

THE COURT: All right. I'm not going to do a separate question as to good faith.

The last thing I've got, and then I'll see if the parties have got anything, is to the defendants. You're going to have a right to make a motion at the close of discovery. Can you give me a preview as to the nature and the length of that motion?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Sure, your Honor.

We're going to finalize it this evening, of course, but I think we're going to move -- I mean for starters, there's no evidence of willfulness, so we're going to move to take that entire question out of the case. And we may take, given the overwhelming state of the evidence on factors other than sex, we will probably move on the Equal Pay Act claim in its entirety.

We will also move on the discriminatory comments part of the case, because there are no, and we'll speak to this more tomorrow, but there are no gender-based comments that are alleged. There's this one allegation about muttering the word

"bitch," and aside from that, there's nothing that would go to the jury in the zone of sexist remarks.

THE COURT: Isn't that, like, akin to "other than that, Mrs. Lincoln?" If there's conduct that is intimidating, and if the jury believes the plaintiff, that Mr. Antonik muttered bitch right after saying that, then wouldn't that be enough? City law's pretty liberal.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: It's not conduct, right? It's limited to remarks the way this claim has parsed out through summary judgment, and the way it's addressed -- and it's a petty slight, your Honor, which, even under the city law, would not be sufficient, and we'll raise some authority for your Honor in that regard tomorrow. But muttering that, even if it happened, is not sufficient under the city law or any other law. So I know we will be moving on that.

THE COURT: OK.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Those are the ones that I'm for sure on, and the rest we'll determine tonight. But I think it's going to be a substantial motion, your Honor, and we do want an opportunity to be heard before the jury is charged.

THE COURT: And obviously there are implications in terms of the law with respect to your specificity. It sounds to me like you're going to put the motion in writing. Is that right? Or are you going to argue it orally?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Depends when we're doing it. We're

going to have specificity, so if nothing else, I could be specific on the record as to every element we are challenging, as is our obligation. Whether I'd be able to provide your Honor with a brief at 11 o'clock tomorrow, I can't be sure.

THE COURT: OK. All right. Any sense as to how long you think you're going to need to lay out, with the specificity you believe to be requisite, your motion?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Probably 15 -- 15, 20 minutes. He's saying a half an hour, but I speak faster than he does. So probably 20 minutes, your Honor.

THE COURT: OK. I'm not going to limit your time period for that. I'm also not going to limit plaintiff's time period to respond.

One thing you're going to have to convince me of is why if I think the question is at all close the right thing for me to do and the efficient thing for me to do isn't to reserve, let the jury come back with the verdict that it comes back with, and then if, from the defendants' perspective, it's disappointing, you will have preserved what you need to do to make your postverdict motion. So keep that in mind as certainly something that I have in mind.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Very good, your Honor.

I have one other issue to raise with the Court.

THE COURT: OK.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: We received over the weekend an

amended initial disclosure from plaintiff, and it looks like they changed some of their damages numbers. And I just want to make a record that their damages numbers are constrained by what their disclosures were before trial and by rulings of this Court on the motions in limine. And to lob at us on a Sunday in the middle of trial new numbers should not give them grounds to argue nor more than they've already limited their case to.

THE COURT: OK. If you want to put something in writing, if you're seeking to -- I'm not sure whether what you're asking for is some limitation on their argument or you just want it in the record so that if the jury returns a number that's bigger, you've got it on the record. Which is it?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: My understanding is they're not going to give specific numbers in their argument. That's what we were always told. So if that's still the case, that's not going to be an issue. I'm mostly preserving it for exactly the latter point your Honor mentioned. And if you would like a letter, we're happy --

THE COURT: I'm not inviting letters.

Mr. Labuda, are you going to mention the numbers that you have in your amended initial disclosures?

MR. LABUDA: No, I don't think we're going to mention the numbers that are in the initial disclosures.

THE COURT: All right. Or are you going to mention numbers, period, and are the numbers going to be larger than

what was in the initial disclosures that were served before trial? I know you're not going to mention numbers for pain and suffering and emotional distress.

MR. LABUDA: Right.

THE COURT: Or for punitive damages.

MR. LABUDA: Right. We're not going to have any numbers that are larger for the retaliation, for the compensatory. And I think the only numbers we'll talk about with the jury, you know, in terms of specific numbers, would be numbers for the Equal Pay Act.

THE COURT: And I don't think, Mr. Schoenstein, with respect to the Equal Pay Act, I haven't compared the numbers up against what was in your initial disclosure, but you certainly have had plenty of notice about what the numbers are that the plaintiff is eliciting.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Equal Pay Act numbers are not the issue, your Honor. That's fine.

THE COURT: OK.

Is there anything else from the defense?

MR. STEER: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: Anything else from the plaintiff?

MR. LABUDA: The only thing, your Honor, I know we were talking about timing for closings, and I wanted to get a sense in terms of timing for, like, the demonstratives as well, if we're going to be using any demonstratives.

THE COURT: Yes. If you're going to use demonstratives in your closing, you should send them to me and the other side tonight. Same with the defense.

You should be, as I indicated, prepared to close tomorrow. We might give the jury a long break after the close of all of the evidence.

Mr. Schoenstein, are you both delivering the closing and making the motion?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I am definitely delivering the closing. We're still fighting out who's making the motion, but I think it will probably be me.

And can we set a time for the demonstratives? Can I suggest 7 o'clock.

THE COURT: 10 o'clock?

MR. LABUDA: Yes, your Honor. Thank you.

THE COURT: I say that because, I say the bit about who is going to be making the motion in that I will excuse whatever lawyer wants to be excused while I'm meeting with the lawyers on legal issues, which can translate to if one of you wants to be absent to make final changes on a closing while the other argues the legal issues, I'm fine with that.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Thank you, your Honor.

MR. STEER: Thank you, your Honor.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: We'll consider that.

THE COURT: OK. Have a good afternoon and good

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evening, everyone.
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                MR. LABUDA: Thanks, your Honor.
                (Adjourned to July 18, 2023, at 9 o'clock a.m.)
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     UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
      SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
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     DR. SARI EDELMAN,
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                    Plaintiff,
                                              21 Civ. 502 (LJL)
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                V.
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     NYU LANGONE HEALTH SYSTEM, et
      al.,
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                    Defendants.
8
                                              Trial
9
                                              New York, N.Y.
                                              July 18, 2023
                                              9:00 a.m.
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     Before:
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                           HON. LEWIS J. LIMAN,
13
                                              District Judge
                                              -and a Jury-
14
15
                                APPEARANCES
16
     MILMAN LABUDA LAW GROUP PLLC
          Attorneys for Plaintiff
17
     BY: JOSEPH M. LABUDA
          EMANUEL S. KATAEV
18
      TARTER KRINSKY & DROGIN LLP
19
          Attorneys for Defendants
     BY: RICHARD C. SCHOENSTEIN
20
          RICHARD L. STEER
          INGRID J. CARDONA
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1 (In open court; jury not present) 2 THE COURT: Let's put the witness on the stand, back on the stand. 3 4 MR. LABUDA: Your Honor, just one issue. 5 THE COURT: Yes. 6 MR. LABUDA: I was just informed about one issue that 7 when Dr. Porges was testifying, some of the defendants were like nodding their heads. I'm sure it was innocuous, but I 8 9 would just --10 THE COURT: Yeah, no nodding the heads or any gestures 11 from anybody at counsel table or any of the witnesses or 12 anybody like that on either side. I don't know what was 13 happening, but nobody --14 MR. LABUDA: Neither did I, your Honor. I was just told this. So I just wanted to inform the Court and just have 15 the defendants instructed. Thank you. 16 17 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Your Honor, I'll go get him. 18 THE COURT: Might have one of your colleagues get him because I have a couple of things for the parties. 19 20

With respect to the demonstratives, let me give you some preliminary views. No. 1, the demonstrative exhibit for closing will not go to the jury.

No. 2, I don't have a problem with the demonstrative stating propositions of law, as long as they're consistent with the jury instruction. It's free for any party to say, whether

through demonstrative or orally, you will hear the Judge instruct you the following, you should follow the Judge's instructions, and state what they expect me to say in my instruction and then help guide the jury as to why they believe the evidence satisfies those instructions. On the other hand, if the demonstrative misstates what I'm saying in the jury charge, then I do have a problem with it because I think it would be confusing to the jury. I've not looked at the demonstrative with that point in mind.

MR. LABUDA: Your Honor, I know there was an error in our part. We had put in about the disparate impact, we're taking that out. We've cleaned it up to make sure it's consistent with your Honor's instructions from last night.

THE COURT: The third point is that there shouldn't be references to items not in evidence. In my view, that includes the quote from the Supreme Court, statistics that are not in evidence and academic articles that purport to indicate the significance of a smile. Those are my preliminary views. I'll hear from the parties if anybody disagrees with any of that.

Next, on disparate impact, I received a letter from the plaintiff overnight. I'll hear from the defendant during the charge conference if they've got anything to say with respect to that.

Third, for tomorrow, I'm going to need from the parties a list of exhibits, a list that can go to the jury that

indicates the exhibits that are in evidence with neutral descriptions. I note that I do have descriptions from the parties of the exhibits. Mr. Labuda, some of the plaintiff's descriptions are a bit too generic, they indicate something like "email" or "email from particular date" and you might want to make sure that they've got a little bit more content for the jury. I'm also going to need a list of the witnesses who testified that can go to the jury.

Finally, with respect to exhibits, I'll give you my preliminary view, which is that if the plaintiff wants to put together a binder of all of the exhibits that are in evidence and it's agreed between the parties that those are the accurate copies of the exhibits in evidence, I don't see a problem with that binder going to the jury. Again, I'll hear from parties with respect to that.

Anything else before we call in the jury from plaintiff?

MR. LABUDA: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: From defendant?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: Let's bring in the jury.

(Continued on next page)

1 (Jury present)

THE COURT: Good morning, members of the jury. 2

Dr. Porges, you're reminded you you're still under

oath.

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Counsel, you may inquire.

ANDREW JAY PORGES, resumed.

DIRECT EXAMINATION CONTINUED

BY MR. KATAEV:

- Good morning, Dr. Porges. Q.
- 10 A. Good morning.
- 11 Q. Yesterday we discussed your role as medical director and,
- 12 prior to that, your role as clinical director. Do you recall
- 13 that testimony?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 MR. KATAEV: Now, I'd like to place up on the screen
- what is marked as Plaintiff's 32 already in evidence. 16
- 17 THE COURT: Go ahead.
- 18 Q. And that's your renewal agreement, the first renewal.
- 19 MR. KATAEV: Can the jury see?
- 20 JUROR: Uh-huh.
- 21 There's a reference here under III to administrative
- 22 leadership. Do you see that?
- 23 Α. Yes.
- 24 And this was not in your original agreement, was it? Ο.
- 25 Α. No.

- 1 So it's fair to say that you've been the clinical director at NYU Langone at 1999 Marcus Avenue since April of '17; 2
- correct? 3
- Yes. 4 Α.
- 5 Were you the clinical director at the same time as
- 6 Dr. Goldberg?
- 7 A. Actually, the title there was clinical director of
- 8 rheumatology in Long Island. At that point, Winthrop Hospital,
- which became NYU Long Island, was not part of NYU. So my role 9
- 10 was Long Island as opposed to the FGP in New Hyde Park alone.
- 11 Q. But Dr. Goldberg worked at 1999 Marcus Avenue with you;
- 12 correct?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 MR. KATAEV: And going over to Plaintiff's Exhibit 24,
- your Honor, already in evidence. 15
- 16 THE COURT: Go ahead.
- 17 On page D793 of Dr. Goldberg's initial employment
- 18 agreement, it says here that he is the clinical director of NYU
- 19 Langone Nassau Rheumatology; correct?
- 20 Α. Yes.
- 21 So for a time period, both of you were clinical directors;
- 22 correct?
- 23 So I'm not sure we had exactly the same title. I think
- 24 that when I was -- received the promotion, the understanding
- 25 was that his title had to do with a subset of Lake Success and

Porges - Direct

- 1 | my responsibility was a broader area of Long Island.
- 2 | Q. Isn't it true that when you became a clinical director,
- 3 Dr. Goldberg was no longer the clinical director for a period
- 4 of time?
- 5 A. Not to my knowledge, no.
- Q. You don't recall anything about Dr. Goldberg be being upset
- 7 | about losing his clinical director title?
- 8 A. Not specifically. I was told that when I was being named
- 9 clinical director, they were going to talk to Dr. Goldberg
- 10 | first to make sure he understood what was going on.
- 11 Q. And later on, within about a year of the time you became
- 12 | clinical director, you became a medical director; right?
- 13 A. A year or two. I'm not sure of the exact time.
- 14 Q. Going back to exhibit 32, it says here -- there's a list
- 15 | here of your duties as clinical director; isn't that right?
- 16 | A. Yes.
- 17 | Q. And under B3, you were required as a clinical director to
- 18 | review and provide feedback on physician productivity; correct?
- 19 A. It is on the list.
- 20 | Q. And that feedback is to the physicians at NYU; correct?
- 21 A. Not to my knowledge, no.
- 22 | Q. You never provided feedback to physicians on their
- 23 productivity?
- 24 | A. No.
- 25 | Q. Another aspect of your role as clinical director under 4

- 1 here is to review and ensure that quality patient care is
- 2 delivered by all clinicians; isn't that right?
- Yes. 3 Α.
- And one way you can do that is by speaking to other doctors 4 Q.
- 5 at NYU; correct?
- Many ways I could do that. 6 Α.
- 7 Including by speaking to the doctors; correct?
- 8 Α. One option, yes.
- Going back to the clinical research role you had, when you 9
- 10 were first being on-boarded at NYU, the clinical research was
- 11 raised in discussions as something that you wanted to do at
- 12 NYU; correct?
- 13 A. Yes.
- You were doing that in your private practice and you wanted 14
- 15 to continue doing that; correct?
- 16 Α. Yes.
- 17 Q. You also mentioned yesterday there were two rheumatologists
- 18 in your practice including you; correct?
- 19 Α. Yes.
- 20 And both of those rheumatologists, you and Dr. Brancato
- 21 went over to NYU; correct?
- 22 A. Correct.
- 23 In addition to yourself and Dr. Brancato, your wife,
- 24 Deborah Porges, was a dermatologist at your private practice;
- 25 correct?

Porges - Direct

- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 | Q. And she also came to NYU; correct?
- 3 | A. Yes.
- 4 | Q. So with respect to your practice, when Mr. Rubin and
- 5 Mr. Swirnow were preparing the business plan, that business
- 6 plan included data from all three doctors; correct?
- 7 A. My wife has a separate -- had a separate practice and she
- 8 | had a separate financial evaluation from those of the practice
- 9 | that was myself and Dr. Brancato, but they did evaluate all
- 10 | those financials.
- 11 | Q. So your testimony is that your business plan did not
- 12 | contain any information about the revenue generated by
- 13 Dr. Deborah Porges, your wife?
- 14 A. She had her own separate financials, I believe.
- 15 | Q. Are you sure about that?
- 16 A. She had a totally separate practice, separate tax ID. I
- 17 don't know what spreadsheets they were combined on, but yes, I
- 18 believe that that's the case as far as I'm concerned.
- 19 Q. Now, at the beginning of this case, you had a role in
- 20 | collecting documents to be produced in this case, didn't you?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. And your role included collecting old emails about
- 23 | Dr. Edelman; right?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. And you also asked your nurse to obtain patient records;

- 1 | correct?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 Q. And you asked your nurse to pull up relevant patient
- 4 records about Dr. Edelman; correct?
- 5 A. So the nurse is the nurse for all of the rheumatologists.
- 6 So it would be the nurse for the group, not just my nurse.
- 7 Q. And you asked her to pull up relevant patient records about
- 8 Dr. Edelman; correct?
- 9 A. I asked her to pull up -- to try to find records
- 10 representing cases we had spoken about in the past time and
- 11 cases where Dr. Edelman and I both had shared patients.
- 12 | Q. And when you did that, you knew which patients to ask for
- 13 because they came up in your emails; correct?
- 14 A. I don't think so, no.
- 15 MR. KATAEV: Your Honor, page 18, lines 18 to 21.
- 16 THE COURT: Okay.
- 17 MR. KATAEV: To the witness only.
- 18 Q. At your deposition in December of 2021, I asked you the
- 19 | following question and you gave the following answer, didn't
- 20 you?
- 21 | "Q. How did you know which relevant patients to search for?
- 22 | "A. These were patient names that came up in my emails."
- 23 | Q. Do you see that?
- 24 A. Yeah. So is that just -- is that for all the patients or
- 25 | the x-ray patients? So there were different groups of

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- patients. I think there were patients from the x-ray tech, which would have come up in the emails because I received those emails from the x-ray techs, but there were other cases which I think were -- that I provided as exhibits to counsel that were not included in the email, as swell.
- And Mr. Antonik also sent you emails about patients; correct?
  - So as I testified yesterday, I was given two or three days to prepare an email in November 2020 reviewing specific concerns and specific patient problems. That was the point that I reached out to the office nurse, as well as to the suite manager, as well as to Joe Antonik so that I could obtain the records that I believe that they had accumulated over the past few years regarding patient problems.
- MR. KATAEV: Your Honor, pages 18 to 19, line 22 through line 5 on the next page.
  - MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. Improper.
- 18 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 19 So the answer is Mr. Antonik did email you patient names; 20 correct?
  - I requested a -- the answer is that I requested specific records of previous problems that had been documented that he would have access to and that I believe that had been recorded by the person preceding him, Alicia DiLavore, who was the site manager before Joe Antonik came on site.

- Q. And the only email Mr. Antonik ever sent you was in November of 2020; correct?
- 3 A. I've gotten many emails from him -- I've gotten many
- 4 emails, so I don't know what you're talking about. The only
- 5 one as far as I know with patient records related to
- 6 Dr. Edelman would be that. That's the only one I'm aware of.
- 7 MR. KATAEV: Page 19, your Honor, line 19 through 8 line 5 on the next page.
  - MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 10 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 11 Q. Yesterday I asked you if you were made aware of
- 12 | Dr. Edelman's complaint and you said at some point, yes, you
- 13 were; is that right?
- 14 | A. Yes.

- Q. Mr. Antonik was probably the first person to tell you about
- 16 | the complaint, wasn't he?
- 17 A. As I said yesterday, I'm not sure who the first person was.
- MR. KATAEV: 56, your Honor, line 25 through line 8 on the next page.
- 20 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 21 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 22 Q. After your initial conversation with Mr. Antonik about this
- 23 | complaint, did you have any other discussions with him?
- 24 A. None that I recall right now.
- 25 | Q. After Mr. Antonik provided you some information about

- 1 | patients, you did not do any independent review; correct?
- 2 A. No, that's incorrect. I did a review -- I attempted a
- 3 review that involved many factors, including the cases from
- 4 Mr. Antonik, but I also tried to get cases from our nurse, and
- 5 | I specifically asked for cases that I recalled that I asked our
- 6 nurse to find.
- 7 Q. Other than your review, there was no independent review
- 8 conducted by someone outside of suite 306; correct?
- 9 A. It's my understanding there was some review at some point
- 10 | by Dr. Jill Buyon, who's the chief of rheumatology.
- 11 | Q. As far as these patient complaints go, you have no
- 12 | knowledge as to whether Dr. Edelman was made aware of any of
- 13 | these complaints; correct?
- 14 A. I don't know what was transmitted to her.
- 15 | Q. You never discussed with Dr. Edelman directly, for example,
- 16 she was doing more x-rays than necessary; correct?
- 17 A. I discussed it with the group as a whole, but not her
- 18 | directly.
- 19 Q. And that was sometime in 2019 or 2020; correct?
- 20 A. Probably.
- 21 | Q. To your knowledge, Mr. Rubin and Mr. Swirnow together
- 22 decided not to renew Dr. Edelman's contract; correct?
- 23 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 24 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 25 Q. Do you know whether Mr. Rubin decided together with

- 1 Mr. Swirnow to not renew Dr. Edelman's contract?
- THE COURT: You can answer that question. 2
- THE WITNESS: I'm trying to think. 3
- The answer is I believe it to be the case, but I don't know 4 5 that I know it for a fact.
- 6 MR. KATAEV: Your Honor, 74, lines 22 to 25.
- 7 THE COURT: I'll permit it.
- 8 Q. Dr. Porges, at your deposition, I asked you the following
- question and you gave the following answer, didn't you? 9
- 10 To your knowledge, who made the decision not to renew
- 11 Dr. Edelman's contract?
- 12 To my knowledge, that was done with Andrew Rubin together
- 13 with Joshua Swirnow."
- 14 Do you recall providing that testimony?
- 15 Α. Yes. I think I'm saying the same thing now. It's my
- understanding that that's the case. 16
- 17 Q. You testified yesterday that you concluded, based on your
- 18 review, that Dr. Edelman could cause harm or risk to patients;
- correct? 19
- 20 Α. Yes.
- 21 But you have no knowledge as to why Dr. Edelman was kept on
- 22 at NYU for six months, despite the potential for harm or risk
- 23 to patients; correct?
- 24 Α. Correct.
- 25 As a doctor yourself, isn't it true that you had an

- 1 obligation to report any potential patient harm or risk to the Office of Professional Medical Conduct? 2
- A. I don't know the exact stipulation, but -- and I don't know 3 what is exactly meant by "potential harm or risk." 4
- Q. Do you know what the office of professional conduct is, 5 professional medical conduct? 6
  - I have only a vaque idea about it in New York State.
    - And it's true, isn't it, that Dr. Edelman did in fact continue to work for several months after NYU decided not to
- 10 renew her contract?
- 11 Α. Yes.

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- 12 Were you not concerned, based on your findings, about
- 13 Dr. Edelman staying on for six months if she could potentially
- 14 cause harm or risk to patients?
- I had some concern in that regard, but I didn't have a high 15
- 16 level of concern.
- 17 In fact, you trusted the judgment of administration and
- 18 felt that you did your job by telling them; correct?
- 19 That's correct, I did my best to present them with what I
- saw was going on and I trusted administration, yes. 20
- 21 And you trusted administration, despite the fact that
- 22 Mr. Rubin and Mr. Swirnow are not clinicians; correct?
- 23 Α. Yes.
- 24 Now, you don't have the power as a medical director,
- 25 clinical director to actually terminate any physician, do you?

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- 1 Not to my knowledge, no.
- Weren't you required as a clinical director to make those 2 Q. 3 judgments?
  - I'm required to let administrative leadership know what's Α. going on and I have, at times, reported to physicians as well as to financial and administrative leadership, such as Rubin and Swirnow, but I have reviewed in other cases with clinicians in physician leadership at NYU.
    - MR. KATAEV: Move to strike the last portion as nonresponsive.
- 11 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 12 If there were really any concerns about patient care with 13 Dr. Edelman, if there was truly any harm or risk or potential
- 14 for it, Dr. Edelman could have been terminated for cause,
- couldn't she? 15
- A. So I think if there's potential -- there's always potential 16
- for risk in every situation, there's potential for risk every 18 time you see a patient, so it's just a level of risk.
- 19 Q. And so it's your testimony that there was a low level of
- 20 risk; correct?
- 21 There was a -- there was no acute risk.
- 22 Isn't it true that if there was even a small risk, that NYU 23 would deem that important to deal with?
- 24 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 25 THE COURT: Sustained.

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Porges - Direct

- Dr. Edelman could have been placed on administrative leave 1 if there was a risk for harm or risk to patients, couldn't she? 2 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. 3
  - THE COURT: Overruled.
  - I don't know what all the options that would be available to administration would be.
  - To your knowledge, Dr. Edelman was not placed on any such leave; correct?
  - Not to my knowledge.
- 10 If it were your decision to be able to terminate Ο.
- 11 Dr. Edelman, would you have done so based on what you found?
- 12 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 13 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 14 My choice would not have been to renew her contract or give 15 six months, no, that would not have been my choice.
  - MR. KATAEV: Page 55, your Honor, line 17 through 6 on the next page.
- THE COURT: Go ahead. 18
- 19 At your deposition, I asked you the following question and 20 you gave the following answer, didn't you?
- 21 "Q. Based on what you know about the concerns raised about 22 patient care with respect to Dr. Edelman, if it was your 23 decision, would you have kept her on for another six months 24 after notifying her of her nonrenewal?
- 25 I'm not aware of all the details regarding that decision "A.

Porges - Direct

- and I would have, if I was responsible for the decision, I would have needed more information."
- 3 | Q. That's what you testified to at your dep; correct?
- 4 | A. Yes.
- Q. You never did any further investigation after you sent this
- 6 email, correct, the November 2020 email?
- 7 A. So after that, there was a -- I did have the phonecall --
- 8 the Zoom call with Andrew Rubin and Josh Swirnow, that was
- 9 subsequent to the email.
- 10 | Q. And that phonecall was a discussion about what you had
- 11 | already found based on your November 6th, 2020 email; correct?
- 12 A. Correct. And I also had a conversation with Dr. Goldberg
- 13 after he had independently -- I had asked Dr. Goldberg to make
- 14 | an independent investigation, as well, that I testified to that
- 15 | yesterday.
- 16 | Q. And Dr. Goldberg did that investigation; correct?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 | Q. You did not do any further investigation; correct?
- 19 A. I did a further investigation after Dr. Edelman left the
- 20 practice, but not at that time.
- 21  $\parallel$  Q. But you did a further investigation after a discussion was
- 22 | already made not to renew her contract; correct?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- MR. KATAEV: I'd like to pull up Plaintiff's
- 25 Exhibit 86 already in evidence, your Honor.

- 1 | THE COURT: Go ahead.
- Q. You testified earlier about the email that Mr. Antonik sent
- 3 at your request; right?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. This is, in fact, the email, isn't it?
- 6 A. As far as I know, yes.
- Q. After he sent this initial email 2:20 p.m., he followed up
- 8 and Mr. Antonik followed up at 4:19; correct?
- 9 A. Again, that's what's listed here. I don't really have
- 10 recollection for those specific emails, but that is what's
- 11 listed here.
- 12 Q. To your knowledge, are there any other emails, other than
- 13 | this from Mr. Antonik?
- 14 | THE COURT: On this particular subject? The question
- 15 | is objectionable as phrased.
- MR. KATAEV: Yes, your Honor. Thank you.
- 17 | A. So on this particular subject, none to my knowledge.
- 18 Q. Now, you had received these emails at 2:20 p.m. as listed
- 19 here, and at 4:19 p.m.; correct?
- 20 A. That's what it says on the list there, yes.
- 21 MR. KATAEV: Permission to publish 1, which is already
- 22 in evidence.
- 23 THE COURT: Go ahead.
- Q. And your email to Mr. Kaplan was sent at 4:31 p.m., just
- 25 | 12 minutes later; right?

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l Porges - Direct

- A. As I said, I was given only two days, and I'm sure at the end of patient care on Friday is when I was desperately trying to compile the best records that I could. So that was all happening on Friday afternoon and I was only given, to my recollection, about two days.
  - Q. Your email was preordained, wasn't it?

    MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.

THE COURT: Overruled.

- A. My email was an attempt to objectify something I had spoken to David Kaplan about previously. So I don't know what "preordained" means exactly, but it was not -- it was establishing something that -- based upon my experience in the office over the preceding two or three years.
- Q. You knew, Dr. Porges, that you were going to send this email before you ever got any email from Mr. Antonik; correct?
- A. As I said, I was asked two or three days before to prepare an email.
  - Q. And you coordinated with Mr. Antonik and Mr. Kaplan to present these issues to Mr. Swirnow and Mr. Rubin; correct?
- 20 A. I would say I coordinated with Mr. Kaplan. I would say
  21 that mister -- I asked Mr. Antonik to assist me.
- 22 | Q. Mr. Kaplan is not listed on these emails to you, is he?
  - A. Correct, but he is the one who asked me to prepare the email before he met with Andrew Rubin and Josh Swirnow.
    - Q. Based on these emails, it's fair to say that you would not

- 1 | trust Dr. Edelman with your patients; correct?
- 2 A. I think over the course of my years that I spent in the
- 3 same office, I had a diminishing level of trust in her care.
- 4 Q. In fact, you deny referring any patients to Dr. Edelman for
- 5 | a second opinion; correct?
- 6 A. I recall what I said was that there may have been one or
- 7 | two patients in the first year or two she was in the practice,
- 8 but that I would not have referred her patients in the last
- 9 | year or two for sure.
- 10 | Q. Now, you were not here for this testimony, but with the
- 11 | Court's permission, I'll represent to you that --
- 12 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 13 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 14 | Q. Isn't it true that Ms. Ruiz continued to provide some of
- 15 | your patients to Dr. Edelman through her separation from
- 16 | employment with NYU in February 2021?
- 17 A. Can you repeat that question.
- 18 Q. Isn't it true that Ms. Ruiz, as the office manager,
- 19 | scheduled some of your patients to be seen by Dr. Edelman
- 20 | through the end of her employment with NYU in February 2021?
- 21 A. I don't believe I was aware of that.
- 22 | Q. If Ms. Ruiz stated that, would she be incorrect in her
- 23 | testimony?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 25 THE COURT: Sustained.

- 1 Going back to your negotiations with NYU when you first 2 started there, you and Dr. Brancato negotiated your contracts together; correct? 3
  - Α. Yes.

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- And to your knowledge, NYU prepared a business plan based on data that you provided them; correct?
  - Α. Yes.

NYU.

- 8 Q. But they did not show you that business plan, did they?
  - So I reviewed the financials that I provided to NYU. You know, there are things -- I've seen previous exhibits called "Business Plan" which seem identical to the financials of the old practice. I'm not sure what exactly you're referring to, but the financials of my previous practice were given by me to
- 15 MR. KATAEV: Permission to publish 87, already in 16 evidence.
- 17 THE COURT: Okay. Actually, 87 is not in evidence.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: There's a different version of this 18 19 exhibit.
  - MR. KATAEV: It's exhibit EE. I'll pull it up. pull up the one that is in evidence, your Honor.
  - THE COURT: Just indicate for the record what you're pulling up.
- 24 MR. KATAEV: It's exhibit EE. I'll pull it up.
- 25 THE COURT: You may show the witness and the jury EE.

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- Q. This is the business plan that NYU prepared; correct?

  I'll rephrase the question.
  - These are not the financial records that you provided to NYU; correct?
    - A. I think they actually are. I mean, it's nine years ago, so I'm not certain, but I believe they're from my accounting software. It's nine years ago, but I believe, yes, they're from my accounting software.
  - MR. KATAEV: Page 80, your Honor, lines 14 to 21.
- 10 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 11 THE COURT: Sustained.
- Q. You would agree with me, Dr. Porges, wouldn't you, that there's some relationship between the number of RVUs and
- 14 | compensation?
- 15 A. There is what relationship, did you say?
- Q. There's a correlation between RVUs earned and compensation.
- 17 A. Yes, that's where the contract is written.
- Q. Initial compensation that NYU offered you was \$320,000;
- 19 | correct?
- 20 A. I believe that's correct.
- 21 Q. But ultimately, you got \$340,000, didn't you?
- 22 | A. Not until my -- not until a subsequent contract.
- MR. KATAEV: Permission to put up 31, your Honor.
- 24 It's already in evidence.
- 25 THE COURT: Okay.

- Q. You first came to NYU in August of '14, in or about 2014; correct?
- A. Right. So, yes. So -- okay. So that must have been -- I must have been incorrect, that 320 was my initial pay and it
- 5 was 340 then.
- Q. Throughout your tenure at NYU, you never had a business expense that was not approved; correct?
- 8 A. Correct.
- 9 Q. In fact, you routinely had expenses up to \$5,000 per year,
  10 all of which were approved; correct?
- 11 A. I think my testimony is that the expenses varied depending 12 upon the travel to the national meeting, but they got as high
- 13 as \$5,000.
- 14 | Q. And you were never denied them; correct?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 Q. Looking at the bottom of this page going into the next
- page, there is no cap on any expenses in here; correct?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- Q. Now, you're aware that Dr. Edelman came from a private practice that she co-owned with Dr. Mehta; right?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. And you also came from a private practice; right?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. And you shared that similarity with Dr. Edelman, don't you?
- 25 A. Yes. They were different practices, but yes.

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Porges - Direct

- 1 Both you and Dr. Edelman had the responsibility for interviewing nurse practitioners, didn't you? 2
  - A. So there was one set of nurse practitioners that were interviewed.
  - Q. And Dr. Edelman interviewed them as did you; correct? MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection. This topic is out on summary judgment, your Honor.

THE COURT: No, I'll permit it.

- Yes, I interviewed a possible nurse practitioner. Α.
- And Dr. Edelman consulted with you regarding the free nurse Ο. practitioner fellowship program, didn't she?
  - I believe she raised the option at a meeting, but it was after I had already been informed that the nurse practitioner was likely to be taken away from us.
  - THE COURT: Now I'll sustain the line of examination. You're permitted to examine whether he had similar responsibilities to Dr. Edelman, but not further than that.
  - MR. KATAEV: I have nothing further on this line, your Honor.
  - Q. Focusing on your contractual obligations to NYU, is it fair to say that you mostly met your RVU targets?
- Up until COVID, I was always within a couple of percent of my RVU targets.
- 24 Did you exceed your RVU targets in every year except 2020?
- 25 I don't believe so, no. I was very close. I don't even Α.

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- think I exceeded it at all. I think I was within 5 percent,
  but mostly below.
- 3 Q. And because you were within a certain percentage, your
- 4 compensation was unaffected; correct?
- 5 A. Correct.
- Q. Fair to say you averaged a little over 50 RVUs per month;
- 7 | right?
- 8 A. On average, yes.
- 9 Q. And typically, that would lead to approximately a little
- 10 over 6000 RVUs every year; correct?
- 11 A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. Except in COVID; right?
- 13 A. A little less in COVID.
- 14 Q. Because you met your RVU target and didn't really exceed
- 15 | it, you did not receive any bonuses in any year from 2014
- 16 | through the present; correct?
- 17 A. The first year I ever received a bonus was actually last
- 18 | year in 2022.
- 19 | Q. Prior to 2022, you did not receive any bonus; correct?
- 20 A. Correct.
- 21 | Q. In your practice, you never really had any issues with the
- 22 | Epic system when it came to communications; right?
- 23 | A. There were occasionally IT issues, but nothing major.
- 24 | Q. Never was there any issue that lasted for months and
- 25 months; correct?

- 1 A. No.
- Q. If you had an issue with the Epic system, it would be dealt with promptly; correct?
- 4 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 5 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 6 | THE WITNESS: Can I answer?
- 7 THE COURT: No, you can't answer. The objection's
- 8 sustained.
- 9 Q. Do you recall reaching out to IT whenever you had an issue with the Epic system?
- 11 A. I have filed IT tickets would be what I would do when I had
  12 a problem.
- Q. And when you did that in the past, was that issue dealt with promptly?
- 15 A. Reasonably promptly. I can't know exactly how long.
- 16 Q. Not months; right?
- 17 A. Not months.
- 18 Q. Going back to Exhibit 1 --
- 19 MR. KATAEV: Permission to publish to the jury?
- 20 THE COURT: Yes.
- 21 Q. Prior to sending this email to Mr. Kaplan, you had a call
- 22 | with him; correct?
- 23 A. I had a what?
- 24 | Q. A phonecall with him?
- 25 A. Yes.

- 1 | Q. He directed you to send this email to him; correct?
- 2 A. In a second call later on, yes.
- 3 | Q. And, in fact, he gave you a deadline of just one to
- 4 | two days to do so during that second call?
- 5 A. Could have been two to three days, but it was a short
- 6 deadline, yes.
- 7 | Q. And the reason he gave you the deadline was because
- 8 Mr. Kaplan was meeting Mr. Swirnow and Rubin and needed it in
- 9 advance of that meeting; correct?
- 10 A. That's my understanding.
- 11 | Q. You even asked Mr. Kaplan for more time to put the email
- 12 | together, but were denied that time; right?
- 13 A. I think so.
- 14 | Q. And you spoke to Mr. Antonik that same week; correct?
- 15 A. While trying to gather records to make an appropriate
- 16 | email, yes.
- 17 | Q. But you don't recall any specific conversation that you had
- 18 with Mr. Antonik; correct?
- 19 | A. My best recollection is asking him in general to provide --
- 20 | to find records, including those of the site manager that had
- 21 | preceded him so that I could best have a well established
- 22 | record of the concerns regarding Dr. Edelman over multiple
- 23 years.
- 24 | Q. In your email here, you make a reference to anecdotal
- 25 | observations. Do you see that?

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Porges - Direct

- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 Q. Those anecdotal observations are based on patients of
- 3 Dr. Edelman's that you saw from time to time; correct?
- 4 A. Those are some of the anecdotal observations, yes.
- 5 Q. At the time that you made those observations, you never
- 6 informed anyone about those issues; correct?
- 7 A. No one in senior leadership.
- 8 Q. These concerns in this email were only compiled once
- 9 Mr. Antonik told you about Dr. Edelman's complaint; correct?
- 10 A. I don't see those as connected at all, no.
- 11 | Q. You only compiled these concerns once Mr. Kaplan asked you
- 12 | to do so; correct?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. It says in your email that you have not performed a formal
- 15 | review. Do you see that?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 | Q. You never did, in fact, do any formal review of
- 18 Dr. Edelman; correct?
- 19 A. Correct.
- 20 | Q. In the portion that I highlighted, you stated in your email
- 21 | that Dr. Edelman effectively ran too many labs; right?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 Q. You never compared the number of labs that Dr. Edelman
- 24 ordered to the number of labs that any other doctor ordered,
- 25 | did you?

- 1 I didn't do a statistical analysis, but I did not feel that it was a close evaluation at all. 2
- MR. KATAEV: Move to strike the last portion as 3 4 unresponsive.
  - THE COURT: Overruled.
- The only basis for your contention in this email that 6
- 7 Dr. Edelman ran too many labs is based on what the medical
- assistant told you; correct? 8
- A. No. 9

- 10 MR. KATAEV: Page 118, your Honor, line 22 through 10 11 on the next page.
- 12 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 13 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 14 Q. Your reference in this email about her MA refers to
- "medical assistant." Correct? 15
- 16 Α. Yes.
- 17 And this reference to the medical assistant is made because 18 you spoke to the medical assistant; correct?
- 19 Α. Yes.
- 20 The medical assistant is not a doctor; correct?
- 21 Α. Correct.
- 22 You only saw one patient yourself that had too many labs;
- 23 correct?
- 24 A. No, not correct.
- 25 MR. KATAEV: Your Honor, page 119, line 11 through 22.

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1 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.

THE COURT: Sustained.

- The concerns that you raise in this email were never discussed directly with Dr. Edelman by you; correct?
- Α. Correct.
- And the reason for that was because NYU is not a training 6 7 program, in your words; correct?
  - That's not the entire reason, that's one of the reasons.
  - You are not at NYU to help other doctors; correct? Ο.
- 10 I'm not the -- I'm sorry. Repeat that, please. Α.
- 11 You are not at NYU to help other doctors; correct?
- 12 No, I'm fully available to help many doctors. I often work 13 with many doctors and we compare notes and I get asked to
- 14 assist with patients and sometimes I ask for doctors to assist 15 me.
- 16 In your role as medical director, you were not there to 17 train other doctors to provide better patient care. Is that 18 your testimony?
- 19 That's right, I'm not training the doctors.
- 20 And under your oversight as medical director, the doctors 21 sink or swim on their own; correct?
- 22 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 23 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 24 In reviewing the tests that Dr. Edelman ordered, you 25 assumed that she did not run those tests due to a lack of

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Porges - Direct

- 1 | knowledge; correct?
- 2 A. Correct.
- 3 | Q. And it's fair to say that you don't even know why she ran
- 4 | the tests that she did and you wouldn't speculate on that;
- 5 correct?
- A. That was my testimony in the deposition, I would have to speculate.
- Q. One of the risks of running too many tests is what's called false positives; right?
- 10 A. That's in my email, yes.
- 11 Q. Generally speaking, in rheumatology, there's always a high
- 12 | likelihood of false positives, isn't there?
- 13 A. I think the job of rheumatology is to determine what is a
- 14 | false positive and what is a true positive.
- 15 Q. And you would agree with me that if there was a false
- 16 positive, it's a physician's responsibility to rule those out;
- 17 | correct?
- 18 A. It's a physician's responsibility to try to ascertain
- 19 | whether a result on a blood test is a true positive or a false
- 20 positive, yes.
- 21 | Q. And in your experience as a physician, you've had patients
- 22 | that were difficult to diagnose because the root problems were
- 23 | unclear; correct?
- 24 A. That's the nature of rheumatology, absolutely.
- 25 | Q. And therefore, it's fair to say that sometimes many tests

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- are required in such situation; correct?
- 2 I think that the proper diagnosis of the patient is based Α. upon a synthesis of many factors, including history, 3 4 examination, as well as appropriate blood tests.
  - MR. KATAEV: Move to strike as nonresponsive.
- 6 THE COURT: Overruled.
  - My question is, isn't it true that when the root problem is unclear, sometimes many tests are required?
    - Sometimes more tests are of assistance, yes. Α.
- 10 And that has been the case for your entire time practicing 11 medicine; correct?
- 12 Α. Yes.
- 13 Focusing again on your email from Plaintiff's Exhibit 1, 0. 14 it's a fairly long email, isn't it?
- 15 Α. Sure. The principle part is the paragraph that I made at the beginning, which I had written over those couple of days 16 17 after being asked, which was a narrative. Most of the rest I 18 was cutting and pasting from old records that I had obtained
- 20 Q. And, for example, this formatting here is indicative of you
- 22 Α. Correct.

from office staff.

copying and pasting; correct?

- 23 And, in fact, you had asked Mr. Antonik and others to 24 provide you the examples listed here; correct?
- 25 I asked Mr. Antonik and others to give me records that had

- 1 been gathered over previous years, yes.
- Q. And you did, in fact, copy the contents of Mr. Antonik's
- 3 | email and placed it in your email to Mr. Kaplan; correct?
  - A. At least some of it, much of it. I don't know exactly.
    - MR. KATAEV: Permission to place Plaintiff's Exhibit 1 and Plaintiff's Exhibit 86 side by side, your Honor.
    - THE COURT: That's fine.
- Q. Comparing your entry for November 13th of '19 with an entry in Mr. Antonik's email for the same date, you had edited that,
- 10 | didn't you?

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- 11 A. I'm looking at that.
- Q. I'll represent to you, to make it easier for you, the right side is Mr. Antonik's email, the left side is yours.
- I'll make the question easier. I'll withdraw the prior question.
  - A. So I don't know how that difference happened, and I'm not sure whether I edited it or whether there's a separate email that was cut and pasted that was perhaps from Miriam. There may have been a separate email. I don't recall editing it, but I don't know.
  - Q. Focusing on the list of issues here from November 13th of '19 to October 28th of 2020, you do not have any independent knowledge about any of these issues; correct?
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 25 THE COURT: Basis.

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- 1 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Vague and overbroad.
  - THE COURT: Want to try to make it a little more targeted.
    - Q. With respect to each item listed here that has a date in front of it, is it fair to say that you do not have any independent knowledge other than what's written in the email from Mr. Antonik?
    - A. I don't think so. So I was physically in the office on some of those times and, for example, on the 9/9 evidence -the 9/9 where Dr. Edelman was 30 minutes late in the office and six patients were waiting, I probably, probably on that date and certainly on other dates, I was in the office while the staff, front desk, medical assistant were talking to the office manager about what to do.
    - Q. With respect to the June 15, 2020 entry, you never spoke to the patient referenced there; correct?
- 17 I was told that -- I believe I was told that case by 18 Miriam. Yes, I believe Miriam reviewed the case with me and 19 she showed me the original -- she showed me the MyChart records 20 from the patient and other correspondence that Miriam had 21 received in that case.
- 22 So you didn't speak to that patient; right?
- 23 I saw records -- I believe I saw records that the patient 24 had created in the EMR.
- 25 The September 8 --Q.

or not.

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1 THE COURT: Did you speak to the patient?

THE WITNESS: I didn't physically -- I didn't verbally speak to the patient.

MR. KATAEV: Thank you, your Honor.

chart note. You never personally saw that chart note, did you?

The September 8, 2020 entry references an inappropriate

- A. Not sure. I was asked on occasion to look at inappropriate chart notes. I don't know if that one was one that I looked at
- Q. Focusing on the September 9th, 2020 entry, you did not personally witness Dr. Edelman come in late that day, did you? A. As I said, I definitely was in the office when patients of hers were outside waiting for her and upset. I'm not sure on that date or on other dates, but yes, I did witness the patients and the staff dealing with that.

MR. KATAEV: Page 126, your Honor, line 23 through 2 on the next page.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.

(Continued on next page)

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Porges - Direct

- 1 | THE COURT: I'll permit it. Go ahead.
- 2 BY MR. KATAEV:
- Q. In your deposition, I asked you the following question, and
- 4 you gave the following answer, didn't you?
- 5 "Q. With respect to the September 9, 2020, incident, listing
- 6 concern of tardiness, did you physically witness that Dr.
- 7 | Edelman came in late?
- 8 | "A. I don't remember."
- 9 Do you recall providing that testimony?
- 10 A. So, what I think I'm saying is the same thing. I don't
- 11 | recall on that specific date, because what I'm saying now is
- 12 | that I recall having witnessed that situation. But I don't
- 13 know whether it was September 2020.
- 14 | Q. Do you recall speaking with Dr. Edelman about why she was
- 15 | late that day?
- 16 | A. No.
- 17 | Q. Focusing on the September 15, 2020, entry, you did not
- 18 personally review that patient's medications, correct?
- 19 A. As far as I know, that's correct, to the best of my
- 20 | recollection.
- 21 | Q. The office manager represented to you that this was the
- 22 | case, the details of this entry occurred, right?
- 23 A. I believe so.
- Q. The office manager is not a doctor, is she?
- 25 A. No.

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Porges - Direct

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- Q. You did not inform Mr. Rubin and Mr. Swirnow that the entries listed in here were observed by you, correct?
  - A. Not to my knowledge, no.
  - Q. The email, the way it's written, it appears that you made these observations, correct?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.

THE COURT: Sustained.

## BY MR. KATAEV:

- Q. You did not inform Mr. Rubin and Mr. Swirnow when you spoke to them about this email that this information came from
- 11 Mr. Antonik, correct?
- 12 A. I -- to the best of my knowledge, I believe that I told
- 13 David Kaplan that I was going to try to get records from
- 14 | everyone in the office and -- to prepare the email. So I don't
- 15 | believe that's -- doesn't -- I don't believe it doesn't
- 16 | represent that. I don't believe that I tried to represent that
- 17 | I wrote that whole email by myself, no.
- 18 | Q. But you didn't tell them that Mr. Antonik provided this
- 19 | information specifically, correct?
- 20 A. Not specifically, no.
- 21 | Q. After you sent this email, Mr. Kaplan called you and told
- 22 | you you had to meet with Mr. Rubin and Mr. Swirnow, correct?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. And you did, in fact, meet with them, right?
- 25 A. I had a Zoom meeting, yes.

Porges - Direct

- 1 | Q. It was not in person, right?
- 2 A. A Zoom meeting, yes.
- 3 Q. And during that meeting with Mr. Rubin and Mr. Swirnow,
- 4 | it's fair to say you have no recollection regarding whether you
- 5 | discussed Dr. Edelman's HR complaint, right?
- 6 A. I don't recall it being discussed. I think I -- I believe
- 7 | my testimony was that I don't -- it was not discussed, to my
- 8 | knowledge, but I can't be certain that it wasn't discussed.
- 9 Q. Moving on to a different topic, Dr. Carsons is someone that
- 10 you know who is the chief of rheumatology at Winthrop, and he's
- 11 | involved with the medical school at Winthrop, correct?
- 12 A. It's NYU-Long Island, but yes.
- 13 | Q. Dr. Carsons is considered to be a highly qualified doctor
- 14 | with respect to rheumatology, right?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 | Q. He's well-known and respected in the rheumatology
- 17 | community?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- 19 | Q. And in fact, you'd be comfortable referring patients to
- 20 Dr. Carsons, correct?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. And you have, in fact, done so, right?
- 23 | A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. And Dr. Edelman trained under Dr. Carsons, correct?
- 25 A. Yes.

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- Q. Now, you understand that Dr. Edelman got terminated after she made a complaint to human resources, correct?
- 3 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
  - THE COURT: Overruled. It just goes to timing, not causation, right?
  - MR. KATAEV: Correct.
- 7 A. So I'm aware, both of those events are true, but not that they're connected, yes.
  - MR. KATAEV: Move to strike the last portion.
- THE COURT: Granted. He's aware that both of those events are true.
- 12 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 13 Q. Now, both you and your wife remain employed at NYU,
- 14 | correct?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 | Q. And you currently have one child attending or that attended
- 17 New York University college, correct?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- 19 Q. And your child's tuition is or was covered for free as a
- 20 | benefit based on your employment with NYU, correct?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. It's fair to say that you would lose a lot if you lost your
- 23 | employment with NYU, right?
- 24 | A. NYU is financially important. It's my employer and my
- 25 wife's employer, yes.

- Q. Based on your email and Plaintiff's Exhibit 1, is it accurate to state that you believe continuing to have Dr.
- 3 | Edelman at NYU would compromise patient care?
- 4 A. I believe it would have been a risk to patient care.
- Q. But you felt that your only duty in terms of that was to tell Mr. Rubin, Mr. Swirnow and Mr. Kaplan nothing more,
- 7 correct?

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- 8 A. I subsequently had a conversation with Dr. Gary Kalkut, who
  9 is a clinician in leadership.
- Q. To your knowledge, as a doctor, aren't you required to
  report such patient care issues to the Office of Professional
  Medical Conduct?
  - A. To my knowledge, nothing rose to the level of immediate concern that I had to report to the office of professional misconduct, no.
    - Q. It's fair to say that you don't know whether Dr. Edelman committed misconduct that would rise to such a level, correct?

      A. I did not perform a systemic review. I did not go through
- 20 MR. KATAEV: Just one second, your Honor.
- I have no further questions.

each and every one of her cases.

- 22 THE COURT: OK. Defense examination.
- 23 Members of the jury, if you want to stretch for a 24 minute while counsel sets up.
- OK. Mr. Schoenstein.

Porges - Cross

- 1 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 2 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 3 | Q. Dr. Porges, good morning.
- 4 A. Good morning.
- 5 | Q. Does the role that NYU plays in your life and your family's
- 6 | life affect at all the testimony you're giving today?
  - MR. KATAEV: Objection. Leading.
- 8 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 9 | A. No.

- 10 | Q. OK. You're not a defendant in this action, right?
- 11 A. Correct.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Let's put up, please, Plaintiff's
- 13 | Exhibit 48.
- 14 THE COURT: You may do so.
- 15 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Thank you, your Honor.
- 16 Q. While we're putting that up, when were you first in private
- 17 | practice?
- 18 A. So, I finished my training in around 1992. And I was at
- 19 | that time an employee in a private practice.
- 20 | Q. And how long had you been in private practice when you
- 21 started talking to NYU in 2014?
- 22 | A. So, from 1992 to 2014.
- 23 | Q. Was this curriculum vitae that's up on the screen now, was
- 24 | that something you provided to NYU?
- 25 A. That is something similar to it.

Porges - Cross

- 1 And was it true and accurate when you provided it?
- 2 Α. Yes.
- Was your private practice that you had had for 12 or 13 3
- years, in your estimation, successful? 4
- 5 Α. Yes.
- 6 Were you happy there? 0.
- 7 Α. Very happy.
- 8 Q. Were you having any financial issues that were causing you
- to look around? 9
- 10 Α. No.
- 11 Did you have any outstanding loans that needed repayment?
- 12 The office had a line of credit that was fluctuating with
- 13 payments. We had very expensive biologics, but nothing of
- 14 substantive debt, no.
- 15 0. OK. And was there any financial pressure on the practice
- 16 making you want to join another organization?
- 17 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Leading.
- 18 THE COURT: Sustained.
- BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN: 19
- 20 Q. What, if any, financial pressure were you experiencing that
- 21 made you want to join another organization?
- 22 A. As I testified, there were two issues going on at that
- 23 time. One is that I had a health concern at the time, making
- 24 me worry that, that if something happened to me that I would be
- 25 responsible for the overhead in the office and it would be a

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Porges - Cross 1 disaster financially. That was -- that was a big concern of 2 mine at that time. As well, the view of the private practice world was 3 4 changing and a large number of doctors in private practice were 5 becoming employed by hospitals due to difficulties in 6 reimbursement and the business model of being in private 7 practice. 8 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Let's put up, please, exhibit 31. I'd like to show the jury, your Honor. It's in evidence. 9 10 THE COURT: OK. You may do so. 11 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Oh, I'm sorry. I'm sorry. 12 exhibit. I want the business plan, EE. 13 THE COURT: EE? 14 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Also already in evidence. 15 Thank you. Now, I think you said earlier you think this financial data 16 17 came from your systems? 18 QuickBooks. I think so, yeah. Α. 19 Now, can you help us understand, did this cover you or you 20 and Dr. Brancato or you and Dr. Brancato and Dr. Deborah 21 Porges? Can you tell by looking at it? 22 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Best evidence. 23 THE COURT: Overruled.

separate books. My wife had a separate business under a

So, I'm certain that my financial analysis, I had totally

Porges - Cross

- separate tax ID, so I do not believe this in any way includes
  my wife's expenses, income or her practice. Dr. Brancato at
- 3 that time was an employee of -- I was Andrew J. Porges, M.D.,
- 4 P.C., so it would include Dr. Brancato.
- 5 Q. Is there a line item that would refer to your salary?
- 6 A. So, I would think that the physician base salary would
- 7 | include both my, my, when I was -- when I was a P.C., I had a
- 8 | salary, and then whatever profit the practice made. So I think
- 9 | that includes my salary and Dr. Brancato's salary.
- 10 | Q. OK. And in terms of patient base, do you know what
- 11 percentage of the practice was your patient base and what
- 12 | percentage was Dr. Brancato's? Is that something you knew at
- 13 | the time?
- 14 A. Well, I know that I saw probably more than three times as
- 15 | many patients. Dr. Brancato was part time, and I saw three
- 16 | times as many patients as her.
- 17 | Q. What was your -- you discussed potentially joining NYU with
- 18 people at NYU back in 2014, is that right?
- 19 A. You mean other physicians?
- 20 | Q. No, no. Administration.
- 21 | A. Yeah.
- 22 | Q. Let me ask you this. Who did you negotiate with at NYU?
- 23 A. Andrew Rubin and Josh Swirnow.
- 24 | Q. And did you have a pitch about yourself and your practice?
- 25 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Form. Leading.

Porges - Cross

- 1 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 2 A. So, they approached me.
- 3 Q. OK. And what did you tell them about your practice?
- 4 A. I sat down with them together with Dr. Brancato, together,
- 5 and I reviewed the, the, the relevant issues about my practice.
- 6 Financial, referrals, my history before, before opening the
- 7 practice, all those things were discussed.
- 8 | Q. And your background, was that discussed?
- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 | Q. Now, you ultimately came to an agreement to join NYU?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. And did NYU assume any business loans on your behalf?
- 13 A. No.
- 14 | Q. Did NYU -- in terms of the lease, did NYU assume a lease?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16  $\parallel$  Q. For what period of time was that lease assumed by NYU?
- 17 A. So, the lease was ending very shortly, I believe I joined
- 18 | NYU as of November 1, and I believe the lease ended December
- 19 | 31, January. Within, within two months of me joining NYU, the
- 20 | lease was over.
- 21 | Q. And other than that, did NYU assume any lease?
- 22 A. That's the only lease.
- 23 | Q. Now, did there come a time where you discussed with NYU
- 24 | taking on an administrative role?
- 25 A. Yes.

Porges - Cross

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- How did that discussion come about, if you recall?
- 2 The site manager predating Joe Antonik was Alicia Delavore, Α.
- and she had a number -- the practice had just been put 3
- 4 together, and Alicia Delavore came to me on many occasions when
- 5 she had concerns about the problems in the practice --
- 6 clinical, logistic, doctors, etc. So I was taking on an
- 7 increasing administrative role informally, based upon her
- approaching me. 8
- And how did that lead, if it did, to a director role? 9
- 10 So, I think at some point that those discussions led to me
- 11 having phone conversations with Andrew Rubin about problems
- 12 that were in the practice, and I was subsequently offered
- 13 medical director. I believe those things were connected.
- 14 Q. OK. And did you accept the appointment as medical
- director? 15
- 16 Α. Yes.
- 17 And did you have duties in that regard?
- 18 Α. Yes.
- And are those the duties generally -- we've already seen 19
- 20 your contract. Those duties are --
- 21 They were stipulated in the contract, yes.
- 22 Did you from time to time raise concerns about doctors?
- 23 I think more often administration came to me with
- 24 concerns about doctors, but I was involved with concerns about
- 25 doctors on many occasions.

Porges - Cross

- 1 Were you involved with concerns about doctors other than
- Dr. Edelman? 2
- 3 Α. Multiple.
- 4 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Relevant.
- 5 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 6 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
  - Q. You started in 2014, around the same time as Dr. Edelman started, right?
- 9 Α. Yes.

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- 10 And were you in the office with her on a day-to-day basis?
- So, the office first -- 1999, suite 306 was under 11
- 12 construction when, in November, in the winter of 2015, and it
- 13 opened up sometime around May or June 2015. And Dr. Edelman --
- 14 I was, so I was working for NYU in my old private practice
- 15 office until the office space was available, and Dr. Edelman
- was in also her, her previous, previous private practice office 16
- 17 until, maybe, a couple months later.
- 18 Q. So when, about when did you start being in the same suite
- 19 together?
- 20 Maybe fall 2015. Α.
- 21 And do you know when it was you first had any concerns
- 22 about the way she practiced?
- 23 A. Well, my recollection often goes back, there was a specific
- 24 patient I was asked to see, who was actually a physician in the
- 25 practice, and I was asked by the office manager to see that

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Porges - Cross

patient, and the office -- the site manager was upset about the care for that physician. And that would be back in, I think, 2015 or 2016.

MR. KATAEV: Objection. Hearsay.

A. That, that --

THE COURT: I'm going to -- the reference to the site manager being upset is just background for the testimony that I presume is going to come with respect to what Dr. Porges did.

Am I correct about that?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Yes, yes, yes, yes.

- Q. What site manager was that you were referring to?
- 12 A. That was Alicia Delavore.
- 13 | Q. So that wasn't a defendant in this case?
- 14 A. Correct.
- Q. And what do you recall about your interaction with that event?
  - THE COURT: Just say what you recall about your interaction, not what the site manager said to you.
- 19 A. She said that this --

20 | THE COURT: Not what the site manager said to you.

A. Oh. I saw -- I saw the patient. I was asked to see a patient. I saw the patient, and I at that point took a history and physical, reviewed the patient's previous evaluation, heard the patient's concerns, that the patient told me had led to her being upset about her care provided.

- Q. And you testified on direct that you were aware of instances where Dr. Edelman was late, there were patients waiting. Do you recall saying that?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. And do you know when you started observing that kind of thing, if you could time pinpoint it for us?
- 7 A. I can't. We were in the office together for five years, so 8 I don't know.
  - MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Can we put up exhibit KK? This one is not in evidence yet, your Honor.
    - THE COURT: Any objection to KK?
- 12 MR. KATAEV: Yes, your Honor.
- THE COURT: OK. Establish a foundation for it. The objection is sustained.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Yes, sir.
  - THE COURT: KK, I believe, is in evidence. I have a note that KK is in evidence.
- 18 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: KKK, your Honor.
- 19 THE COURT: Are you offering KKK?
- 20 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No. KK, two Ks. All right.
- 21 THE COURT: If you both agree that it's not in 22 evidence, then establish the foundation first.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: OK. Can you scroll up so the doctor
  can see the email here.
  - Q. Do you recognize this email, sir? If you need us to scroll

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Porges - Cross

- for more of what's attached to it, and I only want to know right now if you recognize it.
  - A. It represents something that I was aware of, but I don't remember that specific email.
  - MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Can you scroll up to the patient record. And again, I don't want you to testify about the substance at all until the judge says it's OK. But I want to go to the attached patient record that starts on page D1133.
  - Q. Do you recognize this chart?
  - A. I don't recall this case, no.
    - MR. SCHOENSTEIN: In that case, I'm going to withdraw that exhibit. That is my mistake. And I'm going to ask to mark for identification only, because I know it's not in evidence, exhibit III.
    - Exhibit III, your Honor, is somewhat voluminous. I would like to hand up to the witness a physical copy so he may look through it in his hands.
- 18 THE COURT: OK. You may approach.
- 19 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- Q. I'm going to ask you, Dr. Porges, just as a general matter -- again, we're establishing foundation -- do you
- 22 | recognize exhibit III?
- A. Yes. Was there a previous exhibit EE that became exhibit 24 III?
- 25 | Q. I don't know, sir.

- 1 | A. I believe so, yes.
- 2 | Q. What do you recognize it to be?
- A. I recognize a bunch of cases that I believe I have reviewed in the past.
- Q. And are these records that were maintained in the ordinary course of NYU business?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. And were they reviewed by you previously in connection with the issues in this case?
- 10 | A. Yes.
  - MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I'd like to offer exhibit III into evidence, your Honor.
- 13 MR. KATAEV: Objection, your Honor. Sidebar.
- 14 | THE COURT: What's the basis of the objection?
- MR. KATAEV: There are patient names listed in there.
- 16 It's a violation of HIPAA to have them listed. I can provide
- 17 you with Bates numbers. This is a fact witness, not an expert.
- 18 He can't provide an opinion about what's written in these
- 19 charts, and I have an objection.
- THE COURT: Overruled. It comes in because it was reviewed by the doctor. It goes to his state of mind. With
- 22 respect to HIPAA, I would note for the benefit of the jury that
- 23 patient names -- that there are redactions. I assume those
- 24 redactions are of patient names.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: If we missed one, your Honor, it was

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      inadvertent, and we will redact in any copy of this exhibit
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      that's given to the jury.
               THE COURT: III is received.
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               (Defendants' Exhibit III received in evidence)
               MR. KATAEV: Your Honor, one last objection on this
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              There is no foundation as to when these records were
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 7
      reviewed.
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               THE COURT: When did you review these records, Doctor?
               THE WITNESS: So, I believe these records were
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      reviewed in 2020, around the time that these emails were
11
                  I don't -- I don't -- I don't remember other than
12
     more than, more than two years ago.
13
               THE COURT: All right. III is received.
14
      BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
15
      Q. Now, Dr. Porges --
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               MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Oh, may we publish to the jury, your
17
      Honor?
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               THE COURT: Yes.
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               THE WITNESS: But I did review them again recently.
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               MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Fair enough. So the jury will be
21
      glad to hear I'm not going to go through 300 pages of medical
22
      records this morning, but we have published it to the jury.
23
      Q. And I'm just wondering, Dr. Porges, can you, using this
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      exhibit, give us, you know, an example of the kind of thing you
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were talking about about Dr. Edelman's medical practice that

Porges - Cross

- 1 concerned you? You can pick the page and tell us what page 2 you're looking at.
  - A. OK.

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- Q. Look on your physical copy, and we'll turn to whatever page 4 5 you're looking at. We'll follow your lead.
  - A. OK. So, let me take, I guess -- these were, these are patients, many or all of them were seen by myself and Dr. Edelman.
- 9 MR. KATAEV: Objection. There's no question pending. 10 THE COURT: Yes. The objection is sustained.
  - You were just asked to identify a page.
- 12 THE WITNESS: One page. Yeah, hold on. I'm getting 13 there.
  - A. I quess I'd start with the first case, and I would just go to the labs ordered on page D001205.
    - MR. SCHOENSTEIN: OK. And let's get that up on the screen.
  - Q. Where it says orders placed, is that what we're talking about?
- 20 A. Yeah.
- 21 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Scroll up so we can see, please, 22 Ms. Cardona, all of the orders placed.
- 23 Why did an order like that cause concern, if it did?
- 24 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Opinion testimony.
- 25 THE COURT: Overruled.

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               You're being asked to testify about the concern that
 2
      you had at the time.
 3
               MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
                                 I'm sorry.
 4
          So --
     Α.
 5
          Get your head up and speak into the mike as best you can.
6
          So, this is just a patient with a clinically inactive
 7
     disease, who I ultimately saw months later and had had these
      and similar large panels of tests. And each of these -- many
8
9
      of these tests are panels, so they, some of them have five, ten
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      results in a panel, and they were being done repeatedly in a
11
      patient who had inactive disease frequently. And I saw the
12
     patient subsequently and felt clinically the patient had been
13
      inactive for a -- with their disease for a long period of time.
14
               MR. KATAEV: Same objection.
15
      BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
16
      Q. Why did that --
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               THE COURT: Overruled.
     BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
18
19
          Why did that concern you at the time, Doctor?
20
               MR. KATAEV: Same objection.
21
               THE COURT: Overruled.
22
               As I recall, plaintiff's counsel wanted a cat's-paw
23
      instruction, which I've given. Correct?
24
               MR. KATAEV: Yes.
25
               THE COURT: It's relevant. Go ahead.
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- So, as I said, when you order a large number of tests, 2 you're going to have positive results and that leads to concern with a patient, potentially with the clinician, that obscures 3 the care of the patient.
  - Q. And did you, in 2020, review -- do you know what number of cases you reviewed in 2020?
  - Α. No.
- 8 But these records reflect cases you think you reviewed at the time? 9
  - So, I attempted -- I asked the office nurse, who was a shared nurse, to try to find some cases where I had seen the same patient as Dr. Edelman so that I could demonstrate that the anecdotal, when I said I had anecdotal concerns, some of the basis for my developing anecdotal concerns.
    - Q. And who was that office nurse? Identify her by name, please.
- 17 Patricia Feslowich. Α.
  - And she helped you gather the records you reviewed?
- 19 Α. Yes.
  - MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Can we put back up, please -- oh, yeah. Let's put back up Plaintiff's Exhibit 1, which is already in evidence, your Honor.
  - THE COURT: Go ahead.
  - MR. SCHOENSTEIN: And I want to scroll up to the opening paragraph.

- 1 No, no. Scroll down, please, Ms. Cardona.
- 2 OK. Stop right there. And can you blow that up, if 3 you can, a little bit.
  - Do you see the language that begins on page D3, with "as we Q. discussed"?
  - Α. Yes.

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- 7 And then as we scroll down, there's one paragraph and then a second paragraph on the next page that begin "concerns 8
- regarding patient care"? 9
- 10 Α. Uh-huh.
- 11 Who wrote those paragraphs?
- 12 Α. I did.
- 13 Did anybody assist you in writing those paragraphs? 0.
- 14 Α. No.
- 15 Q. Did you have a belief at the time as to the veracity and accuracy of those paragraphs that you wrote and provided to 16
- 17 administration?
- 18 MR. KATAEV: Objection.
- 19 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 20 Those are my genuine beliefs at the time, yes. Α.
- 21 And were they based on the review you did that you've 22 talked about?
- 23 They were based upon many factors, including my being in
- 24 the office for several years as well as reviewing some charts
- 25 as well as talking to people in the office.

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Porges - Cross

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Now, I want to go to the paragraph that begins "concerns regarding patient care." Let's pull that up and blow that up, please, a little bit.

Thank you.

I should say expand it -- blow it up, but you know what I mean.

- Q. You see it says, "Concerns regarding patient care have been raised based upon patient complaints as well as more anecdotal observations." Do you see that?
- 10 Α. Yes.
- 11 And I want to direct your attention to the language "Dr.
- 12 Edelman has a pattern of ordering lab tests in a pattern not in
- 13 keeping with the usual standards of rheumatology practice." Do
- 14 you see that?
- 15 Α. Yes.
- 16 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Ms. Cardona has highlighted it for
- 17 me.
- 18 Yes. Thank you. Α.
- 19 Do you see that language? Q.
- 20 Α. Yes.
- 21 Did you believe it at the time? Q.
- 22 Α. Yes.
- 23 Do you stand by that assessment today? 0.
- 24 Α. Absolutely.
- 25 Now, if a physician orders tests, ordinarily do they review

- 1 | the tests?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- Q. And do physicians earn more RVUs if they have more tests to review?
- 5 MR. KATAEV: Objection.
- 6 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 7 A. The number of tests does add to the complexity of the case, 8 which affects the coding, yes.
- 9 Q. And does it affect the coding in a way that increases the 10 RVUs?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. Now you see the next sentence says, "Her MA is routinely
- 13 | needing more than 10 tubes of blood to run a long list of
- 14 | obscure tests." See that?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 | O. And who was her MA?
- 17 A. Tiffany.
- 18 | Q. And did you know Tiffany?
- 19 A. Yes. She sat right next to my medical assistant, and I
  20 talked to her frequently.
- Q. And did you talk to her about this at the time, the need to run more than 10 tubes of blood routinely?
- MR. KATAEV: Objection. Hearsay.
- 24 THE COURT: Overruled.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Just for his knowledge.

- 1 | Q. Did you talk to her?
- 2 A. I saw it. I was sitting there when she was coming out with
- $3 \parallel$  the tubes.
- 4 | Q. And then you say in the next sentence, "The result of
- 5 excessive testing is many false positive results, which then
- 6 leads to more testing and some questionable diagnoses being
- 7 received." Do you see that?
- 8 | A. Yes.
- 9 Q. Did you believe that to be true at the time?
- 10 | A. Yes.
- 11 | Q. Do you stand by that today?
- 12 | A. I do.
- MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I want to go -- I'm not going to
- 14 read all of this. Let's go to the last sentence.
- 15 | Q. "Aside from the resultant work flow, the x-ray staff are
- 16 genuinely concerned about unnecessary patient x-ray exposure."
- 17 Do you see that?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- 19 Q. Penultimate sentence.
- 20 How did you know about that?
- 21  $\parallel$  A. I was -- received a complaint from the head x-ray tech.
- MR. KATAEV: Objection. Hearsay.
- 23 | THE COURT: Overruled. It goes to his understanding.
- 24 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- Q. Who is the head x-ray tech?

- 1 Α. Joanna Silva.
- 2 And did you trust her view on x-ray testing? 0.
- I asked her to provide with me a number of cases so I could 3
- look at the cases specifically. 4
- 5 Q. And you also talked to Miriam Ruiz in the course of
- compiling your thoughts about Dr. Edelman? 6
- 7 Yes, I did. Α.
- 8 Q. And how did you find Miriam Ruiz's competence level in your
- experience working with her? 9
- 10 MR. KATAEV: Objection.
- 11 I've worked with Miriam for a couple of years, and she was
- 12 very competent and I trusted her.
- 13 Q. And the last sentence says there, says, "I and other
- 14 clinicians, upon reading her notes, find it difficult to
- 15 ascertain the primary clinical issue and it seems a clear
- diagnosis with classic positive serology -- " 16
- 17 Serology. Α.
- "-- is the exception in her patients." Do you see that? 18
- 19 Α. Yes.
- 20 All right. I'm a country lawyer. What is positive Ο.
- 21 serology?
- 22 A. So -- so, the -- the -- one of the major diagnoses treated
- 23 by, the biggest diagnoses we probably treat is rheumatoid
- 24 arthritis and lupus, and according to the sort of basic
- 25 textbook training that virtually every patient with lupus is

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- 1 ANA-positive. Every or virtually every patient is
- 2 ANA-positive, and that was often -- and something like 80
- 3 percent of patients who have rheumatoid arthritis are
- 4 | rheumatoid-factor positive. So in the patients I was coming
- 5 across, I saw a more than expected amount of people that would
- 6 be ANA-negative and still have a diagnosis of lupus based upon
- 7 | the other extensive serology that was being sent.
- 8 Q. And did you believe your assessment of her notes to be
- 9 | accurate at the time you wrote it?
- MR. KATAEV: Objection.
- 11 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 12 | A. Yes.
- 13 Q. Do you stand by that assessment today, sir?
- 14 | A. I do.
- 15 | Q. After writing this email, you met with Mr. Rubin and
- 16 Mr. Swirnow, right?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 | Q. And did you discuss the concerns that were raised in this
- 19 paragraph and elsewhere in your communications?
- 20 | A. To the best of my recollection, they asked me if what I was
- 21 saying there was the, was my genuine belief, and I said yes.
- 22 | Q. And was there discussion about whether or not the situation
- 23 | could be remediated?
- 24 MR. KATAEV: Objection.
- 25 A. Yes.

- 1 MR. KATAEV: Hearsay.
- 2 THE COURT: Overruled.
- BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN: 3
- 4 And you gave your opinion in that regard? Q.
- 5 Α. Yes.

- By the way, when did you get Dr. Goldberg involved in this? 6 0.
  - Right after that conversation with Andrew Rubin. Α.
- So do you know if that was before the final decision 8 Q.
- was made to nonrenew the contract? 9
- 10 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Leading.
- 11 THE COURT: I'll permit it.
- 12 I was told by Andrew Rubin that he wanted to get input from
- 13 Dr. Goldberg to assist him in evaluating what my concerns were
- 14 about Dr. Edelman.
- 15 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Hearsay.
- THE COURT: 16 Overruled.
- 17 BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
- 18 Q. You understand that the decision ultimately was made to
- nonrenew the plaintiff's contract? 19
- 20 Α. Yes.
- 21 Q. Did you agree with that decision at the time?
- 22 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Relevance.
- 23 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 24 I think I've testified that it would not have probably been
- 25 my decision to, to continue her employment, but to nonrenew it,

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Porges - Redirect

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1 yes.

- 2  $\parallel$  Q. Do you stand by that assessment to --
- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 | Q. And did the -- anything you had ever heard about plaintiff
- 5 making a complaint to HR, what, if any, role did that play in
- 6 your assessment of her clinical abilities at the end of 2020?
- 7 A. My complaints had nothing to do with any HR complaints, and
- 8 | they were driven by direct and -- observations in the office
- 9 and the other office staff coming to me.
- 10 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Thank you, Dr. Porges.
- 11 THE COURT: OK.
- 12 | Plaintiff's examination. Anything further?
- 13 | REDIRECT EXAMINATION
- 14 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 15 | Q. You testified about a line of credit that you had in your
- 16 | private practice?
- 17 | A. I'm sorry?
- 18 Q. You testified about a line of credit --
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 | Q. -- that you had in your private practice?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. There was a balance due on that line of credit at the time
- 23 you went over to NYU?
- 24 A. There was some balance, yes.
- 25 Q. NYU assumed that?

Porges - Redirect

- No. I paid it off from my personal funds.
- In your private practice, before you went over to NYU, you 2 0.
- took a salary, didn't you? 3
  - Yes. Α.

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- What was that salary?
- I believe the salary was around a hundred and sixty. 6 Α. 7 don't remember exactly. It was ten years ago.
  - MR. KATAEV: Let's go to HH, I believe.
  - THE COURT: It's in evidence. You may do so.
    - MR. KATAEV: I apologize, your Honor. EE.
- 11 THE COURT: EE?
- 12 MR. KATAEV: Yes.
- 13 THE COURT: Go ahead.
- 14 MR. KATAEV: Publish, please.
- 15 THE WITNESS: Judge, should I clarify that, or should
- 16 I just answer the question?
- 17 THE COURT: Yes, if you want to clarify your answer --
- 18 THE WITNESS: I would clarify that my salary was
- 19 actually the accountants telling me what was the appropriate
- 20 salary to draw, but my total income exceeded the salary based
- 21 upon the profits of the practice in addition to the salary.
- 22 And the -- I was advised by my accountant in terms of what was
- 23 correct, in terms of social security, taxes, withholding, etc.
- 24 BY MR. KATAEV:

25

This line item here from the business plan says that your

Porges - Redirect

1 salary, says that the total salaries for the practice was

2 269,000, correct?

N7iWede2

- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 And that's the combined salaries of yourself and Q.
- Dr. Brancato, correct? 5
- 6 Α. I believe so, yes.
- 7 And so your recollection about earning 160, approximately,
- is consistent with the number here, because it's two salaries 8
- together, correct? 9
- 10 Correct. Her salary would have been around a hundred. Α.
- 11 And effectively, your salary more than doubled when you
- 12 went to NYU, correct?
- 13 Α. No.
- 14 Isn't it true that you earned 340,000?
- 15 Α. But my income was significantly higher than that 160,000.
- I'm focusing on just the salary number. The base salary 16
- 17 of --
- 18 The base salary, yes. The base salary was much higher.
- 19 Double, correct? Q.
- 20 Α. Sure.
- 21 160 times two is 320, right? Q.
- 22 Α. Yes.
- 23 And you got 340, correct? 0.
- 24 I believe so. 320 -- I'm not sure if 320 or 340 to start, Α.
- 25 but yes, it's --

Porges - Redirect

- Q. You testified about, you testified with Mr. Schoenstein
  about the fact that your background, reputation, experience was
  discussed at a meeting with Mr. Rubin and Mr. Swirnow, correct?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. Both discussions were geared towards whether you would come on to NYU, correct; whether you'd be hired by NYU, correct?
  - A. Yeah, they were getting to know me. It was like an interview, and they were asking about my experience and knowledge, yes.
- Q. Those factors were not discussed in relation to setting your salary, were they?
- 12 A. I believe my salary was set based upon the financials that
  13 I provided.
- 14 | Q. You just testified about too many labs being done, correct?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- Q. Typically, when labs are ordered, that's something that gets processed through insurance companies, right?
- 18 A. Yes.
- Q. And insurance companies ultimately have to approve those labs, don't they?
- A. I think the -- I think laboratories are approved or not approved based upon the diagnosis -- diagnostic code provided by the physician.
- Q. There are instances where prior approval is sometimes required for labs, isn't there?

Porges - Redirect

- 1 Almost never. Unless it's a specialty situation, almost 2 never.
- But it does happen sometimes? 3 Q.
- It does happen. 4 Α.
- 5 Q. And even if prior approval is not required and a lab is
- performed that is not proper, insurance companies deny 6
- 7 reimbursement for that, don't they?
- 8 A. Only if it's not correctly coded. Otherwise, they're -- to
- my knowledge, that wouldn't happen. 9
- 10 During your testimony with Mr. Schoenstein, there were no 0.
- 11 documents offered about any insurance companies' denials of
- 12 labs, correct?
- 13 A. Correct.
- Q. Are you aware of any complaints by patients made against 14
- 15 you?
- 16 A. No.
- 17 MR. KATAEV: I'd like to mark for identification
- 18 Plaintiff's Exhibit 129. I have it in hard copy format, your
- 19 Honor. I'll provide it to the Court and to the defendants
- 20 first.
- 21 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 22 THE COURT: Have you provided it to defendants before?
- 23 MR. KATAEV: No. It's to impeach him, your Honor.
- 24 THE COURT: All right. Hand up a copy to me.
- 25 MR. KATAEV: Permission to hand to the witness, your

1 Honor?

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THE COURT: While you're up here, why don't you give my deputy your extra copy, and then we'll see what the questions are.

What is this document?

MR. KATAEV: Would it be better for a sidebar, your Honor?

THE COURT: No.

MR. KATAEV: This is a patient review of Dr. Porges concerning the same issue about testing.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I object, your Honor.

THE COURT: Basis?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: It's not on the pretrial list. It's never been produced. It's not relevant and it's prejudicial. It's also hearsay.

THE COURT: I'm going to exclude it on 609 grounds and on relevance grounds -- I'm sorry. Not 609 but 608 grounds and on relevance grounds.

BY MR. KATAEV:

- Q. When you went over to NYU from private practice, how many patients did you -- how many patients followed you? You can approximate.
- A. Several thousand. I don't know how many thousand. I, I saw about a hundred patients a week before and after I joined NYU, and many of them just once a year, so thousands of

Porges - Redirect

- 1 patients.
- 2 Less than 5,000? 0.
- I don't think so. I don't know what the number is. 3
- There was testimony about Dr. Edelman being late in terms 4 Q.
- 5 of patients waiting. Do you recall that testimony?
- Α. Yes. 6
- 7 There was only one documented instance of that, correct?
- 8 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Objection.
- 9 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 10 I've only seen one, one document in that regard, yes. Α.
- 11 And that's in almost seven years of Dr. Edelman practicing
- 12 side by side with you?
- 13 I didn't say -- I -- I would not be the person to best know
- 14 when she arrived in the office and I would have asked Miriam
- 15 Ruiz, the office manager, would be more aware of how frequently
- 16 that happened. That was not my area. I just would have
- 17 anecdotally observed it on occasion.
- 18 Q. It's fair to say that different doctors have different
- 19 styles of practice, isn't that right?
- 20 Α. Yes.
- 21 And you knew Dr. Edelman to be thorough with her patients
- 22 in terms of the time she took with them, correct?
- 23 Α. Yes.
- 24 She took a lot of time with her patients, didn't she? Ο.
- 25 I think for the most part, she had the same schedule as

- most of us, which was 30 minutes for a new and 15 minutes for a follow-up.
- Q. And to your knowledge, didn't her 15-minute appointments go longer than usual most of the time?
  - A. I think it wasn't in -- yes, it happened.
- Q. You testified about lab reviews and the number of labs
- 7 being conducted as something that would help increase the
- 8 | number of RVUs earned. Do you recall that testimony?
- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 Q. But doctors don't receive, doctors such as you and Dr.
- 11 | Edelman don't receive any RVUs or earn any RVUs for doing lab
- 12 | reviews after the labs are received, correct?
- 13 A. So, the -- I'm not a billing expert. The coding people
- 14 | tell me that one of the levels of complexity is based upon
- 15 | having seen in your notes more than three blood tests ordered
- 16 and reviewed.
- 17 | Q. You receive monthly RVU reports, don't you?
- 18 | A. Yes.
- 19 | Q. When you received those reports, it itemizes the tasks and
- 20 | how many RVUs are received for each task, didn't it?
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. Lab reviews don't earn any RVUs, do they?
- 23 | A. Not in and of itself, no.
- 24 | Q. You testified about concerns raised by the x-ray
- 25 | technologist, Ms. Silva, is that right?

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Porges - Redirect

- 1 | A. Yes.
- Q. During your testimony, your attorneys did not offer any
- 3 documents from Ms. Silva to you, correct?
- 4 A. I think there's documents of, of mine about the patients,
- 5 | but no, she didn't -- there's nothing, I believe -- to my
- 6 knowledge, there's nothing from Joanna Silva documented.
- 7 MR. KATAEV: Permission to publish Plaintiff's Exhibit
- 8 | 1, your Honor.
- 9 THE COURT: OK.
- 10 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 11 Q. In the last sentence of this paragraph, you reference "I
- 12 and other clinicians." Do you see that?
- 13 | A. Yeah.
- 14 | Q. The other clinicians here would be Dr. Goldberg, right?
- 15 | A. Actually, my wife would also be another clinician.
- 16 | Q. She's a dermatologist, correct?
- 17 A. Correct.
- 18 | Q. Not a rheumatologist, right?
- 19 A. Correct.
- 20 Q. Other than Dr. Deborah Porges and Dr. Goldberg, are there
- 21 any other clinicians that you're referencing here?
- 22 | A. No.
- 23 Q. And you spoke to Dr. Goldberg after you sent this email,
- 24 | didn't you?
- 25 A. Yes.

Porges - Recross

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MR. KATAEV: Just one second, your Honor?

I have nothing further.

THE COURT: Anything further from the defense?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Briefly, your Honor.

RECROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:

Q. On --

THE WITNESS: Can I just add? I would consider my office nurse, who has 20 years of rheumatology experience, a clinician as well.

MR. KATAEV: OK.

BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:

- Q. And Dr. Porges, another clinician you raised in that answer right now was your wife?
- 15 | A. Yes.
  - Q. And was there anything she said that played a role in your review and assessment in that email you wrote?

18 MR. KATAEV: Objection, your Honor.

19 THE COURT: Overruled.

A. Over the, you know, five years we were in the office, my wife actually pointed out to me, probably years earlier — she didn't often respond, but years earlier, before I really had much experience, she had seen a bunch of, like, dermatology opinions of Dr. Edelman, and she showed me notes and said that it was surprising to her the way the — the notes were written

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                                Porges - Recross
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      and the whole record.
 2
               MR. KATAEV: Objection. Move to strike.
               THE COURT: Overruled.
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               MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Let's put up exhibit EE one more
 5
      time.
 6
               Your Honor, this is in evidence.
 7
               THE COURT: Go ahead.
               MR. SCHOENSTEIN: So we never looked at the second
 8
      page of this document, so I'm going to ask Ms. Cardona to
9
10
      scroll up to the second page.
11
          Do you see that page, Dr. Porges?
12
      Α.
          Yes.
13
          And is that information --
      0.
14
               MR. KATAEV: Objection. Beyond the scope.
15
               THE COURT: Let's see what the question is.
      BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN:
16
17
          Is that financial information that you provided to NYU?
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- 18 | A. Yeah, so -- so, I think the --
- 19 Q. I just asked if you provided --
- THE COURT: You're being asked if that's information you provided to NYU.
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 | O. So in terms of --
- 24 | THE COURT: Is it information you provided?
- 25 A. I believe it's -- I believe it's from my financial records,

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Porges - Recross

1248

1 yes.

- 2 And in terms of where it lists M.D. salary, do you see
- 3 that?

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- A. Yes. 4
- 5 Q. Does that refresh your recollection at all as to what the salaries were at the time?
- 7 MR. KATAEV: Your Honor, it's improper to show the 8 jury if it's being used to refresh recollection.
  - THE COURT: Well, it's in evidence, so it's not improper. The jury can see it.
- 11 Go ahead.
- 12 So -- so I do believe that the total M.D. salary is correct
- 13 and does reflect my income at the time. I don't quite know how
- 14 much base salary, nonfringe base, etc., where that calculation
- 15 comes from.
- Q. Do you have a recollection on your own of what you were 16
- making, all in, salary, profit shares, all compensation, what 17
- 18 you were earning per year prior to joining NYU?
- 19 So, approximately 290. That was my -- that is my total,
- 20 all-in profit. That's right.
- 21 And did that number impact your negotiation with NYU?
- 22 I think that NYU made me an offer based upon that number.
- 23 That's how I believe that offer came from.
- 24 Were you looking for an offer that exceeded 290 --
- 25 Α. Yes.

Porges - Recross

- 1 Q. -- when you talked to NYU?
- 2 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Leading.
- THE COURT: 3 Sustained.
- BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN: 4
- 5 Q. What, if any, expectation did you have about the salary you would need to join NYU? 6
- 7 They, they gave me an offer of a salary, which exceeded that 290 or 295 that I was making, and I was told by other 8
- physicians as well as my attorney at the time that, that that 9
- 10 was a basically nonnegotiable issue and I should negotiate on
- 11 other -- other issues in the practice.
- MR. KATAEV: Objection. Hearsay. 12
- 13 THE COURT: The objection's sustained. The testimony
- 14 is stricken.
- BY MR. SCHOENSTEIN: 15
- You received an offer from NYU for your salary? 16
- 17 Α. Yes.
- 18 Ο. How much was that?
- 19 I don't know if it's 320 or 340, was the first offer.
- 20 was ten years ago.
- 21 Did you have an understanding based on your discussions at
- 22 the time as to whether that offer was based on the comp you had
- 23 been paid in private practice?
- 24 I believe it exceed -- I was told that that exceeded
- 25 the amount I was making, total net of my salary and net profit

	N7iWede2 Porges - Recross
1	as a sole owner of a practice.
2	Q. If you look on the top of that page that Ms. Cardona has up
3	on the screen, there's a reference to revenue. Do you see
4	that?
5	A. Yes.
6	Q. And that \$2 million number in 2013, did that reflect the
7	revenue of your practice at the time?
8	A. Yes.
9	Q. And was all of the business that generated that revenue
10	going to NYU in the transaction that ensued?
11	MR. KATAEV: Objection. Leading.
12	THE COURT: Overruled.
13	A. So, that income yes, came from majority from clinical
14	practice, and the entire clinical practice went. The residual
15	was from the clinical research, which also became part of NYU.
16	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Thank you, Dr. Porges.
17	THE COURT: Anything further from plaintiff?
18	MR. KATAEV: One or two questions.
19	THE COURT: OK. Go ahead.
20	(Continued on next page)
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Porges - Redirect

- 1 MR. KATAEV: I'd like to place up on the screen what's 2 been marked already as EE.
- 3 THE COURT: Go ahead.
- 4 REDIRECT EXAMINATION
- 5 BY MR. KATAEV:
- 6 Q. Focusing on the first page of exhibit EE, this left side,
- 7 | 2013, contains the actual data provided to NYU; correct?
- 8 A. I believe so.
- 9 Q. And years 1 through 5 are the projections that NYU made;
  10 correct?
- 11 A. I don't -- I didn't review this document, but it looks like 12 that, but I don't really know.
- Q. Going down to the second page of this document and focusing on the expenses where it says "MD salary," this section right
- 15 here, 2013, is the actual data that was submitted; correct?
- 16 A. I believe so.
- Q. And this section here, Porges and Brancato, is year 1 of the projections; correct?
- A. No, I don't think so. I think Porges and Brancato were
  20 2013 and then year 2 is NYU projections is what I believe.
- 21 | Q. In year 2, it says \$320,000; correct?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 THE COURT: Is that what the document says?
- 24 THE WITNESS: It says: "Physician base salary, 320."
- 25 | Q. And if you add 230 plus 90 here, that's \$320,000; correct?

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Porges - Redirect

- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 | Q. And that's consistent with the remaining years 2 through 5;
- 3 correct?
- 4 A. Yes.
- Q. So if you scroll up here, you have years 1 through year 5;
- 6 | correct?
- 7 | A. Yes.
- 8 Q. But if you scroll back down here, you don't see year 1
- 9 because it's broken down between both doctors; correct?
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 | Q. So this \$230,000 was a projection of what your salary would
- 12 | have been at NYU, not what it was; correct? In your private
- 13 | practice; correct?
- 14 A. I don't know. I don't know where that 230 comes from.
- 15 | Q. In terms of the figures listed here, you provided financial
- 16 documents to NYU for NYU to make this document; correct?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 | Q. But your attorneys, during your testimony, did not offer
- 19 | any of the backup documents into evidence, did they?
- 20 | A. What do you mean, "backup documents"?
- 21 | Q. The documents that support these numbers were not offered
- 22 | during your testimony; correct?
- 23 | A. I don't know. I don't know what was supported or not.
- Q. When you provided NYU the information, you provided them
- 25 documents such as tax returns; correct?

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1	Α.	Yes.	
2	Q.	And you provided them information such as RVU reports or	
3	insurance reimbursement reports; correct?		
4	Α.	Definitely tax returns. I don't know about insurance.	
5	Мау	be. I don't know. I provided a lot of stuff, a lot of	
6	det	cails.	
7	Q.	A lot of financial documents; correct?	
8	Α.	Correct.	
9	Q.	Those financial documents and the tax returns were not	
10	offered into evidence by your attorneys during your testimony;		
11	correct?		
12	Α.	To my knowledge, no.	
13		MR. KATAEV: I have nothing further.	
14		THE COURT: Dr. Porges, you're excused as a witness.	
15	You	may step down.	
16		(Witness excused)	
17		Anything else from the plaintiff?	
18		MR. LABUDA: Just call the next witness, Dr. Modi.	
19		THE COURT: Let me see the parties at sidebar.	
20		(Continued on next page)	
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N7ICede3
                                Porges - Redirect
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               (At the sidebar)
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               THE COURT: Dr. Modi is your last witness?
               MR. LABUDA: Yes.
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               THE COURT: How long is your examination?
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               MR. LABUDA: Probably 15 minutes.
6
               THE COURT: Any sense?
 7
               MR. STEER: I'd say 15, 20 minutes, also. Maybe a
8
      little more.
9
               THE COURT: Okay.
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               (Continued on next page)
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1 (In open court)

THE COURT: Dr. Modi, you may come up.

3 Dr. Modi, please stand up. My deputy will administer

the oath.

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ANANG MODI,

called as a witness by the Plaintiff,

having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

THE DEPUTY CLERK: Please state your full name for the record and please spell out your first and last name.

THE WITNESS: Dr. Anang Modi. First name A-n-a-n-g, last name Modi, M-o-d-i.

MR. LABUDA: May I proceed, your Honor?

THE COURT: Yes.

DIRECT EXAMINATION

15 BY MR. LABUDA:

- 16 Q. Good morning, Dr. Modi.
- 17 A. Good morning.
- 18 | Q. You're a rheumatologist; correct?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 | Q. And if you could just speak up into the mic a little bit.
- 21 | A. Yes.
- 22 Q. Much better.
- 23 So just briefly describe what you do as a rheumatologist.
- 24 A. We treat a lot of musculoskeletal and autoimmune joint
- 25 diseases.

N7ICede3 Modi - Direct

- 1 And in terms of treating, what is it exactly that you do in terms of treatment for the patients? 2
- A. Could be anywhere from medications, physical therapy, 3
- injections. 4
- Q. So you do doctor visits with the patients and then based on 5
- those visits, you prescribe a certain type of treatment for the 6
- 7 patient; correct?
- 8 Α. Correct.
- You have a CV; correct? 9 Q.
- 10 Α. Yes.
- 11 MR. LABUDA: I'd like to show the witness exhibit 46,
- 12 which I believe is in evidence.
- 13 MR. STEER: I believe it is, your Honor.
- 14 THE COURT: You may do so.
- Dr. Modi, this is your CV; is that correct? 15 Q.
- Α. 16 Yes.
- 17 Q. And you are a board certified rheumatologist; correct?
- 18 Α. Correct.
- 19 And you went to New York College of Osteopathic Medicine;
- 20 correct?
- 21 Correct. Α.
- 22 And you graduated in 2001; correct?
- 23 Α. Yes.
- And the New York College of Osteopathic Medicine, that's 24
- 25 the same medical school that Dr. Edelman went to; is that

Modi - Direct

1 correct?

N7ICede3

- 2 I believe so, yes. Α.
- And you also did your residency in internal medicine at 3
- 4 Winthrop University Hospital; correct?
- 5 Α. Correct.
- And that finished in 2004; correct? 6
- 7 Α. Correct.
- And Dr. Edelman also did her internal medicine residency at 8
- Winthrop, as well; correct? 9
- 10 Α. That's correct.
- 11 After that, you did your rheumatology fellowship; correct?
- 12 Α. Correct.
- 13 And that was at Winthrop University Hospital; correct? Q.
- 14 Correct. Α.
- And that's also where Dr. Edelman did her rheumatologist 15 Q.
- fellowship; correct? 16
- 17 Correct. Α.
- 18 You finished your fellowship in 2006; correct?
- 19 Α. Correct.
- 20 And Dr. Edelman was a year or two behind you; correct?
- 21 Two years, yes. Α.
- 22 Same education path. Did you guys know each other in Q.
- 23 medical school and all these fellowships?
- 24 A. Medical school, no. Residency and fellowship, we were
- 25 colleagues.

N7ICede3

Modi - Direct

- 1 | Q. So before NYU, you already knew Dr. Edelman; correct?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 | Q. So after your residency, you started working at Advantage
- 4 | Care Physicians; is that correct?
- 5 A. Queens Long Island Medical Group, which later became
- 6 Advantage Care Physicians.
- 7 | Q. So out of your fellowship --
- 8 A. After fellowship, correct.
- 9 Q. You went to Queens -- what was it called again?
- 10 A. OLIMG. It's on the CV. It's called Queens Long Island
- 11 | Medical Group, which subsequently got bought over by Advantage
- 12 | Care Physicians.
- 13 | Q. I see. Okay.
- 14 A. It stands for the same place, but bought over, so new name.
- 15 | Q. And Advantage Care is owned by Emblem Health; is that
- 16 || right?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- 18 | Q. In 2017, what were you making, what was your salary at
- 19 | advantage?
- 20 | A. 2017 -- June 2017, I joined NYU, so the last full year of
- 21 | salary would be 2016 at Advantage Care Physicians, and that was
- 22 | \$328,000.
- 23 | Q. Three twenty-eight?
- 24 A. Correct.
- 25 | Q. And with respect to Advantage Care, you would see patients

N7ICede3 Modi - Direct

1 | that were insured by Emblem Health; is that correct?

- A. All insurances. About 60 percent were Emblem Health, the other 40 percent were all other HMOs.
  - Q. Did NYU take Emblem Health patients?
  - A. Yes.

4

- Q. I want to jump to your contract with NYU. If you'll look at exhibit 35.
- 8 THE COURT: You may publish it to the jury.
- 9 MR. LABUDA: Thank you, your Honor.
- 10 | Q. This is your contract with NYU; correct?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. And it's dated February 10th of 2017; correct?
- 13 A. Yes.
- Q. I'm going to go through some of the clauses in this contract.
- If you'd look at page D886, at the bottom of it, you see
  the paragraph that says, "You agree that this agreement"?
- 18 A. Yes.
- Q. Did you understand this paragraph to mean that this was the complete agreement between you and NYU; is that fair?
- 21 | A. That's fair.
- 22 | Q. And that it superseded any prior proposals, understandings,
- 23 or other agreements, oral or written, related to your
- 24 | employment with NYU; correct?
- 25 A. Yes.

- Q. So if something isn't in your contract, there was no agreement between you and NYU; correct?
  - A. Correct.

- 4 | Q. Is that your understanding?
- 5 A. That's my understanding.
- Q. If you turn to page D888, the effective date for your
- 7 | employment with NYU is May 1st, 2017; correct?
- 8 | A. Yes.
- 9 Q. And your starting salary was \$360,000; correct?
- 10 A. Correct.
- 11 Q. So that's a \$32,000 bump you got from NYU from Advantage;
- 12 | correct?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. In addition, if you turn to page D889, you also received a
- 15 | bonus of \$26,500; correct?
- 16 A. That bonus was because I was not able -- that bonus was
- 17 | there because I was not able to contribute to 401K until you
- 18 are employed by NYU for at least a year.
- 19 MR. LABUDA: I'm going to move to strike as
- 20 | nonresponsive, your Honor. That wasn't my question.
- 21 | THE COURT: Motion's granted.
- 22 || Sir, your job is just to answer the questions that are
- 23 | asked. The lawyer for the other side may bring out information
- 24 | that they believe to be relevant in their examination.
- Go ahead, counsel.

N7ICede3 Modi - Direct

1 Q. This bonus specifically says that it's going to be

2 | received -- that you're going to receive it if you remain

- 3 employed for one year; correct?
- 4 A. Correct.
- 5 | Q. It was a retention bonus; correct?
- 6 | A. It was.
- 7 | Q. That's what it says; correct?
- 8 | A. It says that I would get a bonus at the one-year mark.
- 9 Q. Right. And it doesn't say anything about retirement, lost retirements; correct?
- 11 A. Not in there, no.
- 12 Q. We read that earlier part saying supersede all prior
- 13 understandings -- withdrawn.
- So there's nothing about retirement in here; correct?
- 15 A. Not in the bonus section, no.
- 16 | Q. If you look at the next page, Dr. Modi, you were hired as a
- 17 | staff physician; correct?
- 18 A. Correct.
- 19 Q. And that's what all of the doctors, to your knowledge, in
- 20 | rheumatology were hired as, staff physicians; correct?
- 21 A. Yes, to my knowledge.
- 22 | Q. And you were hired full-time; correct?
- 23 A. Correct.
- 24 | Q. That's five days a week; right?
- 25 A. Yes.

N7ICede3 Modi - Direct

1 Q. And you had a three-year term; correct?

- 2 A. Correct.
- 3 | Q. And that meant for the three years, you were paid \$360,000
- 4 per year during '17, '18, '19, and part of '20; correct?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 Q. If you turn to page D892, in the FGP expectations, it again
- 7 | indicates your salary of \$360,000 and there's an RVU target of
- 8 | 6108 WRVUs; correct?
- 9 A. Correct.
- 10 | Q. Do you have any understanding of, in that first year, the
- 11 | '17 to '18 year, whether or not you were below, met, or
- 12 | exceeded that target, and whether or not you received any type
- of incentive compensation that's referenced below that with the
- 14 | 1 percent?
- 15 | A. So my -- if you don't meet your target, you get a reduction
- 16 | in pay. I know I didn't get a reduction in pay, so I must have
- 17 met my RVUs.
- 18 | Q. That would be the logical conclusion; correct?
- Do you recall the number of RVUs you hit in '17, '18, '19,
- 20 | '20; right?
- 21 | A. Recent years, yes, but six years ago, the exact total
- 22 | number, I don't recall, but I did.
- 23 Q. You did get information from NYU; correct?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 Q. They provided that to you on a monthly basis; correct?

Modi - Direct

- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 | Q. And that still happens today, right, they still send you
- 3 monthly reports?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. And then at the end of the year, you also get an annual
- 6 report of how many RVUs you hit; correct?
- 7 A. Correct.
- 8 | Q. Do you have any recollection about, in any of the years,
- 9 | '17, '18, '19, '20 into '21 of whether or not you got any
- 10 | bonuses, like incentive bonuses?
- 11 A. You get a bonus if you exceed your target RVU.
- 12 | Q. Yes. What I'm asking you is, do you remember receiving any
- 13 bonuses in any of those years?
- 14 A. Which years specifically?
- 15 | Q. We can go year by year. First year, '17 to '18?
- 16 A. I don't believe so. I met my target RVUs.
- 17 | Q. You were at least within 5 percent of the target; correct?
- 18 A. Correct.
- 19 | Q. What about the second year, '18 to '19, do you have any
- 20 recollection?
- 21 A. I met my target RVUs.
- 22 | Q. But no incentive pay?
- 23 | A. No.
- 24 | Q. What about the third year? That would be, I think, '19 to
- 25 | '20.

to meet my 6100.

practice; correct?

Yes.

Modi - Direct

- '19 to '20, I do recall that I met my target exactly. 1 2 was on the verge of exceeding my target significantly, but unfortunately, COVID happened, and we saw about a 20-percent 3 drop in our RVUs. However, despite the COVID year, I was able 4
  - And NYU gave all the doctors a pass for the COVID just because of COVID; correct?
  - I didn't need one because I had 61 RVUs, but --
- Q. And with respect to in addition to your \$360,000 clinical 9 10 compensation, NYU also paid expenses attendant with your
- Α.

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- 13 And that would be like if you attended seminars out of Ο. town; correct? 14
- 15 Α. They would pay for CME, yeah, continuing medical education.
- And you would be able to fly to a seminar, stay in a hotel, 16 17 attend the seminar, and that would all be paid by NYU; correct?
- Yeah, depending on the, yes, hotel. Modest accommodations. 18 Α.
- 19 Not talking the Bellagio or anything like that? Q.
- 20 Α. No. No.
- 21 Do you have a recollection of in those years, the '17 to Q.
- 22 '21, attending conferences and submitting expenses?
- 23 2017, '18, and '19, not since then.
- 24 And approximately, what were those expenses that you put in
- 25 and how much did you receive in reimbursement from NYU?

N7ICede3 Modi - Direct

1 A. Modest hotel and then fees for the conference.

- Q. And in terms of dollar amounts?
- 3 A. I can't give you a value, but probably anywhere from \$1,000
- 4 | to \$1,200.

- 5 Q. Per year?
- 6 A. Per year.
- 7 Q. And you worked primarily, if not exclusively, at the
- 8 | Huntington office; is that right?
- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 | Q. Dr. Edelman also worked at the Huntington office on
- 11 | occasion while you were working there; correct?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 | Q. And you had occasion to interact with her when you were at
- 14 | the office; correct?
- 15 A. Occasionally.
- 16 Q. Talk about patient care, things of that nature; correct?
- 17 A. She was pretty quiet. Cordial, but very quiet.
- 18 Q. Based on your interactions with Dr. Edelman, did you
- 19 understand that she was doing the same type of work that you
- 20 were doing in terms of treating patients for rheumatology
- 21 | issues?
- 22 | A. She's a rheumatologist, yes, we treat similar conditions.
- 23 | Q. That's what rheumatologists do; right?
- 24 And did you have occasion to understand, either from
- 25 | Huntington or from Lake Success, that Dr. Goldberg, Porges, and

N7ICede3

Modi - Direct

- 1 Dr. Mehta also did the same type of work as you?
- 2 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- 3 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 4 A. They were rheumatologists, as well.
- 5 | Q. So they did the same type of work; correct?
- 6 A. I suppose.
- 7 | Q. You did not have any administrative responsibilities;
- 8 | correct?
- 9 A. Not at NYU.
- 10 | Q. And you didn't have any research responsibilities; correct?
- 11 | A. No.
- 12 | Q. I think in your contract on page D888, your effort was
- 13 | 100 percent for clinical; correct?
- 14 | A. Yes.
- 15 | Q. And you understood that to mean that 100 percent of your
- 16 | effort was to be devoted to treating patients clinically for
- 17 | rheumatology issues; correct?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 | Q. After three years, your contract was renewed; correct?
- 20 | A. Yes.
- 21 | Q. You're still working at NYU; right?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 | Q. And that was around May of 2020; is that right?
- 24 | A. Yes.
- 25 | Q. And did you receive a salary increase in May of 2020?

N7ICede3

Modi - Direct

- 1 Α. Yes.
- And what was that? 2 Q.
- I believe a \$10,000 increase in the base salary. 3 Α.
- So it went from 360 to 370; correct? 4 Q.
- Yes, correct. 5 Α.
- Is that still the case now, is that just like the old one, 6
- 7 it was for three years, so it stayed the same or did it change?
- 8 Α. Stayed the same.
- Q. So that's what you're making now. Long way of asking that 9 10 question. Sorry.
- 11 Now, in your interactions with Dr. Edelman, I believe you 12 indicated that you called her courteous?
- 13 Cordial. Α.
- 14 Cordial. That's nice. You didn't have any issues with Q.
- Dr. Edelman in terms of personal interactions; correct? 15
- 16 Α. No.

- 17 Did you have any issues or concerns about her professional 18 care to patients?
- 19 I mean, I wasn't there to see her taking care of patients.
- 20 Objection, your Honor. MR. STEER:
- 21 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 22 So it's hard for me to comment on that, but she was very
- 23 cordial to me and my colleagues.
- 24 Q. And that would include the staff, correct, the MAs and the office workers, as well, correct?

Modi - Direct

- A. She was cordial to them, but that's all -- I mean, she was there one day a week.
  - Q. Right. But the one day a week she was there, she was cordial; right?
- 5 | A. Yes.

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- 6 Q. And you found Dr. Edelman to be intelligent; correct?
- A. Again, I didn't go into exam rooms with her to see how she was treating patients, but probably practicing appropriate
- 9 medicine. But, again, I can't comment on that. I wasn't in 10 the room with her as she took care of patients.
- Q. I'm not asking you, I'm talking in terms of your general interactions with her, you found her to be an intelligent person; correct?
- 14 A. I found her to be a very sound rheumatologist.
- 15 Q. Sound. Fair.
  - Would you agree that if Dr. Edelman was tasked with an assignment, she could actually complete that assignment?
- 18 MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.
- 19 THE COURT: Sustained on foundation grounds.
- Q. Did you ever complain to human resources about Dr. Edelman in any way?
- 22 | A. No.
- Q. Did anyone at NYU ever reach out to you about Dr. Edelman's performance?
- 25 A. No.

Modi - Direct

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Q.	There	were	occasions	that	you	saw	some	of	Dr.	Edelman'	S
pat:	ients;	is th	nat correct	:?							

- A handful of times. Α.
- 4 And in your treatment of Dr. Edelman's patients, you would Q.
- 5 look at their medical records and their charts; correct?
- 6 A. Yes.
  - Did you ever report any type of issues or concerns concerning those charts that you reviewed?
  - Α. No.
  - Did you believe that there was any type of improper treatment in the charts that you reviewed of Dr. Edelman's?
- 12 In the handful of charts I probably reviewed, no.
  - THE COURT: Counsel, it's now 11:28. Are you done with your examination?
    - MR. LABUDA: I'm done, yes.
  - THE COURT: Members of the jury, we're going to take our break now for about 10 minutes and then we'll have the examination by defense counsel. Don't talk about the case amongst yourselves and no research. Enjoy the break.

20 (Continued on next page)

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N7ICede3 Modi - Direct 1 (Jury not present) THE COURT: Dr. Modi, you may step down. 2 3 Counsel, you may be seated. Anything that plaintiff has to raise with the Court? 4 5 MR. LABUDA: No, your Honor. 6 THE COURT: From defendant? Mr. Schoenstein, you're 7 standing. 8 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No, your Honor. 9 THE COURT: I'll see you back here in 10 minutes and 10 then we'll see where things stand at the end of the examinations in terms of whether we do closings or we do them 11 12 first thing tomorrow morning, we'll just see what the time 13 looks like. 14 (Recess) 15 Let's have Dr. Modi come back on the stand. 16 Let's bring in the jury. 17 (Continued on next page) 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

N7ICede3 Modi - Cross

1 (Jury present)

THE COURT: Mr. Steer you may inquire.

3 CROSS-EXAMINATION

- 4 BY MR. STEER:
- 5 Q. Good morning, Dr. Modi.
- 6 A. Good morning.
- 7 | Q. You understand you're not a defendant in this lawsuit?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 | Q. And where do you work?
- 10 A. NYU Langone.
- 11 Q. And where?
- 12 A. Huntington in Long Island.
- MR. STEER: Your Honor, may we publish exhibit 46 in evidence, please, his curriculum vitae.
- THE COURT: Yes. Have you got a question?
- MR. STEER: May we publish it to the jury?
- 17 THE COURT: Yes.
- 18 MR. STEER: Oh, I'm sorry, your Honor.
- 19 | Q. Dr. Modi, your curriculum vitae that we looked at a few
- 20 | minutes ago, does it fairly and accurately reflect your
- 21 | background, your education, and your job experience?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 | Q. Now, you show on the CV that you were the chief of
- 24 | rheumatology for former QLIMG, Queens Long Island Medical
- 25 | Group; correct?

N7ICede3 Modi - Cross

- 1 A. Correct.
- 2 | Q. What was Queens Long Island Medical Group?
- 3 A. It was a multi-specialty group of about 500 physicians
- 4 | located in Queens and Long Island.
- 5 | Q. And as the chief rheumatology, what were your duties?
- 6 A. Be the liaison between the rheumatologists in the group and
- 7 | administration leadership to kind of discipline them or improve
- 8 | the quality of care standards, as well as a connection between
- 9 | the physicians and leadership if there was a need for any
- 10 modern equipment, approve their CMEs, their vacation time, any
- 11 connection between leadership and the rheumatology division.
- 12 | Q. And how many rheumatologists did you oversee, if any?
- 13 A. Six.
- 14 | Q. And you testified earlier that I believe QLIMG was bought
- 15 | by Advantage Care Physicians; correct?
- 16 | A. Yes.
- 17 MR. KATAEV: Objection. Asked and answered.
- 18 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 THE COURT: Mr. Kataev, my rule is only one lawyer,
- 21 | and you're not the lawyer for this witness.
- 22 MR. KATAEV: I apologize, your Honor. I got over --
- 23 THE COURT: Mr. Labuda.
- Okay. Go ahead.
- 25 | Q. What was Advantage Care Physicians?

N7ICede3

1 Advantage Care Physicians basically took over Queens Long

Island Medical Group where I served as medical director of one 2

- of their offices. 3
- 4 And how many physicians did ACP, I'm going to call it, Q.
- 5 Advantage Care Physicians, ACP, how big was it at the time that
- you became the clinical director? 6
- 7 The entire practice was approximately same as Queens Long
- Island Medical Group, 500 physicians. 8
- How many physicians, if any, did you oversee? 9
- 10 The practice had over 20 offices. I was the medical
- 11 director of the Hempstead medical office, which comprised about
- 12 15 physicians, two PAs, two nurse practitioners, seven or eight
- 13 RNs, and then the rest of it was front desk, receptionists,
- 14 medical assistants.
- 15 Q. What insurances did Advantage Care Physicians take, if any?
- They take all insurances. 50 to 60 percent of the 16
- 17 patients, because the group is owned by Emblem, 50 to 60
- 18 percent of patients I saw were Emblem, the other 40 percent or
- more were other insurance. 19
- 20 Are you familiar with a medical group called HIP? 0.
- 21 Yes. Α.
- 22 What is HIP, to the best of your knowledge? Q.
- 23 Α. HIP is an HMO.
- 24 0. Were they affiliated in any way with emblem?
- 25 Α. Yes.

Modi - Cross

- Q. And the patients you were seeing, were they required to be seen in HIP centers or could they go anywhere?
  - A. They could see any physician outside the group that accepted emblem or HIP insurance.
  - Q. Now, did there come a time when you sought to leave the employment of Advantage Care?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. How did that come about?
- A. There were rumors about financial instability of the organization, and two of my colleagues who I used to work with at Advantage Care Physicians had joined NYU and were very happy there.
- Q. Was there any other reason that prompted you to seek employment away from Advantage Care?
  - A. NYU is definitely, you know, I would say more prestigious to work as a rheumatologist, and it's a hospital for joint disease, so prestige.
  - Q. So in addition to the prestige of that, was there anything about your work at Advantage Care that was of concern to you?
- A. Overall, I was happy there. I just had some concerns about
  their financial stability. Perhaps one other thing, they had
  me go to several -- a few office sites to see patients. I
  would much prefer to be at one site as opposed to, you know,
- would much prefer to be at one site as opposed to, you know, two, three sites.
  - Q. And so, did there come a time that you met with someone at

Modi - Cross

- 1 NYU about the possibility of being employed there?
- 2 A. Because of my two colleagues that were very happy with NYU,
- 3 | I reached out to an NYU talent recruiter.
- 4 | Q. After you dealt with the recruiter, did there come a time
- 5 | when you met someone in NYU's faculty group practice?
- 6 | A. Yes.
- 7 | Q. And who is that?
- 8 A. Who did I interview with?
- 9 | Q. Yes.
- 10 A. Andrew Rubin and Josh.
- 11 | Q. Josh Swirnow?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. And how did you pitch yourself to them when you were
- 14 | looking to join NYU, what did you tell them about yourself?
- 15 | A. I told them that I was out in practice for 11 years, so I
- 16 would come with a lot of experience, I was a very busy
- 17 | rheumatologist, and, you know, I was pretty confident with my
- 18 patients, really value me as their rheumatologist, as their
- 19 physician. I was pretty confident that a lot of those patients
- 20 would eventually come over to NYU, as well. So it's much more
- 21 attractive to them than hiring, let's say, a new fellow out of
- 22 | training since I'd be coming with some patient panel already.
- 23 | And then I also pitched that I was a medical director, had some
- 24 administrative experience, had some experience as a chief of
- 25 rheumatology with the former group, as well.

Modi - Cross

- Q. With regard to those discussions, did you negotiate with them about salary?
- 3 | A. I did.
- 4 | Q. And what happened in those negotiations?
- A. I told them that at Advantage Care, I was overall happy,
- 6 but I'm not willing to make a lateral career move, you know, I
- 7 was very happy with my patients, my patients were very happy
- 8 | with me, and I did not want to make a lateral move in my
- 9 career, meaning, you know, to get the same salary or certainly
- 10 definitely would not join for a pay cut. So I had requested at
- 11 | least a 10-percent raise in my salary for me to move on and
- 12 join NYU.
- 13 | Q. And tell us again, please, or perhaps I didn't ask, what
- 14 was your salary at Advantage at the time of these negotiations
- 15 | with NYU?
- 16 | A. \$328,000.
- 17 | Q. What did you end up being offered as a salary by NYU?
- 18 A. \$360,000.
- 19 | Q. And how does that compare with your request for a
- 20 | 10-percent raise?
- 21 A. They pretty much met it head on.
- 22 | Q. Was there RVUs that you had your production measured by
- 23 | when were you at Advantage Care?
- 24 | A. Yes.

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Q. And how many RVUs did you do per year at Advantage Care,

- 1 | let's say in your last year there?
  - A. 6100.

- Q. Do you have any knowledge, based on your experience as a
- 4 senior rheumatologist and as a medical director and as a chief
- of rheumatology, how that 6001 RVUs compares to what
- 6 | rheumatologists generally do throughout the United States?
- 7 THE COURT: I take it you mean 6100?
- 8 MR. STEER: I'm sorry. 6100.
  - MR. LABUDA: Objection. Foundation.
- 10 THE COURT: The objection is sustained.
- 11 | Q. Did you attend conferences when you were at Advantage Care?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. Did you also review information in the medical profession
- 14 regarding RVUs and RVU targets?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 | Q. And what was your understanding of what they showed in
- 17 terms of the level of RVUs that you were generating compared to
- 18 | the general population of rheumatologists?
- 19 MR. LABUDA: Objection. Hearsay.
- 20 THE COURT: Overruled.
- 21 MR. STEER: You may answer.
- 22 | A. Being a previous chief of rheumatology and having some
- 23 | background, 6100 RVUs, when I was at ACP, was equal to top
- 24 | tenth percentile as far as productivity for all rheumatologists
- 25 | in the country. So it's a pretty high bar.

N7ICede3

Modi - Cross

- 1 And what target, if any, were you given at NYU for your
- 2 production in RVUs?
- 6100. 3 Α.
- 4 That's the exact same number that you were doing at Q.
- 5 Advantage?
- 6 Α. Yes.
- 7 When you came to NYU, did you have any debt? Q.
- Α. 8 No.
- Ο. No loans? 9
- 10 Α. No.
- 11 0. Did you have an office lease?
- 12 Α. No.
- 13 Did you have any staff that came with you? 0.
- 14 There was a medical assistant that interviewed with NYU, Α.
- but there was not negotiated that she has to come with me, it 15
- was a choice she made after I joined. 16
- 17 Was there a medical assistant there already for your use or
- if she did not come, what would have happened? 18
- 19 She was not part of the negotiations at all. It was
- 20 basically after I joined and signed the contract with NYU, they
- 21 basically asked me, we could either hire someone brand new that
- 22 you don't know and we don't know or if you have someone in
- 23 mind, you could ask them if they'd be interested because if
- 24 you're working with them and you know they're good, then we
- would much rather hire someone that you know. 25

- Q. Now, once you joined NYU, did you always meet your RVU targets?
  - Withdrawn. I think you testified that earlier and I'm not going to bore the jury with that whole round of questions again.
    - Did any patients follow you from Advantage Care to NYU?
- 7 A. Yes.

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- Q. Can you estimate what percentage of your patients followed you to NYU?
- 10 A. About 35 to 40 percent.
- Q. Now, also, did you get any referrals from other physicians when you joined NYU?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. Would that happen from time to time?
- A. Yeah, quite frequently. I had good relations with the
  doctors at Advantage Care, so they would continue referring me
  patients, but obviously the internists that I met through NYU
  were referring me a lot of patients, as well, and community
  - Q. Is it your understanding that having the title "medical director" of a large medical group or "chief of rheumatology" at a large medical group was prestigious?
- MR. LABUDA: Objection.
- 24 THE COURT: Sustained.

internists, as well.

Q. When you were working at Huntington, I believe you

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Modi - Cross

- 1 testified earlier that Dr. Edelman worked there with you one
  2 day a week?
  - A. Yes, one day a week for one or two years.
  - Q. Did you see her each day of the day she was there?
- 5 A. I mean, not necessarily because she was in a different
- 6 | hallway and I was in a different hallway. So eventually,
- 7 sometimes we'd cross paths or sometimes --
- 8 | Q. Did you develop any sense, when you were working along with
- 9 Dr. Edelman in that office, what her hours were while working
- 10 at the Huntington Medical Group?
- 11 | A. I recall her working from, I believe, 9:00 to 3:00 and then
- 12 doing administrative or having two hours in the latter part of
- 13 the day if there were urgent patients or to complete paperwork,
- 14 so she'd be there probably 9:00 to 5:00, but I think 9:00 to
- 15 | 3:00 were the patient hours.
- 16 | Q. Have you, with regard to NYU, have you done anything that
- 17 | has helped them in terms of growing their practice?
- 18 A. Yes, very much so.
- 19 | Q. And could you explain to the jury why you say that.
- 20 A. Even though my target of 6100 is my target per year, the
- 21 | last two or three years, I've been doing almost 7000 RVUs per
- 22 year.
- 23 MR. LABUDA: Objection. Move to strike. I didn't
- 24 know where the question was going, your Honor. I thought it
- 25 was during the period of time in question.

N7ICede3

Modi - Cross

- 1 | THE COURT: I'll strike the testimony.
- Q. Dr. Modi, what hours do you see patients?
- 3 A. Monday through Friday, 9:00 to 5:00.
- 4 | Q. And how many days a week do you work?
- $5 \parallel A$ . Five.
- Q. And with regard to the growth of the practice that you testified to before -- withdrawn.
- 8 Did you have a renewal contract at NYU?
- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 | Q. And I believe we looked at that before.
- 11 When that contract was renewed, did you receive a new RVU
- 12 | target?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. And what is that RVU target?
- 15 | A. It went from 59 to 61.
- 16 Q. And have you been exceeding that RVU target?
- 17 A. My RVU target for the year -- no, actually, the RVU target
- 18 remained the same, 6100. I'm sorry.
- 19 | Q. How have your RVUs been in connection with that target?
- 20 A. They've been exceeding.
- 21 MR. LABUDA: Objection.
- 22 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 23 Q. What RVUs have you produced since the renewal of your
- 24 | contract, if any?
- MR. LABUDA: Objection.

N7ICede3

Modi - Redirect

1 THE COURT: Sustained. What's the relevance of after 2020? 2 MR. STEER: It had been introduced in evidence, your 3 4 I didn't realize --Honor. 5 THE COURT: Are you asking him --6 MR. STEER: Withdrawn. 7 No further questions. 8 MR. LABUDA: Just a few, your Honor. 9 REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. LABUDA: 10 11 If I understand correctly, Dr. Modi, in terms of you 12 getting hired by NYU, you reached out to them, they didn't 13 reach out to you about employment opportunities; correct? 14 A. Correct. 15 Q. And did you have some concern about the financial instability of Advantage; is that right? That was one of the 16 17 reasons why you reached out to them? 18 A. There were rumors about it, yes, but it still stands today, 19 so they did well, I guess. 20 Q. With respect to patient following, you had given a 21 percentage of the number of patients that came over from the 22 Emblem Health HIP organization of about 35 to 40 percent. What 23 does that translate into in terms of patients when you first 24 started working in NYU in that first year, say '17 to '18, how 25 many patients would that be?

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Modi - Redirect

- A. I'd see about 20 to 25 patients a day, so out of 25

  patients a day, about seven to eight of them at least would be

  from Advantage Care.
  - Q. I can't do the math in my head. So just in terms of the number of patients that followed you in that first year, can you give your best estimate of what that is?
  - A. 35 to 40 percent of my patients followed me.
- Q. I get that, but I'm just saying what's that number? I don't know what 35 percent of what. Is that of a thousand patients?
- 11 A. I believe a panel of about 2,000 patients, so that would be about 400 patients, and that's a conservative number.
- Q. So about 400 patients followed you from Emblem over to NYU;

  correct?
- 15 A. Approximately.
- Q. And when you were negotiating your salary with NYU, you indicated that you had this strong 400-patient following;
- 18 | correct?
- 19 A. Yes.
- Q. And they indicated that that was something that was of interest to them, that it was a --
- 22 MR. STEER: Objection.
- Q. It was a financial benefit to them to have a patient following; correct?
- 25 A. We didn't negotiate that.

Modi - Redirect

- Q. But that was something you mentioned?
- 2 A. I mentioned that I think my patients are very satisfied
- 3 | with my care, and although I cannot solicit them, which would
- 4 | be illegal, I'm pretty confident that they would find me, and
- 5 | the referring doctors that I'm still friends with that still
- 6 refer to me patients from Advantage Care would continue to
- 7 refer their patients to me.
- 8 Q. And generally, in rheumatology, you have a long-term
- 9 relationship with patients as long as they're satisfied;
- 10 | correct?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. And that goes not only with you, but any doctor; correct?
- 13 A. In rheumatology, we treat a lot of autoimmune diseases that
- 14 | are lifelong, so they usually need rheumatologic care for the
- 15 rest of their life.
- 16 Q. With respect to the positions you held at I think it was
- 17 Advantage or I think it was in Hempstead, those were
- 18 administrative roles that you mentioned; correct?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 | Q. You didn't have any type of administrative role over at
- 21 | NYU; correct?
- 22 A. No.
- 23 Q. You understand, to a certain degree, how the RVU credits
- 24 | work, what you get credit for; correct?
- MR. STEER: Objection, your Honor.

- 1 THE COURT: Overruled.
  - A. Yes.

else?

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- Q. Do you have any understanding of whether or not you receive any credit for supervising infusions?
  - A. I did not get any credit for that.
- Q. And was there any difference in terms of how credits were applied from advantage versus NYU? In other words, was it the exact same system, was it a little bit different or something
- 10 A. Systems were different.
- 11 | Q. How were they different?
- 12 | A. Are you asking how I got the RVU dollar value at NYU?
- 13 | Q. I'd say start with advantage first.
- 14 A. Advantage Care, it was based on productivity and then also
- patient satisfaction score. So 20 percent of your compensation
- 16 was based on your patient satisfaction or what they call Press
- 17 | Ganey scores where patients would be randomly surveyed, and if
- 18 | they were very pleased with your care, you would get different
- 19 | tier compensation.
- 20 Q. And in contrast, NYU, there was no patient satisfaction
- 21 | component; correct?
- 22 | A. The NYU RVU dollar value was solely based on the income,
- 23 | that I wanted a 10-percent raise, which was 360 -- which ended
- 24 | up being \$360,000 divided by the annual number of RVUs I was
- 25 supposed to do.

Modi - Redirect

- 1 Is that what they told you, is that what Mr. Rubin told you? 2
- No. 3 Α.
- Is that something that you divined or something else? 4 Q.
- The \$360,000 divided by 6100 would come out to 59, and 5 that's where that number came from. 6
- 7 Comes from --Q.
- \$360,000 was the annual compensation, and in order for me 8 to make \$360,000 per year, I would have to do 6100 RVUs to make 9 10 that salary. So when you divide those numbers, it comes out to an RVU dollar value of \$59.
- 12 Q. \$59?

- 13 Α. Per RVU.
- Was that value discussed, the \$59, that that's what you 14 15 would receive, that that was how your compensation was derived when you were discussing this with Mr. Rubin and Swirnow? 16
- 17 I don't know how to answer that any better.
- 18 I'm just saying, was that component in terms of -- was 19 there some discussion about the dollar value per RVU of \$59 or 20 that there being a dollar value attendant with your salary?
- 21 A. No, what I recall was just the salary, which is what I was 22 mainly concerned about.
- 23 Just so I understand, in terms of how RVUs were calculated 24 or credited, was it the same at Advantage as it was at NYU or 25 was there a different system in terms of crediting the RVUs?

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Modi - Recross

Objection, your Honor. 1 MR. STEER:

THE COURT: 2 Basis.

MR. STEER: Form. Credited. 3

MR. LABUDA: Earned.

THE COURT: The objection is sustained as to form.

- Was there a different method at Advantage as to how you earned your RVUs as compared to NYU?
- A. Yes, it was based on a tier system of productivity. Those that produced in the top, you know, 10th percentile in the country for their specialty received a higher RVU dollar value, so I was in that top 10 percent.
- Q. Did that also follow at NYU, as well, where you got a higher dollar value than others?
- A. No, the RVU value, again, at NYU was based on my salary divided by my target RVUs that I had to make.
- And that came out to \$59 per RVU; correct? 16
- 17 A. Correct.
- 18 MR. LABUDA: I don't have any other questions. Thank 19 you.
- 20 THE COURT: Mr. Steer, any questions?
- 21 MR. STEER: Just a couple of quick ones, your Honor.
- 22 RECROSS EXAMINATION
- BY MR. STEER: 23
- 24 Dr. Modi, you talked about having a higher RVU dollar
- 25 At NYU, was the compensation system based on a dollar value.

N7ICede3 Modi - Recross

1 per RVU, is that something you were told?

MR. LABUDA: Objection. Leading.

THE COURT: Overruled.

- A. We didn't really discuss the dollar RVU. The only time they had implications is if I exceeded my RVUs, that will determine how much additional bonus I would make.
- Q. Are you aware whether RVUs are tied to what we've heard testimony of here called CPT codes?
- A. Yes.
- Q. Do RVUs have a point system that correlate with CPT codes?
- 11 | A. Yes.

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- Q. And in light of that, does CMS, centers for Medicaid services, Medicare services, do they promulgate a dollar value per RVU?
  - A. They gave an assigned number to every -- everything a physician does, whether it be see a patient, do a procedure, there is an assigned RVU value to that.
  - Q. And so the RVU values tied to procedures, does CMS have a calculation where you divide salaries by RVUs, for example?

    A. No
- 21 (Continued on next page)

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MR. STEER: No further questions, your Honor.
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               THE COURT: Mr. Labuda, anything further?
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               MR. LABUDA: No, your Honor.
               THE COURT: OK. Dr. Modi, you're excused as a
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     witness. You may step down.
6
               (Witness excused)
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               THE COURT: Plaintiff, call your next witness.
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               MR. LABUDA: We are going to re-call Dr. Edelman on
9
     brief rebuttal.
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               THE COURT: Rebuttal? There hasn't been --
               MR. LABUDA: Well, it's --
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               THE COURT: Do you object to that?
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               MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Your Honor, we object.
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               THE COURT: All right. Let me see you at sidebar.
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               (Continued on next page)
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(At sidebar)

MR. LABUDA: Your Honor, my understanding is that we were going to call all witnesses just once and that what we were doing was calling our witness -- we were calling a number of the NYU witnesses as adverse witnesses and that they were going to do their direct, and there was direct testimony that was put in concerning certain issues. So I consider that to be their case in chief, and that's why I wanted an opportunity to do a rebuttal, because we didn't know what they were going to say during their direct testimony.

THE COURT: What do you intend to cover in rebuttal?

MR. LABUDA: There was one medical chart that

Dr. Porges showed that we wanted to have Dr. Edelman discuss in terms of why she treated the patient that way. That was not raised by us.

THE COURT: Anything beyond that?

MR. LABUDA: That's it.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: So, your Honor, first of all, they were supposed to list any witnesses the day before. That was your procedure. We didn't get notice of this, so this is a surprise at the last minute.

They picked the order of witnesses. They could have presented their case any way they wanted to. They could have put her on last. They chose to put her on first. And having her go first and last wasn't one of their choices,

N7iWede4 1 respectfully. 2 MR. LABUDA: Your Honor, if I may be heard? 3 This is testimony that Dr. Porges put on today. We 4 had no opportunity to understand what he was going to say 5 today. 6 THE COURT: How long do you expect to be? 7 MR. LABUDA: Probably about five minutes. THE COURT: I'm going to permit it. On the basis that 8 9 the defendants were permitted to exceed the scope of 10 cross-examination and put on their direct testimony through 11 cross-examination, this arguably constitutes rebuttal 12 testimony. But it's limited to that one subject because 13 anything beyond that one subject would not be rebuttal 14 testimony. So you can do that. 15 MR. LABUDA: Understood. Thank you, your Honor. 16 (Continued on next page) 17 18 19 20 21 22 23

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same as a blood test?

1 (In open court) 2 THE COURT: You may re-call Dr. Edelman. Actually, you're resting your case other than Dr. 3 4 Edelman, correct? 5 MR. LABUDA: Correct. 6 THE COURT: Do defendants have any witnesses? 7 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No, your Honor. Defendants rest on the basis of the evidence they've already put on. 8 9 THE COURT: All right. Dr. Edelman may testify just 10 as limited at sidebar to that one specific subject, and that's it. 11 MR. LABUDA: Yes, your Honor. 12 13 I'd like to publish exhibit III that was introduced 14 through Dr. Porges. 15 THE COURT: You may do so. SARI EDELMAN, re-called. 16 17 DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. LABUDA: 18 If you can turn, Dr. Edelman, to page 1205, what is this 19 20 document there? This is a document that Dr. Porges had 21 referenced in his testimony. Just briefly, what is this? 22 A. This is a documentation of labs that were ordered at a 23 patient visit. So it's listed at the bottom of the note. 24 OK. And when you say labs, you mean like -- is that the

Edelman - Direct

A. Yes. So, these are blood tests. This is a patient who was being seen for a diagnosis of systemic lupus as well as antiphospholipid antibody syndrome, which are two autoimmune diseases which are monitored chronically. So this particular set of labs --

THE COURT: You're exceeding the question.

## BY MR. LABUDA:

- Q. Did you order these lab tests for this particular patient?
- A. I did.
  - Q. And why did you do that?
    - A. I did that based on the diagnosis. It's standard of care in rheumatology to monitor disease activity and disease state as well as to monitor for toxicities to medications.

This particular patient was on a particular medicine for her lupus that needed to be monitored, and that includes a panel, which is broken down here. This is the individual tests. This is not a bunch of different panels. So the full panel monitors the patient's white count, blood cell counts as well as platelet counts, which are common tests to assess when someone's on chronic therapy to make sure they're not having side effects.

There's also liver function testing and kidney function testing and the comprehensive metabolic panel. The inflammatory markers are the sedimentation rate and CRP. In order to measure disease state in lupus, you need those scores

to determine how active the disease is and to predict if someone's going to have a flare.

The urine testing is usually done quarterly in lupus.

That's also standard of care. Typically, in lupus patients, there are no symptoms early on if lupus attacks the kidney. So monitoring three to four times a year is standard so that we can detect disease early and intervene so someone doesn't present late stage and end up needing a kidney transplant or more aggressive therapies.

The other testing is for these autoimmune clotting antibodies, which is associated with a patient's other disease state in rheumatology, which is called antiphospholipid syndrome. This is a condition where patient is prone to clotting events. These are not diagnostic tests. These cardiolipin antibodies and these beta 2 glycoprotein antibodies, these are actually pathogenic antibodies. When they go up, they could indicate that they could be more aggressive and cause a problem with that patient. So monitoring that quarterly as well helps to intervene. If we see that those are increased, then we know the disease is becoming active before someone has a life-threatening event, like a blood clot in the leg, the lung or a stroke.

THE COURT: OK. I think we're done.

MR. LABUDA: OK. Thank you.

THE COURT: Cross-examination.

(At sidebar)

THE COURT: OK. I intend to tell the jury that that concludes the presentation of evidence in the case; that I'm going to let them go home for the afternoon and for the evening, to return at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning for closing statements and for my charge. And then we'll proceed to the charge conference and to the defendants' motion. Defendants' motion first and then the charge conference.

Any objection to that?

MR. LABUDA: No, your Honor.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: The plan for tomorrow, just so you'll know, is you're going to do defense closing, then plaintiff closing. All of that's going to be done by 11 o'clock. We're going to take a break. I'm going to give them a break at that point, 11 o'clock, 11:15. And then we'll come back for my charge and then to deliver it. All right.

MR. STEER: Thank you.

(Continued on next page)

(In open court)

THE COURT: Members of the jury, that concludes the presentation of the evidence in this case. It's now about 12:25, so I'm going to let you go home for the afternoon and for the evening.

Tomorrow we will begin with the closing statements that you'll have from the lawyers and then with my instructions to you as to the law, and then you will retire to deliberate.

As a reminder, we'll have breakfast for you at 8:30. Please be here at 8:45. And then tomorrow we will have lunch for you while you deliberate.

You've not heard the instructions from me, you have not heard the summations, so please keep an open mind until you hear the summations and until you hear my instructions. Don't talk to each other about the case. Don't talk to anybody else about the case. Please don't do any research about the case.

Again, enjoy your afternoon. Enjoy your evening. See you here tomorrow morning.

Thank you.

(Continued on next page)

(Jury not present)

THE COURT: All right. Be seated.

I take it defendants have a motion.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Schoenstein.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Your Honor, defendants move for a directed verdict on pretty much the entirety of the case for the record. I'm going to go issue by issue for the record so we have it down.

The Court is familiar with the standards for a directed verdict motion, as set forth in *Casmento v. Volmar Construction*, 2022 WL 15773966. In this case, under Rule 50, directed verdict is appropriate because the evidence in favor of movant is so overwhelming that reasonable and fair-minded persons could not arrive at a verdict against it.

Let me start with the parties.

Of the corporate parties, the only correct party here is NYU Grossman School of Medicine. That is the employer of plaintiff as it is currently known. None of those other entities employ her. There is no evidence of any involvement of any of them, other than she read their names in some of the documents. And that's not evidence of what any of them did. They're not needed for the case. NYU Grossman School of Medicine is a division of NYU itself, so we don't need any of these other corporations. They confuse and confound the jury.

They should all be eliminated.

THE COURT: And I take it that if a verdict was returned against NYU Grossman School of Medicine -- is that a legal entity that could satisfy a judgment?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: That is a division of NYU itself, which is a legal entity, and there is zero question about judgment satisfaction in this case, your Honor. Zero. I mean hopefully there won't be one, but if there was.

THE COURT: OK.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Now, the Equal Pay Act claim, your Honor, has not been substantiated.

First of all, she was not doing a substantial -- a job with substantially equal skill, effort and responsibility of the comparators. She was below all three of them in productivity. Two of them, Goldberg and Porges, had different jobs and responsibilities. Modi was much more productive. She was not doing substantially equal work, which is the second factor, because her RVUs were substantially less than the others. But really where this case turns on the Equal Pay Act is the affirmative defense of a factor other than sex.

Respectfully, your Honor, there is no evidence that sex played any role in this, so the only factors that went into a determination of the pay were factors other than sex, and no reasonable juror could disagree about that. The evidence is uniform that salary setters considered financial circumstances;

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experience; reputation; business plans, where they had them; compensation needs, where they were advanced by the applicants; etc. Those are factors other than sex, and no other jury -- no reasonable jury could decide otherwise.

Separately, your Honor, the willfulness part of the Equal Pay Act must be dismissed. I cite McLaughlin v. Richland Shoe, 486 U.S. 128. Willfulness depends on a finding that the employer either knew or showed reckless disregard for the matter of whether its conduct was prohibited by the statute. There is zero evidence of disregard by any of the defendants. In fact, the evidence is that they cleared salaries with legal. They cleared salaries with HR. They did outside surveys of salary, both to benchmark and to check gender disparity. There is no evidence that anybody intentionally ignored or willfully ignored law. And the willfulness part should be dropped even if you leave in the Equal Pay Act claims.

Now, your Honor asked yesterday why should you do this now instead of after the jury decides, and the answer is simple: Prejudice. It is prejudicial to have claims go to the jury that are not supported by the evidence. They may consider them in rendering verdicts on the other parts of the case. It makes them more likely to find discrimination if they're thinking about equal pay than if the equal pay part is taken out. So it needs to be addressed now.

It will also shorten our closing arguments

considerably. But that's not really a factor. The fact is the prejudice. It increases the chance, your Honor, of a compromised verdict if we leave in the case claims that don't belong there. If we leave stuff like willfulness that doesn't belong there, it increases the possibility that the jury will compromise on something in the middle, when the far end of the spectrum has no support whatsoever and should not go to the jury.

I want to turn to retaliation.

THE COURT: I suppose that argument turns upon me finding that there is some part of the plaintiff's case that would survive a renewed motion.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Oh, yes.

THE COURT: If there's not, then even a compromise verdict wouldn't stand.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Well, that's true, your Honor. That's true.

Retaliation, your Honor.

There was no protected activity, and I say that because the complaints here were about office space, not about discrimination. I'm going to cite a case called *Robinson v*.

DeNiro, recently decided, on May 25, 2023 --

THE COURT: I'm aware of it.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: -- by a very good judge.

You will see at pages 90 to 91 of your decision, your

Honor, you addressed that buzz words like "harassment" and "toxic work environment" do not establish protected activity.

Now, remember, plaintiff's communications never said anything about anyone calling her a bitch. Her communications were that she felt slightly intimidated because a tall guy came into her office and waved his arms. Those were not complaints about discrimination, fairly read. They were not understood by NYU to be complaints about discrimination. There is no testimony that NYU regarded those as actual discrimination, so it was not protected activity on the part, which is a predicate for the retaliation claim.

Secondly, it did not cause an adverse employment action. All iterations of retaliation claims, be they Title VII, state law or city law, require proof of causation. There is no such proof in this case. Temporally, it's not close. The allegations, the complaints end in November of 2020, 14 months -- well, at least 12 months -- before the alleged adverse employment actions. And the testimony uniformly -- every single witness -- was that the prior complaints about office space had nothing to do with the decision to nonrenew the contract, your Honor.

The decision was made, agree with it or not, based on the assessment of her clinical practice. So retaliation should be dismissed against everybody, but let me also break it down by defendant, because there are individual defendants here, and

they do not belong in the case.

I should add, by the way, that all of the arguments on Equal Pay Act are even stronger as against the individual defendants, Mr. Rubin and Mr. Swirnow, that they should be taken out of the Equal Pay Act claims and the willfulness claims whether or not you take out the others.

But on retaliation, Antonik didn't do anything to retaliate. He was asked to put forward some emails, and he did. He actually took notes from another employee, Ms. Ruiz, the most credible witness I've ever seen, and gave them to somebody else, as requested. That's not retaliation.

Mr. Kaplan, he didn't do anything. He said stop, put it in writing and send it to the people who make these decisions. If that is retaliation, we are going down a really bad path.

Mr. Swirnow didn't do anything. He was involved in discussions, but he didn't take an action or make a decision or do anything that would be retaliation.

And Mr. Rubin, although he was the ultimate decision-maker, he was the most removed from the complaints that were supposedly being retaliated against. And his testimony is unimpeachable that he didn't take any of the prior complaints into consideration. He was considering only the clinical factors, and you can't have a retaliation claim against Mr. Rubin.

THE COURT: Could you on a cat's-paw-type theory? I mean assume that there is evidence that Dr. Porges was aware of the complaint and assume that there's evidence that Dr. Porges was motivated by some animus to the plaintiff and that Mr. Rubin was manipulated. Would that support a claim against him or just against NYU?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I think just against NYU. If
Mr. Rubin is manipulated by others that he is considering in
good faith, I don't think there's any claim against Mr. Rubin.
I think he would have to be out. And the evidence is just
overwhelming that he was basing his decision, in good faith, on
what he was told by the people he relies upon at NYU.

Mr. Steer's handing me a note about cat's-paw. Of course, there is no evidence of animus by Dr. Porges, but I know your Honor was giving me a hypothetical.

So let me turn to what's left in the case, which is the discrimination claim itself, which on summary judgment has been limited to the issue of sexist remarks. That is the issue that brings us a case on discrimination. And your Honor here, too, there is no evidence sufficient to have a discrimination claim.

Let me start with "smile," "fake it till you make it" and "calm down." Those are not gender-specific comments, and I cite Cadet-Legros v. N.Y. Univ. Hosp. Ctr., 135 A.D.3d 196, from the First Department. Generic terms like "tirade" and "a

leopard does not change its spots" were not racially coded language in the context of that case, and "smile" is not racially coded in this case. I cite for your Honor also Marseille v. Mount Sinai Hosp., 2022 WL 1470098. In that it was the term "aggressive." It was a race-neutral term it would not support. Telling somebody to smile is not discrimination.

As I'm going to say to the jury tomorrow, if I have to, we should all smile more.

Now, that leaves the alleged "bitch" comment.

THE COURT: Just refresh me. "Smile" and "fake it till you make it," were these Rubin and --

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Smile --

THE COURT: -- presence?

What's the evidence?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Yes. The evidence is that there was a meeting in 2017, where Dr. Edelman's issues with her staff first came to the attention, and she went in to see Mr. Rubin and Mr. Swirnow. And she testifies — and no one else really confirmed or expressly denied it — that Mr. Rubin suggested she smile and that she fake it till she makes it. And Mr. Rubin did not recall saying that, but —

THE COURT: I remember his testimony.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: The "calm down" comment is the only comment attributed to Mr. Kaplan. That's his conversation with her in 2020. She says he called her doctor and told her to

calm down and that that somehow was discriminatory.

So if we take out all of those, we are left with the allegation that Mr. Antonik muttered the word "bitch," not that he called her a bitch, not that he yelled bitch at her but that he muttered it. As your Honor knows, the laws do not impose a general civility code. Petty slights are not enough to substantiate a discrimination claim. I point again to the Robinson case, at page 115, and also Williams v. N.Y. City Hous. Auth., 61 A.D.3d 62, another First Department case, under the New York City law, which your Honor mentioned yesterday. And it's "petty slights and trivial inconveniences" are not enough to sustain a discrimination count even under the city claim.

Similarly, stray remarks are not enough. I cite for the Court Fruchtman v. City of N.Y., 129 A.D.3d 500. "Stray derogatory remarks, without more," do not constitute evidence of discrimination; and Harris v. Forklift Systems, 510 U.S. 17, "mere utterance of an...epithet which engenders offensive feelings in an employee does not sufficiently affect conditions of employment to implicate Title VII." So the Supreme Court case is a Title VII case. Title VII claims should go, but also the city claims.

THE COURT: There is no Title VII discrimination claim. It's only the city claim.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Oh, you're right. Fair enough.

Also, your Honor, with respect to the 2017 comments, they would be time-barred, right? Because the complaint wasn't filed until January of 2021, so none of the 2017 remarks could come in.

THE COURT: Does that include the "calm down" from Mr. Kaplan?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No. "Calm down" from Mr. Kaplan is 2020. The 2020 remarks are Mr. Kaplan saying, "Calm down, Doctor," or "Doctor, calm down," and Mr. Antonik allegedly muttering the word "bitch."

Let me go here again for the Court by individual defendant, because all four defendants are named on this claim.

Mr. Swirnow, there's no proof that he said anything ever at any time that was considered discriminatory, in 2017, 2020, or ever. So he's out.

Mr. Kaplan simply said "calm down," allegedly, in a conversation where he was very polite and left immediately when he was requested to do so by plaintiff. So he has to be out.

Mr. Rubin said only, in 2017, allegedly, "smile more" and "fake it till you make it." Those are out by statute of limitations. They are also out because they are not sufficient to set forth a discrimination claim.

That leaves Mr. Antonik, and the sole basis, the only basis is this claim that he muttered the word "bitch." And I know your Honor will not take out that part of the case simply

because it's not an allegation that was made anytime while plaintiff was employed by NYU or in the complaint or in the amended complaint or in the second amended complaint. That's for argument to the jury. But existing alone, that one-word muttering cannot support a discrimination claim under any of the laws at issue in this case.

Finally, your Honor, I turn to damages.

Whether or not you leave any claims in the case will affect this, but let me address a few specific things.

Plaintiffs are still claiming back pay and front pay. There is no back pay proof in the case. There's no loss of revenue. She didn't go a day unemployed or miss a check. So they have only front pay, and the front pay, as I understand it, is based on retirement benefits. And I'll say to the plaintiff the same thing that I've been saying to all of our witnesses: Where are the documents?

There's no proof of any retirement benefits that she had or lost. There's no documentary proof that she doesn't get retirement benefits now. It is very short, unspecific testimony by her, so front pay should be out.

The pain and suffering claim was limited to \$50,000 in the pretrial submission. Suddenly, in the amended disclosures we got the other night, it had a \$250,000 number. They're not going to give the jury a number, but for the record, that portion of their case must be limited to the 50,000 that was in

their pretrial submission.

And that leaves us, your Honor, with punitive damages.

Respectfully, no jury could award punitive damages on this record. There is no evidence of the type of gross behavior or conduct that willfully or wantonly causes harm to another. They don't approach meeting the standard of punitive damages, and it should be removed from the charge if any of these claims remain, again, so that there's no risk of a compromise verdict, so there's no risk of the jury saying, well, we won't give her punitive damages, but we'll give her some compensatory damages. It's prejudicial to go forward without an evidentiary basis.

Thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you.

All right. I'll hear from the plaintiff responses with respect to anything that the plaintiff wants to respond to but, in particular, why any corporate defendant, if anybody stays in the case, should stay in other than the NYU Grossman School of Medicine; why willfulness should stay in the case; why any of the individuals should stay in the case; and why, in particular, any of the individuals with respect to the discrimination claim, other than perhaps Antonik; and then finally, why I should instruct on punitive damages.

MR. KATAEV: I'll address each of them seriatim, your Honor.

There is no evidence in the case with respect to the corporate defendants on both sides. There's an agreement that the NYU Grossman School of Medicine employed her, but that's a division of NYU. They did not specify which corporate entity of NYU it's a division of. Moreover, the contract --

THE COURT: If there's no evidence in the case with respect to the corporate defendants on both sides and you've got the burden, isn't it game over?

MR. KATAEV: No, your Honor, because the contract specifically provides who the employer is, and it makes reference to all of those corporate entities. And we pointed that out during the plaintiff's testimony. The jury can make a determination based on what the contract says and based on what the testimony was.

It's also a factual inquiry that should go to the jury.

Moving on to the EPA, this is a very fact-intensive issue. There's been testimony about Drs. Porges, Goldberg and Modi. The defendants have shifting explanations for each defendant. None of them is consistent.

For example, they reference this clinical and research work and the administrative work. Everyone agrees that the administrative work was only 5 to 10 percent of effort. Each doctor consistently testified that the primary duty was seeing patients. Substantially equal is substantially equal. It's

not totally equal, and so there's enough evidence in the record to permit the jury to make that finding on their own. And that's with respect to substantially equal work.

When looking at effort, skill and responsibility, there's also evidence in the record as to that. Dr. Modi was paid substantially more than Dr. Edelman despite the fact that they're very similar in their training and background and education, and in fact, Dr. Modi was paid even more than Dr. Porges initially. I understand there's a discrepancy, so to speak, for lack of a better term, with respect to when they started, but the fact is the starting salary for Dr. Modi, a less experienced doctor than Dr. Porges, was substantially higher.

The Court also heard evidence about the fact that Dr. Edelman lived near Huntington, and she would have been able to take on that role, especially if she was offered the same salary, and there was testimony that that was never offered to her.

Turning then to the defendants' defense based on a factor other than sex, they did not argue anything about quantity or quality, so I just want to make a reference that plaintiff believes that should be removed from the jury charge.

The only defense is a factor other than sex, and again, there are shifting explanations in that regard. Judge Schofield covered this extensively in her opinion at Dkt. entry

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155. The explanation for why one doctor was paid more does not apply consistently with why another male doctor was paid more. So they have to apply their explanations doctor by doctor in order for it to work. It doesn't work that way. It's a totality-of-the-circumstances test. They say there's no evidence that sex played a role, but the evidence is that the female doctors earned substantially less.

We heard Dr. Mehta's testimony, an independent, In fact, she would be more biased to her unbiased witness. current employer. She conceded on the stand that it was unfair that she received less pay and had to do more work than Dr. Goldberg. His effort for administrative duties was 10 percent, your Honor. He was paid \$25,000 for that work. He spent time seeing patients. He was so busy seeing patients his bonus for the 1 percent was off the charts. That's why his compensation increased so much. It doesn't make any sense. Ιt doesn't jibe. They don't meet unequivocally the factor-other-than-sex test for their affirmative defense. They have not met their burden, and the jury should decide that.

Going to willfulness, I have case law that I'd like to place on the record on this issue. They say that there's zero evidence of disregard. First of all, Mr. Rubin testified at his deposition and confirmed at trial that he did not even know about the Equal Pay Act. Not knowing about a law that's been enacted since 1963, approaching its 50th anniversary, is

reckless disregard, your Honor. You have to know about these laws if you're setting these salaries for 3,600 doctors. He admitted he didn't know about it.

He further admitted that he didn't do any statistical analysis and that he never compared the salaries to find out if there's any sort of discrepancy in the pay. So just going to some of the cases, Hulsen v. Burlington School District, a District of Vermont case, 2021 WL 6750970.

THE COURT: Let me ask you about willfulness. Juries are instructed on willfulness when the statute of limitations with respect to the Equal Pay Act is at issue. That's not a question here. Willfulness is not an element under the Equal Pay Act. Even if there was evidence that would support willfulness, why should I instruct the jury on that? Doesn't that go to good faith, which ultimately is a question for the Court?

MR. KATAEV: For the federal Equal Pay Act, it does, your Honor, but under the New York Labor Law, if there's a finding of willfulness, there is an added 300 percent of liquidated damages, and that's why it's important.

THE COURT: But again, it's not an element, is it, of either violation, state or federal?

MR. KATAEV: I believe that under the New York Labor Law, it is, your Honor.

THE COURT: OK. You'll brief that to me by 5 o'clock.

Same with the defendants.

MR. KATAEV: Willfulness as an element under the New York Labor Law, correct?

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. KATAEV: OK.

Both Hulsen and another case, Zhengfang Liang v. Cafe Spice SB, 911 F.Supp.2d 184, both of those stand for the proposition that willfulness is a fact-intensive inquiry that must go to the jury. Pollis, 132 F.3d 115, Second Circuit decision, covering willfulness in general.

I want to cover some cases that touch upon the testimony that we've heard to explain why the jury should consider this. There's a case called Banford v. Entergy Nuclear Operations, Inc., 74 F.Supp.3d 658. I believe the Second Circuit did reverse it but on other grounds. There, the court, on a Rule 50 motion, found that there was a reckless disregard such that willfulness could be found because there was no analysis of the information concerning pay. That's the case here. There was no analysis of the information concerning pay.

Also, the defendants rely on the testimony that they consulted about pay, but they didn't provide any real detail about the substance of those conversations. That's covered in *Knox v. Varvatos*, a recent case in the Southern District of New York, Equal Pay Act, and it's 512 F.Supp.3d 470. There, just

like here, there was testimony about consulting, but there was no actual substance about what was discussed, and the court there found that the willfulness finding by the jury should stand. Notably, the willfulness question did go to the jury in that recent case.

And finally, there's another case. It's called Chepak v. N.Y.C. Health & Hosps. Corp., 2015 WL 509279, and there, the court discusses a finding of willfulness based on indifference to the requirements under the EPA based on the fact that many of the witnesses confirmed that they did not look at or compare the salaries of males versus females. We would submit that the jury could make a finding that they were indifferent, and that would show a reckless disregard and that's enough for willfulness. So I think there's no question that willfulness should go to the jury. They'll have a second shot at a postverdict Rule 50 motion, defendants will.

And the argument about --

THE COURT: Retaliation.

MR. KATAEV: I just wanted to address the arguments about prejudice briefly.

Defendants argue that there's prejudice in allowing willfulness to go to them. The jury charge doesn't explain the import of willfulness. They're looking at this blindly, and they will decide willfulness as a matter of fact. And they won't have any understanding that it will impact the damages in

this case.

Also, the finding of willfulness is a fact-intensive inquiry. Our charge is very separate and distinct as to willfulness under the Equal Pay Act versus the elements of Title VII and the New York State and city human rights law.

Going to retaliation --

THE COURT: I should have mentioned there are issues for you to address, and I'm sure you will, whether any of the defendants stay in on retaliation.

MR. KATAEV: I'm prepared to discuss that.

THE COURT: OK. The individual defendants I mean.

MR. KATAEV: Understood. And yes.

Focusing, first, broadly on retaliation, the defendants submit that this was just, it was understood as an office-space issue. And maybe a jury could find that that was the case with the initial complaint. I want to read into the record some of the stuff from exhibit 21, which is the initial complaint. These are the notes by Ms. Pacina, that she wrote down. She said, among other things, that "employee wants to make a complaint against Joe Antonik"; "he was intimidating, throwing his arms around and pointing at things"; "her heart was racing"; "very uncomfortable."

THE COURT: You agree that that would not support a claim of discrimination.

MR. KATAEV: That by itself wouldn't, but the conduct

is at issue, and I think --

of discrimination. It's not gender discrimination for somebody to be intimidating, whether that person is a male or a female. Put another way, the fact that somebody happens to have the genetic features of a male and the physical features of a male doesn't make the threatening activity to be gender discrimination.

MR. KATAEV: I respectfully disagree, your Honor. I think there was testimony on this point, that Mr. Antonik would not have acted that way if it was a male doctor. And I believe Dr. Edelman testified that were it not for the fact that she was a female, he would have never spoken to her that way.

THE COURT: You're not going to support a verdict on that basis.

MR. KATAEV: That brings me to my second point on this issue, your Honor, and you have to keep in mind that Ms. Pacina wrote this while she was speaking to Dr. Edelman, and she did not write everything down. And there's this factual issue about the March 13 date and no original date being set there. So there's some potential inference that things could have been edited.

Dr. Edelman clearly testified that Mr. Antonik muttered the word "bitch" during this confrontation. Coupled with this comment and his conduct, there could be a finding

that that interaction was motivated by discriminatory animus.

THE COURT: Why wouldn't that just be a petty slight?

MR. KATAEV: It wouldn't be a petty slight, your Honor, because based on the facts and circumstances of this case, in a medical office, in a professional environment, this rises way above a petty slight or trivial inconvenience.

Doctors are given respect in the world at large. People respect doctors, and people don't call doctors a bitch,

especially a person who is a site director.

THE COURT: Basically what you're asking me to do is accept the proposition that it's OK to use that in a blue collar setting, but because this person happens to have gone to osteopathy school, it's not OK.

MR. KATAEV: I understand the Court's concerns with that, but in terms of reviewing the totality of the circumstances, I think that the place where it occurred is relevant, your Honor, and it should be considered.

There's also a concern that she raised in this complaint about being concerned about being physically assaulted. That should go together with the comment and the general conduct that occurred.

The jury had an opportunity to observe Mr. Antonik.

They saw how big he was. They saw how he responded to questions. They saw his demeanor, and they should have the right to make that determination. Again, defendants would not

be prejudiced by the jury making a finding because they still have an opportunity to make a motion thereafter.

Even if the jury could potentially find that this first complaint did not reference any gender discrimination, they certainly can't find that with respect to the September 25, 2019, email, which came a little short of a week later. She references in that email, exhibit 74, page Bates stamped D1050, this was a matter of inappropriate conduct. She considered this a form of bullying in the workplace. She felt that it was an attempt to corner her. Mr. Kaplan had a condescending tone. She needs to be able to work in a nonhostile environment, and as a female physician at NYU, she's disappointed she still has to contend with male chauvinism. And there's no world in which an HR professional doesn't see these as buzz words. Ms. Pacina was just not reliable on that point, and the jury should be able to decide whether Dr. Edelman actually engaged in the protected activity.

Also, under the New York State human rights law, which was amended in 2019, that law is now more in line with the New York City Human Rights Law, which focuses on whether Dr.

Edelman was treated less well as a female. The allegations here rise to that level, to meet the standard of being treated less well.

You also heard evidence about IT issues. Dr. Porges testified that his IT issues were few and far between, and they

Edelman's --

were handled quickly.

THE COURT: No, no. That's out of the case. The only thing that's in the case on discrimination is the couple of comments. We're talking about retaliation, so why don't you march through retaliation, and then you can get to the couple of comments on discrimination.

MR. KATAEV: I would just also say that all the evidence that the defendants rely on in terms of retaliation is self-serving. They don't --

THE COURT: So is yours.

MR. KATAEV: But we have documents, your Honor.

THE COURT: I don't think so.

Go ahead.

MR. KATAEV: The point is, your Honor, that this is also a fact-intensive inquiry that requires an assessment of the totality of the circumstances, and the lack of evidence by the defendants, the lack of documentary evidence, the cloak and dagger -- "I'll call you"; "fill me in on what happened" -- no memorialization, is something that the jury should consider as to whether there was a retaliatory motive involved in Dr.

THE COURT: Let's walk through the individual defendants.

Antonik, there's no evidence whatsoever of his involvement in an action that would constitute an adverse

employment action, is there?

MR. KATAEV: No. I would beg to differ, your Honor.

The evidence is that Dr. Porges was made aware of clinical concerns by Mr. Antonik. That's what the evidence showed. Dr. Porges tried to --

THE COURT: No. The hostile work environment here is the nonrenewal of her contract and the termination. That's what you've told me to tell the jury. So what is Antonik's involvement in that?

MR. KATAEV: He started the whole process to get her nonrenewed.

THE COURT: He arguably started a process which led through a chain of events to her not being renewed. Maybe you can make that argument, although I think the evidence is fairly powerful that really what starts it is Dr. Porges's concerns about her medical practice. But assuming that it starts with Antonik, he doesn't have any involvement, does he, in the adverse action? He doesn't know that it's happened.

MR. KATAEV: Your Honor, I beg to differ. He started it. The whole thing snowballed.

THE COURT: Tell me what the evidence is that Antonik had a role and then tell me what the evidence is that Kaplan had a role and then tell me the evidence that Swirnow had a role and then tell me the evidence that Rubin knew about the employment complaint, not about the dispute as to office space.

MR. KATAEV: Antonik is the initial email. That's Defendants' Exhibit 86, and his direct report and his eyes and ears at suite 306 was Ms. Ruiz. Ms. Ruiz prepared this report. The first incident is November of 2019, after the September 25 complaint.

September 25 to November 13 is a little less than a month and a half. OK? And so she prepares this log that he uses almost 14 months later to, word for word, and, in fact, changes some things in there to submit later on. And Judge Schofield covered this in her decision on summary judgment, Dkt. entry 155. Based on the fact that the complaint came in in September of '19 and the log started being maintained in November of '19 and based on the fact that Dr. Edelman could not be terminated except for cause, the inference is that they waited until the first opportunity to strike. So Mr. Antonik started the snowball that became the avalanche. OK?

THE COURT: Is there any evidence that when Mr. Antonik was asked by Dr. Porges to provide information of the reason, that Mr. Antonik was told the reason why he was being asked for that information or that he was told how it would be used?

MR. KATAEV: There is none of that. Nothing's memorialized, but the fact is Dr. Porges conceded that Mr. Antonik brought these clinical concerns to his attention. He's the site director, and these patient complaints come to

him. He came to Dr. Porges and told him, There are clinical concerns with Dr. Edelman; you should look into that.

THE COURT: All right. Let's go to the next defendant.

Mr. Kaplan.

MR. KATAEV: Mr. Kaplan testified that he was aware of the complaint, and the complaint had been made against him after September 25.

THE COURT: He also testified, and I thought the testimony was uniform, that he was not involved in the decision to nonrenew the plaintiff. Is there any testimony to the contrary? What are you going to point to to show that he had any involvement in the decision to nonrenew her?

MR. KATAEV: Your Honor, the fact is that he didn't have the power to terminate her. He's a facilities director. He can't terminate any physician. I asked him that during his cross, and he agreed with me that he didn't have the power to do it. So the only way to have her terminated was to participate with Mr. Antonik in this, and he testified that Mr. Antonik made him aware of the complaint and he got a complaint made against him.

THE COURT: But tell me what the evidence is of his involvement in the decision to nonrenew. Assume that I agree with you that somebody doesn't need to have the formal authority to nonrenew to be held liable for an adverse

employment action; they still need to have had some involvement. What's your best evidence that he had some involvement?

MR. KATAEV: He solicited the email and he provided the deadline to Dr. Porges, which is very strange behavior, because Dr. Porges agreed and Mr. Kaplan agreed that it is not usual for Dr. Porges to go to Kaplan with a clinical care concern. Mr. Kaplan's not qualified to handle clinical care concerns.

And there's evidence in the record also that when Dr. Porges needed to, he had a direct line to Mr. Swirnow and Mr. Rubin. When he wanted his clinical director title, he went directly to them. So why is he going to Mr. Kaplan instead? It doesn't make any sense.

THE COURT: OK. What's your best evidence with respect to Mr. Swirnow on retaliation?

MR. KATAEV: Mr. Swirnow got involved in the complaint when he spoke to Dr. Edelman over the phone. They resolved the issue underlying the complaint, focusing on the space issue. Following that complaint, following the resolution of the space issue, there's testimony that Dr. Edelman told Mr. Swirnow directly: I made a complaint and I expect it to be resolved. I am not drooping it.

And you saw the subsequent email, your Honor, where Ms. Hall relayed what happened in the conversation with

Mr. Swirnow, that he had with Dr. Edelman, and they asked at the end, Can you please circle back — to Pacina, can you please circle back and see whether she still wants to pursue the complaint. He had knowledge of the complaint.

THE COURT: OK.

With respect to Mr. Rubin, my recollection of the testimony is that Mr. Rubin testified pretty unambiguously that he was not aware of any employment complaint. He was aware, perhaps he was aware, I think he was aware of the space complaint. What's the evidence that he knew about the employment complaint or from which the jury could infer that he knew about the employment complaint at the time the decision is taking place.

MR. KATAEV: Two things, and it's very simple. No. 1, I asked him directly, you were aware of the HR complaint made by Dr. Edelman, and he confirmed that he was. And I showed him his testimony.

THE COURT: No, but he said as to that that he was aware of the complaint with respect to space.

MR. KATAEV: Yes, your Honor. That was also a self-serving statement, but the inference is very easy.

Because he worked right next to Mr. Swirnow and their offices are close to each other and they worked extensively on these issues, because Mr. Swirnow was made aware of it and Mr. Swirnow was Mr. Rubin's right hand, the inference can be

made that he obviously knew about it as well.

THE COURT: OK.

All right. You want to address discrimination and punitive damages.

MR. KATAEV: Yes, your Honor.

We understand that it's limited to sexist remarks.

The sexist remarks are being told to smile more, fake it until you make it.

THE COURT: Aren't those barred by the statute of limitations?

MR. KATAEV: No, your Honor. I would submit that the continuing violation doctrine would apply, or at least the parties should be given an opportunity to brief that issue.

Dr. Edelman complained extensively about various issues. I understand some of them have been dismissed, but with respect to the remarks at least, there should be an analysis about the continuing violations doctrine to see if this falls within the ambit.

With respect to Mr. Kaplan, she was being told to calm down. I don't know about the Court or anyone else here, but whenever I tell someone to calm down, it usually never works. But it's been known colloquially that that's a sexist remark, telling a female to calm down. And the jury experiences life as we do, and they take those life experiences with them to determine things of this nature. You know, being referred to

as "Doctor, Doctor," and being placated, instead of having the concerns addressed, that's all conduct indicative of discriminatory animus.

And so the evidence is clear. There was a directive to deal with office space. That directive came from Mr. Rubin and Mr. Swirnow. Mr. Antonik and Mr. Kaplan were charged with making this happen, and they set about their goal and they didn't care how anyone was affected; it just had to be done. And so they didn't take Dr. Edelman's concerns into regard when they went about carrying out their duty.

Again, the jury saw the demeanor of the witnesses.

They heard them deny the allegations, and it's up to the jury to decide -- did they make these comments? Did they act in this way? And again, it's a totality-of-the-circumstances test, so the jury should decide that issue.

THE COURT: OK. Do you have anything on Swirnow on discrimination?

MR. KATAEV: Can I have one second, your Honor?

Your Honor, we would concede that point as to

Mr. Swirnow. There was no evidence about him saying anything

wrong. He was gentlemanly in the way he handled the issue. He

did what the other defendants failed to.

THE COURT: OK.

MR. KATAEV: I think the last issue I have is damages.

THE COURT: Yes. Back pay, front pay, punitive

damages.

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$  KATAEV: I think we can concede with respect to back pay.

THE COURT: OK.

MR. KATAEV: I think that the jury is being instructed about back pay and front pay, but the Court is deciding that issue anyway. The bottom line is that --

THE COURT: So I'm not going to instruct the jury with respect to back pay if there's no evidence with respect to back pay.

MR. KATAEV: That's fine, your Honor.

With respect to front pay, Dr. Edelman testified as to the amount. She didn't provide any documents, but the jury's entitled to give her testimony the weight that they decide to give it.

THE COURT: OK.

And then with respect to punitive damages.

MR. KATAEV: I think the evidence here shows, your Honor, that there was concerted activity by the individual defendants. Like I said before, there was a lot of cloak and dagger. They memorialized the complaint against Dr. Edelman. They did not memorialize any of their discussions. You would think if this was a genuine decision not to renew her based on clinical care concerns, they would speak to her about it. They would try to "remediate," which is a fancy word for fix.

They didn't make any effort to do any of that, and anytime there was any discussion about this issue, nothing was memorialized. And I think the jury understands that, and we covered that extensively. So to the extent that these individuals at NYU carried out a plan to retaliate against the doctor for not meeting their directives about office space, that's something that should go to the jury to decide. And this Court can, of course, correct any error that the jury makes with respect to the calculation of those damages.

THE COURT: OK. Anything else?

MR. KATAEV: I'm just going to check my notes, your Honor.

Just to clarify about the individual defendants' role in retaliation -- not with respect to Mr. Rubin and Mr. Swirnow; I covered that. But with respect to Messrs. Kaplan and Antonik, they had a motive to retaliate against her based on the complaint brought against them. You recall Mr. Antonik testified he wasn't thrilled or wasn't crazy about having the complaint brought against him.

I think that's all I have.

THE COURT: OK.

MR. KATAEV: I'm sorry. One last thing.

THE COURT: OK.

MR. KATAEV: The plaintiff views the defendants' motion as an attempt to relitigate the summary judgment

decision and this Court should not permit it; the defendants are trying to relitigate the summary judgment motion and the Court should not permit that.

THE COURT: Let me make one comment with respect to that and how I'm going to view this.

Summary judgment is an order that allows the plaintiff to put on the case. Evidence may be presented at summary judgment that may not be presented at a trial. At the end of the day, the summary judgment decision is subsumed within the final judgment. The fact that the plaintiff might have survived summary judgment doesn't entitle the plaintiff to go to the jury on a claim. The plaintiff still has to present evidence in court from which the jury could return a verdict for the plaintiff.

That's how I'm going to view this, and I'm going to take it under advisement. I'll let you know my rulings.

That leaves the jury instructions and the charge.

It's now 1:15. I'm not sure how much folks have on the charge. If it's very, very little, we could do it right now. Otherwise, I'll have you back at 2 o'clock. I don't want to shortcut anything. You can all think about the charge.

What's the plaintiff's preference?

MR. LABUDA: Either way, your Honor. It may be better for us to just do one last look.

THE COURT: Then come back at 2 o'clock.

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MR. LABUDA: We'd be leaning towards that. 1 THE COURT: What is defendants' view? 2 3 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Well, Mr. Steer's going to handle 4 it, so I leave it to him. 5 MR. STEER: I think 2 o'clock does make sense. THE COURT: OK. Why don't you all come back here at 2 6 7 o'clock. I do have a criminal matter on at 3 o'clock. Hopefully we'll be done with the charge by then. If not and 8 9 there's a need to go beyond that, then it will just cut into 10 some of your afternoon preparation. We'll recess at three and 11 come back later. 12 Mr. Schoenstein. 13 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Just to be really clear on the 14 Court's expectations, both sides get to put in a writing before 15 5 o'clock on the willfulness issue. But I gather that's the 16 only issue. 17 THE COURT: That's the only issue on which I need 18 briefing. 19 OK. Thanks. 20 (Luncheon recess) 21 22 23 24

## AFTERNOON SESSION 1 2 2:02 p.m. THE COURT: I had circulated the jury instructions 3 4 last night. I've given the parties time to look through them. 5 Any exceptions from the plaintiff? 6 MR. LABUDA: Yes, your Honor. I dog-eared them, so 7 bear with me. On page 32, your Honor, there's the typo with human --8 9 it says "human recourse," resource. 10 THE COURT: Yes. 11 MR. LABUDA: And the third element in C, we just 12 wanted to add after "not renewal of plaintiff's contract and 13 subsequent termination, " just add "subsequent termination." 14 THE COURT: I take it no objection to that from the 15 defendants? No objection, your Honor. 16 MR. STEER: 17 THE COURT: We'll make both of those. Thank you for 18 catching the typo. MR. LABUDA: And then on page 48, with damages under 19 20 Equal Pay Act, in the first paragraph, we'd like to remove the 21 last sentence there, which says: "Do not add an amount for 22 interest. This will be automatically calculated by the Court 23 after you reach YOUR verdict." I don't think it's necessary, 24 so we just ask it be taken out. 25 THE COURT: Any problem from the --

MR. STEER: We do object to that, your Honor. We think it's going to be -- the jury might consider it unknowingly to anyone. We don't see any harm in leaving it in.

MR. LABUDA: Our point is they're not being instructed to do that by your Honor anyway, so there's really no reason to instruct them. That's our view.

Then, the next paragraph, your Honor, we felt that the next paragraph was just going to — excessive reinforcement of the instructions in terms of where it says: "If you find that NYU, Rubin, Swirnow violated the Equal Pay Act, Dr. Edelman is also entitled to certain statutory damages. The amount of liquidated damages will be determined by the Court." I don't think it's necessary to instruct them at all about liquidated damages or anything like that.

THE COURT: So that entire paragraph?

MR. LABUDA: Yeah, we would think it should be out just as being excessive.

THE COURT: Any objection to that particular change?

MR. STEER: One moment, if I may, your Honor.

Your Honor, I'm sorry to ask. Could we just have a repetition of  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{--}}$ 

THE COURT: The point is that the second full paragraph on page 48, which informs the jury about certain statutory damages and that there will be liquidated damages determined by the Court is unnecessary because I'm informing

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the jury that I'm not then asking them to rule upon. 1 2 So Mr. Steer, we'll hear from you. MR. STEER: I don't see any objection to that, your 3 4 Honor. 5 THE COURT: I'm going to drop that paragraph and I am 6 going to include the language with respect to interest in part 7 because of the Court's experience, sometimes juries think that 8 part of their role is to add interest. 9 MR. LABUDA: That was it from plaintiff, your Honor. 10 I have to say I thought they were very good, so I thank the 11 Court and the court staff for that. 12 THE COURT: Thank you. 13 Anything from defendants? 14 MR. STEER: Couple of things, your Honor. We would ask that language on page 25, the third element of the wage 15 comparison that says wages include all forms of compensation 16 whether calling wages salary, expense, et cetera, et cetera. 17 18 MR. LABUDA: Page 35? 19 MR. STEER: Element C on page 25. 20 MR. LABUDA: 25. I'm sorry. 21 THE COURT: Yes. 22 MR. STEER: We think that also should be included in 23 page 50 in the first paragraph where it says that "damages must

be awarded in an amount that compensates plaintiff for the difference between wages she was paid and the wages the male

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employees to whom you have compared her were paid during her
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      employment..."
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               THE COURT: I'm sorry. Where on page 50 are you
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      looking?
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                          The first paragraph, your Honor.
               MR. STEER:
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                           I see it. What language?
               THE COURT:
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                          So we're asking that the language on
               MR. STEER:
      page 25, where your Honor defined wages, where he's talking
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      about the third element, wage comparison, and it says: "Wages
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      includes all forms of compensation, whether call wages salary,
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      expense, reimbursement, profit sharing..." et cetera, et
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      cetera, we think that should be in right after the word "wages"
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      when it's mentioned in page 48, the first paragraph, and also
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      under page 50, the first paragraph after the sentence "damages
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     must be awarded in an amount that compensates plaintiff for the
      difference between wages she was paid and the wages of male
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      employees," we think that clarification is important.
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               THE COURT: Let me ask the plaintiff if they have any
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      objection to me adding at the end of that first paragraph the
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      language or words to this effect.
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               MR. LABUDA: What page are you on?
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               THE COURT: Page 50. Are you there?
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               MR. LABUDA: Yes.
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                           "The same definition of wages I have given
               THE COURT:
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      you for the Equal Pay Act also applies under New York labor law
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Section 194."

MR. LABUDA: That's fine, your Honor.

MR. STEER: Your Honor, we would also ask for that same clarification on page 48, the first paragraph, which is the damages under the Equal Pay Act. It's the exact same beginning, I think, but one is the federal, one is the city.

THE COURT: I'm not sure, Mr. Steer, what change you want me to make to the instruction.

MR. STEER: We did 50, is my understanding, your Honor. On page 48, the first paragraph, line -- five lines down before "to calculate."

THE COURT: No, I don't think I need to do that because I've already instructed them with respect to wages under the Equal Pay Act.

MR. STEER: Okay. Thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: Anything else?

MR. STEER: May I have one moment, your Honor.

Your Honor, I'm not sure whether your Honor wants an oral response from us to the letter that was submitted by plaintiff on disparate impact.

THE COURT: Yes, why don't you give that to me, please.

MR. STEER: In reviewing the letter, first of all, the statute starts out, as we pointed out in I think our first letter to you, your Honor, or our only letter to you as per

proper, it starts out that the defense -- the affirmative defense shall not apply when the employee demonstrates, A, that an employer uses a particular employment practice that causes a disparate impact on the basis of sex.

In looking at plaintiff's letter, first of all, I think the burdens are reversed there because it says that if defendants prove an affirmative defense, only then does the burden shift to plaintiff to prove disparate impact. I think that's backwards. I think you have to prove adverse impact before you prove — it's the *prima facie* case of a disparate impact case is proving adverse impact. Then plaintiff talks about the idea that the four-fifths rule under the uniform guidelines on employee selection procedures are not the only way you can establish a statistical disparity.

THE COURT: Mr. Steer, let me advise you to try to slow down when you're speaking, both for me and for the record.

MR. STEER: I'm sorry, your Honor.

So plaintiff notes that courts have nonetheless considered both the four-fifths rule and standard deviation calculation in deciding whether a disparity is sufficiently substantial to establish a *prima facie* case of disparate impact.

The case that plaintiff cited that we discuss in our letter to your Honor, which is the Lavin-McEleney v. Marist Coll. case actually dealt with a case that did not use the

four-fifths rule of thumb for adverse impact. They actually had statisticians doing the type of analysis plaintiff is talking about in the most recent letter. What happened there was the statisticians looked at it and found that you could not do a disparate impact analysis with one professor and three comparators, and they ended up having to expand out the comparison to cover the whole institution. That's exactly we're saying here, your Honor, that this is not a case that lends itself because of the small number of people involved to disparate impact analysis. And while we did raise initial, whether there was a need to plead a disparate impact which hadn't been pled, I don't frankly know whether your Honor even has to reach that issue because there isn't a sufficient sample size for a disparate impact charge to begin with.

THE COURT: I'm not going to give a disparate impact or adverse impact charge. I don't think that there's evidence in the record from which the jury could find that there was a disparate or adverse impact in this case, both because of issues with respect to defining the relevant universe and with respect to the small sample size. So that's my ruling.

I take it, Mr. Steer, nothing else?

MR. STEER: Nothing else, your Honor.

THE COURT: So I'm taking under advisement the motion that defendants made. I'd like to ask the parties to get on the phone with me at 5:30 today. I'll be prepared to give you

rulings at that point.

For preparation purposes, you should assume, as I'm sure you will, that I'm going to reserve judgment on the motion, but I might not. I say that you should assume that because I know you're going to be working on your closings and I want to make sure that you're prepared to address all of the issues.

So tomorrow we'll begin at 9 o'clock. As I indicated, both sides will have one hour. I'm going to hold you to that strictly. I'm going to give the jury a stretch break between the defendants' closing and the plaintiff's closing. After the closings are over, the jury will take a break, I'll handle another matter, and then we'll come back for the charge. So I'll speak to you all at 5:30.

Mr. Schoenstein.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Your Honor, we heard your comments on the demonstrative exhibit this morning. I just ask that we get an updated version of the demonstrative to make sure we don't have any further objections, that we get that this evening, 7:00 p.m.

THE COURT: 7:00 p.m., Mr. Schoenstein, seems plenty fine.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Fine to me.

THE COURT: Why don't you all get here by 8:45 tomorrow morning just in case there are any objections to the

demonstratives. If there are objections, let me have those objections by 10:00 p.m. That will give you three hours to look through them.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Can I send them by email as I did last night?

THE COURT: You can. I'm going to ask you to do that. You should also, if you want to preserve something, put it in a letter that is filed on ECF. I'm not intending to file emails that I receive.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: And the 5:30 conference, we'll get a conference call from the Court?

THE COURT: It will be the court's call-in number that's on my website, which is a public number, so the public will be able to dial in.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: You want our writings on willfulness by --

THE COURT: I do.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Thank you, your Honor.

MR. KATAEV: I apologize, one more issue. If we're leaving now, we're going to be in traffic for a substantial period of time. I'm afraid my time to submit the letter by 5:00 will be impacted. Can we increase that to 7:00, as well, please.

THE COURT: No, we can't, because I want to give you a ruling with respect to that. So maybe you can find some office

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      space that you --
               MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I want to offer they can come to our
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      office and we'll put them in a conference room if they would
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      like.
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               MR. LABUDA: We appreciate that. We may be able to do
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      it here.
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               THE COURT: Thank you.
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               (Continued on next page)
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THE COURT: Good afternoon.

The Court is prepared to give you its ruling on defendants' motions for judgment as a matter of law. The Court assumes familiarity with the applicable legal principles as set forth in *Casmento v. Volmar Construction*, *Inc.*, 2022 WL 15773966 (S.D.N.Y. Oct. 28, 2022).

The Court grants judgment as a matter of law to defendants on the issue of willfulness under the Equal Pay Act and New York Equal Pay Act claims. I am convinced by plaintiff's letter that if there was evidence to support willfulness, it should go to the jury. However, the evidence in the record is insufficient for a reasonable jury to find that defendants knew that they were violating the law or showed reckless disregard for whether they were violating the law.

Negligent conduct is not willful conduct. Although Rubin testified that he did not know the requirements of the Equal Pay Act, he also testified that he relied on the HR and legal departments, which reviewed all contracts before they were permitted to be signed and go into effect, and that all contracts were benchmarked and surveyed for gender equality.

The Court grants judgment as a matter of law for Kaplan on all claims of retaliation. There is insufficient evidence in the record for a reasonable jury to conclude that Kaplan had any retaliatory intent or that he had any involvement in any adverse action.

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The Court also grants judgment as a matter of law for defendants Kaplan, Rubin and Swirnow on the discrimination claims. The evidence shows, at most, that Rubin stated to plaintiff, in Swirnow's presence, to "smile more" and "fake it till you make it" during a meeting to counsel her on interpersonal relations, but those claims are barred on statute of limitations grounds, and the continuing violation doctrine does not apply. In addition, at most, they constitute petty slights. In addition, plaintiff does not dispute an award of judgment for Swirnow. The statement attributed to Kaplan that, when plaintiff got upset he said "calm down" is, at most, a mere petty slight and petty inconvenience, and keeping the claim in would otherwise turn the city human rights law into a civility code. There is no evidence from which a jury could find that it was discriminatory.

On damages, defendants are granted judgment on the claim for punitive damages. There is no evidence from which a reasonable jury could find that defendants engaged in gross misbehavior or conduct that willfully or wantonly caused hurt to another or engaged in willful or wanton negligence or reckless conduct or consciously disregarded the rights of the plaintiff.

The jury will not be charged on back pay, as agreed by the plaintiff.

The charge will be amended to reflect these

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determinations, and a new draft will be circulated by 7 p.m. 1 2 Any objections that arise from the edits must be filed on ECF and emailed to the Court by 10 p.m. tonight. 3 4 The Court reserves decision on the remainder of the 5 motions. 6 Any questions from plaintiff? 7 MR. LABUDA: No, your Honor. The only request we would make is just in terms of the 8 9 modifications of the demonstratives. I think we had until 10 seven. Could we just have until eight to clean these up based 11 on your Honor's rulings? 12 THE COURT: That's fine. 13 Can defendants send me anything they've got, any 14 objections, by 11 p.m.? 15 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Yes, your Honor. THE COURT: Good. 16 17 All right. Anything from defendants? MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Your Honor, I just want to make 18

sure, I did not hear a ruling as to the proper corporate defendants. I take it you are reserving decision on that part of the motion as well.

THE COURT: I am. Everything that I did not rule upon I'm reserving on.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Understood. Thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: OK. I should also say that the verdict

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      form will be revised as well to reflect these changes, and we
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      will email that to you as well.
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               Thank you, all. Good luck preparing your closings. I
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      look forward to seeing you and hearing from you tomorrow
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      morning.
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               (Adjourned to July 19, 2023, at 9 o'clock a.m.)
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(In open court; jury not present)

THE COURT: I've received plaintiff's letter of last night with respect to the objections to the instructions. I understand those objections to be not with respect to any language that the Court used, but of the deletion of language that was in the charge as a result of counts and claims that have been dismissed.

So I'm going to deny the letter of July 18th, 2023 with respect to the instructions on the grounds that it is, in effect, a way of challenging and asking for reconsideration of the Court's decision on the motion for judgment and the instructions that I sent out to the parties last night will be the instructions that I'm going to deliver.

With respect to the demonstrative exhibits, I received a letter last night from the defendants objecting to various slides.

The objection with respect to slide 7, 18, 19, 20, 33, 34, and 35 on the basis that plaintiff shows the defendant portions of a transcript is denied.

The objection with respect to slides 11 to 16, 32, and 37 to 40, that they attempt to set forth the law is also denied.

Finally, the objection with respect to slide 5, that it addresses the alleged remarks in 2017, is also denied.

The jury will get an instruction as to the claims of

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discrimination that remain in the case and the defendants that remain in the case, but that evidence is still in the case, so plaintiff can argue that.

With respect to the objection to slides 15 to 16 and the use of the language "motivated solely," I'll hear from the plaintiffs briefly, but that appears to be inconsistent with the charge. I'll also hear from plaintiff on slide 31 whether the plaintiff really intends to play a video that's not in evidence.

Slide 32, the objection seems to be well founded that the language about doctors treating patients full-time is an argument on the facts, not a legal element, and that by putting it in the column for elements, it's misleading.

I'll hear from the plaintiffs also about the language "motive does not matter." On slides 37 to 40, the objection appears to be well founded, that that should not be under an element. Same thing with NYU's excuses of pretext, that should not be indicated as a statement of law.

And then the last comment that I've got is with respect to prior salary being a justification. On slide 39, the Court would be okay with that language if, after "prior salary," the slide has the language "alone," otherwise the Court believes that that would be a misstatement of the law if it suggests that the defendant cannot at all consider prior salary in coming up with pay calculations.

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1	Let me hear from the plaintiff with respect to the
2	open items. Mr. Labuda, do you want to address them.
3	MR. LABUDA: Sure. Your Honor, with respect to 15 and
4	16, we believe that the language in the charge references the
5	fact that it has to be the motivating factor in the jury
6	instructions. So, when it says "the motivating factor," I can
7	pull out the jury instructions, but that's what I believe I
8	received that language in terms of that.
9	THE COURT: I think you're going to need to look at my
10	jury instructions and then revise the language, indicate what I
11	say in the instructions.
12	MR. LABUDA: We can keep it consistent with the
13	instructions. I believe it said "the motivating factor,"
14	indicating that it's "the," but if there is an objection to
15	"solely," the word "solely" is not in your instructions, we can
16	take that out.
17	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: The word "solely" and the "100
18	percent" because that is inconsistent with the law. It doesn't
19	have to be 100 percent, the factor.
20	THE COURT: Those are the two things. Just look at my
21	instructions.
22	MR. LABUDA: That's fine.
23	THE COURT: Basically, the instruction on the
24	affirmative defense is that the defendant has to show that it

would have taken the same action even absent the retaliatory

motive.

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MR. LABUDA: With respect to 31, the video, we do intend to play it. We believe that, again, the Court is instructing the jury that this is not anything --

THE COURT: What is the video?

MR. LABUDA: The video is a video of the Academy Awards where there's a comment made about a pay disparity. The jury can -- again, it's not evidence. The Court is instructing the jury this is not evidence, but they could take into their own experience, this is something they may have seen on TV, it may have been comments that they've heard, but they're allowed to take in their own experiences like that. Again, we're not saying that this is the law. We're simply saying that we believe that there is a pay disparity and that's why the Equal Pay Act was initiated to begin with. So we're allowed to make arguments about the fact that they can take these experiences --

THE COURT: What happens in the clip?

MR. LABUDA: In the video, Amy Schumer, who is a comedian, she says that she -- that there are three women up there, three actors presenting this award because it's cheaper to have three women than one man. And that's what it says. Again, we're not offering it in evidence, but they can take those experiences, and if there's comments that are out there, we're allowed to make arguments about that. We feel very

1	strongly about that. It's 20 seconds, 25 seconds.
2	THE COURT: Let me hear from the defendants on that.
3	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Your Honor, the jury can take into
4	their experiences, but the plaintiff wants to create an
5	experience by showing them a clip that's not in evidence that
6	the jurors may never have seen. If they want to talk about the
7	Oscars in their closing, have at it, but they can't show them
8	clips that are not in evidence. That is giving the jury
9	material that's not in this case. It's bad enough they have
10	these drawings in there, which we didn't object to, but playing
11	a video goes too far.
12	THE COURT: I'm going to permit it. As the defendant
13	indicates, they could make reference to it in argument, the
14	fact they're showing it does not seem to be overly prejudicial.
15	MR. LABUDA: Thank you.
16	With respect to 32, your Honor, with the treatment of
17	patients for full-time, I believe that that is
18	THE COURT: That's just not going to be in your legal
19	elements. I'm going to rule with respect to that.
20	MR. LABUDA: We can move it over to the fact section,
21	your Honor, that's fine. Although, I do believe it I
22	understand what you're saying.
23	THE COURT: It's misleading to suggest it's an
24	element.
25	MR. LABUDA: I understand what you're saying. We can

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1	move that over. It's more argument than it is element. I
2	don't disagree with that. We'll move it over to the facts.
3	THE COURT: Motive doesn't matter. You also, No. 1,
4	don't need it, and No. 2, I think it is misleading. You have
5	there: No intent to pay, lest discriminate women required.
6	that is a correct statement of the law, but you'll strike
7	"motive," does not matter.
8	MR. LABUDA: We can move that over to the fact section
9	and make that argument.
10	THE COURT: You'll make that. At some point probably
11	during the defendants' closing, I will have the opportunity to
12	tell the jury that the parties' statement of law is not
13	controlling and that they should take my instructions, not what
14	any lawyer says.
15	MR. LABUDA: Yes.
16	THE COURT: If there's not an occasion to say that
17	during the defendants' closing, because the defendant doesn't
18	make a statement of the law, I will say that during the
19	plaintiff's closing.
20	MR. LABUDA: Yes. And I plan to instruct the jury or
21	to tell the jury that what I'm saying here is not the law,
22	you're going to hear from the Judge on the law.
23	THE COURT: Okay. Then slides 37 to 40.
24	MR. LABUDA: 37 to 40.
25	THE COURT: With respect to no system, how are you

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going to use that?

MR. LABUDA: So the system has to do with the fact that there's no system in terms of education, training, or experience that's in play. There's no factor that they used where there's a metric. There's testimony about --

THE COURT: So you can argue that as to facts. You can't put that into the legal elements because that would be misleading. It would suggest that the jury's not going to be instructed with respect to there being a system of quality and quantity. Those factors, as we've discussed, are relevant to factors other than sex. Again, you can move it.

MR. LABUDA: The only thing I'd say, your Honor, is with respect to even the bona fide factor, it has to be applied evenly. And so, what we're saying is there's just not a -- and that's what the law is.

THE COURT: Again, you can move that to that there's no system, you can move that to the facts, but you can't put that into the elements because it's not consistent with and not part of my charge.

MR. LABUDA: That's fine, your Honor.

And I think you had one last -- I think it was about the pre --

THE COURT: There are two other things. NYU's excuses of pretext and do not justify paying the doctors.

MR. LABUDA: We will move that over.

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1	THE COURT: And then the last one is with respect to
2	prior salary, you'll add the language: "Prior salary alone
3	cannot be justification."
4	Any objection to that?
5	MR. LABUDA: That is in the affirmative defenses. I
6	believe our argument I mean, it's in Judge Schofield's
7	summary judgment decision, I understand your Honor's ruling on
8	that, but I mean she specifically says and we're allowed to
9	argue, you can't use prior salary alone to make that
10	determination. What they're arguing is
11	THE COURT: Okay. Good. You'll add the word "alone"
12	because you just did it in your argument to me.
13	MR. LABUDA: Your Honor, we would say "alone," that's
14	fine, but that factor, "alone," is not sufficient to make the
15	pay disparity. I can make that argument in the closing.
16	That's fine.
17	THE COURT: But you can also add the word "alone" to
18	your slide because that's consistent with what you just said in
19	terms of the argument and with the law.
20	MR. LABUDA: That's fine, your Honor. We can add the
21	word "alone."
22	THE COURT: Anything else before we bring in the jury
23	from plaintiff?
24	MR. LABUDA: No, your Honor.
25	THE COURT: Mr. Steer.

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1	MR. STEER: Your Honor, two small things.
2	On the jury charges, my understanding was that David
3	Kaplan's name was going to be removed as a defendant. Maybe I
4	have that wrong, but that was my understanding from your
5	Honor's ruling, and he appears as a defendant on page 1 in the
6	introduction and on page 7 in the "all persons equal before the
7	law." So I thought that
8	THE COURT: Any problem removing his name since
9	they're not going to be asked to consider him?
10	MR. LABUDA: That's fine. I think it was an
11	oversight.
12	THE COURT: I would otherwise not entertain the
13	objection, but it seems to me to be a well founded one to which
14	there can be no objection, so we'll take care of that.
15	MR. STEER: Your Honor, one last thing, and I spoke to
16	plaintiff's counsel about this, and I don't think they
17	disagree. During the charging conference, your Honor indicated
18	that you were going to at least make some mention in the
19	charge, the first charge under the Equal Pay Act, that wages
20	included what you talked about before, which was in the third
21	element on page 25, that wages include all forms of
22	compensation. I thought your Honor had said you are going to
23	either refer back to that or list it again

THE COURT: No, since I had mentioned already under the Equal Pay Act, federal Equal Pay Act how wages are defined,

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1	I was not going to in the charge with respect to the lederal
2	Equal Pay Act to mention it twice. The jury will have it once.
3	MR. STEER: Yes, I'm talking about in the damage
4	section, your Honor.
5	THE COURT: I'll take another look at that.
6	The parties should make sure that they have given to
7	my deputy the list of exhibits and the list of witnesses.
8	Mr. Labuda, are you going to do the closing?
9	MR. LABUDA: Yes.
10	THE COURT: And do you want a warning, a ten-minute
11	warning, a five-minute warning?
12	MR. LABUDA: I think I have my warning right next to
13	me, your Honor. I'll have a watch up there, too.
14	THE COURT: Mr. Schoenstein, are you going to deliver
15	the defense closing?
16	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I am, your Honor.
17	THE COURT: Do you want a five- or ten-minute warning?
18	MR. SCHOENSTEIN: If you don't have a hook, I'll take
19	a 10-minute warning.
20	THE COURT: We'll give you a 10-minute warning and
21	we'll do it without the hook.
22	Anything else before I bring in the jury?
23	MR. KATAEV: I just want to do a sound check for the
24	video.
25	THE COURT: You should have done that before.

MR. KATAEV: It should take one minute. 1 THE COURT: 2 You have 15 seconds. 3 (Pause) Okay. Let's bring in the jury. 4 5 (Jury present) 6 Good morning, members of the jury. I hope you all had 7 a pleasant evening. We'll begin this morning with closing 8 statements. We'll hear first from defendants and then we'll 9 hear from plaintiff. Mr. Schoenstein. 10 11 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Thank you, your Honor. 12 Good morning, everybody. I still don't have any 13 charts, and there's not going to be any math on this part of 14 the test. You don't need charts, you don't need math, you 15 don't need funny videos, this is not a reality show, this is not an award show, this is a trial, and I told you I would come 16 17 with evidence, I would come with facts, I would come with 18 witnesses, and that is what we believe we did and that's all 19 you need to decide this case. 20 Now, I want to say it's been a total honor to 21 represent NYU and the four individual defendants, and it's been 22 an honor to try the case to you guys because we watch you every 23 day, we see you paying attention, we see you writing stuff 24 down, we see your concern and your interest, I know you're

thinking about this, and we really appreciate that.

So, we're almost at the end of the marathon, let's get on.

Unfortunately, in 2023, discrimination is alive and well in America. Nobody in this room is confused about that where people are discriminated against because of their gender, their gender identity, their sexual preference, race, religion — that should be quashed. But this is not that case, and just as it's important to quash discrimination where you find it, we have to be able to distinguish what is a fight about in office from what is discrimination. We have to be able to tell the difference from paying people differently because of valid factors and paying people differently because of their gender. Not every day at work is great, not every paycheck is as big as you want, and not every disagreement belongs in federal court.

In this case, plaintiff did not prove that the discussions about her office, even if they made her uncomfortable, amounted to discriminatory treatment. Plaintiff did not prove that the nonrenewal of her contract 14 months later resulted from that disagreement. And Dr. Edelman has not shown that she was paid less for the same work as male doctors or that any difference was because of her gender.

I'm going to take you through all three components of the claims made by plaintiff and talk about why we think their proof has failed. But, before I start on that, I want to make

a few observations about credibility.

One of the things we ask a jury to do, the reason you're here is to assess the credibility of the people on the stand. I'm not going to stand up here and call plaintiff a liar. I think that would be wholly unfair. She feels strongly, you can tell, about what she went through, but I do have to point out that she embellished the facts in this case many times. She told you she had a very successful private practice, but then you heard from her business partner. They're paying themselves out of loans, the practice was in debt, it was not profitable.

Plaintiff insisted their next employer, Nassau

Radiology, "we don't know anything about them going into bankruptcy, that had nothing to do with us leaving," but again,

Dr. Mehta told you that's exactly why they left.

Plaintiff said that the repayment of her loan was never considered part of her salary. Dr. Mehta challenged that, "of course we considered repayment of the loan part of our salary, who wouldn't." If somebody -- if your employer was paying off a big loan for you, you would consider it part of your compensation.

Plaintiff asked in negotiations for a \$3,000 expense allowance in her contract and then came into this courtroom and told you it was some kind of cap on expenses. It wasn't a cap, it was a guarantee of \$3,000 of expenses. There was no cap you

heard in the testimony to what any doctor could ask for expense
 reimbursement.
 Plaintiff tried at the time and still tries to tell

you that her contract guaranteed her her own private exclusive office forever, and that's not what the contract said. You guys saw it.

She told you she always got along with her staff, and then you heard the truth about that.

She told you she had been deprived of a free NYU med school education for her daughter, and then you heard NYU med school is free for everyone in all specialties, and she still argued.

She claimed moving to Florida was a hardship. But the evidence is really clear, she was considering moving to Florida the whole time, from the moment this nonrenewal happened.

Now, Dr. Edelman, again, may earnestly believe she was wronged, but her presentation in this courtroom has not been limited to the facts. And remember, she's the only witness who really testified on her behalf. The other witnesses, the other 10 witnesses in this case are NYU people, and while plaintiff embellished her case, her lawyers basically called every other witness on the stand a liar.

Think about that. Plaintiff's case largely rests on the proposition that all 10 of the other witnesses were lying.

Dr. Mehta is lying because there's a non-disparagement

provision in her contract like every other contract at NYU and millions of other contracts. Mr. Antonik and Mr. Kaplan are lying because they had personal vendettas based on complaints now four years old. Mr. Swirnow and Mr. Rubin are lying, I don't know why they're supposed to have been lying, but that's the implication. Ms. Ruiz, a nonparty former NYU employee, she's lying because she's just doing Joe Antonik's bidding, even though neither of them work for NYU anymore. Ms. Pacina, they said the other day, is not competent and is not telling the truth. Drs. Goldberg, Porges, and Modi, they're all lying to you about the number of RVUs they did and whatever else that plaintiff doesn't agree with.

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Plaintiff spent so much time trying to nail witnesses with little "gotchas" when they would read the deposition testimony. That mostly fell flat. When these witnesses were just asked what happened, they told you, and were strongly credible in all respects.

On top of that, plaintiff says we didn't bring enough documents to the case. "Why didn't you bring more documents?" Now, I want to ask you, did you really want us to bring more documents? Is that what you were hoping for? You don't bring every piece of paper out in the world when the testimony establishes the facts. So to find for the plaintiff, you have to forgive her embellishments of the facts and decide that the other 10 witnesses are all lying, and I just submit to you that

that's not a reasonable thing to do.

Let's talk about the three claims that are in this case. I want to start with plaintiff's claims that she was paid less than male doctors doing the same work because she was a woman. I don't think there's any doubt that Dr. Edelman is a hardworking, patient-focused rheumatologist. We respect that. But she was not doing the same job as Dr. Goldberg, Dr. Porges, or Dr. Modi. They all had different jobs and all, and the evidence is undisputed, each one of them was more productive than plaintiff was. That's not disparaging, some people just do more than others, that's just a thing, but that's a basis of compensation.

In each case, there were good reasons for paying the men more than plaintiff. Dr. Goldberg, in particular, was hired to do a much different job. There wasn't even a rheumatology department on Long Island when he was hired. He came in to build the group, and he did that, build a group and greatly expanded his own personal numbers, that's what the evidence showed.

Plaintiff's claim ignores Dr. Goldberg's greater experience, he was a doctor 12 years before she was, his productivity, his reputation, his academic background, his leadership role. It also ignores that he didn't have any need to come to NYU at all. He was taking a risk coming to a nonexistent rheumatology department. And he didn't come in

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with anything, any loans, any expenses, there was no extra to pay Goldberg, it was just salary. They wanted him, they needed to make a big splash to build the department, and they hired him. Dr. Goldberg was hired to do much more than plaintiff, and as it turned out, he greatly exceeded her, both in the amount of clinical work he performed and in the other administration, recruiting. I mean, he's the one who brought in Dr. Edelman and Dr. Mehta and others, and practiced building.

Now, Dr. Porges came from private practice. Remember. there's only two of them that came from private practice, Dr. Edelman and Dr. Mehta and then Dr. Porges, but he had much more experience. He was a doctor when plaintiff was in grade school. I said high school in my opening, I misspoke. He was a doctor when she was in grade school. He had a better reputation, much more revenue. Remember, \$2 million his practice was bringing in. He had a research practice, he had leadership responsibilities. He was a much more attractive candidate from the outset. As Mr. Swirnow testified, it wasn't even close. And he, too, exceeded the plaintiff in his clinical numbers, his clinical research which she did not do, and his administrative responsibilities which she did not have. Despite all of that, you heard plaintiff's testimony continuously look to diminish and discount the additional value he provided to NYU. He brought in more patients, more

infusions, research money. NYU thought he would have the more valuable practice and he did. Again, that's not disparaging Dr. Edelman, but his practice was more valuable just on the numbers.

Now, Dr. Modi didn't come from private practice, so he didn't get compared the same way she did, but he, too, brought more experience than Dr. Edelman, not as much more experience as Dr. Porges, but they were all more experienced. He had a higher salary coming into NYU and NYU needed to exceed that salary to get him to join. He said, "I needed a 10-percent raise, they gave me a 10-percent raise." He wasn't coming without that.

They sought to diminish Dr. Modi. "Oh, he's just a HIP doctor," whatever that means. But he came with his patients, he built other patients, and the numbers show that Dr. Modi also outperformed plaintiff every step of the way. He said he's in the top 10 percent of all rheumatologists in terms of productivity and he is paid accordingly.

By the way, did you notice yesterday that they pointed out that Dr. Modi initially got paid more than Dr. Porges?

That proves our point. It's not always exactly equivalent.

Some doctors get paid more than others. Every doctor is looked at differently. Every negotiation is different. Modi came in at a higher salary than Dr. Porges, Dr. Porges may not have been thrilled with that, but it's not discriminatory.

Dr. Edelman suggests that NYU haggled with her more than the other doctors, but that's not what the evidence shows. Her business plan shows that she was making \$182,000 a year before joining NYU. I know she says \$200,000, I know everybody rounded up, but if you look at the numbers in the business plan, it's \$182,000 at Nassau Radiology.

The package she got at NYU was worth \$265,000, right. She got 207 in salary, \$3,000 in guaranteed expenses, they didn't guarantee those for any other doctor, and loan repayment worth about \$55,000 a year. That's a \$265,000 package. That is almost a 50-percent raise of what she was making before. And NYU took over her lease, took over all her expenses, took over her whole office on top of that, relieved her of all of that responsibility and risk.

You have to count the loan. Remember Dr. Mehta, when asked: "Did you think the loan repayment was part of the salary?" "Absolutely, that was part of the deal. They were going to repay that and then they would raise our salary." And they did that on renewal. They gave her the extra value that they had been putting into the loan and they even gave her a raise on top of that. NYU did what it said. Now, NYU didn't take on any expense for Dr. Goldberg or Dr. Modi. And for Dr. Porges, just a couple months of rent — not significant.

You may hear in the next closing argument plaintiff say, well, split up the payments, look at them per RVU, this

person got more per RVU than that person or some other voodoo mathematics to try to get you to see it their way. I urge you not to do that. None of the doctors were paid by the RVUs. Salaries were determined, the RVUs were targets factored into the bonus. If you're going to play the game of per RVU, then I would suggest you look at the contract of Louise Raminfard, exhibit X, who was being paid \$265,000 with an RVU expectation of 3900. That would be about 68 cents per RVU. That's more than Modi got paid, that's more than Porges got paid. So it didn't depend on gender, it just depended on the contract.

Sorry. That was pretty close to math and I said there wouldn't be any math. Creative math can't change the facts.

The jobs of Dr. Goldberg, Porges, and Modi required greater skill, effort, and responsibility than plaintiff.

Dr. Edelman did not do substantially equal work to the other doctors. She had fewer responsibilities, she was less productive. Dr. Goldberg and Dr. Porges were essentially her bosses.

And perhaps most importantly, the differences in pay were based on factors other than sex. That last point is crucial. You saw no evidence in this trial that anybody made a decision about salary based on gender, none. You heard Mr. Swirnow and Mr. Rubin testify and explain how they meet the doctors, the things they consider and how they set the salaries. They testified very credibly and consistently about

the factors and the greater additional monetary benefits that NYU gets from the comparators and from plaintiff, about things like infusion compensation, patient referrals.

Now, keep in mind, Swirnow and Rubin have two MBAs between them, they have 42 years of experience setting salaries. There's no expert witnesses in this case, but they're pretty close. They've been doing this, they know what they're doing, and they stood on that stand and told you gender, of course, doesn't play into it. You saw what Mr. Rubin said when I asked him about that, if he considers it. Just because plaintiff doesn't understand how NYU sets physician salaries doesn't mean they lacked a system or they set them arbitrarily. Mr. Rubin and Mr. Swirnow describe a multitude of bona fide factors that go into compensation decisions. Sex was not one of them, it played no role.

So, after our arguments, the Judge is going to give you instructions. You're all going to go back into the jury room with a verdict form that the Court will give you. This is how you make decisions on what's in this case.

The first set of questions you're going to see are about this equal pay claim. There's a federal equal pay claim, a federal law count. There are five questions on the verdict form. You'll see them, you'll read what the questions are, so don't take my word for it, read the form.

But the first question asks if plaintiff was employed

in a job requiring substantially equal skill, effort, and responsibility to the comparators — she wasn't. They had different skill levels, different experience levels, different responsibilities.

The second question asks did plaintiff perform under similar working conditions. That one we concede she did. They all worked under the same working conditions. We have no objection to that.

The third says was plaintiff paid lower compensation for doing substantially equal work and the answer to that is no, no, no. Listen, just on the RVUs, she did the least work of any of them. That's just a fact. Fewer days in the office, fewer hours in the office, fewer RVUs, no research, no administrative responsibilities, it wasn't an equal amount of work.

The fourth question is going to be was the pay differential based on factors other than sex. Yes, yes, yes. That's the testimony from Rubin and Swirnow. They didn't consider sex at all, they only considered other stuff.

And fifth, has Dr. Edelman proved a violation of the Equal Pay Act. And you'll see the fifth question is based on your answers to the first four questions, you'll see how it works, but the answer to the fifth question will be no.

And then the verdict form has two additional questions because there's a state law Equal Pay Act claim, but those

questions will also flow from the first set of questions.

The evidence answers every single one of these questions. There is no basis to conclude that Dr. Edelman was paid less than anyone because of her gender. That's not the reason. You don't have to agree with what she was paid. You might say that's a quarter of \$1 million, that sounds like a lot, who would object to that. You might say that doesn't seem like quite as much as the other guys, I have some questions about that. You may say that just seems low to me. It doesn't matter. The question is, was she paid differently than the other people because of her gender and there is zero proof in this case that that was a factor. It is just supposition.

Let's turn to the second area of this case and the question of anyone made sexist remarks that discriminated against Dr. Edelman.

Everyone agrees that when plaintiff was asked if another doctor could use her office on days she wasn't there, she said no. And you saw in the emails, two of the defendants said that was ridiculous. It was ridiculous. Having another doctor in her office on days she wasn't there was going to help the department. It wasn't targeted at her, they were trying to move a lot of doctors into a small space. But, instead of agreeing, she threw two guys out of her office, she locked the door, and she rearranged her schedule to be in Marcus Avenue more so no one could use the office.

Even Dr. Edelman agrees that the office issue was ultimately worked out, but she insists Joe Antonik was physically intimidating and called her a bad word. I have the bad word in my script, but I'm not going to say it this morning, there are children in the room, but you know what word

I'm talking about.

None of that sounds like the Joe Antonik that you met and heard about in this trial. You heard about him from others. There's no supporting evidence for the notion that he went wild with arm raising and cursing under his breath.

Remember Miriam Ruiz? She practically laughed out loud when I asked her if she ever saw Mr. Antonik behave that way.

Now, he is tall, he cannot help that, but tall doesn't mean he was aggressive or inappropriate. And this is where plaintiff's prehension for embellishment comes in. You will note that this story has changed substantially from the story she first told to Kathleen Pacina, and that Ms. Pacina recorded in her notes that she typed while they had that conversation.

Ms. Pacina's notes, and you can look at them, they'll be in the exhibits, say that Mr. Antonik was pointing at things and was intimidating, but it doesn't say anything about him saying everything belongs to me, not you, or him calling her a bad word.

On the telling the story, plaintiff began to embellish and embellish it further. It's sort of like one of those fish

stories where the fisher says I caught a fish this big, and on the next telling, it was this big, and on the next telling, it was this big. There's a later email she sends that uses buzz words. She "says bullying in the workplace," "male chauvinism," but it doesn't add any facts, it doesn't add that somebody called her a bad word.

There's nothing in those descriptions that show

Mr. Antonik doing anything in a gender offensive manner. A man
sitting in his office could have had the same reaction to the
alleged action of Mr. Antonik. A man could have been sitting
at his desk and if someone really came in swinging arms and
shouting, a man, too, could have been intimidated. It has
nothing to do with gender.

Now, for whatever reason, the story has grown from a guppy to a whale. Yes, I know a whale is not a fish, but stick with me. The whale in this case is the allegation that Mr. Antonik muttered a five-letter bad word, and to that question, I have two questions to put to you. Did he really? And if he did, is that really discrimination? I submit to you that plaintiff did not meet her burden of proving that Mr. Antonik called her that word. No witnesses confirmed the allegation or even that Dr. Edelman said it happened. She didn't say that to Kathleen Pacina, she didn't say that to Dr. Mehta.

There is no corroborating proof. Recall plaintiff's

lawyers time after time asking our witnesses: Where are your documents? Where are your contemporaneous notes? Well, where are her contemporaneous notes? Where did she write down that somebody called her a bad name? She wrote multiple emails on this topic, but she never put that in it. She filed a charge with the EEOC, it didn't say it. She filed a complaint in this case, a first amended complaint, a second amended complaint — none of them contain that allegation.

Now she wants to say, well, nobody asked me until the second day of my deposition. Nobody asked her for any of it.

She told the story. You would think a doctor would know more than anybody to report all of the symptoms of what you're complaining about. Does it make any sense that Mr. Antonik would have said something like that to her and she wouldn't have mentioned it for two years, even while she's filing complaints with NYU, even while she's filing a complaint in this court? She didn't make that allegation until two years later. I would call it a he-said, she-said case, except she never said. She didn't say that until deep into this case.

And Mr. Antonik's story hasn't changed at all from what he told Kathleen Pacina on the day in question.

So let's turn to the second question. Even if he said that, is that enough for you to find discrimination? Listen, nobody should use that word to insult a woman. It is gross.

But is it lawsuit gross, if you know what I mean. If you

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believe he said it, I think you have to ask yourself that question. Is that enough? If you put aside -- remember, she says he was muttering, but if you put aside that particular allegation, there's nothing in her description about her meeting with Mr. Antonik, even if she describes it now that rises to the level of sexist misconduct requiring you guys to be here for a week and a half.

Dr. Edelman conceded she could have been just as intimidated by a six-foot-five woman. This case is about height, not sex in this regard. They tried to paint a picture of Mr. Antonik like he's some cartoonish, broad-shouldered guy standing up and pointing a giant finger at a cowering woman. I wouldn't be half surprised if they show you a picture like that in closing. But that's not right. You saw Mr. Antonik. He's not particularly intimidating. They were both sitting down, nobody was pointing at each other, and Dr. Edelman is anything but cowering. I think we saw that.

Remember, Dr. Edelman later complained about Mr. Kaplan. He, she said, was too calm, and she was offended by that. So Mr. Antonik was too loud, Mr. Kaplan was too quiet, but fortunately Mr. Swirnow was just right, and she had a telephone call with Mr. Swirnow and they straightened out the office issue. That should have been the end of it. Don't get me wrong, Dr. Edelman testified that she's entitled to her opinion and entitled to be upset, and I agree with that. As it

played out, her opinion was very much hurt, right. The rheumatology department changed its whole plan about the offices to accommodate what she wanted. She got her way, she got to keep her office, even on Fridays.

When she told Mr. Antonik "get out of my office," he got out. When she told Mr. Kaplan to leave, he left. When she said she wanted to keep her office, she got to keep her office.

Dr. Edelman is a strong and forceful personality, she stood up for what she wanted and she got it, and for that, you might even commend her. And you could also understand how everyone at NYU thought the issue was over, it had been resolved, resolved in her favor. Nothing happened here that amounts to intentional discrimination through sexist remarks.

Now, on the verdict form, you're going to be asked whether NYU or Mr. Antonik discriminated against her. She's still suing Mr. Antonik for money. She has not proven that the remarks were made, she has the burden of proof on that, she has not proven they were sexist, and she has not proven any intent to discriminate.

Let's turn to the retaliation claim.

So, the fact that the office space matter was resolved in the fall of 2019 really undercuts the retaliation claim.

Think about it. Plaintiff says at the same time NYU ignored my discrimination complaint, NYU retaliated against me because of my discrimination complaint. Which is it? Did they ignore it

or were they so bothered about it that they retaliated? Both of those things can't be true. The fact of the matter is NYU did not think there was a discrimination complaint at any time, but they certainly didn't think there was a discrimination complaint after November 2019.

Ms. Cardona, could we have those two exhibits.

So I'm putting up on the screen the November 18, 2019 emails that we put up during Ms. Pacina's testimony.

Dr. Edelman writes to Ms. Pacina at 1:46 p.m., "Wanting to follow up." And Rashidat Ogbara writes back at 6:14 p.m. the same day, "My colleague, Kathleen Pacina, informed me that you raised some concerns regarding your treatment in the workplace.

I am the new ELR manager that supports FGP and will investigate your concerns. Are you available to speak sometime Thursday or Wednesday?" It is undisputed that Dr. Edelman never wrote back. It is undisputed that Dr. Edelman never sent another email, never made another call, never did anything further.

You can take those down.

We've come to learn that Dr. Edelman was notorious for missing emails. You heard that in the testimony, but this was an email she should have been looking out for if she was concerned about it. Whether she missed it accidentally or on purpose doesn't matter, her failure to make any further attempt to contact NYU's HR department means she abandoned the complaint.

If I was going to show you one chart in this case, it would have been a calendar — this is a blank piece of paper — I would have written 2020 on it, and it would have had all of the occasions on which plaintiff raised her discrimination complaint with anyone at NYU. So it would have been a blank piece of paper because that entire year, she never said a word. She did not call the female head of HR, she did not call the female general counsel who leads NYU's legal department, she did not call the female head of rheumatology, she didn't raise it with any of the doctors. She had so many avenues if she wanted to pursue that discrimination complaint, and the fact that she didn't pursue any of them is really startling.

There's a possibility that she only raised the issue in September 2019 because she was mad about her office. And then she raised it again in November, because remember, there was that little dustup about her moving from Huntington back to Marcus Avenue, so maybe that's why she raised it again in November.

Then, when that was quickly resolved, she didn't need it. We saw an ELR -- we saw her threaten an ELR complaint when she was having computer issues on the premise that it was some sort of plot against her, but maybe deep down, plaintiff had already accomplished the objective she had in bringing the complaint in the first place — she got her office. Having done that, she could tuck her complaint away in her desk drawer, in

her still totally private office that she kept under literal					
lock and key, and save it in case she needed it some day.					
Maybe plaintiff thought it was better to hold onto the					
complaint than to resolve it. Whether she did that					
purposefully or not, the fact is she abandoned the ELR					
complaint, she did not push it, and it did not persist as an					
issue occupying the minds of defendants. Plaintiff says that					
even though she abandoned any complaint after November 2019 and					
was never heard from again on the topic that the individual					
defendants conspired, waited, and then struck to eke their					
savage revenge. That's a conspiracy theory and it is not					
supported by the evidence.					
Let's talk about the nonrenewal process. That began					
14 months after the HR complaint and it began with issues					
raised by Dr. Porges, the medical director who had no					
involvement in anything that had preceded.					
You've heard about those clinical issues, you've					
received confirmation that there were concerns. Ms. Ruiz					
testified, Dr. Goldberg testified, and you can understand, I					
hope, why NYU would decide not to renew the contract. She had					
a lot of patients, and I'm sure she could come up here and show					

you emails from patients, I'm sure her patients were very

satisfied, that she could probably show you that, but she

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response to that. She had the most patient complaints, she had the most staff complaints, and Dr. Porges was genuinely concerned.

Plaintiff says, well, if they were concerned, they should have remediated the situation. But I want to ask you this, did you see plaintiff get back on the stand yesterday and she was asked: "Why did you draw so much blood?" That's the one thing she got on the stand to rebut and she said Dr. Porges is wrong, this is why I did that. So I ask you, do you really think remediation would have worked? Do you think there's any chance that that could have been resolved?

Now, everyone involved at NYU thought it wouldn't. They talked about it. Mr. Rubin raised it, but Dr. Porges and Dr. Goldberg didn't think it would work. And seeing just this little interaction between Dr. Edelman and Dr. Porges, I think we have to agree. But you don't have to agree to reach the right verdict. You don't have to agree that remediation was impossible. You don't even have to agree that the concerns were sufficient to non-renew the contract. That's not what you're being asked. You simply have to see, as the evidence establishes, that it wasn't a product of some scheme by defendants to remove plaintiff by NYU — that's a conspiracy theory, that didn't happen. Mr. Rubin, who made the decision, he didn't even know about the HR submissions. The decision maker and his superiors didn't have anything to retaliate

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against. And because the nonrenewal begins with Dr. Porges and ends with Andrew Rubin, the conspiracy theory falls flat.

Plaintiff offers no evidence other than her suspicions that Mr. Antonik and Mr. Kaplan stayed mad at her for a year, even though she said nothing at all while everybody in the world was busy with COVID, but they were mad, just waiting.

Neither she or any other witness or piece of documentary evidence shown to you demonstrates retaliatory intent. There's no proof that anybody was mad at her or that that had anything to do with nonrenewal. Her complaints were in September and November of 2019, not a single witness testified that anyone was looking to get back at her at the end of 2020.

Dr. Porges, not one of the defendants in this case, was not biased. Dr. Goldberg was not biased. The defendants were not biased. There was no target on Dr. Edelman as she would now suggest.

Now, plaintiff's going to argue that the defendants aren't sure if they had one phonecall or two, they don't know if it was a Zoom or in person, they can't get the facts straight, and I will tell you that that kind of gap in recollection actually supports our theory of the case, right, because if this was some crazy conspiracy, you would expect everybody to tell exactly the same story, they would have gotten in a room and figured it out. So, if people can't

remember it exactly the same way, that only supports what we're					
saying. They weren't working together to do something					
insidious because plaintiff herself never said a single word					
about alleged discrimination after 2019. There is a					
determinative lapse of time between the complaints and the					
nonrenewal. Us lawyers call it "lack of temporal proximity."					
That just means November 2019 is a year away from November of					
2020. But add it all up, there is no direct evidence, there's					
no circumstantial evidence that supports her claim for					
retaliation. Nobody had an umbrella because it wasn't raining.					
NYU had a legitimate, non-retaliatory reason for not renewing					
her. There was no showing that it was pretext or retaliation.					

On the verdict form, you'll be asked if Dr. Edelman was engaged in protected activity, and the Judge is going to tell you what that means. But I suggest to you that even if you think the initial human rights complaint was made in good faith, and you may or may not believe that, her failure to follow up means it was abandoned. She wasn't engaged in any protected activity in November of 2020 because she wasn't doing or saying anything about discrimination.

You will then be asked on the form a few times if the defendants committed an adverse act against her or aided and abetted in an adverse act because of her protected conduct — again, you'll get the legal instruction from the Judge — but the defendants and other NYU employees uniformly testified that

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the nonrenewal was made on the basis of a clinical determination, not because of any animus.

At the very end of the verdict form, there are some questions about damages. For the Equal Pay Act claim, you will see, if you don't find liability, you don't have to do any math. It's like getting out of half the SAT. If you were to find some liability on the equal pay claim, you would have to compare the difference between her pay and her comparators. If you were to do that, I would just ask, make sure you're including everything — her loans count, her expenses count. And if you're comparing her to others, don't include things like the administrative amounts that doctors were getting for things that she wasn't doing. If you were to do that, you would have to compare apples to apples, but we don't think you should get that far because we don't think the differences had anything to do with gender.

On retaliation, if you find liability, you're going to be asked if she should be awarded front pay or compensatory damages. There's no evidence of either. She never missed a day of work, she never missed a paycheck. She mentioned something about retirement payments, but, again, where are her documents? She didn't give you any retirement account information from which you could glean any numbers.

Her damage claim comes down to having to move to Florida. So let me just say a few words about Florida. I

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believe they call it the Sunshine State. And if you listen to Dr. Edelman, you never heard her say she doesn't like it down there. Her counsel's opening argument had a big story about how she's away from her family, but she didn't testify to that. And the fact is that she's down there now living comfortable at \$330,000 a year, the most she's ever been paid as a doctor, with no state taxes, with lots of teachers and with Mickey Mouse.

Also, to the extent she complains about being separated from her family, it seems like she can get back to New York whenever she wants. She's been sitting here for a week and a half. She wanted to move down there. They're going to tell you she looked everywhere, but the only evidence you have of her traveling for a job interview is going down to Florida. That's the only place she looked hard, that's the place she was looking the day after she was nonrenewed, that's the place where she accepted an offer in February, a month later. That's what she wanted. And she got the moving expenses paid for by her new company. She never missed a day of work. Moving to Florida didn't cost her anything, so there are no monetary damages.

She will argue she suffered emotional damages. And lots of us go to therapy now and then, and it can be very helpful, but her going to therapy in July of 2021, two years after the fight about the office, doesn't prove any damages

1 that justify compensation.

On the discrimination claim, if you really believe someone called her a bad name and that amounts to discrimination, you could enter a dollar amount, but I don't think she's actually shown even a dollar of damage in that regard.

So, again, there is no question that gender discrimination is alive and well in 2023 in the workplace and everywhere else, but this case is not the appropriate place to dress that. Almost everyone I have ever met wants a better office and more money, but they don't make a federal case out of it and plaintiff literally did just that. Do not get me wrong, employment discrimination laws are important and can be a valuable tool, but if we start using them in cases that are just a squabble over offices that really never have anything to do with gender, that tool will be dulled beyond recognition.

Not every disagreement in the workplace belongs in federal court, not every decision about the renewal of a contract should be litigated.

In this case, plaintiff wants to assume the high moral ground of standing up for women in the workplace, but I ask you this: How did they treat every female witness in this case?

"Dr. Mehta, she's the one that should have been nonrenewed," they suggested to you. Miriam Ruiz obviously was out to get her. Kathleen Pacina they tried to call incompetent.

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Plaintiff stands up for her own opinions and viewpoints as she should, but she disregards the opinions and viewpoints of others, including the people who worked with her, be they women or men.

You guys all know somebody like plaintiff. They're never wrong, they never take responsibility. She didn't take responsibility at this trial for one single thing. They don't accept an apology. It's not her fault, it's Tiffany's fault, it's Miriam's fault. You guys really think Ms. Ruiz is to blame for anything? "They only want my office because I'm a woman." "I can't find my emails, it must be a plot against me." "They are only non-renewing my contract because I complained." That kind of person is always telling everybody else that they should look at themselves when, really, they're the ones that need to look in the mirror.

This case is not about standing up for women, it's about plaintiff trying to get a money judgment that, frankly, she does not deserve for a case that, frankly, she has not proved. Plaintiff testified she is entitled to her opinion, she is entitled to be upset, she is entitled to be heard. I wholeheartedly agree with that and I am glad she got the opportunity to be heard by you and I am glad the other ten witnesses with relevant evidence about the facts also got to be heard by you. They're all entitled to be heard, but plaintiff is not entitled to any money and she's not entitled to a

1 verdict in her favor.

Thank you, all, again so much on behalf of my team and my clients for being here and for helping us resolve this dispute.

Thank you.

THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Schoenstein.

We'll take a couple-minute stretch break as the plaintiff steps up.

As you're taking that stretch break, let me remind you, as I told you at the beginning of the trial that when it comes to the law as distinguished from the facts, you'll take your instructions from the Court, that is, from me. After you hear the next closing statement, we're going to take a break and you'll go back into the jury room. I have to handle another matter. And you will be entitled to a break and to some refreshments before I deliver my charge to you, which will take about an hour or so. And then after that, you'll be deliberating.

I want to instruct you again that nothing that the lawyers say about the law is to be taken by you as the law necessarily. You're to be taken as what the law is will come from the instructions that I give to you.

Mr. Labuda, are you ready?

MR. LABUDA: I would just like a two-minute break, your Honor, just to stretch outside.

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1		THE COURT: Yo	u've got one minute.
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THE COURT: Mr. Labuda, start the clock.

MR. LABUDA: Thank you, your Honor.

Good morning. Again, I'd like to thank you as well.

I appreciate all the patience that you guys paid to this case.

You all paid attention to this case, and we're almost at the end here.

As I had said at the beginning, this case has three chapters to it. The first one has to do with her discrimination complaint about NYU creating a hostile work environment against Dr. Edelman. The second chapter is her complaint that she did file with HR -- there's no dispute about that -- and then being retaliated against with respect to her adverse, the nonrenewal of her contract as well as the termination that followed in May of 2021. And the third one has to do with NYU violating the Equal Pay Act by paying male doctors less than her.

So I'd like to first talk about the witnesses that you heard. One issue that you guys are going to have to decide has to do with the credibility of witnesses, and there's a lot of different factors that you can look at. You take your own personal observations and experiences in terms of when you see that somebody's telling you the truth, when they're lying, when you think they're being, when they're saying something that may not necessarily be 100 percent true.

A lot of different things. You can look at the body

language, see whether or not they talked to you, or are they talking to the defendants or somebody else? You can look to see their eyes as well. You can look at the bias that they have. You can look at the reasonableness of the testimony. Does it actually make any sense, what they said? Did their story make sense to you? The consistency that they had in their testimony, the consistency between their story and somebody else's story. You can also tell by what they said and what they didn't say. OK? Sometimes that's just as important.

You can also talk about and determine credibility by whether or not they can back up their story. You can say whatever you want to, but if you have proof that can back that up, you know, did they present that to you? Because that's the objective thing. You can say whatever you want to. You can say what happened years ago: No, didn't do this; didn't do that; RVUs this; standards of care. But do they have the backup for it? Do they have that objective support? That can't be questioned because it's just there in black and white.

Another thing, in terms of credibility, is if you determine that somebody was not exactly telling you the truth, you can accept or reject all of their testimony if you want to. You can reject part of it as well.

And another thing is the impeachment of depositions. You saw that with a number of witnesses. Just so you understand, the deposition is a statement, is testimony that

that individual makes under oath, just like they did today. So they both swore to tell the truth, and if they're inconsistent, that can lead to some credibility questions. So take those

factors into account as well.

Like I said before, you can take into account your own personal experiences, as a teacher, a secretary, sanitation worker, working in business development, a doctor. Whatever it is, you take those experiences with you into that courtroom -- or into the jury room when you're deliberating on this case.

I will point out a couple things just with respect to the credibility of the witnesses that jumped out to me.

You saw these business plans that were created. So you heard NYU and Mr. Rubin and Mr. Swirnow saying -- and they're exhibits EE and HH. And they said these are documents that we created. And they kind of made sense because you see a five-year lookout. But then you heard Dr. Porges say that's my document. On those documents, they can't even say who is actually creating these documents, these pro formas about it. So you should take that into account as well.

And like I said before, you have to, in terms of determining credibility, you have to determine whether or not they provided to you and gave you the full story here with the RVUs, the draft pro formas that we talked about, these infusion reports that they talked about, the logs from the other doctors. You heard all about that, but they were never

produced.

You know, in this case, you heard NYU say wait until you hear the whole story. That's what they wanted, what they told you at the beginning. But in this case, they ripped out pages from the story. Those are critical pieces of information that should have been provided to you. What were the RVUs? What were these other logs for the other doctors? Where are these infusions? Well, with these business plans, where is the backup information showing how much these doctors were making? Because they said they relied on these salaries, these prior salaries. Where is any of that information? They have it. They didn't produce it to you, and you have the right to take that into account in terms of determining credibility.

Let's jump into the chapters.

So chapter one, this one has to do with -- we're going to start at the beginning. I'm going in reverse order from what defendants did, because I think it tells the story better and gives you a better understanding of everything as it flows through. So the first one has to do with Dr. Edelman being discriminated against. And we heard from Dr. Edelman that throughout her employment there, there were certain sexist things that she heard. You heard her talking about being told to smile more. You heard her say, with Mr. Kaplan, that he told her to calm down. And she said, look, I never heard one doctor who got upset, a male doctor who got upset and raised

his voice being told to calm down. Those are sexist things.

Again, you can take your own experiences back into the jury

room in determining whether or not you think that those things

were sexist in any way.

Let's look at the facts of what happened.

So with respect to the legal elements, OK, and again, the Court's going to instruct you, as he did before, that he's going to, the Court, the judge is going to give you the instructions as to the law. I wanted to give you a preview. What I'm saying, I believe, complies with him, but ultimately you listen to -- and comports with the judge, but ultimately you need to listen to what the Court's instructions are on the law. But you're going to hear from the Court that the law for discrimination is that you're treated less well. That's the standard, that you're treated less well because of your gender. And this applies throughout any type of protected category, be it race or religion or anything like that. So if you're treated less well, you are discriminated against. OK?

And the law is not a civility code, but you can't treat someone less well because of their gender. Period, end of story. So if the reason why or a reason why you are being treated less well is because of your gender, that's discrimination under the law. Period, end of story.

Also, with respect to discrimination, even a single comment is sufficient to establish discrimination. It can just

be one thing, and you can take that totality of the circumstances. If there's one thing that's said or the way that they act, you can look at the totality of the circumstances to impute or infer that somehow the conduct that was involved here was discriminatory.

Then lastly, this is what we call a mixed motive case. So what that means is that sex, in this case, or gender, need only be a motivating factor. It doesn't have to be the only; it just has to be one. That could be 1 percent, 100 percent or whatever. It just has to be a factor to why she was treated the way that she was, it's because of her gender.

So let's jump over to the facts. OK?

In this case you heard testimony about Mr. Antonik raising his voice and shouting at Dr. Edelman. He's leaning in. He's an imposing figure, intimidating her, and if you believe that he did that, in part, just as 1 percent, that, in part, because of her gender, that's sufficient to create a hostile work environment and discrimination.

You heard testimony she was called a -- not the nicest word in the world; I'll say that. So it was demeaning and degrading. She never heard him speak to another male coworker like that. She was very upset about this, couldn't sleep. And she further avoided all contact with Antonik for the rest of the time that she worked there.

You also heard testimony about on September 25, that

Dr. Kaplan came into her office and dismissed her claims, wouldn't listen to her about what she perceived as a contractual right to it. And by the way, you heard testimony and you saw documents about an unshared office. That was in the negotiations. You heard Dr. Mehta tell, emailed, and you saw an exhibit about Dr. Mehta explaining to Mr. Swirnow that they had agreed on an unshared office. So she had a right to raise her voice -- raise her concern to Mr. Kaplan and Mr. Antonik. But they dismissed her. You know?

In fact, Mr. Kaplan called her complaint or her concern totally ridiculous -- totally ridiculous. You know, he didn't say that it was contractually unfounded. You know, he used the word "ridiculous" with respect to Dr. Edelman's complaint and about her.

Let's talk about the word for a second. So here, you heard testimony that, in fact, this word was used before and that NYU knew about it and they knew about it for years. OK?

I'll just jump to the bottom line:

"A. I wasn't asked. I told Mr. Steer" -- one of NYU's attorneys; you heard from him before -- "at my second deposition when he asked."

They knew about this for years. They're trying to say somehow this wasn't raised at all; it's not in the Pacina report that, by the way, is dated March of 2020, which, by the way, was closed by Ms. Pacina on October 8 of 2019. And it's

not in the complaint.

She's not drafting the complaint. You know that. You wouldn't do that. You wouldn't expect her to. Again, you use your own judgment. Who would be making those drafts? That's the lawyers, and there are certain restrictions that lawyers have in terms of putting items into a complaint. So you take those into account as well.

All right. So after these incidents happened, in fact, the next day after this incident with Mr. Antonik, Dr. Edelman immediately calls HR and she speaks to Kathleen Pacina. OK? And as a result of that, she's ultimately terminated. And as I told you at the beginning of this case and I'll tell you now, and the evidence supports it, is that she was under contract. NYU could not terminate her when she made the complaint, and they couldn't -- and in fact, they testified that they didn't have cause to terminate her. So when her contract was up for renewal a year later, that's when the conduct happened, and ultimately they determined not to renew her contract and terminate her, based on that. So they couldn't do anything to her back in September, October, November, when she was complaining about this.

So let's look at the elements of a retaliation claim.

No. 1 is that Dr. Edelman engaged in protected activity. I don't think there's any dispute that she engaged in protected activity. Protected activity means that you made

a complaint. Whether or not it turns out to be viable or not, when you file a complaint, you have a right to make that complaint. You're allowed to have your voice heard. That's what the law says, and so that complaint could be either something that you do to HR, it can also be something that you do when you file a lawsuit.

I do want to say one thing, because you heard testimony from Mr. Rubin. You know, this is important. You heard him say -- and let me just back up to one other thing.

With the law, it also talks about the fact that there's an adverse employment action that happens, that you get terminated. I don't think -- again, there's no dispute about the adverse employment action. But a company can't take any type of adverse employment action, terminate you, because you filed a complaint. They can't do anything that's going to adversely affect you. That's what the law says. They can't take any type of conduct against you because of that.

But you heard Mr. Rubin say that, when he was shown that email about saying that Dr. Edelman was a good doctor that he sent after he fired her for being a bad doctor, he said if I had known she was going to bring this lawsuit, I wouldn't have written that email. That's retaliation. That's retaliation, because he's taking an adverse action against Dr. Edelman because she filed a complaint. You're not allowed to do that under the law. And he said it in court. You know, talk about

not accepting blame. NYU wants to say that Dr. Edelman won't accept any blame. NYU doesn't thing think they did anything wrong here. Nothing -- nothing.

So let's just jump back into the elements here.

The law with respect to corporate, to protected activity, you're going to get instructed that general corporate knowledge of the protected activity is enough to establish knowledge by NYU. So anybody within NYU, as long as somebody within the company knows that there was some type of protected activity, that's sufficient to impute knowledge to the entire company, because a company isn't a person. And you heard testimony, Ms. Pacina knew about it. You heard Mr. Kaplan knew about it. You heard Dr. Goldberg say he knew about it.

Mr. Swirnow knew about it as well. All these people, again, I don't think it's in dispute.

The next element has to do with NYU's conduct likely to deter future protected activity. What that means is they want to, they can't use that to try and send a message to anybody. You know? And somehow the termination of Dr. Edelman is going to deter future protected activity, that's unlawful.

Lastly, with respect to retaliatory motive -- again, this is that lower standard with respect to mixed motive -- that her complaint and the motive that they had about her termination need only be a motivating factor. Again, it doesn't have to be the only factor. It could be anything from

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1 to 100 percent in terms of that. So if her complaint played some factor in what happened here in her termination, that's sufficient.

You know, one thing that's interesting and telling too, before we even get into the facts, are that, you know, for six years, there's no complaints. No complaints against Dr. Edelman, nothing in writing, no warnings. There was nothing. They, in fact, renewed her contract. And then all of a sudden, soon after she files her complaint, there starts to be complaints -- the log, for the first time, created. No log before that. She had been working since 2014, and the log doesn't appear until November of 2019. So almost six years later, the log.

You know, a zebra doesn't change its stripes, and Dr. Edelman doesn't change how she acted and performed as a doctor in those six years. The one thing that changes or is different from the first six years to the next year and a half is that she filed a complaint.

So let's go through the facts again with respect to this, just briefly.

September 16 is the incident with Mr. Antonik.

The next is the email exchange going back and forth between November -- September 25 and November 12.

After that, there's emails back and forth, where Dr. Edelman is insisting that this complaint continue on through

her emails with Ms. Pacina.

And if we look at the next slide, we look at some of the emails that she sends to -- or emails and notes from Ms. Pacina; these are excerpts from Ms. Pacina's notes. She wants to make a complaint against Joe Antonik. It doesn't say anything about office space there. It's about an individual and the way that he acted towards her -- "intimidating," "throwing," "her heart was racing" and she felt "very uncomfortable." These are notes from Ms. Pacina. And again, these are notes that are dated in March of 2020. So hard to say that these things are the actual notes from back in September.

What we do have is Dr. Edelman sending an email to Ms. Pacina on September 25, 2019, about a week after, talking about "inappropriate conduct," "bullying," "condescending," that he had cornered her. And again, you can put your own experiences in terms of Mr. Antonik coming into her office and closing the door and it's just the two of them there and the concerns that she had. She's saying that she needs to be able to work in a nonhostile environment, that she's a female physician and disappointed about male chauvinism going on in the workplace.

And then she repeats it again November 1, 2019, when she talks about her harassment complaint and abusive and bullying behavior, treatment of females, implicit bias and that

as a female, she's not going to tolerate treatment like this in her workplace and she feels uncomfortable.

By the way, these are all the -- the November 1 one, and we're going to get into this a little bit later, this is after -- this is after -- she had had that conversation with Mr. Swirnow about the office and it had been worked out where she was going to go back to Huntington -- or actually, go from Huntington to Marcus Avenue full time. So it had been resolved with Mr. Swirnow. We'll get into the actual email, but it had already been resolved. And she's still, in November, pushing the issue. OK?

The other thing that NYU doesn't really address, throughout this whole case, the closing, is what I call where is the why? OK? Where is the why? Why is it that Dr. Edelman would make up this story? What's the benefit to her? They don't explain any of this. The best that they've got, you heard from defense counsel, is that she must have made all of this up because of an office, you know, this office dispute.

Again, take your own experiences into account, whether or not she's going to bring a lawsuit and make these complaints because of an office issue that, by the way, had already been resolved. And you heard her say, and you heard Mr. Swirnow say, that once that office issue was resolved, she said I'm still going to file, I still want my complaint to be heard.

If it was about office space, she'd say great; it's

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all resolved. She didn't do that. They don't explain why is it that she would continue on? They don't explain where is the why? And the why is because she was discriminated against. She was harassed. She was called bad names, and she was treated less well because of her gender.

So let's jump over to November 6.

This is a critical time, because this is when Mr. Antonik emails and solicits negative feedback of Dr. Edelman. OK? So it's not like he was asking, on November 6 -and you saw the emails, and they're in evidence, exhibit 86 -that he's asking for an objective analysis or objective performance evaluation. He's soliciting clear and convincing. What does that sound like? That sounds like lawyer speak to They were looking to fire her. They knew it, and they me. were looking for clear and convincing evidence about inappropriate behavior. They were targeting her because they wanted to get rid of her.

Did they do this for any other doctor? No. And who's the one who's sending this email? Joe Antonik. So he's clearly targeting her about information. And in fact, then, later on in that email, he gave a few examples in the first go-round and then he cut and pasted, with embellishments, the Miriam Ruiz log and sends that out and says here's some more dirt on her. You know, he's piling on.

So then, 12 minutes after he sends that second

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email -- 12 minutes -- Dr. Porges sends this email, cutting and pasting Mr. Antonik's email and sending that over to Kaplan. Shocked. Mr. Kaplan is shocked by all this. But the reality is that the wheels were already moving in place. They knew, and you heard this from Dr. Goldberg -- that's another important thing. You heard Mr. Rubin saying, well, I was concerned about her patient care, so I spoke to Dr. Porges and Dr. Goldberg, and they confirmed that there were some serious concerns about her clinical care. But you heard Dr. Goldberg say when he first spoke to spoke to Mr. Rubin, that was in December of 2020. That was the first time. He said I spoke to him in December of 2020, and Mr. Rubin told him we were going to fire her. That's what he told him. And then he did an independent look at some of her charts and concluded around New Year, a month after she was terminated, that there may have been some patient care issues. But the wheels were set. So that's what Mr. Rubin told you. He gave you the clear impression that he spoke to two doctors -- that's just not the case -- before he terminated and made that decision. Then, what happens after that is Kaplan forwards the

Then, what happens after that is Kaplan forwards the email to Swirnow, who passes the information on to Rubin, who ultimately makes the decision, based on all of this information. If a factor -- if a factor -- 1 percent, again, was motivation by Joe Antonik in this, that's sufficient under the law for a retaliation claim.

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THE COURT: Members of the jury, let me instruct you again that as to matters of the law, it's the Court's instructions that will govern, as counsel indicated.

MR. LABUDA: Yes.

THE COURT: Go ahead.

MR. LABUDA: Yes.

With respect to -- you'll also be instructed in this case about what's called the cat's-paw, and cat's-paw is a legal theory. It comes from an old Aesop fable, and the way that it works, it has to do with somebody who doesn't necessarily have a big retaliatory motive and how they get tricked; they do something that they don't necessarily know all the consequences of. So cat's-paw goes like this:

There's a monkey who's sitting by a fire and he sees a chestnut in the fire. Right? And he wants the chestnut, and he tells his cat friend, can you go in and get that chestnut for me? So the cat goes in, grabs the chestnut, but he burns his paw, and he brings out the chestnut and the monkey gets what he wants. So that's where it comes from, because in this case, the real motive is from Antonik and Kaplan. Maybe Swirnow as well, but Rubin, who wasn't a person who was focused on or a target of the complaint, was the one who ultimately made the determination. So just an interesting fact.

> So let's look at the defendants' affirmative defenses. Again, we talked about some of this stuff. They have

the burden of proof. Again, you're going to hear from the Court, that it was motivated by some nonretaliatory reason, but the reality is that their affirmative defense fails because they have a lot of shifting explanations as to what actually happened here. They've got shifting stories, again, about when things were said between Rubin and Goldberg. They have shifting stories about her being a bad doctor, yet you saw the email four days later from Rubin saying that she was a very good doctor.

You've got no comparison between Dr. Edelman and any of the other doctors, you know, saying too many tests, too many x-rays. There's no comparison in terms of one doctor versus another. You didn't see that. They have all the information. Did they show you how many tests Modi was doing? Did they show you how many tests Porges was doing? They didn't show you anything. Mehta? They didn't show you any of that.

They didn't show you any logs from any other doctors, and again, she had been working, Dr. Edelman had been working for six years without any complaint. And then boom, she files the complaint and things start moving on that.

You heard testimony, again, about the fact that they couldn't terminate her while she was under contract and that they acknowledge that they didn't have cause. They could never fire her for cause.

You saw the emails about negative solicitations, and

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you also heard testimony that nobody -- nobody -- ever spoke to Dr. Edelman. That's the crazy part, from my perspective. Like, they get these complaints and they never speak to Dr.

They never get her side of the story. And you heard Edelman. Mr. Rubin say that when there's some type of dispute, he gets both sides of the story; he wants to hear from both sides. He didn't do that in this case.

Another thing, in terms of just not making a lot of sense, is that although they terminated her and told her on December 1, they allowed her and continued to have her work until the end of May. They say it's because there's some policy at NYU, we keep everybody there for an extra six months. Where is that policy? Nowhere. Nowhere.

Again, they say something, they can't back it up. Those are shifting stories. They have the ability to do it. They didn't give it to you.

Again, there's no documents here. There's no standard of care. There's no nothing.

> All right. So let's jump on to the Goldberg, Emanuel. Pass that.

Now, Dr. Goldberg, he said in his testimony that he was -- it says:

"A. Yes, well, he notified me about the fact that we were not going to be renewing her and, you know, he did leave a window open for some discussion, so I did some research on my own."

OK. Now let's go to Mr. Goldberg.

Later, he says that he did his review, and it was around the holidays, meaning the end of the year, could have been the beginning of the year. I said:

"Q. It could have been January '21, right?

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Mr. Rubin.

"A. Right." And then you heard NYU's attorney say could it have been in November? Could it have been in November? But he's clearly saying that he made his decision, and he was already told about this when he first spoke to Rubin.

In contrast, Mr. Swirnow, he indicated:

- "Q. Did you have any further discussions regarding clinical issues?
- "A. We asked Porges if he felt he could mentor.
- 16 | "Q. Did you discuss the issue with anybody else?
  - "A. We had a phone call with Dr. Goldberg to discuss the matter," indicating, again, that somehow he was involved in it.

If you jump to the next page here, with this, but the reality is that Dr. Edelman was a good doctor. She treated her patients very well. In fact, when she was told about, when the patients were informed about her leaving, there were a bevy of emails. There's 50 pages in exhibit 93, and I invite you to look at them. But some of them talk about, "I consider myself to be very fortunate to be under Dr. Edelman's care. She's the

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only physician who thinks outside the box to properly diagnose my medical condition."

So I just ask you to look at those, just for sake of time. But one thing that is important here is that, you know, Dr. Edelman took the time with patients to figure out what's going on. Some of these, you heard testimony these rheumatology patients, they can be lifetime patients with them. So if she takes a little longer with them, that's a good thing, not a bad thing. But I think NYU is kind of saying: should speed through this; hit your RVUs and go on.

If she takes the time, she's not supposed to be penalized for that. She's trying to take care of patients.

Let's jump to the equal pay.

All right. So, with the equal pay, the Equal Pay Act, created in 1963 -- that's when it was enacted, 1963. anniversary, 60 years later. Right? And the reason why it was enacted is because of the perceived pay disparity between men and women, they thought that men thought that they should be paid more for the same job, and the law says that's not OK. That's why the law was enacted in the first place.

So let's see how the EPA and its enforcement is doing now.

(Video played)

"VOICE: All right. We are here at the Oscar's.

"VOICE: That's right, where movie lovers unite and Summation - Mr. Labuda.

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watch TV.

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This year the academy hired three women to "VOICE: host because it's cheaper than hiring one man."

MR. LABUDA: So, equal pay is still an issue. OK? It's still an issue. It's an issue throughout the United States. It's an issue in New York, and it's an issue in Lake Success, New York, where NYU was. OK? There's no dispute.

Again, take your own experiences in terms of equal pay and what you've heard about that in terms of men being paid more than women. You take those experiences into the jury room in determining why and how this happened. But it exists. It exists, and I think everybody is aware of that. And there's no dispute that Dr. Edelman was paid less. I mean the evidence is overwhelming with that fact. Again, NYU disputes somehow that there wasn't, she wasn't paid less, but I'll let them make their own arguments.

So let's get into the legal elements, again, that you're going to hear from the Court, but it's pretty simple.

With respect to the law, for the plaintiff to prevail in the case, it has to be equal work and unequal pay. that's what the law is, and so equal work, talks about skill, effort and responsibility; talks about similar working conditions. Again, there's no dispute from NYU. You heard that. And then unequal pay, there's no dispute about the pay. She was paid less.

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The other thing that's important is that it's a strict liability law. It means that there's no intent required. so that's significant as well.

I want to jump into the skill, effort and responsibility. Those are the three elements of the equal pay claim in terms of the plaintiff's responsibilities.

Skill, they're all rheumatologists. They all went to medical school. They all have the same skill. You heard them saying that.

Effort. That's effort and responsibility. You know, we've seen those words before. You know, they're actually in the contract.

Emanuel, if you can go to exhibit 8.

They talk about, with that chart, if you remember that chart, it had the word "effort" in it. NYU uses that word, "effort." It says effort in there. And that has to do with the clinical compensation. You remember it says effort, then it says clinical and then for Dr. Edelman it's 100 percent. They have that same chart for every doctor. They're acknowledging that effort is the same. In fact, the testimony, there you go -- effort. There it is: NYU -- effort. So it's the same effort that's involved here.

What they're trying to say is if you're a faster doctor and you do more, you see more patients, that's different than Dr. Edelman. That's just not true at all. Effort has to

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do with the patient care. If you're a good doctor and you spend time with your patient and you spend it full time, that's the same effort as somebody who's going through, boom, boom, That is effort. NYU defines it as effort. It's in boom. their contract. It's in all their contracts, and it's very important, because they're trying to say she somehow didn't do the same effort when she was working full time.

Responsibility, we've seen that word too. OK? Where does responsibility show up?

Jump again, Emanuel, to D852.

So 52 -- go up. Go up. Go up.

Clinical responsibilities. Responsibilities, they're all the same for the doctors.

And if you roll down to see, Emanuel, in the responsibilities, it says you will provide clinical patient care in the specialty of rheumatology on a full-time basis. That's the responsibility. Guess what? That shows up on everybody's contract. That's what their responsibility was. There's no dispute about that. OK?

So when you have NYU saying same effort or more by Dr. Edelman, same responsibilities, same skill -- they're all rheumatologists -- she's met her burden. OK?

Now, let's jump to what happened in this case in terms of the actual pay. And by the way -- well, let's just go through this real quick.

With respect to Dr. Edelman, she's performing the same work as the other doctors. The administration work is negligible. There's no research work with respect to Dr. Porges; it got phased out. And they're treating patients all the same.

Then with respect to what was going on here, Mr. Rubin wasn't even aware about this Equal Pay Act. He didn't even know about it. There was no comparison studies between any doctors and there's no production element of the Equal Pay Act.

So let's go to the actual pay that happened.

Again, you have the contracts. You see what's in there. Dr. Modi indicates that they're all doing the same work. You heard every doctor say that. They're all rheumatologists. They all do the same thing, and that Dr. Modi felt that what Dr. Goldberg was paid was unfair, because he was getting paid substantially less.

We can just jump from there, Emanuel.

So let's look at the actual pay.

Thank you.

This is the pay of the doctors in 2014, when the practice started. Again, you heard they're all doing the same thing. Porges and Goldberg paid substantially more than Dr. Edelman. Same thing in 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019 -- I know there's a theme here -- 2020 and 2021. Always at the bottom, every year. OK?

So no doubt that that's just what happened. They can't dispute that. Those are the numbers. OK?

So once we establish our claim, then it goes to the defendants in terms of the affirmative defense. OK? So it's their burden, not ours but their burden to show that there's a bona fide factor other than sex that was a reason why they paid that. And they talk about education, training or experience. OK?

So let's just talk about that for a second.

That's what the law is. It's got to be derived from a differential that's not based on sex. It got to be job-related, and there's got to be a business necessity. OK? That's what the law talks about.

Now let's talk about what NYU is alleging here.

They're talking about how, well, we paid doctors under all sorts of different circumstance, this factor, that factor, this factor, that factor, whatever. They didn't have any type of system. You heard testimony about Dr. Modi and you saw evidence. Dr. Modi and Dr. Edelman, same school, same experience, all that. He was making \$360,000, and she's making 207 at the time. So if you talked about education, that can't be the case, because they went to the same schools and they both have the same education level.

Training or experience, again, same thing with Dr.

Modi. They all had the same training and experience. In fact,

you heard Dr. Goldberg, that he was a teaching resident at school. He didn't see nearly as many patients as Dr. Edelman when she was in private practice. They were all hired to see patients on a full-time basis. No teaching or anything like that.

So you have issues with respect to NYU shifting their stories here in terms of why it's important to pay one doctor more versus another. And then they talk about the fact that, well, we paid Dr. Edelman less because of a lease or a loan. You saw the contracts. There's nothing referenced in there about paying her less because of that. And you saw that merger clause that says everything that's an understanding between the parties has to be included in that contract for it to be a part of that contract. So there's nothing like that.

They didn't have any type of gender-neutral point system. They didn't have any type of metric to determine pay. They just did it on an arbitrary basis, and it ultimately ended with women being paid less.

Another thing that they mentioned was about prior salaries. Prior salaries alone can't be justification, and the reason why that's the case is because prior salaries perpetuate a pay gap. If you were paid less before, it's just going to continue that pay gap. And so that alone can't be a sufficient basis.

They talked about RVUs. RVUs, again, they even said

we didn't use that as a basis to determine the pay. And the reality is that, and you saw this with Dr. Goldberg's salary, he had a lower RVU target. His target in 2014 was 3,481, and for that he was getting paid \$290,000. In contrast, Dr. Edelman was 4,966, and she was only getting paid \$207,000. So that can't be the justification for the pay gap.

So you have that on top of the fact that with the salaries, you heard that a lot of the male doctors demanded a higher salary, and they got it. Dr. Edelman demanded a higher salary, and she didn't get it. She asked for 260. They gave her 207. Dr. Modi asked for 360. He got 360. Dr. Porges asked for 340. He got 340. And then you heard testimony about Dr. Goldberg jumping from 290 to \$500,000, because he asked for it.

All these reasons are what's called a pretext.

They're just excuses. They just don't meet that affirmative defense there, and they don't establish that any of these things are some type of business necessity. You have to have a need for it. It's like a teacher, let's say, for instance, who has a Ph.D. and you need that Ph.D. in order to justify a higher salary. In this case, they're all getting paid the same thing. You know? There's nothing that's different. It's no different than if there's a secretary who has an additional skill set, who can speak Spanish to clients or something like that. There may be some need that you have, but they're not

showing you any type of need for why they needed to pay these doctors any more, the male doctors more than what they did.

At the end, in terms of these cases and in terms of this proof, let's just look at the scorecard for each one of them in terms of the proofs that Dr. Edelman put in.

She established that she was treated less well, we submit, and that it was based, in part, on her gender. So that would be a verdict in favor of Dr. Edelman.

With respect to the retaliation claim, she engaged in protected activity. They knew about it. The conduct was likely to deter future conduct. There was a retaliatory motive, and there was ultimately an adverse employment action against her. So that would be, again, a verdict in favor of Dr. Edelman.

Lastly, with the equal pay, we submit to you that we have established that she performed equal work and received unequal pay and that any of the affirmative defenses just don't fly. So that would be, again, a verdict in favor of Dr. Edelman.

Briefly, I want to talk to you about the damages in this case.

Again, the damages are up to the jury in terms of determining, but one component of the damages for discrimination are compensatory damages. So you can compensate Dr. Edelman for the emotional pain, suffering, inconvenience,

mental anguish, the humiliation and loss of enjoyment of life. That was attendant with the discrimination, and you heard testimony about her emotional state, how she couldn't sleep at night, and the state that she was working under while she continued working at NYU and even thereafter, seeking therapy.

So, with the retaliation claim, that has two components to it. One is the front pay, and the second is the compensatory damages aspect.

Let me just talk to you about front pay.

The front pay has really two components from what we see. One is the loss of her retirement benefits, because she had that at NYU, where she was getting about \$30,000 a year in retirement benefits that she didn't receive at her new job. And the other one with respect to front pay, that's some type of expectation of future lost earnings that she has because she lost her job at NYU as a result of the retaliation. And with respect to that, that could be future lost earnings based on the fact that she's now in Florida.

In addition, you can award compensatory damages, the emotional distress, the inconvenience of having to move to Florida is within the compensatory realm. The mental anguish, the humiliation and the loss of life attendant with those circumstances as well.

(Continued on next page)

MR. LABUDA: And then with the EPA, we have some figures. Again, you can look at the contracts, but the difference in her pay versus the highest doctors' pay here is \$1.7 million, that's the difference in the pay. I will note, we also factored in in here the administrative component of it, that \$25,000 because we don't think that NYU was using that as administrative. That was part of their overall pay, so we added that in. If you took -- again, you'll be instructed on this, as well, but if you took and believed that somehow she was in the average, that would come out to \$1.1 million.

If you compare Dr. Porges with Dr. Edelman, the difference is \$900,000 in pay. If you compare the pay between Dr. Goldberg and Dr. Edelman, that's \$1.6 million. If you compare Dr. Modi with Dr. Edelman, that's \$500,000. I will say, Dr. Modi, the reason why that number's lower is that he started in 2017. You can still take into account the fact that there may have been a prior comparator with either Dr. Porges or Goldberg for the prior years in '14, '15, and '16.

Again, I just want to jump over to the RVU because that was somehow raised that somehow she didn't have the same effort. But the reality is if you compare Dr. Goldberg and Edelman in terms of the RVUs that were there, he's doing less effort, according to what NYU and generating 348 RVUs, and he's getting paid \$30,000 more whereas she's doing more work, more effort, seeing more patients, and she's only getting \$20,000.

There's no way for Dr. Edelman to ever catch up to the male doctors, she's just not getting paid the same for any of this work.

So I want to jump real quickly to Dr. Edelman's efforts to find work because, again, NYU had issues raised about the fact that she wanted to go to Florida, the Sunshine State. She didn't want to go to Florida, she wanted to stay in New York. She had a family up here. She's got three sisters, she's got her friends. I don't think anybody wants to involuntarily be moved anywhere. They almost seem like they're saying they did her a favor by firing her, which is insane.

But the reality is that she looked all over the country. You heard testimony about this. She looked at New Haven, she looked in Pennsylvania, Nashville, Colorado. The only place where she got a job offer was in Florida and she took it because she needed to continue working, have an income, support her family, and that's what happened. So she didn't want to do that.

In fact, you saw testimony that Northwell, she was in contact with Northwell trying to get a job and they entered into a confidentiality agreement about trying to get a job down there in December. She wanted to stay in New York. Northwell is in New York. New Haven, you had New Haven on the next page. She was applying to a job there on December 24th, that's in New York. And then the next one is that on December 3rd, she was

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also looking for another job in New York, as well, at CLSLI, another private practice in Long Island, catholic health services.

So you heard all the testimony here. Again, I appreciate all your time and attention to this case. The evidence is now going to be before you and we would ask that you return a just verdict in favor of plaintiff.

Thank you very much.

THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Labuda.

Members of the jury, we're now going to take a 15- or 20-minute break. After you return, I will give you your instructions and then you'll retire to deliberate. You don't have the case yet. Please don't talk amongst yourselves about the case, don't do any research. Enjoy the break.

(Jury not present)

I want to commend counsel on both sides for keeping within the time limits.

Second, there was a point that Mr. Steer mentioned about the charge, it had to do with I think page 48, charge 3.1. There are four places within that charge wherein telling the jury how to calculate damages, I refer to "salary." I think Mr. Steer has a point, the word "salary" there should be replaced by the word "wages," which would refer back to the charge that I gave in the definition of wages.

Any objection to that from the plaintiff's

1	perspective? You want to take a quick look at that.			
2	MR. LABUDA: Page 48, your Honor?			
3	THE COURT: It's on my draft, page 48.			
4	While you're doing that, the parties should also clean			
5	out their tables because I'm going to ask you in a moment to			
6	MR. LABUDA: Is this the damages under EPA, your			
7	Honor?			
8	THE COURT: Yes, it is.			
9	MR. LABUDA: What line is this?			
10	THE COURT: Sixth line, eighth line, ninth line, and			
11	eleventh line.			
12	MR. LABUDA: And you want to replace.			
13	THE COURT: "Salary" with "wages."			
14	MR. LABUDA: I'd have to look at the instructions in			
15	terms of			
16	THE COURT: Let me know that when you come back in			
17	about 15 minutes or so.			
18	MR. LABUDA: Thank you, your Honor.			
19	THE COURT: Mr. Steer, any objection from you?			
20	MR. STEER: No, your Honor.			
21	THE COURT: I'm going to ask you to clear as the			
22	parties in the criminal case may need to set up.			
23	(Recess)			
24	I'm going to keep the charge with respect to 3.1 as it			
25	was provided to the parties last night. I understand that that			

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is the plaintiff's preference and the defendant had made an objection with respect to 3.1 or a suggestion with respect to 3.1, but it was late. I set numerous deadlines for exceptions and objections to the charge and this suggestion came this morning for the first time. So the parties were entitled to know what the charge was going to be before they closed and I'm going to give the charge as delivered to the parties before they closed.

> Let's bring in the jury and I'll have them charged. (Jury present)

Members of the jury, you've now heard all the evidence as to the claim by the plaintiff, Sari Edelman, against the defendants. The defendants include the NYU Langone Health system, NYU Langone Hospitals, NYU Langone Medical Center, NYU at Langone Nassau Rheumatology, NYU School of Medicine, NYU Grossman School of Medicine, and NYU Hospital Center, all of which I will collectively refer to from now on as "NYU" for short. Defendants also include the individuals Andrew Rubin, Joseph Antonik, and Joshua Swirnow, who I will refer to as the "individual defendants." You have paid careful attention to the evidence and I am confident that you will act together with fairness and impartiality to reach a just verdict in the case. We are near the point where you will undertake your vital function as jurors of deliberating. Now that the lawyers have made their closing arguments, I am going to instruct you about

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the law that governs the case. There are two parts to these instructions:

First, I will give you some general instructions about your role and about how you are to decide the facts of the case. These instructions would apply to just about any trial.

Second, I will give you specific instructions about the legal rules applicable to this particular case. Then I will give you some final instructions before you begin your deliberations.

Listening to these instructions may not be easy. It is important, however, that you listen carefully, but that you concentrate. I ask for your patience, cooperation, and attention. You will notice that I am reading these instructions from a prepared text. It would be more lively, no doubt, if I just improvised, but it's important that I not do that. The law is made up of words and those words are very carefully chosen. So when I tell you the law, it's critical I use exactly the right words.

You will have copies of what I am reading in the jury room to consult, so don't worry if you miss a word or two. But for now, listen carefully and try to concentrate on what I'm saying. I will also be distributing to you a verdict form in which to record your verdict. It will list the questions that you should consider in the order you should consider them.

I will now instruct you on the law. It is my duty to

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do that just as it has been my duty to preside over the trial and decide what testimony and evidence is relevant under the law for your consideration. It is your duty to accept my instructions on the law and to apply them to the facts as you determine them.

On these legal matters, you must take the law as I give it to you. You must not substitute your own notions or opinions of what the law is or ought to be. You should not, any of you, be concerned about the wisdom of any rule that I state. Regardless of any opinion that you may have as to what the law may be or should be, it would violate your sworn duty to base a verdict upon any other view of the law than that which I give you.

If any attorney states or has stated a legal principle different from any that I state to you in my instructions, it is my instructions that you must follow. You should not single out any particular instruction alone as stating the law and you should consider my instructions as a whole when you retire to deliberate in the jury room.

You are not to infer from any of my questions or any of my rulings on objections or anything else I've done during this trial that I have any view as to the credibility of the witnesses or how you should decide the case. Any questions I asked were designed to make sure the testimony was clear and to avoid confusion. You are expressly to understand that the

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Court has no opinion as to the verdict you should render in this case.

As members of the jury, you are the sole and exclusive judges of the facts. You pass judgment upon the evidence, you determine the credibility of the witnesses, you resolve any conflicts that may be in the testimony, you draw whatever reasonable inferences you decide to draw from the facts as you've determined them, and you determine the weight of the evidence.

Although you are encouraged to use all of your life experiences in analyzing testimony in reaching a fair verdict, you may not communicate any personal professional expertise you might have or other facts not in evidence to the other jurors during deliberations. You must base your discussions and decisions solely on the evidence presented to you during the trial and that evidence alone. You may not consider or speculate on matters not in evidence or matters outside the case.

Now, it is the duty of attorneys to object when the other side offers testimony or other evidence that the attorney believes is not properly admissible. Therefore, you should draw no inference from the fact that an attorney objected to any evidence. Nor should you draw any inference from the fact that I might have sustained or overruled an objection.

From time to time, the lawyers and I had conferences

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at sidebar out of your hearing. These conferences involved procedural and other matters. None of the events relating to these conferences should enter into your deliberations at all.

Similarly, the personalities and conduct of the counsel in the courtroom are not in any way an issue. If you formed reactions of any kind to any of the lawyers, favorable or unfavorable, whether you approved or disapproved of their behavior as advocates, those reactions should not enter into your deliberations.

I know that you will try the issues that have been presented to you according to the oath that you've taken as jurors in which you promised that you would well and truly try the issues joined in this case and render a true verdict. If you follow that oath and try the issues without fear or prejudice or bias or sympathy, you will arrive at a true and just verdict.

You are to evaluate the evidence calmly and objectively, without prejudice or sympathy. You are to be completely fair and impartial. Your verdict must be based solely on the evidence developed at this trial or the lack of evidence. The parties in this case are entitled to a trial free from prejudice and bias. Our judicial system cannot work unless you reach your verdict through a fair and impartial consideration of the evidence.

It would be improper for you to consider in deciding

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the facts of the case any personal feelings you may have about the race, national origin, sex, or age of any party or any witness, or any other such relevant factor. This case should be decided by you as an action between parties of equal standing in the community and of equal worth. Both parties are entitled to the same fair trial at your hands. Both parties stand equal before the law and are to be dealt with as equals in this court.

As noted, in reaching your verdict, you must remember that all parties stand equal before the law and are to be dealt with as equals in this court. The mere fact that some of the parties in this case are corporations does not mean that they are entitled to any lesser consideration by you. All litigants are equal before the law, and corporations, big or small, are entitled to the same fair consideration as you would give any other individual party. This means that you must treat Sari Edelman, Andrew Rubin, Joseph Antonik, and Joshua Swirnow, all natural persons, and the corporate NYU defendants as equal under the law.

Because this is a civil case, the preponderance of the evidence stands and applies to all disputed issues. Some of you may have heard of "proof beyond a reasonable doubt," which is the proper standard of proof in a criminal trial. That requirement does not apply to a civil case such as this one and you should put it out of your mind.

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What does a "preponderance of the evidence" mean? To establish a fact by a preponderance of the evidence means to prove that the fact is more likely true than not. A preponderance of the evidence means the greater weight of the evidence. It refers to the quality and persuasiveness of the evidence, not the number of witnesses or documents. In determining whether a claim has been proven by a preponderance of the evidence, you may consider the relevant testimony of all the witnesses, regardless of who may have called them, and all the relevant exhibits received in evidence, regardless of who may have offered or produced them.

If, after considering all of the testimony, you are satisfied that the plaintiff, the party with the burden of proof, has carried her burden on each essential point of the claim where she bears the burden of proof, then you must find in plaintiff's favor on that claim. If, after such consideration, you find that the evidence produced by the plaintiff is outweighed by the evidence against the plaintiff's position or that the credible evidence on a given issue is evenly divided between the parties, that it is as equally probable that one side is right as it is the other side is right, then you must decide that issue against the plaintiff. That is because the plaintiff bears the burden of proof and she must prove more than simple equality of evidence, she must prove the element by a preponderance of the evidence. On the

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other hand, the plaintiff need prove no more than a preponderance. So long as you find that the scales tip, however slightly, in favor of the plaintiff that what she claims is more likely true than not, then that element will have been proven by a preponderance of the evidence.

I want to take a moment to describe to you what is and is not evidence in this case. As I have said, you may rely only on the evidence in your deliberations. The evidence in this case is the sworn testimony of the witnesses and the exhibits received in evidence. On the other hand, certain things are not evidence.

First, I will describe a list of examples of things that are not evidence:

A question by a lawyer is not to be considered by you as evidence. It is the witness's answers that are evidence, not the questions. At times, a lawyer may have incorporated into a question a statement which assumed certain facts to be true and asked the witness if the statement was true. If the witness denied the truth of a statement and if there's no direct evidence in the record proving that assumed fact to be true, then you may not consider it to be true simply because it was contained in the lawyer's question.

Similarly, arguments by lawyers are not evidence because the lawyers are not witnesses. What they have said in their opening statements and their closing statements was

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intended to help you understand the evidence and to reach your verdict. However, if your recollection of the facts differs from the lawyers' statements, it is your recollection which controls.

Any dollar figure suggested by plaintiff's counsel as appropriate relief in this case is only a comment on the evidence or suggestion. Such a suggestion is not evidence and you are free to disregard it.

Statements that I may have made concerning the evidence do not constitute evidence.

Testimony that has been stricken or excluded or that I've asked you to disregard is not evidence and it may not be considered by you in rendering your verdict.

Anything you may have seen or heard outside the courtroom is not evidence.

Now I will provide you with some things that you may consider as evidence. As I have said, evidence may come in several forms:

The sworn testimony of witnesses, regardless of who called them, is evidence. This is true of the witnesses' answers on both direct and cross examination. However, if certain testimony was received for a limited purpose, you must follow the limiting instruction I have given.

The exhibits that were admitted during the trial, regardless of who may have presented them, are evidence.

Generally, as I told you in my initial instructions, there are two types of evidence that you may consider in reaching your verdict.

One type of evidence is direct evidence. Direct evidence is testimony by a witness about something he or she knows by virtue of his or her own senses — something he or she has seen, felt, touched, or heard. For example, if a witness testified that when she left her house this morning it was raining, that would be direct evidence about the weather.

Circumstantial evidence is evidence from which you may infer the existence of certain facts. To restate the example I gave you last week, assume that when you came into the courthouse this morning and the sun was shining and it was a nice day, assume that the courtroom blinds were drawn and you could not look outside. As you were sitting here, someone walked in with an umbrella which was dripping wet. Then a few minutes later, another person entered with a wet raincoat.

Now, you cannot look outside the courtroom and you cannot see whether or not it is raining, so you have no direct evidence of that fact, but on the combination of facts that I have asked you to assume, it would be reasonable and logical for you to conclude that it had been raining.

That is all there is to circumstantial evidence. You infer on the basis and reason and common sense from one established fact the existence or nonexistence of some other

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fact. Many facts, such as a person's state of mind, are rarely susceptible to proof by direct evidence. Usually, such facts are established by circumstantial evidence. Where circumstantial evidence is presented, it is of no less value than direct evidence, for it is a general rule that the law makes no distinction between direct evidence and circumstantial evidence.

For certain defenses and issues in this case, the defendants have the burden of proof. I will explain those later in my instructions.

During the trial, you may have heard the parties use the term "inference," and in their arguments they have asked you to infer on the basis of your reason, experience, and common sense from one or more established facts the existence of some other fact.

An inference is not a suspicion or a guess, it is a reasoned, logical decision to conclude that a disputed fact exists on the basis of another fact you know exists.

There are times when different inferences may be drawn from the facts, whether proved by direct or circumstantial evidence. Plaintiff asks you to draw one set of inferences while the defendants ask you to draw another. It is for you and you alone to decide what inferences you will draw.

The process of drawing inferences from facts in evidence is not a matter of guesswork or speculation. An

inference is a deduction or conclusion that you, the jury, are permitted, but not required to draw from the facts that have been established by either direct or circumstantial evidence.

In drawing inferences you should exercise your common sense.

So, while are you considering the evidence presented to you, you are permitted to draw, from the facts that you find to be proven, such reasonable inferences as would be justified in light of your experience.

You've had the opportunity to observe the witnesses. It is now your job to decide how believable each witness was in his or her testimony. You are the sole judge of the credibility of each witness and of the importance of his or her testimony.

In making these judgments, you should carefully scrutinize the testimony for each witness, the circumstances under which each witness testified, the impression the witness made when testifying, and any other matter in evidence which may help you decide the truth and the importance of each witness's testimony.

How do you determine where the truth lies? You watched each witness testify. Everything a witness said or did on the witness stand counts in your determination. How did the witness impress you? Did he or she appear to be frank, forthright, and candid? Or was the witness evasive and edgy as if hiding something? How did the witness appear? What was his

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or her demeanor — that is, the witness's carriage, behavior, bearing, manner, and appearance while testifying? Often, it is not what a person says, but how he or she says it that moves us.

You should use all the tests for truthfulness that you would use in determining matters of importance to you in your everyday life. You should consider any bias or hostility the witness may have shown for or against any party, as well as any interest the witness has in the outcome of the case. You should consider the opportunity the witness had to see, hear, and know the things about which the witness testified, the accuracy of his or her testimony, his or her candor or lack of candor, the witness's intelligence, the reasonableness and probability of the witness's testimony, and its consistency or lack of consistency, and its corroboration or lack of corroboration with other credible testimony.

In other words, what you must try to do in deciding credibility is to size a witness up in light of the witness's demeanor, the explanations given, and all of the other evidence in the case. Always remember that you should use your common sense, your good judgment, and your everyday experiences in life to make your credibility determinations.

If you find that any witness has willfully testified falsely to any material fact — that is, as to an important matter — the law permits you to disregard the entire testimony

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of that witness upon the principle the one who testifies falsely about one material fact is likely to testify falsely about everything. However, you are not required to consider such a witness as totally unbelievable. You may accept so much of the witness's testimony as you deem true and disregard what you feel is false. By the processes by which I have just described, you, as the sole judges of the facts, decide which of the witnesses you will believe, what portion of each witness's testimony you accept, and what weight you give it.

On some occasions during this trial, witnesses were asked to explain an apparent inconsistency between testimony offered at this trial and previous statements made by the witness.

Evidence of a prior inconsistent statement was placed before you not because it is itself evidence of the plaintiff's claim or defenses to the claim, but only for the purpose of helping you decide whether to believe the trial testimony of a witness who may have contradicted a prior statement. If you find the witness made an earlier statement that conflicts with the witness's trial testimony, you may consider that fact in deciding how much of the witness's trial testimony, if any, to believe.

In making this determination, you may consider whether the witness purposefully made a false statement or whether it was an innocent mistake, whether the inconsistency concerns an

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important fact or whether it had to do with a small detail, whether the witness had an explanation for the inconsistency, and whether that explanation appealed to your common sense.

It is exclusively your duty, based upon all of the evidence and your own good judgment, to determine whether the prior statement was inconsistent, and if so, how much, if any, weight to give to the inconsistent statement in determining whether to believe all or part of the witness's testimony.

You may have heard evidence during the trial that certain witnesses discussed the facts of the case in their testimony with the lawyers before the witnesses appeared in court. Although you may consider that fact when you are evaluating a witness's credibility, I should tell you that there's nothing either unusual or improper about a witness meeting with the lawyers before testifying so that the witness can be made aware of the subjects that he or she will be questioned about, focus on those subjects, and have the opportunity to review relevant exhibits before being questioned about them. In fact, it would be unusual for a lawyer to call a witness without such consultation. Again, the weight you give to the fact or the nature of the witness's preparation for his or her testimony and what inferences you draw from such preparation are matters completely within your discretion.

In deciding whether to believe a witness, you should take into account any evidence that shows that a witness may

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benefit in some way from the outcome of the case, such as a financial interest. Likewise, you should specifically note any evidence of hostility or affection that the witness may have towards one of the parties. You should also consider any other interest or motive that the witness may have in cooperating with a particular party.

For example, in this case, the plaintiff, Sari

Edelman, and the defendants, Andrew Rubin, Joseph Antonik, and

Joshua Swirnow, and representatives of NYU testified before

you, Mr. Kaplan. As parties or representatives of parties to

this action, they are, by definition, interested witnesses.

It is your duty to consider whether each witness has permitted any such bias or interest to color his or her testimony. In short, if you find that a witness is biased, you should view the witness's testimony with caution and weigh it with care and subject it to close and searching scrutiny.

An interested witness is not necessarily less believable than a disinterested witness. The mere fact that a witness is interested in the outcome of the case does not mean that the witness has not told the truth. It is for you to decide from your observations and applying your common sense and experience and all the other considerations mentioned whether the possible interest of any witness or of any party has intentionally or otherwise colored or distorted his or her testimony. You are not required to believe an interested

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witness; you may accept as much of the witness's testimony as you deem reliable and reject as much as you deem unworthy of acceptance.

With these instructions in mind, let us turn to the substantive law to be applied to this case. In this case, Dr. Edelman asserts that NYU, Mr. Rubin, and Mr. Swirnow violated the federal Equal Pay Act, EPA, and New York labor law Section 194 by failing to pay her the same as three male doctors performing substantially equal work as her. She also asserts that NYU and Mr. Antonik discriminated against her in violation of the New York City Human Rights Law on account of her gender based on certain remarks. Finally, Dr. Edelman asserts that NYU and three of the individual defendants — Mr. Rubin, Mr. Swirnow, and Mr. Antonik — retaliated against her because she complained to the NYU human resources about the way Mr. Antonik and Mr. Kaplan spoke to her and made certain gestures.

Dr. Edelman has the burden of proving these claims.

NYU and the individual defendants deny those claims and assert that, at all times, they treated Dr. Edelman in accordance with the law. Specifically, NYU and the individual defendants at issue assert that they were motivated only by legitimate business reasons. Further, NYU and Messrs. Rubin and Swirnow assert under the EPA and New York Labor Law Section 194, Dr. Edelman cannot properly compare herself to the identified

male rheumatologists who made more money than her and whose salaries were set based on what they allege are legitimate

factors that had nothing to do with her gender.

Each claim and each defendant is separate and distinct. That is, you may find a violation with respect to one of these claims without finding a violation with respect to another claim. For example, you may find that defendants violated the Equal Pay Act, but not the retaliation or discrimination laws. You may find that all of the defendants violated all of these laws or none of the defendants violated any of the laws. You may also find that a particular defendant violated all of these laws or none of these laws. You may find that one defendant violated the law, but another defendant did not violate the law. You should consider each of these claims separately. I will explain the law that you are to apply with respect to each claim.

Certain of the defendants in this action are corporations and act through its employees. It is established law that under certain circumstances, an employer may be liable for the wrongs, even willful wrongs done by its representatives if the wrongs are committed during the scope of the employee's employment duties and in furtherance of the employment's business. An employer's liability rests upon the broad principle that if a corporation manages its affairs through others, the corporation is bound to manage them in such a way

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that no person shall suffer injury from a wrong done by that other while engaged upon the employer's business and acting within the scope of their employment.

The fact that an employee was not specifically authorized to commit the act or was even violating instructions which had been given to them does not relieve the corporation from liability if unlawful conduct is proven. A corporation is liable even if the employee was acting unlawfully or out of personal animosity if the acts were committed within the scope of his or her employment.

In this case, it is not disputed that the individual defendants were engaged in the business of NYU, that they were acting within the scope of their employment during Dr. Edelman's tenure, and that their acts were the results of attempts to carry out the work that was entrusted to them by NYU. Defendants dispute that they committed any unlawful acts. If you find the individual defendants committed any unlawful act, you must find that the corporate defendants, NYU, are legally responsible.

Now, I am not suggesting that NYU is liable. Whether or not Dr. Edelman was discriminated and/or retaliated against as she claims is a matter for you to decide in accordance with these instructions.

I must first instruct you on the plaintiff's claim against NYU, Mr. Rubin, and Mr. Swirnow under the Equal Pay

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Act. She does not bring this claim against Mr. Kaplan and Mr. Antonik.

Plaintiff claims that NYU, Mr. Rubin, and Mr. Swirnow have discriminated against her because of her gender by paying her a lower wage for performing work substantially similar to the work performed by men who were being paid more. The basis for plaintiff's claim is a federal law called the Equal Pay Act.

For plaintiff to prevail on her claim against NYU, Mr. Rubin, and Mr. Swirnow for violation of the federal Equal Pay Act, she must prove all of the following evidence by a preponderance of the evidence:

First, plaintiff must prove that she performed equal work to male employees in jobs requiring substantially equal skill, effort, and responsibility;

Second, plaintiff must prove that the jobs are performed under similar working conditions; and

Third, plaintiff must prove she was paid a lower wage than one or more of the men whose work is the subject of the comparison.

Proof of the employers discriminatory intent is not necessary for plaintiff to prevail on her Equal Pay Act claim.

In this case, you've heard testimony about whether the defendants are actually employers under the Equal Pay Act. I now instruct you that, as a matter of law, you need not

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consider that question because I have determined that, for purposes of this case, the defendants, both individual and corporate, are employers covered by the Equal Pay Act and that plaintiff is an employee covered by the Equal Pay Act. You must assume during your deliberations that that precondition has been satisfied.

I will now instruct you on the definitions of "equal work," "similar working conditions," and "wages" as they apply to this claim.

In determining whether plaintiff's job required substantially equal skill, effort, and responsibility as those of the male employees, you must compare the jobs and not the individual employees holding those jobs. It is not necessary that the two jobs be identical. The Equal Pay Act requires only that the plaintiff show that the performance of the two jobs demands substantially equal skill, effort, and responsibility. Insignificant, insubstantial, or trivial differences do not matter and may be disregarded. On the other hand, work is not considered substantially equal if material differences in skill, effort, or responsibility exist.

Further, job classifications, descriptions, or titles are not controlling. It is the actual work or performance requirement of the two jobs that is important.

In evaluating whether the performance requirements of the two jobs are substantially equal, you must consider the

skill, effort, and responsibility required for those jobs. I will now tell you what is meant by the term "skills," "effort," and "responsibility."

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First, in deciding whether the jobs require substantially equal skill, you should consider such factors as the level of education, experience, training, and ability necessary to meet the performance requirements of their respective jobs. Jobs may require equal skill even if one job does not require workers to use these skills as often as another job. Remember, also, that you are to compare the jobs, not the employees. So the fact that a male employee has a qualification that plaintiff does not have is relevant only if the particular qualification is necessary for performing the job. Similarly, the fact that plaintiff has a qualification that male employees do not have is relevant only if the particular qualification is necessary for performing a job. Talents or skills that go beyond actual job requirements are not to be considered.

Second, in deciding whether the jobs require substantially equal effort, you should consider the mental or physical exertion in connection with the performance of the job. A deficiency on one side, for example, less physical exertion, may be compensated by a surplus on the other side, for example, more mental exertion. Duties that result in mental or physical fatigue or emotional stress, as well as

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factors that alleviate fatigue and stress, should be weighed together in assessing the relative effort involved.

Equal effort does not require people to use effort in exactly the same way. If there's no substantial difference in the amount or degree of effort to do the jobs, they require equal effort. However, if one job requires additional tasks that consumes significant amount of extra time and effort that the other job does not require, then the two jobs do not require substantially equal effort.

Third, in deciding whether the jobs involve substantially equal responsibility, you should consider the degree of accountability required in the performance of the job with emphasis on the importance of the job obligation.

In deciding whether the jobs involve substantially equal responsibility, you should consider the degree of accountability expected by the employer for the person filling the jobs, as well as the amount of preparation required to perform the job duties. You should also take into account such things as the level of authority delegated to plaintiff as compared to the male employees. Finally, you should consider the consequences to the employer for the effect of performance in the respective jobs.

You should note that "skill," "effort," and "responsibility" constitute separate tests, each of which must be met in order for the equal pay requirement to apply.

With respect to the second element of plaintiff's claim, you must find the jobs are performed under similar working conditions. The conditions need only be similar, but need not be identical. In deciding whether the working conditions of the jobs are similar, you should consider the surroundings or the environment in which the work is performed to which the respective employees may be exposed. Overall, you need to consider the entire situation and give it your common sense appraisal to determine whether or not the working conditions are similar.

With respect to the third element of plaintiff's claim, plaintiff must prove she was paid a wage lower than male employees doing substantially equal work. For these purposes, you should understand that the term "wages" includes all forms of compensation, whether called wages, salary, expense reimbursement, profit sharing, repayment of loans or some other name. Fringe benefits are also included in the comparison of wages under the Equal Pay Act.

If you find that plaintiff has proved each of the elements that she must establish in support of her claim under the Equal Pay Act with regard to one or more of the comparators, you must then consider defendants' affirmative defense. These defenses include a bona fide factor other than sex, such as education, training, and experience.

Defendants have the burden of proof on their defenses,

not the plaintiff. It must prove their defenses by a preponderance of the evidence. If defendants prove their affirmative defenses by a preponderance of the evidence and plaintiff is unable to show that this defense is pretext or excuse for gender discrimination, then plaintiff is not entitled to recover on her claim.

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Defendants contend that the difference in pay between the two jobs was the result of a factor other than sex. To establish this defense, defendants must prove that plaintiff's sex played no part in the difference in wages. Defendants must also prove that a bona fide business-related reason exists for what the defendants contend is a gender neutral factor that resulted in any wage differential. Defendants also have the burden of showing that a business-related practice was in fact followed and that adherence to that practice served their stated legitimate business purpose.

Plaintiffs may also counter the defendants' affirmative defense by offering evidence shown that the reasons advanced by the defendants for any wage differential are pretext for gender discrimination. The appropriate inquiry to determine if the factor put forward is a pretext, is whether defendants used the factor reasonably in light of the employer's stated purpose as well as its other practices. In evaluating the defendants' affirmative defense, you may take account of any evidence that the defendants claim justification

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for the pay disparities is pretextual and that the real reason for the disparities is gender discrimination. If the plaintiff proves to you by a preponderance of the evidence that the defendants' affirmative defense is pretextual, then you should disregard that defense and find for plaintiff on the affirmative defense. In other words, if sex played any role in creating a wage disparity, defendants' affirmative defense fails.

If you find the defendants have proven by a preponderance of the evidence that the difference in pay was the result of a factor other than sex and that defendants used that factor reasonably in light of a legitimate business purpose, your verdict must be for defendants. However, if you find that plaintiff has satisfied her burden with respect to the elements as to which she bears the burden of proof and determine that defendants have failed to prove that the difference in pay was caused by a factor other than sex, that defendants used that factor unreasonably in light of their stated purpose or that the factor other than sex was a pretext or excuse for gender discrimination, you must decide in favor of plaintiff.

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THE COURT: Plaintiff has also made a claim against NYU, Mr. Rubin and Mr. Swirnow under New York Labor Law Section 194. She does not bring this claim against Mr. Kaplan and Mr. Antonik. I will refer to this law as Labor Law Section 194. As applicable here, it prohibits employers from paying men and women in the same establishment differently, except under certain circumstances, as I will explain in more detail momentarily. Like the federal Equal Pay Act, a plaintiff under Labor Law Section 194 does not need to show that an employer intentionally paid her less because she was a woman; because of this, Labor Law Section 194 is what is commonly called a strict liability statute. Also, both parties bear a burden of proof on this claim. First, Dr. Edelman bears a burden to prove a violation of Labor Law Section 194 by a preponderance of the evidence, and if she satisfies that burden, defendants have the same burden to prove the same defense as I've already instructed you under the Equal Pay Act.

Here, Dr. Edelman alleges for purposes of her Labor
Law Section 194 claim that NYU, Mr. Rubin and Mr. Swirnow paid
her less than Drs. Goldberg, Porges and Modi.

The first question for you to determine is whether Dr. Edelman has proved that Drs. Goldberg, Porges and Modi are appropriate comparators under Labor Law Section 194. During the time period at issue, Labor Law Section 194 made it presumptively unlawful for an employer to pay a woman less than

a man for equal work on a job the performance of which requires equal skill, effort and responsibility, and which is performed under similar working conditions, except where payment is made pursuant to a difference based on a bona fide factor other than sex, such as education, training or experience. Alternatively, it is presumptively unlawful for an employer to pay a woman less than a man for substantially similar work, when viewed as a composite of skill, effort and responsibility, and performed under similar working conditions, except where payment is made pursuant to a difference based on a bona fide factor other than sex, such as education, training or experience.

Plaintiff must prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the work she performed was equal to the work that Drs. Goldberg, Porges and/or Modi were performing. Plaintiff can satisfy her burden if she proves by a preponderance of the evidence that Drs. Goldberg, Porges and/or Modi were performing a job requiring equal skill, effort and responsibility to plaintiff's. This standard requires that plaintiff establish that the compared jobs entail common duties or contents and do not simply overlap in titles or classifications. To satisfy this burden, plaintiff must prove that the compared jobs have the same common core of tasks.

There must be a comparison of actual job content. In evaluating whether the work performed was substantially similar to the work performed by comparable male employees, you should

consider whether the work being compared required similar skill, effort and responsibility. Skill under Labor Law Section 194 refers to the experience, training, education and ability required to perform a job. Effort refers to the mental exertion needed to perform the job. Jobs may require equal effort in their performance even though the effort may be exerted in different ways. Responsibility refers to the degree of accountability required in the performance of the job with the emphasis on the importance of the job obligation.

Finally, if you conclude that any of Drs. Goldberg, Porges and/or Modi are comparators under the law that I just described, the second question you must determine is whether plaintiff proved that NYU, Mr. Rubin and Mr. Swirnow paid her less than the doctor or doctors whom you have found to be appropriate comparators. In determining whether plaintiff was paid less than a male doctor who performed substantially similar work, you should examine all amounts earned for work performed at NYU related to such substantially similar work, including salary, loan repayments and incentive compensation bonus.

If plaintiff has proved these elements, a defendant can avoid liability if the defendant has proved by a preponderance of the evidence that NYU actually paid Drs. Goldberg, Porges and/or Modi more based on a bona fide other than sex, and that the factor was both job-related and

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consistent with business necessity. A business necessity is a factor that bears a manifest relationship to the employment in question. To meet the burden of establishing business necessity, NYU, Mr. Rubin and Mr. Swirnow must prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the factor considered reflects a genuine business need and has a demonstrable relationship to the job in question or the successful performance of that job.

If you find in favor of plaintiff and also find that defendants did not prove a bona fide factor other than sex justified a difference in compensation, you may find that plaintiff is entitled to a difference in compensation that she has proven to exist.

Let me now instruct you as to the Title VII retaliation claim against NYU.

This claim only applies to NYU. It does not apply to the individual defendants -- Mr. Swirnow, Mr. Rubin, Mr. Kaplan or Mr. Antonik. Plaintiff claims that NYU retaliated against her in violation of Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 because she complained to the NYU human resources department about what she claimed was discrimination in the way Mr. Kaplan and Mr. Antonik spoke to her and made certain gestures when discussing with her whether others would be allowed to use her office on Marcus Avenue. Plaintiff alleges that their words and gestures constituted sexist and discriminatory remarks.

To make out her claim of retaliation, plaintiff must prove by a preponderance of the evidence each of the following elements:

- that plaintiff engaged in protected activity by complaining of discrimination in her employment;
- 2. that NYU had knowledge of plaintiff's protected
  activity;
- 3. that NYU subjected plaintiff to a materially adverse employment action; and
- 4. that there was a causal connection between her protected activity and the materially adverse employment action.

I will now instruct you on each of these elements as they apply to this claim.

The first element is protected activity.

In determining whether defendants unlawfully retaliated against plaintiff for making a complaint to human resources about the alleged discriminatory conduct by Mr. Kaplan and Mr. Antonik, you must first decide whether the plaintiff engaged in protected activity. A protected activity includes the opposition of any unlawful employment practice or the participation in a legal proceeding against the defendants.

Plaintiff's complaint to human resources would only be considered protected activity if she made her complaint concerning conduct that a reasonable person would have

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considered discriminatory based on her sex. Plaintiff must prove that she had a good faith, reasonable belief that NYU's conduct violated the laws forbidding gender discrimination.

To prove that she engaged in protected activity, plaintiff need not establish that she was correct in her complaints or that there was indeed discrimination. She need only show that she had a good faith, reasonable belief that the challenged actions by her employer violated the law.

You must decide whether plaintiff reported Mr. Antonik's and Mr. Kaplan's alleged statements and alleged gestures to human resources in good faith or whether she did so to extract a benefit from defendants. If you find that plaintiff did not report her alleged discrimination claims to human resources in good faith, you must find for defendants.

The second element is knowledge of plaintiff's protected activity.

There's no dispute that NYU knew of plaintiff's protected activity. If you find that plaintiff engaged in protected activity, I direct you to find that plaintiff also satisfied this element.

The third element is materially adverse employment action.

There is also no dispute that the nonrenewal of plaintiff's contract constitutes an adverse employment action. I direct you to find that plaintiff satisfied this element.

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The fourth element is causal connection.

A causal connection between the protected activity and the alleged adverse action can be established indirectly, by showing that plaintiff filed a complaint with NYU human resources, the protected activity was followed closely by the alleged adverse action, or directly through evidence of retaliatory animus directed against plaintiff by NYU because of her complaint. Plaintiff must establish by a preponderance of the evidence that NYU subjected her to the adverse employment action because of her participation in the protected activity.

With respect to this fourth element, it must be the case that NYU would not have taken the adverse action except as a response to plaintiff's protected activity. NYU must have taken the adverse action because of an intent to retaliate against plaintiff for complaining about employment discrimination.

NYU's retaliatory intent may be imputed from the intent and conduct of a subordinate if NYU's decision to terminate was proximately caused by a subordinate who had a retaliatory motive and intended to bring about the adverse employment action. NYU, however, must have been negligent or reckless in giving effect to the retaliatory intent of its low-level employees, which requires plaintiff to prove that NYU knew or reasonably should have known about the retaliatory motivation. Of course, to make this finding, you must also

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find that the false accusations themselves were the product of retaliatory intent.

However, an employer may not be held liable simply because it acts on information provided by a biased coworker. Thus, if NYU, non-negligently and in good faith, relies on a false and malign report of an employee who acted out of an unlawful animus, it cannot be held accountable for or said to have been motivated by the employee's animus.

Showing the four elements I just described creates a presumption of retaliation, which NYU may rebut by merely articulating a legitimate, nonretaliatory reason for the nonrenewal of plaintiff's contract and subsequent termination. In determining whether NYU took actions against plaintiff because she opposed what she believed, in good faith, to be sex discrimination, it is important to consider whether the explanations NYU has given for its actions were untrue and that retaliation was the real reason for its actions. A reason is not pretextual simply because you disagree with NYU's business rationale. You are not sitting in judgment on the wisdom of NYU's business rationale. In determining whether NYU's explanations for its actions were untrue, you may consider weaknesses, implausibilities, inconsistencies, incoherencies or contradictions in defendants' proffered reasons for its In making this determination, you should consider the reasonableness, or lack thereof, of NYU's explanation for its

decisions and any evidence that those reasons were unlikely. The temporal proximity between plaintiff's protected activity and the adverse action may be relevant as to whether defendants' explanations for its actions are pretextual, but it is not sufficient alone to find that those reasons are pretextual. If you find the reasons articulated by NYU to be unbelievable, you still must determine whether retaliation against Dr. Edelman for filing her complaint was the real reason for what occurred.

If you find that NYU did not have a legitimate, nonretaliatory reason for the adverse employment actions and that retaliation was the reason for those actions, you must find for plaintiff. However, if you find that NYU did articulate a legitimate, nonretaliatory reason for the nonrenewal of plaintiff's employment contract, then you must determine whether that action would not have occurred in the absence of a retaliatory motive, even if retaliation was not the only reason for defendants' actions. You must decide whether plaintiff has proved by a preponderance of the evidence that, in fact, NYU subjected plaintiff to the nonrenewal of her contract because of a desire to retaliate against her for her participation in a protected activity rather than the nonretaliatory reasons NYU has put forward.

In other words, you must establish whether the plaintiff has established by a preponderance of the evidence of

the totality of the circumstances that but for NYU wanting to retaliate against plaintiff for having engaged in protected activity, plaintiff would not have been subjected to the adverse action even if retaliation was not NYU's only reason for its actions. When you consider this evidence, the question is not whether NYU showed poor or erroneous judgment. An employer is entitled to make an employment decision for a good reason, a bad reason or for no reason at all, so long as the decision is not motivated by unlawful discrimination. The sole inquiry here is whether plaintiff has sustained her burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that NYU subjected plaintiff to an adverse employment action for having engaged in protected activity.

Dr. Edelman has also brought a retaliation claim under the New York State Human Rights Law. Unlike the Title VII retaliation claim, this claim is against three of the individual defendants -- Mr. Rubin, Mr. Antonik and Mr. Swirnow -- and NYU. The state human rights law prohibits employers from retaliating against an employee for the employee's opposition to unlawful discrimination.

In order to prove her retaliation claim under the state human rights law, Dr. Edelman must prove each of the following elements by a preponderance of the evidence:

1. that she engaged in a protected activity, such as making a good faith complaint about unlawful discrimination;

- 2. that the protected activity Dr. Edelman engaged in was known to the defendants;
  - 3. that she suffered a material adverse action; and
- 4. that defendants took the adverse action because of Dr. Edelman's protected activity.

I will now instruct you on each element.

The first element of a claim under the state human rights law is that the activity plaintiff engaged in that resulted in retaliation against her was an activity protected by law. The standard for protected activity is the same as under Title VII and my instructions to you with respect to that element under Title VII also apply here. An employee has a right to report and protest workplace discrimination where such discrimination has actually occurred or the employee reasonably believes in good faith that discrimination occurred.

Protected activity includes an employee's conduct in opposing in good faith unlawful discrimination by complaining about discrimination to the employer.

The second element of a retaliation claim under the state human rights law is that the defendant whose conduct you are considering must have known that Dr. Edelman was engaged in protected activity. With respect to NYU, I instruct you that general corporate knowledge that Dr. Edelman engaged in a protected activity is sufficient to establish this element of a retaliation claim under the state human rights law. Thus, with

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respect to NYU, my instructions as to Title VII also apply If you find that plaintiff has proven the first element of her claim, I direct you to also find that plaintiff has satisfied the second element as to the NYU defendants.

The third element of a retaliation claim under the state human rights law is that plaintiff suffered a material adverse action. Here, plaintiff contends that defendants engaged in material adverse actions when NYU did not renew her employment agreement when it expired. I instruct you that the nonrenewal of plaintiff's employment agreement is a material adverse action by NYU. If you find that the individual defendants at issue -- Mr. Rubin, Mr. Antonik or Mr. Swirnow -aided or abetted that decision, in that they actually participated in the decision not to renew plaintiff's contract even if they did not have hiring or firing authority, you should find in favor of the plaintiff as to this element with respect to that defendant as well.

The fourth element of retaliation under the state human rights law that plaintiff must prove by a preponderance of the evidence is that a material adverse action was taken against her because of her protected activity as I've defined that term. For example, proximity in time between an employee's protected activity and an employer's alleged retaliation may, although it does not necessarily, establish a causal link between the two.

In considering whether plaintiff has proved that a material adverse action was taken against her because of protected activity she engaged in, you must first decide whether the defendant you are considering was, in fact, motivated by a desire to retaliate against her because of her complaints to human resources. If not, you must find in favor of that defendant.

Like under Title VII, NYU's retaliatory intent may be imputed from a subordinate under New York State Human Rights
Law if NYU's decision to terminate was proximately caused by a subordinate who had a retaliatory motive and intended to bring about the adverse employment action. The same standard applies here as under Title VII. NYU must have been negligent or reckless in giving effect to the retaliatory intent of its low-level employees, which requires NYU to have known or reasonably should have known about the retaliatory motivation. Again, you must also find that the false accusations themselves were the product of retaliatory intent.

Like under Title VII, an employer may not be held liable simply because it acts on information provided by a biased coworker. Thus, if NYU, non-negligently and in good faith, relies on a false and malign report of an employee who acted out of an unlawful animus, it cannot be held accountable or said to have been motivated by the employee's animus.

If you conclude that a defendant was motivated by a

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desire to retaliate against plaintiff for having engaged in protected activity, you must next consider whether that defendant also had a nonretaliatory reason for the adverse action. If you decide that the defendant had no nonretaliatory motive for the adverse action and that the adverse action was solely motivated by retaliatory animus, then you must find for plaintiff on this element as to that defendant.

However, if a defendant had both retaliatory and nonretaliatory motives for taking the adverse action against plaintiff, then you must consider whether the retaliatory motive was the "but for" cause of the material adverse action taken against plaintiff. In other words, you must consider whether the defendant would have taken the adverse action against plaintiff absent the retaliatory motive. defendant would not have taken the material adverse action against plaintiff absent a desire to retaliate against her for having engaged in protected activity, then retaliatory animus is the "but for" cause for the adverse action taken against plaintiff, and you will find for her on this element. If, on the other hand, you decide that that defendant would have taken the material adverse action against plaintiff even absent his or its retaliatory intent, or if that defendant had no retaliatory motive at all, then you must find for that defendant on this claim.

When you consider the question of retaliatory motive,

you are to decide whether the nonretaliatory reasons advanced by a defendant were the actual reasons for the defendant's actions. An employer or supervisor entitled to make decisions for good reasons, bad reasons or for no reason at all so long as the decision is not motivated by unlawful retaliation. The issue in this case is not whether you would have taken any of the alleged adverse actions against plaintiff if you were in charge. Rather, you are to determine whether the defendant you are considering took the alleged adverse actions against plaintiff because of nonretaliatory reasons or because of her protected activity.

If you believe that the reasons offered by a defendant for adverse action taken against the plaintiff are false, you may infer that that defendant acted out of a desire to retaliate against her. Here, temporal proximity, without more, is insufficient to satisfy the plaintiff's burden to bring forward some evidence of pretext. However, if you find that the reasons given by a defendant for the alleged adverse actions are false, that does not necessarily mean that the true motive was the illegal, retaliatory motive argued by plaintiff.

In determining whether Dr. Edelman has carried her burden of proving retaliatory intent, you will consider all the facts and circumstances that your common sense and good judgment tell you are relevant in deciding why someone acted as they did. The central question is whether the defendants took

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the alleged adverse actions against Dr. Edelman at least in part because she engaged in a protected activity, and the burden is on Dr. Edelman to prove that.

Unlike her Title VII claims, plaintiff also seeks to hold three of the individual defendants -- Mr. Rubin, Mr. Antonik or Mr. Swirnow -- liable for retaliation under New York State Human Rights Law. Although New York State Human Rights Law does not allow employees to be liable as employers, you may find these particular employees nonetheless individually liable under an aiding-and-abetting theory to an employer who has retaliated in violation of New York State Therefore, to find that these individual Human Rights Law. defendants aided and abetted such a violation, you must first find that the employer, NYU, violated New York State Human Rights Law. An individual defendant cannot aid and abet his own retaliatory conduct; he may only aid and abet another's violation of the law. You may, however, find aiding and abetting liability based on the same conduct that serves as the predicate for NYU's liability, as long as you have found that NYU engaged in retaliatory conduct. If you find that the individual defendants actually participated in the decision to not renew plaintiff's contract and to terminate her employment, then you may find them liable under an aider-and-abettor theory, even if they did not have hiring or firing authority. Furthermore, you must also find that they possessed the same

retaliatory motive or intent as the employer. In other words, they must have engaged in direct and purposeful participation in the retaliation.

Plaintiff also asserts a retaliation claim under the New York City Human Rights Law against NYU and three individual defendants -- again, Mr. Rubin, Mr. Antonik and Mr. Swirnow. The elements of a retaliation claim under the city human rights law are similar to those under the state human rights law, but there are some important differences, which I will explain.

To prevail on her retaliation claim under the city human rights law, plaintiff must prove each of the following four elements by a preponderance of the evidence:

- 1. that she engaged in protected activity, such as making a complaint to her employer about discrimination;
- 2. that the protected activity plaintiff engaged in was known to the defendant you are considering;
- 3. that the defendant you are considering engaged in conduct that was reasonably likely to deter a person from engaging in that protected activity; and
- 4. that the defendant's conduct was motivated, at least in part, by plaintiff's protected activity.

In deciding whether plaintiff engaged in protected activity under the city human rights law, the instructions regarding protected activity set forth in connection with plaintiff's state human rights law retaliation claim apply with

equal force.

In deciding whether plaintiff has proved that defendants were aware that she had engaged in protected activity, the instructions on this issue given in connection with plaintiff's state human rights law retaliation claim apply with equal force to her city human rights law retaliation claim.

The third element of a retaliation claim under the city human rights law is that the defendant you are considering engaged in conduct that was reasonably likely to deter a person from engaging in that protected activity. Here, plaintiff contends that the nonrenewal of her contract was reasonably likely to deter a person from engaging in protected activity. In contrast to Title VII and New York State Human Rights Law, to constitute retaliatory conduct under the city human rights law, a defendant's conduct need not have resulted in an ultimate action with respect to plaintiff's employment or in a materially adverse change in the terms and conditions of her employment. Instead, you need only find that the conduct at issue was reasonably likely to deter a person from engaging in protected activity.

The standard here is more lenient than that for a materially adverse action under New York State Human Rights

Law. I instruct you that the nonrenewal of plaintiff's employment agreement is conduct reasonably likely to deter by

NYU. If you find that the individual defendants at issue -Mr. Rubin, Mr. Antonik or Mr. Swirnow -- actually retaliated
against plaintiff or aided or abetted such retaliation, you
should find in favor of the plaintiff as to this element with
respect to that defendant as well.

The fourth element of retaliation under the city human rights law that plaintiff must prove by a preponderance of the evidence to succeed on her claim against a particular defendant is that the desire of that defendant to retaliate against her for engaging in a protected activity was a motivating factor in that defendant's decision to engage in conduct that was reasonably likely to deter a person from engaging in protected activity. Plaintiff contends that Mr. Rubin, Mr. Antonik, Mr. Swirnow and NYU took action against her because she protested discrimination by Mr. Antonik and Mr. Kaplan.

Defendants all claim that the actions at issue were taken because of their legitimate concerns about plaintiff's job performance and her alleged failure to meet NYU's clinical standards for rheumatology practice.

In order to carry her burden as to this element, plaintiff need not establish that her protected activity was the sole or principal reason for any action that the particular defendant you are considering took against her. The city human rights law is violated when retaliatory intent is a motivating factor for a defendant's action, whether or not that

retaliatory motive was the sole cause for the action. If plaintiff proves that the defendant you are considering had a retaliatory motive for any action that he or it took against her that would be reasonably likely to deter a person from engaging in protected activity, this element is satisfied. Plaintiff may show either that the individual or entity that made the decision to take such action was motivated in part by a desire to retaliate against her or that an individual who was substantially motivated by retaliatory intent played a meaningful role in the decision.

The instructions I gave you in connection with plaintiff's claim under the state human rights law regarding nonretaliatory reasons apply with equal force to her retaliation claim under the city human rights law. The instructions I've given with respect to imputing retaliatory intent based upon a subordinate with retaliatory motive, and NYU's negligence or recklessness in giving effect to that intent, also apply here.

If you find that plaintiff has proved all the elements of her retaliation claim under the city human rights law, you must then decide whether the defendant you are considering has proved by a preponderance of the evidence that the action against plaintiff would have been taken on the basis of nonretaliatory reasons alone. Defendants here claim that any action taken against plaintiff that was reasonably likely to

deter a person from engaging in protected activity was taken for a nonretaliatory reason.

In deciding whether the defendant you are considering has satisfied his or its burden on this issue, follow these steps: Consider whether the defendant has proved that the decision to take an action against plaintiff that was reasonably likely to deter a person from engaging in protected activity was motivated by a nonretaliatory reason in addition to a retaliatory motive. If you find that the defendant you are considering was not motivated by any nonretaliatory reason, you must find for plaintiff. If, however, you find that the defendant had a nonretaliatory reason or reasons for his or its action, you must determine whether the defendant has proved that he or it would have taken this action against plaintiff based upon these nonretaliatory reasons alone.

Like her state human rights law claim, plaintiff also seeks to hold three individual defendants -- Mr. Rubin,
Mr. Antonik or Mr. Swirnow -- liable for retaliation under the city human rights law. Unlike state human rights law, however, you may those employees individually liable, both under a direct liability theory and an aiding-and-abetting theory. The standards for an aiding-and-abetting theory are the same as those under the state human rights law. The instructions I gave you with respect to aiding and abetting under the state human rights law also apply under the city human rights law.

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Therefore, to find that the individual defendants aided and abetted retaliation, you must first find that the employer, NYU, retaliated in violation of city human rights law. You may find aiding and abetting liability based on the same conduct that serves as the predicate for NYU's liability, as long as you have found that NYU engaged in retaliatory conduct. Again, if you find that the individual defendants actually participated in the decision to not renew plaintiff's contract, then you may find them liable under an aider-and-abettor theory, even if they did not have hiring or firing authority. Furthermore, you must also find that they possessed the same retaliatory motive or intent as the employer. In other words, they must have engaged in direct and purposeful participation in the retaliation. But in addition to an aiding-and-abetting theory, you may also find that the individual defendant, you may also find the individual defendant liable for retaliation under the New York City Human Rights Law, without regard to whether they qualify as an employer or supervisor, and without regard to whether NYU has itself retaliated against plaintiff, if you find that the individual defendant has retaliated against plaintiff for her engagement in protected activity.

Plaintiff brings a gender discrimination claim against Mr. Antonik and NYU under the New York City Human Rights Law based on certain remarks made to her by Mr. Antonik. Under the city human rights law, it is unlawful for an employer to

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discriminate against an employee because of gender. It is sufficient to show that she suffered any adverse, differential or unequal treatment at least in part based on her gender; plaintiff does not need to identify a man who was treated more favorably. Even a single comment, if made in circumstances where the comment would signal views about the role of women in the workplace, may be sufficient to give rise to a claim of gender discrimination.

To prove her gender discrimination claim under the city human rights law, plaintiff must prove by a preponderance of the evidence that she has been treated less well than other employees because of her gender. In determining whether a defendant discriminated against Dr. Edelman because of her gender, you should consider the totality of the circumstances; that is, the overall context in which the disputed conduct occurred.

In evaluating whether Mr. Antonik's conduct was motivated at least in part by plaintiff's gender, plaintiff need only show that her gender was a motivating factor. It need not be the sole motivating factor. A motivating factor is a factor that made a difference or played a part in a decision. Stated another way, plaintiff must prove by a preponderance of the evidence a causal connection between her gender and Mr. Antonik's conduct.

Further, keep in mind that the city human rights law

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is not a general civility code. Plaintiff still bears the burden of showing that the conduct is caused by a discriminatory motive. It is not enough to show one has an overbearing or obnoxious boss. Plaintiff must show that she has been treated less well at least in part because of her Thus, even if Dr. Edelman establishes that allegedly gender. sexist remarks were made to her, NYU and Mr. Antonik can still avoid liability by proving that the complained-of conduct at

Members of the jury, I've got a couple more instructions to give you, but let's all take a quick stretch break now, and then I'll give you the remaining instructions.

issue is nothing more than what a reasonable person would

consider a petty slight or trivial inconvenience.

OK.

My next instructions are on the law of damages.

You should consider the issue of damages only if you find that Dr. Edelman has established any of her claims by a preponderance of the evidence.

The fact that I charge you on the issue of damages does not mean that Dr. Edelman is entitled to prevail -- that is for you to decide. I instruct you on this subject only in the event that you decide that Dr. Edelman has sustained her burden of proof as to any of her claims. If you decide that Dr. Edelman has not sustained her burden of proof as to any of her claims, you need not consider damages.

The purpose of the law of damages is to award, as far as possible, just and fair compensation for the loss, if any, that the plaintiff has suffered as a result of the actions of the defendant you are considering. The damages that you award must be fair and reasonable and neither inadequate nor excessive.

In awarding damages, if you decide to award them, you must be guided by dispassionate common sense. Computing damages may be difficult, but you must not let that difficulty lead you to engage in arbitrary guesswork. On the other hand, the law does not require the plaintiff to prove the amount of her losses with mathematical precision but only with as much definiteness and accuracy as the circumstances permit. In all instances, you are to use sound discretion in fixing an award of damages, drawing reasonable inferences where you deem appropriate from the facts and circumstances in evidence.

If you make any award of damages, such award is not subject to federal income taxes, and you should not consider such taxes in determining the amount of damages, if any.

The verdict form I will give you will assist you in recording the determinations, if any, that you make as to damages.

If you decide in favor of plaintiff on her Equal Pay

Act claims, then you must award damages to plaintiff.

Plaintiff has the burden of proving the amount of those damages

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by a preponderance of the evidence. Damages must be awarded in an amount that compensates plaintiff for the difference between the wages she was paid and the wages paid during her employment period to the male employees whom you have found to be appropriate comparators. To calculate this figure, you should first determine the salary that was paid to defendants' male employees whom you found performed equal work to that performed by plaintiff during the relevant years. You should then calculate the difference between the salary plaintiff earned during the relevant years and the salary of the men you find were paid more money for equal work in violation of the Equal If you find that plaintiff was paid less than several men for substantially equal work, you should calculate the difference using the salary of the man who performed equal work to that performed by plaintiff who was paid the most during the relevant period. Do not simply add together the amounts paid to the relevant comparators. Do not add an amount for This will be automatically calculated by the Court interest. after you reach your verdict.

Like the Equal Pay Act, if you decide in favor of plaintiff on her New York Labor Law Section 194 claims, then you must award damages to plaintiff. Damages must be awarded in an amount that compensates plaintiff for the difference between the wages she was paid and the wages the male employees to whom you have compared her were paid during her employment

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period. The same standards guide damages under New York Labor Law Section 194 as under the Equal Pay Act. The same definition of wages that I have given for the Equal Pay Act also applies under New York Labor Law Section 194.

Plaintiff has sued for retaliation under Title VII against NYU. It is for this Court to determine any amount of front pay to be awarded, if any, for any violation of Title VII you may have found was committed.

Dr. Edelman asserts that, because she made allegedly protected complaints of discrimination, defendants did not renew her employment contract when it was expiring. Your job as the jury is to determine what damages, if any, Dr. Edelman has proved by a preponderance of the evidence for each claim that she has proven, if any.

If Dr. Edelman has proved her claim for retaliation under the state human rights law or the city human rights law, she would be entitled to lost wages and benefits arising under such claim even if they were difficult to calculate. Any uncertainty about the amount of lost compensation to be awarded to Dr. Edelman should be resolved in her favor.

Here, if you find for Dr. Edelman on her claims for retaliation under state human rights law or city human rights laws, you should consider her damages for front pay. Front pay damages, if any, represent a plaintiff's lost salary and benefits, caused by an unlawful discharge or other adverse

action, accruing from the time of trial through some point in the future. If you find that Dr. Edelman will be unable to earn in the future what she would have earned at NYU, then you may award her, as additional compensation, the amount she would have earned during the time period between the date of your verdict and either: 1) the date you believe she would have worked at NYU absent any discriminatory conduct or 2) the date you can reasonably predict that she has a reasonable prospect of obtaining comparable employment. Factors to be considered in determining front pay include the age of the plaintiff and her reasonable prospects of obtaining comparable employment. In doing so, you should bear in mind that the purpose of front pay is to make a plaintiff whole — that is, to put plaintiff in the position she would have been in if defendants had not discriminated against her.

That said, Dr. Edelman has the burden of proving that she actually incurred a loss of front pay. Please note that Dr. Edelman is only entitled to be compensated once for any alleged front pay that arose from the retaliation claims that she's prevailed upon.

If you find that Dr. Edelman has established any of her claims of gender retaliation and discrimination, you may award her compensatory damages for injuries such as emotional pain, suffering, inconvenience, mental anguish, humiliation and loss of enjoyment of life. Compensatory damages are an amount

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that will fairly compensate her for any injury she actually sustained as a result of defendants' conduct. There's no requirement that a claim of emotional distress be supported by proof of expenses, lost earnings or specifically measurable damages. No expert testimony is necessary to prove such claim, and you may rest your findings solely on Dr. Edelman's testimony.

No evidence of the monetary value of such intangible things as pain and suffering has been, or need be, introduced into evidence. There's no exact standard for fixing the compensation to be awarded for these elements of damage.

Rather, you may issue an award of monetary damages based on the emotional harm you determine Dr. Edelman to have suffered, based on the evidence presented and your best judgment. Any award you make should be fair in light of the evidence presented at the trial.

Members of the jury, you are now about to go into the jury room to begin your deliberations. Before you do that, I will give you a few final instructions.

The parties have prepared a list of the exhibits that were received, listed by exhibit number. If you want a particular exhibit or if you want any testimony sent or read back to you, you may request that. Any communication with the Court should be made in writing, signed by your foreperson, and given to the court security officer, whom, as in all cases, I

will swear to ensure that your deliberations may take place uninterrupted.

Please remember that it is not always easy to locate what you might want, so be as specific as you possibly can. It you want testimony read back to you, please try to be as specific as you possibly can because the court reporter will have to look through the transcript, and the parties will have to agree on what portions of testimony may be called for in response to your request, and if they disagree, I must resolve those disagreements. If you want any further explanation of the law as I've explained it to you, you may also request that from the Court. If there is any doubt or question about the meaning of any part of the instructions that I've given you during this trial, you should not hesitate to send me a note asking for clarification or for further explanation.

It is very important that you not communicate with anyone outside the jury room about your deliberations or about anything touching this case. There is only one exception to this rule. If it becomes necessary during your deliberations to communicate with me -- to request testimony or to request clarification on the law -- you should send a note to me, in writing, signed by your foreperson, and given to one of the court security Officers or to my deputy, Mr. Fishman. No member of the jury should ever attempt to communicate with me except by a signed writing, and I will never communicate with a

member of the jury on any subject touching on the merits of the case other than in writing, or orally here in open court. If you send any notes to the Court, do not disclose anything about your deliberations. Specifically, do not disclose to anyone — not even to me — how the jury stands, numerically or otherwise, until after you have reached a unanimous verdict or have been discharged.

Many of you have taken notes periodically throughout this trial. You should not show your notes to, or discuss your notes with, any other jurors during your deliberations. Any notes you have taken are to be used solely to assist you. The fact that a particular juror has taken notes entitles that juror's views to no greater weight than those of any other juror.

I want to emphasize to you, as you're about to begin your deliberations, that notes are simply an aid to memory. Notes that any of you may have made may not be given any greater weight or influence in determination of the case than the recollections or impressions of other jurors, whether from notes or memory, with respect to the evidence presented or what conclusions, if any, should be drawn from such evidence. Any difference between a juror's recollection and another juror's notes should be settled by asking to have the court reporter read back the transcript, for it is the court record rather than any juror's notes upon which the jury must base its

determination of the facts and its verdict.

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You will now retire to decide the questions I've described for you. For the plaintiff to prevail on the questions that you must answer, she must sustain her burden of proof. Your verdict on each question must be unanimous. juror is entitled to his or her opinion, but you are required to exchange views with your fellow jurors. This is the very essence of jury deliberation. It is your duty to discuss the evidence. If you have a point of view and after reasoning with other jurors it appears that your own judgment is open to question, then of course you should not hesitate in yielding your original point of view if you are convinced that the opposite point of view is really one that satisfies your judgment and conscience. You are not to give up a point of view, however, that you conscientiously believe in simply because you are outnumbered or outweighed. You should vote with the others only if you are convinced on the evidence, the facts and the law that it is the correct way to decide the case. You are not to discuss the case until all jurors are Four or five jurors together is only a gathering of individuals. Only when all the jurors are present do you constitute a jury, and only then may you deliberate.

The first thing you should do when you retire to deliberate is take a vote to select one of you to sit as your foreperson. The foreperson will send out any notes, and when

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the jury has reached a verdict, he or she will notify the court security officer that the jury has reached a verdict, and when you come into open court, the foreperson will be asked to state what the verdict is.

Once you have made your verdict, you will record you decisions in a verdict form which I have prepared for you. You should also proceed through the questions in the order in which they are listed, following the instructions on that form.

Once you have completed the form, the foreperson should then fill in the verdict sheet and date it, and each of you should sign it. The foreperson should then give a note to the court security officer outside your door stating that you have reached a verdict. Do not specify what the verdict is in your note. I will stress that each of you must be in agreement with the verdict that is announced in court. Once your verdict is announced by your foreperson in open court and officially recorded, it cannot ordinarily be revoked.

I remind you that you took an oath to render judgment impartially and fairly, without prejudice or sympathy and without fear, solely upon the evidence in the case and the applicable law. Your oath sums up your duty. I know that you will do your duty and reach a just and true verdict.

Now, if you will wait just a moment and remain seated,

I need to confer with the attorneys to see if there are any
additional instructions that they would like to have given to

you or if there is anything I may not have covered. In that regard, please don't discuss the case while seated in the box because the case still has not been formally submitted to you.

Let me see the parties at sidebar.

(At sidebar)

THE COURT: Any exception from plaintiff?

MR. LABUDA: The only thing we'd ask, your Honor, is that you let the jury know if they need any additional aids from the Court, that they can send you a note as well. That would be the only exception we have.

THE COURT: What do you mean by additional aids?

MR. LABUDA: If they need, let's say, a lot of times jurors need or want a calculator.

THE COURT: I'm not inclined to give that instruction.

I've given them the instructions. If they've got any
questions, they can send me a note.

MR. LABUDA: That's fine, your Honor.

THE COURT: What about the defendants?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: You went a little long, but the instructions were fine, your Honor.

THE COURT: There were a couple of typos that I came across, including, most significantly, that the example that I gave them about rain was from last week, not from this week. So before we give them the charge, I'm going to correct those typos. And we'll show you the corrected instructions.

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MR. STEER: Your Honor, one thing, if I may? Your 1 2 Honor may have already indicated this, but I noticed Mr. 3 Kaplan's name was mentioned a couple of times. 4 THE COURT: It was mentioned intentionally so because 5 he was an interested witness when he testified. 6 MR. STEER: Fine. Thank you. 7 THE COURT: That's the reason I mentioned it. 8 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Fair enough. 9 THE COURT: OK. 10 (In open court) 11 THE COURT: Members of the jury, my deputy is going to 12 swear the court security officer. 13 (Court security officer sworn) 14 Members of the jury, that concludes my THE COURT: 15 instructions to you. You may now retire. You are instructed to retire to the jury room, and you may begin this phase of 16 17 your deliberations. As a first matter of business, please select a 18 foreperson and send me a note, signed, dated and timed, through 19 20 the court security officer or my deputy, Mr. Fishman, telling 21 me whom you have selected as the foreperson. 22 (At 1 o'clock p.m., the jury retired to deliberate 23 upon a verdict) 24 THE COURT: Be seated.

Do the parties have a list of exhibits prepared that

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1 we can give to the jury? 2 MR. KATAEV: Yes, your Honor. Unfortunately, I think 3 there's some dispute on that issue. I'll represent to the 4 Court we have two binders, two volumes. 5 THE COURT: Let's start -- put aside the binders -- is there a list of exhibits? 6 7 MR. KATAEV: Yes, your Honor. I can give you them 8 now. 9 Is that agreed upon, Mr. Kataev? THE COURT: 10 MR. KATAEV: I don't believe that it is. 11 THE COURT: OK. So I'll resolve any disagreement with 12 respect to the list of exhibits. 13 Is there a list of witnesses that the parties agreed 14 upon? 15 MR. KATAEV: I don't believe we've worked on that together, your Honor. I don't know if defendants have prepared 16 17 one. We can work on it now. THE COURT: Do defendants have a list of exhibits? 18 19 MS. CARDONA: We have a list of exhibits, yes. 20 THE COURT: Do defendants have a list of witnesses? 21 MR. KATAEV: No, your Honor. We don't have --22 THE COURT: I'm not quite sure what part of my request 23 to the parties, which I think I made twice, that you put 24 together a list of witnesses was not understood. We'll put

together a list of the witnesses. We'll show it to the parties

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1	before it goes to the jury.
2	Are there competing lists of exhibits?
3	MR. KATAEV: Yes, your Honor.
4	THE COURT: Mr. Kataev, do you want to hand up to my
5	law clerk the competing list of exhibits.
6	MS. CARDONA: Your Honor, I do have an issue with
7	exhibit 93. It's an exhibit that they were required to redact
8	all patient information.
9	THE COURT: All we're talking about right now is the
10	list of exhibits. We're not talking about the exhibit books,
11	just the list of exhibits.
12	MR. KATAEV: May I approach?
13	THE COURT: Thank you.
14	All right. I'm not going to give the spreadsheet that
15	has objections, offered, received and trial date. That's not
16	what I asked for. What I asked for was simply the exhibit
17	number and the description. I don't have a problem giving the
18	Bates numbers, since it seems that both parties are agreed on
19	the Bates numbers.
20	Is there any disagreement with respect to the
21	descriptions, Mr. Kataev?
22	MR. KATAEV: No, your Honor.
23	THE COURT: Defendants have agreed on that?
24	MS. CARDONA: Yes.

THE COURT: Is there any disagreement between the

parties that the spreadsheet that just lists the exhibit, the Bates number and the description accurately reflects all of the exhibits and only the exhibits that have been received into evidence?

MR. KATAEV: No.

MS. CARDONA: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: OK.

All right. I think, then, we're done with that. I don't know whose list this was, but again, the jury doesn't need to know -- in fact, it's not relevant to their deliberations -- whether there were objections or not.

MR. KATAEV: Just two things on this, your Honor?

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. KATAEV: The only reason the plaintiff has a disagreement with the list provided by defendants is our spreadsheet followed the order in which it was received whereas this one simply follows the numerical value.

THE COURT: I think it's appropriate that it follow the numerical value.

MR. KATAEV: Understood.

THE COURT: OK. We'll do the list of witnesses. And I gather there is -- does the plaintiff have a binder of all of the exhibits?

MR. KATAEV: Yes, your Honor. Two binders, two volumes.

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THE COURT: OK. And is there disagreement that 1 2 defendants have with respect to the binder of exhibits? Let me 3 hear from defendants on that. 4 MS. CARDONA: Yes, your Honor, there is. 5 Exhibit 93 is not a redacted version of that exhibit, 6 so it shows all patient information, cell phone numbers. 7 is a HIPAA violation. 8 MR. KATAEV: May I address that, your Honor? 9 THE COURT: Yes. Let me look at the exhibit. 10 Mr. Kataev. 11 MR. KATAEV: So, it is true that the particular 12 version in here is unredacted. We have an electronic version 13 of the redacted, and we can either resolve that problem by, 14 obviously, removing that one and providing it if the jurors ask 15 for an electronic version, or if the Court would be open to printing the redacted version. It is 70 pages, though. 16 17 THE COURT: It's 70 pages? 18 MR. KATAEV: Yes, your Honor. THE COURT: Hold on for a second. 19 20 We can print 70 pages. MR. KATAEV: I'll have it emailed with a copy to all 21 22 counsel. 23

THE COURT: Does that solve the problem from defendants' perspective?

MS. CARDONA: Yes, your Honor, but I would also like

to use the binder that I reviewed that plaintiff provided this morning. I'm not sure what other binders he has provided to the Court.

THE COURT: He hasn't provided any binders to the Court, so I assume that the two of you can work that out.

MR. KATAEV: Correct. It's the same binders we gave to the defendants.

THE COURT: All right. You should each provide my courtroom deputy cell phone numbers and stay nearby so that, with five minutes' notice, you can be in the courtroom. If the jury needs to come in and we've given you five minutes' notice and there's a lawyer or party who is not here, then you should be aware that I may not waste the jury's time. I may just bring the jury in. So in other words, cell phone number and stay nearby.

Again, we'll correct the typos in the charge and show the corrected version to the parties.

Is there anything else from plaintiff?

MR. LABUDA: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: Anything else from defendants?

MS. CARDONA: No, your Honor.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I was going to ask your Honor, does your Honor have anything else in this courtroom this afternoon?

THE COURT: Let me check that.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Because nearby may be right here for

at least part of the time.

THE COURT: We don't have anything. You'd obviously always be welcome here anyway because it's an open court, but we don't have anything, so you can keep all of your papers where they are. In fact, I suggest that you do that.

OK. I'll see you when we've got a note, and if you need me for any reason, just let my staff know.

My deputy or my law clerk will show you the corrected instructions.

MR. LABUDA: Thank you, your Honor.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Thank you, your Honor.

(Recess pending verdict)

## N7jWede5 1 THE COURT: Be seated. 2 All right. We've got a note from the jury, which I'm 3 going to have my deputy mark as Court Exhibit No. 2. It has the time of 1:30 today and was received by us at 1:50. 4 5 The note reads as follows: 6 "The foreperson is juror No. 7, Joanna Venar." 7 You can all inspect that. 8 Anything from plaintiff? 9 MR. LABUDA: No, your Honor. 10 THE COURT: Anything from defendants? 11 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No, your Honor. 12 THE COURT: One thing, the jury informed my deputy 13 that their intention is not to stay beyond 5 o'clock today, so 14 that might be helpful to you for your planning purposes. 15 MR. LABUDA: Thank you, your Honor. 16 (Recess pending verdict) 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24

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THE COURT: My deputy should have provided you with a copy of the second note that we got from the jury, which is marked as Court Exhibit No. 3. It's from the foreperson, with the time of 2:08 p.m., received by us at 2:13 p.m.

It reads:

"We noticed that David Kaplan is mentioned as a defendant but is not listed under any of the claims. Is there a reason for this?"

I have some thoughts, but why don't I hear first from plaintiff and then from defendants what their thoughts are as to how I should respond.

MR. LABUDA: I would think it would be appropriate to just indicate that you've given them your instructions and the verdict, and they should proceed as instructed and follow the verdict sheet.

THE COURT: What's defendants' position?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: We think, your Honor, a more direct answer would be to say there are no claims against Mr. Kaplan that you need to determine.

THE COURT: What I have in mind is that I would have the jury come in and I would inform them that there is a reason but not one that the Court will share and that their responsibility is to follow my instructions and to answer the questions that are posed in the verdict form and not say anything beyond that.

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1 MR. LABUDA: That's fine, your Honor. 2 THE COURT: What is the defendants' position? Ιs 3 there a reason why I would do anything more than that? 4 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: I just thought it was a more direct 5 and responsive answer to tell them expressly you have seen 6 right, there are no claims to decide against him. 7 THE COURT: OK. 8 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Just because of the way they ask the question. I don't really object to the way your Honor phrased 9 10 There's obviously nothing incorrect about that, but I was 11 just thinking if I was a juror and had asked that question, I 12 would want --13 THE COURT: Well, what they actually asked was, is 14 there a reason for this? 15 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Fair enough. THE COURT: And the direct answer to them is that 16 17 there is a reason to it but not one that the Court is prepared to share. 18 19 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: OK. That's fine. That's fine, your 20 Honor. 21 THE COURT: All right. Why don't we have them come 22 in. 23 I think I will also tell them that they should not 24 concern themselves with the reason.

MR. LABUDA: That's fine, your Honor. Thank you.

N7jWede6 1 (Jury present) 2 THE COURT: Good afternoon, members of the jury. 3 We have the note from you that you noticed that David Kaplan is mentioned as a defendant but is not listed under any 4 5 of the claims and asking whether there's a reason for this. 6 There is a reason for this, but not one that the Court 7 is prepared to share. You should not concern yourselves with 8 the reason that Mr. Kaplan is not listed under any of the 9 claims. What you should do is follow my instructions on the 10 law and answer the questions on the verdict form. 11 Thank you. 12 (Jury not present) 13 THE COURT: OK. See you all back here next time we 14 have a note. 15 MR. LABUDA: Thank you, your Honor. 16 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: Thank you, your Honor. 17 (Recess pending verdict) 18 19 20 21 22

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THE COURT: All right. We've got a note from the jury. It's stamped 3:37 p.m. It was received by us 3:47 p.m. It reads:

"We have a verdict."

I would suggest bringing the jury in.

Any problem with that from plaintiff's perspective?

MR. LABUDA: No, your Honor.

The only thing I was going to ask is if you could indicate to the jurors that if they wanted to stick around afterwards and discuss just so that we could get some feedback.

THE COURT: All right. Let me give some thought to that for a second.

Any objection to me bringing the jury in, from the defendants' perspective?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: What I was going to say is that I would like to have an opportunity to talk to the jurors, not substantively about the case, but just about the logistics, unless any party objects.

I also usually give the instruction that if any of the parties try to talk to you about the case, you're free to talk to them or not to talk to them, as you see fit. However, if you do not wish to speak to any of the parties in this case and that party persists in talking to you, I would tell you to bring it to my courtroom deputy.

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I'm prepared to add to those instructions that counsel 1 2 have inquired whether any of the jurors would be willing to 3 talk to them about the case, and if so -- not about the case. 4 I'm sorry. 5 Well, you tell me what you want to talk to them about. 6 MR. LABUDA: I guess about the presentation. 7 THE COURT: -- about the presentation and that if they desire to do so, the lawyers will be available -- you tell me 8 9 where. 10 MR. LABUDA: In the hallway. THE COURT: -- will be available in the hallway. 11 12 I'm fine with doing that. 13 Any problem with that from defendants' perspective? 14 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No objection here, your Honor. 15 MR. LABUDA: Just how long do you think you'd be with 16 the jury, just so I get a sense? 17 THE COURT: Not more than about ten minutes or 18 something like that. 19 MR. LABUDA: OK. 20 THE COURT: Just give me a second to jot down some 21 notes. 22 I will also add that I will caution them that they 23 might not want to talk about the deliberations. 24 OK. Let's bring the jury in.

(Jury present)

1	THE COURT: Be seated.
2	I've got a note from the jury. It's marked as Court
3	Exhibit No. 4. It was received at 3:47 p.m., and it was
4	written at 3:37 p.m. It reads:
5	"We have a verdict."
6	Let me ask you, Ms. Venar, you are the foreperson?
7	THE FOREPERSON: I am.
8	THE COURT: And have you reached a verdict?
9	THE FOREPERSON: We have.
10	THE COURT: Would you please hand your verdict
11	envelope to my courtroom deputy for me to inspect.
12	Mr. Fishman, would you please hand me the envelope.
13	Mr. Fishman, I'm handing you back the verdict
14	envelope, and I'll ask you to hand it to the foreperson.
15	Mr. Fishman, would you please take the verdict.
16	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Has Dr. Edelman proved by a
17	preponderance of the evidence that NYU employed her and the
18	following individuals in a job requiring substantially equal
19	skill, effort and responsibility?
20	Dr. Goldberg; yes or no.
21	THE FOREPERSON: No.
22	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Dr. Porges; yes or no.
23	THE FOREPERSON: No.
24	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Dr. Modi; yes or no.
25	THE FOREPERSON: No.

1	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Has Dr. Edelman proved by a
2	preponderance of the evidence that her job and that of the
3	following individuals were performed under similar working
4	conditions?
5	Dr. Goldberg; yes or no.
6	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
7	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Dr. Porges; yes or no.
8	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
9	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Dr. Modi; yes or no.
10	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
11	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Has Dr. Edelman proved by a
12	preponderance of the evidence that she was paid lower
13	compensation than the following individuals for doing
14	substantially equal work?
15	Dr. Goldberg; yes or no.
16	THE FOREPERSON: No.
17	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Dr. Porges; yes or no.
18	THE FOREPERSON: No.
19	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Dr. Modi; yes or no.
20	THE FOREPERSON: No.
21	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Have defendants proved by a
22	preponderance of the evidence that the differences in pay
23	between Dr. Edelman and the following individuals were based on
24	factors other than sex?
25	Dr. Goldberg; yes or no.

1	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
2	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Dr. Porges; yes or no.
3	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
4	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Dr. Modi; yes or no.
5	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
6	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Have defendants proved by a
7	preponderance of the evidence that the differences in pay
8	between Dr. Edelman and the following individuals were based on
9	factors other than sex?
10	Dr. Goldberg; yes or no.
11	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
12	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Dr. Porges; yes or no.
13	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
14	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Dr. Modi; yes or no.
15	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
16	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Has Dr. Edelman proved by a
17	preponderance of the evidence that she engaged in protected
18	activity under Title VII?
19	Yes or no.
20	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
21	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Has Dr. Edelman proved by a
22	preponderance of the evidence that any of the following
23	defendants committed an adverse act against her because of her
24	protected conduct under Title VII?
25	NYU Langone Health System; yes or no.

1	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
2	THE DEPUTY CLERK: NYU Langone Hospitals; yes or no.
3	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
4	THE DEPUTY CLERK: NYU Langone Medical Center; yes or
5	no.
6	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
7	THE DEPUTY CLERK: NYU Langone Nassau Rheumatology;
8	yes or no.
9	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
10	THE DEPUTY CLERK: NYU School of Medicine; yes or no.
11	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
12	THE DEPUTY CLERK: NYU Grossman School of Medicine;
13	yes or no.
14	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
15	THE DEPUTY CLERK: NYU Hospitals Center; yes or no.
16	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
17	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Has Dr. Edelman proved by a
18	preponderance of the evidence that any of the following
19	defendants committed an adverse act against her because of her
20	protected conduct under New York State Human Rights Law?
21	NYU Langone Health System; yes or no.
22	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
23	THE DEPUTY CLERK: NYU Langone Hospitals; yes or no.
24	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
25	THE DEPUTY CLERK: NYU Langone Medical Center; yes or

### N7jWede7 1 no. 2 THE FOREPERSON: Yes. 3 THE DEPUTY CLERK: NYU Langone Nassau Rheumatology; 4 yes or no. 5 THE FOREPERSON: Yes. 6 THE DEPUTY CLERK: NYU School of Medicine; yes or no. 7 THE FOREPERSON: Yes. 8 THE DEPUTY CLERK: NYU Grossman School of Medicine; 9 yes or no. 10 THE FOREPERSON: Yes. 11 THE DEPUTY CLERK: NYU Hospitals Center; yes or no. 12 THE FOREPERSON: Yes. 13 THE DEPUTY CLERK: Has Dr. Edelman proved by a 14 preponderance of the evidence that any of the individual 15 defendants aided or abetted an adverse act against her because 16 of her protected conduct under New York State Human Rights Law? 17 Rubin; yes or no. 18 THE FOREPERSON: No. 19 THE DEPUTY CLERK: Antonik; yes or no. 20 THE FOREPERSON: Yes. 21 THE DEPUTY CLERK: Swirnow; yes or no. 22 THE FOREPERSON: No. 23 THE DEPUTY CLERK: Has Dr. Edelman proved by a

preponderance of the evidence that any of the following

defendants' conduct was motivated, at least in part, by

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1	plaintiff's protected activity?
2	NYU Langone Health System; yes or no.
3	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
4	THE DEPUTY CLERK: NYU Langone Hospitals; yes or no.
5	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
6	THE DEPUTY CLERK: NYU Langone Medical Center; yes or
7	no.
8	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
9	THE DEPUTY CLERK: NYU Langone Nassau Rheumatology;
10	yes or no.
11	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
12	THE DEPUTY CLERK: NYU School of Medicine; yes or no.
13	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
14	THE DEPUTY CLERK: NYU Grossman School of Medicine;
15	yes or no.
16	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
17	THE DEPUTY CLERK: NYU Hospitals Center; yes or no.
18	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
19	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Rubin; yes or no.
20	THE FOREPERSON: No.
21	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Antonik; yes or no.
22	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
23	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Swirnow; yes or no.
24	THE FOREPERSON: No.
25	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Has Dr. Edelman proved by a

1	preponderance of the evidence that any of the defendants
2	engaged in conduct reasonably likely to deter a person from
3	engaging in the alleged protected activity?
4	NYU Langone Health System; yes or no.
5	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
6	THE DEPUTY CLERK: NYU Langone Hospitals; yes or no.
7	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
8	THE DEPUTY CLERK: NYU Langone Medical Center; yes or
9	no.
10	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
11	THE DEPUTY CLERK: NYU Langone Nassau Rheumatology;
12	yes or no.
13	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
14	THE DEPUTY CLERK: NYU School of Medicine; yes or no.
15	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
16	THE DEPUTY CLERK: NYU Grossman School of Medicine;
17	yes or no.
18	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
19	THE DEPUTY CLERK: NYU Hospitals Center; yes or no.
20	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
21	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Rubin; yes or no.
22	THE FOREPERSON: No.
23	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Antonik; yes or no.
24	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
25	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Swirnow; yes or no.

1	THE FOREPERSON: No.
2	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Has Dr. Edelman proved by a
3	preponderance of the evidence that any of the individual
4	defendants aided or abetted conduct that was reasonably likely
5	to deter a person from engaging in the alleged protected
6	activity?
7	Antonik; yes or no.
8	THE FOREPERSON: Yes.
9	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Has Dr. Edelman proved by a
10	preponderance of the evidence that any of the following
11	defendants intentionally discriminated against her because of
12	her gender by making sexist remarks?
13	NYU Langone Health System; yes or no.
14	THE FOREPERSON: No.
15	THE DEPUTY CLERK: NYU Langone Hospitals; yes or no.
16	THE FOREPERSON: No.
17	THE DEPUTY CLERK: NYU Langone Medical Center; yes or
18	no.
19	THE FOREPERSON: No.
20	THE DEPUTY CLERK: NYU Langone Nassau Rheumatology;
21	yes or no.
22	THE FOREPERSON: No.
23	THE DEPUTY CLERK: NYU School of Medicine; yes or no.
24	THE FOREPERSON: No.
25	THE DEPUTY CLERK: NYU Grossman School of Medicine;

### Case 1:21-cv-00502-LJL Document 273-1 Filed 08/23/23 Page 1498 of 1503 N7jWede7 1 yes or no. 2 THE FOREPERSON: No. THE DEPUTY CLERK: NYU Hospitals Center; yes or no. 3 4 THE FOREPERSON: No. THE DEPUTY CLERK: Antonik; yes or no. 5 6 THE FOREPERSON: No. 7 THE DEPUTY CLERK: Has Dr. Edelman proved by a 8 preponderance of the evidence that she suffered monetary 9 damages because of retaliation for complaining to human 10 resources about alleged discrimination? 11 Title VII; yes or no. 12 THE FOREPERSON: Yes. 13 THE DEPUTY CLERK: NYSHRL; yes or no. 14 THE FOREPERSON: Yes. 15 THE DEPUTY CLERK: NYCHRL; yes or no. 16 THE FOREPERSON: Yes. 17 THE DEPUTY CLERK: What amount of damages for front

pay should Dr. Edelman be awarded?

THE FOREPERSON: 700,000.

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THE DEPUTY CLERK: What amount of compensatory damages should Dr. Edelman be awarded?

THE FOREPERSON: Zero.

THE DEPUTY CLERK: Has Dr. Edelman proved by a preponderance of the evidence that she suffered monetary damages because allegedly sexist remarks were made to her?

1	Yes or no.
2	THE FOREPERSON: No.
3	THE COURT: Thank you.
4	Is there a request for a poll from either plaintiff or
5	defendants?
6	From plaintiff.
7	MR. LABUDA: Yes.
8	THE COURT: Mr. Fishman, would you poll the jury.
9	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Juror No. 1, is this your verdict?
10	JUROR NO. 1: Yes.
11	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Juror No. 2, is this your verdict?
12	JUROR NO. 2: Yes.
13	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Juror No. 3, is this your verdict?
14	JUROR NO. 3: Yes.
15	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Juror No. 4, is this your verdict?
16	JUROR NO. 4: Yes.
17	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Juror No. 6, is this your verdict?
18	JUROR NO. 6: Yes.
19	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Juror No. 7, is this your verdict?
20	JUROR NO. 7: Yes.
21	THE DEPUTY CLERK: Juror No. 8, is this your verdict?
22	JUROR NO. 8: Yes.
23	THE COURT: From plaintiff's perspective, is there any
24	reason the judgment should not now be recorded and filed?
25	MR. LABUDA: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: From defendants' perspective, is there any 1 2 reason the judgment should not now be recorded and filed? 3 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: We reserve the right for a 4 postjudgment motion, your Honor. But other than that, no. 5 THE COURT: You can only do that after I record and file the verdict. 6 7 I'm going to direct the clerk to record and file the verdict. 8 9 Is there any reason why the jury should not now be 10 dismissed? 11 From plaintiff's perspective. 12 MR. LABUDA: No, your Honor. 13 THE COURT: From defendants' perspective. 14 MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No, your Honor. 15 THE COURT: Members of the jury, this concludes your 16 duty. 17 Ms. Venar, you can hand the microphone back to my 18 deputy. I'm going to give you a couple of words before I 19 20 discharge you. A much-esteemed judge of this court would never 21 comment on a jury verdict, nor would he thank the jurors for 22 their service. It was that judge's view -- Judge Weinfeld --23 not to thank the jury for performing what is their civic duty, 24 one of the highest and most important duties of citizenship. 25 I'm going to follow that practice in part. I will not

comment on your verdict. I will note, however, the attention that you each paid to this case, the diligence and care that you exercised and the sacrifice that many, if not all, of you made in performing your jury duty in this case. For that — and this is where I get emotional — I thank you on behalf of our nation.

You are now dismissed. You should leave your notes in the jury room. My courtroom deputy will ensure that they are destroyed.

You're no longer under my injunction not to speak about the case. You're free to speak about the case or not talk about the case, as you see fit. I would, however, note one thing for you to think about. You might want to think about whether, if you do talk about the case, you should just talk about your own views. No one signs up for jury duty with the expectation that other jurors will comment upon what he or she said in the jury room. That's not an instruction to you. Once you're discharged, I lose my authority over you. It's just one thing that you should keep in mind.

Another way of putting it is, the golden rule, that you might think about not saying about others what you wouldn't want to have them say about you.

It may be that people approach you to talk about the case. Again, you're free to talk about it or not talk about it, as you see fit. If any of the parties in this case try to

talk to you about the case, you're also free to talk to them or not talk to them, as you see fit. However, if you do not wish to speak to any of the parties in this case and that party persists in talking to you, I will tell you to bring it to my courtroom deputy's attention, Mr. Fishman, and we will take care of that.

To that end, I will tell you that some of the lawyers in this case have expressed an interest in talking to members of the jury simply about the presentation of the evidence.

You're free to take them up on that offer and free not to take them up on that offer. They'll be in the hallway if you desire to talk to them.

One thing that I would caution you about is that you might not want to talk to them about your deliberations and just confine whatever you say to the presentation of the evidence.

With that, and again, thanking you on behalf of the nation, you're now dismissed.

We'll stand for you one last time. Take your belongings and leave your notes in the jury room.

Mr. Fishman.

(Jury discharged)

THE COURT: All right. Be seated.

Under Rule 59, the defendants have no later than 28 days after today's entry of judgment to make a request for a

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new trial and to make their renewed motion for judgment. Under Rule 6(b)(2), the Court may not extend those deadlines. Plaintiff shall submit her opposition no later than 14 days after the submission of the motion, and the defendant will have to submit their reply no later than seven days after the plaintiff files her opposition.

With respect to the opposition and the reply, if there's agreement by the parties for an extension, you can make a motion for an extension, and the Court will take that under advisement.

I said those are the deadlines for the defendants, but I should also make it clear those are the deadlines for the plaintiff as well.

MR. KATAEV: Yes.

MR. LABUDA: Understood, your Honor.

THE COURT: It was a verdict for both plaintiff and the defendants here.

Anything else from plaintiff?

MR. LABUDA: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: Anything else from the defendants?

MR. SCHOENSTEIN: No. Not at this time, your Honor.

Thank you so much.

MR. LABUDA: Yes. Thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: OK. Thank you, all.

(Adjourned)